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THE

[SCELLANEOUS DOCUMENTS

OF THE

SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

FOR THE

)ECOND SESSION OF THE FORTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS, AND THE SPECIAL SESSION OF THE SENATE CONVENED MARCH 4, 1885.

IN EIGHT VOLUMES.

Volume 1.—Nos. 1 to 68, inclusive, except Nos. 33, 56, 66, and 67, and Nos. 1 to 25 of Special Session.
Volume 2.—No. 33.
Volume 3.—Nos. 56 and 66.
Volume 4.—No. 67.
Volume 5.—No. 69.
Volume 6.—No. 70.
Volume 7.—No. 71.
Volume 8.—No. 72.

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TO

THE MISCELLANEOUS DOCUMENTS

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48TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. } SENATE. { MIS. DOC. No. 1.

REPORT

OF

ARCHIBALD HOPKINS,

CHIEF CLERK OF THE COURT OF CLAIMS,

TRANSMITTING,

In pursuance of section 1057, *Revised Statutes, a statement of all judgments rendered by the Court of Claims during the year ending November* 30, 1884.

DECEMBER 2, 1884.—Referred to the Committee on Claims and ordered to be printed.

The clerk of the Court of Claims, in pursuance of section 1057 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, transmits to Congress the following statement of all judgments rendered by said Court for the year ending November 30, 1884, the amounts thereof, the parties in whose favor rendered, and a brief synopsis of the nature of the claims upon which said judgments were rendered.

Respectfully submitted.

ARCHIBALD HOPKINS,
Chief Clerk Court of Claims.

Statement of judgments rendered by the Court of Claims.

Names of claimants.	No.	Amount claimed.	Amount awarded.	Date of judgment.	Nature of claim or other information.
				1883.	
Isaac S. Lyon	*110	.....	$430 66	Dec. 5	Sewer certificate.
Morris Joy	13970	$100 00	42 41	Dec. 10	Pension withheld while an inmate of Soldiers' Home.
Catherine Winfield	*279	24 44	24 44	Dec. 11	Illegally exacted tax.
John M. Sybrandt & Co	12513	.....	.....	Dec. 17	Dismissed for want of jurisdiction.
Edward Dupasseur and an'r	12512	.....	.....	Dec. 17	Do.
Eastern band of Cherokee Indians.	13606	.....	.....	Dec. 17	Do.
Geo. H. Boston	*155	2,196 45	(†)	Dec. 17	Contract with District of Columbia.
				1884.	
David H. Mitchell	11940	1,304 79	(†)	Jan. 7	Grain contract.
Jacob K. Upton	13832	875 00	(†)	Jan. 7	Salary as superintendent of Treasury Building.
Francis H. Swan	13309	14,691 00	14,691 00	Jan. 7	Albemarle prize case.
Charles Stotesbury, administrator.	13416	11,301 00	11,301 00	Jan. 7	Do.
Charles L. Steever	13083	11,301 77	11,301 00	Jan. 7	Do.
Samuel B. Hinckley, administrator.	13211	5,424 48	5,424 48	Jan. 7	Do.

* District of Columbia.

† Dismissed.

Statement of judgments rendered by the Court of Claims—Continued.

Names of claimants.	No.	Amount claimed.	Amount awarded.	Date of judgment.	Nature of claim or other mation.
				1884.	
John Muldoon, administrator	13212	$4,008 62	$4,068 35	Jan. 7	Albemarle prize case.
Mary J. Hamilton, administratrix.	13212	2,712 41	2,712 23	Jan. 7	Do.
William C. Williamson, administrator.	13221	2,169 94	2,169 79	Jan. 7	Do.
Bernard Harley	13221	2,169 94	2,169 79	Jan. 7	Do.
Daniel G. George	13221	2,169 94	2,169 79	Jan. 7	Do.
Henrietta A. Buckbee, administratrix.	13390	1,898 70	1,900 22	Jan. 7	Do.
Henry Wilkes	13390	1,898 70	1,900 22	Jan. 7	Do.
Julius O. Deming, administrator.	13390	1,898 70	1,900 21	Jan. 7	Do.
Samuel McKeever	13847	9,021 40	9,921 40	Jan. 7	For use of patent equipm
Barnett T. Swart	*319	137 00	125 00	Jan. 7	Contract with District o umbia.
William L. Foulk	12596	200 00	7 46	Jan. 7	For longevity pay withhe
Geo. W. Campbell and an'r	11475	.....	7,888 82	Jan. 10	For drawback on ex part date Supreme Court.
Henry C. Bolden	*314	300 00	(†)	Jan. 14	Contract with District o umbia.
John C. Miller	*346	7 34	7 34	Jan. 16	Sewer certificate.
Arthur B. Claxton, executor	*349	31 64	31 64	Jan. 16	Do.
Nicholas H. Shea	*364	12 70	7 81	Jan. 16	Do.
Ebenezer Morrison	*347	62 60	62 00	Jan. 17	Certificate of indebted board of public works.
Robert W. Peay	12393	423 29	(†)	Jan. 21	Contract for horses.
Anson Mills	12328	18,900 00	(†)	Jan. 21	For rent of land occupi Fort Quitman, Tex.
Archibald C. Hyde	12328	710 40	(†)	Jan. 21	Do.
Benjamin S. Dowell, administrator.	12328	800 00	(†)	Jan. 21	Do.
Mary A. Maverick, to the use, &c.	12328	2,550 00	(†)	Jan. 21	Do.
Joseph L. Lockwood, trustee	12328	6,750 00	2,700 00	Jan. 21	Do.
Charles Stewart... consolidated.	*98	70,754 33	.....	Jan. 21	Contract with District Colu
Isaac P. Childs...	*262	1,629 55	1,284 91	Jan. 21	Do.
George W. Gray	*56	236 48	236 48	Jan. 21	Do.
Edward L. Jordan	13377	1,145 00	1,145 00	Jan. 21	Refund of internal-revent
Joseph S. Worthington	*212	3,000 00	(†)	Jan. 21	Contract with board of works.
William Matthews	12355	150 00	150 00	Jan. 21	Loss of horse in the mi service.
J. A. Broadhead	12915	600 00	600 00	Jan. 28	For credit for money stole him as paymaster.
William H. Brainerd, survivor.	*133	48,000 00	‡6,697 95	Jan. 28	Contract with board of works.
Samuel Gallinger, guardian	*394	104 33	104 33	Jan. 29	Sewer certificate.
Jabez Burchard	14022	2,337 50	(†)	Feb. 4	For difference claimed to l between furlough and r pay.
Lucien Young	14008	150 00	(†)	Feb. 4	For longevity pay as mas the Navy.
Anderson J. Wray, administrator.	13428	189 50	152 43	Feb. 4	Mail contract.
Thomas P. Morgan	*317	2,640 00	(†)	Feb. 4	Contract with board of works.
Alberto Campbell and Richard Rothwell.	*149	1,699 90	1,608 10	Feb. 4	Do.
William Reynolds	*86	440 66	(†)	Feb. 4	Do.
Medorem Crawford	12839	91 76	73 12	Feb. 4	For longevity pay withhel
John E. Zug	*168	800 00	800 00	Feb. 4	Contract board of public v
Thomas P. Morgan	*256	26,319 15	(†)	Feb. 11	Do.
C. M. Schoonmaker	14009	175 35	(†)	Feb. 11	For difference between s shore pay while comma light-house ship.
Daniel P. Jenkins	13414	301 52	301 52	Feb. 14	For surplus from sale of la direct taxes.
Thomas B. Ellis	13415	303 31	303 31	Feb. 14	Do.
John E. Fripp	13620	189 98	189 98	Feb. 14	Do.
Robt. De T. Ellis	13831	134 32	134 32	Feb. 14	Do.
George Turner	12774	1,561 00	1,028 00	Feb. 18	For fees as United State shal.
Charles Morton	13963	169 07	169 07	Feb. 18	For credit of service as cl computing longevity pa
The Great Western Insurance Company.	13625	546,965 80	(†)	Feb. 18	Dismissed for want of ju tion, Alabama claims.

* District of Columbia. † Dismissed. ‡ For the District of Columbia.

Statement of judgments rendered by the Court of Claims—Continued.

Names of claimants.	No.	Amount claimed.	Amount awarded.	Date of judg. ment.	Nature of claim or other information.
				1884.	
Jacob R. Telfair, receiver	13747	$195, 523 84	(*)	Feb. 18	Dismissed for want of jurisdiction, Alabama claims.
John P. Paulison, receiver	13626	876, 845 60	(*)	Feb. 18	Do.
Sun Mutual Insurance Company.	13706	371, 881 03	(*)	Feb. 18	Do.
W. Fleet Steele, to the use, &c.	12318	3, 400 00	†$3, 575 56	Feb. 18	Naval contract for plumbing.
William J. Thomson, administrator.	11974	387 80	279 50	Feb. 18	For mileage under orders of Navy Department.
John W. Hobbs, assignee	12394	3, 011 78	2, 544 90	Feb. 25	For interest withheld on a previous judgment.
Dennis Looney	‡8	10, 000 00	‡500 00	Feb. 25	Contract board of public works.
Pacific Submarine and E. P. W. Co.	12345	23, 470 00	(*)	Mar. 3	For royalty for use of patent.
William H. Emory	14031	496 20	180 00	Mar. 3	For three months' extra pay as an officer in the Mexican war.
James H. North	13821	375 00	375 00	Mar. 3	Do.
Weare C. Little	13224	4, 000 00	670 33	Mar. 3	For rent of post-office building at Albany, N. Y.
James T. Barker	14023	372 03	372 03	Mar. 3	For mileage traveling under orders of Navy Department.
Alfred T. Mahan	11979	605 60	500 40	Mar. 6	Do.
George T. Dearing	‡274	494 00	494 00	Mar. 17	Order on treasurer of levy court for labor performed.
Louis Mankel	14253	868 50	868 50	Mar. 17	For refund of internal-revenue tax.
Ches. & Ohio R. R. Co	13427	8, 339 93	(*)	Mar. 24	Mail contract.
Samuel C. Wroe's administrator.	‡167	12, 908 05	1, 810 86	Mar. 24	Contract board of public works.
Peter P. Little, administrator	‡352	3, 732 17	458 60	Mar. 26	Do.
Swift & Courtney & Beecher Co.	11981	35, 429 13	28, 616 00	Mar. 27	Mandate Supreme Court. For commission on internal-revenue stamps purchased.
McKay & Bliss, executors	12411	19, 018 25	3, 321 22	Mar. 31	Contract for construction of naval vessel.
Charles E. Tallman	14007	382 67	372 03	Mar. 31	For mileage traveling under orders of Navy Department.
Joseph L. Thatcher	14302	382 07	372 03	Mar. 31	Do.
Charles P. Miller	14032	2, 800 00	(*)	Apr. 7	For pay as a retired officer of the Army.
Robert H. Montgomery	14035	339 28	†1, 651 00	Apr. 7	For longevity pay.
Frank T. Bennett	13992	345 00	231 52	Apr. 7	Do.
Benjamin P. Bunkle	14246	(‖)	†9, 195 27	Apr. 7	Do.
Vincent Palen	13990	2, 500 00	2, 464 32	Apr. 7	Do.
Joseph W. Burke	13987	2, 869 45	(*)	Apr. 7	For compensation as collector of customs at Mobile.
Benjamin Chaplin and others	13411	202 99	(*)	Apr. 7	For surplus on sale of land for direct taxes.
George W. Campbell *et al*	6445	1, 067 74	1, 067 74	Apr. 7	For drawback on exports.
Burns & Creecy	13799	1, 240 00	100 00	Apr. 7	For labor performed and material furnished for Department of Justice.
Swift & Courtney & Beecher Co.	12937	14, 995 00	15, 532 17	Apr. 8	For commissions on purchase of internal-revenue stamps.
George W. Goodall	‡114	16, 161 34	1, 323 44	Apr. 9	Contract board of public works.
The Chicago, Milwaukee and Saint Paul R. R. Co.	11912	5, 980 74	5, 980 74	Apr. 10	Mandate Supreme Court, mail contract.
Andrew Gleason	‡61	84, 500 00	(*)	Apr. 14	Difference between face and cash value of board of public works certificates.
William A. Chisholm	13422	266 64	266 64	Apr. 14	For surplus on sale of land for direct tax.
Thomas G. White, executor	13607	189 98	189 98	Apr. 14	Do.
William S. Muse	13820	313 77	317 77	Apr. 14	For credit for time for service as paymaster's steward in computing his pay as lieutenant in the Marine Corps.
Talmadge E. Brown	‡145	200 000 00	(*)	Apr. 14	Contract board of public works.
James L. Clark	13421	18, 468 18	12, 540 00	Apr. 15	For commission on internal-revenue stamps purchased.
Robert G. Campbell	‡355	80 00	8 50	Apr. 21	Contract District of Columbia.
John D. Sybrandt & Co	14308	351 00	351 00	Apr. 21	For internal-revenue tax erroneously assessed.
George K. Otis	13789	17, 250 00	(*)	Apr. 21	Mail contract.
The Nashville, Chattanooga and Saint Louis R. R. Co.	13369	8, 187 50	(*)	Apr. 21	Do.
Joseph H. Vanderslice	14032	2, 108 50	†1, 274 13	Apr. 28	Longevity pay.
Francis E. Lacey	13991	140 00	†106 74	Apr. 28	Do.

* Dismissed. † For the United States. ‡ For the District of Columbia.
‖ No amount stated.

Statement of judgments rendered by the Court of Claims—Continued.

Names of claimants.	No.	Amount claimed.	Amount awarded.	Date of judgment.	Nature of claim or other information.
				1884.	
J. M. & W. K. Marcum	13454	$43 75	$15 42	Apr. 28	Mail contract.
Montgomery C. Meigs	14310	1,210 00	1,210 00	May 5	For pay as superintend Pension building.
Xavier Perrimond	12906	160 00	(*)	May 12	For mileage traveling un der Navy Department.
Winslow Allderdice	13783	356 28	352 76	May 12	Do.
Walter G. Richardson	13785	94 40	(*)	May 12	Do.
William R. Du Bose	13784	23 60	(*)	May 12	Do.
William G. Hannum	13795	314 08	314 08	May 12	Do.
John A. McBlair	14034	.....	(*)	May 19	
Philip W. Schneider	11967	53,441 00	4,500 00	May 19	Contract for stone.
Jonathan Taylor's Administratrix.	†100	11,932 30	(*)	May 19	Difference between face v certificate of board of works and note with w was and is collateral.
Ephraim K. Smith	13308	5,575 00	1,185 00	May 21	For commission on intern enue stamps purchased.
John W. Eisenhart	13396	814 00	649 00	May 21	Do.
Clara Zaiss, executrix	13397	9,498 45	1,701 00	May 21	Do.
Peter H. Allabach	14268	133 33	(*)	May 26	For twenty per cent. of Capitol police.
Mary W. Kidder, executrix	14250	1,393 26	1,393 26	May 26	For surplus from sale of la direct tax.
T. M. Stuart Rhett	14250	1,393 26	(*)	May 26	Do.
John M. Mueller	11962	4,001,962 06	22,758 25	May 26	Contract for stone.
Gallagher, Loane & Co	†2	138,459 55	42,456 74	May 26	Contract District of Colu
William P. Gould	14030	512 50	457 63	May 26	For longevity pay.
John H. Simons	14041	40 80	40 80	May 26	For surplus from sale of la direct tax.
Charles E. Hawkins	14028	2,500 00	2,184 63	May 26	For credit for previous s in volunteer navy in cc ing pay.
John W. Jordan	14037	1,000 00	1,004 86	May 26	For credit for previous s in volunteer army in co ing pay.
Martha S. Baynard	14247	175 96	175 96	May 26	For surplus from sale of la direct tax.
Thomas G. White, administrator.	14045	269 64	269 64	May 28	Do.
Alfred Adamson	14070	(‡)	(*)	June 2	For difference in pay as officer under claim of tion.
John Lyons	†232	900 00	469 53	June 2	Contract District of Colu
George Turner	12774	.....	(*)	June 2	Dismissed on a rehearing. *ante*.)
Isaac S. Lyon	†378	38 60	38 60	June 2	Sewer certificate.
John R. Ely *et al.*	13611	6,217 87	6,217 87	June 2	For destruction of steame son.
Charles M. Shelley	13823	959 60	(*)	June 2	For pay as member of Co alleged to have been ill withheld.
Edgar W. Fripp	13423	726 06	726 06	June 2	For surplus from sale of la direct tax.
W. Washington Fripp	13790	756 55	(*)	June 2	Do.
Joel F. Kinney	13822	6,693 30	6,693 30	June 2	On Treasury warrants as to claimant.
Pierre S. Weltz, jr., administrator.	14388	529 60	529 00	June 2	Internal-revenue tax ously assessed.
Moses Prescott *et al.*	12072	9,660 98	7,799 60	June 4	For damage by collision United States ship.
Patrick Brennan	†101	70,000 00	1,495 56	June 4	Contract board of public

* Dismissed. † For the District of Columbia. ‡ No amount stated

The following cases were dismissed, on motion of the Attorney-General, December 3, 1883, claimants consenting:

	No.
Andrew T. Huntington	12417
William Fletcher	12418
James E. Crump	12419
Elisha J. Babcock	12420
Rufus M. Thayer	12421
Horace G. Jacobs	12422
Eugene B. Daskam	12423
Bushrod Birch	12424
J. Kendrick Upton	12425
A. T. McMillan	12426
Thad. T. Sturgis	12427
John P. Bentley	12428
William H. Wood	12429
John Wasson	12430
Chas. H. Dow	12431
Chas. E. Coon	12432
Geo. A. Lamphere	12433
George Simmons	12434
Henry N. Gassaway	12435
Darius Lyman	12436
William B. Morgan	12437
Sherman H. Johnson	12438
Charles Lyman	12439
Albert L. Sturtevant	12440
Walter Stewart	12441
Henry A. Cobaugh	12442
Constant S. Trevitt	12443
Thos. B. Sanders	12444
Thomas J. Hobbs	12445
Charles H. Brown	12446
William T. Stidham	12447
Arnold B. Johnson	12448
John W. Magruder	12449
Ezra W. Clark	12450
Amos J. Gunning	12451
Edward S. Peck	12452
Frank K. Miller	12453
John D. Patten	12454
John S. Langworthy	12455
Theodore O. Ebaugh	12456
Watson W. Eldridge	12457
John W. Porter	12458
Everett J. Dallas	12459
Charles Cochran	12460
John H. Taylor	12461
Benjamin F. Flanders	12462
Walter S. Eaton	12463
William B. Moore	12464
George L. Clark	12465
Tyrus C. Dickinson	12466
Benjamin P. Davis	12467
Henry K. Leaver	12468
Henry B. James	12469
Hiram Knowles	12488
Nathan Kimball	12489
James Vermillion	12490
Frank A. Simmons	12491
James A. Thompson	12492
Frederick W. Moffett	12493
J. Franklin Bates	12494
Daniel G. Hatch	12495
Henry N. Blake	12496
William N. Campbell	12497
Elijah J. M. Britton	12739
Edward J. Curtis	12740
Thomas C. Bailey	12968
Henry C. Harmon	12969

	No.
Thomas Rathbone	12970
W. K. Hilton, administrator	12971
Ambrose T. Wright	12972
Hiram Knowles	13453
Henry N. Blake	13608
Michal Schaeffer	13907
Robert C. Morgan	13908
Robert S. Widdecombe	13909
Charles L. Carom	13910
Philip H. Emerson	19911
Henry E. Prickett	13912
Charles Payson	13913
Mary A. Tabor, executrix	13914
Thomas J. Collins	13915
Levi P. Luckey	13916
J. O. P. Burnside	13917
Isaac S. Tichenor	13918
John H. Hoswell	13919
George Cowie	13920
Henry A. Whallen	13921
Henry S. Thomas	13922
Geo. W. French	13923
James M. McGrew	13924
Arthur B. Wood	13925
Frank S. Freeman, administrator	13926

The following cases against the District of Columbia were dismiss December 3, 1883, on motion of the Attorney-General, for want of juri diction:

Annie Belt, executrix	380
John E. Hooker, to the use	381
Wm. Buckley	382
John A. Augerman	383
Allen C. Clark	384
Wm. C. Murdock	385
Bartlett & Williams	179
Allen C. Clark	386
Morris Murphy, to the use	387
James A. Nelson	388
Geo. H. Boston	390
William H. Adams	391
Geo. H. Boston, to the use	392

The following cases were dismissed December 3, 1883, on motion the claimants:

Albert U. Wyman	12985
Jerome C. Burnett	12986
Delavan W. Harrington	12987
Chas. L. Jones	12988
Horace U. Whitney	12989
David W. Mahon	12990
Charles Neal	12991
Henry C. Johnson	12992
J. Hamilton Beatty	12993
Newell B. Walker	12994
Hartwell Jenison	12995
Chas. H. Davidge	12996
Wm. Howard Gibson	12997
Edward R. True	12998
Wm. M. Titcomb	13834
Franklin A. Seely	13001
John Allison	13082
Joseph T. Power	13004
James A. Whelpley	13846
Marian de Ro, guardian	13844
Cato Ashe Seabrooke, administrator	13619
Wm. H. Holcombe	13830
Allen Chappell	245, D.
Morris Murphy, to the use	350, D.

The following cases against the District of Columbia were dismissed January 24, 1884, on motion of the Attorney-General, for want of prosecution:

Zephaniah Jones, trustee	117
Owen O'Hare	120
James Hudson	121
P. & J. P. Crowley	164
Horatio Browning	165
E. E. Barnes	181
Ann M. Stafford, administratrix	182
Richard Morgan	190
Robert H. Ryan	221
Augustus Burgdorf	223
Riley A. Shinn	236
Thomas Lucas	238
Andrew J. Jones	240
J. V. W. Vandenburg	293
Wm. Smith *et al*	323
J. V. W. Vandenburg	324

And the following against the District of Columbia, February 4, 1884, for the same reason.

William A. Wilson	16
Owen O'Hare	19
Richard Rothwell	106
Joseph S. Martin	205
R. R. Waters	243
W. C. Whiting *et al*	312
Wm. B. Lacey	313
Richard Fitzsimmons	337
Harrison McCauley	339

The following against the United States, February 4, for want of prosecution:

Charles A. Roberts	12498

The following cases were dismissed April 14, 1884, by consent of claimants:

Mariano Valdez	12006
David Romero	12008
Marelleno Lucero	12009
Tomas Martinez	12000
José Y. Gonzales	12017
Juan Barranca	12019
José Baca	12020
Guadelupe Gallegos	12024
Tomas Ceballos	12035
Amadea Blea	14039
Cayetnao Dominguez	12044
Antonio Sanchez	12046
Nepomosena Lerma	12047

The following were dismissed May 5, 1884, by consent of the claimants:

James Alman, to the use	75, D. C.
Finnegan & Nesdale	172, D. C.
Louis J. Allen	12874
A. M. Mattice	12878
James W. Graydon	12895
Chas. A. Adams	12897
Jane Williams, administratrix	12917
Alfred McCargar	12918
Chas. A. Adams	12898

The following case was dismissed December 3, 1883, on motion claimant:

Samuel Strong ..... 91-200, D.

The following December 4, for want of prosecution:

Dennis McNamara ..... 327, D.
Robert M. Johnson ..... 74, D.
P. & J. Crowley ..... 163, D.
Alex. C. Chenowith ..... 218, D.
Ann E. Smith, administratrix ..... 25, D.
Steep & Follansbee ..... 20, D.

Same date, by consent of claimants:

National Metropolitan Bank of Washington ..... 208, D.
John Marberry, jr 12845
D. Willard Bliss 12846
Tullio S. Verdi 12847
C. C. Cox 12848

The following December 5, for want of prosecution:

John Chapman ..... 248, D.
Arthur W. Sweeny 12379
Joseph Rahernan 12398

The following December 6; motion of Attorney-General:

Robert A. Nelson 12351
Daniel F. Thomas 12352
Edward Stubblefield 12353
William H. Taylor 12354
Michael Schaeffer 12377
Harry Sparkman 12407
Elmira Walker, administratrix 12415
Z. Jones, trustee ..... 35, D. (
Dennis McNamara ..... 125, D. (

And the following December 19, 1884:

Thomas M. Wells 6439
Andrew P. Stone 6414

The following January 8, 1884:

Isaac P. Childs ..... 260, D. (

The following January 16, 1884:

Edward J. Robinson ..... 345, D. (
Edward Berens ..... 348, D. (
G. C. Schneider ..... 365, D. (
L. S. Filbert ..... 108, D. (
William H. Adams ..... 146, D. (
Dillard & Moulton ..... 177, D. (
William Hussey ..... 184, D. (
Thomas Joyce ..... 255, D. (

And the following January 23:

C. H. Moulton ..... 347, D. (
J. H. Fletcher ..... 2, D. (
C. H. Parsons ..... 11, D. (
W. H. Adams ..... 28, D. (
W. H. Adams ..... 46, D. (
Albert McIntosh ..... 49, D. (
B. F. Barker, to the use, &c ..... 57, D. (
G. Saumes ..... 58, D. (
D. Heednell ..... 80, D. (
I. S. Washington ..... 81, D. (
J. A. Reppell, administrator ..... 65, D. (
Alberto Campbell ..... 148, D. (
Richmond Granite Company ..... 264, D. (
E. A. Smith, to the use, &c ..... 266, D. (
W. J. Murtaugh ..... 268, D. (
J. F. Acker ..... 295, D. (

The following February 4, 1884:

Chas. A. Roberts 12498

The following February 26; motion of claimant:

Charles H. Moulton ..... 351, D. C.

The following March 3; motion of claimants:

Walsh & Gleason ..... 135, D. C.
W. W. Cox & Sons, assignees ..... 360, D. C.
G. C. Burden 12502
Mason Carter 12665
R. McDonald 12673
W. P. Fripp 13621
Maria Cole ..... 379, D. C.

The following March 20; want of prosecution:

A. O. Cook, survivor 12662
E. Griffin 12601
W. H. Hamner 12598
J. Mix 12670

The following March 25; motion of claimant:

P. French 13391

And the following April 9, 1884; motion of claimant:

G. W. Phillips ..... 143, D. C.

And the following April 10; want of prosecution:

J. L. Davis 12363
E. W. Burbank 12511
E. W. Burbank 12678
F. Huppenbauer 12762
R. W. Huntington 6338
E. E. Norton, assignee 6343
A. G. Abert *et al* 6350
F. H. Wray, administrator 6351
Schrieber & Schroder 6354
H. Peychaud, syndic 6350
H. M. Benson 12697
J. H. Donnovan 12778

And the following April 21, 1884:

S. E. Acker *et al* ..... 290, D. C.
Loane, Cavan & Co ..... 52, D. C.
R. H. Ryan ..... 120, D. C.
William Schooler ..... 78, D. C.
J. Brooks ..... 373, D. C.
J. Craig 12880
D. A. Connolly ..... 250, D. C.
T. W. Cornell ..... 118½, D. C.

The following May 22, 1884:

State National Bank of Boston 11982

O

48TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 2.

ANNUAL REPORT

OF

HON. ANSON G. M'COOK,

SECRETARY OF UNITED STATES SENATE,

COMMUNICATING

A statement of all property in his possession belonging to the United States on the 1st day of December, 1884, and of the amounts received from waste paper.

DECEMBER 2, 1884.—Ordered to lie on the table and be printed.

OFFICE OF SECRETARY OF THE UNITED STATES SENATE,
Washington, December 1, 1884.

SIR: In obedience to the requirements of section 72 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, I have the honor to submit a full and complete account of all property belonging to the United States in my possession on the 1st day of December, 1884, and a statement of amounts deposited to the credit of the United States on account of sales of waste paper.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

ANSON G. McCOOK,
Secretary.

Hon. GEO. F. EDMUNDS,
President of the Senate pro tempore.

Property, &c., in possession of the Secretary of the Senate on the 1st of December, 1884.

SECRETARY'S ROOM.

1 Brussels carpet.
1 mirror.
4 large book-cases.
1 clock.
3 sets rep and lace curtains, with walnut cornices.
3 linen shades.
4 leather-covered chairs.
3 walnut revolving chairs.
2 cane-seat chairs.
2 table-desks.
1 silver-plated pitcher.
3 rugs.
3 cuspidors.
1 poker, shovel, and tongs.
1 feather duster and whisk-broom.
1 small mirror.
1 brush and comb.
1 tumbler.

SECRETARY'S ROOM—Continued.

1 soap-dish.
1 Worcester's Dictionary.
1 Lippincott's Gazetteer.
1 sofa.
3 rubber mats.
1 fire-screen.
1 blacking-box.

FINANCIAL ROOM.

1 Hall's safe.
1 Herring & Floyd's safe.
1 walnut table-desk.
2 small walnut tables.
1 walnut hat-rack.
3 walnut revolving chairs.
2 walnut chairs.
2 cylinder desks.
1 large mirror.

48TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 2.

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Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

ANSON G. McCOOK,
Secretary.

Hon. GEO. F. EDMUNDS,
President of the Senate pro tempore.

Property, &c., in possession of the Secretary of the Senate on the 1st of December, 1884.

SECRETARY'S ROOM.

1 Brussels carpet.
1 mirror.
4 large book-cases.
1 clock.
3 sets rep and lace curtains, with walnut cornices.
3 linen shades.
4 leather-covered chairs.
3 walnut revolving chairs.
2 cane-seat chairs.
2 table desks.
1 silver-plated pitcher.
3 rugs.
3 cuspidors.
1 poker, shovel, and tongs.
1 feather duster and whisk-broom.
1 small mirror.
1 brush and comb.
1 tumbler.

SECRETARY'S ROOM—Continued.

1 soap-dish.
1 Worcester's Dictionary.
1 Lippincott's Gazetteer.
1 sofa.
3 rubber mats.
1 fire-screen.
1 blacking-box.

FINANCIAL ROOM.

1 Hall's safe.
1 Herring & Floyd's safe.
1 walnut table-desk.
2 small walnut tables.
1 walnut hat-rack.
3 walnut revolving chairs.
2 walnut chairs.
2 cylinder desks.
1 large mirror.

FINANCIAL ROOM—Continued.

1 calendar-clock.
1 Brussels carpet.
3 rugs.
4 rubber mats.
1 silver-plated pitcher.
1 soap-dish.
1 hair brush and comb.
3 whisk-brooms.
4 cuspidors.
1 glass tumbler.
1 nail-brush.
2 sponge cushions.
1 feather duster.
2 foot-stools.
2 linen curtains.
1 set Revised Statutes.

EXECUTIVE CLERK'S ROOM.

1 mirror.
1 marble clock.
1 cylinder desk.
1 table-desk.
1 table and case of pigeon-holes.
1 walnut case.
1 step ladder.
3 rubber mats.
3 cuspidors.
1 water-cooler.
1 umbrella-stand.
3 large book-cases.
1 hair-brush.
1 soap-dish.
1 Worcester's Dictionary.
1 glass tumbler.
3 walnut revolving chairs.
1 Brussels carpet.

CHIEF CLERK'S ROOM.

6 large book-cases.
3 table-desks.
2 upright desks.
1 set walnut pigeon-holes.
2 cases with drawers (1 mahogany and 1 pine).
7 walnut revolving chairs.
2 leather-covered mahogany chairs.
3 chairs.
1 mirror.
2 cylindrical desks.
1 umbrella-stand.
2 clocks.
1 electric clock.
3 rubber mats.
3 spittoons.
1 Brussels carpet.
2 revolving book-stands.
1 feather duster.
1 Webster's Dictionary.
1 whisk-broom.
1 step-ladder.
2 stationery cases.
Foot-stools.

ENGROSSING AND ENROLLING ROOM.

1 mirror.
1 marble clock.
1 Brussels carpet.
1 table-desk.

ENGROSSING AND ENROLLING ROOM—Continued.

4 upright desks.
1 printing-house desk.
1 table-desk with pigeon-holes.
2 mahogany cases for bill blanks.
1 large newspaper rack.
8 revolving chairs.
7 chairs.
5 large cases.
7 spittoons.
2 feather dusters.
1 portable desk top.
1 water-cooler.
2 tumblers.
1 china soap-dish.
1 step-ladder.
1 Worcester's Dictionary.
1 Webster's Dictionary.
1 Lippincott's Gazetteer.
1 walnut desk with revolving top.
1 book-stand.
7 rubber mats.
1 foot-stool.
2 large tables.
1 table and letter-press.
1 blacking-box.

LOWER FILE ROOM.

3 step-ladders.
2 cane chairs.
1 cane arm-chair.
1 table
1 carpet.
Book-shelves.
1 seal, Senate United States.

STATIONERY ROOM.

1 large table with drawers.
2 flat tables.
1 walnut revolving chair.
3 walnut chairs.
2 step-ladders.
1 ladder.
1 spittoon.
1 set of shelves.
1 feather duster.
1 whisk-broom.
1 hair brush and comb.
1 plated ice pitcher and 1 tumbler.
1 soap-dish.
1 looking-glass.
1 large waste-basket.
1 dusting-brush.
1 clock.
1 Worcester's Dictionary.
1 Brussels carpet.
1 broom.
1 hammer.
1 hatchet.
1 mallet.
1 box-chisel.
1 small scales.

SENATE LIBRARY.

Room 1.

Large book-cases with shelves.
1 desk with top.
2 large tables.

SENATE LIBRARY- Continued.

Room 1—Continued.

1 hair-cloth chair.
1 leather arm-chair.
1 cane arm-chair.
1 step-ladder.
1 Brussels carpet.
1 fire-blower.
1 large square waste-basket.
1 rug.
1 revolving book-rack.
1 hat-rack.
1 water-pitcher.

Room 2.

Shelves for books.
1 table-desk.
1 upright desk with drawers.
1 long table.
2 square tables.
1 hair-cloth arm-chair.
2 hair-cloth chairs.
1 cane chair.
1 revolving stool.
1 sofa.
3 spittoons.
1 portable desk top.
1 letter-press.
3 step-ladders.
1 shovel, poker, and tongs.
4 feather dusters.
1 Brussels rug.
1 mat.
1 Brussels carpet.

SENATE LIBRARY—Continued.

Room 2—Continued.

2 whisk-brooms.
1 leather-covered sofa.

Room 3.

Book-shelves.
1 cane chair.
1 step-ladder.
1 spittoon.
1 fender and blower.
1 Brussels carpet.
1 small table.
2 glass tumblers.
1 basin, pitcher, and soap-dish
1 small looking-glass.
1 water-cooler.
1 water-bucket.
2 brooms.
Matting.
Books in Senate library as shown by catalogue thereof.

STOREROOM.

Lot of old carpet.
Water-buckets (in use).
Brooms.
Whisk-brooms.
1 dust-pan and brush.
Awnings.
2 coal-hods.
Feather dusters.
1 umbrella-stand.
1 drop-light.
1 walnut table.

Stationery on hand December 1, 1884.

120	reams flat letter paper	$376 42
90½	reams flat cap paper	206 48
61½	reams legal cap paper	136 92
130¾	reams record cap paper	326 25
207	reams letter paper	497 86
484	reams note paper	800 86
1,092	reams wrapping paper	220 28
4½	reams blotting paper	75 50
300	sheets parchment	79 50
22	sheets ruled lines	1 17
2,226	packs blotting pads	100 71
109	desk-pads	72 65
265	patent blotters	81 72
2,912	tablets and scratch-books	410 98
706	papeteries	481 81
642,238	envelopes	1,771 85
77,975	newspaper wrappers	141 72
442	sponges	12 60
94	sponge-cups	19 83
3	pounce-boxes	1 64
17	boxes pounce	2 55
127¼	gross penholders	76 88
1,114¾	gross pens	852 40
131	gold pens and holders	165 62
90	pen-wipers	2 68
403	inkstands	186 79
810	bottles ink	211 48
433	bottles mucilage	91 04
70	mucilage-stands	32 94
42	match-stands	12 75

89	gross matches	$74 93
22	boxes eyelets	3 04
70	eyelet machines	37 22
276	boxes paper-fasteners	65 12
49	letter-clips	14 78
211	paper-files	65 06
29	box-files	11 42
278	papers pins	22 86
12	wafer-stands	3 00
15	pounds sealing wax	11 18
1,100	tags	1 40
57	pencil-sharpeners	3 42
195	sand-boxes	38 25
6	pen-cleaners	4 50
35	key-rings	1 45
3	letter-scales	10 50
492	pieces rubber	25 92
811	pocket-pencils	493 74
70½	gross pencils	396 20
451	boxes pencil leads	44 52
53	dozen packs cards	40 14
68	folders	33 91
37	baskets	22 63
920	balls twine	79 93
973	spools tape	218 60
144	pieces silk taste	9 00
1 272	gross rubber bands	527 42
496	knives	1,100 39
154	erasers	39 27
65	rules	12 41
227	pocket-books and card-cases	453 26
358	blank-books	338 93
869	memorandum-books	162 77
15	autograph-books	22 93
170	scrap-books	155 73
2	hectographs	4 00
97	sheets oiled board	5 45
59	brushes	5 76
19	bowls	6 71
13	Shipman's files	20 00
135	portfolios	191 64
65	corkscrews	25 37
301	scissors and shears	149 04
110	paper-weights	30 09
18	pin-cushions	3 18
28	pamphlet-cases	20 55
70½	gross linen file-strings	159 05
11	dozen thumb-tacks	3 85
70	pen-racks	17 30
29	tape-measures	4 30
69	bunches quills	3 65
5	oil stones	50
144	finger-cots	5 70
		12,653 95
	Stationery in use in the office of the Secretary of the United State Senate.	210 00

Sale of waste paper.

July 25, 1884, deposited on account of sales of waste paper	$16 60
November 29, 1884, deposited on account of sales of waste paper	14 40
Total	31 00

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48TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 3.

ANNUAL REPORT

OF

HON. W. P. CANADAY,

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS, UNITED STATES SENATE,

COMMUNICATING IN OBEDIENCE TO LAW,

A statement of all property in his possession, belonging to the United States, on the 1st day of December, 1884, and of the amounts deposited to the credit of the United States on account of the sale by him of condemned property and waste paper.

DECEMBER 2, 1884.—Ordered to lie on the table and be printed.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS, UNITED STATES SENATE,
Washington, December 1, 1884.

SIR: In obedience to section seventy-two of the Revised Statutes of the United States, I have the honor to submit a full and complete account of all property belonging to the United States in my possession on the 1st day of December, 1884; also a statement of moneys covered into the Treasury, received from the sale of waste paper, condemned furniture, and horse and two wagons, amounting to the sum of $898.89.

Very respectfully,

W. P. CANADAY,
Sergeant-at-Arms, United States Senate.

HON. GEORGE F. EDMUNDS,
President of the Senate.

Property in possession of the Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate.

PRIVATE LAND CLAIMS.

1 committee table.
2 revolving desks.
2 flat-top desks.
1 revolving book-case.
1 willow screen.
1 Japanese screen.
1 cloth screen.
1 lounge.
6 stuffed chairs.
4 revolving chairs.
1 carpet.
1 rug.
1 mirror.
1 pair andirons.

PRIVATE LAND CLAIMS—continued.

1 fender.
1 spark-screen.
1 set shovel, tongs, and stand.
1 drop-light.
1 wood-box.
1 blacking commode and brushes.
1 feather duster.
3 tin bucket.
1 cuspidors.
1 spittoon.
1 waste-basket.
1 hat-rack.
8 linen curtains.
1 large book-case.

PRIVATE LAND CLAIMS—continued.

1 walnut cabinet.
2 drop-lights.
1 cane-seat chair.
1 towel-rack.
1 broom.
1 whisk broom.
1 thermometer.
1 clock.

INDIAN AFFAIRS.

1 committee table.
1 mirror.
1 clock.
1 carpet.
1 pair andirons.
1 fender.
1 set shovel, tongs, and stand.
1 spark-screen.
1 upright desk.
2 lounges.
1 revolving desk.
1 revolving book case.
11 revolving chairs.
5 stuffed chairs.
3 cane-seat chairs.
2 hat-racks.
3 book-cases.
1 small table.
1 letter-press and stand.
1 wood-box.
2 large rugs.
1 small rug.
6 cuspidors.
3 spittoons.
1 step-ladder.
1 blacking commode and brushes.
1 willow screen.
2 linen curtains.
1 towel-rack.
1 rubber mat.
1 portrait of Washington.
1 thermometer.
1 hair brush.
1 clothes brush.
1 hat brush.
1 hearth brush.
1 whisk broom.
1 nail brush and dish.
1 soap dish.
2 glasses.
1 silver soap brush.
2 ice-picks.
1 tin bucket.

CLAIMS.

1 mirror.
1 committee table.
12 revolving chairs.
5 arm chairs.
2 cane-seat chairs.
3 revolving book-cases.
1 book-rack.
4 large book-cases.
1 revolving desk.
1 flat-top desk.
1 desk with pigeon-holes.
1 lounge.
1 hat-rack.

CLAIMS—continued.

1 little press and stand.
1 pair andirons.
1 fender.
1 set shovel and tongs.
1 spark-screen.
1 step-ladder.
1 bucket.
1 cloth screen.
4 cuspidors.
1 broom.
1 carpet.
1 thermometer.
6 linen curtains.
1 clock.
1 water-cooler.
1 Japanese folding screen.

MINES AND MINING.

1 clock.
1 revolving desk.
1 flat-top desk.
1 pigeon-hole desk.
1 table.
1 lounge.
1 wash stand.
7 stuffed chairs.
1 hat-rack.
1 book-case.
1 cloth screen.
1 linen curtain.
1 carpet.
1 mirror.
1 wood-box.
1 wash-bowl and pitcher.
2 cane-seat chairs.

APPROPRIATIONS.

1 committee table.
1 mirror.
1 pair andirons.
1 fender.
1 set shovel, tongs, and stand.
2 umbrella-stands.
2 revolving desks.
1 flat-top desk.
1 small table.
2 lounges.
2 large book-cases.
1 revolving book-case.
2 willow screens.
12 arm-chairs.
4 revolving cane-seat chairs.
1 cane-seat chair.
1 hat-rack.
1 marble-top cabinet.
8 cuspidors.
1 blacking commode.
1 wood-box.
1 feather duster.
3 waste-baskets.
1 whisk broom.
1 soap-dish.
4 linen curtains.
4 lambrequins.
4 cornices.
1 clock.
1 towel-rack.
1 carpet.

AGRICULTURE.

1 committee table.
1 mirror.
1 lounge.
1 book-case.
2 revolving desks.
2 revolving chairs.
8 cane-seat chairs.
1 dictionary-stand.
1 hat-rack.
1 small mirror.
4 spittoons.
1 book-rack.
1 carpet.
1 linen curtain.
1 clock.

FINANCE (2 rooms).

1 committee table.
1 mirror.
1 set shovel, tongs, and stand.
1 pair andirons.
1 fender.
1 umbrella stand.
15 revolving cane-seat chairs.
3 cane-seat chairs.
1 clock.
2 thermometers.
1 revolving desk.
2 step-ladders.
1 large book-case.
1 small book-case.
1 small writing desk.
1 hat-rack.
1 lounge.
1 adjustable lounge.
1 willow screen.
1 Japanese screen.
1 cloth screen.
1 wood-box.
2 letter and envelope cases.
6 portraits and frames.
1 set pigeon-holes.
7 linen curtains.
2 carpets.
6 cuspidors.
1 slop-jar.
1 towel-rack.

REVOLUTIONARY CLAIMS.

1 committee table.
1 clock.
1 carpet.
9 hair-cloth chairs.
1 lounge.
1 revolving desk.
1 hat-rack.
1 washstand.
1 bowl and pitcher.
1 willow screen.
1 slop-jar.
1 flat-top desk.
1 book-case.
1 broom.
1 fender.
1 set shovel, tongs, and stand.
1 pair andirons.
3 cuspidors.
1 linen curtain.

POST-OFFICE AND POST-ROADS.

1 committee table.
1 mirror.
1 pair andirons.
1 fender.
1 set shovel, tongs, and stand.
1 spark-screen.
1 writing-desk.
1 book-case.
2 book-racks.
1 willow screen.
1 letter-press and stand.
1 lounge.
1 hat-rack.
1 dictionary-stand.
10 revolving chairs.
1 blacking commode and brushes.
3 cane-seat chairs.
5 waste-baskets.
1 step-ladder.
1 broom.
1 feather duster.
2 patent map-racks.
1 clock.
1 soap-dish.
1 towel-rack.
4 spittoons.
4 linen curtains.
1 thermometer.
1 letter and envelope stand.
1 carpet.
1 cabinet.
4 shades with tin rollers.
1 office chair.

CIVIL SERVICE.

1 small table.
1 carpet.
1 mirror.
1 revolving desk.
1 fender.
1 spark-screen.
1 book-case.
1 revolving chair.
5 arm-chairs.
1 sofa.
1 towel-rack.
1 rug.
2 cuspidors.
2 rubber mats.
1 step-ladder.
3 linen curtains.
6 walnut chairs.

COMMERCE.

1 committee table.
1 mirror.
1 clock.
1 revolving desk.
1 desk.
1 hat-rack.
1 large book-case.
1 small book-case.
1 revolving book-case.
1 book-rack.
1 set shovel, tongs, and stand.
1 pair andirons.
1 fender.
1 spark-screen.

COMMERCE—continued.

1 set pigeon-holes.
1 letter press and stand.
13 revolving chairs.
3 cushion chairs.
1 cane-seat chair.
1 wood-box.
1 patent map-rack.
4 cuspidors.
1 fire blower and stand.
1 willow screen.
1 thermometer.
1 carpet.

MANUFACTURES.

1 committee table.
1 mirror.
1 clock.
1 carpet.
1 washstand.
1 bowl and pitcher.
1 slop-jar.
1 hat-rack.
1 small marble-top table.
6 arm chairs.
2 sofas.
2 revolving chairs.
1 revolving cane-seat chair.
1 cane-seat chair.
1 book-case.
1 screen.
5 cuspidors.
1 broom.
1 linen curtain.
1 lambrequin and fixtures.
1 upright desk.
1 tin bucket.

PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS.

1 committee table.
1 revolving desk.
1 table.
13 arm chairs.
3 cane-seat chairs.
1 book-rack.
1 hat-rack.
1 large book-case.
2 small book-cases.
1 file-case.
1 lounge.
1 carpet.
1 mirror.
1 clock.
1 wood-box.
1 fender.
1 pair andirons.
1 spark-screen.
1 set shovel, tongs, and stand.
6 cuspidors.
1 towel-rack.
1 willow screen.
4 linen curtains.

FOREIGN RELATIONS.

1 committe table.
1 mirror.
1 clock.
1 pair andirons.
1 fender.

FOREIGN RELATIONS—continued.

1 set shovel, tongs, and stand.
2 revolving desks.
1 carpet.
1 hat-rack.
1 lounge.
1 wood-box.
1 revolving book-case.
1 globe and stand.
1 small table.
1 letter-press.
1 blacking commode and brushes.
1 feather duster.
5 cuspidors.
4 rubber mats.
1 towel-rack.
11 revolving cane-seat chairs.
1 arm chair.
1 cane-seat chair.
3 waste-baskets.
1 wood-box.
1 willow screen.
2 linen curtains.

MILITARY AFFAIRS.

1 committee table.
1 mirror.
1 clock.
1 carpet.
1 pair andirons.
1 fender.
1 set shovel, tongs, and stand.
1 spark-screen.
1 revolving desk.
1 upright desk.
1 hat-rack.
1 revolving book-case.
10 arm chairs.
2 revolving chairs.
2 cane-seat chairs.
3 book-cases.
1 map-rack.
1 willow screen.
1 Japanese screen.
1 lounge.
1 letter-press and stand.
1 thermometer.
1 broom.
1 small table.
2 linen curtains.
1 plaster Paris statue.
1 wood-box.
7 cuspidors.
1 moquette rug.

PUBLIC LANDS.

1 committee table.
1 mirror.
1 clock.
1 carpet.
1 pair andirons.
1 fender.
1 set shovel, tongs, and stand.
1 spark-screen.
9 arm chairs.
3 revolving chairs.
1 cane-seat chair.
1 revolving book-case.
1 revolving desk.
1 book-case.

PUBLIC LANDS—continued.

1 patent map-rack.
1 hat-rack.
1 flat-top desk.
1 wood-box.
2 linen curtains.
1 waste-basket.
1 cuspidor.

NAVAL AFFAIRS.

1 committee table.
1 mirror.
1 clock.
1 carpet.
1 pair andirons.
1 fender.
1 set shovel, tongs, and stand.
1 spark-screen.
2 willow screens.
1 Japanese screen.
1 revolving desk.
1 revolving book-case.
1 globe.
10 revolving chairs.
3 cane-seat chairs.
1 arm chair.
2 umbrella-stands.
1 marble-top cabinet.
1 water-cooler and stand.
1 step-ladder.
1 lounge.
1 towel-rack.
1 upright desk.
1 letter-press and stand.
1 small table.
2 corner cushion seats.
1 thermometer.
2 linen curtains.
7 spittoons.
2 pair lace curtains and fixtures.
1 walnut desk.
1 lounge.
1 folding screen.

PENSIONS.

1 committee table.
1 mirror.
1 clock.
1 carpet.
1 pair andirons.
1 fender.
1 set shovel, tongs, and stand.
1 spark-screen.
1 cloth screen.
2 revolving desks.
1 revolving book-case.
9 arm chairs.
4 revolving chairs.
1 cane-seat chair.
1 small table.
2 step-ladders.
2 sets pigeon-holes.
1 hat-rack.
1 letter-press and stand.
1 towel-rack.
4 spittoons.
3 linen curtains.
1 broom.
1 sofa.

JUDICIARY.

1 committee table.
1 mirror.
1 clock.
1 carpet.
1 spark-screen.
1 willow screen.
1 Japanese screen.
1 cloth screen.
2 revolving desks.
1 set pigeon-holes.
3 revolving book-cases.
5 revolving chairs.
1 cane-seat chair.
6 arm-chairs.
2 step-ladders.
1 hat-rack.
4 book-cases.
1 marble-top cabinet.
1 adjustable lounge.
1 lounge.
1 letter-press and stand.
1 blacking commode and brushes.
5 waste-baskets.
1 tin bucket.
3 spittoons.
1 gas torch.
1 dust pan and brush.
1 towel-rack.
4 linen curtains.
1 flat-top desk.
2 mouse-traps.
1 fly-trap.
1 thermometer.
1 fender.
1 set shovel, tongs, and stand.
1 walnut cabinet.
1 ebony glass screen.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES.

1 committee table.
1 mirror.
1 clock.
1 adjustable lounge.
1 revolving desk with pigeon-holes.
1 hat-rack.
1 revolving book-case.
2 revolving chairs.
1 cane-seat chair.
3 cuspidors.
1 linen curtain.
1 damask curtain, with cornice.
1 carpet.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

1 mirror.
1 committee table.
1 large book-case.
1 small book-case.
2 book-racks.
1 lounge.
1 revolving desk.
1 flat desk.
1 small desk.
1 hat-rack.
1 small table.
2 willow screens.
1 letter-press and stand.
1 pair andirons.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA—continued.

1 fender.
1 spark-screen.
1 set shovel, tongs, and stand.
11 revolving chairs.
1 arm stuffed chair.
2 cane-seat chairs.
11 spittoons.
1 broom.
1 towel-rack.
3 linen curtains.
1 folding screen.
9 arm-chairs.
1 lounge.

PATENTS.

1 committee table.
1 mirror.
1 clock.
1 large cabinet.
2 revolving desks.
1 upright desk.
1 letter-press and stand.
1 step-ladder.
2 lounges.
3 book-cases.
1 hat-rack.
1 towel-rack.
5 cuspidors.
1 pair andirons.
1 fender.
1 set shovel, tongs, and stand.
1 blower and holder.
1 willow screen.
1 wood-box.
1 spark-screen.
1 carpet.
3 linen curtains.
10 revolving chairs.
5 cane-seat chairs.
6 cuspidors.
1 small table.

TERRITORIES.

1 committee table.
1 mirror.
1 clock.
1 pair andirons.
1 fender.
1 spark-screen.
1 set shovel, tongs, and stand.
1 revolving desk.
1 revolving book-case.
1 revolving chair.
8 arm stuffed chairs.
2 cane-seat chairs.
1 writing-desk.
2 book-cases.
1 hat-rack.
5 spittoons.
1 willow screen.
1 arm chair.
1 patent map-rack.
1 thermometer.
1 towel-rack.
2 linen curtains.
1 lounge.
1 carpet.
1 towel-rack.
2 pairs rennaissance curtains.

ENGROSSED BILLS.

1 mirror.
1 committee table.
1 clock.
1 pair andirons.
1 spark-screen.
1 fender.
1 set shovel, tongs, and stand.
1 carpet.
1 large rug.
1 revolving desk.
1 writing-desk.
1 large book-case.
2 sets pigeon-holes.
1 hat-rack.
1 lounge.
4 revolving chairs.
1 waste-basket.
4 spittoons.
1 willow screen.
2 linen curtains.
1 towel-rack.
1 cane-seat chair.

PRINTING.

2 large rugs.
1 small rug.
1 mirror.
1 clock.
1 pair andirons.
1 fender.
1 set shovel, tongs, and stand.
1 small screen.
1 large cloth screen.
2 large book-cases.
1 small case.
1 book-rack.
1 revolving desk.
1 desk with pigeon-holes.
2 hat-racks.
4 small tables.
5 stuffed arm chairs.
6 cane-seat chairs.
3 revolving chairs.
1 letter-press and stand.
1 wood-box.
1 lounge.
1 adjustable lounge and pillow.
1 step-ladder.
1 spittoon.
1 thermometer.
2 brooms.
1 gas-lighter.
10 linen curtains.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS.

2 committee tables.
2 revolving desks.
1 revolving book-case.
3 willow screens.
1 adjustable lounge.
2 hat-racks.
1 letter-press.
2 carpets.
5 cushion chairs.
5 cushion chairs, in shop.
3 cane-seat chairs (revolving).
1 cane-seat chair.
1 small table.
1 design-holder.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS—cont'd.

1 clock.
4 spittoons.
1 wood-box.
1 large book-case.
1 small book-case.
1 mirror.

EDUCATION AND LABOR.

1 committee table.
1 mirror.
1 clock.
1 carpet.
1 marble-top washstand.
1 letter-press.
1 small marble-top table.
1 revolving desk.
1 revolving book-case.
1 revolving cane-seat chair.
10 arm cane-seat chairs.
5 small cane-seat chairs.
1 hair-cloth chair.
1 book-case.
1 blacking commode and brushes.
1 comb and brush.
1 nail brush and dish.
1 soap-dish.
1 tin bucket.
2 waste-baskets.
1 whisk broom.
5 cuspidors.
1 hat-rack with mirror.
1 feather duster.
1 upright desk.
1 linen curtain.
1 damask curtain and fixtures.
1 thermometer.
1 lounge.
1 clothes-brush.
1 hat-brush.

MISSISSIPPI RIVER.

1 clock.
1 washstand.
1 revolving desk.
1 flat-top desk.
1 table.
1 lounge.
1 hat-rack.
6 stuffed chairs.
1 revolving book-case.
1 set pigeon-holes.
1 bucket.
1 slop-jar.
1 wash-bowl and pitcher.
1 mirror.
1 carpet.

RULES.

1 committee table.
1 mirror.
1 clock.
1 carpet.
1 pair andirons.
1 fender.
1 spark-screen.
1 set shovel, tongs, and stand.
2 revolving desks.
1 book-case.
1 book-rack.

RULES—continued.

1 lounge.
1 wood-box.
5 arm chairs.
5 cane-seat chairs.
1 hat-rack.
1 blacking commode and brushes.
1 nail brush and dish.
1 soap-dish.
1 glass.
6 spittoons.
1 bucket.
1 ice-bucket.
2 waste-baskets.
1 duster.
1 dust pan and brush.
1 whisk broom.
1 hat-brush.
1 clothes-brush.
1 comb.
1 thermometer.
4 linen curtains.

RAILROADS.

1 committee table.
1 hat-rack.
1 upright desk.
11 revolving chairs.
1 cane-seat chair.
1 globe.
1 letter-press and stand.
1 lounge.
1 carpet.
1 small screen.
4 spittoons.
1 clock.
1 mirror.
1 towel-rack.
1 small marble-top table.
1 large book-case.
1 small book-case.
1 spark-screen.
1 stand for shovel and tongs.
1 pair tongs.
1 wood-box.
4 linen curtains.

EPIDEMIC DISEASES.

1 committee table.
1 hat-rack.
1 lounge.
1 revolving desk.
1 flat-top desk.
5 revolving cane-seat chairs.
2 small chairs.
1 mirror.
1 pair andirons.
1 spark-screen.
1 set shovel, tongs, and stand.
1 carpet.
1 fender.
1 marble-top wash-stand.
1 wash-bowl and pitcher.
1 slop-jar.
1 wood-box.
4 spittoons.
1 stuffed arm chair.
2 linen curtains.
1 clock.

SEVERAL BRANCHES CIVIL SERVICE.

1 committee table.
1 lounge.
1 revolving desk.
2 small tables.
7 revolving cane-seat chairs.
1 willow screen.
1 hat-rack.
1 small cane-seat chair.
1 carpet.
4 linen curtains.
1 clothes-press with mirror.

ENROLLED BILLS.

1 mirror.
1 carpet.
1 adjustable lounge and pillow.
1 revolving desk.
1 clock.
1 revolving chair.
3 stuffed arm chairs.
1 small book-case.
1 small cabinet.
2 cuspidors.
1 set pigeon-holes.
1 nail brush and dish.
1 soap-dish.
1 comb and brush.
1 whisk broom.
1 dust-brush.
1 blacking commode and brushes.
1 tin bucket.
1 tumbler.
1 linen curtain.
1 pair lace curtains with cornice and rings.
2 waste-baskets.
1 table.
1 feather duster.

TRANSPORTATION.

1 committee table.
1 mirror.
1 clock.
1 carpet.
2 revolving cane-seat chairs.
5 cane-seat chairs.
1 letter-press and stand.
1 hat-rack.
1 sofa.
1 small walnut table.
1 wood-box.
2 linen curtains.
1 towel-rack.
4 cuspidors.
1 clothes-press with mirror.
1 desk.
1 revolving desk.
1 leather lounge.

LIBRARY.

1 committee table.
1 mirror.
1 clock.
1 carpet.
1 wood-box.
1 revolving desk.
1 book-rack.

LIBRARY—continued.

1 lounge.
11 revolving cane-seat chairs.
1 set pigeon-holes.
1 letter-press and stand.
3 linen curtains.
3 cuspidors.
1 small statue.
1 marble bust of Clay.
2 portraits.
1 large painting.
1 towel-rack.
1 hat-rack.
1 step-ladder.
1 thermometer.
1 cane-seat chair.
1 willow screen.
1 upright desk.
1 map.
1 brass fender.
1 pair andirons.
1 set shovel, tongs, and stand.

NICARAGUAN CLAIMS.

1 committee table.
1 mirror.
1 clock.
1 carpet.
1 fender.
1 set shovel, tongs, and stand.
1 hat-rack.
1 sofa.
3 revolving cane-seat chairs.
1 large upright desk.
1 writing-desk.
3 arm cushion chairs.
1 revolving cushion chair.
1 wash-stand.
1 towel-rack.
1 letter-press and stand.
1 wood-box.
1 book-case.
3 cuspidors.
2 linen curtains.
1 broom.
1 spark screen.

CENSUS.

1 committee table.
1 mirror.
1 clock.
1 carpet.
1 revolving desk.
1 revolving book-case.
10 revolving cane-seat chairs.
1 marble-top cabinet.
1 small marble-top table.
1 hat-rack.
1 lounge.
1 set pigeon-holes.
1 book-case.
1 fancy screen.
1 cloth screen.
1 wood-box.
1 set shovel, tongs, and stand.
1 spark-screen.
2 linen curtains.
2 damask curtains and fixtures.

CENSUS—continued.

6 cuspidors.
1 gas-lighter.
1 broom.
1 towel-rack.
1 ice-pick.
1 folding table.

CONFERENCE.

1 committee table.
1 mirror.
1 clock.
1 carpet.
1 revolving desk.
1 revolving book-case.
9 revolving cane-seat chairs.
2 revolving cushion chairs.
2 large screens.
1 willow screen.
1 cane-seat chair.
1 lounge.
2 writing-desks.
1 wood-box.
1 hat-rack.
1 small marble-top table.
1 water-cooler.
2 book-cases.
1 fender.
1 spark-screen.
1 set shovel, tongs, and stand
6 cuspidors.
1 towel-rack.
6 linen curtains.

REVISION OF LAWS.

1 committee table.
1 mirror.
1 clock.
1 carpet.
2 book-cases.
1 revolving desk.
1 sofa.
1 upright desk.
1 revolving book-case.
1 wood-box.
1 step-ladder.
1 hat-rack.
1 blacking commode and brushes.
4 arm stuffed chairs.
2 revolving cane-seat chairs.
1 set shovel, tongs, and stand.
1 feather duster.
2 ice-picks.
1 nail brush and dish.
1 soap-dish.
1 bucket.
1 glass.
1 comb and brush.
1 clothes-brush.
3 waste-baskets.
5 cuspidors.
1 whisk broom.
1 willow screen.
1 chamoise skin.
2 linen curtains.

SENATOR BECK'S ROOM.

1 carpet.
1 hat-rack.
3 arm stuffed chairs.

SENATOR BECK'S ROOM—continued.

1 revolving cane-seat chair.
1 marble-top wash-stand.
1 bowl and pitcher.
1 nail-brush dish.
1 soap-dish.
1 clothes-brush.
1 comb and brush.
1 whisk broom.
3 glasses.
1 blacking commode and brushes.
1 cuspidor.
2 waste-baskets.
1 feather duster.
1 tin bucket.
1 linen curtain.
1 lambrequin and fixtures.
1 mirror.
1 revolving desk.

ADDITIONAL ACCOMMODATIONS TO LIBRARY.

1 committee table.
1 clock.
1 carpet.
1 fender.
1 spark-screen.
1 set shovel, tongs, and stand.
1 marble-top wash-stand.
1 hat-rack.
1 towel-rack.
6 revolving cane-seat chairs.
2 arm hair-cloth chairs.
2 arm stuffed chairs.
1 revolving desk.
1 sofa.
1 willow screen.
17 designs for library.
1 linen curtain.
3 spittoons.
1 wood-box.

OFFICIAL REPORTERS' ROOM.

3 large tables.
2 desks.
3 small tables.
2 step-ladders.
1 clock.
3 revolving chairs.
14 cane-seat chairs.
7 waste-baskets.
1 hat-rack.
1 blacking commode and brushes.
1 upright book-case.
1 book-rack.
2 torches.
1 broom.
1 feather duster.
1 carpet.
7 spittoons.
1 water-cooler and stand.
1 glass.
1 nail-brush dish and 2 brushes.
1 soap-dish.
2 dust-pans.
1 brush.
1 water-bucket.
1 thermometer.
3 linen curtains.

DOCUMENT ROOM.

8 tables.
2 large tables with shelving.
1 upright desk.
3 desks.
1 clock.
1 water-cooler and stand.
4 revolving chairs.
2 old arm-chairs.
3 step-ladders.
2 stools.
1 thermometer.
2 carpets.
3 fire-extinguishers.
1 letter-press.
Shelving for documents.
4 buckets.
2 ladders.
1 document-punch.
4 spittoons.
4 waste-baskets.
1 small mirror.
1 truck.
1 pair andirons.
1 fender.
1 set shovel, tongs, and stand.
1 lounge.
1 revolving book-case.
2 rubber mats.

LADIES' RETIRING ROOM.

1 mirror.
1 water-coller and stand.
2 leather-covered chairs.
6 small leather-covered chairs.
1 lounge.
2 marble-top tables.
1 clock.
1 carpet.
1 hat-rack.
1 fancy screen.
1 rocking-chair.
1 whisk broom.
1 towel-rack.
1 comb and brush.
1 ice-bucket.
1 feather duster.
1 rug.
1 dust brush and pan.
1 step-ladder.
1 waste-basket.
1 linen curtain.
2 rugs.
2 mats.

POST-OFFICE.

2 carpets.
4 cane-seat chairs.
2 arm stuffed chairs.
3 cane-seat chairs.
2 tables.
1 wardrobe.
1 flat-top desk.
1 Congressional desk.
1 iron safe.
1 small wardrobe.
3 cuspidors.
3 waste-baskets.
1 student's lamp.
1 telephone.

POST-OFFICE—continued.

1 oil-can.
1 small mirror.
2 scales.
1 thermometer.
1 dictionary.
1 step-ladder.
2 leather mail-pouches.
2 large baskets.
1 tricycle.
1 clock.
3 rubber stamps.
2 linen curtains.
1 feather duster.
2 whisk brooms.
1 dust-brush.
1 file-box.
1 blacking commode and brushes.
1 upright desk.

RESTAURANT.

2 mirrors.
1 willow screen.
3 hat-racks.
5 walnut tables.
2 large extension tables.
14 marble-top tables.
2 carpets, lace and linen curtains for windows.
1 large clock.
2 refrigerators.
1 small walnut table.
1 coffee and 1 tea urn.
3 cuspidors.
12 spittoons.

FOLDING-ROOM (SUPERINTENDENT).

1 clock.
1 small mirror.
1 water-cooler.
2 revolving cane-seat chairs.
1 revolving stool.
1 double desk.
2 small tables.
1 table.
1 set pigeon-holes.
1 arm-chair.
1 carpet.
2 cuspidors.
1 thermometer.
1 linen curtain.
1 step-ladder.

BASEMENT OF FOLDING-ROOM.

1 clock.
1 upright desk.
1 flat-top desk.
1 book-rack.
1 wardrobe.
1 high revolving stool.
2 cuspidors.
1 revolving chair.
1 lot of pigeon-holes.
1 large basket.
1 waste-basket.
34 stools.
4 chairs.
Lot of shelving for documents.
36 paste-brushes.

BASEMENT OF FOLDING-ROOM—cont'd.

21 paste-boxes.
21 speech-boxes.
5 tin buckets (damaged).
2 water-coolers.
6 tin cups.
1 watering-pot.

CLOAK-ROOMS.

13 sofas.
2 large mirrors.
2 water-coolers and stands.
2 wardrobes.
1 fire-proof safe.
1 willow rocker.
7 willow arm-chairs.
2 sets shovels, tongs, and stands.
2 arm cane chairs.
2 screens.
82 brass pans.
Curtains and fixtures.

SENATE CHAMBER.

77 desks.
71 chairs.
8 sofas.
8 stuffed chairs.
2 four-feet tables.
4 chairs for reporters.
3 chairs for Vice President.
1 chair for Sergeant-at-Arms.
1 chair for Assistant Doorkeeper.
4 chairs for clerks.
7 thermometers.
45 spittoons.
14 cuspidors.
1 carpet.
1 under carpet.
1 clock.
2 hygrodicks.
1 chair for Acting Assistant Doorkeeper.
4 tables for official reporters and Associated Press.
4 cane-seat chairs for Associated Press.
1 set pigeon-holes.
28 revolving cane-seat chairs.
4 mahogany chairs.

PRESIDENT'S ROOM.

3 mirrors.
1 clock.
1 carpet.
1 table.
2 sofas.
5 large chairs.
2 pairs lace curtains.
2 pairs satin curtains.
2 linen curtains.
2 cornices.
1 large cuspidor.

VICE-PRESIDENT'S ROOM.

1 large mirror.
1 small mirror.
2 sets window curtains (4 silk and 4 lace).
2 linen curtains.
1 book-case.
3 tables.

VICE-PRESIDENT'S ROOM—continued.

1 carpet.
1 clock.
1 pair andirons.
1 set shovel, tongs, and stand.
1 spark-screen.
1 umbrella-stand.
3 cuspidors.
1 wood-box.
1 cabinet.
1 sofa.
7 chairs.
2 revolving cane-seat chairs.
1 portrait of Washington.
1 cane-seat chair.
1 thermometer.
1 waste-basket.
7 chairs.
1 sofa.
2 sets silk window-curtains, and fixtures for same.

MARBLE ROOM.

1 table.
4 rugs.
1 fender.
1 spark-screen.
4 cuspidors.
2 busts of Indian chiefs.
2 sofas.
8 chairs.
4 lace curtains.
5 linen curtains.
1 clock.
1 bronze statue of Lincoln.
1 bronze urn.
4 small rockers.
4 small rush-bottom chairs.
1 willow rocker.
1 rattan settee.
1 Japan coal-hod.

STORE-ROOM No. 145.

58 waste-baskets.
108 hand scrub-brushes.
27 hearth-brushes.
11 small floor scrub-brushes.
8 dust-pans.
77 cuspidors.
5 bristle sweepers.
4 carpet-sweepers.
10 umbrella-stands.
2 water-coolers.
19 willow screens.
24 nail-brush dishes.
11 soap-dishes.
2 chambers.
45 marbleized spittoons.
3 cedar buckets.
15 towel-racks.
80 tumblers.
3 dark lanterns.
7 china slop-jars.
1 tin bread-box.
28 blacking commodes and brushes.
25 linen roller-towels.
5 corn brooms.
8 adjustable broom-handles.
1 lot sponges.

STORE-ROOM NO. 145—continued.

4 cedar tubs.
½ box camphor.
3 china bowls.
3 tin slop jars.
1 whisk-broom.
4 china pitchers.
2 cocoa mats.
21 dozen towels.
1 stove.
19 feather dusters.
3 fancy knit robes.
1 blanket robe.
25 tin buckets.
1 brass fender.
2 pairs brass andirons.
2 sets iron shovel, tongs, and stand (incomplete).
1 pair andirons.
1 flower-holder.
4 spark-screens.
4 wire fenders.
21 nail-brushes.
3 polish-brushes.
32 whisk-brooms.
18 clothes.
12 hat-brushes.
21 ice-picks.
2 polish-brushes.
28 soap-dishes.
2 hat-brushes.
22 nail-brushes.
1 clothes-brush.
5 hearth-brushes.
2 scrub-brushes.
5 dust-pans.
3 towel-racks.
3 carpet-stretchers.
3 barrels soft soap.
2 twenty-foot flags.
1 dozen electri silican.
1 dozen tripoli powder.
1 dozen bath-brushes.
1 dozen hat-brushes.
1 dozen clothes-brushes.
4½ dozen whisk-brooms.
1 dozen stove-brushes.
4 dozen blacking-brushes.
2 dozen counter-brushes.
8 dust-pans.
1 dozen waste-baskets.
¼ gross Mason's blacking.
20 dozen tumblers.
12 dozen reed-brooms.
6 dozen buckets (assorted).

STORE ROOM NO. 136 AND BATH-ROOM.

1 large rug.
Lot of old condemned window curtains.
Lot of mourning goods.
20 blanket robes.
Lot of old pieces of carpet.
17 Senate locks.
7 national flags.
1 large cocoa rug.
2 rolls Senate carpet.
1 bolt sheeting cotton.
2 wood-horses.
2 saws.

STORE-ROOM NO. 136 AND BATH-ROO continued.

2 axes.
12 coal-hods.
1 small table.
1 water-cooler.
5 cane-seat chairs.
8 spittoons.
1 hat-rack.
3 brackets.
1 arm-chair.
1 thermometer.
2 combs and brushes.
4 tumblers.
2 whisk-brooms.
2 rubber mats.
21 large rugs.
5 small rugs.
Lot of old carpets.

STORE-ROOM (Wood's).

7 revolving book-cases.
5 revolving desks.
4 book-racks.
8 revolving chairs.
1 willow screen.
3 tables.
3 upright desks.
7 cane-seat chairs.
5 hair-cloth chairs.
1 fancy screen.
1 cupboard and shelving.
2 tables.
1 letter-press.
1 revolving book-stand.
39 pitchers.
22 trays.

ENGINEER'S DEPARTMENT.

2 old sofas.
3 revolving chairs.
2 tables.
1 desk.
1 book-rack.
3 clocks.
1 hat-rack.
2 small mirrors.
3 water-coolers.
1 tool-closet.
2 mats.
26 drop-lights.
2 wheel-barrows.
2 coal-barrows.
6 shovels.
1 grindstone.
Lot of assorted pipe.
3 water-buckets.
12 spittoons.
10 globes for chandeliers.
3 vertical engines and 2 fans.
1 horizontal engine and 2 fans.
5 boilers.
5 pumps.
Lot of condemned drop-light tub
2 lengths of good tubing.
100 feet one-inch water-hose.
25 feet three-inch water-hose.
5 thermometers.
4 box-trucks.

ENGINEER'S DEPARTMENT—continued.

1 large two-wheel truck.
15 quires emery cloth.
2 dozen extension holders.
3 railroad-lanterns.
144 feet tubing.
2 dozen goose-necks.
2 dozen shades.
2 dozen argine burners.
Lot of tools.
583 tons white-ash coal.
45 cords pine wood.
56 cords hickory wood.

BARBERS' SHOP.

4 barbers' chairs.
5 marble-top tables.
1 clock.
5 small mirrors.
1 large mirror.
1 thermometer.
8 cane-seat chairs.
1 hand-glass.
7 cuspidors.
4 small rugs.
1 linen curtain.
1 small table.
1 wooden screen.
1 plated stand and 3 bottles.
248 towels.
16 linens.
4 sheets.
18 crash.
Lot of cosmetics.
Soaps.
Brushes.

RECEPTION-ROOM.

Curtains for 2 windows, 4 silk and 4 lace, 8 pieces.
1 clock.
1 mirror.
1 large rug.
2 linen curtains.
2 large sofas.
1 small sofa.
14 large chairs.
1 table.
1 cuspidor.

IN HALLS AND CORRIDORS.

12 chairs.
10 messenger-chairs.
1 water-cooler and stand.
1 old screen.
3 wood-boxes.
2 old hair-cloth chairs.
2 mats.
1 blacking-commode.
2 water-buckets.
75 spittoons.
1 flat four-wheel truck.
2 two-wheel box-trucks.
1 small freight-truck.
1 large freight-truck.
2 wood-boxes.

IN HALL IN REAR OF REPORTERS' GALLERY.

18 chairs.
1 book-case.
1 mirror.
1 water-cooler.
1 large screen.
9 spittoons.
1 stool.
3 old carpets.
2 fenders.

REPORTERS' GALLERY.

1 carpet.
15 cane-seat chairs.
1 arm stuffed chair.
14 stationary revolving stools.

LOWER WATER-CLOSET.

1 blacking-commode and brushes.
1 hat-rack.
5 cuspidors.

WATER-CLOSET, SENATE FLOOR.

1 mirror.
1 water-cooler.
1 closet.
7 cuspidors
1 silver urn and stand.
1 linen curtain.
1 blacking-commode and brushes.
2 stools.
1 cane-seat chair.
5 buckets.
1 dust-pan and brush.
4 glasses.

SENATE LOBBY.

3 book-cases.
1 upright desk.
1 carpet.
4 cuspidors.
1 box for letters.

SENATE STABLES.

7 horses.
3 wagons.
1 set double harness.
2 sets single harness.
3 riding-bridles.
3 riding-saddles.
3 saddle-cloths.
4 summer horse-covers.
9 horse-covers.
4 lap blankets.
3 bed-blankets.
1 wire cot.
1 canvas.
1 mattress and pillow.
12 halters.
3 stable-forks.
2 sea-grass brooms.
2 water-buckets.
1 tin wash-pan.
1 water-bucket.
2 hammers.
1 gimlet.

SENATE STABLES—continued.

3 mane-brushes.
2 whisk-brooms.
2 chairs.
1 monkey-wrench.
2 oil-cans.
1 coal-stove and pipe.
2 sponges.
2 chamois skins.
1 hay-cutter.
4 storm-covers.
1 hatchet.
1 coal-scuttle.
4 hickory brooms.
2 corn brooms.
4 curry-combs.
4 horse-brushes.
4 hooks and staples.
4 hitching straps and snaps.
2 hitching-chains.
1 halter-chain.
50 feet rubber hose.
45 feet rope.
1 brace and 6 bits.
1 hand-saw.
1 wire cutter.
1 jack-plane.
1 water-cooler.
1 clock.
1 horse-shaving kit.
1 coal-shovel.
1 clipping-shears.
1 copper-bottom boiler.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS' OFFICE.

1 mirror.
1 clock.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS' OFFICE—continued.

1 carpet.
1 hat-rack.
1 sofa.
3 cane-seat chairs.
6 revolving chairs.
1 pair andirons.
1 fender.
1 set shovel, tongs, and stand.
1 blacking commode and brushes.
1 large upright desk.
1 revolving desk.
1 small table and case for telephone.
1 table.
1 key-case.
1 small case.
1 upright case with pigeon-holes.
1 portrait of Professor Henry.
1 water-cooler.
1 small stand.
4 cuspidors.
4 waste-baskets.
4 linen curtains.
2 screens.
32 dozen cakes toilet-soap.
110 unused brushes.
25 second-hand brushes.
23 second-hand combs.
80 unused combs.
1 dozen work-baskets.
36 nail-brushes.
28 boxes tapers.
11 dozen towels.
3 dozen chamois skins.
Postage stamps, $26.50.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS, UNITED STATES SENATE,
Washington, December 1, 1884.

Statement of moneys covered into the Treasury to December 1, 1884.

July 25, certificate No. 31299.	Sale of waste paper		$503 07
July 25, certificate No. 31300.	Sale of condemned horse		60 00
July 25, certificate No. 31302.	Sale of condemned furniture		113 33
August 21, certificate No. 31488.	Sale of condemned horse and wagons		180 00
November 29, certificate No. 32115.	Sale of waste paper	$36 49	
November 29, certificate No. 32115.	Sale of condemned furniture	6 00	
			42 49
Total			898 89

48TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 4.

ANNUAL REPORT

OF

HON. ANSON G. McCOOK,

SECRETARY U. S. SENATE,

COMMUNICATING

A statement of the receipts and expenditures of the Senate from December 19, 1883, to June 30, 1884.

DECEMBER 2, 1884.—Ordered to lie on the table and be printed.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF THE SENATE,
Washington, D. C., December 1, 1884.

SIR: In obedience to the requirements of sections 60, 61, and 63 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, I have the honor to submit a full and complete statement of the receipts and expenditures of the Senate, showing in detail the items of expense under the proper appropriations, the aggregate thereof, and exhibiting the exact condition of all public moneys received, paid out, and remaining in my possession from December 19, 1883, to June 30, 1884.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

ANSON G. McCOOK,
Secretary.

Hon. GEO. F. EDMUNDS,
President of the Senate pro tempore.

UNEXPENDED BALANCES OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR FISCAL YEAR 1884.

Compensation and mileage of Senators	$10,170 52
Salaries—officers, clerks, and employés	4,552 14
Stationery and newspapers	35
Fuel for heating apparatus	1 95
Folding documents	1 55
Expenses of special and select committees	34 38
Miscellaneous items	5 16
Capitol police	92 20
Capitol police (contingent)	320 0
Postage	50 00

COMPENSATION AND MILEAGE OF SENATORS FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDING JULY 3, 1884.

By amount paid Senators		$249,815 68
By balance on hand July 3		6 829 02
To amount drawn from Treasury	$256,644 70	
	256,644 70	256,644 70

SALARIES OF OFFICERS, CLERKS, MESSENGERS, AND OTHERS, RECEIVING AN ANNUAL SALARY IN THE SERVICE OF THE SENATE, FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1884, FROM DECEMBER 1, 1883, TO JUNE 30, 1884.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		OFFICERS, CLERKS, AND EMPLOYÉS.		
1883.				
Dec. 22	1	F. E. Shober *et al.*, for the month of December, 1883:		
		F. E. Shober, acting Secretary (including compensation as disbursing officer and for hire of horse and wagon), December 1 to 18, inclusive	$298 15	
		Charles W. Johnson, chief clerk, December 18 to 31	114 13	
		H. H. Gilfry, principal clerk	218 30	
		H. E. Peyton, principal executive clerk, December 1 to 21	147 90	
		R. B. Nixon, financial clerk	252 70	
		H. B. McDonald, minute and journal clerk	218 30	
		C. C. Sympson, enrolling clerk	218 30	
		P. J. Pierce, librarian	187 00	
		A. W. Church, assistant librarian	121 30	
		M. R. Shankland, clerk	187 00	
		L. Chalmers, clerk	187 00	
		R. B. Edmonson, clerk	187 00	
		C. C. Morrow, clerk	187 00	
		E. K. Harris, clerk	187 00	
		J. P. Salyer, clerk	187 00	
		Paul Jones, clerk	176 90	
		Jere Williams, clerk	176 90	
		B. H. Lurty, clerk	176 90	
		W. S. Gilman, clerk	176 90	
		J. S. Dunham, clerk	176 90	
		C. N. Richards, keeper of the stationery	177 10	
		W. C. George, assistant keeper of the stationery	151 60	
		J. Z. Tucker, assistant in stationery room	84 20	
		E. A. Hills, messenger	121 30	
		J. McGuckian, messenger	121 30	
		T. S. Hickman, laborer	60 60	
		C. F. Murray, laborer	60 60	
		W. Lucas, laborer	60 60	
		C. W. Sloan, page, December 1 to 17, inclusive	42 50	
		B. P. Poore, clerk of printing records	*87 00	
		Rev. J. J. Bullock, chaplain, December 1 to 18, inclusive	44 00	
		G. W. Seaver, secretary to the Vice-President	177 10	
		H. Head, messenger to the Vice-President	121 30	
		T. P. Cleaves, clerk to Committee on Appropriations	210 60	
		J. S. Morgan, assistant clerk to Committee on Appropriations	134 80	
		C. Chritzman, messenger to Committee on Appropriations	121 30	
		B. Durfee, clerk and stenographer to Committee on Finance	210 60	
		D. W. Wilson, messenger to Committee on Finance	121 30	
		F. M. Eastman, clerk to Committee on Claims	187 00	
		H. H. Rand, messenger to Committee on Claims	121 30	
		A. W. McMillan, clerk to Committee on Commerce		
		George P. Bradstreet, clerk to Committee on Judiciary	187 00	

FOR COMPENSATION OF OFFICERS, CLERKS, MESSENGERS, &C.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
1883.		OFFICERS, CLERKS, AND EMPLOYÉS—Continued.		
Dec. 22	1	F. E. Shober *et al.*, for December 31, 1883—Continued.		
		J. T. Gaskin, messenger to Committee on Judiciary	$121 30	
		H. L. Bryan, clerk to Committee on Private Land Claims	187 00	
		J. B. Potter, clerk to Committee on Pensions	187 00	
		E. D. York, assistant clerk to Committee on Pensions	121 30	
		George D. Mitchell, messenger to Committee on Pensions	121 30	
		W. B. Taylor, clerk to Committee on Military Affairs	187 00	
		G. D. Fox, clerk to Committee on Post-Office and Post-Roads	187 00	
		C. S. Draper, messenger to Committee on Post-Office and Post-Roads	121 30	
		T. J. White, clerk to Committee on District of Columbia	187 00	
		J. Baumer, messenger to Committee on District of Columbia	121 30	
		E. Baltzley, clerk to Committee on the Library	187 00	
		P. Pulsifer, clerk to Committee on Census	187 00	
		H. J. Gensler, clerk to Committee on Naval Affairs	187 00	
		E. J. Babcock, clerk to Committee on Foreign Relations (December 1 to 10, inclusive)	60 32	
		B. F. Flenniken, clerk to Committee on Public Lands	187 00	
		E. J. Gorham, clerk to Committee to Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses	187 00	
		J. W. Allen, messenger to Committee on Engrossed Bills	121 30	
		Eugene C. Moxley, messenger to the official reporters	121 30	
		W. L. Ives, telegraph operator	101 10	
		Robert Cunningham, telephone operator	60 60	
		R. J. Bright, Sergeant-at-Arms (December 1 to 18, inclusive)	211 30	
		J. McKinney, clerk to Sergeant-at-Arms	168 50	
		Isaac Bassett, assistant doorkeeper	218 30	
		J. I. Christie, acting assistant doorkeeper	218 30	
		W. P. McMichael, postmaster	189 50	
		J. R. Sneed, assistant postmaster and mail-carrier	175 90	
		B. T. Thorn, mail-carrier	101 10	
		G. U. Bingham, mail-carrier	101 10	
		G. H. Boyd, mail-carrier	101 10	
		H. C. Parker, mail-carrier	101 10	
		J. Trumble, mail-carrier	101 10	
		T. J. Brooke, riding page	77 50	
		T. R. Bailey, riding page	77 50	
		A. H. Stewart, riding page	77 50	
		R. L. Roane, riding page	77 50	
		Amzi Smith, superintendent of document room	182 00	
		W. B. Blackford, first assistant in document room	121 30	
		S. K. Hannegan, second assistant in document room	121 30	
		A. W. Cochran, clerk in document room	121 30	
		W. F. McDaniel, page in document room	60 60	
		J. S. Hickcox, superintendent of folding room (December 6 to 31, inclusive)	152 64	
		J. P. Ringgold, foreman in folding room	101 10	
		A. Dodge, folder	93 00	
		J. R. Keech, folder	93 00	
		W. A. Horback, folder	93 00	
		A. P. Barker, folder	93 00	
		W. F. Landsdale, folder	93 00	
		R. E. Henning, folder	93 00	
		G. F. Cross, messenger, acting assistant doorkeeper	151 60	
		C. M. Wilcox, messenger, acting assistant doorkeeper	151 60	
		S. A. Jonas, messenger, acting assistant doorkeeper	151 60	
		J. G. Merritt, messenger	121 30	
		J. J. G. Ball, messenger	121 30	
		J. Laws, messenger	121 30	
		G. T. Howard, messenger	121 30	
		W. H. May, messenger	121 30	
		W. Griffis, messenger	121 30	
		S. B. Ryan, messenger	121 30	
		J. D. Corse, messenger	121 30	
		Benjamin Prescott, messenger	121 30	
		H. T. Strawbridge, messenger	121 30	
		A. J. Dorn, messenger	121 30	
		J. F. Edwards, messenger	121 30	
		Preston Pew, messenger	121 30	
		D. H. Shields, messenger	121 30	
		H. W. Wall, messenger	121 30	
		D. Kimball, messenger	121 30	
		G. W. Carr, messenger	121 30	
		J. R. Randall, messenger	121 30	

FOR COMPENSATION OF OFFICERS, CLERKS, MESSENGERS, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
1883.		OFFICERS, CLERKS, AND EMPLOYÉS—Continued.		
Dec. 22	1	F. E. Shober *et al.*, for December 31, 1883—Continued.		
		W. E. Dougherty, messenger	$121 30	
		A. A. Johnson, messenger	121 30	
		A. Barnes, messenger	121 30	
		H. O. Homan, messenger	121 30	
		George B. Lake, messenger	121 30	
		S. V. Noyes, messenger	121 30	
		J. Landers, messenger in charge of storeroom	101 10	
		A. Hickman, laborer in charge of private passage	70 80	
		L. V. Jackson, laborer in charge of ladies' room	60 60	
		T. A. Jones, chief engineer	182 00	
		E. C. Stubbs, assistant engineer	121 30	
		G. W. N. Custis, assistant engineer	121 30	
		W. H. Prescott, assistant engineer	121 30	
		J. P. Johnston, conductor of elevator	101 10	
		A. L. Singleton, fireman	92 25	
		F. E. Dodson, fireman	92 25	
		S. Underwood, laborer in engineer's department	60 60	
		W. C. Frye, laborer in engineer's department	60 60	
		T. F. America, laborer in engineer's department	60 60	
		J. Hickman, laborer (skilled)	84 20	
		T. J. Burke, laborer (skilled)	84 20	
		J. N. Haddock, laborer (skilled)	84 20	
		H. G. Healy, laborer (skilled)	84 20	
		R. A. Fennell, laborer (skilled)	84 20	
		D. B. Moore, laborer (skilled)	84 20	
		F. P. Holmes, laborer (skilled)	84 20	
		H. A. Vale, laborer (skilled)	84 20	
		J. Brown, laborer (annual)	60 60	
		E. Frier, laborer (annual)	60 60	
		S. Johnson, laborer (annual)	60 60	
		C. P. Phillips, laborer (annual)	60 60	
		J. Dudley, laborer (annual)	60 60	
		B. Mitchell, laborer (annual)	60 60	
		B. Hudnell, laborer (annual)	60 60	
		T. Wood, laborer (annual)	60 60	
		J. Montgomery, laborer (annual)	60 60	
		W. W. Taylor, laborer (annual)	60 60	
		T. Gordon, laborer (annual)	60 60	
		Benjamin Stewart, laborer (annual)	60 60	
		G. Gilliland, laborer (during session), December 3 to 31	56 70	
		Calvert Hines, laborer (during session), December 10 to 31	41 05	
		Thomas Folks, laborer (during session), December 3 to 31	56 70	
		W. H. Taylor, laborer (during session), December 3 to 31	56 70	
		Nelson Parker, laborer (during session), December 3 to 31	56 70	
		William Bechum, laborer (during session), December 3 to 31	56 70	
		J. F. Gates, laborer (during session), December 3 to 31	56 70	
		W. H. Gaskin, laborer (during session), December 3 to 31	56 70	
		A. J. Hurdle, laborer (during session), December 3 to 31	56 70	
		Myddleton Woodville, laborer (during session), December 3 to 31	56 70	
		R. B. Brodhead, laborer (during session), December 3 to 31	56 70	
		H. E. Martin, laborer (during session), December 3 to 31	56 70	
		J. H. Daniels, page, December 3 to 31	72 50	
		C. R. Tegethoff, page, December 3 to 31	72 50	
		J. L. Doty, page, December 3 to 31	72 50	
		G. W. Lovell, page, December 3 to 31	72 50	
		G. H. Draper, page, December 3 to 31	72 50	
		E. S. Kingsley, page, December 3 to 31	72 50	
		E. Robinson, page, December 3 to 31	72 50	
		S. W. Byington, page, December 3 to 31	72 50	
		T. R. Kindall, page, December 3 to 31	72 50	
		W. Vance, page, December 3 to 31	72 50	
		J. F. Hickey, page, December 3 to 31	72 50	
		W. B. Clarke, page, December 3 to 31	72 50	
		H. C. Lauck, page, December 3 to 31	72 50	
		N. D. Clark, page, December 3 to 31	72 50	
		G. S. Taft, clerk to Committee on Privileges and Elections, December 11 to 31	126 00	
		J. S. Wilber, clerk to Committee on Agriculture, December 13 to 31	114 00	
		J. B. Strayer, clerk to Committee on Manufactures, December 10 to 31	132 00	
		J. R. McCarty, clerk to Committee on Indian Affairs, December 10 to 31	132 00	

FOR COMPENSATION OF OFFICERS, CLERKS, MESSENGERS, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		OFFICERS, CLERKS, AND EMPLOYÉS—Continued.		
1883.				
Dec. 31	1	F. E. Shober *et al.*, for December 31, 1883—Continued.		
		J. B. Jones, clerk to Committee on Revolutionary Claims, December 12 to 31	$120 00	
		A. H. Byington, clerk to Committee on Patents, December 10 to 31	132 00	
		C. P. Watson, clerk to Committee on Territories, December 10 to 31	132 00	
		J. Harris, sr., clerk to Committee on Railroads, December 10 to 31	132 00	
		Hawkins Taylor, jr., clerk to Committee on Mines and Mining, December 14 to 31	108 00	
		J. Kimball, jr., clerk to Committee on Education and Labor, December 10 to 31	132 00	
		G. B. Edwards, clerk to Committee on Civil Service and Retrenchment, December 12 to 31	120 00	
		C. B. Reade, clerk to Committee on Rules, December 10 to 31	132 00	
		D. S. Barry, clerk to Committee on Revision of the Laws, December 11 to 31	126 00	
		T. H. Saulsbury, clerk to Committee on Engrossed Bills, December 15 to 31	102 00	
		M. Brodhead, clerk to Committee on Improvement of Mississippi River, &c., December 11 to 31		
		A. Johns, clerk to Committee on Transportation Routes, December 11 to 31	126 00	
		W. J. Brnce, clerk to Committee on Enrolled Bills, December 10 to 31	132 00	
		R. B. Mahone, clerk to Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds, December 10 to 31	132 00	
		C. R. Paul, clerk to Committee to examine the several branches of the Civil Service, December 17 to 31	90 00	
		C. H. Harris, clerk to Committee on Epidemic Diseases, December 14 to 31	108 00	
		F. Doremus, clerk to Committee on Nicaraguan Claims, December 11 to 31	126 00	
		Anson G. McCook, Secretary, December 19 to 31	215 35	
		J. R. Young, principal executive clerk, December 22 to 31	70 40	
		A. A. Clemons, page Secretary's office, December 18 to 31	35 00	
		Rev. E. D. Huntley, chaplain, December 19 to 31	31 80	
		W. Vance, clerk to Committee on Foreign Relations, December 21 to 31	126 68	
		W. P. Canaday, Sergeant-at-Arms, December 19 to 31	152 60	
				$23,620 52
1884.				
Mar. 31	2	Anson G. McCook *et al.*, for the quarter ending March 31, 1884:		
		A. G. McCook, Secretary (including compensation as disbursing officer and for hire of horses and wagons)	1,524 00	
		C. W. Johnson, chief clerk	750 00	
		H. H. Gilfry, principal clerk	648 00	
		J. R. Young, principal executive clerk	648 00	
		R. B. Nixon, financial clerk	750 00	
		H. B. McDonald, minute and journal clerk, January 1 to 9	64 07	
		C. C. Sympson, enrolling clerk	648 00	
		P. J. Pierce, librarian, January 1 to 26	158 60	
		A. W. Church, assistant librarian	360 00	
		M. R. Shankland, clerk	555 00	
		L. Chalmers, clerk, January 1 to February 6	225 67	
		R. B. Edmondson, clerk, January 1 to 28	170 78	
		C. C. Morrow, clerk, January 1 to 31	189 10	
		E. K. Harris, clerk, January 1 to 20	132 00	
		J. P. Salyer, clerk, January 1 to 9	54 90	
		Paul Jones, clerk, January 1 to 4	23 05	
		Jere Williams, clerk, January 1 to February 6	213 45	
		B. H. Lurty, clerk	525 00	
		W. S. Gilman, clerk, January 1 to 31	178 80	
		J. S. Dunham, clerk	525 00	
		C. N. Richards, keeper of the stationery	525 60	
		W. C. George, assistant keeper of the stationery, January 1 to March 2	306 59	
		J. Z. Tucker, assistant in stationery room, January 1 to 31	85 20	
		E. A. Hills, messenger	360 00	
		J. McGuckian, messenger	360 00	
		T. S. Hickman, laborer	180 00	
		C. F. Murray, laborer	180 00	
		W. Lucas, laborer	180 00	
		A. A. Clemons, page	227 50	
		B. P. Poore, clerk to printing records	555 00	

FOR COMPENSATION OF OFFICERS, CLERKS, MESSENGERS, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		OFFICERS, CLERKS, AND EMPLOYÉS—Continued.		
1884.				
Mar. 31	2	Anson G. McCook *et al.*, for the quarter ending March 31, 1884—Continued.		
		Rev. E. D. Huntley, chaplain	$225 00	
		G. W. Seaver, secretary to Vice-President	525 60	
		H. Head, messenger to Vice-President	360 00	
		T. P. Cleaves, clerk to Committee on Appropriations	625 00	
		J. S. Morgan, assistant clerk to Committee on Appropriations	400 00	
		C. Chritzman, messenger to Committee on Appropriations	360 00	
		B. Durfee, clerk and stenographer to Committee on Finance	625 00	
		D. W. Wilson, messenger to Committee on Finance, January 1 to 15	59 30	
		F. M. Eastman, clerk to Committee on Claims	555 00	
		H. H. Rand, messenger to Committee on Claims	360 00	
		A. W. McMillan, clerk to Committee on Commerce, January 1 to 27		
		G. P. Bradstreet, clerk to Committee on Judiciary	555 00	
		J. T. Gaskin, messenger to Committee on Judiciary	360 00	
		H. L. Bryan, clerk to Committee on Private Land Claims	555 00	
		J. B. Potter, clerk to Committee on Pensions	555 00	
		E. D. York, assistant clerk to Committee on Pensions	360 00	
		G. D. Mitchell, messenger to Committee on Pensions	360 00	
		W. B. Taylor, clerk to Committee on Military Affairs	555 00	
		G. D. Fox, clerk to Committee on Post-Offices and Post-Roads	555 00	
		C. S. Draper, messenger to Committee on Post-Offices and Post-Roads, January 1 to 16	63 30	
		T. J. White, clerk to Committee on District of Columbia	555 00	
		J. Baumer, messenger to Committee on District of Columbia	360 00	
		E. J. Babcock, clerk to Joint Committee on the Library	555 00	
		P. Pulsifer, clerk to Committee on the Census	555 00	
		H. J. Gensler, clerk to Committee on Naval Affairs	555 00	
		W. Vance, clerk to Committee on Foreign Relations	555 00	
		B. F. Flenniken, clerk to Committee on Public Lands	555 00	
		E. J. Gorham, clerk to Committee to Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses	555 00	
		J. W. Allen, messenger to Committee on Engrossed Bills	360 00	
		E. C. Moxley, messenger to official reporters	360 00	
		W. L. Ives, telegraph operator, January 1 to March 15	247 25	
		R. Cunningham, telephone operator, January 1 to 21	41 52	
		W. P. Canaday, Sergeant-at-Arms	1,080 00	
		J. McKinney, clerk to Sergeant-at-Arms, January 1 to February 29	329 70	
		Isaac Bassett, assistant doorkeeper	648 00	
		J. I. Christie, acting assistant doorkeeper	648 00	
		W. P. McMichael, Postmaster	562 50	
		J. R. Sneed, assistant postmaster and mail-carrier, January 1 to 17	97 50	
		B. T. Thorn, mail-carrier	300 00	
		G. U. Bingham, mail-carrier, January 1 to February 1	105 50	
		G. H. Boyd, mail-carrier, January 1 to 22	72 53	
		H. C. Parker, mail-carrier, January 1 to February 1	105 50	
		J. Trumble, mail-carrier, January 1 to 23	75 82	
		T. J. Brooke, riding page, January 1 to March 17	192 50	
		T. B. Bailey, riding page	227 50	
		A. H. Stewart, riding page	227 50	
		R. L. Roane, riding page, January 1 to 23	57 50	
		Amzi Smith, superintendent of document-room	540 00	
		W. D. Blackford, first assistant in document-room	360 00	
		S. K. Hannegan, second assistant in document-room, January 1 to 23	90 95	
		A. W. Cochran, clerk in document room, January 1 to 21	83 04	
		W. F. McDaniel, page in document-room	180 00	
		J. S. Hickcox, superintendent of folding-room	540 00	
		P. O. Hawes, assistant in folding-room from January 17	247 25	
		J. P. Ringgold, foreman of folding-room, January 1 to 22	72 53	
		A. Dodge, folder, January 1 to February 1	96 00	
		J. R. Keech, folder	273 00	
		W. A. Horbach, folder, January 1 to 31	93 00	
		A. P. Barker, folder, January 1 to February 1	96 00	
		W. F. Lansdale, folder, January 1 to February 4	105 00	
		R. E. Henning, folder, January 1 to February 4	105 00	
		G. F. Cross, messenger, acting assistant doorkeeper	450 00	
		C. M. Wilcox, messenger, acting assistant doorkeeper, January 1 to 16	79 12	

FOR COMPENSATION OF OFFICERS, CLERKS, MESSENGERS, &C.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		OFFICERS, CLERKS, AND EMPLOYÉS—Continued.		
1884. Mar. 31		Anson G. McCook *et al.*, for the quarter ending March 31, 1884—Continued.		
		S. A. Jonas, messenger, acting assistant doorkeeper, January 1 to 7	$34 62	
		J. G. Merritt, messenger	360 00	
		J. J. G. Ball, messenger	360 00	
		J. Laws, messenger, January 1 to 9	35 60	
		G. T. Howard, messenger, January 1 to February 21	205 70	
		W. H. May, messenger	360 00	
		W. Griffis, messenger	360 00	
		S. B. Ryan, messenger, January 1 to 16	63 30	
		J. D. Corse, messenger	360 00	
		Ben. Prescott, messenger, January 1 to February 15	182 00	
		H. T. Strawbridge, messenger	360 00	
		A. J. Dorn, messenger, January 1 to 22	90 95	
		J. F. Edwards, messenger	360 00	
		P. Pew, messenger, January 1 to 31	122 60	
		D. S. Corser, vice Shields, messenger, from January 1	324 40	
		H. W. Wall, messenger, January 1 to February 1	126 58	
		D. Kimball, messenger	360 00	
		G. W. Carr, messenger, January 1 to 15	59 30	
		J. R. Randall, messenger, January 1 to 25	98 87	
		W. E. Dougherty, messenger	360 00	
		A. A. Johnson, messenger, January 1 to 21	83 04	
		A. Barnes, messenger	360 00	
		H. O. Homan, messenger, January 1 to 23	90 95	
		G. B. Lake, messenger, January 1 to 22	87 00	
		S. V. Noyes, messenger	360 00	
		J. Landers, messenger in charge of store-room, January 1 to March 3	207 69	
		A. Hickman, laborer in charge of private passage	210 00	
		L. V. Jackson, laborer in charge of ladies' room, January 1 to February 18	96 92	
		T. A. Jones, chief engineer	540 00	
		E. C. Stubbs, assistant engineer	360 00	
		G. W. N. Custis, assistant engineer	360 00	
		W. H. Prescott, assistant engineer	360 00	
		J. P. Johnston, conductor of elevator	300 00	
		A. L. Singleton, fireman	278 75	
		F. E. Dodson, fireman, January 1 to 22	66 18	
		S. Underwood, laborer in engineer's department	180 00	
		W. C. Frye, laborer in engineer's department	180 00	
		T. F. America, laborer in engineer's department	180 00	
		J. Hickman, laborer (skilled)	250 00	
		T. J. Burke, laborer (skilled), January 1 to 21	57 70	
		J. N. Haddock, laborer (skilled), January 1 to 21	57 70	
		H. G. Healy, laborer (skilled)	250 00	
		R. A. Fennell, laborer (skilled)	250 00	
		D. B. Moore, laborer (skilled), January 1 to February 4	96 17	
		F. P. Holmes, laborer (skilled)	250 00	
		H. A. Vale, laborer (skilled)	250 00	
		J. Brown, laborer (annual)	180 00	
		E. Frier, laborer (annual)	180 00	
		S. Johnson, laborer (annual)	180 00	
		C. P. Phillips, laborer (annual)	180 00	
		J. Dudley, laborer (annual), January 1 to February 6	73 20	
		B. Mitchell, laborer (annual)	180 00	
		B. Hudnell, laborer (annual)	180 00	
		T. Wood, laborer (annual)	180 00	
		J. Montgomery, laborer (annual)	180 00	
		W. W. Taylor, laborer (annual)	180 00	
		F. Gordon, laborer (annual), January 1 to 25	49 45	
		B. Stewart, laborer (annual), January 1 to 15	29 65	
		G. Gilliland, laborer (session)	180 00	
		C. Hines, laborer (session)	180 00	
		T. Folks, laborer (session)	180 00	
		W. H. Taylor, laborer (session), January 1 to February 6	73 20	
		N. Parker, laborer (session), January 1 to February 5	71 20	
		W. Bechum, laborer (session)	180 00	
		J. F. Gates, laborer (session), January 1 to 21	41 52	
		W. H. Gaskin, laborer (session)	180 00	
		A. J. Hurdle, laborer (session), January 1 to 21	41 52	
		M. Woodville, laborer (session), January 1 to March 25	168 15	
		R. B. Brodhead, laborer (session), January 1 to February 1	63 30	
		H. E. Martin, laborer (session), January 1 to February 9	79 10	
		J. H. Daniels, page	227 50	
		C. R. Tegethoff, page, January 1 to March 17	192 50	

FOR COMPENSATION OF OFFICERS, CLERKS, MESSENGERS, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		OFFICERS, CLERKS, AND EMPLOYÉS—Continued.		
1884.				
Mar. 31	2	Anson G. McCook *et al.*, for the quarter ending March 31, 1884—Continued.		
		J. L. Doty, page	$227 50	
		G. W. Lovell, page	227 50	
		G. H. Draper, page January 1 to March 17	192 50	
		E. S. Kinsley, page	227 50	
		E. Robinson, page	227 50	
		S. W. Byington, page	227 50	
		T. R. Kendall, page	227 50	
		W. J. Vance, page	227 50	
		J. F. Hickey, page January 1 to March 17	192 50	
		W. B. Clarke, page January 1 to March 17	192 50	
		H. C. Lauck, page	227 50	
		N. D. Clark, page	227 50	
		G. S. Taft, clerk to Committee on Privileges and Elections.	546 00	
		J. B. Strayer, clerk to Committee on Manufactures, January 1 to 15	90 00	
		C. S. Wilbur, clerk to Committee on Agriculture	546 00	
		J. R. McCarty, clerk to Committee on Indian Affairs	546 00	
		J. B. Jones, clerk to Committee on Revolutionary Claims.	546 00	
		A. H. Byington, clerk to Committee on Patents	546 00	
		C. P. Watson, clerk to Committee on Territories	546 00	
		J. Harris, sr., clerk to Committee on Railroads	546 00	
		H. Taylor, jr., clerk to Committee on Mines and Mining, January 1 to February 12	258 00	
		D. S. Barry, clerk to Committee on Revision of Laws	546 00	
		I. Kimball, jr., clerk to Committee on Education and Labor	546 00	
		G. B. Edwards, clerk to Committee on Civil Service and Retrenchment	546 00	
		C. B. Reade, clerk to Committee on Rules	546 00	
		T. H. Saulsbury, clerk to Committee on Engrossed Bills	546 00	
		M. Brodhead, clerk to Committee on Improvement of Mississippi River, January 1 to 3		
		A. Johns, clerk to Committee on Transportation Routes, January 1 to March 6	396 00	
		W. J. Bruce, clerk to Committee on Enrolled Bills	546 00	
		R. B. Mahone, clerk to Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds, January 1 to 31	186 00	
		C. R. Paul, clerk to Committee on several branches of the Civil Service	546 00	
		C. H. Harris, clerk to the Committee on Epidemic Diseases	546 00	
		F. Doremus, clerk to Committee on Nicaraguan Claims, January 1 to 31	186 00	
		W. E. Spencer, minute and journal clerk, *vice* McDonald, from January 10	583 93	
		G. M. Weston, librarian, *vice* Pierce, from January 27	396 40	
		J. W. Bartlett, clerk, *vice* Harris, from January 21	433 00	
		H. B. McDonald, clerk, *vice* Salyer, from January 10	500 10	
		H. A. Pierce, clerk, *vice* P. Jones, January 5 to 31	155 75	
		G. M. Taylor, messenger to Committee on Finance, *vice* Wilson, from January 16	300 70	
		T. Bainbridge, messenger to Committee on Post-Offices and Post-Roads, *vice* Draper, from January 7 to 23	27 67	
		M. Liverman, messenger to Committee on Post-Offices and Post-Roads, *vice* Bainbridge, from January 24	269 03	
		L. De Munn, telephone operator, *vice* Cunningham, from January 22	138 48	
		A. W. Kellogg, assistant postmaster, *vice* Sneed, from January 18	424 50	
		A. W. Quint, mail-carrier, *vice* Boyd, January 23 to February 21	98 90	
		M. D. Friend, mail carrier, *vice* Trumble, from January 24	224 18	
		J. G. Burnett, riding-page, *vice* Roans, from January 24	170 00	
		S. G. Anderson, second assistant in document-room, *vice* Hannegan, from January 24	269 05	
		T. H. McKee, clerk in document-room, *vice* Cochran, from January 22	276 96	
		W. E. Sims, foreman in folding-room, *vice* Ringgold, from January 23	227 47	
		C. S. Draper, messenger, acting assistant doorkeeper, *vice* Wilcox, from January 17	370 88	
		D. W. Wilson, messenger, acting assistant doorkeeper, *vice* Jonas, from January 16	375 82	
		W. Tam, messenger, *vice* Laws, from January 10	324 40	
		W. G. Morton, messenger, *vice* Ryan, from January 17	296 70	
		S. K. Hannegan, messenger, *vice* Dorn, from January 24	269 05	

FOR COMPENSATION OF OFFICERS, CLERKS, MESSENGERS, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		OFFICERS, CLERKS, AND EMPLOYÉS—Continued.		
1884.				
Mar. 31	2	Anson G. McCook *et al.*, for the quarter ending March 31, 1884—Continued.		
		J. B. Strayer, messenger, *vice* Carr, from January 16	$300 70	
		G. McKew, messenger, *vice* A. A. Johnson, from January 22	276 96	
		T. Bainbridge, messenger, *vice* Homan, from January 24	269 05	
		J. C. Ingersoll, messenger, *vice* Lake, from January 23	273 00	
		C. Dorsey, foreman, *vice* Dodson, from January 23	207 57	
		A. A. Johnson, laborer (skilled), *vice* Burke, from January 22	192 30	
		M. Rae, laborer (skilled), *vice* Haddock, from January 22	192 30	
		D. P. Slater, laborer (annual), *vice* B. Stewart, from January 16	150 35	
		J. E. Laurence, laborer (session), *vice* Gates, from January 22	138 48	
		M. Conlan, laborer (session), *vice* Hurdle, from January 22	138 48	
		J. L. Keller, clerk to Committee on Manufactures, *vice* Strayer, from January 16	456 00	
		M. W. Bruce, clerk to Committee on Improvements of Mississippi River, *vice* M. Brodhead, from January 4	528 00	
		F. M. Smith, messenger, *vice* Randall from January 26	261 13	
		J. C. Newman, laborer (annual), *vice* Gordon, from January 26	130 55	
		J. C. Donaldson, clerk, *vice* Edmondson, from January 29	384 22	
		J. P. Ringgold, clerk to Committee on Commerce, *vice* McMillan, from January 28	390 32	
		H. A. Pierce, clerk, *vice* Morrow, from February 1	365 90	
		C. C. Morrow, clerk, *vice* Pierce, from February 1	346 20	
		J. Williams, clerk, *vice* Chalmers, from February 7	329 33	
		J. H. C. Wilson, clerk, *vice* Williams, from February 7	311 55	
		R. B. Mahone, clerk, *vice* Gilman, from February 1	346 20	
		J. A. Reeve, assistant in stationery-room, *vice* Tucker, from February 1	164 80	
		J. A. Crystal, mail-carrier, *vice* Bingham, from February 2	194 50	
		W. E. Pressy, mail-carrier, *vice* H. C. Parker, from February 2	194 50	
		R. B. Brodhead, folder, *vice* Dodge, from February 2	177 00	
		S. Burlingame, folder, *vice* Horbach, from February 1	180 00	
		D. B. Bradley, folder, *vice* Barker, February 2 to 21	60 00	
		O. K. Rogers, folder, *vice* Lansdale, from February 5	168 00	
		D. B. Moore, folder, *vice* Henning, from February 5	168 00	
		A. W. Quint, messenger, *vice* Howard, from February 22	154 30	
		W. E. Towner, messenger, *vice* B. Prescott, from February 16	178 00	
		James Brown, messenger, *vice* Pew, from Fedruary 1	237 40	
		C. A. Shields, messenger, *vice* Wall, from February 2	233 42	
		C. N. Bartlett, laborer in charge of ladies' room, *vice* Jackson, from February 19	83 08	
		A. B. Hall, laborer (skilled), *vice* Moore, from February 5	153 83	
		G. W. Jackson, laborer (annual), *vice* Dudley, from February 7	106 80	
		N. Parker, laborer (session), *vice* W. H. Taylor, from February 7	106 80	
		G. F. Potter, laborer (session), *vice* N. Parker, from February 6	108 80	
		W. C. Taylor, laborer (session), *vice* R. B. Brodhead, from February 2	116 70	
		J. N. Popham, laborer (session), *vice* Martin, from February 10 to March 10	59 38	
		B. Otis, clerk to Committee on Mines and Mining, *vice* H. Taylor, jr., from February 23	228 00	
		J. J. Campbell, clerk to Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds, *vice* Mahone, from February 7	324 00	
		A. D. Wilcox, clerk to Committee on Nicaraguan Claims, *vice* Doremus, from February 1	360 00	
		W. R. Reynolds, folder, *vice* Bradley, from February 22	117 00	
		D. B. Bradley, mail-carrier, *vice* Quint, from February 22	128 57	
		F. M. Evans, assistant keeper of the stationery, *vice* George, from March 3	143 41	
		J. Wood, messenger in charge of store-room, *vice* Sanders, from March 4	92 31	
		W. H. Boblitz, clerk to Committee on Transportation Routes to the Seaboard, *vice* Johns, from March 7	150 00	
		J. Hines, laborer (session), *vice* Popham, from March 11	41 52	
		G. H. Getz, telegraph operator, *vice* Ives, from March 16	52 75	
		G. H. Draper, riding page, *vice* Brooke, from March 18	35 00	

FOR COMPENSATION OF OFFICERS, CLERKS, MESSENGERS, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		OFFICERS, CLERKS, AND EMPLOYÉS—Continued.		
1884.				
Mar. 31	2	Anson G. McCook *et al.*, for the quarter ending March 31, 1884—Continued.		
		H. D. Goodale, page, *vice* Tegethoff, from March 18	$35 00	
		L. A. Rosafy, page, *vice* Draper, from March 18	35 00	
		R. C. Mitchell, page, *vice* Hickey, from March 18	35 00	
		S. A. Ransom, page, *vice* W. B. Clarke, from March 18	35 00	
		W. B. Clarke, laborer (session), *vice* Woodville, from March 26	11 85	
		Oscar H. Curtis, clerk to Sergeant-at-Arms, *vice* McKinney, from March 19	71 40	
				$75,466
June 30	3	Anson G. McCook *et al.*, for the quarter ending June 30, 1884:		
		A. G. McCook, Secretary (including compensation as disbursing officer and for hire of horses and wagons)	1,524 00	
		C. W. Johnson, chief clerk	750 00	
		H. H. Gilfry, principal clerk	648 00	
		J. R. Young, principal executive clerk	648 00	
		R. B. Nixon, financial clerk	750 00	
		W. E. Spencer, minute and journal clerk	648 00	
		C. C. Sympson, enrolling clerk	648 00	
		G. M. Weston, librarian	555 00	
		A. W. Church, assistant librarian	360 00	
		M. R. Shankland, clerk	555 00	
		H. B. McDonald, clerk	555 00	
		J. W. Bartlett, clerk	555 00	
		J. C. Donaldson, clerk	555 60	
		Henry A. Pierce, clerk	555 00	
		Jere Williams, clerk	555 00	
		B. H. Lurty, clerk	525 00	
		C. C. Morrow, clerk	525 00	
		J. S. Dunham, clerk	525 00	
		R. B. Mahone, clerk	525 00	
		J. H. C. Wilson, clerk	525 00	
		C. N. Richards, keeper of the stationery	525 60	
		F. M. Evans, assistant keeper of the stationery	450 00	
		J. A. Rieve, assistant in stationery-room	250 00	
		E. A. Hills, messenger	360 00	
		J. McGuckian, messenger	360 00	
		T. S. Hickman, laborer	180 00	
		C. F. Murray, laborer	180 00	
		W. Lucas, laborer	180 00	
		A. A. Clemons, page	227 50	
		B. P. Poore, clerk of printing records	555 00	
		Rev. E. D. Huntly, chaplain	225 00	
		G. W. Seaver, secretary to the Vice President	525 60	
		H. Head, messenger to the Vice President	360 00	
		T. P. Cleaves, clerk to Committee on Appropriations	625 00	
		J. S. Morgan, assistant clerk to Committee on Appropriations	400 00	
		C. Chritzman, messenger Committee on Appropriations	360 00	
		B. Durfee, clerk and stenographer to Committee on Finance	625 00	
		G. M. Taylor, messenger to Committee on Finance	360 00	
		F. M. Eastman, clerk to Committee on Claims	555 00	
		H. H. Rand, messenger to Committee on Claims	360 00	
		J. P. Ringgold, clerk to Committee on Commerce	555 00	
		G. P. Bradstreet, clerk to Committee on Judiciary	555 00	
		J. T. Gaskin, messenger to Committee on Judiciary	360 00	
		H. L. Bryan, clerk to Committee on Private Land Claims	555 00	
		J. B. Potter, clerk to Committee on Pensions	555 00	
		E. D. York, assistant clerk to Committee on Pensions	360 00	
		G. D. Mitchell, messenger to Committee on Pensions	360 00	
		W. B. Taylor, clerk to Committee on Military Affairs	555 00	
		G. D. Fox, clerk to Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads	555 00	
		M. Liverman, messenger to Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads	360 00	
		T. J. White, clerk to Committee on District of Columbia	555 00	
		J. Baumer, messenger to Committee on District of Columbia	360 00	
		E. J. Babcock, clerk to Committee on Library	555 00	
		P. Pulsifer, clerk to Committee on Census	555 00	
		H. J. Gensler, clerk to Committee on Naval Affairs	555 00	
		Wilson Vance, clerk to Committee on Foreign Relations	555 00	
		B. F. Flenniken, clerk to Committee on Public Lands	555 00	
		E. J. Gorham, clerk to Committee to Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses	555 00	
		J. W. Allen, messenger to Committee on Engrossed Bills	360 00	
		E. C. Moxley, messenger to the official reporters	360 00	

FOR COMPENSATION OF OFFICERS, CLERKS, MESSENGERS, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		OFFICERS, CLERKS, AND EMPLOYÉS—Continued.		
1884.				
June 30	3	Anson G. McCook *et al.*, for the quarter ending June 30, 1884—Continued.		
		G. H. Getz, telegraph operator	$300 00	
		L. De Munn, telephone operator	180 00	
		W. P. Canaday, Sergeant-at-Arms	1,080 00	
		O. H. Curtis, clerk to Sergeant-at-Arms (to April 14)	76 90	
		Isaac Bassett, assistant doorkeeper	648 00	
		J. I. Christie, acting assistant doorkeeper	648 00	
		W. P. McMichael, postmaster (to April 30)	185 43	
		A. W. Kellogg, assistant postmaster	522 00	
		R. T. Thorn, mail-carrier	300 00	
		M. D. Friend, mail-carrier	300 00	
		J. A. Crystal, mail-carrier	300 00	
		W. E. Pressey, mail-carrier	300 00	
		D. B. Bradley, mail-carrier	300 00	
		T. B. Bailey, riding-page	227 50	
		A. H. Stewart, riding-page	227 50	
		J. G. Burnett, riding-page	227 50	
		G. H. Draper, riding-page	227 50	
		Amzi Smith, superintendent of document-room	540 00	
		W. D. Blackford, first assistant in document-room	360 00	
		S. G. Anderson, second assistant in document-room	360 00	
		T. H. McKee, clerk in document-room	360 00	
		W. F. McDaniel, page in document-room (to May 9)	77 12	
		J. S. Hickox, superintendent of folding-room	540 00	
		P. O. Hawes, assistant in folding-room	300 00	
		W. E. Sims, foreman in folding-room	300 00	
		J. R. Keech, folder	273 00	
		S. Burlingame, folder	273 00	
		O. K. Rogers, folder	273 00	
		D. B. Moore, folder	273 00	
		W. R. Reynolds, folder	273 00	
		R. B. Brodhead, folder	273 00	
		G. F. Cross, messenger, acting assistant doorkeeper	450 00	
		D. W. Wilson, messenger, acting assistant doorkeeper	450 00	
		C. S. Draper, messenger, acting assistant doorkeeper	450 00	
		J. G. Merritt, messenger	360 00	
		J. J. G. Ball, messenger	360 00	
		W. H. May, messenger	360 00	
		D. Kimball, messenger	360 00	
		W. Griffis, messenger	360 00	
		J. D. Corse, messenger	360 00	
		H. T. Strawbridge, messenger	360 00	
		J. F. Edwards, messenger (to April 14)	55 40	
		W. E. Dougherty, messenger (to April 14)	55 40	
		S. V. Noyes, messenger	360 00	
		A. Barnes, messenger	360 00	
		D. S. Corser, messenger	360 00	
		W. Tam, messenger	360 00	
		W. G. Morton, messenger	360 00	
		S. K. Hannegan, messenger	360 00	
		J. B. Strayer, messenger	360 00	
		G. McKew, messenger	360 00	
		T. Bainbridge, messenger	360 00	
		John C. Ingersoll, messenger	360 00	
		F. M. Smith, messenger	360 00	
		A. W. Quint, messenger	360 00	
		W. R. Towner, messenger	360 00	
		James Brown, messenger	360 00	
		C. A. Shields, messenger	360 00	
		James Wood, messenger in charge of store-room	300 00	
		A. Hickman, laborer in charge of private passage	210 00	
		C. N. Bartlett, laborer in charge of ladies' room	180 00	
		T. A. Jones, chief engineer	540 00	
		E. C. Stubbs, assistant engineer	360 00	
		G. W. N. Curtis, assistant engineer	360 00	
		W. H. Prescott, assistant engineer	360 00	
		J. P. Johnston, conductor of elevator	300 00	
		A. L. Singleton, fireman	273 75	
		Clark Dorsey, fireman (to June 16)	231 63	
		S. Underwood, laborer in engineer's department	180 00	
		W. C. Frye, laborer in engineer's department	180 00	
		T. F. Americus, laborer in engineer's department	180 00	
		J. Hickman, laborer (skilled)	250 00	
		H. G. Healy, laborer (skilled), to April 30	82 40	
		R. A. Fennell, laborer (skilled)	250 00	
		F. P. Holmes, laborer (skilled), to April 17	46 70	

FOR COMPENSATION OF OFFICERS, CLERKS, MESSENGERS, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		OFFICERS, CLERKS, AND EMPLOYÉS—Continued.		
1884.				
June 30.	3	Anson G. McCook *et al.*, for the quarter ending June 30, 1884—Continued.		
		H. A. Vale, laborer (skilled)	$250 00	
		A. A. Johnson, laborer (skilled)	250 00	
		M. Rae, laborer (skilled)	250 00	
		A. B. Hall, laborer (skilled)	250 00	
		John Brown, laborer (annual)	180 00	
		E. Frier, laborer (annual)	180 00	
		S. Johnson, laborer (annual)	180 00	
		C. P. Phillips, laborer (annual)	180 00	
		B. Mitchell, laborer (annual)	180 00	
		B. Hudnell, laborer (annual) to May 6	71 20	
		T. Wood, laborer (annual) to April 18	35 60	
		J. Montgomery, laborer (annual)	180 00	
		W. W. Taylor, laborer (annual)	180 00	
		D. P. Slater, laborer (annual)	180 00	
		J. C. Newman, laborer (annual)	180 00	
		G. W. Jackson, laborer (annual)	180 00	
		G. Gilliland, laborer (during session)	180 00	
		Thomas Folks, laborer (during session) to April 23	45 45	
		W. Rechum, laborer (during session)	180 00	
		W. H. Gaskin, laborer (during session)	180 00	
		J. E. Laurence, laborer (during session)	180 00	
		M. Conlan, laborer (during session)	180 00	
		Nelson Parker, laborer (during session)	180 00	
		G. F. Potter, laborer (during session)	180 00	
		W. C. Taylor, laborer (during session)	180 00	
		J. Hines, laborer (during session)	180 00	
		C. Hines, laborer (during session) to April 8	15 80	
		W. B. Clarke, laborer (during session)	180 00	
		J. H. Daniels, page	227 50	
		J. L. Doty, page	227 50	
		G. W. Lovell, page	227 50	
		E. S. Kinsley, page	227 50	
		E. Robinson, page	227 50	
		S. W. Byington, page	227 50	
		T. R. Kindall, page	227 50	
		W. J. Vance, page	227 50	
		H. C. Lauck, page	227 50	
		N. D. Clark, page	227 50	
		H. D. Goodale, page	227 50	
		L. A. Rosafy, page	227 50	
		R. C. Mitchell, page	227 50	
		S. A. Ransom, page	227 50	
		G. S. Taft, clerk to Committee on Privileges and Elections	546 00	
		J. L. Keller, clerk to Committee on Manufactures	546 00	
		C. S. Wilbur, clerk to Committee on Agriculture	546 00	
		J. R. McCarty, clerk to Committee on Indian Affairs	546 00	
		J. B. Jones, clerk to Committee on Revolutionary Claims	546 00	
		A. H. Byington, clerk to Committee on Patents	546 00	
		C. P. Watson, clerk to Committee on Territories	546 00	
		J. Harris, sr., clerk to Committee on Railroads	546 00	
		Bradford Otis, clerk to Committee on Mines and Mining	546 00	
		D. S. Barry, clerk to Committee on Revision of the Laws	546 00	
		I. Kimball, jr., clerk to Committee on Education and Labor	546 00	
		G. B. Edwards, clerk to Committee on Civil Service and Retrenchment	546 00	
		C. B. Reade, clerk to Committee on Rules	546 00	
		T. H. Saulsbury, clerk to Committee on Engrossed Bills	546 00	
		M. W. Bruce, clerk to Committee on Improvement of Mississippi River	546 00	
		W. H. Boblitz, clerk to Committee on Transportation Routes to the Seaboard	546 00	
		W. J. Bruce, clerk to Committee on Enrolled Bills	546 00	
		J. J. Campbell, clerk to Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds	546 00	
		C. R. Paul, clerk to Committee on Several branches of the Civil Service	546 00	
		C. H. Harris, clerk to Committee on Epidemic Diseases	546 00	
		A. D. Wilcox, clerk to Committee on Nicaraguan Claims	546 00	
		H. W. Wall, *vice* Edwards, messenger from April 15	304 60	
		O. H. Curtis, *vice* Dougherty, messenger from April 15	304 60	
		W. A. Beckford, *vice* Holmes, laborer (skilled) from April 18	203 30	
		F. P. Holmes, *vice* Wood, laborer (annual) from April 19	144 40	

FOR COMPENSATION OF OFFICERS, CLERKS, MESSENGERS, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		OFFICERS, CLERKS, AND EMPLOYÉS—Continued.		
1884.				
June 30	3	Anson G. McCook *et al.*, for the quarter ending June 30, 1884—Continued.		
		W. L. Lewis, *vice* Curtis, clerk to Sergeant-at-Arms, from April 15	$423 10	
		J. H. Howard, *vice* C. Hines, laborer (session) from April 9	164 20	
		Henry Lacy *vice* Folks, laborer (session) from April 24 to May 26	65 35	
		James W. Allen, *vice* McMichael, postmaster from May 1.	377 07	
		George H. Boyd, *vice* McDaniel, page in document-room from May 10	102 88	
		William Polk, *vice* Healy, laborer (skilled) from May 1..	167 60	
		Howard W. Cossley, *vice* Hudnell, laborer (annual) from May 7	108 80	
		Thomas Folks, *vice* Lacy, laborer (session) from May 27.	69 20	
		Francis E. Dodson, *vice* Dorsey, fireman from June 17 ...	42 12	
				$75,971 70
		By amount expended	.....	175,058 43
		To amount drawn	175,058 43	.....
			175,058 43	175,058 43

DETAILED STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND FROM DECEMBER 19, 1883, TO JUNE 30, 1884, INCLUSIVE.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		STATIONERY AND NEWSPAPERS FOR FISCAL YEAR 1883.		
1883.				
June 27	1	C. W. Jones:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883	.....	$83 66
28	2	A. F. Pike:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883	.....	40 75
	3	J. F. Wilson:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883	.....	40 75
		By amount expended	.....	165 16
		By balance on hand	.....	9 19
		To amount drawn	$174 35	.....
			174 35	174 35
		STATIONERY AND NEWSPAPERS, FISCAL YEAR 1884.		
1884.				
Jan. 7	1	Burlington Free Press:		
		For the Weekly Free Press furnished the Hon. George F. Edmunds from December 25, 1883, to March 1, 1884	.....	60
8	2	R. Beall:		
		1883.		
		Dec. 1. ½ dozen plush papeteries	20 80	
		½ dozen 2-quire ragged edge papeteries, octavo...	8 00	
		5. 1 dozen Bloede's ink extractors	2 50	
		8. ½ dozen quarts black sand	4 00	
		1 rubber reverse pen	3 00	
		1 rubber desk pen	2 00	
		½ gross leads	75	
		15. 1 dozen 2-quire ragged edge papeteries, octavo...	16 00	
		18. 1 dozen rubber penholders, No. 7	2 75	
		1 dozen rubber penholders, No. 5 reverse	5 00	
		Repairing 3 pencils	50	
		21. ½ dozen visiting books	10 50	
				75 80

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continue

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Tot
		STATIONERY AND NEWSPAPERS—Continued.		
1884.				
Jan. 9	3	J. D. Free, jr.:		
		1883.		
		Dec. 6. 12 boxes Marcus Ward's cards and envelopes, at 44 cents	$5 28	
		2 thousand Marcus Ward's envelopes, at $5.50	11 00	
		3 reams Marcus Ward's I. L. note paper, at $2.50	7 50	
		3 reams Marcus Ward's note paper, at $3	9 00	
		4 calendars, at 40 cents	1 60	
		1½ dozen Coughlin's blotters	2 75	
	4	J. J. Chapman:		
		Dec. 4. 5 paper-knives, assorted	7 00	
		2 autograph albums	7 45	
		½ ream mammoth cap, at $5	2 50	
		1½ dozen reporter's books	1 56	
		6. 2 boxes linen mourning note, at $1	2 00	
		7. 4 waste baskets, assorted	3 95	
		500 official envelopes	3 25	
		2 dozen tablet pencils	80	
		8. 100 cards and printing	75	
		Changing address	40	
		1 dozen pin-cushions	2 40	
		100 cards and printing	75	
		Changing address	40	
		1 Russia auto. album	4 00	
		10. 1 sheet ½ carbon paper	10	
		12. 100 cards and printing	75	
		Adding address	40	
		4 reams letter, ruled, at $4	16 00	
		13. Revised Statutes	3 40	
		18. ½ dozen boxes linen mourning note	10 20	
		19. ½ ream blue linen note	4 00	
		20. 400 cards and printing	2 99	
		21. ½ dozen pieces silk taste	75	
		1 daily memorandum book	65	
		3 inkstands, assorted	3 90	
		5 paper weights	5 05	
		600 cards and printing, at 75 cents	4 50	
		Engraving plate address and erasing	1 20	
		1 daily journal	1 80	
		200 cards and printing, at 75 cents	1 50	
		22. Engraving plates and printing 250 cards	2 88	
		24. 125 cards printed	1 15	
		26. 2 daily journals	3 25	
		31. 2 daily journals	3 90	
		2,500 envelopes, at $6.50	16 25	
		1 inkstand, extra large	3 25	
		1 ream English cap (to order)	12 75	
		2 blank books	15 00	
Jan. 12	5	Wm. Ballantyne & Son:		
		Nov. 10. 2 baskets	3 15	
		30. ½ dozen commercial note pads, at 63 cents	52	
		½ dozen packet note pads, at 76 cents	64	
		½ dozen legal cap pads, at $1.51	1 26	
		½ dozen letter pads, at $2.40	1 00	
		Blotter and oil board	21	
		Japanned dampner	55	
		Copying brush	45	
		Copying book	2 25	
		Copying press	13 50	
		Copying stand	9 00	
		Copying press	9 75	
		Dec. 1. Inkstand	4 25	
		6 banker's inkstands, No. 2, at $1	6 00	
		6 banker's inkstands, No. 60, at 52 cents	3 12	
		3. 1 gross penholders, each, No. 7074, at $2.36; No. 7077, at $2.36; No. 1025, at $2.23	6 95	
		1 gross penholders, each, No. 1775, at $2.23; No. 7035, at $1.90; No. 5476, at $3	7 13	
		1 gross penholders, No. 5275, at $2.57	5 14	
		12 card papeteries, at 18 cents	2 16	
		¼ dozen acme letter pads, at $2.40	60	
		¼ dozen legal pads, at $1.51	37	
		1½ dozen legal pads, at $2.85	3 56	
		4. 300 cards, printed, at 72 cents	2 16	
		1 dozen Knickerbocker tablets	2 25	
		5½ dozen letter tablets, at $4.20	1 75	

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		STATIONERY AND NEWSPAPERS—Continued.		
1884. Jan. 12.	5	Wm. Ballantyne & Son—Continued.		
		1883.		
		Dec. 4. 6 memorandum books, No. 249, at 18 cents	$1 08	
		6 memorandum books, No. 248½, at 18 cents	1 08	
		6 memorandum books, No. 244, at 14 cents	84	
		6 memorandum books, No. 245, at 14 cents	84	
		58¾ reams linen note, at $1.05	61 68	
		42 reams linen letter, at $1.75	73 50	
		5. 3 board clips, letter, at 34 cents	1 02	
		3 board clips, cap, at 36 cents	1 08	
		3 board clips, cap, nickel, at 40 cents	1 20	
		2 lap tablets, No. 120, at $4.50	9 00	
		6. 3 baskets, at 48 cents	1 44	
		3 baskets, No. 20½, at 60 cents	1 80	
		1 basket each, No. 8543, at $1.80; No. 2634, at 80 cents; No. 8217, at $1	3 60	
		1 basket each, No. 6240, at $1.60; No. 163, at $1.40; No. 8214, at $1.40; No. 8107, at $2.25	6 65	
		7. Kecket's Oral German	1 60	
		8. Inkstand, No. 201	1 60	
		Inkstand, No. 721	1 20	
		Plush scrap-book, No. 1076	3 20	
		1 basket each, No. 1597, at 40 cents; No. 1448, at $1	1 40	
		3 baskets, at 50 cents	1 50	
		3 baskets, at 60 cents	1 80	
		11. 2 dozen folding scissors, No. 5, at $7.20	14 40	
		2 dozen folding scissors, No. 6, at $7.20	14 40	
		1 basket	3 00	
		3 Scotch hones	2 40	
		2 squares, at 18 cents	36	
		4 compasses, at 20 cents	80	
		4 ruling pens, at 40 cents	1 60	
		13. 2 Shipman's files, at 65 cents	1 30	
		2 Shipman's files, at $1	2 00	
		6 rubber rulers, at 40 cents	2 40	
		14. ½ dozen scrap-books, at $4	1 34	
		17. 1 inkstand	3 25	
		1 dozen rubber penholders	2 25	
		19. 1 dozen card papeterie	2 16	
		1 dozen card papeterie	2 40	
		12 boxes stamped paper, at 45 cents	5 40	
		3 folios, at $1.20	3 60	
		1 folio each, at 60 cents, $3, $1.40; No. 82, at $2.15	7 15	
		1 folio each, at $1.50; No. 43, at $3.50; No. 17, at 85 cents; $1.80	7 65	
		1 folio	3 00	
		6 inkstands, at $1	6 00	
		2 toilet cases	6 50	
		21. Christmas cards	2 70	
		24. Folio and box paper	3 25	
		26. 3 dozen packs cards, at $1.08	3 24	
		1884.		
		Jan. 2. 24 gross ¼ bands, at 70 cents	16 80	
		7. Letter press and stand	16 00	
				$400 18
Jan. 14.	6	Albany Express Company: For the Daily Morning Express furnished the Hon. E. G. Lapham, from January 10 to May 10, 1884		2 60
	7	American Register Company: For the American Register furnished the Hon. J. Z. George, from December, 1882, to December, 1883		2 00
16.	8	New York World: For the Weekly World furnished the Hon. J. Z. George, from December 5, 1883, to June 5, 1884		2 00
	9	J. Bradley Adams:		
		1883.		
		Oct. 27. 2,000 Policy envelopes, at $3	6 00	
		Nov. 16. 18 dozen Crown penholders, at 50 cents	9 00	
		½ dozen Novelty fasteners, at $4.80	2 40	
		1 dozen pen racks	2 40	
		½ dozen spiral pen racks, at $3	1 50	
		½ gross cedar penholders, at $1.50	75	
		½ dozen pen racks and safes, at $4.80	2 40	
		28. 1 box B 8040 paper	1 65	
		1 box B 4820 paper	2 50	
		1 box W 426 paper	2 60	

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total
		STATIONERY AND NEWSPAPERS—Continued.		
1884.				
Jan. 16.	9	J. Bradley Adams—Continued.		
		1883.		
		Nov. 28. 1 box H 451 paper	$4 00	
		1 box H 493 paper	4 50	
		1 box H 452 paper	4 25	
		1 box B 306 paper	4 00	
		1 box B 83 paper	65	
		1 box B 77 paper	1 65	
		1 box H 418 paper	1 90	
		1 box H 464 paper	2 35	
		1 box H 419 paper	1 90	
		1 box H 477 paper	2 35	
		1 box H 413 paper	1 90	
		1 box B 207 paper	3 25	
		1 clock inkstand	4 25	
		3 sets scissors, at $1.75	5 25	
		1 umbrella (folder and pencil case)	1 15	
		1 carrot (folder and pencil case)	1 25	
		1 pretzel (folder and pencil case)	1 25	
		6 paper folders, at 75 cents	4 50	
		4 memorandums, at 40 cents	1 60	
		4 memorandums, at 30 cents	1 20	
		4 memorandums, at 20 cents	80	
		½ gross thumb tacks, No. 2, at $3	1 50	
		½ gross thumb tacks, No. 3, at $3	1 50	
		½ gross thumb tacks, No. 6, at $4	2 00	
		½ gross thumb tacks, No. 4, at $2	1 00	
		Dec. 1. 2 dozen baskets, $2	4 00	
		12 sets pounce, at 15 cents	1 80	
		6 pounce boxes at 15 cents	90	
		1 set books	30 00	
		Newspapers, books, and cards	8 35	
		4. 24 reporters' books, at 22 cents	5 28	
		1 clock inkstand	2 25	
		4 boxes paper, at 30 cents	1 20	
		10. Printing 100 cards	1 00	
		15. 1,000 insurance envelopes	6 00	
		1,000 insurance envelopes	7 50	
		19. 2 desks, at $5.50	11 00	
		1 fan	6 00	
		1 inkstand, No. 1	1 30	
		1 inkstand, No. 2	95	
		1 inkstank, No. 3	1 10	
		1 inkstand, No. 4	1 35	
		1 inkstand, No. 5	75	
		1 inkstand, No. 6	80	
		1 inkstand, No. 7	60	
		1 inkstand, No. 9	1 45	
		1 inkstand, No. 10	1 60	
		1 inkstand, No. 11	1 75	
		1 inkstand, No. 12	1 60	
		1 inkstand, No. 13	1 10	
		20. 1 album	7 50	
		1 card	1 00	
		1 book	3 00	
		2 cards	25	
		3 plush boxes, No. 1, at $1.65	4 95	
		1 plush box, No. 2	4 25	
		2 plush boxes, No. 3, at $2	4 00	
		1 plush box, No. 4	2 00	
		1 velvet box, No. 519	2 65	
		2 folders and pencil case, at $1.25	2 50	
		1 card case, No. 1	70	
		1 card case, No. 2	1 10	
		2 card cases, No. 3, at $1.10	2 20	
		1 card case, No. 4	1 25	
		1 card case, No. 5	75	
		½ dozen small bankers' inkstands	3 60	
		½ dozen large bankers' inkstands	5 52	
		1,000 card envelopes	3 50	
		4 folders and pencil-case, at $1.25	5 00	
		6 plush boxes, at $1.90	11 40	
		24. 100 cards and printing	1 00	
		28. 6 plush boxes, at $1.90	11 40	
		31. 4 plush boxes, No. 1, at $1.65	6 60	
		4 plush boxes, No. 2, at $1.90	7 60	
		3 plush boxes, No. 3, at $2.50	7 50	
		1 plush box, No. 4	3 00	

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		STATIONERY AND NEWSPAPERS—Continued.		
1884.				
Jan. 16	9	J. Bradley Adams—Continued.		
		1884.		
		Jan. 4. 3 boxes mourning paper, B, 1650, at 30 cents	$0 90	
		3 boxes mourning paper, B, 1655, at 30 cents	90	
		19 boxes mourning paper	8 58	
				$306 3
17	10	Littell's Living Age:		
		For the Living Age, furnished during the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress to the Hon. Z. B. Vance, from No. 2063 to 2114, inclusive		8 00
	11	J. L. Savage:		
		Jan. 14. For 5 gross steel pens, Miller Brothers, each, No. 102, 44, 028, 103, 165, 75, 4, and Colorado No. 2; total, 40 gross, at 50 cents		20 00
21	12	W. H. Munnell:		
		For the Democrat, furnished to t e Hon. Z. B. Beck, from January 1, 1883, to December 31, 1884	4 00	
		Extra copy during session of Congress	1 00	
				5 00
22	13	C. W. Thorn & Co.:		
		1883.		
		Nov. 12. ½ dozen scissors, at $4.72	2 36	
		13. 1 dozen baskets	3 60	
		½ dozen baskets, at $4.20	2 10	
		½ dozen baskets, at $6	3 00	
		½ dozen baskets, at $4.80	2 40	
		½ dozen baskets, at $7.80	3 90	
		17. 1 dozen bankers' shears, 9 inches	8 00	
		1 dozen bankers' shears, 10 inches	9 95	
		24. 2 reams blotting paper, at $20	40 00	
		Dec. 6. 100 dozen packages blotting paper, at 53 cents	53 00	
		1884.		
		Jan. 10. 16 samples of scissors	7 71	
		1 spool tape, each, No. 17 and 19	35	
				136 87
Jan. 22	14	Scottish American Journal:		
		For one copy of journal furnished Hon. J. B. Beck, from May 25, 1882, to May 22, 1884		6 00
	15	Easton & Rupp:		
		1883.		
		Dec. 5. 24 sheets oil board, at 12 cents	2 88	
		7 blank books, assorted	3 72	
		1 dozen memorandum books	25	
		7. 6 pocket scissors, at 30 cents	1 80	
		6 pocket scissors, at 35 cents	2 10	
		6 pocket scissors, at 40 cents	2 40	
		8. 6 blank books, demy 4to records, 2 quires	3 00	
		6 blank books, demy 4to records, 3 quires	4 50	
		3 blank books, demy 4to records, 4 quires	3 00	
		4 dozen sheets black lines, assorted	2 30	
		10. 2 dozen paste-board boxes, assorted	5 25	
		11. 1 gross pocket pencils	4 00	
		24 sheets extra heavy oil board, at 15 cents	3 60	
		4 large cloth boxes, at 80 cents	3 20	
		12. 3 blank books, indexed in front, at $1.10	3 30	
		3 blank books, indexed through, at $1.25	3 75	
		13. 1 dozen pamphlet cases	6 50	
		2 post-office boxes, 2 pt., at 40 cents	80	
		2 post-office boxes, 3 pt., at 55 cents	1 10	
		6 stub files, at 65 cents	3 90	
		14. 200 cards and printing	1 60	
		15. 6 blank books, 2 quires, index in front	3 60	
		3 blank books, 3 quires, index in front	2 55	
		3 blank books, 3 quires, index through	3 00	
		1 letter-book, ½ Russia, 1,000 pages	3 50	
		17. 3 blank books, at 28 cents	84	
		2 dozen large rubber penholders, at $2.75	5 50	
		Stamping paper and envelopes	3 39	
		Address and 400 cards and printing	3 80	
		300 cards and printing	2 40	
		200 cards and printing	1 60	
		21. 1,000 card evelopes	2 75	
		22. 3 water wells, at 50 cents	1 50	
		1 desk pad, 19 by 24	85	
		1,000 white envelopes, No. 11	3 90	
		24. Engraving plate and 50 cards	1 30	
		Engraving 2 plates and 250 cards	4 50	
		Engraving 1 plate and 200 cards	3 35	
		Stamping paper and envelopes	1 25	
		24 heavy cardboards, assorted	3 24	

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		STATIONERY AND NEWSPAPERS—Continued.		
1884. Jan. 22	15	Easton & Rupp—Continued.		
		1883.		
		Dec. 27. 2 dozen Congress tie envelopes, at $1.20	$2 40	
		28. 3 diaries	2 50	
		29. 2,000 card envelopes, white, at $2.50	5 00	
		Stamping paper and envelopes	1 87	
		1884.		
		Jan. 2. 3 dozen boxes automatic leads, at $1.50	4 50	
		1 dozen boxes automatic colored leads	2 75	
		1 dozen manila document boxes, 9 by 3⅝ by 2½	2 65	
		1 dozen manila document boxes, 9⅝ by 4 by 3	3 25	
		1 dozen manila document boxes, 9⅝ by 4 by 4	4 00	
		1 dozen press board document boxes, 10 by 4½ by 3½	5 00	
		2,000 white XXX No. 11 envelopes, at $4.75	9 50	
		3,000 white XXX No. 12 envelopes, at $5.40	16 20	
		1 demy journal, Russia bands	4 50	
		3. Engraving die and stamping ½ ream note	4 25	
		200 cards and printing	1 60	
		4. 200 cards and printing	1 60	
		300 cards and printing	2 40	
		8. 4,000 white XXX No. 9 envelopes, at $3	12 00	
		8 desk pads, 12 by 19, at 55 cents	4 40	
		4 dozen pass-books, at 25 cents	1 00	
		12 dozen office scratch books, No. 4068, at $2.25	27 00	
		2 dozen office scratch books, No. 4066, at $1.60	3 20	
		2 dozen office scratch books, No. 4046, at $1.08	2 16	
		4 dozen office scratch books, No. 4044, at 81 cents	3 24	
		4 dozen office scratch books, No. 4042, at 75 cents	3 00	
		4 dozen office scratch books, No. 4040, at 65 cents	2 60	
		3 dozen office scratch books, No. 4070, at $2.91	8 73	
		9. 1 ream French folio cut	1 50	
		12. 5 memorandum books, No. 207, at 50 cents	2 50	
		1 memorandum book, No. 323	40	
		3 memorandum books, No. 326, at 70 cents	2 10	
		Engraving plate and 100 cards	1 95	
		5 gross Blackstone pens, at 65 cents	3 25	
		15. 25 desk pads, 12 by 19, at 55 cents	13 75	
		Engraving address and cards (500)	5 10	
		200 cards and printing	1 60	
		16. 200 cards and printing	1 60	
		17. Engraving 2 plates and 300 cards	4 70	
		Engraving 1 plate and 150 cards	2 35	
		Engraving 1 plate and 200 cards	2 75	
		300 cards and printing	2 40	
		18. 24 desk pads, 12 by 19, at 55 cents	13 20	
		1,000 R. I. linen envelopes, stamped	9 25	
		2 reams R. I. linen note, No. 211, stamped, at $5.27	10 54	
		2 reams R. I. linen note, No. 213, stamped, at $4.32	8 64	
				$344
23	16	A. Brentano & Co.:		
		For the London Economist furnished Hon Z. B. Vance, from January 1 to July 1, 1884		7
		Robert Beall:		
		1884.		
31	17	Jan. 4. 1 card case	1 50	
		10. ½ dozen knife charms at $54	13 50	
		3 dozen boxes of leads	1 75	
		½ dozen sponge cups	1 50	
		1 inkstand, No. 1619	4 00	
		5 dozen Gillott's 290 pens	2 00	
		1 dozen memorandum books	5 85	
		3 copy-press books	4 10	
		4 index books	70	
		3 waste baskets	3 00	
		1 dozen whetstones	1 20	
		2 pocket books	8 50	
		14. 5 reams parchment legal cap, at $4.37	21 85	
		18. 2 dozen Todd's business pencils	12 00	
		1 dozen boxes of leads	1 75	
		22. 2½ dozen papeteries	20 80	
		1 4-quire record book	1 75	
		28. 2 dozen Todd's business pencils	12 00	
				117
Feb. 1	18	Review Publishing Company:		
		For the American Law Review, Vol. 17, furnished Hon. J. Z. George		5

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		STATIONERY AND NEWSPAPERS—Continued.		
1884.				
Feb. 9	19	James J. Chapman:		
		1884.		
		Jan. 4. 1 daily journal	$5 00	
		6 card papeteries, at 40 cents	2 40	
		5. 1 diary	40	
		7. Engraving plate and printing 400 cards	4 00	
		Recutting address	40	
		3 bottles ink, at 30 cents	90	
		500 cards and printing	3 75	
		1 diary	1 60	
		8. 1 portfolio	9 25	
		9. 1 portfolio	9 25	
		10. 200 cards and printing	1 50	
		1 library inkstand	3 25	
		2 inkstands, at $1.90	3 80	
		1 calendar	35	
		14 card cases, assorted	38 25	
		6 papeteries, assorted	6 30	
		4 papeteries, cards, assorted	2 60	
		6 papeteries, linen, assorted	2 40	
		6 bottles ink, violet, at 60 cents	3 60	
		3 bottles ink, black, at 50 cents	1 50	
		3 bottles fluid, at 45 cents	1 35	
		6 bottles black ink, at 25 cents	1 50	
		3 bottles black ink, large, at 50 cents	1 50	
		5 reams linen paper, at $2.45	12 25	
		11. 4 papeteries cards, at 45 cents	1 80	
		4 dozen tape, at $7.50	30 00	
		2,000 linen envelopes, at $5.50	11 00	
		1,000 linen envelopes, square	6 25	
		12. 2 dozen pen racks, assorted	4 40	
		3 table baskets, assorted	2 70	
		1 card tray	1 00	
		½ ream linen paper	2 50	
		250 envelopes	3 00	
		1 papeterie	90	
		1 package envelopes	25	
		14. ½ dozen bottles fluid	1 50	
		5 reams linen paper, at $2.45	12 25	
		21. 1 dozen carbon paper	75	
		22. 3,000 linen envelopes, at $5.50	16 50	
		200 cards and printing	1 50	
		1 inkstand	50	
		1 blank book	1 00	
		24. Engraving plate and printing 100 cards	1 85	
		Engraving plate and address and printing 100 cards	2 15	
		25. 1 ream parchment paper	5 00	
		500 parchment envelopes	4 25	
		26. 6 jars paste, at 20 cents	1 20	
		2,000 linen envelopes, to order, at $7	14 00	
		Engraving plate and 100 cards and printing	2 15	
		6 memorandum books, assorted	3 70	
		28. 2 dozen linen papeteries, assorted	16 80	
		200 cards and printing, at 75 cents	1 50	
		30. 400 cards, at 75 cents	3 00	
		200 cards, at $75 cents	1 50	
		12 blank books, indexed through	15 40	
		31. Engraving plate and address and printing 300 cards	4 00	
		Engraving plate and address and printing 500 cards	5 15	
		Engraving plate and printing 100 cards	1 75	
		Engraving plate and address and printing 100 cards	2 15	
		3 cases scissors, assorted	9 75	
		3 scrap books, 150 pages, at $1.44	4 32	
		3 scrap books, 100 pages, at $1.10	3 30	
				$317 82
12	20	W. H. Morrison: For copy Byles on Bills, furnished during the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress to the Hon. Wade Hampton		5 00
1	21	A. Banks, treasurer: For the Bankers' Magazine, furnished during the first session Forty-eighth Congress to Hon. Nelson W. Aldrich, to Dec. 31, 1884		5 00

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total
1884.		STATIONERY AND NEWSPAPERS—Continued.		
Feb. 19	22	Easton & Rupp:		
		1884.		
		Jan. 19. Engraving plate and address	$1 65	
		200 cards and printing	1 60	
		Engraving plate and address	1 15	
		200 cards and printing	1 60	
		22. 4 dozen scratch books, No. 4000, at 30 cents	1 20	
		4 dozen scratch books, No. 4002, at 50 cents	2 00	
		4 dozen scratch books, No. 4004, at 60 cents	2 40	
		6 miniature records, at 85 cents	5 10	
		1 ream Argyle note	1 50	
		3 desk pads, 19² by 24², at 85 cents	2 55	
		Engraving plate and 50 cards	1 30	
		Engraving plate and 50 cards	1 30	
		200 beveled cards and printing	2 50	
		150 cards and printing	1 20	
		½ ream R. I. linen square note	90	
		4 packages envelopes	60	
		Stamping in carmine	1 13	
		2 2-quire blank books, indexed through, at 80 cents	1 60	
		2 3-quire blank books, indexed through, at $1	2 00	
		1 5-quire blank book, indexed through	1 50	
		1 stylographic pen, No. 452	2 50	
		2 stylographic pens, No. 451, at $2	4 00	
		Black cord	1 10	
		12 desk pads, 19 by 24, at 85 cents	10 20	
		23. 200 cards and printing	1 60	
		400 cards and printing	3 20	
		200 cards and printing	1 60	
		24. 400 cards and printing	3 20	
		2 reams Argyle note and printing, in blue, at $3	6 00	
		½ ream R. I. linen and printing, in blue, at $3.50	1 75	
		25. 200 cards and printing	1 60	
		1,000 newspaper wrappers	1 75	
		1 quart Eureka paste	90	
		2 bottles Eureka paste, at 25 cents	50	
		1,000 cards and printing	3 90	
		Engraving die and stamping paper in silver	3 25	
		26. 2 dozen erasers, 18149, bone, at $4.81	9 62	
		2 dozen erasers, 18149, black, at $3.67	7 34	
		1 dozen erasers, 11698	3 03	
		1 dozen Bloede's ink extractors	2 40	
		28. 400 cards and printing	3 20	
		4 reams R. I. linen note, at $2.40	9 60	
		¾ thousand envelopes, at $5	3 75	
		¾ thousand envelopes, at $6	4 50	
		30. 500 cards and printing	4 00	
		31. ½ dozen pints Thomas' ink, at $3.25	1 63	
		2,000 newspaper wrappers, at $1.75	3 50	
		5 gross of Mitchell's, J., pens, at $1.20	6 00	
		1 dozen celluloid holders	1 50	
		1,000 Mentzel's suspending rings	1 10	
		2 boxes gummed labels	20	
		½ dozen copying brushes, assorted, 3, 4, 4²	2 00	
		1 dozen C. H. brushes	10	
		1 dozen marking brushes	45	
		½ dozen steel files for postals, at $4.20	2 10	
		1 gross Don pencils	2 50	
		½ dozen iron water wells, at $1.88	94	
		½ dozen porcelain water wells, No. 300, at $4.50	2 25	
		½ gross point protectors, at $4	2 00	
		1 gross extra rubbers	90	
		½ dozen combination inkstands, at $21	5 25	
		½ dozen bankers' fountain inkstands, at $10	5 00	
		½ dozen desk inkstands, at $2	1 00	
		½ dozen desk (308) inkstands, at $2	1 00	
		½ dozen tape-measures, at $2.25	1 12	
		½ dozen post-office boxes, 3 parts, at $6.60	3 30	
		1 dozen card boxes, assorted	1 44	
		½ dozen sponge cups, white enameled, at $1.50	75	
		½ dozen sponge cups, fountain, at $7.20	3 60	
		½ dozen postal card holders, at $1.60	80	
		½ dozen pen racks, No. 20, at $1	50	
		½ dozen pen racks, No. 30, at $1.20	60	
		½ dozen automatic inkstands, No. 130, at $8	4 00	
		½ dozen automatic inkstands, No. 260, at $15	7 50	

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		STATIONERY AND NEWSPAPERS—Continued.		
1884. Feb. 19	22	Easton & Rupp—Continued.		
		1884. Jan. 31. ½ dozen automatic inkstands, No. 460, at $8	$4 00	
		½ dozen automatic inkstands, No. 62, at $1.80	90	
		½ dozen automatic inkstands, No. 6, at 1.80	90	
		½ dozen cork penholders, at $1	50	
		½ dozen large quills	24	
		200 cards and printing	1 60	
		1 ream R. I. linen and stamping	5 45	
		¼ ream R. I. linen, No. 820	1 35	
		3 pints Caw's ink, at 30 cents	90	
		½ dozen Caw's ink, small, at 60 cents	30	
		¼ M R. I. linen envelopes, No 6, at $9.25	2 31	
		¼ M linen envelopes, Barl, at $2	1 25	
		1 stylographic pen	4 00	
		1 gross Dixon's pencils, round, S. M	4 20	
		1 inkstand, each, at 35, 20, 40 cents	95	
		200 cards and address	1 90	
		200 cards, printing and engraving	1 90	
		½ dozen wax candles	50	
		5 2-quire cap, 4to, at 25 cents	1 25	
		6 3-quire cap, 4to, at 38 cents	2 28	
		3 4-quire cap, 4to, books, at 45 cents	1 35	
		2 5-quire cap, 4to, books, at 55 cents	1 10	
		6 dozen Dixon's hexagonal pencils, at 50 cents	3 00	
		100 cards and engraving plate	1 70	
		6 ½ pints Caw's ink	1 20	
		100 cards and printing	80	
		2,000 large white envelopes, at $7.75	15 50	
		¼ ream Perie's note, at $3.75	94	
		100 envelopes	70	
		¼ M R. I. linen envelopes, No. 211–6, stamped, at $9.25	4 62	
		1 ream R. I. linen note, No. 214, stamped	4 40	
		¼ M R. I. linen envelopes, No. 214–6, stamped, at $9	2 25	
		¼ M R. I. linen envelopes, No. 214–13, stamped, at $10	2 50	
		100 quills	4 00	
		4 Weston's demy, 4to records, 2 quires, at $1	4 00	
		3 Weston's demy, 4to records, 3 quires, at $1.50	4 50	
		2 Weston's demy, 4to records, 4 quires, at $2	4 00	
		9 Weston's demy, 4to records, indexed, 2 quires, at $1.30	11 70	
		10 Weston's demy, 4to records, indexed, 3 quires, at $1.80	18 00	
		5 Weston's demy, 4to records, indexed, 4 quires, at $2.30	11 50	
		500 white card envelopes, gummed	1 50	
		2 dozen manifold book carbon sheets and press boards	2 80	
		1 M white card envelopes, gummed	3 00	
		1 ream French folio, assorted, at $2; 3 quires cover paper, at 75 cents	2 75	
		24 desk pads, 19½ by 24½, at 85 cents	20 40	
		5 reams R. I. linen note, at $12; 2,000 R. I. linen envelopes, at $10	22 00	
		5 reams Argyle linen letter, No. 10, $2.75	13 75	
		½ dozen safety inkstands, at $4	2 00	
		5 reams Marseilles linen letter, at $2.50	12 50	
				$411 44
21	23	William Ballantyne & Son:		
		1884. Jan. 8. 1 copying press	9 00	
		1 copying-press stand	7 00	
		4 dozen quarts M. & N. ink, at $3.50	14 00	
		10. 3 waste baskets	3 60	
		3 waste baskets	4 80	
		3 bottles Higgin's ink, at 25 cents	75	
		6 dozen memorandum books, No. 141, at 15 cents	90	
		17. Engraving plate and printing 100 cards	1 47	
		28. School books	5 27	
		30. 2 dozen standard bill holders, No. 404	7 00	
		2 Euroid inkstands, at $1.75	3 50	
		½ dozen elastic blotters, No. 4, at $3.75	1 88	
				59 17
25	24	New York Daily Tribune:		
		For the Daily Tribune, furnished during the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress to Hon. J. F. Miller, January 7 to February 20, 1884		1 35

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		STATIONERY AND NEWSPAPERS—Continued.		
1884.				
Feb. 25	25	New York Sun:		
		For the daily Sun furnished during the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress to Hon. J. F. Miller, January 7 to February 20, 1884		$0
28	26	New York Herald:		
		For the daily Herald furnished during the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress to Hon. J. F. Miller, January 7 to February 20, 1884		1
Mar. 1	27	Easton & Rupp:		
		1884.		
		Feb. 1. 2 scrap books, No. 1, at 90 cents	$1 80	
		1 scrap book, No. 8v	1 30	
		1 scrap book, No. 8	1 00	
		1 scrap book, No. 51	1 25	
		1 scrap book, No. 0	60	
		2 scrap books, No. 00, at 85 cents	1 70	
		1 scrap book, No 10	2 25	
		1 scrap book, No. 73	2 00	
		12. 300 cards and printing, at 80 cents	2 40	
		½ dozen reservoir copying brushes, at 15 cents	7 50	
		1 dozen terrace pins	96	
		2 pounds Bank pins, at $1.40	2 80	
		2 pounds Lill's pins, at $2	4 00	
		1½ dozen manifold books, at $1.25	2 08	
		½ dozen manifold books, $2.50	2 09	
		1 dozen carbon sheets	50	
		2 note books, at 20 cents	40	
		2 ruling pens, at 35 cents	70	
		1 ream G. L. paper	2 00	
		1,000 G. L. envelopes	3 75	
		1 bottle stamping ink	35	
		2 reams blotting paper, at $20	40 00	
		2 reams R. I. L. letter, heavy, at $6.50	13 00	
		2 tablets, at 10 cents	20	
		1 each, pocket books, at $1.75, $2, $2.90, $1.40	8 05	
		200 cards and printing	1 60	
		1 ream R. I. L. note and stamping	4 40	
		1 dozen straw boards	1 20	
		½ dozen straw boards, cut, cap size	60	
		15. 1 5-quire record, cloth sides	1 35	
		1 4-quire record, cloth sides	1 50	
		1 3-quire record, paper sides	85	
		1 ream antique parchment note	4 50	
		6 Senate pads	1 20	
		18. 4 reams R. I. L. letter, azure, at $5	20 00	
		3 dozen Acme tablets, at $2.40	7 20	
		200 cards and printing	1 60	
		500 R. I. L. envelopes, at $5.25	2 63	
		20. Engraving plate and 200 cards and printing	2 50	
		1,000 R. I. L. envelopes, No. 6	5 00	
		¼ dozen mucilage reservoirs, at $5	1 25	
		½ dozen mucilage reservoirs, at $2.75	1 37	
		1 cutter, for Shannon's files	40	
		2 cards ruling pens	1 00	
		21. Stamping box paper, in gold	75	
		Stamping box paper, in red	50	
		1 ream antique parchment note	5 50	
		500 antique parchment envelopes	3 75	
		23. 1 ball thread	50	
		200 cards and printing	1 60	
		25. ½ M white envelopes, 15 by 9½	12 00	
		1 M cloth-lined envelopes, assorted sizes	27 25	
		100 cards and printing	80	
		26. 400 cards and printing	3 20	
		27. 1 reporter's note-book and 2 insides	1 15	
		1 each, scrap book, at 70, 70 cents, $1.15, $1.25	3 80	
		2 scrap books, at 80 cents	1 60	
				225
	28	No voucher.		
	29	Robert Beall:		
		Jan. 29. ½ gross leads, for pencils	3 00	
		31. 6 dozen Dixon's hexagonal pencils	3 50	
		Feb. 1. 1 ream Distaff linen letter	6 00	
		500 Distaff linen envelopes	3 00	
		½ ream milk linen handmade letter	2 50	
		125 envelopes, to match	1 00	

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		STATIONERY AND NEWSPAPERS—Continued.		
1884. Mar. 1	29	Robert Beall—Continued.		
		1884.		
		Feb. 6. 2½ dozen M. T. scrap books	$23 79	
		9. Repairing pencil	75	
		12. 1 dozen card papeteries, days of week	12 00	
		18. 2 dozen boxes indellible leads, at $2.40	4 80	
		19. ½ dozen 2-quire R. E. papeteries, at $16	8 00	
		½ dozen papeteries, days of week	5 00	
		27. ¼ dozen No. 74 days of week papeteries, at $10	2 50	
		¼ dozen gilt-edge card papeteries, at $8	2 00	
				$77 84
4	30	C. W. Thorn & Co.:		
		Jan. 25. ½ dozen card baskets, at $5.62	1 87	
		Neat card baskets	2 25	
		½ dozen card baskets, at $12	1 00	
		½ dozen card baskets, at $6.30	52	
		48 spools tape, at 20 cents	9 60	
		26. ½ dozen knives, at $48	24 00	
		31. 20 gross Davidson rubber bands, at 55 cents	11 00	
		Feb. 16. ½ dozen baskets, at $10	5 00	
		48 spools tape, at 21 cents	10 08	
				65 32
13	31	John J. Chapman:		
		Feb. 4. ½ ream note, at $1.80; ½ ream square note, $1.80	3 60	
		12 document registers, at $1.75	21 00	
		9 reams note, $32.40; 5 reams note, at $14	46 40	
		6. 50 large manila envelopes	75	
		12. 22 papeteries, assorted	5 12	
		14. 48 boxes quills, extra, at $1.28	61 44	
		6 banker's inkstands, at 55 cents	3 30	
		18. 3 scrap books, made to order, at $3.20	9 60	
		27. 3 scrap books, at $3.45; 6 bottles blue ink, at $30	3 75	
		1 scrap book, at 88 cents; 4 bottles copying ink, at $2.40	3 28	
		12 document registers, at $2.50	30 00	
		12 document registers, at $2	24 00	
		1 ash letter-case, at 65 cents; 2 bottles black ink, at $1.20	1 85	
		1 walnut letter-case, at 80 cents; 9 scrap books, at $9.18	9 98	
				224 07
21	32	Wm. Ballantyne & Son:		
		Feb. 2. 5 reams R. I. L. letter paper, ½ sheet	21 25	
		6. 1 dozen Coughlin's blotters	3 75	
		8. 1 dozen papeteries	2 40	
		13. 11 Waters's files, at 40 cents	4 40	
		1 dozen spools tape	3 00	
		5 papeteries, at 35 cents	1 75	
		2 dozen quarts Arnold's fluid, at $4.40	8 80	
		14. 20 reams 10-pound letter-paper, at $1.65	33 00	
		10 reams 12-pound letter-paper, linen, at $2.75	27 50	
		18. 1 dozen Acme legal pads	1 51	
		½ dozen Acme letter pads, at $1.26	63	
		21. ½ dozen Acme letter pads, at $2.40	1 20	
		1 dozen Acme legal pads	2 85	
		1 gross finger stalls	5 25	
		½ M baronial envelopes, at $5.50	1 38	
		25. 1 dozen safety inkstands	3 85	
		27. 24 gross Esterbrook's pens, No. 284, at 59 cents	14 16	
		2 scrap books, at 75 cents	1 50	
				138 18
26	33	R. S. Saunders:		
		For 10 copies Agricultural Review and Industrial Monthly for March, 1884, furnished the Hon. Z. B. Vance		2 50
	34	J. Bradly Adams:		
		1883.		
		Dec. 10. 4 ink fillers, at 10 cents	40	
		2 letter-press books, at $2.25	4 50	
		1884.		
		Jan. 14. 1 waste basket	65	
		1 waste basket	80	
		25. 6 dozen reporters' books, at $2.64	15 84	
		29. 3 cases scissors, at $1.50	4 50	
		3 cases scissors, at $2	6 00	
		1 blank book	2 50	
		31. 6 alligator card cases, at 80 cents	4 80	
		2 blotters, at 39 cents	78	
		Feb. 1. 1 dictionary holder	5 00	

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		STATIONERY AND NEWSPAPERS—Continued.		
1884.				
Mar. 26	34	J. Bradly Adams—Continued.		
		1884.		
		Feb. 5. ½ dozen binders, each, $1.40	$8 40	
		1 set scissors	5 00	
		6. 5,000 No. 11 policy envelopes, 3 cents	15 00	
		8. 1 blank book	75	
		1 blank book	1 00	
		9. 2 arm rests, 50 cents	1 00	
		11. 1 gross tissue, No. 53	1 00	
		2 gross tissue, 9 D, at 30 cents	60	
		2 gross tissue, 9 B, at 30 cents	60	
		12. 1 dozen, small, banker's inkstands, each, 60 cts	7 20	
		½ dozen, large, banker's inkstands, each, 92 cts.	5 52	
		6 dozen Crown penholders, at 50 cents	3 00	
		½ ream numbered legal cap	3 00	
		½ dozen 1½-inch banker's inkstands, each, 25 cts.	1 50	
		½ dozen 1½-inch banker's inkstands (hinges) each, at 35 cents	2 10	
		21. 1 dozen envelope openers	4 50	
		1 dozen mucilage	3 60	
		Mar. 6. 3 dozen Clough's paper hooks, at 72 cents	2 16	
		7. 1 plush box	1 65	
		11. 2 700-page letter books, at $1.60	3 20	
	35	Easton & Rupp:		$116
		1884.		
		Feb. 27. 1 dozen steel envelope openers	4 00	
		2 dozen banker's fountain inkstands, at $10	20 00	
		6 scrap books, assorted	9 55	
		28. 2 diaries, at 65 cents	1 30	
		2 reams Overland note, and ½ M envelopes	4 37	
		29. 2 reams linen letter, No. 16, at $2.50	5 00	
		6 reams linen letter, No. 13, at $1.90	11 40	
		1½ gross Crown penholders, at $5.75	8 62	
		200 cards, and printing	1 60	
		Mar. 1. 3 bottles Stephens' blue-black ink, at 60 cents	1 80	
		1 dozen blue pencils	70	
		3 Amberg's file boxes and indexes	2 10	
		100 large envelopes	75	
		½ dozen water wells, at $6	3 00	
		3. 1 dozen memorandum books	45	
		4. 4 reams Argyle linen letter, at $2.16	8 64	
		½ M linen envelopes, No. 5, $3.25	1 62	
		15 manila tablets, at 8 cents	1 20	
		5. Engraving plate and 100 cards	1 95	
		6. 7 dozen colored pencils, at 70 cents	4 90	
		200 cards, and printing, at 80 cents	1 60	
		300 cards, and printing, at 80 cents	2 40	
		1 bottle hektograph ink	25	
		7. 2 dozen rulers, 12 inch, at $1.40	2 80	
		1 dozen rulers, 18 inch	2 10	
		1 dozen rulers, 24 inch	2 80	
		Engraving plate, 100 cards	1 70	
		1 dozen Stephens' fluid	1 80	
		2 gross incandescent pens, at $1.40	2 80	
		1 ream antique parchment note	3 75	
		Engraving monogram and stamping 2 boxes paper and envelopes	3 25	
		½ ream Weston's ledger paper, cut, at $6	3 00	
		8. 1 stylographic pen	2 00	
		11. 1 stylographic pen, mounted	3 50	
		8 dozen memorandum books, assorted	2 10	
		4 gross incandescent pens, at $1.40	5 60	
		3 catalogue cases, at 60 cents	1 80	
		3 magazine cases, at 50 cents	1 50	
		12. Letter-copying book, 1,000 pages	2 75	
		6 dozen R. I. L. papeteries, at $7.56	45 36	
		6 memorandum books, assorted	1 36	
		13. 5 M white envelopes, No. 28, at $7.75	38 75	
		5 M white envelopes, 10² by 5², hand cut, at $8.75	43 75	
		14. 2 reams Weston's ledger paper, cut, at $5.50	11 00	
		15. Stamping paper and envelopes	1 25	
		3 reams C. 2 note, at $2	6 00	
		2 quarts marking ink, at 30 cents	60	
		17. 2 Mark Twain scrap books, at $2.35	4 70	
		2 Mark Twain scrap books, at $1 10	2 20	
		2 Mark Twain scrap books, at 75 cents	1 50	
		50 packs blotting board, cut	1 25	
		1 ream Weston's super royal	14 50	
		18. 6 gross Hollingshead's pens, at $1.10	6 60	

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		STATIONERY AND NEWSPAPERS—Continued.		
1884.				
Mar. 26	35	Easton & Rupp—Continued.		
		1884.		
		Mar. 18. 1 dozen large reservoir mucilage	$5 00	
		2 dozen ½ pints ink, at $1.75	3 50	
		6 pamphlet cases, at 60 cents	3 60	
		19. 500 cards and printing	4 00	
		20. ½ ream No. 120 cloth-faced blotting, cut and packed	11 50	
		100 cards and printing	80	
				$347 67
Mar. 29	36	C. W. Thorn & Co.:		
		Jan. 28. 48 spools tape, at 21 cents	10 08	
		½ dozen scissors, No. M, 1699, 4½, at $2.70	1 35	
		½ dozen scissors, No. M, 1699, 5, at $3.38	1 69	
		½ dozen scissors, No. M, 4519, 6, at $5.75	2 87	
		½ dozen scissors, No. M, 1741, 6, at $4.25	2 13	
		½ dozen scissors, No. M, 1725, 6, at $6.25	3 12	
		½ dozen match safes, at $2	1 00	
		Feb. 10. 204 spools 23 tape, at 21 cents	42 84	
				65 08
Apr. 11	37	Wm. Ballantyne & Son:		
		Mar. 1. 4 dozen paper folders, at $4.15	16 60	
		4. 5 gross bands, No. 32, at 42 cents	2 10	
		12 gross bands, No. 17	1 92	
		12 gross bands, No. 18	2 06	
		12 gross bands, No. 10	1 03	
		12 gross bands, No. 000½, at 77 cents	9 24	
		5. 2 scrap books, No. 1000, at 40 cents	80	
		2 scrap books, No. 1002, at 55 cents	1 10	
		2 scrap books, No. 1006, at 75 cents	1 50	
		10. 7 gross bands, No. 32, at 42 cents	2 94	
		11. 9 gross bands, No. 30, at 34 cents	3 06	
		8 gross bands, No. 31, at 38 cents	3 04	
		12. 10 reams Southworth linen note, at $1.15	11 50	
		14. 25 gross Esterbrook's No. 048 pens, at 59 cents	14 75	
		18. 2 dozen pints M. & N. ink, at $2.15	4 30	
		1 dozen quarts Harrison's mucilage	3 50	
		4 gross bands, No. 31, at 38 cents	1 52	
		3 gross bands, No. 30, at 34 cents	1 02	
		48 gross bands ½ inch, assorted, at 40½ cents	19 32	
		21. 2 dozen pints continental violet ink, at $2.75	5 50	
		2 dozen ½ pints continental violet ink, at $1.50	3 00	
		24. 2 common sense binders, at 80 cents	1 60	
		26. 2 dozen pints Arnold's fluid, at $2.75	5 50	
		28. 1 dictionary stand	7 50	
		½ dozen composition books, at $1.75	88	
		29. 600 cards, at 24 cents	1 44	
		6 packs cards, in boxes, per dozen $1.30	65	
		10 gross Esterbrook's pens, at 59 cents	5 90	
				133 27
14	38	W. J. Arkell:		
		For the Albany Evening Journal furnished during the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress to Hon. E. G. Lapham, 3 months, to June 19, 1884		2 25
	39	The Press Company:		
		For the Daily Press furnished during the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress to Hon. N. W. Aldrich, from February 7 to March 4, 1884		50
17	40	George R. Brown, secretary:		
		For the Daily Gazette furnished during the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress to Hon. J. D. Walker, April 6 to July 15, 1884		4 00
17	41	Mitchell & Bettes:		
		For the Daily Democrat, furnished during the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress, to Hon. J. D. Walker, from April 6 to July 15, 1884		3 20
May 8	42	Wm. Ballantyne & Son:		
		Apr. 2. 2 dozen packs cards, extra super in case	2 16	
		2 dozen packs cards, No. 12, in case	2 40	
		2 dozen packs cards, No. 13, in case	2 60	
		8. 2 cakes sponge rubber, at 55 cents	1 10	
		10. 25 gross Gillott's No. 404 pens, at 59 cents	14 75	
		11. 5 reams Southworth linen note, at $1.15	5 75	
		16. 1 dozen ½ pints Reynold's ink	1 32	
		2 dozen pints Reynold's ink, at $2.20	4 40	
		28. 5 gross Faber's hexagonal pencils, at $5.62	28 10	
				62 58
9	43	Robert Beall:		
		Mar. 10. ½ dozen Todd's professional pens	6 00	

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
1884.		STATIONERY AND NEWSPAPERS—Continued.		
May 9	43	Robert Beall—Continued.		
		1884.		
		Mar. 22. ½ ream linen hand-made letter	$5 00	
		½ dozen gilt-edge card cabinets	4 50	
		2 dozen pints Carter's mucilage, at $3.71	7 42	
		Apr. 11. 1 dozen card papeteries, double scored	8 40	
		1 dozen card papeteries, days of week	10 80	
		17. 1 dozen gilt-edge card cabinet	9 00	
		30. 1 dozen Carter's mucilage	3 71	
		May 3. 2 dozen Todd's business pencils, at $6.50	13 00	
		2 dozen Todd's business leads, at $1.75	3 50	
9	44	A. Donath:		$71
		For the daily Star, furnished during the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress, to the Hon. E. G. Lapham, from January 10 to May 10, 1884		1
20	45	New York Sun:		
		For the daily Sun, furnished during the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress, to Hon. J. L. Pugh, from December 5, 1883, to July 5, 1884		3
June 2	46	North American Review:		
		For the North American Review, furnished during the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress, to Hon. J. Z. George, from July 1, 1884, to July 1, 1885		5
16	47	Easton & Rupp:		
		1884.		
		Mar. 21. 1 ream Overland note	1 25	
		½ M Overland envelopes, at $3.75	1 87	
		3 pints Caw's ink, at 30 cents	90	
		3 ½ pints Caw's ink, at 20 cents	60	
		6 small Caw's ink, at 5 cents	90	
		24. 5 gross steel pens, at 85 cents	4 25	
		2 dozen terrace pens, at 85 cents	1 70	
		½ gross penholders, at $2	1 00	
		25. 200 cards and printing, at 80 cents	1 60	
		300 cards and printing, at 80 cents	2 40	
		26. Stamping linen letter paper	1 75	
		6 dozen memorandum books, assorted	3 10	
		27. 3,000 drug envelopes, assorted	2 70	
		150 card envelopes	37	
		1 dozen composition books, assorted	96	
		3 seals, at $1.65	4 95	
		½ ream hand-made note, at $5	2 50	
		Stamping ½ ream note	65	
		31. 1 dozen steel punches	2 25	
		Apr. 1. 1 ream linen paper	1 50	
		1 five-minute glass	1 25	
		2 dozen pass books, assorted	5 40	
		2. ½ dozen pints copying ink, at $1.80	2 40	
		¼ dozen quarts copying ink, at $7.20	1 80	
		200 cards and printing, at 80 cents	1 60	
		1,000 photograph envelopes, assorted	3 75	
		3. 100 white envelopes, 6 by 9 inches	1 00	
		100 cards and printing	80	
		1 stylographic pen	3 50	
		4. 5 reams Overland note, at $1.25	6 25	
		1,500 Overland envelopes, at $3.75	5 62	
		5. 3 scrap books, at 30 cents	90	
		3 scrap books, at 40 cents	1 20	
		7. 300 cards and printing, at 80 cents	2 40	
		8. 3,000 envelopes, XXXX 6 H. C., at $3.75	11 25	
		4,000 envelopes, XXXX 5 H. C., at $3.35	13 40	
		Engraving 2 plates and 500 cards	5 80	
		9. Engraving initial	75	
		10. 1 table basket	90	
		1 dozen counting-house pencils	70	
		11. Stamping paper and envelopes	4 62	
		Engraving plate and 200 cards	2 85	
		6 corkscrews, assorted	2 25	
		½ dozen document boxes, at $6	3 00	
		3 letter-copying books, at $1.10	3 30	
		2 telegram baskets	1 95	
		2 pints Caw's ink, at 30 cents	60	
		6 small Caw's ink, at 5 cents	30	
		1 tablet	10	
		14. 3 dozen scratch books, No. 4030, at $1.08	3 24	
		3 dozen scratch books, No. 5004, at 55 cents	1 65	
		3 dozen scratch books, No. 5005, at 77 cents	2 31	
		3 dozen scratch books, No. 5006, at 80 cents	2 40	
		½ dozen bankers' inkstands, at $10.50	5 25	
		15. Engraving day on plate and 100 cards	1 10	

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		STATIONERY AND NEWSPAPERS—Continued.		
1884.				
June 16	47	Easton & Rupp—Continued.		
		1884.	$2 40	
		Apr. 15. 2 dozen memorandum books, assorted	1 90	
		19. Engraving address and 200 cards	1 90	
		Erasing address and 200 cards	1 50	
		22. 1 dozen letter tablets	80	
		1 dozen note tablets	14 40	
		½ dozen inkstands, at $19.20	1 20	
		6 ½ pints Caw's ink, at 20 cents	80	
		24. 100 cards and printing	1 00	
		28. Repairing stylographic pen	1 50	
		Engraving seal	1 50	
		29. 480 ½ sheets linen cap	2 75	
		½ dozen quarts red ink, at $5.50	1 63	
		½ dozen pints red ink, at $3.25	80	
		30. 100 cards and printing	1 70	
		Engraving plate and 100 cards	1 00	
		May 1. 4 bottles perfumed paste, at 25 cents	2 75	
		½ dozen quarts mucilage, at $5.50	1 13	
		½ dozen stands mucilage, at $2.25	1 85	
		2. Engraving plate and 50 cards	1 70	
		Engraving plate and 100 cards	2 70	
		5. 6 B. B. indexes, at 45 cents	1 25	
		Stamping 2 boxes paper	11 50	
		6. 2 M envelopes, 5½ by 8½, at $5.75	35	
		100 Bristol cards	3 24	
		7. 3 dozen scratch books, No. 4046, at $1.08	8 25	
		8. 5 reams 10-lb letter, at $1.65	9 90	
		5 reams 12-lb letter, at $1.98	80	
		100 cards and printing	1 60	
		12. 200 cards and printing		$225 99
	48	J. N. Camden:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		43 13
18	49	New York Times:		
		For the Semi-Weekly Times furnished during the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress to Hon. J. Z. George, from December 3, 1883, to June 3, 1884		1 50
	50	The Times Publishing Company:		
		For the Philadelphia Weekly Times, furnished during the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress to Hon. J. Z. George, from December 5, 1883, to June 5, 1884		1 00
	51	New York Tribune:		
		For the Semi-Weekly Tribune, furnished during the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress to Hon. J. Z. George, from December 3, 1883, to June 3, 1884		1 25
	52	Houghton, Mifflin & Co:		
		For the 2d Weed, furnished during the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress to the Hon. C. W. Jones		3 75
19	53	Chicago Times:		
		For the Times, furnished during the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress to the following named members of the United States Senate, viz:		
		Hon. J. Z. George, weekly, from December 3, 1883, to June 3, 1884	65	
		Hon. J. A. Logan, daily, from December 4, 1883, to June 30, 1884	7 25	
				7 90
	54	C. A. Calso, jr.:		
		For the Daily Register, furnished during the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress to Hon. M. C. Butler, from December 8, 1883, to June 8, 1884		4 50
	55	Wm. Ballantyne & Son:		
		May 1. 10 key chains, at 12½ cents	1 25	
		5gross Faber's hexagonal No. 2 pencils, at $5.62	28 10	
		5. 5 ½ reams 14-lb. cap paper, at $2.31	128 78	
		25½ reams 10-lb. letter paper, at $1.65	39 19	
		23 reams 10-lb. letter paper, at $1.65	41 25	
		13. 15 great gross bands, each, No. 11, at $1.16; No. 14, at $1.54; No. 15, at $1.67	4 37	
		12 gross bands, No. 32, at 42 cents	5 04	
		30 gross steel pens, at 59 cents	17 70	
		15. 1 Todd's index	2 25	
		22. 57 reams 10-lb. letter paper, at $1.65	94 05	
		26. 2 dozen quarts M. & N. ink, at $3.50	7 00	
		27. 1 dozen pints M. & N. ink	2 15	
		1 birthday book	1 00	
				372 13

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		STATIONERY AND NEWSPAPERS—Continued.		
1884.				
June 23	56	George F. Hoar:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		$99
24	57	Boston Journal:		
		For the daily Journal, furnished during the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress to the following named members of the United States Senate, viz:		
		Hon. H. W. Blair, December 5, 1883, to June 30, 1884	$3 44	
		Hon. H. L. Dawes, December 5, 1883, to June 30, 1884	3 44	
		Hon. W. P. Frye, December 1, 1883, to June 1, 1884	3 00	
				9
	58	The Boston Herald:		
		For the daily Herald, furnished during the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress to the Hon. H. W. Blair, December 5, 1883, to June 30, 1884		3
	59	The New York Sun:		
		For the daily Sun, furnished during the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress to the Hon. J. Z. George, November 28, 1883, to June 30, 1884		3
	60	The New York World:		
		For the daily World, furnished during the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress to the Hon. B. F. Jonas, December 5, 1883, to June 5, 1884	3 75	
		Hon. B. F. Jonas, June 19, 1884, to June 30, 1884	25	
				4
	61	The New York Tribune:		
		For the daily Tribune, furnished during the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress to the following named members of the United States Senate, viz:		
		Hon. H. W. Blair, December 5, 1883, to June 30, 1884	4 89	
		Hon. W. P. Frye, December 1, 1883, to June 1, 1884	4 25	
		Hon. J. R. Hawley, December 3, 1883, to June 30, 1884	4 91	
		Hon. E. G. Lapham, January 9, 1884, to June 30, 1884	4 02	
		Hon. J. A. Logan, December 4, 1883, to June 30, 1884	4 89	
		Hon. P. B. Plumb, December 5, 1883, to June 30, 1884	4 89	
		Hon. W. J. Sewell, December 5, 1883, to June 30, 1884	4 89	
				32
	62	The New York Herald:		
		For the daily Herald, furnished during the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress to the following named members of the United States Senate, viz:		
		Hon. H. W. Blair, December 5, 1883, to June 30, 1884	4 40	
		Hon. M. C. Butler, December 5, 1883, to June 30, 1884	4 40	
		Hon. J. Z. George, November 28, 1883, to June 30, 1884	4 40	
		Hon. J. T. Morgan, December 5, 1883, to June 30, 1884	4 40	
				17
	63	The Baltimore American:		
		For the daily American, furnished during the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress to Hon. A. P. Gorman, December 4, 1883, to June 30, 1884		4
	64	The Baltimore Sun:		
		For the daily Sun, furnished during the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress to the Hon. A. P. Gorman, December 4, 1883, to June 30, 1884		3
	65	The Pittsfield Eagle:		
		For the daily Eagle, furnished during the first session of the Forty-eight Congress to the Hon. H. L. Dawes, December 5, 1883, to June 30, 1884		2
	66	The Albany Express:		
		For the daily Express, furnished during the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress to the Hon. E. G. Lapham, May 10, 1884, to June 30, 1884		1
	67	The Landmark:		
		For the Landmark, furnished during the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress to the Hon. Z. B. Vance, December 4, 1883, to June 30, 1884		1
	68	The Economist:		
		For the Economist, furnished during the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress to the Hon. Z. B. Vance, November 26, 1883, to June 30, 1884		1
	69	The News and Courier:		
		For the daily News and Courier, furnished during the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress to the Hon. M. C. Butler, December 5, 1883, to June 30, 1884		5
	70	The Chronicle (Raleigh):		
		For the Chronicle, furnished during the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress to the Hon. Z. B. Vance, December 4, 1883, to June 30, 1884		1

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &C.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		STATIONERY AND NEWSPAPERS—Continued.		
1884.				
June 24	71	The Farmer and Mechanic:		
		For the Farmer and Mechanic, furnished during the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress to the Hon. Z. B. Vance, December 4, 1883, to June 30, 1884		$1 00
	72	The National Republican:		
		For the daily Republican, furnished during the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress to the following members of the United States Senate, viz:		
		Hon. H. B. Anthony, January 4, 1884, to June 30, 1884	$2 96	
		Hon. J. B. Beck, December 3, 1883, to June 30, 1884	3 48	
		Hon. G. F. Edmunds, November 3, 1883, to June 30, 1884	3 98	
		Hon. J. G. Harris, December 5, 1883, to June 30, 1884	3 44	
		Hon. B. Harrison, November 30, 1883, to June 30, 1884	3 50	
		Hon. E. G. Lapham, January 9, 1884, to June 30, 1884	2 88	
		Hon. W. J. Sewell, December 5, 1883, to June 30, 1884	3 44	
				23 68
	73	The Capital:		
		For the Capital, furnished during the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress to the Hon. George F. Edmunds, December 4, 1883, to June 30, 1884		1 75
	74	The Chronicle:		
		For the Sunday Chronicle, furnished during the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress to the Hon. E. G. Lapham, January 9 to June 30, 1884		1 75
	75	The Critic:		
		For the daily Critic, furnished during the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress to Hon. E. G. Lapham, January 9 to June 30, 1884		2 00
	76	H. E. Jackson:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		91 36
	77	L. Q. C. Lamar:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		78 19
	78	H. H. Riddleberger:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		45 05
	79	T. M. Bowen:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		57 94
	80	H. W. Blair:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		63 87
26	81	The New York Times:		
		For the daily Times, furnished during the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress to the following members of the United States Senate, viz:		
		Hon. H. B. Anthony, January 4 to June 30, 1884	3 75	
		Hon. H. W. Blair, December 5, 1883, to June 30, 1884	4 50	
		Hon. G. F. Edmunds, November 3, 1883, to June 30, 1884	5 00	
		Hon. P. B. Plumb, December 5, 1883, to June 30, 1884	4 50	
		Hon. G. F. Edmunds, December 26, 1883, to February 27, 1884	60	
				18 35
	82	The News-Observer:		
		For the News-Observer, furnished during the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress to Hon. Z. B. Vance, December 4, 1883, to June 30, 1884		4 00
	83	The Post:		
		For the Washington Daily Post, furnished during the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress to the following-named members of the United States Senate, viz:		
		Hon. H. B. Anthony, January 4 to June 30, 1884	4 12	
		Hon. J. B. Beck, December 3, 1883, to June 30, 1884	4 86	
		Hon. M. C. Butler, December 5, 1883, to June 30, 1884	4 80	
		Hon. I. G. Harris, December 1, 1883, to June 30, 1884	4 90	
		Hon. E. G. Lapham, January 9 to June 30, 1884	4 00	
		Hon. J. L. Pugh, December 1, 1883, to June 30, 1884	4 90	
				27 58
	84	The Boston Budget:		
		For the Budget, furnished during the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress to the Hon. George F. Edmunds, December 10, 1883, to June 30, 1884		1 40
	85	The Springfield Republican:		
		For the daily Republican, furnished during the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress to the Hon. H. L. Dawes, December 5, 1883, to June 30, 1884		6 30

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		STATIONERY AND NEWSPAPERS—Continued.		
1884.				
June 26	86	The Kansas City Journal:		
		For the daily Journal, furnished during the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress to the Hon. P. B. Plumb, December 5, 1883, to June 30, 1884		$5 00
	87	The Kansas City Times:		
		For the daily Times, furnished during the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress to the Hon. P. B. Plumb, December 5, 1883, to June 30, 1884		5 87
	88	C. W. Jones:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		59 96
	89	S. B. Maxey:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		80 69
	90	I. G. Harris:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		76 21
	91	The Evening Star:		
		For the daily Star, furnished during the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress to the following named members of the United States Senate, viz:		
		Hon. H. B. Anthony, January 4, to June 30, 1884	$2 64	
		Hon. G. F. Edmunds, November 3, 1883, to June 30, 1884	3 52	
		Hon. E. G. Lapham, May 10 to June 30, 1884	74	
				6 90
	92	J. E. Brown:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		71 83
	93	J. S. Morrill:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		90 10
	94	A. P. Gorman:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		42 09
	95	T. F. Bayard:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		115 66
	96	R. Coke:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		108 45
28	97	For the North Carolina Directory, furnished the Hon. Z. B Vance for 1884		5 00
	98	J. E. Kenna:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		93 31
	99	P. Sawyer:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		114 81
	100	O. H. Platt:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		62 76
	101	A. H. Colquitt:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		96 94
	102	A. Cameron:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		81 85
	103	J. S. Williams:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		108 66
	104	A. F. Pike:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		70 01
	105	W. Call:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		59 89
	106	F. M. Cockrell:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		71 83
	107	J. Sherman:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		100 65
	108	J. F. Wilson:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		97 32
	109	O. D. Conger:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		56 91

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &C.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		STATIONERY AND NEWSPAPERS—Continued.		
1884.				
June 28	110	E. Saulsbury:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		$110 21
	111	B. F. Jonas:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		91 78
	112	J. J. Ingalls:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		98 84
	113	J. P. Jones:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		99 35
30	114	J. B. Beck:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		80 72
	115	J. D. Walker:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		41 10
	116	A. H. Garland:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		88 88
	117	J. N. Dolph:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		47 99
	118	J. D. Cameron:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		58 66
	119	D. W. Voorhees:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		38 24
	120	J. R. McPherson:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		109 73
	121	J. R. Hawley:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		74 35
	122	J. T. Farley:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		99 45
	123	M. W. Ransom:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		96 05
	124	J. H. Slater:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		105 96
	125	G. H. Pendleton:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		84 68
	126	C. F. Manderson:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		82 99
	127	W. Hampton:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		55 76
	128	J. G. Fair:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		125 00
	129	R. L. Gibson:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		50 09
	130	The Times-Democrat:		
		For the Times-Democrat, furnished during the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress to Hon. J. R. Hawley, December 4, 1883, to June 30, 1884		6 80
	131	B. Harrison:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		98 32
	132	G. G. Vest:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		94 15
	133	J. L. Pugh:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		87 80
	134	J. F. Miller:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		82 25

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		STATIONERY AND NEWSPAPERS—Continued.		
1884.				
June 30	135	J. B. Groome:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		$86 75
	136	W. Miller:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		64 17
	137	T. W. Palmer:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		7 12
	138	P. B. Plumb:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		41 23
	139	W. Mahone:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		30 19
	140	J. I. Mitchell:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		100 92
	141	J. T. Morgan:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		69 59
	142	S. J. R. McMillan:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		122 77
	143	N. P. Hill:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		93 53
	144	W. P. Frye:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		75 11
	145	W. B. Allison:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		120 64
	146	Z. B. Vance:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		46 55
	147	The Anson Times:		
		For the Times furnished during the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress to Hon. Z. B. Vance, December 4, 1883, to June 30, 1884		1 18
	148	H. B. Anthony:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		13 24
	149	E. Hale:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		119 97
	150	S. M. Cullom:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		99 8[illegible]
	151	H. L. Dawes:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		30 9[illegible]
	152	C. H. Van Wyck:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		111 8
	153	E. G. Lapham:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		43 6
	154	W. J. Sewell:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		95 [illegible]
	155	G. F. Edmunds:		
		For commutation of allowance for stationery and newspapers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884		73 [illegible]
	156	The Chicago Journal:		
		For the Evening Journal furnished during the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress to Hon. John A. Logan, December 4, 1883, to June 30, 1884		5 [illegible]
	157	The Philadelphia Press Company:		
		For the daily Press, furnished during the first session of the Forty-eigth Congress to the following-named members of the United States Senate:		
		Hon. N. W. Aldrich, March 31 to June 30, 1884	$2 00	
		Hon. W. J. Sewell, December 5, 1883, to June 30, 1884	4 55	
				6

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		STATIONERY AND NEWSPAPERS—Continued.		
1883.				
June 30	158	The Observer:		
		For the Fayetteville Observer, furnished during the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress to Hon. Z. B. Vance, December 4, 1883, to June 30, 1884		$1 20
	159	Easton & Rupp:		
		1884.		
		June 30. For ½ dozen bottles liquid paste, at $1.35		45
		By amount expended		10,307 61
		By amount on hand		35
		To amount drawn	$10,307 96	
			10,307 96	10,307 96
		HORSES AND MAIL WAGONS.		
1884.				
Jan. 2	1	J. M. Boyce *et al.*, pay-roll for December, 1883:		
		J. M. Boyce, 1 month	75 00	
		Richard Brown, 31 days, at $1.25	38 75	
		P. J. McCrink, 31 days, at $1	31 00	
		Henry Morris, 31 days, at $1	31 00	
		Benjamin A. Johnson, 21 days (11th to 31st), at $1	21 00	
				196 75
10	2	J. McDermott & Bros.:		
		1883.		
		Nov. 2. 2 gums in shafts, 6 bolts, and repairing clips	2 50	
		23. New back curtains, knobs, and strap..s	4 25	
				6 75
17	3	Lutz & Bro.:		
		July 26. Repairing 2 horse-brushes	50	
		Aug. 13. 2 bridle-fronts	1 00	
		21. Repairing halters and harness	2 50	
		Oct. 1. Repairing harness	1 75	
		16. 1 horse-brush and 2 currycombs	2 00	
		Nov. 5. 2 riding bridles	5 00	
		Repairing saddle, $1.50; saddle-cloth, $2.50	4 00	
		16. 1 horse-blanket, $5.00; 1 bit, $1.50	6 50	
		26. 1 extra heavy breast-collar	8 50	
		Dec. 14. 1 bridle, $2.50; 1 bit, $1.50	4 00	
		1 hitch-strap	75	
				36 50
30	4	J. M. Boyce *et al.*, pay-roll for January 7, 1884:		
		J. M. Boyce, 31 days' service, at $75 per month	75 00	
		Richard Brown, 31 days' service, at $1.25 per diem	38 75	
		Patrick J. McCrink, 31 days' service, at $1 per diem	31 00	
		Henry Morris, 31 days' service, at $1 per diem	31 00	
		B. A. Johnson, 25 days' service (1st to 25th, inclusive), at $1 per diem	25 00	
				200 75
Feb. 18	5	J. Ribiere:		
		Sept. 21. For medical treatment for one horse, inflammatory colic	6 00	
		25. Liniment for lameness in horse	2 00	
				8 00
28	6	J. M. Boyce *et al.*, pay-roll for February, 1884:		
		J. M. Boyce, 1 month	75 00	
		Richard Brown, 29 days, at $1.25	36 25	
		Patrick J. McCrink, 17 days, from 1st to 17th, at $1	17 00	
		Henry Morris, 29 days, at $1	29 00	
		Zelophehad Duvall, 12 days, from 18th to 29th, at $1	12 00	
				169 25
Mar. 10	7	M. Dillon:		
		1884.		
		Mar. 1. For 3½ days' services as mason, repairing and fixing up stalls at the U. S. Senate stables, from the 15th February, 1884, to date, at $2.50		8 75
	8	J. Flaherty:		
		Mar. 1. For 6 days' services as laborer, repairing and fixing up stalls at the U. S. Senate stables, from the 15th February, 1884, to date, at $2		12 00
	9	John W. Stewart:		
		Mar. 1. For 12 days' services as carpenter, repairing and fixing up stalls at the U. S. Senate stables, from February 15, 1884, to date, at $3		36 00
	10	William Rosse:		
		Mar. 1. For 13 days' services as carpenter, repairing and fixing up stalls at the U. S. Senate stables, from February 15, 1884, to date, at $3		39 00

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continu

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Tot
		HORSES AND MAIL WAGONS—Continued.		
1884.				
Mar. 10	11	J. Given:		
		1884.		
		Mar. 1. For 5 days' services as laborer, repairing and fixing up stalls at the U. S. Senate stables, from February 15, 1884, to date, at $1,75		
	12	C. Kennedy:		
		Feb. 25. For 5 barrels Rosendale cement, furnished for repairs of U. S. Senate stables, at $2		
11	13	C. Schneider's Sons:		
		1883.		
		Dec. 29. For the following material, furnished for the repairs of the U. S. Senate, viz:		
		7 stall-guards at $7.50	$52 50	
		7 mangers, at $3	21 00	
		7 stall-grates, at $2.50	17 50	
12	14	E. E. Jackson & Co.:		
		1884.		
		Jan. 24. For the following material, furnished for the repairs to the U. S. Senate stables, viz:		
		14 turned and ground cedar posts, 9 by 10 feet long	31 50	
		Feb. 8. 512 feet, 2 by 6, Georgia pine, dressed, 4½	23 04	
		96 feet, 3 by 4, Georgia pine, 16 dressed, 4½	4 32	
		144 feet Georgia pine, 16 rough, 4	5 76	
		320 feet, 2, Georgia pine, 4	12 80	
		26. 162 feet, 2 by 6, Georgia pine, 18 dressed, 2 S., 4½	7 29	
		64 feet, 3 by 4, Georgia pine, dressed 4 S., 4½	2 88	
		114 feet, 4 by 4, 18 and 16, R., 4	4 56	
26	15	Morris Whitaker:		
		Mar. 25. 6 barrels of corn for U. S. Senate stables, at $3.20		
	16	E. B. Lafferty:		
		Mar. 21. 2,355 pounds straw for U. S. Senate stables, at 65 cents per cwt		
28	17	John McDermott & Bro:		
		Jan. —. Repairing hay-knife	50	
		Feb. 6. Mending large rubber curtain and knobs at U. S. Senate stables	4 25	
	18	Amos Joffrey:		
		Mar. 18. 4,545 pounds hay, U. S. Senate stables, at 65 cents per cwt		
29	19	J. M. Boyce *et al.*, pay-roll for March, 1884:		
		J. M. Boyce, March 1 to 10, at $75 per month	24 20	
		Pat. O'Hare, March 11 to 31, at $75 per month	50 80	
		Richard Brown, 31 days, at $1.25 per day	38 75	
		Henry Morris, 31 days, at $1 per day	31 00	
		Z. Duvall, 31 days, at $1 per day	31 00	
				1
Apr. 15	20	J. J. Lanahan:		
		1883.		
		July 2. 2 shoes	1 00	
		6. 2 shoes, $1; 11th, 4 shoes, $2; 13th, 2 shoes, $1	4 00	
		16. 2 shoes, $1; 19th, 2 shoes, $1; Aug. 1, 6 shoes, $3	5 00	
		Aug. 14. 4 shoes, $2; 20th, 2 shoes, $1; Sept. 1, 4 shoes, $2	5 00	
		Sept. 14. 8 shoes, $4; 19th, 4 shoes, $2; Oct. 6, 2 shoes, $1	7 00	
		Oct. 4. 2 shoes, $1; 15th, 4 shoes, $2; 24th, 4 shoes, $2	5 00	
		29. 2 shoes, $1; Nov. 7, 4 shoes, $2; 12th, 4 shoes, $2	5 00	
		Nov. 20. 4 shoes, $2; Dec. 2, 4 shoes, $2; 5th, 8 shoes, $4	8 00	
		Dec. 6. 4 shoes, $2; 11th, 4 shoes, $2; 17th, 8 shoes, $4	8 00	
		Dec. 18. 4 shoes, $2; 24th, 4 shoes and 8 toed, $5	7 00	
		26. 4 shoes and toed	3 50	
		1884.		
		Jan. 5. 6 shoes and 2 toed, $3.75; 7th, 8 shoes, $4; 8th, 4 shoes, $2	9 75	
		9. 8 shoes, $4; 10th, 8 removes and toed, $3	7 00	
		15. 8 removes and toed, $3; 16th, 4 removes toed, $1.50	4 50	
		17. 8 removes toed, $3; 21st, 4 shoes, $2	5 00	
		Feb. 6. 2 shoes, $1; 7th, 4 shoes, $2; 8th, 8 shoes, $4	7 00	
		13. 4 shoes, $2; 14th, 4 shoes, $2; 21st, 4 shoes, $2	6 00	
		26. 4 shoes, $2; 27th, 4 shoes, $2; Mar. 1, 4 shoes, $2	6 00	
		Mar. 8. 4 shoes, $2; 10th, 8 shoes, $4; 19th, 4 shoes, $2	8 00	
		21. 12 shoes	6 00	
				1

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		HORSES AND MAIL WAGONS—Continued.		
1884.				
Apr. 18	21	John Harrington:		
		1884.		
		Apr. 18. 2,555 pounds of hay, furnished Senate stables, at 90 cents per cwt		$23 00
30	22	P. O'Hare *et al.*, pay-roll for April, 1884:		
		Pat. O'Hare, 30 days, at $75 per month	$75 00	
		Richard Brown, 30 days, at $1.25 per day	37 50	
		Henry Morris, 30 days, at $1 per day	30 00	
		Zelophehad Duvall, 30 days, at $1 per day	30 00	
				172 50
May 1	23	L. D. Houck:		
		Mar. 12. Repairing 3 halters	77	
		Repairing 2 halter-straps	1 36	
		Repairing traces	20	
		Repairing breast-collar	10	
		13. Repairing snap on halter-straps	15	
		Repairing girth	25	
		Repairing curtains	2 00	
		14. Covering shafts	2 00	
		6 weight-straps	4 50	
		22. Repairing 2 halters	50	
		Repairing bridle	35	
		Repairing halter-straps	40	
		24. Repairing bridle	50	
		Repairing halter-straps	75	
		25. Repairing rein	20	
				13 95
2	24	James Wood:		
		Apr. 15. Amount paid for repair of wagon		1 25
5	25	George Motts:		
		Mar. 15. 1 pair fine blankets, fancy, corded	16 00	
		1 pair heavy wool blankets	12 00	
		1 pair rubber horse-covers	8 00	
				36 00
29	26	W. D. Wyvill:		
		Mar. 12. 4 currycombs, at 35 cents	1 40	
		2 4-tine forks, at 75 cents	1 50	
		2 scoop-shovels, at $1 75	3 50	
		6 stable-brooms and handles, at 75 cents	4 50	
		4 horse-brushes, at $2.50	10 00	
		4 dandy brushes, at 50 cents	2 00	
		1 farrier's hammer	75	
		1 pair of pincers	1 10	
		1 farrier's knife	60	
		1 horse-rasp	75	
		4 4-string corn brooms, at 50 cents	2 00	
		1 basin	25	
		7 pounds horseshoe-nails, at 25 cents	1 75	
				30 10
31	27	Pat. O'Hare, *et al.*:		
		Pat. O'Hare, 31 days, at $75 per month	75 00	
		Richard Brown, 31 days, at $1.25 per day	38 75	
		Henry Morris, 31 days, at $1 per day	31 00	
		Dennis C. Evans, 25 days (7th to 31st), at $1 per day	25 00	
		Erastus Green, 9 days (23d to 31st), at $1 per day	9 00	
				178 75
June 13	28	Wash. Naylor:		
		June 9. 1 grey horse, 15½ hands high and 9 years old, for use of U. S. Senate stables		125 00
18	29	Z. D. Gilman:		
		Mar. 13. ½ dozen Nailor's liniment, for stables	4 50	
		17. ½ dozen Mustang liniment	2 50	
		½ gallon castor oil	1 25	
		1 quart turpentine	15	
		1 pint arnica	50	
				8 90
28	30	A. W. Kellogg:		
		May 5. Needles and thread for repair of harness	20	
		16. Washing and repairing 4 horse-covers	80	
		27. Clover for horses	50	
		June 4. Clover for horses	75	
		10. Clover for horses	75	
		17. Clover for horses	85	
				3 85
	31	W. M. Galt & Co.:		
		Jan. 17. 30 bushels oats, at 50 cents	15 00	
		6 bushels meal, at 65 cents	3 90	
		12 bushels bran, at 20 cents	2 40	
		28. 30 bushels oats, at 50 cents	15 00	

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued

Date.	No. of vouches.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		HORSES AND MAIL WAGONS—Continued.		
1884.				
June 26	31	W. M. Galt & Co.:		
		Jan. 28. 6 bushels meal, at 65 cents	$3 90	
		12 bushels bran, at 25 cents	3 00	
		Feb. 6. 30 bushels oats, at 50 cents	15 00	
		6 bushels meal, at 65 cents	3 90	
		12 bushels bran, at 25 cents	3 00	
		16. 30 bushels oats, at 50 cents	15 00	
		19. 6 bushels meal, at 65 cents	3 90	
		12 bushels bran, at 25 cents	3 00	
		25. 30 bushels oats, at 50 cents	15 00	
		Mar. 4. 30 bushels oats, at 50 cents	15 00	
		10. 8 bushels meal, at 70 cents	5 60	
		16 bushels bran, at 25 cents	4 00	
		25 bushels oats, at 50 cents	12 50	
				$139
26	32	W. M. Galt & Co.:		
		Mar. 18. 25 bushels oats, at 50 cents	12 50	
		25 pounds rock salt, at 3 cents	75	
		22. 4 bushels meal, at 70 cents	2 80	
		8 bushels bran, at 25 cents	2 00	
		27. 4 bushels meal, at 70 cents	2 80	
		8 bushels bran, at 25 cents	2 00	
		25 bushels oats, at 50 cents	12 50	
		28. 16 pounds flaxseed meal, at 7 cents	1 12	
		31. 8 bushels meal, at 65 cents	5 20	
		16 bushels bran, at 20 cents	3 20	
		Apr. 5. 25 bushels oats, at 50 cents	12 50	
		8 bushels of meal, at 65 cents	5 20	
		16 bushels bran, at 25 cents	4 00	
		17. 25 bushels oats, at 50 cents	12 50	
		4 bushels meal, at 65 cents	2 60	
		8 bushels bran, at 25 cents	2 00	
		25. 25 bushels oats, at 50 cents	12 50	
		8 bushels bran, at 25 cents	2 00	
		4 bushels meal, at 65 cents	2 60	
		May 5. 8 bushels meal, at 65 cents	5 20	
		16 bushels bran, at 22 cents	3 52	
		½ bushel oil-meal	50	
		14. 2 bales hay, 265 pounds, at $1	2 65	
		17. 8 bushels meal, at 70 cents	5 60	
		16 bushels bran, at 22 cents	3 52	
				121
	33	S. D. Houck:		
		May 5. Repairing brush	25	
		1 halter-strap	75	
		Repairing 2 covers, at 75 cents; 1 halter, at $3	2 75	
		Repairing bridle, at 25 cents; 2 hame-straps, at 50 cents	75	
		15. Repairing bridle, at 20 cents; repairing halter, at 10 cents	30	
		Lining	1 50	
		1 pair stirrups	1 50	
		27. Repairing halter	25	
		Repairing traces	1 00	
		Repairing breeching-strap	25	
		Repairing breast-collar	75	
		Repairing harness	1 30	
		Repairing bridle	25	
		1 halter	2 00	
		1 halter	75	
		1 bridle-bit	1 50	
				15
27	34	John McDermott & Bros.:		
		Apr. 18. Strips and screws for seat of wagon	75	
		1 T-head bolt for wagon	20	
		29. 3 new bolts for wagon	60	
		Repair of shafts of wagon	50	
		May 3. 2 rivets for wagon	15	
		Steel pole-stop for wagon	25	
		17. Repairing step and 3 new bolts	1 25	
		New ring for wagon	25	
		June 5. Repairing rims to wagon-wheels	75	
		2 new tires and bolts, setting and countersinking	8 50	
		Repairing 2 tires	2 00	
		16 tire-bolts for wagon	1 00	
		1 ring for wagon	25	
		9. Setting 4 tires	3 00	
		56 new bolts	1 25	
		1 axle-washer	40	
				21

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		HORSES AND MAIL WAGONS—Continued.		
1884.				
June 27	35	P. O'Hare *et al.*, pay-roll for June, 1884:		
		P. O'Hare, 1 month, at $75	$75 00	
		Richard Brown, 30 days, at $1.25	37 50	
		Henry Morris, 30 days, at $1	30 00	
		Dennis C. Evans, 30 days, at $1	30 00	
				$172 50
	36	L. H. Schneider & Son:		
		1884.		
		Apr. 30. 1 handsaw for repairing wagon	90	
		2 stable-brooms and handles	80	
		1 pound copper rivets and bars for repair of harness	30	
		1 pair horse-scissors	90	
		1 revolving steel punch for repairing harness	1 60	
		2 dozen carriage-knobs for mail-wagon	20	
		May 12. 4 pounds hoop-iron for repairing feed-trough	24	
		1 steel punch for repairing feed-trough	10	
		June 16. 4 dandy brushes, at 40 cents	1 60	
		No. 135 Bailey plane for repairing wagon	1 75	
		23. 8 pounds manila rope for repairing halters	1 44	
		8 staple rings and screws for stables	1 00	
				10 83
28	37	J. J. Lanahan:		
		Mar. 31. Putting 4 shoes on horses	2 00	
		Apr. 2. Putting 8 shoes on horses	4 00	
		7. Putting 4 shoes on horses	2 00	
		10. Putting 1 shoe on horse	50	
		16. Putting 7 shoes on horses	3 50	
		17. Putting 4 shoes on horses	2 00	
		28. Putting 4 shoes on horses	2 00	
		30. Putting 6 shoes on horses	3 00	
		May 3. Putting 8 shoes on horses	4 00	
		9. Putting 4 shoes on horses	2 00	
		13. Putting 4 shoes on horses	2 00	
		16. Putting 10 shoes on horses	5 00	
		20. Putting 2 shoes on horses	1 00	
		23. Putting 4 shoes on horses	2 00	
		26. Putting 8 shoes on horses	4 00	
		29. Putting 4 shoes on horses	2 00	
		31. Putting 6 shoes on horses	3 00	
		June 2. Putting 2 shoes on horses	1 00	
		9. Putting 8 shoes on horses	4 00	
		10. Putting 2 shoes on horses	1 00	
		11. Putting 8 shoes on horses	4 00	
		12. Putting 4 shoes on horses	2 00	
		16. Putting 4 shoes on horses	2 00	
		19. Putting 2 shoes on horses	1 00	
				59 00
30	38	R. C. Hewett:		
		June 6. 30 bushels oats, at 48 cents	14 40	
		7. 475 pounds long hay, at 90 cents	4 27	
		11. 526 pounds long hay, at 90 cents	4 73	
		13. 30 bushels oats, at 48 cents	14 40	
		16 bushels bran, at 20 cents	3 20	
		8 bushels corn-meal, at 65 cents	5 20	
		20. 30 bushels oats, at 48 cents	14 40	
		210 pounds straw, at 80 cents	1 68	
		15 pounds flaxseed meal, at 8 cents	1 20	
		27. 16 bushels bran, at 20 cents	3 20	
		8 bushels meal, at 65 cents	5 20	
		1,000 pounds straw, at 75 cents	7 50	
		245¼ bushels oats, at 46 cents	112 81	
				192 19
	39	F. P. May & Co.:		
		Mar. 29. 1 12-inch wagon-wrench	90	
		1 pair cutters for repairing wagon	1 75	
		1 galvanized ash-shovel	15	
		1 gallon neatsfoot oil for harness	1 30	
		1 gallon can	35	
				4 45
	40	Z. D. Gilman:		
		June 20. For castile soap for Senate stables		21
		By amount expended		2,608 23
		To amount drawn	2,608 23	
			2,608 23	2,608 23

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		FUEL AND OIL FOR HEATING APPARATUS.		
1884.				
Jan. 18	1	Washington Post:		
		1883.		
		Sept. 19. Advertising proposals for fuel	$4 80	
		25 papers	75	
				$5 55
Feb. 19	2	T. B. Cross, jr.:		
		1884.		
		Feb. 14. 42 cords oak wood, sawed and stored in vaults for United States Senate, at $5.98	251 58	
		50 cords pine wood, stored, at $3.89	194 50	
				446 08
Mar. 27	3	The Evening Critic:		
		Mar. 17. Advertising proposals for wood and coal for United States Senate, 17 lines, 3 times		4 76
31	4	W. D. Wyvill:		
		Mar. 3. 390 pounds cotton waste, at 15 cents		58 50
May 8	5	T. B. Cross, jr.:		
		Apr. 1. 143 11/16 tons white ash furnace coal, at $5.50	786 91	
		20½ cords oak wood, cut in 3 pieces, at $5.50	112 75	
				899 66
	6	T. B. Cross, jr.:		
		Jan. 22. One ton stove coal and storing, furnished Committee on Manufactures (for immediate consumption)		7 25
June 30	7	T. B. Cross, jr.:		
		June 28. 9 7/16 tons white ash furnace coal, at $5.50		50 65
		By amount expended		1,472 45
		By amount on hand		1 95
		To amount drawn	1,474 40	1,474 40
		FURNITURE AND REPAIRS.		
Jan 2	1	J. R. Zimmerman:		
		1883.		
		Dec. 31. For services as upholsterer and cabinet-maker for month of December, 1883, 31 days, at $3.50		108 50
	2	Bernard Broecker:		
		Dec. 31. For services as carpenter, making, repairing, altering, and varnishing furniture for United States Senate for month of December, 1883, 31 days, at $2.50		77 50
	3	J. W. Boteler & Son:		
		Oct. 22. 1 pair brass andirons	58 30	
		1 brass fender	71 50	
		1 fire-set complete	44 00	
		1 umbrella-stand	15 00	
		27. 1 umbrella-stand	35 00	
		1 pair brass andirons	58 30	
		1 handsome screen, Vice-President's room	72 00	
		1 handsome 4-fold screen	65 00	
		1 handsome 2-fold screen	22 00	
		1 handsome 3-fold screen	18 00	
		9 rattan screens	45 00	
		Dec. 6. 1 dome-fender	6 50	
		1 brass spark-guard	12 00	
		1 brass fender	15 00	
		1 pair brass andirons	9 00	
		1 brass fire-set	18 00	
		10. 1 large brass fender	45 00	
		1 brass fire-set	44 00	
				653 60
	4	Lorenzo Rice:		
		Oct. 31. For cleaning carpets for United States Senate, 2,646 yards, at 4 cents		105 84
	5	William McLean & Son:		
		July 30. 1,000 feet ¼ No. 1 dressed shelving	36 00	
		Aug. 7. 10 feet ¾ prime walnut, at 18 cents	1 80	
		36 feet walnut wainscoting, at 20 cents	7 20	
		36 feet ash wainscoting, at 12 cents	4 32	
		Nov. 9 Turning 10 mahogany chair-rounds	2 50	
		Lot walnut pieces	1 25	
		22. 252 feet walnut wainscoting, at 20 cents	50 40	
		253 feet ash wainscoting, at 12 cents	30 36	
		366 feet ¼ extra wide, upper dressed, at 7½ cents	27 45	
		65 feet ¼ extra wide, upper, dressed, at 7 cents	4 55	

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		FURNITURE AND REPAIRS—Continued.		
1884.				
Jan. 2	5	William McLean & Son:		
		Nov. 22. 3 pieces 2½ by 2½ 16 No. 1 dressed, at 50 cents...	$1 50	
		28. 3 pieces 2½ by 2½ 16 No. 1, dressed, at 50 cents..	1 50	
				$168 83
7	6	John T. Mitchell:		
		Aug. 30. 8 yards green Silesia, at 15 cents.....	1 20	
		10 yards Crown cotton, at 12 cents	1 25	
		1 spool silk	10	
				2 55
9	7	W. B. Moses & Son:		
		Oct. 19. For renovating, repairing, and making over new cushions with crimson morocco 2 large sofas and 5 large arm-chairs for President's room, United States Senate	.....	375 00
	8	W. B. Moses & Son:		
		Aug. 9. 69½ square feet leather, at 35 cents	24 24	
		5 yards plush, $22.50; 1 piece gimp, $3.50; 1 gross buttons, 75 cents	26 75	
		Sept. 6. 2 pair gimp, $9; 6 yards burlap, 60 cents; 12 dozen leather buttons, $1.20.....	10 80	
		10. 4 shades and rollers made and hung	14 00	
		18. 12 yards hair-cloth, $15.10; 1 piece gimp, $1.50..	16 60	
		20. 1½ yards hair-cloth, $2.07; 2½ yards linolium, $3.13	5 20	
		24. 3 shades, $9; 2 pieces gimp, $1.20; 18 dozen buttons, 75 cents	10 95	
		Oct. 18. 4 yards billicord cloth, at $4.50.....	18 00	
		20. 20 extra large shades, tin rollers	100 00	
		26. 4 pairs shella curtains	360 00	
		31. 6 extra large shades and rollers, $30; 3½ yards cloth, $8.33	38 33	
		Nov. 1. 2 pair real lace curtains, $100; 2 brass poles complete, $50	150 00	
		2. 2½ yards cloth, $5.31; 2 yards baize, $5.50.....	10 81	
		10. 1½ yards cloth, $5.83; 1 screw and nut for chair, $2	7 83	
		19. 7 large shades and rollers	29 00	
		21. 2½ yards cloth, $9; 1 book-case, $25, document-room	34 00	
		24. 1 hall-rack, $120, Committee on Commerce; 1 roll-top desk, $65	185 00	
		21. 1 walnut case for telephone, $15; 1 carpet-sweeper, $5.....	20 00	
		resetting buttons on leather	10 00	
		27. 1 extra large double desk, $150, Committee on Claims; 1 book-case, Committee on Claims, $25.	175 00	
		1 large hair sofa, Printing Committee.....	85 00	
		Dec. 3. 2½ yards enameled cloth, $1.25; cushion material, $4.70	5 95	
		7. 1 walnut desk, Committee on Territories.....	110 00	
		1 office table, Senator Gorman.....	20 00	
		10. 59 shades made and hung	145 00	
		11. 2½ yards billicord cloth, $9.55; 2 yards hair-cloth, $2	11 55	
		13. 1 walnut hat-rack, $60; 4 large shelf-shades, $21.10	81 10	
		17. 3½ yards cord, 81 cents; 1 yard raw silk, $3.....	3 81	
		3 shades, $7; 4 yards cord, 50 cents	7 50	
		19. 1 roller-top desk, Sergeant-at-Arms' office.....	110 00	
		1 Congressional chair.....	12 00	
		1 yard billiard cloth	4 00	
				1,842 42
	9	W. B. Moses & Son:		
		Oct. 23. 21½ yards Napier matting, at 75 cents.....	15 94	
		Laying same.....	2 12	
		5 axminster rugs.....	40 00	
		24. 350 yards carpet lining, at 10 cents	35 00	
		25. 137½ yards Wilton carpet, document-room, at $3.10.....	426 25	
		125 yards Wilton carpet, Appropriations Committee room, at $3.10	387 50	
		94½ yards Wilton carpet, Sergeant-at-Arms' office, at $3.10.....	292 95	
		69½ yards Wilton carpet, Library Committee, at $3.10	215 45	
		95½ yards Wilton carpet, Pensions Committee, at $3.10	296 05	

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		FURNITURE AND REPAIRS—Continued.		
1884.				
Jan. 9	9	W. B. Moses & Son:		
		1883.		
		Oct. 25. 31½ yards Wilton carpet, Enrolled Bills, at $3.10	$97 65	
		157½ yards Wilton carpet, Patents, at $3.10	488 25	
		27. 43½ yards Wilton carpet, diplomatic gallery, at $3	129 75	
		100 yards lining, at 10 cents	10 00	
		31. 1½ yards linolium, at $1.25	2 18	
		Nov. 8. 120½ yards Napier matting, gallery, at 37½ cents	45 19	
		9. 50 yards Napier matting, at 56½ cents	28 12	
		10. 29½ yards Brussels carpet, at $1.60	47 60	
		20 yards lining, at 10 cents	2 00	
		26. 7½ yards matting, sewed and laid	8 34	
		27. 33½ yards Brussels carpet, at $1.60	53 20	
		21 yards lining, at 10 cents	2 10	
		28. 1 large Smyrna rug and mat	14 00	
		1 large Smyrna rug	8 00	
		Laying carpet in President's room	5 00	
		2 mats	4 50	
		Dec. 4. 3½ yards linolium, Pensions	4 38	
		1 Smyrna rug	3 50	
		6. 2 large Smyrna rugs, Rules Committee	16 00	
		1 large Smyrna mat	10 00	
				$2,691
	10	F. P. May & Co.:		
		Sept. 19. 1½ dozen papers 16-ounce tacks, at $2.10	3 15	
		2 dozen papers 14-ounce tacks, at $2.10	4 20	
		1 dozen paper 18-ounce tacks	2 48	
		1 dozen paper 4-ounce tacks	1 05	
		20. 2 riveting-hammers, at 37 cents	75	
		24. 2 sets socket-casters, at 60 cents	1 20	
		1 gross 1-inch screws	28	
		1 tumbler-lock	1 25	
		28. 1 piece picture wire	25	
		3 picture-hooks, at 5 cents	15	
		2 dozen picture-nails, at 20 cents	40	
		Oct. 27. 1 10-foot step-ladder, folding-room	3 00	
		Nov. 6. 3 dozen papers 16-ounce upholsterers' tacks, at $2.50	7 50	
		15. 1½ pounds gum packing, at 50 cents	63	
		23. 1 bronze lock	2 75	
		24. 1 gross 1½-inch screws, brass	1 25	
				30
	11	F. P. May & Co.:		
		Dec. 4. 1 night-latch and keys	3 00	
		2 drawer-locks, at $1	2 00	
		1 night-latch	2 50	
		4 pounds glue	1 00	
		1 quire sandpaper	25	
		6. 2 locks, at 90 cents	1 80	
		4 blank keys	20	
		3 brass locks, at 60 cents	1 80	
		1 pound finishing nails	15	
		2 pairs brass hangers and screws	40	
		14. 2 nickel rings	40	
		19. ½ dozen key-blanks	25	
		1 gross 1½-inch screws	58	
				14
Jan. 11	12	Wilmarth & Edmonston:		
		1884.		
		Dec. 20. 1 brass fender	15 75	
		Jan. 3. 1 pair brass andirons	9 50	
				25
12	13	J. B. Kendall:		
		1883.		
		Aug. 27. 4 hides green trimming leather, 222 feet, at 27 cents	59 94	
		2 balls tufting trimming, at 25 cents	50	
		1 ball spring trimming	20	
		1 roll webbing	1 20	
		Sept. 14. 3½ yards imitation leather, at $1.10	3 85	
				65
	14	J. B. Kendall:		
		Nov. 25. 1 side green trimming leather, 55 feet, at 25 cents		13
14	15	Lizzie Rupp:		
		1884.		
		Jan. 4. Caning chair-bottom for stationery-room		1

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		FURNITURE AND REPAIRS—Continued.		
1884.				
Jan. 16	16	Mary Fleming:		
		1883.		
		Dec. 21. Sewing 3 cushions for use of United States Senate committee rooms		$3 00
	17	A. Valmont:		
		Nov. 20. Doing up and repairing 8 pairs lace curtains	$18 00	
		Dec. 20. Doing up and mending 10 pairs lace curtains	24 00	
				42 00
	18	Mrs. S. Buffinton:		
		Dec. 18. 3 afghans for Vice-President's room, at $75		225 00
15	19	W. B. Moses & Son:		
		1884.		
		Jan. 10. 1 walnut standing desk for office of the Secretary of the Senate		16 00
19	20	H. Semken:		
		1883.		
		Nov. 21. 1 French clock, Appropriation Committee room	82 00	
		1 pair candlesticks, Vice-President's room	18 00	
				100 00
21	21	Ives, Bellamy & Co.:		
		Dec. 22. 1 umbrella-stand		32 00
	22	Ives, Bellamy & Co:		
		Nov. 13. 2 stands, Vice-President's room	150 00	
		1 umbrella-stand, Vice-President's room	32 00	
31	23	J. R. Zimmerman:		182 00
		1884.		
		Jan. 31. For services as upholsterer and cabinet maker, United States Senated uring January, 1884, 31 days, $3.50		108 50
31	24	Bernard Broecker:		
		Jan. 31. For services making, repairing, and varnishing furniture for United States Senate during January, 1884, 31 days, at $2.50		77 50
Feb. 5	25	William R. Lincoln:		
		Jan. 24. 1 leather chair, Vice-President		40 00
21	26	Francis Miller:		
		1883.		
		Dec. 11. 2 gallons oil finish	3 50	
		1 gallon turpentine	60	
29	27	D. A. Sadgwar:		4 10
		1884.		
		Feb. 29. For services as cabinet-maker and carpenter for the United States Senate from February 18 to 29, 1884, inclusive, 12 days, at $2.50 per day		30 00
	28	J. R. Zimmerman:		
		Feb. 29. For services as cabinet-maker and carpenter for the United States Senate from February 1 to 29, 1884, inclusive, 29 days, at $3.50 per day		101 50
	29	B. Broecker:		
		Feb. 29. For services as cabinet-maker and carpenter for the United States Senate from February 1 to 29, 1884, inclusive, 29 days, at $2.50 per day		72 50
Mar. 13	30	Mary Fleming:		
		Mar. 6. Making 11 curtains, Secretary's office, United States Senate		3 00
14	31	E. H. King:		
		Feb. 28. For making 1 large walnut table for Committee on Commerce, United States Senate		135 00
24	32	W. B. Moses & Son:		
		Mar. 11. For 1 fine cherry office chair for office of the Secretary of the Senate		14 00
26	33	W. B. Moses & Son:		
		1883.		
		Dec. 21. 1 walnut roller-desk, Committee on Agriculture	110 00	
		3 pairs of hooks and 3 pairs of loops	3 45	
		1 piece wire	31	
		2¼ yards billiard-cloth	9 94	
		31. 9 strips leather gimp	90	
		1884.		
		Jan. 3. 1 walnut cylinder desk, Committee on Commerce	75 00	
		11. 3¼ yards billiard-cloth, Committee on Pensions	12 67	
		19. 1 yard billiard-cloth, Committee on Pensions	4 00	
		21. 1 extra large mahogany table, to order, Committee on Finance	175 00	
		22. 16¼ yards Napier matting, sewed and laid	11 38	
		23. 1 walnut high-back stool	5 00	

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		FURNITURE AND REPAIRS—Continued.		
1884.				
Mar. 26	33	W. B. Moses & Son:		
		1884.		
		Jan. 24. 4 yards rep	$7 00	
		20 yards gimp	1 00	
		1½ yards rep	2 63	
		26. 7½ yards rep	12 54	
		8 yards gimp	40	
		1 yard billiard-cloth	4 00	
		31. 21 yards velvet carpet, Committee on Civil Service, at $1.60	33 60	
		15 yards carpet lining, Committee on Civil Service, at 10c	1 50	
		Feb. 1. 1 walnut office table, Committee on Civil Service	14 00	
		1 walnut mirror, Committee on Civil Service	14 00	
		1 Smyrna mat	1 75	
		4. 1 white shade and tin roller	5 50	
		1 pair brass ends	2 50	
		5. 1¼ yards enameled cloth	62	
		2¼ yards enameled cloth	1 13	
		7. 1 pair hooks	75	
		1 pair brackets	4 50	
		15. 5 pounds of hair	3 75	
		16. 5 dozen buttons	50	
		28. 3 blue shades	11 25	
				$530 57
	34	H. O. Towles:		
		Jan. 15. 1 desk, Committee on Civil Service	18 00	
		28. 3 revolving chairs, Committee on Privileges and Elections	22 00	
		31. 2 revolving chairs, Committee on Civil Service	22 00	
		1 wash-stand, Committee on Civil Service	10 00	
		Feb. 5. 1 hat-rack, Committee on Indian Affairs	28 00	
		7. 1 roller-desk, Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds	85 00	
		3 revolving chairs, Committee on Commerce	33 00	
				218 00
27	35	M. W. Galt, Bro. & Co.:		
		Feb. 6. 1 marble clock, Judiciary Committee	34 00	
		1 bronze clock ornament, Judiciary Committee	4 00	
				38 00
28	36	McGill & Clarke:		
		Feb. 7. 1 piece wire-cloth, 4′ 3″ by 24″		2 00
Apr. 4	37	D. A. Sadgwar:		
		Mar. 31. For services as carpenter for the United States Senate for the month of March, 1884, 31 days, at $2 50 per day		77 50
	38	B. Broecker:		
		Mar. 31. For 13 days' service as carpenter and cabinet-maker for the United States Senate, from March 19 to 31, 1884, inclusive, at $2 50 per day		32 50
	39	J. R. Zimmerman:		
		Mar. 31. For services as carpenter and cabinet-maker for the United States Senate for the month of March, 1884, 31 days, at $3.50 per day		108 50
30	40	J. R. Zimmerman:		
		Apr. 30. For services as carpenter and cabinet-maker for United States Senate, from April 1 to 30, 1884, inclusive, 30 days, at $350 per day		105 00
	41	D. A. Sadgwar:		
		Apr. 30. For services as carpenter and cabinet-maker for United States Senate from April 1 to 20, 1884, inclusive, 20 days, at $2. 50 per day		50 00
June 30	42	William McLean & Son:		
		June 30. 100 4x4 dressed 2ds. white pine, at 5 cents	5 00	
		100 4x4 dressed 2ds. 12-inch white pine, at 5¼ cents	5 25	
		100 4x4 dressed 2ds. 15-inch white pine, at 6 cents	6 00	
		100 4x4 dressed 2ds. 17 and 18 inch white pine, 6 cents	6 00	
		16 4x4 dressed picks, 12-inch white pine, at 4¾ cents	76	
				23 01
		By amount expended		8, 547 25
		To amount drawn	8, 547 25	
			8, 547 25	8, 547 25

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &C.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		FURNITURE AND REPAIRS, FISCAL YEAR 1883.		
1884.				
June 27	1	Z. D. Gilman:		
		1883.		
		May 26. 8 pounds pulverized pumice	$0 80	
		2 gallons turpentine	1 20	
		1 B. F. varnish	2 50	
				4 50
		By amount expended		4 50
		To amount drawn	4 50	
			4 50	4 50
		FOLDING DOCUMENTS.		
Feb. 2	1	Robert Cunningham:		
		1884.		
		Feb. 1. Folding 14,750 speeches, at $1 per M		14 75
	2	Lincoln Goodall:		
		Feb. 1. Folding 9,000 speeches, at $1 per M		9 00
	3	George S. Lewis:		
		Feb. 1. Folding 9,500 speeches, at $1 per M		9 50
	4	W. A. Bonitz:		
		Feb. 1. Folding 2 500 speeches, at $1 per M		2 50
29	5	A. P. Barker:		
		Feb. 29. Folding 84,000 speeches, at $1 per M		84 00
	6	M. F. Barnes:		
		Feb. 29. Folding 63,000 speeches, at $1 per M		63 00
	7	W. R. Reynolds:		
		Feb. 29. Folding 12,000 speeches, at $1 per M		12 00
	8	Robert Cunningham:		
		Feb. 29. Folding 58,000 speeches, at $1 per M		58 00
Mar. 1	9	Robert Mitchell:		
		Feb. 29. Folding 8,650 speeches, at $1 per M		8 65
	10	Lincoln Goodall:		
		Feb. 29. Folding 14,500 speeches, at $1 per M		14 50
	11	W. A. Bonitz:		
		Feb. 29. Folding 10,450 speeches, at $1 per M		10 45
	12	G. S. Lewis:		
		Feb. 29. Folding 40,000 speeches, at $1 per M		40 00
26	13	M. F. Barnes:		
		Mar. 24. Folding 69,000 speeches, at $1 per M		69 00
	14	(No voucher.)		
Apr. 4	15	A. P. Barker:		
		Apr. 1. Folding 93,000 speeches and pamphlets, March 1 to April 1, 1884, at $1 per M		93 00
	16	George S. Lewis:		
		Apr. 1. Folding 46,500 speeches, March 1 to April 1, 1884, at $1 per M		46 50
	17	Robert Cunningham:		
		April 1. Folding 62,000 speeches, March 1 to April 1, 1884, at $1 per M		62 00
	18	L. Goodall:		
		April 1. Folding 31,000 speeches, March 3 to April 1, 1884, at $1 per M		31 60
	19	James Ross:		
		April 1. Folding 84,000 speeches and pamphlets, March 4 to April 1, 1884, at $1 per M		84 00
	20	C. R. Tegethoff:		
		April 1. Folding 9,000 speeches, March 24 to April 1, 1884, at $1 per M		9 00
	21	William A. Bonitz:		
		April 1. Folding 40,500 speeches, March 3 to April 1, 1884, at $1 per M		40 50
	22	Robert Mitchell:		
		April 1. Folding 6,000 speeches, March 2 to March 15, 1884, at $1 per M		6 00
	23	M. A. McNair:		
		April 1. Folding 18,000 speeches, March 25 to April 1, 1884, at $1 per M		18 00
May 1	24	Robert Cunningham:		
		Folding 52,000 speeches, April 1 to 30, 1884, at $1 per M		52 00
	25	A. P. Barker:		
		Folding 90,000 speeches, April 1 to 30, 1884, at $1 per M		90 00
	26	C. R. Tegethoff:		
		Folding 45,000 speeches, April 1 to 30, 1884, at $1 per M		45 00
	27	William Bonitz:		
		Folding 48,000 speeches, April 1 to 30, 1884, at $1 per M		48 00

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		FOLDING DOCUMENTS—Continued.		
1884.				
May 1	28	D. S. Trenholme: Folding 26,500 speeches, April 11 to 30, 1884, at $1 per M..		$26 50
	29	L. Goodall: Folding 53,500 speeches, April 1 to 30, 1884, at $1 per M..		53 50
	30	E. L. Russell: Folding 5,600 speeches, April 23 to 30, 1884, at $1 per M..		5 60
	31	H. A. Graham: Folding 24,900 speeches, April 10 to 30, 1884, at $1 per M..		24 90
	32	M. A. McNair: Folding 80,000 speeches, April 1 to 30, 1884, at $1 per M..		80 00
	33	L. P. Bradshaw: Folding 42,000 speeches, April 15 to 30, 1884, at $1 per M..		42 00
	34	James Ross: Folding 78,000 speeches, April 1 to 30, 1884, at $1 per M..		78 00
	35	John Schroeder: Folding 12,500 speeches, April 23 to 30, 1884, at $1 per M..		12 50
	36	E. H. George: Folding 50,000 speeches, April 11 to 30, 1884, at $1 per M..		50 00
	37	G. S. Lewis: Folding 45,000 speeches, April 1 to 30, 1884, at $1 per M..		45 00
31	38	A. P. Barker: Folding speeches, May 1 to 31, 1884; 93,000, at $1 per M..		93 00
	39	George S. Lewis: Folding speeches, May 1 to 31, 1884; 56,500, at $1 per M..		46 50
	40	E. L. Russell: Folding speeches, May 1 to 31, 1884; 20,850, at $1 per M..		20 85
	41	E. H. George: Folding speeches, May 1 to 31, 1884; 75,000, at $1 per M..		75 00
	42	L. Goodall: Folding speeches, May 1 to 31, 1884; 28,000, at $1 per M..		28 00
	43	C. B. Tegethoff: Folding speeches, May 1 to 31, 1884; 45,000, at $1 per M..		45 00
	44	W. A. Bonitz: Folding speeches, May 1 to 31, 1884; 39,000, at $1 per M..		39 00
	45	John Schroeder: Folding speeches, May 1 to 31, 1884; 46,500, at $1 per M..		46 50
	46	L. P. Bradshaw: Folding speeches, May 1 to 31, 1884; 81,000, at $1 per M ..		81 00
	47	R. Cunningham: Folding speeches, May 1 to 31, 1884; 54,000, at $1 per M ..		54 00
	48	James Ross: Folding speeches, May 1 to 31, 1884; 81,000, at $1 per M...		81 00
	49	M. A. McNair: Folding speeches, May 1 to 31, 1884; 81,000, at $1 per M...		81 00
	50	Henry Lacey: Folding speeches, May 26 to 31, 1884; 13,750, at $1 per M..		13 75
	51	D. S. Trenholme: Folding speeches, May 1 to 31, 1884; 22,700, at $1 per M...		22 70
	52	H. A. Graham: Folding speeches, May 1 to 31, 1884; 13,100, at $1 per M...		13 10
	53	Samuel Barry: Folding speeches, May 21 to 31, 1884; 4,000, at $1 per M...		4 00
June 30	54	A. P. Barker: Folding speeches, June 1 to 27, 1884; 78,000, at $1 per M..		78 00
	55	George S. Lewis: Folding speeches, June 1 to 30, 1884; 39,000, at $1 per M..		39 00
	56	E. H. George: Folding speeches, June 1 to 27, 1884; 55,000, at $1 per M..		55 00
	57	W. A. Bonitz: Folding speeches, June 1 to 30, 1884; 33,000, at $1 per M..		33 00
	58	L. Goodall: Folding speeches, June 1 to 30, 1884; 19,500, at $1 per M..		19 50
	59	H. A. Graham: Folding speeches, June 1 to 30, 1884; 3,600, at $1 per M..		3 60
	60	W. A. McNair: Folding speeches, June 1 to 30, 1884; 66,000, at $1 per M..		66 00
	61	I. C. Whitel: Folding speeches, June 22 to 30, 1884; 21,000, at $1 per M..		21 00
		By amount expended		2,498 45
		By amount on hand		1 55
		To amount drawn	$2,500 00	
			2,500 00	2,500 00

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of Voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		MATERIALS FOR FOLDING.		
1884.				
Feb. 19	1	Easton & Rupp:		
		Feb. 5. 14 M large manila envelopes, at $4		$56 00
21	2	William Ballantyne & Son:		
		Feb. 2. 10 M newspaper wrappers, at $1.25		12 50
Apr. 14	3	Easton & Rupp:		
		Mar. 31. 10 M manila envelopes, No. 28, at $4	$40 00	
		Apr. 9. 35 M manila envelopes, No. 28, at $4	140 00	
				180 00
Mar. 1	4	Easton & Rupp:		
		Feb. 12. 15½ M manila envelopes, at $4	62 00	
		25. 6 M manila envelopes, 6 x 8, open end, at $6.50	39 00	
				101 00
25	5	J. R. Adams:		
		Mar. 10. 2 118/1000 manila envelopes, at $5		10 55
May 5	6	Easton & Rupp:		
		Apr. 18. 3 M large manila envelopes, at $4	12 00	
		23. 14 M large manila envelopes, at $4	56 00	
		29. 36 M large manila envelopes, at $4	144 00	
				212 00
7	7	Holyoke Envelope Co:		
		Apr. 25. 48,000 No. 360–7 Government envelopes, at 80 cents	38 40	
		29. 48,000 No. 360–7 Government envelopes, at 80 cents	38 40	
				76 80
June 5	8	Holyoke Envelope Co.:		
		May 26. 104 M speech envelopes, No. 360–7, at 80 cents		83 20
25	9	Moulton & Goodwin:		
		Feb. 8. 100 rolls brown paper		10 50
27	10	Dellwig & McCauley:		
		Sept. 27. 50 pounds flour	2 00	
		Dec. 4. 50 pounds flour	2 00	
		Feb. 5. 50 pounds flour	2 00	
		Mar. 6. 50 pounds flour	2 00	
		Apr. 7. 50 pounds flour	2 00	
		24. 50 pounds flour	2 00	
		May 14. 50 pounds flour	2 00	
		June 7. 50 pounds flour	2 00	
		16. 50 pounds flour	2 00	
				18 00
27	11	Easton & Rupp:		
		June 20. 10 M manila envelopes, No. 28, at $4	40 00	
		27. 4 reams manila paper, 36 by 40, at $11.40	45 60	
		1½ reams manila paper, 40 by 48, at 24.25	36 37	
		27 pounds white linen twine, at 50 cents	13 50	
		2 reams assorted tissue paper, at $1.50	3 00	
		2 M white envelopes, hand-cut, 11½ by 7½	21 00	
		5 quires heavy envelope paper	1 18	
				160 65
30	12	William Ballantyne & Son:		
		June 25. 84 M speech envelopes, at 80 cents	67 20	
		26. 66 M speech envelopes, at 80 cents	52 80	
		27. 36 M speech envelopes, at 80 cents	28 80	
				148 80
	13	Easton & Rupp:		
		June 28. 1 roll wrapping paper		9 50
	14	Easton & Rupp:		
		June 30. 3½ pounds white linen twine		1 70
	15	Niagara Envelope Manufacturing Co.:		
		June 23. 40 M manila catalogue envelopes, at $3.80	152 00	
		24. 60 M manila catalogue envelopes, at $3.80	228 00	
				380 00
	16	Holyoke Envelope Co.:		
		June 25. 200 M 360–7 Government ungummed envelopes, at 80 cents		160 00
		By amount expended		1,621 20
		To amount drawn	1,621 20	
			1,621 20	1,621 20

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &C.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		PACKING-BOXES.		
1884.				
Jan. 2	1	Wm. McLean & Son:		
		1883.		
		Oct. 1. 2,000 feet 4 x 4 select dressed lumber, at $6.50 per 100	$130 00	
		20. 2,011 feet 4 x 4 select dressed lumber, at $6.50 per 100	130 72	
				$260 72
Mar. 31	2	W. D. Wyvill:		
		Dec. 4. 2 gross 1¼ No. 12 screws, at 83 cents	1 66	
		5. 2 gross 1¼ No. 8 screws, at 37 cents	74	
		15. 1 dozen pair chest-hinges, at $3	3 00	
		6 dozen pair chest-handles, at $3	18 00	
		26. 1 pound 8-penny finishing nails, at 8 cents	08	
		1884.		
		Feb. 20. 6 dozen box-locks, at $6	36 00	
		6 dozen corner-plates, at 75 cents	4 50	
		Mar. 6. 5 dozen pair box-hinges, at $3	15 00	
				78 98
Apr. 4.	3	B. Broecker:		
		Mar. 31. For 18 days' service, from March 1 to 18, 1884, inclusive, making boxes for United States Senate, at $2.50 per day		45 00
30	4	B. Broecker:		
		Apr. 30. For services making boxes for United States Senate, from April 1 to 30, 1884, inclusive, at $2.50 per day		75 00
	5	D. A. Sadgwar:		
		Apr. 30. For services from April 21 to 30, 1884, inclusive, making boxes for United States Senate, at $2.50 per day		25 00
May 31	6	B. Broecker:		
		For services 10 days, from May 22 to May 31, 1884, inclusive, making boxes for United States Senate, at $2.50 per day		25 00
	7	D. A. Sadgwar:		
		For services 10 days, from May 22 to May 31, 1884, inclusive, making boxes for United States Senate, at $2.50 per day		25 00
June 28	8	B. Broecker:		
		For services 7 days, from June 1 to June 7, 1884, inclusive, making boxes for United States Senate, at $2.50 per day		17 50
	9	D. A. Sadgwar:		
		For services 7 days, from June 1 to June 7, 1884, inclusive, making boxes for United States Senate, at $2.50 per day		17 50
Jun 30	10	F. P. May & Co.:		
		Feb. 21. 6 pounds finishing nails, at 6 cents	36	
		25. 5 dozen 2-inch wrought butts, at 35 cents	1 75	
		4 gross ¾ by 7 screws, at 22 cents	88	
		Mar. 7. 12 gross ¾ by 8 screws, at 25 cents	3 00	
		3 gross 1¾ by 11 screws, at 65 cents	1 95	
		6 gross ¾ by 11 screws, at 35 cents	2 10	
		Apr. 9. 4 pounds glue, at 25 cents	1 00	
		14. 4 pounds finishing nails, at 6 cents	24	
		17. 2 quires sandpaper	50	
		28. 3 gross screws, ¾ by 5, at 20 cents	60	
		May 22. 1 keg 8-penny nails	2 85	
		28. 10 pounds finishing nails, at 6 cents	60	
		4 pounds Irish glue, at 25 cents	1 00	
		June 3. 1 gross 1¼ by 11 screws	55	
		13 locks, at 40 cents	5 20	
		27. 4 locks, at 30 cents	1 25	
		6 pair chest-hinges, at 15 cents	90	
		6 pair hinges	92	
		1 lock	30	
		½ dozen chest-handles	90	
				26 80
		By amount expended		596 50
		To amount drawn	596 50	
			596 50	596 50

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES, 1883.		
1884.				
Feb. 21	1	I. W. Anderson:		
		For reporting and transcribing testimony for the Committee on Public Lands, United States Senate, under resolution of March 2, 1883, authorizing said committee to investigate a certain grant of lands in the State of California, Certe de Madura du Presidio:		
		1883.		
		June 1. 60 pages manuscript (statement of General Denver), estimated at 10 pages printed matter, at $2.25	$22 25	
		25. Schedule of papers furnished by Interior Department to the chairman, 15 pages manuscript, 2¼ pages printed, at $2.25	5 63	
				$27 88
	2	P. B. Plumb:		
		1884.		
		Jan. 30. For moneys paid out on account of the Committee on Public Lands making investigations concerning a certain grant of lands in the State of California, under resolution of March 2, 1883, for express charges, telegraphing, postage, and copying		22 62
June 27	3	A. Johns:		
		1883.		
		Oct. 14. For stenographic aid to the Committee on Education and Labor, United States Senate, copying correspondence, writing from dictation, &c., by authority of Senate resolution of August 17, 1882, from June 3 to 30, 1883, inclusive, at $6 per day		168 00
		By amount expended		218 50
		To amount drawn	218 50	
			218 50	218 50
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES.		
Jan. 2	1	C. B. Lapham:		
		For 22 days' service as clerk to the Select Committee on Woman Suffrage, from December 10 to 31, 1883, inclusive, at $6 per day		132 00
	2	C. R. Faulkner:		
		For 22 days' service as clerk to the Select Committee on Additional Accommodations for the Congressional Library, from December 10 to 31, 1883, inclusive, at $6 per day		132 00
	3	N. T. N. Robinson:		
		For 16 days' service as clerk to the Select Committee on Mississippi River Improvement, from December 16 to 31, 1883, inclusive, at $6 per day		96 00
	4	I. Kimball, jr.:		
		For 9 days' service as clerk to the Committee on Education and Labor, from December 1 to 9, 1883, inclusive, at $6 per day		54 00
14	5	F. H. Busbee:		
		For 13 days' service as clerk to the Select Committee on Potomac River Front, from December 19 to 31, 1883, inclusive, at $6 per day		78 00
15	6	C. R. Faulkner:		
		For 15 days' service as clerk to the Select Committee on Additional Accommodations for the Congressional Library, from January 1 to 15, 1884, inclusive, at $6 per day		90 00
17	7	F. H. Busbee:		
		For 15 days' service as clerk to the Select Committee on Potomac River Front, from January 1 to 15, 1884, inclusive, at $6 per day		90 00
	8	N. T. N. Robinson:		
		For 15 days' service as clerk to the Select Committee on Mississippi River Improvement, from January 1 to 15, 1884, inclusive, at $6 per day		90 00
19	9	Charles B. Lapham:		
		For 15 days' service as clerk to the Select Committee on Woman Suffrage, from January 1 to 15, 1884, inclusive, at $6 per day		90 00

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
1884.				
Jan. 21	10	E. G. Blackford:		
		For attendance as a witness before the subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, to investigate and ascertain the protection to be given by law to the fish and fisheries of the Atlantic coast, one day, January 21	$3 00	
		For travel from New York City to Washington, D. C., and return, 456 miles, at 5 cents per mile	22 80	
				$25 80
28	11	D. F. Murphy:		
		1883.		
		Dec. 20. For reporting and transcribing testimony before the Select Committee on the Improvement of the Mississippi River, under the resolution of February 22, 1883, from October 29, 1883, to November 10, 1883, inclusive, being 106 pages of long primer type, less 8½ pages of exhibits—97½ pages at $2.25 per page.	219 37	
		8½ pages exhibits at $1 per page	8 50	
				227 87
31	12	T. N. Robinson:		
		For 16 days' service as clerk to the Select Committee on Mississippi River Improvement, from January 16 to 31, 1884, inclusive, at $6 per day		96 00
	13	C. R. Faulkner:		
		For 16 days' service as clerk to the Select Committee on Additional Accommodations for Congressional Library, from January 16 to 31, 1884, inclusive, at $6 per day		96 00
	14	F. H. Busbee:		
		For 16 days' service as clerk to the Select Committee on Potomac River Front, from January 16 to 31, 1884, inclusive, at $6 per day		96 00
Feb. 8	15	Charles R. Lapham:		
		For 21 days' service as clerk to the Committee on Woman Suffrage, from January 16 to February 5, 1884, inclusive, at $6 per day		126 00
11	16	George F. Hoar (surrendered for vouchers Nos. 81 to 242 inclusive).		
14	17	Jack Redd:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 1 day, February 14, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				27 40
	18	L. L. Ivy:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., about the 3d day of November, 1883, 1 day, February 14	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				27 40
14	19	W. S. Withers:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, one day, February 14	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				27 40
	20	W. R. Taylor:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, one day, February 14	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				27 40

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
1884.				
Feb. 16	36	W. L. Williamson:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 2 days, February 14 and 15, 1884, at $3 per day..	$6 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile.....	24 40	
				$30 40
	37	L. L. Ivy:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 1 day, February 15, 1884.....	.....	3 00
	38	L. Coleman:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 2 days, February 14 and 15, 1884, at $3 per day..	6 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile.....	24 40	
				30 40
18	39	J. P. Raines:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 1 day, February 18, 1884.....	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile.....	24 40	
				27 40
	40	W. H. Grasswitt:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 1 day, February 18, 1884.....	3 00	
		Travel from Richmond, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 230 miles, at 5 cents per mile.....	11 50	
				14 50
	41	Hence Lawson:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 1 day, February 18, 1884.....	3 00	
		Travel from Boston, Mass., to Washington, D. C., and return, 922 miles, at 5 cents per mile.....	46 10	
				49 10
	42	D. Llewellyn:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 1 day, February 18, 1884.....	3 00	
		Travel from Brooklyn, N. Y., to Washington, D. C., and return, 458 miles, at 5 cents per mile.....	22 90	
				25 90
	43	John F. Carl:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 1 day, February 18, 1884.....	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile.....	24 40	
				27 40

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
1884. Feb. 16	29	C. G. Freeman:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 2 days, February 14 and 15, 1884, at $3 per day	$6 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				$30
	30	M. P. Jordan:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 1 day, February 15, 1884	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				27
	31	George A. Lea:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 2 days, February 14 and 15, 1884, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				30
	32	C. D. Noell:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 2 days, February 14 and 15, 1884, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				30
	33	T. J. Corbin:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 2 days, February 14 and 15, 1884, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				30
	34	R. B. Murphy:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 1 day, February 15, 1884		3
	35	J. Stone:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 2 days, February 14 and 15, 1884, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				30

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &C.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
1884.				
Feb. 19	52	George Adams:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 1 day, February 19, 1884	$3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				$27 40
	53	R. I. Bishop:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 2 days, February 18 and 19, 1884, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				30 40
	54	Peter Smith:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 2 days, February 18 and 19, 1884, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				30 40
20	55	Jefferson Hubbard:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 2 days, February 18 and 19, 1884, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				30 40
	56	William Powell:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 2 days, February 18 and 19, 1884, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				30 40
	57	W. H. Barksdale:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 3 days, February 18, 19, and 20, 1884, at $3 per day	9 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				33 40
	58	A. Callaway:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 3 days, February 18, 19, and 20, 1884, at $3 per day	9 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				33 40

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &C.—Continued

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
1884.				
Feb. 18	44	Violet Powell:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 1 day, February 18, 1884	$3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				$27
	45	Sophia Powell:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 1 day, February 18, 1884	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				27
	46	D. F. Murphy:		
		For reporting and transcribing the testimony and views submitted to the Committee on Naval Affairs in the consideration of the bill (S. 698) to authorize the construction of additional steel vessels for the Navy, as contained in Appendix VII to report of committee, No. 161, 113 pages of long primer type, less 14 pages of exhibits:		
		99 pages, at $2.25 per page	222 75	
		14 pages, at $1.00 per page	14 00	
				236
	47	J. G. Miller:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences, happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 1 day, February 18, 1884	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				27
	48	A. G. Walters:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 1 day, February 18, 1884	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				27
19	49	C. R. Faulkner:		
		For fifteen days' service as clerk to the Special Committee on Additional Accommodations for Congressional Library, from February 1 to 15, 1884, inclusive, at $6 per day		90
	50	R. J. Adams:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November 1883, 2 days, February 18 and 19, 1884, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per month	24 40	
				30
	51	Charles Adams:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 2 days, February 18 and 19, 1884, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				30

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
1884.				
Feb. 21	67	W. P. Robinson:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 4days, February 18, 19, 20, 21, 1884, at $3 per day	$12 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				$36 40
25	68	A. Barnes:		
		1884.		
		Feb. 20. For expenses incurred in summoning witnesses under Senate resolutions of January 31 and February 11, 1884, for the Committee on Post Office and Post Roads, railroad expenses from Washington to New York and return	17 50	
		Hotel expenses	3 00	
		Carriage hire	3 00	
		Hack hire from ferry and return	50	
		Telegrams	30	
				24 30
	69	W. P. Phillips:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Post Office and Post Roads Committee, appointed under resolutions of January 31 and February 11, 1884, to investigate transactions of the Western Union and other telegraph companies, three days, February 20, 21, 22, at $3 per day	9 00	
		Travel from New York, N. Y., to Washington, D. C., and return, 456 miles, at 5 cents per mile	22 80	
				31 80
26	70	Preston Watkins:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 1 day, February 25	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				27 40
26	71	G. Poteeb:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 2 days, February 25 and 26, 1884, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				30 40
	72	R. Hatchett:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 2 days, February 25 and 26, 1884, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				30 40
	73	F. Hughes:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 2 days, February 25 and 26, 1884, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				30 40

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
1884.				
Feb. 20	59	G. W. West:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 3 days, February 18, 19, and 20, 1884, at $3 per day	$9 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				$33 40
	60	W. P. Graves:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 2 days, February 18 and 19, 1884, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				30 40
	61	W. Minnis:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 3 days, February 18, 19, and 20, 1884, at $3 per day	9 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				33 40
	62	Addison Coles:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 3 days, February 18, 19, and 20, 1884, at $3 per day	9 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				33 40
	63	W. P. Averett:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 1 day, February 20, 1884	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				27 40
	64	Nelson Scott:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 3 days, February 18, 19, and 20, 1884, at $3 per day	9 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				33 40
Feb. 21	65	F. H. Busbee:		
		For 20 days' service as clerk to the Select Committee on Potomac River Front, from February 1 to 20, 1884, inclusive, at $6 per day		120 00
	66	J. D. Blackwell:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 4 days, February 18, 19, 20, 21, 1884, at $3 per day	12 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				36 40

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
1884.				
Feb. 21	67	W. P. Robinson:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 4days, February 18, 19, 20, 21, 1884, at $3 per day	$12 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				$36 40
25	68	A. Barnes:		
		1884.		
		Feb. 20. For expenses incurred in summoning witnesses under Senate resolutions of January 31 and February 11, 1884, for the Committee on Post Office and Post Roads, railroad expenses from Washington to New York and return	17 50	
		Hotel expenses	3 00	
		Carriage hire	3 00	
		Hack hire from ferry and return	50	
		Telegrams	30	
				24 30
	69	W. P. Phillips:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Post Office and Post Roads Committee, appointed under resolutions of January 31 and February 11, 1884, to investigate transactions of the Western Union and other telegraph companies, three days, February 20, 21, 22, at $3 per day	9 00	
		Travel from New York, N. Y., to Washington, D. C., and return, 456 miles, at 5 cents per mile	22 80	
				31 80
26	70	Preston Watkins:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 1 day, February 25	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				27 40
26	71	G. Poteeb:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 2 days, February 25 and 26, 1884, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				30 40
	72	R. Hatchett:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 2 days, February 25 and 26, 1884, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				30 40
	73	F. Hughes:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 2 days, February 25 and 26, 1884, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				30 40

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
1884.				
Feb. 26	74	E. Harraway:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 2 days, February 25 and 26, 1884, at $3 per day ..	$6 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile.....	24 40	
				$30 4
	75	R. L. Cohen:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences, happening at Danville, Virginia, on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 1 day, February 26, 1884.....	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				27 4
	76	Henry Read:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Virginia, on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 2 days, February 25 and 26, 1884, at $3 per day.....	6 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				30 4
	77	James Bruce:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Virginia, on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 2 days, February 25 and 26, 1884, at $3 per day.....	6 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				30 4
	78	Wm. M. Jackson:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Virginia, on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 2 days, February 25 and 26, 1884, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				30 4
	79	J. B. Raulston:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Virginia, on or about the 3d day of November, 1883. For travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile.....	.....	24 4
	80	J. Holzendorf:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Virginia, on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 1 day, February 26, 1884	3 00	
		Travel from Alexandria, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 14 miles, at 5 cents per mile	70	
				3 7
Feb. 12	81	Pullman Palace Car Company:		
		For services of car Tiber (No. 382) from Washington to New Orleans, for use of Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections.....	.....	190 4

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
1884.				
Feb. 21	67	W. P. Robinson:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 4days, February 18, 19, 20, 21, 1884, at $3 per day	$12 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				$36 40
25	68	A. Barnes:		
		1884.		
		Feb. 20. For expenses incurred in summoning witnesses under Senate resolutions of January 31 and February 11, 1884, for the Committee on Post Office and Post Roads, railroad expenses from Washington to New York and return	17 50	
		Hotel expenses	3 00	
		Carriage hire	3 00	
		Hack hire from ferry and return	50	
		Telegrams	30	
				24 30
	69	W. P. Phillips:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Post Office and Post Roads Committee, appointed under resolutions of January 31 and February 11, 1884, to investigate transactions of the Western Union and other telegraph companies, three days, February 20, 21, 22, at $3 per day	9 00	
		Travel from New York, N. Y., to Washington, D. C., and return, 456 miles, at 5 cents per mile	22 80	
				31 80
26	70	Preston Watkins:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 1 day, February 25	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				27 40
26	71	G. Poteeb:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 2 days, February 25 and 26, 1884, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				30 40
	72	R. Hatchett:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 2 days, February 25 and 26, 1884, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington. D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				30 40
	73	F. Hughes:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 2 days, February 25 and 26, 1884, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				30 40

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
1884.				
Feb. 18	90	C. L. Oliver:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 1 day, February 18, at $3 per day	$3 00	
		Travel from Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile	14 90	
				$17 90
	91	Jas. K. Thompson:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 1 day, February 18, 1884, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile	14 90	
				17 90
	92	Salina Wallis:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 1 day, February 18, 1884, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile	14 90	
				17 90
	93	Henry Pollock:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 1 day, February 18, 1884, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile	14 90	
				17 90
	94	Isham Gilmore:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 1 day, February 18, 1884, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile	14 90	
				17 90
	95	Handy Fertner:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 1 day, February 18, 1884, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile	14 90	
				17 90
	96	Robert West:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 1 day, February 18, 1884, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile	14 90	
				17 90
	97	Josh. Wallis:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 1 day, February 18, 1884, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile	14 90	
				17 90

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &C.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
1884.				
Feb. 16	82	Mrs. M. C. Matthews:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 3 days, February 14 to 16, inclusive, at $3 per day....	$6 00	
		Travel from Oxford, Miss., to New Orleans, and return, 680 miles, at 5 cents per mile.....	34 00	
				$40 00
	83	S. S. Matthews:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, February 15 to 16, inclusive, at $3 per day....	6 00	
		Travel from Oxford, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 680 miles, at 5 cents per mile.....	34 00	
				40 00
	84	Mary L. Matthews:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, February 15 to 16, inclusive, at $3 per day....	6 00	
		Travel from Oxford, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 680 miles, at 5 cents per mile.....	34 00	
				40 00
	85	J. M. Matthews, 2d:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, February 15 to 16, inclusive, at $3 per day....	6 00	
		Travel from Oxford, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 680 miles, at 5 cents per mile.....	34 00	
				40 00
	86	Jessie L. Matthews:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, February 15 to 16, inclusive, at $3 per day....	6 00	
		Travel from Oxford, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 680 miles, at 5 cents per mile.....	34 00	
				40 00
18	87	J. T. Bondurant:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 1 day, February 18, at $3 per day.....	3 00	
		Travel from Haslehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile.....	14 90	
				17 90
	88	D. D. Bell:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 4 days, February 15 to 18, inclusive, at $3 per day....	12 00	
		Travel from Jackson, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 366 miles, at 5 cents per mile	18 30	
				30 30
	89	Tim. Wallis:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 1 day, February 18, at $3 per day.....	3 00	
		Travel from Haslehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile	14 90	
				17 90

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
1884.				
Feb. 19	106	Jefferson Shields:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 1 day, February 19, 1884, at $3 per day	$3 00	
		Travel from near Haslehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 346 miles, at 5 cents per mile	17 30	
				$20 3
	107	Henry Edwards:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Mississippi and Virginia, 1 day, February 19, 1884, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from near Haslehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 342 miles, at 5 cents per mile	17 10	
				20 1
	108	Aleck Gohoken:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 1 day, February 19, 1884, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from near Haslehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 342 miles, at 5 cents per mile	17 10	
				20 1
	109	Thomas Sinclair:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Mississippi and Virginia, 1 day, February 19, 1884, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from near Haslehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 328 miles, at 5 cents per mile	16 40	
				19 4
	110	C. W. Ford:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, February 18 and 19, 1884, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from near Haslehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 340 miles, at 5 cents per mile	17 00	
				23
	111	William Jordan:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 1 day, February 19, 1884, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from near Haslehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 336 miles, at 5 cents per mile	16 80	
				19
	112	M. W. Ramsey:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 1 day, February 19, 1884, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Natchez, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 554 miles, at 5 cents per mile	27 70	
				30
Feb. 20	113	H. F. Bufkin:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, February 19 and 20, 1884, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from near Haslehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 338 miles, at 5 cents per mile	16 90	
				22

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
1884. Feb. 20	114	B. F. Goza:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, February 19 and 20, 1884, at $3 per day	$6 00	
		Travel from near Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 340 miles, at 5 cents per mile	17 00	
				$23 00
	115	W. W. Bufkin:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, February 19 and 20, 1884, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from near Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 338 miles, at 5 cents per mile	16 90	
				22 90
	116	H. R. Ware:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate certain events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, February 19 and 20, 1884, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Jackson, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 336 miles, at 5 cents per mile	18 30	
				24 30
	117	D. C. Wright:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 3 days, February 18 to 20, 1884, inclusive, at $3 per day	9 00	
		Travel from Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile	14 90	
				23 90
	118	W. P. Ware:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 1 day, February 20, 1884, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile	14 90	
				17 90
	119	J. B. Allen:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, February 19 and 20, 1884, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from near Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 336 miles, at 5 cents per mile	16 80	
				22 80
	120	J. T. Damiron:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 1 day, February 20, 1884, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from near Jackson, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 366 miles, at 5 cents per mile	18 30	
				21 30
	121	Wallace Gilmore:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 1 day, February 20, 1884, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from near Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 320 miles, at 5 cents per mile	16 00	
				19 00

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &C.—Continued

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES.—Continued.		
1884.				
Feb. 20	122	Judson McKee:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 1 day, February 20, 1884, at $3 per day	$3 00	
		Travel from Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile	14 90	
				$17
	123	W. G. Millsops:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 1 day, February 20, 1884, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Brookhaven, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 258 miles, at 5 cents per mile	12 90	
				15
	124	J. W. Dunbar:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 1 day, February 20, 1884, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from near Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 334 miles, at 5 cents per mile	16 70	
				19
Feb. 21	125	Alexander A. Lomax:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, February 20 and 21, 1884, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile	14 90	
				20
	126	J. T. Parker:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, February 20 and 21, 1884, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from near Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 302 miles, at 5 cents per mile	15 10	
				21
	127	Napoleon De Mars:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Mississippi and Virginia, 1 day, February 21, 1884, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from near Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 326 miles, at 5 cents per mile	16 30	
				19
	128	G. M. Bankston:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 1 day, February 21, 1884, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile	14 90	
				17
	129	W. M. Robertson:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 1 day, February 21, 1884, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile	14 90	
				17

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
1884.				
Feb. 21	130	Janey Tillman:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, February 20 and 21, 1884, at $3 per day.....	$6 00	
		Travel from near Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 318 miles, at 5 cents per mile.....	15 90	
				$21 90
	131	D. C. Barlow:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, February 20 and 21, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from near Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans, La., and return, 324 miles, at 5 cents per mile.....	16 20	
				22 20
	132	J. E. Matthews:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 3 days, from February 19 to 21, inclusive, at $3 per day.	9 00	
		Travel from near Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans, La., and return, 332 miles, at 5 cents per mile.....	16 60	
				25 60
	133	D. C. Wright, jr.:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, February 20 and 21, 1884, at $3 per day.....	6 00	
		Travel from Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans, La., and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile.....	14 90	
				20 90
	134	R. B. Mims:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 1 day, February 21, 1884, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Carpenter's Station, Miss., to New Orleans, La., and return, 442 miles, at 5 cents per mile.....	22 10	
				25 10
	135	W. L. Mitchell:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 1 day, February 21, 1884, at $3 per day.....	3 00	
		Travel from Hazlehurt, Miss., to New Orleans, La., and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile.....	14 90	
				17 90
	136	H. L. Bufkin:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, February 20 and 21, 1884, at $3 per day.....	6 00	
		Travel from near Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans, La., and return, 322 miles, at 5 cents per mile	16 10	
				22 10
	137	Braxton Fugate:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 1 day, February 21, 1884, at $3 per day.....	3 00	
		Travel from Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans, La., and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile.....	14 90	
				17 90

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
1884.				
Feb. 21	138	William Oliver:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 1 day, February 21, 1884, at $3 per day	$3 00	
		Travel from Wesson, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 276 miles, at 5 cents per mile	13 80	
				$16 8
	139	H. H. Barlow:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 3 days, from February 19 to 21, inclusive, at $3 per day	9 00	
		Travel from near Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 330 miles, at 5 cents per mile	16 50	
				25 5
	140	F. M. Bufkin:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, from February 20 to 21, inclusive, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from near Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 332 miles, at 5 cents per mile	16 60	
				22 6
	141	L. F. Birdsong:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 1 day, February 21, 1884, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile	14 90	
				17 9
	142	H. A. Earns:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 1 day, February 21, 1884, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Wesson, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 276 miles, at 5 cents per mile	13 80	
				16 8
Feb. 22	143	Curtis Robson:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, February 21 and 22, 1884, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from near Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans, La., and return, 304 miles, at 5 cents per mile	15 20	
				21 2
	144	J. H. Thompson:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, February 21 and 22, 1884, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Beauregard, Miss., to New Orleans, La., and return, 278 miles, at 5 cents per mile	13 90	
				19 9
	145	W. W. Cook:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, February 21 and 22, 1884, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans, La., and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile	14 90	
				20

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
1884.				
Feb. 22	146	N. B. Smith:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 1 day, February 22, 1884, at $2 per day	$3 00	
		Travel from Larned, Miss., to New Orleans, La., and return, 414 miles, at 5 cents per mile	20 70	
				$23 70
	147	J. M. Matthews:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 5 days, from February 18 to February 22, 1884, inclusive, at $3 per day	15 00	
		Travel from Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans, La., and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile	14 90	
				29 90
	148	R. B. Rials:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 3 days, from February 20 to February 22, 1884, inclusive, at $3 per day	9 00	
		Travel from Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans, La., and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile	14 90	
				23 90
	149	H. B. Johnson:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, February 21 and 22, 1884, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from near Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 306 miles, at 5 cents per mile	15 30	
				21 30
Feb. 23	150	J. W. Shelton:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, February 22 and 23, 1884, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from near Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 348 miles, at 5 cents per mile	17 40	
				23 40
	151	T. E. Groome:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, February 22 and 23, 1884, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile	14 90	
				20 90
	152	J. Forsythe:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 3 days, from February 21 to 23, 1884, inclusive, at $3 per day		9 00
	153	J. B. Middleton:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, February 22 and 23, at $3 per day	6 60	
		Travel from near Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans, La., and return 332 miles, at 5 cents per mile	16 60	
				22 60

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
1884. Feb. 23	154	J. S. Ware:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 3 days, from February 21 to 23, inclusive, at $3 per day	$9 00	
		Travel from Jackson, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 366 miles, at 5 cents per mile	18 30	
				$27 30
	155	C. A. Taliaferro:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 3 days, February 21 to 23, inclusive, at $3 per day		9 00
	156	E. E. Sims:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, February 22 and 23, 1884, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Haslehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile	14 90	
				20 90
	157	Frank Hayes:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, February 22 and 23, 1884, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from near Haslehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 326 miles, at 5 cents per mile	16 30	
				22 30
	158	Mrs. Frank Hayes:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, February 22 and 23, 1884, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from near Haslehurst, Miss., to New Orleans, La., and return, 326 miles, at 5 cents per mile	16 30	
				22 30
	159	P. B. King:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 3 days, from February 21 to 23, 1884, inclusive, at $3 per day	9 00	
		Travel from Haslehurst, Miss., to New Orleans, La., and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile	14 90	
				23 90
	160	J. H. Hurd:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, February 22 and 23, 1884, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Carrollton, near New Orleans, to New Orleans, La., and return, 2 miles, at 5 cents per mile	10	
				6 10
	161	Lee Daniel:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 3 days, from February 21 to 23, 1884, inclusive, at $3 per day	9 00	
		Travel from Jackson, Miss., to New Orleans, La., and return, 366 miles, at 5 cents per mile	18 30	
				27 30

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
1884.				
Feb. 23	162	Orange Ketchings:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, February 22 and 23, 1884, at $3 per day.....	$6 00	
		Travel from near Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans, La., and return, 322 miles, at 5 cents per mile.....	16 10	
				$22 10
	163	Benjamin Sandifer:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, February 22 and 23, 1884, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from near Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans, La., and return, 326 miles, at 5 cents per day	16 30	
				22 30
	164	Solomon Smith:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, February 22 and 23, 1884, at $3 per day.....	6 00	
		Travel from near Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans, La., and return, 316 miles, at 5 cents per mile.....	15 80	
				21 80
	165	Daniel Crump:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, February 22 and 23, 1884, at $3 per day.....	6 00	
		Travel from near Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans, La., and return, 322 miles, at 5 cents per mile.....	16 10	
				22 10
	166	F. M. Sessions:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, February 22 and 23, 1884, at $3 per day.....	6 00	
		Travel from near Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans, La., and return, 322 miles, at 5 cents per mile.....	16 10	
				22 10
	167	L. O. Bridewell:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, February 22 and 23, 1884, at $3 per day.....	6 00	
		Travel from Beauregard, Miss., to New Orleans, La., and return, 278 miles, at 5 cents per mile.....	13 90	
				19 90
	168	John T. Hull:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 4 days, from February 20 to 23, 1884, inclusive, at $3 per day	12 00	
		Travel from Jackson, Miss., to New Orleans, La., and return, 366 miles, at 5 cents per mile.....	18 30	
				30 30

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
1884.				
Feb. 23	169	J. B. Jones:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 6 days, from February 18 to 23, 1884, inclusive, at $3 per day	$18 00	
		Travel from Tailhold (20 miles beyond Haslehurst), Miss., to New Orleans, La., and return, 336 miles, at 5 cents per mile	16 90	
				$34
	170	J. M. Goff:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, February 22 and 23, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from near Haslehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 330 miles, at 5 cents per mile	16 50	
				22
	171	J. C. Enochs:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate into alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, February 22 and 23, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Crystal Springs, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 316 miles, at 5 cents per mile	15 80	
				21
	172	D. C. Wright:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, February 22 and 23, at $3 per day		6
	173	D. S. Burch:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 3 days, from February 21, to 23, inclusive, at $3 per day	9 00	
		Travel from Haslehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile	14 90	
				23
Feb. 25	174	M. Millsaps:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate into alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 5 days, from February 21 to 25, inclusive, at $3 per day	15 00	
		Travel from Haslehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile	14 90	
				29
	175	J. K. Stanley:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 1 day, February 25, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from near Haslehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 302 miles, at 5 cents per mile	15 10	
				18

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
1884.				
Feb. 25	176	T. J. Wharton:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 1 day, February 25, at $3 per day	$3 00	
		Travel from Jackson, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 366 miles, at 5 cents per mile	18 30	
				$21 30
	177	T. E. Cooper:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 1 day, February 25, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Jackson, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 366 miles, at 5 cents per mile	18 30	
				21 30
	178	E. A. Rowan:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 1 day, February 25, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Jackson, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 366 miles, at 5 cents per mile	18 30	
				21 30
	179	E. G. Wall:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 1 day, February 25, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Jackson, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 366 miles, at 5 cents per mile	18 30	
				21 30
	180	Wirt Adams, jr.:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 1 day, February 25, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Jackson, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 366 miles, at 5 cents per mile	18 30	
				21 30
	181	S. Gwin:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 1 day, February 25, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Jackson, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 366 miles, at 5 cents per mile	18 30	
				21 30
	182	S. S. Calhoun:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 1 day, February 25, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Jackson, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 366 miles, at 5 cents per mile	18 30	
				21 30
	183	A. F. Andre:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1854, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 1 day, February 25, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Crystal Springs, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 316 miles, at 5 cents per mile	15 80	
				18 80

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
1884.				
Feb. 26	184	J. G. Hargrave:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, from February 25 to 26, at $3 per day	$6 00	
		Travel from Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile	14 90	
				$20
	185	A. B. Guynes:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 1 day, February 25, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Jackson, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 366 miles, at 5 cents per mile	18 30	
				21
	186	J. M. Weeks:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 4 days, from February 22 to 25, inclusive, at $3 per day	12 00	
		Travel from near Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 338 miles, at 5 cents per mile	16 90	
				28
	187	W. K. Cheek:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 4 days, from February 22 to 25, inclusive, at $3 per day	12 00	
		Travel from Miles Station, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 446 miles, at 5 cents per mile	22 30	
				34
	188	Luther Chadwick:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 4 days, from February 22 to 25, inclusive, at $3 per day	12 00	
		Travel from near Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 338 miles, at 5 cents per mile	16 90	
				28
	189	York Sellman:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 5 days, from February 21 to 25, inclusive, at $3 per day	15 00	
		Travel from Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile	14 90	
				29
	190	W. M. Higdon:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 1 day, February 23, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from near Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 308 miles, at 5 cents per mile	15 90	
				18

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
1884. Feb. 26	191	W. F. Millsaps: For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 4 days, from February 22 to 25, inclusive, at $3 per day	$12 00	
		Travel from near Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 334 mi'es, at 5 cents per mile	16 70	$28 70
	192	F. J. White: For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 1 day, February 25, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from near Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 314 miles, at 5 cents per mile	15 70	18 70
	193	Willis Barnes: For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 3 days, from February 23 to 25, inclusive, at $3 per day	9 00	
		Travel from Crystal Springs, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 316 miles, at 5 cents per mile	15 80	24 80
	194	H. J. Hartley: For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 1 day, February 25, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from near Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 350 miles, at 5 cents per mile	17 50	20 50
	195	W. C. Wilkinson: For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, February 25 and 26, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Crystal Springs, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 316 miles, at 5 cents per mile	15 80	21 80
	196	L. F. Childs: For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, February 25 and 26, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Jackson, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 366 miles, at 5 cents per mile	18 30	24 30
	197	A. G. Moore: For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, February 25 and 26, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Jackson, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 366 miles, at 5 cents per mile	18 30	24 30

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of Voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
1884. Feb. 26	198	S. P. Beachman:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, February 25 and 26, at $3 per day	$6 00	
		Travel from near Beauregard, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile	14 90	
				$20 90
	199	O. H. Spence:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, February 25 and 26, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Carrollton, near New Orleans, to New Orleans and return, 2 miles, at 5 cents per mile	10	
				6 10
	200	A. G. Lewis:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, February 25 and 26, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Jackson, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 366 miles, at 5 cents per mile	18 30	
				24 30
	201	G. B. Nelson:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, February 25 and 26, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Miles Station, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 446 miles, at 5 cents per mile	22 30	
				28 30
	202	C. Price:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, February 25 and 26, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile	14 90	
				20 90
	203	E. W. Brown:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, February 25 and 26, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile	14 90	
				20 90
	204	G. J. Mortimer:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 4 days, from February 23 to 26, inclusive, at $3 per day	12 00	
		Travel from Crystal Springs, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 316 miles, at 5 cents per mile	15 80	
				27 80

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
1884. Feb. 26	205	D. C. Woods:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, February 25 and 26, at $3 per day	$6 00	
		Travel from Pine Bluff, Miss., 14 miles beyond Hazlehurst, to New Orleans and return, 326 miles, at 5 cents per mile	16 30	
				$22 30
	206	J. M. Norman:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 6 days, from February 21 to 26, inclusive, at $3 per day	18 00	
		Travel from Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile	14 90	
				32 90
	207	T. M. Warrell:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, February 25 and 26, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile	14 90	
				20 90
	208	Thomas Robinson:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 4 days, from February 23 to 26, inclusive, at $3 per day	12 00	
		Travel from Crystal Springs, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 316 miles, at 5 cents per mile	15 80	
				27 80
	209	G. D. Lowe:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Privileges and Elections Committee, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged events and into the condition of the constitutional rights and securities of the people of Virginia and Mississippi, 2 days, February 25 and 26, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile	14 90	
				20 90
	210	E. T. Robertson:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29, 1884, 1 day, February 26, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Bayou Chitto to New Orleans and return, 238 miles, at 5 cents per mile	11 90	
				14 90
	211	A. Mangold:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, 2 days, February 25 and 26, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Hazlehurst to New Orleans and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile	14 90	
				20 90
	212	Joseph Purser:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, 2 days, February 25 and 26, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Hazlehurst to New Orleans and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile	14 90	
				20 90

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
1884.				
Feb. 26	213	W. U. Ferguson:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, 2 days, February 25 and 26, at $3 per day	$6 00	
		Travel from Hazlehurst to New Orleans and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile	14 90	
				$20 90
	214	Daniel Price:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, 2 days, February 25 and 26, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Carpenter's Station to New Orleans and return, 442 miles, at 5 cents per mile	22 10	
				28 10
	215	J. S. Meade:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, 2 days, February 25 and 26, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Hazlehurst to New Orleans and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile	14 90	
				20 90
	216	R. H. Thompson:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, 2 days, February 25 and 26, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Brookhaven to New Orleans and return, 258 miles, at 5 cents per mile	12 90	
				18 90
	217	W. W. Gowin:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, 2 days, February 25 and 26, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Hazlehurst to New Orleans and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile	14 90	
				20 90
27	218	T. J. Hargrave:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, 3 days, February 25, 26, and 27, at $3 per day	9 00	
		Travel from Hazlehurst to New Orleans and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per miles	14 90	
				23 90
	219	J. S. Sexton:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, 8 days, from February 20 to February 27, at $3 per day	24 00	
		Travel from Hazlehurst, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile	14 90	
				38 90
	220	J. F. Sessions:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, 3 days, from February 25 to 27, at $3 per day	9 00	
		Travel from Brookhaven to New Orleans and return, 258 miles, at 5 cents per mile	12 90	
				21 90
	221	H. C. Coun:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, 6 days, February 22 to 27, at $3 per day	18 00	
		Travel from Hazlehurst to New Orleans and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile	14 90	
				32 90
	222	George S. Dodds:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, 7 days, February 21 to 27, at $3 per day	21 00	
		Travel from Hazlehurst to New Orleans and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile	14 90	
				35 90

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
1884. Feb. 27	223	W. B. Bingham: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, 7 days, from February 22 to February 27, at $3 per day	$18 00	
		Travel from Haslehurst to New Orleans and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile	14 90	$32 90
	224	A. C. McNair: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, 3 days, February 25, 26, and 27, at $3 per day	9 00	
		Travel from Brookhaven to New Orleans and return, 258 miles, at 5 cents per mile	12 90	21 90
	225	B. F. Coun: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee of Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, 1 day, February 27, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from near Hazelhurst to New Orleans and return, 340 miles, at 5 cents per mile	17 00	20 00
	226	W. W. Gowin: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, 1 day, at $3 per day		3 00
	227	Hiram Cassedy: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, 3 days, February 25, 26, and 27, at $3 per day	9 00	
		Travel from Brookhaven to New Orleans and return, 258 miles, at 5 cents per mile	12 90	21 90
	228	H. H. Hogg: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, 1 day, February 27, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Haslehurst to New Orleans and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile	14 90	17 90
	229	G. E. Matthews: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, 3 days, February 21, 22, and 23, at $3 per day	9 00	
		Travel from Haslehurst to New Orleans and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile	14 90	23 90
	230	R. W. Millsaps: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, 3 days, February 25, 26, and 27, at $3 per day	9 00	
		Travel from Haslehurst to New Orleans and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile	14 90	23 90
	231	Elijah Millsaps: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, 3 days, February 25, 26, and 27, at $3 per day	9 00	
		Travel from near Haslehurst to New Orleans and return, 326 miles, at 5 cents per mile	16 30	25 30
	232	John P. Fore: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, 3 days, February 25, 26, and 27, at $3 per day	9 00	
		Travel from Wesson to New Orleans and return, 288 miles, at 5 cents per mile	14 40	23 40

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date,	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
1884.				
Feb. 27	233	John S. Decoll:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, 2 days, February 26 and 27, at $3 per day	$6 00	
		Travel from near Hazlehurst to New Orleans, 332 miles and return, at 5 cents per mile	16 60	
				$22 60
	234	J. M. Lowe:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, 2 days, February 25 and 26, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Hazlehurst to New Orleans and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile	14 90	
				20 90
	235	L. H. Matthews:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, 13 days, February 15 to February 27, at $3 per day	39 00	
		Travel from Hazlehurst to New Orleans and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile	14 90	
				53 90
	236	A. W. Burnett:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, 13 days, February 15 to 27, at $3 per day	39 00	
		Travel from Washington to New Orleans and return, 2,298 miles	114 90	
				153 90
	237	T. E. Matthews:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, 4 days, February 19 to 22, at $3 per day	12 00	
		Travel from near Hazlehurst to New Orleans and return, 328 miles, at 5 cents per mile	16 40	
				28 40
	238	L. H. Matthews:		
		Feb. 27. For services of self and horse and cash paid out in summoning witnesses in Copiah County, Mississippi, before the Committee on Privileges and Elections, under resolution of January 29, 1884, while sitting at New Orleans, La		70 00
	239	J. S. Sexton:		
		For cash paid out and services rendered in summoning witnesses from Copiah County, Mississippi, before the Committee on Privileges and Elections, under resolution of January 29, 1884, while sitting at New Orleans, La		83 00
28	240	R. E. Rivers (St. Charles Hotel, New Orleans):		
		Feb. 28. For board of Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, from February 14 to 28, 1884, inclusive:		
		Hon. G. F. Hoar	80 63	
		Hon. Angus Cameron	80 62	
		Hon. W. P. Frye	116 55	
		Hon. Eli Saulsbury	116 55	
		Hon. B. F. Jonas	117 25	
		C. B. Reade	66 40	
		W. E. Barrett	66 40	
		J. L. Andem	70 10	
		A. Johns	59 75	
		J. W. Allen	58 50	
		H. H. Rand	61 25	
		Nelson Parker	42 00	
		Use of parlor for Senators Hoar, Frye, and Cameron	140 00	
		Use of parlor for Senators Saulsbury and Jonas	130 00	
				1,206 00

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of Voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
1884.				
Mar. 1	241	Charles B. Reade:		
		For expenses incurred as deputy sergeant-at-arms, in accompanying the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to New Orleans from Washington and return, while said committee was in session, from February 15 to 28, 1884, not included in other vouchers:		
		Railroad fare, Washington to New Orleans and return, for committee and attendants, including clerk, stenographers, deputy sergeant-at-arms, and messengers	$1,088 00	
		Pullman Palace Car Company, for use of car from New Orleans to Washington	210 00	
		Hotel bills, meals, and lunches en route to and from New Orleans	257 09	
		Hack hire at Washington, New Orleans, and Charleston	35 00	
		Telegrams, postage, and other actual and necessary incidental expenses not included in other bills or items	46 86	
		Reimbursed H. H. Rand, messenger, for expenses paid by him in going from Washington to Hazlehurst, Miss., by order of committee—fares, hotel bills, and actual expenses	77 25	
		Reimbursed J. L. Andem, stenographer, expenses paid by him	14 40	
		Reimbursed W. E. Barrett, expenses paid by him	5 55	
				$1,734 15
3	242	Pullman Palace Car Company, for buffet account, car "Humber," from New Orleans to Washington, with the Committee on Privileges and Elections and attendants:		
		Sandwiches, $7.65; eggs, $6 10; sardines, 80 cents	14 55	
		Coffee, $16.95; tea, $2.10; chocolate, $3.30	22 35	
		Milk, 30 cts.; bread and butter, $11.30; lemons, 70 cts.	12 30	
		Oysters, $17.50; lemonade, 15 cents	17 65	
				66 85
28	243	D. S. Corser:		
		For expenses incurred in subpœnasing witnesses, under authority of Senate resolution, Mis. Doc. No. 38, "instructing the Committee on Privileges and Elections to inquire into all the circumstances of, and connected with, the said alleged events, and into the condition of the constitutional rights, &c., of the people of Virginia and Mississippi," &c.:		
		Feb. 12. Railroad expenses from Washington, D. C., to Danville, Va., and return	15 00	
		Hotel expenses, from February 11 to 13, inclusive	6 25	
		Carriage hire	4 50	
		Telegram	1 00	
		16. Railroad expenses, including sleeper, from Washington to Boston and return	30 25	
		Hotel expenses and extra meals, from February 14 to 16, inclusive	9 60	
		Carriage hire, at various times, from February 14 to 16	5 00	
		Telegram	50	
		Horse-car fare in Boston	50	
		24. Railroad fare to Danville and Martinsville, Va., from Washington and return, including sleeper	20 50	
		Hotel expenses and extra meals, from February 19 to 24, inclusive	15 75	
		Carriage hire	2 00	
		Telegrams, from February 20 to date	2 62	
				113 47
31	244	C. L. Pritchard:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d of November, 1883, 1 day, March 28, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Front Royal, Va., to Washington and return, 170 miles, at 5 cents per mile	8 50	
				11 50

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
1884. Mar. 31	245	L. M. Shumaker: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 2 days, March 27 and 28, at $3 per day	$6 00	
		Travel from Lynchburg, Va., to Washington and return, 356 miles, at 5 cents per mile	17 80	$23 80
	246	Job Hawxhurst: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, March 28, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Fairfax Court-House, Va., to Washington and return, 40 miles, at 5 cents per mile	2 00	5 00
	247	Wm. B. Kurtz: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, travel from Waynesborough, Va., to Washington and return, 288 miles, at 5 cents per mile		14 40
	248	John W. Simmons: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, March 28, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Floyd Court-House, Va., to Washington and return, 572 miles, at 5 cents per mile	28 60	31 60
	249	John Holderness: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, February 26, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	27 40
	250	Emanuel Carter: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, February 26, at $3	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	27 40
	251	Elijah Cousins: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, February 26, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	27 40
	252	Val. Patterson: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, February 26, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	27 40
	253	Stephen Graham: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 2 days, February 25 and 26, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	30 40
	254	Squire Talliferro: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 3 days, February 25, 26, and 27, at $3 per day	9 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	33 40

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
1884. Mar. 31	255	I. P. Coleman: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 2 days, February 26 and 27, at $3 per day	$6 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	$30 40
	256	S. F. Early: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 3 days, February 25, 26, and 27, at $3 per day	9 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	33 40
	257	W. J. Reid: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, February 26, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	27 40
	258	Frank Corbett: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, February 26, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	27 40
	259	Stephen Long: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 2 days, February 25 and 26, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	30 40
	260	W. H. Paxton: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 2 days, February 25 and 26, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	30 40
	261	J. R. Richardson: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 5 days, March 27 to March 31, at $3 per day	15 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	39 40
	262	R. M. Hubbard: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 5 days, March 27 to 31, 1884, at $3 per day	15 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	39 40
	263	Peter B. Boothe: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 2 days, March 27 and 28, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	30 40
	264	Green Williams: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 5 days, March 27 to 31, at $3 per day	15 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	39 40

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
1884.				
Mar. 31	245	L. M. Shumaker:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 2 days, March 27 and 28, at $3 per day	$6 00	
		Travel from Lynchburg, Va., to Washington and return, 356 miles, at 5 cents per mile	17 80	
				$23 80
	246	Job Hawxhurst:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, March 28, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Fairfax Court-House, Va., to Washington and return, 40 miles, at 5 cents per mile	2 00	
				5 00
	247	Wm. B. Kurts:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, travel from Waynesborough, Va., to Washington and return, 288 miles, at 5 cents per mile		14 40
	248	John W. Simmons:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, March 28, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Floyd Court-House, Va., to Washington and return, 572 miles, at 5 cents per mile	28 60	
				31 60
	249	John Holderness:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, February 26, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				27 40
	250	Emanuel Carter:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, February 26, at $3	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				27 40
	251	Elijah Cousins:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, February 26, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				27 40
	252	Val. Patterson:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, February 26, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				27 40
	253	Stephen Graham:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 2 days, February 25 and 26, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				30 40
	254	Squire Talliferro:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 3 days, February 25, 26, and 27, at $3 per day	9 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				33 40

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
1884. Mar. 31	255	I. P. Coleman: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 2 days, February 26 and 27, at $3 per day	$6 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	$30 40
	256	S. F. Early: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 3 days, February 25, 26, and 27, at $3 per day	9 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	33 40
	257	W. J. Reid: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, February 26, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	27 40
	258	Frank Corbett: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, February 26, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	27 40
	259	Stephen Long: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 2 days, February 25 and 26, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	30 40
	260	W. H. Paxton: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 2 days, February 25 and 26, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	30 40
	261	J. R. Richardson: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 5 days, March 27 to March 31, at $3 per day	15 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	39 40
	262	R. M. Hubbard: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 5 days, March 27 to 31, 1884, at $3 per day	15 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	39 40
	263	Peter B. Boothe: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 2 days, March 27 and 28, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	30 40
	264	Green Williams: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 5 days, March 27 to 31, at $3 per day	15 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	39 40

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &C.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
1884.				
Mar. 31	265	Thomas J. Thompson:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 5 days, March 27 to 31, at $3 per day	$15 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				$39 40
	266	James A. Sinclair:		
		For 24 days' service as clerk to the Select Committee on Woman Suffrage, from February 6 to 29, 1884, inclusive, at $6 per day		144 00
	267	James Wood:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 5 days, March 27 to 31, at $3 per day	15 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				39 40
Apr. 1	268	J. C. Van Duzer:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Committee on Post-Offices and Post-Roads, under resolutions of January 31 and February 11, 1884, to investigate transactions of the Western Union and other telegraph companies, 2 days, March 3 and 4, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Escanaba, Mich., to Washington and return, 2,184 miles, at 5 cents per mile	109 20	
				115 20
	269	Elbert R. Chapman:		
		For attendance as a witness before the Committee on Post-Offices and Post-Roads, under resolutions of January 31 and February 11, 1884, to investigate transactions of the Western Union and other telegraph companies, 2 days, February 25 and 26, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from New York to Washington and return, 456 miles, at 5 cents per mile	22 80	
				28 80
	270	H. H. Perrow:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 2 days, March 28 and 29, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Rustburg, Va., to Washington and return, 380 miles, at 5 cents per mile	19 00	
				25 00
	271	Jacob F. Shaw:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 3 days, March 27, 28, and 29, at $3 per day	9 00	
		Travel from Richmond, Va., to Washington and return, 230 miles, at 5 cents per mile	11 50	
				20 50
	272	S. J. Quinn:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, March 27, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Fredericksburg, Va., to Washington and return, 108 miles, at 5 cents per mile	5 40	
				8 40
	273	C. R. Faulkner:		
		For 14 days' service as clerk to the Select Committee on Additional Accommodations for Congressional Library, from February 16 to 29, 1884, inclusive, at $6 per day		84 00
	274	C. R. Faulkner:		
		For 31 days' service as clerk to the Select Committee on Additional Accommodations for Congressional Library, from March 1 to 31, 1884, inclusive, at $6 per day		186 00
	275	S. A. Goodwin:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 2 days, March 28 and 29, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				30 40

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
1884.				
Apr. 1	276	J. H. Johnston:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 8 days, February 26 to March 4, at $3 per day	$24 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				$48 40
	277	Charles W. Wells:		
		For 29 days' service as clerk to the Select Committee on Woman Suffrage, from March 3 to 31, 1884, inclusive, at $6 per day		174 00
	278	W. E. Barrett:		
		For 26 days' service as clerk to the Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections, from February 4 to 29, 1884, inclusive, at $6 per day		156 00
	279	W. E. Barrett:		
		For 31 days' service as clerk to the Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections, from March 1 to 31, 1884, inclusive, at $6 per day		186 00
	280	Richard Francis:		
		Feb. 11. For lunches furnished for Pullman Buffet Car "Tiber," for use of the Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections of the Senate, on trip from Washington to New Orleans, La., under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884		37 10
	281	Henry Leonard:		
		Feb. 28. For services as janitor of committee room, in Custom House, New Orleans, from February 15 to 28, 1884 for Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections of the Senate, under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884		25 00
	282	D. F. Murphy:		
		Feb. 20. For reporting and transcribing testimony before the Committee on Post-Offices and Post Roads relative to a nomination pending in executive session, being, as per certificate of the foreman of the Government Printing Office, equivalent to ten printed pages, viz, 10 pages long primer type, at $2.25		22 50
	283	D. F. Murphy:		
		Mar. 17. For reporting and transcribing arguments before the Committee on Patents upon House bill 3925 and Senate bill 1115, and House bill 3934, being 36 pages less 2½ pages of exhibits, as follows:		
		33½ pages long primer, at $2.25	75 93	
		2½ pages exhibits, at $1	2 25	
				78 18
	284	William D. Coleman:		
		For attendance as a witness before the subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 9 days, February 26 to March 5, at $3 per day	27 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	25 40	
				51 40
	285	Luther L. Bass:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 3 days, March 27, 28, and 29, at $3 per day	9 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				33 40
	286	James J. Pritchett:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 3 days, March 27, 28, and 29, at $3 per day	9 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				33 40

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
1884.				
Apr. 1	287	C. H. Norton:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1880, 3 days, March 27, 28, and 29, at $3 per day	$9 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				$33 40
	288	W. A. Meeks:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, March 28, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				27 40
	289	Daniel Dugger:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 9 days, February 25 to March 4, at $6 per day	27 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				51 40
	290	Walter Grey:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 9 days, February 25 to March 4, at $3 per day	27 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				51 40
	291	J. C. Richards:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 2 days, March 28 and 29, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Fincastle, Va., to Washington and return, 502 miles, at 5 cents per mile	25 10	
				31 10
	292	J. B. Stovall:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 2 days, March 28 and 29, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Clover Station Va., to Washington and return, 582 miles, at 5 cents per mile	29 10	
				35 10
	293	T. J. Wilson:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 2 days, March 28 and 29, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Fincastle, Va., to Washington and return, 502 miles, at 5 cents per mile	25 10	
				31 10
	294	D. F. Murphy:		
		For reporting and transcribing statements and testimony of the committee of State superintendents of public instruction before the Senate Committee on Education and Labor (Senate Mis. Doc. 55):		
		63½ pages long primer type, at $2.25	143 43	
		25¼ pages exhibits, at $1	25 25	
				168 68
	295	L. Clutter:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d of November, 1883, 6 days, March 27 to April 1, at $3 per day	18 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				42 40

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
1884.				
Apr. 1	296	B. F. Williamson:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 2 days, March 31 and April 1, at $3 per day	$6 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				$30 4
	297	W. A. Cook:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 6 days, March 27 to April 1, at $3 per day	18 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				42 40
	298	George S. Taft:		
		Mar. 31. For stamps used in summoning witnesses by letter during the investigation by the Committee on Privileges and Elections	3 00	
		Money paid for telegrams	2 00	
		Money paid for copy, for use of committee, under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884	2 00	
				7 00
	299	E. D. Easton:		
		Jan. 24. For reporting hearings before Committee on Finance of John Jay Knox and W. B. Green, in regard to the provisions of S. bill 20, to provide for the issue of circulation to national banking associations:		
		8 printed pages long primer, at $2.25	18 00	
		4 printed pages exhibits, at $1	4 00	
		30. For transcribing proceedings before same committee, in connection with hearings relating to the provisions of Senate bill to repeal an act relating to vinegar factories, &c	10 00	
				32 00
	300	Charles B. Reade:		
		Mar. 1. For expenses incurred as deputy sergeant-at-arms of the United States Senate, in accompanying the Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections of the United States Senate, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, to investigate alleged outrages in Copiah County, Mississippi, to New Orleans and return to Washington, and while said committee was in session from February 15 to 28, and not included in other vouchers, to reimburse A. Johns, stenographer to committee, for expenses paid by him in going from New Orleans to Washington, railroad fares, sleeping cars, hotel bills, and actual expenses		48 09
	301	Charles B. Reade:		
		Feb. 28. For expenses incurred as deputy sergeant-at-arms, United States Senate, in accompanying Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolution of January 29, 1884, while committee were in session in New Orleans from February 15 to 27, 1884, to cash paid to G. E. Matthews, Hazlehurst, Miss., for expenses and services in summoning witnesses		15 00
		James L. Andem:		
		Mar. 27. For reporting and transcribing testimony taken before the Committee on Privileges and Elections into alleged election outrages in Copiah County, Mississippi, under Senate resolution of January 29, 1884, as follows: Printed pages, long primer type, 441, being from 131 to 570, inclusive, at $2.25 per page		992 25
	303	James L. Andem:		
		Mar. 8. For reporting and transcribing proceeding before the Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections in regard to alleged election outrages in Copiah County, Mississippi, under resolution of the Senate of January 29, 1880, pages 1 to 130 inclusive, being 130 pages of long primer type, at $2.25 per page		292 50

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
1884. Apr. 1.	304	Henry E. Barksdale: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, 5 days, March 28 to April 1, inclusive, at $3 per day	$15 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	$39 40
	305	E. W. Barksdale: Feb. 26. For services and expenses incurred in subpœnaing witnesses for the Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections, under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884:		
		10 days' services, from February 16 to 26 inclusive, at $3 per day	30 00	
		Railroad fare from Danville, Va., to Washington, 2 trips	30 00	
		Hotel bills at Danville, Va	10 00	
		Omnibus fares and horse hire	4 50	74 50
	306	E. W. Barksdale: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, to investigate certain alleged occurrences happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d of November, 1883, 8 days, February 27 to March at $3 per day		24 00
	307	J. C. Fowler: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 7 days, February 28 to March 5, at $3 per day	21 00	
		Travel from Bristol, Tenn., to Washington and return, 764 miles, at 5 cents per mile	38 20	59 20
	308	James S. Browning: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, March 29, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Richmond, Va., to Washington and return, 230 miles, at 5 cents per mile	11 10	14 10
	309	W. O. Austin: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884: Travel from Newbern, Va., to Washington and return, 554 miles, at 5 cents per mile		27 70
	310	John A. I. Lee: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 2 days, March 4 and 5, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from New Castle, Va., to Washington and return, 526 miles, at 5 cents per mile	26 30	32 30
	311	C. M. Williamson: For attendance as a witness before the Committee on Privileges and Elections, under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, February 27, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Raymond, Miss., to New Orleans, La., 396 miles, at 5 cents per mile	19 80	22 80
	312	Jake Heckel: For attendance as a witness before the Committee on Privileges and Elections, under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, February 27, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Jackson, Miss., to New Orleans and return, 366 miles, at 5 cents per mile	18 30	21 30

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
1884.				
Apr. 1	313	J. C. Enright:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, five days, March 27 to 31, at $3 per day	$15 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				$39 40
	314	R. L. Osborne:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 5 days, March 27 to March 31, at $3 per day	15 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				39 40
	315	F. H. Busbee:		
		For 9 days' service as clerk to the Select Committee on Potomac River Front, from February 21 to February 29, inclusive, at $6 per day		54 00
	316	James L. Andem:		
		Mar. 10. For reporting and transcribing testimony taken before the Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections investigating alleged election outrages in Danville, Va., under Senate resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, pages 1 to 224, inclusive, being 224 pages of long primer type, at $2.25		504 00
	317	James L. Andem:		
		Mar. 26. For reporting and transcribing testimony taken by a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, in relation to alleged election outrages in Danville, Va., under resolutions of January 29, 1884, from page 225 to page 732, inclusive, 508 pages:		
		492 pages long primer, at $2.25	1,107 00	
		16 pages exhibits, at $1	16 00	
				1,123 00
	318	Paul B. Means:		
		For 31 days' service as clerk to the Select Committee on Potomac River Front, from March 1 to March 31, 1884, at $6 per day		186 00
	319	F. F. Bowen:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 6 days, March 27 to April 1, at $3 per day	18 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				42 40
	320	A. P. Whitfield:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, April 1, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington, and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				27 40
	321	D. S. Corser:		
		Mar. 28. For expenses incurred while acting as deputy sergeant-at-arms, under authority of resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, (Mis. Doc. 38); travel from Washington, D. C., to Danville and Chalk Level, Va., and return:		
		Telegraphing	1 05	
		Railroad fare, &c	22 50	
		Carriage hire	10 00	
		Hotel expenses	15 50	
				49 05
	322	R. N. Miller:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 6 days, February 22 to 27, at $3 per day	18 00	
		Travel from Hazlehurst, Miss., to New Orleans, La., and return, 298 miles, at 5 cents per mile	14 90	
				32 90

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
1884. Apr. 2	323	W. N. Ruffin: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 3 days, March 31 to April 2, at $3 per day	$9 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	$33 40
	324	James A. Stone: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee of Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, April 2, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	27 40
	325	Edwin Hill: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, April 2, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Danville to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	27 40
	326	L. D. Clark: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, April 2, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	27 40
	327	E. Buckley: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 3 days, March 31 to April 2, at $3 per day	9 00	
		Travel from Clifton, Va., to Washington and return, 56 miles, at 5 cents per mile	2 80	11 80
	328	Henry Hill: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, April 2, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	27 40
	329	C. A. Heermans: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 3 days, March 31 to April 2, at $3 per day	9 00	
		Travel from Blacksburg, Va., to Washington and return, 546 miles, at 5 cents per mile	27 30	36 30
	330	Robert Wylie: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee on Privileges and Elections appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 3 days, March 31 to April 2, 1884, at $3 per day	9 00	
		Travel from Seddan, Va., to Washington and return, 742 miles, at 5 cents per mile	37 10	46 10
	331	Hartwell Alderman: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee on Privileges and Elections appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, April 2, 1884, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Fremont, Va., to Washington and return, 656 miles, at 5 cents per mile	32 80	35 80

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
1884.				
Apr. 2	332	John Clubb:		
		For attendance as a witness before a Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 2 days, April 1 to April 2, 1884, at $3 per day	$6 00	
		Travel from Anandale, Va., to Washington and return, 30 miles, at 5 cents per mile	1 50	
				$7 50
	333	T. J. Lassiter:		
		For attendance as a witness before a Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 2 days, April 1 to April 2, 1884, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Lynchburg, Va., to Washington and return, 356 miles, at 5 cents per mile	17 80	
				23 80
	334	Lem. Towers, jr:		
		Feb. 1. Reporting testimony before Committee on Public Lands, under Senate resolution of December 1, 1883, directing the investigation of the issue of scrip to the heirs of Israel Dodge:		
		4¼ pages, at $1	4 75	
		20⅕ pages, at $3.15	63 40	
				68 15
	335	Frank Corbett:		
		For attendance as a witness before a Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, April 2, 1884, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				27 40
	336	Jessie Hargrave:		
		For attendance as a witness before a Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, April 2, 1884, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				27 40
	337	W. H. McCormick:		
		For attendance as a witness before a Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, April 2, 1884, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				27 40
	338	B. F. Jefferson:		
		For attendance as a witness before a Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, April 2, 1884, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				27 40
	339	J. R. Pleasant:		
		For attendance as a witness before a Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, April 2, 1884, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				27 40
	340	H. W. Cobb:		
		For attendance as a witness before a Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, April 2, 1884, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				27 40
	341	Howard A. Cobb:		
		For attendance as a witness before a Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, April 2, 1884, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				27 40

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
1884. Apr. 3	342	Charles H. Conrad:		
		For attendance as a witness before a Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, March 31, 1884, at $3 per day	$3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				$27 40
	343	A. W. Miller:		
		For attendance as a witness before a Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, April 3, 1884, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Richmond, Va., to Washington and return, 230 miles, at 5 cents per mile	11 50	
				14 50
	344	S. L. Dance:		
		For attendance as a witness before a Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, April 3, 1884, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Powhattan C. H., Va., to Washington and return, 314 miles, at 5 cents per mile	15 70	
				18 70
	345	C. Ingum:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, April 3, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				27 40
	346	W. J. Dance:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 2 days, March 27 and 28, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				30 40
	347	J. E. Perkinson:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 5 days, March 27 to 31, at $3 per day	15 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				39 40
	348	G. E. Coleman:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 5 days, March 27 to 31, at $3 per day	15 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				39 40
	349	John D. Ficklen:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 2 days, March 27 and 28, 1884, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				30 40
	350	Walters Holland:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, March 31, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				27 40
	351	J. P. Taylor:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 5 days, at $3 per day	15 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				39 40

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
1884.				
Apr. 3	352	Aaron Pointer:		
		For attendance as a witness before a Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, April 3, 1884, at $3 per day	$3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				$27 40
	353	Abram Wimbish:		
		For attendance as a witness before a Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, April 3, 1884, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				27 40
	354	B. F. Walker:		
		For attendance as a witness before a Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, April 3, 1884, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				27 40
	355	C. C. Lance:		
		For attendance as a witness before a Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, April 3, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Lynchburg, Va., to Washington and return, 356 miles, at 5 cents per mile	17 80	
				20 80
	356	Roger A. Pryor, jr.:		
		For attendance as a witness before a Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, April 3, 1884, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				27 40
	357	W. A. Moorman:		
		For attendance as a witness before a Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, April 3, 1884, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				27 40
	358	R. W. Valentine:		
		For attendance as a witness before a Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, April 3, 1884, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				27 40
	359	W. J. Jones:		
		For attendance as a witness before a Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 2 days, March 28 and 29, 1884, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Martinsville, Va., to Washington and return, 574 miles, at 5 cents per mile	28 70	
				34 70
	360	B. T. Jones:		
		For attendance as a witness before a Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 2 days, March 28 and 29, 1884, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Martinsville, Va., to Washington and return, 574 miles, at 5 cents per mile	28 70	
				34 70
4	361	Thomas G. Popham:		
		For attendance as a witness before a Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 14 days, February 28 to March 12, at $3 per day	42 00	
		Travel from Slate Mills, Va., to Washington and return, 168 miles, at 5 cents per mile	8 40	
				50 40

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
1884.				
Apr. 4	362	Cornelius Warrack:		
		For attendance as a witness before a Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, April 4, at $3 per day	$3 00	
		Travel from Lynchburg, Va., to Washington and return, 356 miles, at 5 cents per mile	17 80	
				$20 80
	363	F. G. Ruffin:		
		For attendance as a witness before a Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, April 4, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Richmond, Va., to Washington and return, 230 miles, at 5 cents per mile	11 50	
				14 50
	364	F. J. Wheatley:		
		For attendance as a witness before a Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, April 4, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				27 40
	365	William C. Wickham:		
		For attendance as a witness before a Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, April 4, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Richmond, Va., to Washington and return 230 miles, at 5 cents per mile	11 50	
				14 50
	366	Charles J. Anderson:		
		For attendance as a witness before a Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, April 4, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Richmond, Va., to Washington and return, 230 miles, at 5 cents per mile	11 50	
				14 50
	367	R. C. Marshall:		
		For attendance as a witness before a Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, April 4, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Portsmouth, Va., to Washington and return, 404 miles, at 5 cents per mile	20 20	
				23 20
	368	L. W. Lambeth:		
		For attendance as a witness before a Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, April 4, 1884		3 00
	369	W. H. Pleasants:		
		For attendance as a witness before a Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, March 5, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				27 40
	370	A. P. Calfee:		
		For attendance as a witness before a Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 2 days, April 3 and 4, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Wytheville, Va., to Washington and return, 622 miles, at 5 cents per mile	31 10	
				37 10
	371	J. S. Eggborn:		
		For attendance as a witness before a Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 3 days, April 2, 3, and 4, at $3 per day	9 00	
		Travel from Culpeper, Va., to Washington and return, 138 miles, at 5 cents per mile	6 90	
				15 90

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
1884.				
apr. 4	372	G. G. Farish:		
		For attendance as a witness before a Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 3 days, April 2, 3, and 4, at $3 per pay	$9 00	
		Travel from Culpeper, Va., to Washington and return, 138 miles, at 5 cents per mile	6 90	
				$15 90
	373	Thomas G. Popham:		
		For attendance as a witness before a Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, April 4, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Slate Mills, Va., to Washington and return, 168 miles, at 5 cents per mile	8 40	
				11 40
	374	James L. Andem:		
		Mar. 31. For reporting and transcribing testimony taken before the Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections, into alleged election outrages in Copiah County, Mississippi, under Senate resolution of January 29, 1884, printed pages 571 to 641, inclusive, being 71 pages long-primer type, at $2.25 per page		159 75
	375	D. F. Murphy:		
		Mar. 7. For reporting and transcribing arguments before the Committee on Women Suffrage, relative to a proposed sixteenth amendment to the Constitution, as printed in Senate Report 399, Forty-eighth Congress, first session, from page 2 to page 14, being 12½ pages brevier type, at $3.15 per page		39 37
5	376	George H. Southall:		
		For attendance as a witness before a Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 5 days, April 1 to 5, inclusive, at $3 per day	15 00	
		Travel from Lynchburg, Va., to Washington and return, 356 miles, at 5 cents per mile	17 80	
				32 80
	377	C. P. Armistead:		
		For attendance as a witness before a Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, April 5, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Williamsburg, Va., to Washington and return, 326 miles, at 5 cents per mile	16 30	
				19 30
7	378	B. B. Munford:		
		For attendance as a witness before a Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 3 days, April 5, 6, and 7, at $3 per day	9 00	
		Travel from Chatham, Va., to Washington and return, 454 miles, at 5 cents per mile	22 70	
				31 70
	379	J. D. Blair:		
		For attendance as a witness before a Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, April 7, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				27 40
	380	J. M. Shelley:		
		For attendance as a witness before a Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, April 7, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Petersburg, Va., to Washington and return, 276 miles, at 5 cents per mile	13 80	
				16 80
	381	W. H. Thayer:		
		For attendance as a witness before a Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, April 7, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Petersburg, Va., to Washington and return, 276 miles, at 5 cents per mile	13 80	
				16 80

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &C.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
1884. Apr. 9	382	George W. Swain:		
		For attendance as a witness before a Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 3 days, March 27, 28, and 29, at $3 per day	$9 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				$33 40
10	383	Edward Lewis:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 2 days, March 28 and 29, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Chalk Level, Va., to Washington and return, 480 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 00	
				30 00
	384	F. D. Easton:		
		Apr. 1. To reporting and transcribing hearing before Committee on Finance, on the subject of the repeal of section 3282 Revised Statutes, relative to vinegar manufactory, 24½ pages long primer, at $2.25		55 12
11	385	Charles Wooding:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 9 days, February 25 to March 4, inclusive, at $3 per day	27 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				51 40
	386	W. S. Graveley:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, travel from Martinsville, Va., to Washington and return, 574 miles, at 5 cents per mile		28 70
14	387	A. Fulkerson:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 7 days, April 8 to 14, inclusive, at $3 per day	21 00	
		Travel from Bristol, Tenn., to Washington and return, 764 miles, at 5 cents per mile	38 20	
				59 20
	388	W. F. Rhea:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 7 days, April 8 to 14, inclusive, at $3 per day	21 00	
		Travel from Bristol, Tenn., to Washington and return, 764 miles, at 5 cents per mile	38 20	
				59 20
	389	C. F. Trigg:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, April 14		3 00
	390	R. L. Cohen:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, April [illegible]	3 00	
		Travel from Dan[illegible] to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				27 40
	391	W. T. Woolfolk:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 7 days, April 8 to 14, inclusive, at $3 per day	21 00	
		Travel from Thornhill, Va., to Washington and return, 200 miles, at 5 cents per mile	10 00	
				31

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
884.				
r. 14	392	Isaac H. Christian:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 7 days, April 8 to 14, inclusive, at $3 per day	$21 00	
		Travel from Wilcox's wharf, Virginia, to Washington and return, 294 miles, at 5 cents per mile	14 70	
				$35 70
	393	J. J. Verser:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile		24 40
	394	John R. Patterson:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, April 14, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Petersburg, Va., to Washington and return, 276 miles, at 5 cents per mile	13 80	
				16 80
	395	C. A. Jackson:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, April 14, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Petersburg, Va., to Washington and return, 276 miles, at 5 cents per mile	13 80	
				16 80
	396	William Long:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, April 14, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Stony Creek, Va., to Washington and return, 316 miles, at 5 cents per mile	15 80	
				18 80
	397	W. P. Averett:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, April 14, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 488 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24 40	
				27 40
	398	Thomas Fricker:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 8 days, April 7 to 14, inclusive, at $3 per day	24 00	
		Travel from Ashtabula, Ohio, to Washington and return, 864 miles, at 5 cents per mile	43 20	
				67 20
	399	T. E. Blakey:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 7 days, April 9 to 15, inclusive, at $3 per day	21 00	
		Travel from Tappahannock, Va., to Washington and return, 242 miles, at 5 cents per mile	12 10	
				33 30
	400	D. S. Corser:		
		For expenses incurred while acting as deputy sergeant-at-arms, under resolution of January 29, 1884: car fare from Washington to Weldon, N. C., via Danville, Greensborough, Richmond, and return	30 25	
		Hotel board from April 9 to 12, inclusive	10 50	
		Carriage hire, $2.50; telegram, 25 cents	2 75	
				43 50
15	401	George S. Meenley:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 15 days, March 31 to April 14, inclusive, at $3 per day	45 00	
		Travel from Tappahannock, Va., to Washington and return, 242 miles, at 5 cents per mile	12 10	
				10 00

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
1884. Apr. 15	402	John T. Mason, R.:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 2 days, April 14 to 15, inclusive, at $3 per day	$6 00	
		Travel from Baltimore to Washington and return, 80 miles, at 5 cents per mile	4 00	$10
	403	Lewis M. Rawlins:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 2 days, April 14 and 15, inclusive, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Baltimore to Washington and return, 80 miles, at 5 cents per mile	4 00	10
	404	Mrs. Gay B. Rawlins:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 2 days, April 14 and 15, inclusive, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Baltimore, Md., to Washington and return, 80 miles, at 5 cents per mile	4 00	10
	405	Rebecca B. Murray:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 2 days, April 14 and 15, at $3 per day	6 0	
		Travel from Baltimore to Washington and return, 80 miles, at 5 cents per mile	4 00	10
	406	John R. Whitehead:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 2 days, April 14 and 15, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Chatham, Va., to Washington and return, 454 miles, at 5 cents per mile	22	28
	407	John D. Coleman:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 2 days, April 14 and 15, inclusive, at $3 per day	6	
		Travel from Chatham, Va., to Washington and return, 454 miles, at 5 cents per mile	22 70	28
	408	James P. Harrison:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, April 15, at $3 per day		
		Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, 408 miles, at 5 cents per mile	24	27
	409	D. W. Lewis:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 9 days, April 7 to 15, inclusive, at $3 per day		27
	410	J. W. Calloway:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 8 days, April 8 to 15, inclusive, at $3 per day	24 0	
		Travel from Lynchburg, Va., to Washington and return, 356 miles, at 5 cents per mile	17 80	41 8
	411	John W. Hays:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 1 day, April 15, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Oxford, N. C., to Washington and return, 536 miles, at 5 cents per mile	26 80	29 8

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
1884.				
Apr. 16	412	James I. Christie:		
		Apr. 12. For expenses incurred as deputy sergeant-at-arms in subpœnaing witnesses for the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, from February 15 to date:		
		For carriage hire	$2 00	
		G. S. Taft's expenses to Baltimore and return	5 00	
		F. M. Smith's expenses to Alexandria and return	1 75	
				$8 75
	413	George S. Taft:		
		For moneys paid for postage stamps and telegrams in summoning witnesses before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, from March 31 to April 14, 1884		5 80
	414	John A. Parker:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 7 days, April 9 to 15, inclusive, at $3 per day	21 00	
		Travel from Tappahannock, Va., to Washington and return, 241 miles, at 5 cents per mile	12 10	
				33 10
	415	Thomas W. Scott:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884, 6 days, April 10 to 15, at $3 per day	18 00	
		Travel from Drake's Branch, Va., to Washington and return, 392 miles, at 5 cents per mile	19 60	
				37 60
17	416	S. M. Dickey:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884: Travel from Independence, Va., to Washington and return, 690 miles, at 5 cents per mile		34 50
	417	A. M. Wheeler:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884: Travel from Danville, Va., to Washington and return, twice, 976 miles, at 5 cents per mile		48 80
18	418	James L. Andem:		
		1884.		
		Apr. 18. For reporting and transcribing testimony taken by a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections under Senate resolutions January 29 and February 4, in relation to alleged election outrages in Danville, Va., from page 733 to page 935, long primer, inclusive, being 203 pages at $2 25		456 75
22	419	D. F. Murphy:		
		Feb. 15. For reporting and transcribing arguments before the Committee on Education and Labor, relative to the proposed commission of inquiry into the liquor traffic, in connection with Senate bill No. 654, as printed in Senate report of committee, being 17½ pages less 1½ pages of exhibit, viz:		
		16 pages long primer type, at $2.25	36 00	
		1½ pages exhibits, at $1	1 25	
				37 25
30	420	C. R. Faulkner:		
		For 15 days' service as clerk to the Select Committee on additional accommodations for the Library of Congress, from April 1 to April 15, 1884, inclusive, at $6 per day		90 00
May 5	421	James A. Sinclair:		
		For two days' service as clerk to the Select Committee on Woman Suffrage, from March 1 to March 2, 1884, inclusive, at $6 per day		12 00

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES—Continued.		
1884.				
May 9	422	Vernon I'Anson:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, appointed under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884: Travel from Hicks Ford, Va., to Washington, D. C., and return, 360 miles, at 5 cents per mile		$18 00
June 9	428	Fanny Clark:		
		1884.		
		Feb. 15. For copying certain documents for the use of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, sitting to investigate certain alleged occurrances happening at Danville, Va., on or about the 3d day of November, 1883, under resolutions of January 29 and February 4, 1884		4 00
		By amount expended		20, 839 03
		By amount on hand		31 05
		To amount drawn	$20, 870 08	
			20, 870 08	$20, 870 08

EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES, 1883.

Sub-vouchers under voucher No. 14, *paid by F. E. Shober, late Acting Secretary of the Senate, settlement of December* 18, 1883.

		SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES, 1883.		
1883.				
Aug. 3	1	John B. Drake & Co.:		
		For board of select committee of the United States Senate appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, to inquire into the conditions, &c., of the Sioux Indians on their reservation; also, into the grievances of the Indians in the Territory of Montana, from July 30 to August 3, 1883		$231 45
5	2	E. C. Belote:		
		For board of the select committee of the Senate appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, from morning of August 4 till morning of August 5, 1883		49 30
Sept. 9	3	The Kitchen Brothers Hotel Company:		
		For board of the select committee of the Senate appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, from September 7 to 9, 1883		126 65
11	4	Nelson Parker:		
		For services connected with the select committee of the United States Senate appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, 41 days, at $2.50 per day, from July 31 to September 11, 1883		102 50
14	5	John B. Drake & Co.:		
		For board of the select committee of the United States Senate appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, from September 11 to 14, 1883		82
17	6	James I. Christie:		
		For expenses incurred as deputy sergeant-at-arms of the United States Senate, accompanying the select committee of the United States Senate appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, as follows, from July 26 to September 17, 1883:		
		Paid Senator Dawes for expenses incurred in joining committee and returning to his home	$96 35	
		Paid Senator Logan for expenses in joining committee	55 87	
		Paid Senator Cameron for expenses in joining committee and returning home	56 50	
		Paid J. R. McCarty (stenographer) for same expenses	50 00	
		Paid E. M. Christie (messenger) for same expenses	48 00	
		Paid Nelson Parker (servant) for same expenses	50 00	
		Paid expenses of self from home to Chicago and return	114 75	
		Paid hotel bills and meals *en route*, not included in other vouchers	712 18	
		Paid carriage hire for use of committee	34 75	
		Paid telegraphing and postage	67 22	

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES, 1883—Continued.		
1883.				
Sept. 17	6	James L Christie, for expenses incurred, &c.—Continued.		
		Paid transfer of committee and baggage	$28 60	
		Paid expressage, porterage, &c	38 65	
		Paid cooks and others on cars and steamboat	65 00	
		Paid expenses of escort, drivers, &c	51 00	
		Paid stationery, incidental and necessary expenses	37 95	
				$1,506 82
Oct. 13	7	Chester M. Dawes:		
		For 72 days' services as clerk to the select committee of the United States Senate, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, from July 31 to October 13, 1883, at $6 per day		432 00
Oct. 17	8	Hon. Martin Maginnis:		
		For expenses incurred in joining the Select Committee of the United States Senate in Chicago, and afterwards as a member of the subcommittee, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, while said subcommittee visited the Gros Ventres, Assinaboines, the Piegans, Bloods, Blackfeet, the Flatheads, and other Indian tribes in Northern Montana, between July 26 and September 28, 1883		813 00
	9	Hon. George G. Vest:		
		For expenses incurred as a member of the subcommittee of the Select Committee of the Senate, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, while said subcommittee visited the Gros Ventres, Assinaboines, the Piegans, Bloods, Blackfeet, the Flatheads, and other Indian tribes in Northern Montana, between August 18 and September 28, 1883		690 00
	10	J. A. Campbell:		
		For services as clerk to the subcommittee of the Select Committee of the United States Senate, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, while said subcommittee visited the Indian tribes in Northern Montana, between August 24 and September 28, 1883, 33 days, at $6 per day		198 00
1884.				
May 9	11	J. R. McCarty:		
		For services as stenographer to the Select Committee of the Senate of the United States, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, as follows:		
		1 page, at $3.10 per page	3 10	
		225 pages, at $2.25 per page	528 75	
		213 pages, at $1 per page	213 00	
		2 maps	30 00	
				774 85
24	.....	Refunded by Hon. H. L. Dawes and covered into the Treasury, as per certificate of deposit, No. —		3 33
		Total		5,000 00
		Amount advanced under voucher No. 14	5,000 00	
			5,000 00	5,000 00

Sub-vouchers, under vouchers Nos. 16 *and* 18, *paid by F. E. Shober, late Acting Secretary of the Senate, settlement of December* 18, 1883.

		SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES, 1883.		
1883.				
July 12	1	G. H. Foster:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, to investigate and examine into the subject of the protection to be given by law to the fish and fisheries of the Atlantic coast, 1 day, July 12, at $3 per day		$3 00
	2	E. S. Taylor:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, 1 day, July 12, at $3 per day		3 00

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES, 1883—Continued.		
1883.				
July 12	3	W. W. Ware:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, 1 day, July 12, at $3 per day		$3 00
	4	M. Cresse:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, 1 day, July 12, at $3 per day		3 00
	5	R. E. Hughes:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, 1 day, July 12, at $3 per day		3 00
	6	S. M. Schellinger:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, 1 day, July 12, at $3 per day		3 00
13	7	W. F. Cassedy:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, 2 days, July 12 and 13, at $3 per day		6 00
	8	H. W. Sawyer:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, 2 days, July 12 and 13, at $3 per day		6 00
	9	T. J. Hooner:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, 1 day, July 13, at $3 per day	$3 00	
		Travel from Atlantic City, N. J., to Cape May and return, 174 miles, at 5 cents per mile	8 70	11 70
	10	A. Bowen:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883: Travel from Atlantic City, N. J., to Cape May and return, 174 miles, at 5 cents per mile		8 70
	11	John J. Gardner:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, 1 day, July 13, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Atlantic City, N. J., to Cape May and return, 174 miles, at 5 cents per mile	8 70	11 70
	12	S. G. Gaudy:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, 1 day, July 13, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Cape May C. H., N. J., to Cape May, 24 miles, at 5 cents per mile	1 20	4 20
	13	C. Ludlam:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883: Travel from Cape May C. H., N. J., to Cape May and return, 24 miles, at 5 cents per mile		1 20
16	14	Isaac Worth:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, 1 day, July 16, at $3 per day		3 00
	15	John Miller:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, 1 day, July 16, at 3 per day		3 00

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES, 1883—Continued.		
1883. July 16	16	L. J. Worth: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under a resolution of March 2, 1883, 1 day, July 16, 1883, at $3 per day		$3 00
	17	B. W. Richards: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, 1 day, July 16 at $3 per day	$3 00	
		Travel from Long Branch, N. J., to Berkley, N. J., and return, 44 miles, at 5 cents per mile	2 20	5 20
	18	J. R. Ridgeway: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, 1 day, July 16, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Long Branch to Berkley, N. J., and return, 44 miles, at 5 cents per mile	2 20	5 20
	19	Elias Naylor: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883	3 00	
		Travel from Tom's River to Berkley and return, 12 miles, at 5 cents per mile	60	3 60
	20	Frederick Grant: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, 1 day, July 16, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Tom's River, N. J., to Berkley and return, 12 miles, at 5 cents per mile	60	3 60
	21	William Huls: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, one day, July 16, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Bayville, N. J., to Berkley and return, 16 miles, at 5 cents per mile	80	3 80
	22	J. F. Reed: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883: Travel from life-saving station to Berkley and return, 5½ miles, at 5 cents per mile		28
	23	W. T. Bailey: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, 1 day, July 16, at $3 per day	3 00	
		Travel from Camden, N. J., to Berkley and return, 116 miles, at 5 cents per mile	5 80	8 80
17	24	W. P. Chadwick: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, 1 day, July 17, at $3 per day		
		Travel from life-saving station No. 12 to Berkley and return, 8 miles, at 5 cents per mile	40	40
	25	Eugene Longstreet: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, 1 day, July 17, at $3 per day		3 00
	26	John W. Petit: For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, 1 day, July 17, at $3 per day		3 00

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
1883.		SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES, 1883—Continued.		
July 17	27	James T. Mills:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, 1 day, July 17, at $3 per day..	$3 00	
		Travel from Barnegat, N. J., to Berkley and return, 44 miles, at 5 cents per mile.....	2 20	
				$5 20
	28	Charles L. Tilton:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, 1 day, July 17, at $3 per day..		3 00
18	29	Asher Wardell:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, 1 day, July 18, at $3 per day.....		3 00
	30	C. W. Chasey:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, 1 day, July 18, at $3 per day.....		3 00
	31	W. Green:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, 1 day, July 18, at $3 per day.....		3 00
	32	John Goodwin:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, 1 day, July 18, at $3 per day.....		3 00
	33	T. L. Reynolds:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, 1 day, July 18, at $3 per day.....		3 00
	34	Richard Layton:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under a resolution of March 2, 1883, 1 day, July 18, at $3 per day.....		3 00
	35	Charles Rundquist:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, 1 day, July 18, at $3 per day.....		3 00
	36	Robert Lloyd:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, 1 day, July 18, at $3 per day.....		3 00
20	37	Eugene G. Blackford:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, 2 days, July 19 and 20, at $3 per day.....	6 00	
		Travel from New York to Coney Island and return, 40 miles, at 5 cents per mile.....	2 00	
				8 00
	38	Samuel Potter:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, 1 day, July 20, 1883, at $3 per day.....		3 00
	39	Albert Voorhees:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, 1 day, July 20, 1883...		3 00
	40	Dudley Haley:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, 1 day, July 20, at $3 per day.....	3 00	
		Travel from Brooklyn, N. Y., to Brighton Beach, N. Y., and return, 16 miles, at 5 cents per mile.....	80	
				3 80

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES, 1883—Continued.		
1883.				
July 23	41	Barna S. Snow:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, 1 day, July 23, at $3 per day		$3 00
	42	N. Mayo:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, 1 day, July 23, at $3 per day		3 00
25	43	C. D. Thomes:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, 1 day, July 25, at $3 per day		3 00
	44	Charles A. Dyer:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, 1 day, July 25, at $3 per day		3 00
	45	Emery Cushing:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, 1 day, July 25, at $3 per day		3 00
	46	I. I. Johnson:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, 1 day, July 25, at $3 per day		3 00
	47	John E. Robbins:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883		3 00
Aug. 27	48	E. Z. Bailey:		
		Aug. 27. For reporting and transcribing testimony taken under Senate resolution of March 2, 1883, directing a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, to examine into the subject of the protection to be given by law to the fish and fisheries of the Atlantic coast, from page 129 to page 320, inclusive, 192 pages, at $2.25		432 00
Oct. 11	49	Wesley Raynor:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, 1 day, October 11, at $3 per day		3 00
	50	C. L. Morrison:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, 1 day, October 11, at $3 per day		3 00
13	51	James S. Darling:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, 1 day, October 13, at $3 per day		3 00
	52	Lorenzo D. Moyer:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, 1 day, October 13, at $3 per day		3 00
	53	W. G. Smithers:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, 1 day, October 13, at $3 per day		3 00
15	54	W. P. Hillyer:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, 1 day, October 15, at $3 per day		3 00

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES, 1883—Continued.		
1883.				
Oct. 24	55	J. R. Sneed, deputy Sergeant-at-Arms:		
		For expenses incurred and moneys paid out on account of the subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under a resolution of March 2, 1883, to examine into the subject of the protection to be given by law to the fish and fisheries of the Atlantic coast, from July 10 to December 18, 1883, covering meetings of the subcommittee at various places, as per following particulars:		
		July 10. Cab-hire	$2 25	
		11. Refreshments for journey	61 00	
		Telegram	46	
		Railroad fare for committee and officers from Washington to Cape May	38 50	
		Newspapers	35	
		Transfer of committee and baggage at Philadelphia	5 25	
		Carriage and porters at Cape May	3 50	
		Telegram	25	
		12. Postage stamps and wrappers	78	
		13. Telegram and newspapers	35	
		14. Newspapers, bootblack, and wrappers	55	
		Fare of two to Sewell's Point and back	60	
		15. Newspapers and bootblack	20	
		16. Servants and porters at Cape May Hotel	7 00	
		Hotel bill at Cape May	179 10	
		Railroad fare, Cape May to Camden	12 00	
		Seats in parlor car	1 75	
		Postage stamps and newspapers	60	
		Railroad fare from Camden to Berkley	8 85	
		17. Expenses of stenographer to Philadelphia and Berkley	6 27	
		18. Servants at Berkley Arms Hotel	5 25	
		Hotel bill at Berkley Arms Hotel	80 38	
		Railroad fare, Berkley to Long Branch	5 40	
		Porterage at Long Branch	2 00	
		Telegram and bootblack	51	
		Messenger to life-saving station	50	
		Carriage hire at Long Branch	3 00	
		Postage stamps and sundries	2 15	
		19. Omnibus	1 20	
		Boat from Long Branch to Coney Island	2 10	
		Baggage express from Long Branch to Coney Island	9 75	
		20. Newspapers and bootblacks	28	
		21. Railroad fare, Coney Island to New York and return	61	
		22. Hotel bill at Brighton Beach	154 37	
		Postage stamps and waiters at Coney Island	2 62	
		Railroad fare, Coney Island to Brooklyn	1 25	
		Transfer of committee and baggage, Brooklyn, to steamer	1 95	
		Refreshments in New York	15	
		Boat, New York to Boston	25	
		Dinner on boat	5 10	
		Hotel bill at Long Branch	44 10	
		23. Special berth on boat for chairman, and newspapers	3 11	
		Breakfast for secretary	50	
		Stage and baggage, Boston	3 50	
		Breakfast at Parker House	5 78	
		Postage stamps	25	
		Cab for chairman	2 60	
		Dinner at Parker House	7 50	
		24. Carriage hire and street cars	3 75	
		Bootblack and newspapers	20	
		Waiters and porter	2 50	
		Refreshments	12 00	
		Bill at Parker House	15 60	
		Stage to railroad station	1 50	
		Railroad fare, Boston to Portland	15 00	
		25. Hack, newspapers, and bootblack	1 00	
		Crew of revenue cutter	2 00	
		Expenses of stenographer, Portland to Washington	23 00	
		Expenses of assistant fish commissioner, Portland to Washington	23 00	

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date:	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES, 1883—Continued.		
1883.				
Oct. 24	55	J. R. Sneed, deputy Sergeant-at-Arms, for expenses incurred and moneys paid, &c.—Continued.		
		July 25. Chairman and secretary, Canandaigua to Washington	$44 55	
		26. Newspapers and bootblack	25	
		Servants and porter at Portland	3 50	
		Washing bill	3 00	
		Hotel bill at Falmouth House	66 35	
		Expenses of stenographer from Coney Island to Boston, via Washington	33 00	
		Railroad fare for two from Portland to Montreal	16 00	
		Railroad fare for two from Portland to Fabians	7 00	
		Railroad guide and newspapers	50	
		Four seats in parlor car	2 00	
		27. Railroad fare for chairman and secretary from Fabians to Canandaigua	60 25	
		Newspapers and bootblack	27	
		Hotel bill at Fabians	20 50	
		Carriage drives at Fabians	1 50	
		Waiters and porters	3 00	
		Telegram for chairman	90	
		Parlor car to Montreal	2 00	
		Omnibus at Montreal	50	
		28. Carriage hire	5 00	
		Waiters and stage fare	2 50	
		Hotel bill at Montreal	10 50	
		Boat from Montreal to Quebec	8 00	
		29. Stage at Quebec	50	
		Sundries	1 50	
		Carriage hire	5 00	
		Hotel at Quebec	3 75	
		Carriage to station	50	
		Railroad fare, Quebec to Montreal	7 00	
		Parlor car	1 50	
		Dinner for two	2 00	
		Stage at Montreal	50	
		30. Hotel bill at Montreal	5 00	
		Waiters and porter	1 00	
		Stage to railroad station	50	
		One fare, railroad, Montreal to New York	11 00	
		One fare, railroad, Montreal to Washington	18 25	
		Parlor car, two, to New York	4 00	
		Dinner at Ticonderoga	2 00	
		Stage, newspapers, and bootblack	1 25	
		Cash to Senator Call for expenses in New York and to Washington	15 00	
		31. Bill for self at New York hotel	3 00	
		Servant and porter	75	
		Parlor car, New York to Washington	2 35	
		Dinner	1 00	
		Carriage and porter, Washington	1 00	
		Aug. 1. McLaughlin, for carriage-hire	2 00	
		House restaurant, for use of silver and crockery	5 50	
		Oct. 10. Refreshments for trip to Chesapeake Bay	16 00	
		Boat, Washington to Old Point	10 00	
		Supper on boat	4 00	
		11. Servants on boat	1 00	
		Telegrams, newspapers, and postage stamps	1 15	
		14. Telegrams, newspapers, and postage stamps	50	
		Hotel bill at Hygeia Hotel	70 70	
		Sundries	6 95	
		Servants and porterage	5 00	
		15. Provisions at Cherrystone	5 00	
		Crew of steamer Lookout	5 00	
		16. Steamer from Cherrystone to Old Point	8 00	
		Telegram, newspapers, and bootblack	70	
		Bill at Hygeia Hotel	28 40	
		Servants and porter	3 2	
		Bertha, one fare and supper on steamer to Washington	10 00	
		17. Cash to Senator Lapham on boat	5 00	
		Servants on boat	1 00	
		Carriage to hotels	2 00	

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES, 1883—Continued.		
1883.				
Oct. 24	55	J. R. Sneed, deputy Sergeant-at-Arms, for expenses incurred and moneys paid, &c.—Continued.		
		Oct. 17. Traveling expenses, hotel, &c., of chairman and secretary from Canandaigua to Washington and return	$80 00	
		24. McLaughlin, carriage hire	2 00	
		Postage stamps	25	
				$1,468 44
Oct. 31	56	E. Z. Brailey:		
		For reporting and transcribing testimony taken by subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, under Senate resolution of March 2, 1883, from page 321 to 353, inclusive, 33 pages, at $2.25		74 25
Dec. 18	57	Seth Green:		
		For attendance as a witness before a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, 2 days, December 17 and 18, at $3 per day	6 00	
		Travel from Rochester, N. Y., to Washington and return, 788 miles, at 5 cents per mile	39 40	
				45 40
1884.				
Feb. 20	58	J. L. Andem:		
		Feb. 2. For reporting and transcribing testimony taken by a subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, under Senate resolution of March 2, 1883, from page 354 to page 376, inclusive, 23 pages, at $2.25		51 75
Mar. 18	59	Hon. W. Call:		
		For railroad fares, hotel, and other expenses, after summons to attend the committee, and while on committee		150 00
Apr. 29	60	J. R. Sneed:		
		For expenses incurred and services rendered to the subcommittee of Foreign Relations, appointed under resolution of March 2, 1883, from January 18, 1884, to date		75 75
		Total		2,500 00
		Amount advanced under vouchers 16 and 18	2,500 00	
			2,500 00	2,500 00

Subvouchers, under voucher 20, paid by F. E. Shober, late Acting Secretary of the Senate settlement of December 18, 1883.

		SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES, 1883.		
1883.				
Oct. 28	1	John B. Drake & Co.:		
		For board of the Select Committee of the United States Senate, appointed under resolution of February 22, 1883, to inquire into the progress of the work on the Mississippi River Improvements, &c., October 26 to 28, 1883, both inclusive		$121 [illegible]
Nov. 13	2	C. W. Durham:		
		For expenses incurred in transporting the select committee appointed under resolution of February 22, 1883, from Rock Island, Ill., to the mouth of the river and return to New Orleans, La		2,422 [illegible]
14	3	R. E. Rivers:		
		For board of the Select Committee of the United States Senate, appointed under resolution of February 22, 1883, November 12 to 14, 1883, both inclusive		190 [illegible]
17	4	Nelson Parker:		
		For 23 days' services as servant to the select committee appointed under resolution of February 22, 1883, at $2.50 per day		57 [illegible]
28	5	James I. Christie:		
		For expenses incurred as Deputy Sergeant-at-Arms of the United States Senate accompanying the select committee appointed under resolution of February 22, 1883, as follows:		
		Paid Hon. J. A. Logan for expenses from New Orleans to his home	$50 00	
		Paid Hon. P. Sawyer for expenses to his home	50 00	

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &C.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES, 1883—Continued.		
1883.				
Nov. 28	5	James I. Christie—Continued:		
		Paid Hon. J. D. Walker expenses to Chicago and to his home	$50 00	
		Paid Hon. B. F. Jonas expenses to Chicago and to Washington	87 50	
		Paid expenses of self from home to Chicago	62 50	
		Paid expenses of T. F. Shuey, stenographer, to Chicago	46 50	
		Paid expenses of N. T. N. Robinson, clerk, to Chicago	27 25	
		Paid expenses of S. A. Jonas, messenger, to Chicago and return to Washington	82 00	
		Paid expenses of Nelson Parker, servant, to Chicago	25 00	
		Paid railroad fare and for sleeping-car berths	231 15	
		Paid carriage-hire and transportation of baggage for committee	70 50	
		Paid telegraphing and postage for committee	51 77	
		Paid meals *en route*, not included in hotel vouchers	40 35	
		Paid porterage, &c., including waiters on steamboat	52 25	
		Paid expressage of boxes, &c., for committee	25 30	
		Paid incidental and other necessary expenses	15 90	
				$967 97
1884.				
Feb. 5		Refunded by John A. Logan and covered into the Treasury, as per certificate of deposit No. 30263		1,240 03
		Total		5,000 00
		Amount advanced by voucher No. 20	5,000 00	
			5,000 00	5,000 00
		MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.		
Jan. 2	1	S. C. Wailes:		
		1882.		
		Dec. 31. For services making wood boxes for United States Senate committee rooms, December 3 to 31, inclusive, 29 days, at $2.50 per day		72 50
	2	John T. Mitchell:		
		Nov. 14. 50 dozen towels and marking, at $7.50		375 00
	3	E. N. Gray & Co., repairing coal carts for United States Senate:		
		Dec. 5. 143 pounds boiler iron, at 6 cents	8 58	
		65 pounds bar iron, at 4 cents	2 60	
		7½ pounds small rivets, at 20 cents	1 50	
		Smith and helper, 38 hours, at 70 cents	26 60	
		Boiler-maker, 68 hours, at 45 cents	30 60	
		Boiler-maker's assistant, 97 hours, at 30 cents	29 10	
		Machinist and use of lathe and drill press, 27 hours, at 50 cents	13 50	
				112 48
	4	J. W. Boteler & Son:		
		July 14. 1 dozen extra large spittoons	16 50	
		Sept. 27. Repairing water-cooler	2 00	
		Nov. 17. 1 large water-cooler	17 00	
		1 new pattern urn	25 00	
		1 fancy basket	15 00	
		22. 1 step-ladder	4 00	
		23. 1 dozen tumblers	3 50	
		30. 50 large boxes tapers, at 50 cents	25 00	
		3 G. B. mustache cups	1 80	
		1 slop jar	3 50	
		1 slop jar	3 50	
		Dec. 1. 6 dozen cuspidors	66 70	
		6 dozen cuspidors	75 00	
		1 dozen boxes brass polish	3 00	
		7. 1 fancy match-safe	2 50	
		6 dozen large spittoons	99 00	
		10. 3 dozen nail-brush trays	21 00	
				384 00
	5	J. & H. J. Green:		
		Dec. 1. 6 thermometers (exposed) with supports, at $3	18 00	
		1 thermometer, pocket size	2 50	
		1 anemometer (small), 5 dials	30 00	
		Packing and express charges	1 00	
				51 50
	6	Isaac Bassett:		
		Dec. 14. 5 pounds Copenhagen snuff for use of Senators in Senate chamber		2 25
3	7	Wash. Nailor:		
		Dec. 18. For carriage hire for the use of the Senate of the United States from December 3 to 18, 1883, inclusive		85 00

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS—Continued.		
1884.				
Jan. 3	8	R. Beall:		
		1883.		
		Dec. 5. Hopkins Court of Claims Report, vols. 13 and 14, for Committee on Claims	$12 00	
		1 Webster's Unabridged Dictionary, official reporters	10 00	
		1 Imperial Dictionary, 4 volumes, sheep, library	26 00	
		3 Phillips' Manual Supreme Court Practice, library	15 00	
		7. 3 copies volume 16 Supreme Court Reports, library	9 00	
		3 copies volume 17 Supreme Court Reports, library	9 00	
		6 copies Myer's Index to Decisions Supreme Court, library	30 00	
		10. 2 Cooper's American Politics, library	10 00	
				$121 00
5	9	Mrs. Mary F. St. John:		
		Dec. 19. For payment to the widow of W. H. H. St. John, deceased, late messenger in charge of store-room, a sum equal to six month's salary as messenger aforesaid, the annual salary being $1,200; the above sum to be considered as including the funeral expenses and all other allowances under resolution of the Senate of December 19, 1883		600 00
	10	J. Karr:		
		Oct. 31. For winding, regulating, and repairing clocks for United States Senate for the month of October, 1883		25 00
	11	Mrs. Mary V. Quin:		
		Dec. 19. For payment to the mother of George A. Clarke, deceased, late messenger in charge of the room of the official reporters of the Senate, a sum equal to six month's salary as messenger aforesaid, the salary being at the rate of $1,440 per annum, under resolution of the Senate of December 19, 1883; the above sum to be considered as including the funeral expenses and all other allowances		720 00
7	12	George Bing & Co.:		
		Dec. 31. 1 three-wheel numbering machine for office of Secretary of the Senate		30 00
	13	L. K. Strouse & Co.:		
		Dec. 18. One copy of "Walker on Law of Patents," for the use of the Committee on Patents		6 50
9	14	W. B. Moses & Son:		
		Dec. 7. 2½ dozen large white granite spittoons, for use in Senate corridors, at $24		60 00
	15	M. E. Mann:		
		Dec. 31. 3 copies Appleton's Annual Encyclopedia, 1882, furnished Senate library, at $6 per volume		18 00
	16	J. McDermott & Bro.:		
		Dec. 17. 1 oak box with gum swivel wheel, with fixing in front and handle and plate; 2 patent iron rubber-tire wheels and axle; 2 wrought iron wheels inside body, and lettering box for United States Senate		50 00
10	17	Mrs. L. Hilton:		
		Dec. 31. Washing and ironing for United States Senate for month of December, 1883, 179½ dozen towels, at 50 cents		89 62
11	18	Independent Ice Company:		
		Dec. 31. 49,800 pounds ice for United States Senate for month of December, 1883, at 35 cents		174 30
12	19	Willett & Ruoff:		
		Nov. 24. 10 robes and making, for committee rooms		165 00
14	20	Western Union Telegraph Company:		
		July 6. Dispatch, Sneed to Lapham, Canandaigua, N. Y.	25	
		7. Dispatch, Bright to Sherman, Mansfield, Ohio	32	
		Dispatch, Bright to Harrison, Indianapolis, Ind	64	
		Dispatch, Bright from Reade, New York	15	
		Dispatch, Bright from Sherman, Mansfield, Ohio	27	
		9. Dispatch, Nixon to Logan, Santa Fé	1 25	
		12. Dispatch, Nixon to Ransom, Weldon, N. C	51	
		Dispatch, Nixon to Platt, Meriden, Conn	36	
		Dispatch, Nixon from Judd, Meriden, Conn	26	

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &C.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS—Continued.		
1884. Jan. 14	20	Western Union Telegraph Company—Continued.		
		1883. July 20. Dispatch, Nixon from Bright, Boston	$0 15	
		Aug. 7. Dispatch, Nixon from Bright, Boston	15	
		13. Dispatch, Dalton to Bright, Boston	15	
		17. Dispatch, Dalton from Bright, Boston	15	
		24. Dispatch, Dalton to Bright, New York	15	
		Dispatch, Dalton from Bright, New York	15	
		28. Dispatch, Dalton to Bright, Boston	20	
		Dispatch, Dalton from Bright, Boston	15	
		30. Dispatch, Dalton to Kimball, New York	15	
		Dispatch, Dalton to and from Bright, Boston	30	
		Sept. 8. Dispatch, Dalton to Bright, Boston	20	
		22. Dispatch, Dalton from Bright, Boston	30	
		24. Dispatch, Dalton to Bright, Boston	20	
		Oct. 2. Dispatch, Bright to Gaskin, Providence	15	
		5. Dispatch, McKinney to Gaskin, Newport	25	
		6. Dispatch, Sneed to Morgan, Selma	74	
		6. Dispatch, Sneed from Call, New York	15	
		10. Dispatch, Sneed to hotel Fortress Monroe, Va	30	
		16. Dispatch, Bright from Jonas, Aberdeen, Miss	50	
		Dispatch, financial secretary from Jonas, Aberdeen, Miss	50	
		25. Dispatch, Hatton to and from Bright, Boston	30	
		60. Dispatch, McKinney to Bright, Boston	20	
		31. Dispatch, Nixon and McPherson from Bright, Boston	35	
		Nov. 5. Dispatch, Bright to Franklin, Holton, Ind	64	
		9. Dispatch, Bright to Groome, Elkton, Md	30	
		12. Dispatch, Bright to Bingham, Indianapolis, Ind	50	
		Dispatch, Bright to Van Wyck, Nebraska City	68	
		13. Dispatch, McKinney from Bright, Pittsburgh	40	
		15. Dispatch, McKinney from Bright, Racine	50	
		16. Dispatch, McKinney to Bright, Racine	50	
		Dispatch, McKinney from Bright, Racine	50	
		21. Dispatch, Bright to Logan, Chicago	74	
		22. Dispatch, Bright from Groome, Elkton, Md	35	
		Dispatch, Bright to Harrison, Indianapolis, Ind	54	
		Dispatch, Bright from Hines, Indianapolis, Ind	50	
		26. Dispatch, Bright to Holman, Indianapolis, Ind	50	
		30. Dispatch, Bright to Grum, New York	20	
		Dec. 4. Dispatch, Bright to Jonas, Gold Hill, Nev	1 50	
		6. Dispatch, Bright to Bartlett, New York	20	
		Dispatch, Logan to Marshall, Vicksburg	93	
		Dispatch, Logan to Stickney, New Orleans	60	
		8. Dispatch, Bright to Nichol, Indianapolis, Ind	52	
		10. Dispatch, Shober to Farley, Jackson, Cal	2 30	
		14. Dispatch, Shober to Postmaster, Jackson, Cal	1 50	
		17. Dispatch, Bright to Jones, Rockport, Ind	50	
				$24 75
16	21	E. F. Brooks:		
		Nov. 23. 20 feet union tubing	7 00	
		6 Argand burners	5 10	
		1 ½-inch gas-cock	30	
		1 ½-inch burner nozzle	20	
		1 heating burner	50	
		6 taper slides	8 70	
		5 extension pieces	2 50	
		Repairs of chandelier slide	1 00	
				25 30
	22	Adams Express Company:		
		Dec. 26. Expressage on Senate supplies from Boston		1 50
18	23	Jacob Karr:		
		Dec. 31. Winding and regulating clocks for United States Senate during November and December, 1883		50 00
	24	Jacob Karr:		
		July 16. New main-spring in clock, Committee on Education and Labor room	3 50	
		Oct. 31. 3 new figures on clock in Senate chamber	2 50	
		Nov. 19. Repairing and cleaning steam-gauge clock	3 50	
		Dec. 1. Repairing and new cord in clock in document-room	1 50	
		5. New main-spring for clock in Mines and Mining Committee room	2 50	

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS—Continued.		
1884.				
Jan. 18	24	Jocob Karr—Continued.		
		1883.		
		Dec. 5. 2 new screws and repairing case of clock, Committee on Claims	$2 00	
		29. Repairing ice pitcher	1 00	
				$16 50
	25	National Republican:		
		July 1. The National Republican furnished United States Senate, viz: two copies—one for use of Secretary's office; one for Senate chamber, July 1, 1883, to July 30, 1884		12 00
19	26	H. Semkin:		
		Dec. 23. Engraving thermometer, Vice-President's room		1 00
21	27	Ives, Billamy & Co.:		
		Nov. 13. 3 ivory thermometers		32 00
23	28	Philadelphia Press:		
		One copy of the Press furnished the office of the Secretary of the Senate, from January 19 to June 30, 1884		4 40
31	29	R. Beall:		
		Dec. 27. 1 Almanach de Gotha, 1884, Foreign Relations	2 50	
		1 British Almanac and Companion, 1884, Foreign Relations	2 50	
		1 British Almanac and Companion, 1884, Finance Committee	2 50	
		1884.		
		Jan. 16. 17 City Directories for 1884, at $5	85 00	
				92 50
Feb. 1	30	Mrs. L. Hilton:		
		Jan. 31. Washing and ironing 219 dozen towels during January, 1884, at 50 cents		109 50
	31	Robert Leitch & Son:		
		Jan. 28. 12 lengths best flexible tube, assorted, with goose necks and patent sockets, at $4.50	54 00	
		12 decorated shades, assorted, at $3.50	42 00	
		6 file needles, at $1	6 00	
				102 00
2	32	A. W. Kellogg, assistant postmaster:		
		Jan. 30. Six hundred street railway-car tickets for use of the Senate		25 00
4	33	Jacob Karr:		
		Jan. 21. For winding and regulating clocks, United States Senate, during January, 1884 (contract)		25 00
	34	Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph Company:		
		1883.		
		Sept. 11. For transmitting telegram, Dalton to Senator Gorman, Laurel		25
7	35	J. Baumgarten:		
		Dec. 18. For 1 bottle red ink, Senate post-office	25	
		1 pad, Senate post-office	10	
				35
9	36	A. J. Hurdle:		
		Dec. 3. For services 2 days, Dec. 1st and 2d, making wood boxes for committee rooms, at $2.50		5 00
11	37	R. Beall:		
		1884.		
		Jan. 21. 1 Washington Directory for 1884, Committee on Naval Affairs	5 00	
		1 Washington Directory for 1884, Committee on Patents	5 00	
		1 Colton's General Atlas, Committee on Naval Affairs	20 00	
		1 Imperial Dictionary, 4 v., half Rus., Committee on Privileges and Elections	25 00	
		Feb. 6. London Economist, Committee on Finance	15 00	
				70 00
12	38	Independent Ice Company:		
		Jan. 31. 40,500 pounds ice for the United States Senate during January, 1884, at 35 cents per 100 pounds		141 75
21	39	Louisa Hilton:		
		Feb. 13. For washing and ironing 98½ dozen towels, from Feb. 1 to 13, 1884, at 50 cents per dozen (as per contract)		49 12
27	40	R. Beall:		
		Feb. 15. 1 Black's Atlas of the World for Committee on Foreign Affairs	22 50	
		1 Imperial Dictionary, 4 vols., for Committee on Foreign Affairs	26 00	
				48 50

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS—Continued.		
1884.				
Feb. 29	41	B. P. Brown:		
		1884.		
		Feb. 29. For ironing 122½ dozen towels for the use of the United States Senate, at 50 cents per dozen		$61 25
	42	Charles B. Lapham:		
		For 22 days' service as clerk to the Committee on Fish and Fisheries, from Feb. 8 to 29, inclusive, 1884, at $6 per day		132 00
Mar. 1	43	Thomas Russell:		
		1883.		
		Dec. 20. 2 dozen Eau-de-Quinine, at $17		34 00
3	44	F. M. Trevoe:		
		1884.		
		Feb. 21. 5 rubber stamps for minute and journal clerks' use, at $3		15 00
4	45	Independent Ice Company:		
		Feb. 29. 51,900 pounds of ice for the use of the United States Senate for the month of February, 1884, as per contract, at 35 cents per cwt		181 65
6	46	W. A. Beckford:		
		Mar. 2. For services rendered the Senate of the United States as special messenger to the Committee on Claims during the absence of the regular messenger, from the 21st of February to 2d of March, 1884, inclusive, at the rate of $1,440 per annum, under resolution of the Senate of January 20, 1884		43 52
	47	Hawkins Taylor, jr.:		
		For 17 days' service as clerk to the Committee on Expenditures of Public Money, from February 13 to 29, inclusive, at $6		102 00
7	48	Z. D. Gilman:		
		1883.		
		Dec. 3. 2 dozen 20-inch feather-dusters, at $24.50	$49 00	
		1 dozen nail brushes	7 50	
		10-12 dozen polish	2 00	
		½ dozen combs	80	
		11. 1 barrel soap	4 50	
		14. 2 dozen boxes blacking, at $1.20	2 40	
		2 dozen combs, at $2.25	4 50	
		26. 1 barrel soft soap	4 50	
		28. 38 pounds Castile soap, at 12 cents	4 56	
		1884.		
		Jan. 14. 1 dozen sperm candles	60	
		1 dozen paste brushes	3 50	
		22. bottle liniment	1 00	
		10 pounds pulverized alum, at 10 cents	1 00	
		25. 104 pounds Florida S. W. sponge, at $2.10	218 40	
		1 dozen nail brushes, large	8 50	
		26. 2 barrels soft soap, at $4.50	9 00	
		Feb. 1. 1 dozen shoe brushes	12 00	
		3 dozen shoe blacking, at 75 cents	2 25	
		4. 1 gallon Astral oil	35	
		8. 1 dozen silver polish	3 00	
		14. 4 dozen toilet soap, at $1.50	6 00	
		1 dozen taper holders	12 00	
		16. 2 gallons alcohol (engineer), at $2.50	5 00	
		23. 2 gallons alcohol (barber shop)	5 00	
		2 gallons bay rum	7 00	
		26. 1 dozen bottles ginger	4 50	
		100 2-grain quinine pills	2 00	
				380 86
13	49	R. Beall:		
		Feb. 20. 10 American Almanacs for 1884, Senate Library	12 50	
		27. 1 Webster Counting House Dictionary, Vice-President's room	3 50	
		Mar. 6. 2 Statesman's Year Book, 1884, Library	6 00	
		1 Statesman's Year Book, 1884, Committee on Foreign Relations	3 00	
		1 Statesman's Year Book, 1884, Committee on Finance	3 00	
		12 Heye's United States Import Duties, Committee on Finance	36 00	
		1 American Almanac, 1881, Committee on Finance	1 25	
		1 American Almanac, 1883, Committee on Finance	1 25	
		1 American Almanac, 1884, Committee on Finance	1 25	

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS—Continued.		
1884.				
Mar. 13	49	R. Beall—continued:		
		1884.		
		Mar. 6. 1 American Almanac, 1884, Secretary's office	81 25	
		1 Statesman's Year Book, 1884, Secretary's office	3 00	
		1 Statesman's Year Book, 1876, Committee on Finance	3 00	
		1 British Almanac and Companion, 1879, Committee on Finance	2 00	
		1 Rand & McNally's Atlas of World, Committee on Finance	23 50	
		1 Spofford's Almanac, 1882, Committee on Finance	1 25	
		1 United States Supreme Court Reports, volume 100, Committee on Finance	3 00	
				$104 75
	50	J. Anglim & Co.:		
		Mar. 10. 10 copies of the Revised Statutes relating to the District of Columbia, for the Senate library, at $2 per copy		20 00
20	51	J. Karr:		
		Feb. 29. For winding, regulating, and repairing clocks in Senate wing of the Capitol for the month of February, 1884, as per contract		25 00
26	52	W. B. Dana & Co.:		
		Mar. 13. For Financial Review (annual), complete file, Committee on Finance, 7 at $2.5 at $1	19 00	
		For Commercial and Financial Chronicle, including Investor's Supplement, from January 1 to June 30, 1884, Committee on Finance.	6 00	
		Postage	10	
				25 10
	53	B. P. Poore:		
		Mar. 19. For expenses incurred in compiling and indexing the abridgment of the President's message and accompanying documents		75 00
27	54	Paul Jones:		
		1883.		
		Sept. 19. For expenses incurred coming from New York to Washington and return for the purpose of identifying person who forged drafts in the name of Senator Gorman, and which were paid by the Secretary of the Senate, viz:		
		Railroad fare, New York to Washington	6 50	
		Sleeping-car fare	2 00	
		Board while in Washington, September 16 to 18, inclusive	8 75	
		Railroad fare, Washington to New York	6 50	
		Sleeping-car fare	2 00	
		Porterage	50	
				25 75
31	55	Hawkins Taylor, jr.:		
		For 31 days' service as clerk to the Committee on Expenditures of Public Money, from March 1 to 31, 1884, inclusive, at $6 per day		186 00
	56	W. D. Wyvill:		
		Dec. 6. 1 dozen 1-pound cans Pultz pomade, at 60 cents	7 20	
		12. 24 dozen papers Mount Eagle tripoli, at $1	24 00	
		15. 8 quires emery cloth, at $1	8 00	
		1884.		
		Jan. 9. 6 candles	18	
		14. 6 ax-handles, at 25 cents	1 50	
		Feb. 16. 1 ax and handle	1 50	
				42 38
	57	W. D. Wyvill:		
		1883.		
		Dec. 5. ½ dozen brass hooks and eyes	63	
		2 pairs hinges	20	
		1 key blank	10	
		8. 1 dozen cloak hooks	25	
		19. 12 steel key blanks, at 15 cents	1 80	
		26. 1 dozen picture nails	25	
		28. 15 feet of weather strips, at 6 cents	90	
				4 13
	58	W. D. Wyvill:		
		Dec. 5. Repairing mail-wagon lantern	75	
		3 wire pins for post-office	15	
		1884.		
		Feb. 5. Repairing lantern for post-office	25	
		14. 1 lantern burner for post-office	25	
				1 40

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &C.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS—Continued.		
1884.				
Mar. 31	59	Charles B. Lapham:		
		For 31 days' service as clerk to the Committee on Fish and Fisheries, from March 1 to 31, 1884, inclusive, at $6 per day		$186 00
	60	E. T. Sees, treasurer:		
		1884.		
		Mar. 15. For 1 copy Traveler's Official Railway Guide for Committee on Post-Offices and Post-Roads, from July 1, 1883, to June 30, 1884...	$4 00	
		1 copy for Senate post-office (same period)	4 00	
				8 00
Apr. 4	61	B. P. Brown:		
		Mar. 31. For washing and ironing 249½ dozen towels for the United States Senate, for the month of March, as per contract, 50 cents per dozen		124 75
5	62	J. I. Christie:		
		1883.		
		Dec. 8. For expenses incurred for railroad fare, sleeping car, hotel bill, and carriage hire in going to New York City to escort Hon. H. B. Anthony to Washington, D. C		24 50
10	63	R. A. Whitehand:		
		1884.		
		Apr. 10. For repairing silver-plated pitcher for the office of the Secretary of the Senate		50
12	64	R. Beall:		
		Mar. 15. 1 Imperial Dictionary, 4 volumes, sheep, Committee on Claims	26 00	
		1 Washington Directory, Committee on Claims	5 00	
		1 Washington Directory, Stationery Room....	5 00	
		20. 1 index United States Supreme Court Reports, Committee on Claims	5 00	
		27. United States Supreme Court Reports, vols. 92, 93, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, Committee on Patents, at $3	33 00	
		Apr. 1. United States Supreme Court Reports, 109, Committee on Patents, at $2	2 00	
		7. 1 Rand & McNally Atlas, Committee on Territories	15 00	
		London Economist, Nos. 2054, 2062, 2066, 2068, 2069, 5 numbers, Finance Committee	1 50	
				92 50
	65	Independent Ice Company:		
		Mar. 31. 53,400 pounds ice for the use of the United States Senate for the month of March, 1884, at 35 cents per cwt		186 90
17	66	Robert Boyd:		
		Apr. 12. One Smith & Wesson, 32-caliber, for use in Secretary's office		9 50
19	67	J. Karr:		
		Mar. 31. For winding, regulating, and repairing clocks for the United States Senate for the month of March, 1884, as per contract		25 00
21	68	William Ballantyne & Son:		
		Mar. 11. 1 Webster's Unabridged Dictionary for Committee on Finance	16 50	
		20. 1 Webster's Unabridged Dictionary for Committee on Post-Offices and Post-Roads	13 50	
				30 00
30	69	H. Taylor, jr.:		
		For 30 days' service as clerk to the Committee on Expenditures of Public Money, from April 1 to 30, 1884, inclusive, at $6 per day		180 00
	70	Blanche P. Brown:		
		Apr. 30. For washing and ironing 243½ dozen towels for the United States Senate, from the 1st to 30th April, 1884, inclusive, at 50 cents per dozen, as per contract		121 62
May 1	71	Chicago Tribune Company:		
		Apr. 1. 1 copy of the Daily Chicago Tribune, furnished the office of the Secretary of the Senate, from April 1 to June 30, 1884		3 00
2	72	F. M. Trevoe:		
		Apr. 30. 1 Atlas date stamp, furnished the Committee on Post-Offices and Post-Roads		6 00

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS—Continued.		
1884.		J. KART:		
May 5	73	1884.		
		Apr. 30. For winding, repairing, and regulating clocks for the use of the United States Senate, from the 1st of April to April 30, 1884, inclusive, as per contract		$25 00
	74	Independent Ice Company:		
		61,000 pounds of ice furnished United States Senate, from April 1 to 30, 1884, inclusive, at 35 cents per cwt		213 50
	75	W. J. Bruce:		
		Apr. 30. For carriage hire to Executive Mansion and return, in service of the Committee on Enrolled Bills, from January 30 to April 29, 1884		14 25
9	76	A. W. Kellogg, assistant postmaster:		
		Feb. 12. Sawdust	$1 00	
		Mar. 26. Basket for use of Senate post-office	85	
		May 6. Sawdust	1 00	
		May 8. 480 Metropolitan Railroad Company car tickets, at 4¼ cents each	20 00	
				22 85
	77	Adams Express Company:		
		May 8. Express charges on 1 box from Boston, Mass., for library United States Senate		1 05
12	78	C. B. Lapham:		
		30 days' service as clerk to the Committee on Fish and Fisheries, from April 1 to 30, 1884, inclusive, at $6 per day		180 00
13	79	E. F. Brooks:		
		Apr. 15. 2 dozen crystal Argand chimneys, at $2.75	5 50	
		6 Argand burners, at 85 cents	5 10	
		6 Argand extension holders, at 35 cents	2 10	
				12 70
15	80	W. F. Watkins:		
		May 10. For the aid and support of Wilbur F. McDaniel, who was disabled for life while in the service of the Senate as a page, to be paid to the Rev. Wilbur F. Watkins, of New York City, in trust for the above mentioned purpose, in accordance with Senate resolution of May 9, 1884		750 00
26	81	W. D. Wyvill:		
		1883.		
		Dec. 4. 1 dozen dust pans	3 00	
		19. 2 mouse traps, at 30 cents each	60	
		1884.		
		Jan. 3. 1 dozen painted water pails	12 00	
		½ dozen galvanized coal hods	4 50	
		Feb. 16. 2 10-inch knives (folding room), at $1.25	2 50	
		Mar. 6. 1 dozen covered water pails	12 00	
		11. Repairing 1 brass fender	6 50	
		12. Repairing 10-gallon water-cooler	16 00	
	82	W. D. Wyvill:		57 10
		April 11. New bottom and repairing large water-cooler	6 00	
		16. 1 dozen large cedar pails	10 50	
		19. 1 dozen 22-inch hair sweeps	24 00	
31	83	R. Beall:		40 50
		April 12. 1 Anthon's Classical Dictionary, Secretary's office	5 00	
		18. 1 City Directory, 1884, Committee on Post-Offices and Post-Roads	5 00	
		22. 2 American Almanacs, Committee on Appropriations	2 50	
		28. 1 American Almanac, 1884, Committee on Contingent Expenses	1 25	
		30. 1 American Almanac, 1883, Committee on Contingent Expenses	1 25	
		May 5. 3 Davis' Supreme Court Reports, vol. 108, Library	6 00	
		5. 3 Davis' Supreme Court Reports, vol. 109, Library	6 00	
		13. 2 books, blank notes	1 20	
		13. 2 books, blank drafts	1 20	
				29 40
	84	R. P. Brown:		
		May 31. Washing and ironing 202½ dozen towels, for United States Senate, at 50 cents per dozen, as per contract		101 12

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS—Continued.		
1884.				
June 16	85	S. J. Haislett:		
		May 15. Covering one window-awning frame	$6 00	
		Covering two window-awning frames	13 00	
		Repairing two window-awning frames	3 00	
				$22 00
19	86	R. Beall:		
		June 16. 1 Black's Atlas of the World, for Committee on Appropriations		22 50
	87	F. M. Trevoe:		
		June 5. 1 self-inking stamp for chief clerk	6 00	
		1 Domestic lever for executive clerk	14 50	
				20 50
	88	B. P. Brown:		
		June 17. Washing and ironing 92 dozen towels for Senate barber-shop, in month of May, at 50 cents cents per dozen		46 00
20	89	J. A. Luttrell & Co.:		
		June 19. 5 dozen damask towels furnished the office of the Secretary of the Senate, with tapes and marked, at 4.50		22 50
26	90	R. Beall:		
		June 24. 1 Black's General Atlas of the World, for Committee on Commerce		22 50
30	91	W. J. Bruce:		
		Carriage hire to Executive Mansion and return, in service of the Committee on Enrolled Bills, from May 2 to June 30, 1884		16 25
		By amount expended		8,056 35
		By amount on hand		5 16
		To amount drawn	8,061 51	
			8,061 51	8,061 51
		CAPITOL POLICE.		
Jan. 7	1	P. H. Allabach *et al.*, pay-roll for January, 1884:		
		P. H. Allabach, captain	136 30	
		S. A. Boyden, lieutenant	102 20	
		J. O. Finks, lieutenant	102 20	
		F. M. Calwell, lieutenant	102 20	
		F. G. Jones, private	93 70	
		Joseph Gilbert, private	93 70	
		Charles Stone, private	93 70	
		J. R. Riley, private	93 70	
		W. F. Woolwine, private	93 70	
		T. W. Keller, private	93 70	
		H. B. Duley, private	93 70	
		Daniel O'Neill, private	93 70	
		F. A. Wood, private	93 70	
		John Beard, private	93 70	
		R. C. Mann, private	93 70	
		J. H. Bush, private	93 70	
		S. P. Mast, private	93 70	
		H. H. Lemon, private	93 70	
		J. E. Clifford, private	93 70	
		J. W. Jones, private	93 70	
		H. I. Kearney, private	93 70	
		Robert H. Betts, private	93 70	
		Robert E. Chonstant, private	93 70	
		Oliver S. Florence, private	93 70	
		John Hammond, private, January 2 to 31, inclusive	90 66	
		C. W. Pettit, private, January 1 to 12, inclusive	36 26	
		G. W. Hazer, private, January 13 to 31	57 44	
		E. E. Hurt, watchman	76 60	
		H. H. Brewer, watchman	76 60	
		J. D. Price, watchman	76 60	
		E. H. Ewell, watchman	76 60	
		J. A. Burrows, watchman	76 60	
		Joseph Work, watchman	76 60	
		Orlando F. Emerson, watchman	76 60	
		Russell H. Kingsbury, jr., watchman	76 60	
				3,114 06
Feb. 28	2	P. H. Allabach *et al.*, pay-roll for February, 1884:		
		P. H. Allabach, captain	127 40	
		S. A. Boyden, lieutenant	95 60	
		J. O. Finks, lieutenant	95 60	
		F. M. Calwell, lieutenant	95 60	
		F. G. Jones, private	87 60	
		Joseph Gilbert, private	87 60	

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &C.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		CAPITOL POLICE—Continued.		
1884.				
Feb. 28	2	P. H. Allabach *et al.*, pay-roll for February, 1884—Continued.		
		Charles Stone, private	$87 60	
		J. R. Riley, private	87 60	
		T. W. Keller, private	87 60	
		Daniel O'Neill, private	87 60	
		F. A. Wood, private	87 60	
		J. H. Bush, private	87 60	
		J. C. Witel, private	87 60	
		G. W. Hazer, private	87 60	
		J. W. Jones, private	87 60	
		S. P. Mast, private	87 60	
		H. H. Lemon, private	87 60	
		R. E. Chonstant, private	87 60	
		John Hammond, private	87 60	
		O. S. Florence, private	87 60	
		Robert Betts, private	87 60	
		Joseph Swindell, private	87 60	
		L. S. Edson, private	87 60	
		A. B. Suit, private	87 60	
		J. H. Crawford, private	87 60	
		R. L. Cooper, private	87 60	
		E. E. Hurt, watchman	71 80	
		E. H. Ewell, watchman	71 80	
		J. A. Burrows, watchman	71 80	
		O. F. Emerson, watchman	71 80	
		R. H. Kingsbury, jr., watchman	71 80	
		C. S. Treutlen, watchman	71 80	
		Donald McMathewson, watchman, February 4 to 29, inclusive	64 29	
				$2, 836 4
Mar. 29	3	P. H. Allabach *et al.*, pay-roll for March, 1884:		
		P. H. Allabach, captain	136 30	
		S. A. Boyden, lieutenant	102 20	
		J. O. Finks, lieutenant	102 20	
		F. M. Calwell, lieutenant	102 20	
		F. G. Jones, private	93 70	
		Joseph Gilbert, private	93 70	
		J. R. Riley, private	93 70	
		Thomas W. Keller, private	93 70	
		Daniel O'Neill, private	93 70	
		F. A. Wood, private	93 70	
		J. H. Bush, private	93 70	
		S. P. Mast, private	93 70	
		H. H. Lemon, private	93 70	
		J. W. Jones, private	93 70	
		Charles Stone, private	93 70	
		R. H. Betts, private	93 70	
		R. E. Chonstant, private	93 70	
		O. S. Florence, private	93 70	
		John Hammond, private	93 70	
		G. W. Hazer, private	93 70	
		Joseph Swindell, private	93 70	
		L. S. Edson, private	63 70	
		J. H. Crawford, private	93 70	
		A. B. Suit, private	93 70	
		R. L. Cooper, private	93 70	
		J. C. Witel, private	93 70	
		E. E. Hurt, watchman	76 60	
		E. H. Ewell, watchman	76 60	
		J. A. Burrows, watchman	76 60	
		O. F. Emerson, watchman	76 60	
		R. H. Kingsbury, jr., watchman	76 60	
		C. S. Treutlen, watchman	76 60	
		Donald McMatheson, watchman	76 60	
		Lewis Lindsley, watchman, March 4 to 31, inclusive	69 23	
				3, 109 7
Apr. 29	4	P. H. Allabach *et al.*, pay-roll for April, 1884:		
		P. H. Allabach, captain	131 90	
		S. A. Boyden, lieutenant	98 90	
		J. O. Finks, lieutenant	98 90	
		F. M. Calwell, lieutenant	98 90	
		F. G. Jones, private	90 70	
		Joseph Gilbert, private	90 70	
		J. R. Riley, private	90 70	
		Teomas W Keller, private	90 70	
		Daniel O'Neill, private	90 70	
		F. A. Wood, private	90 70	

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		CAPITAL POLICE—Continued.		
1884.				
Apr. 29	4	P. H. Allabach *et al.*, pay-roll for April, 1884—Continued.		
		J. H. Bush, private	$90 70	
		S. P. Mast, private	90 70	
		H. H. Lemon, private	90 70	
		J. W. Jones, private	90 70	
		Charles Stone, private	90 70	
		R. H. Betts, private	90 70	
		R. E. Chonstant, private	90 70	
		O. S. Florence, private	90 70	
		John Hammond, private	90 70	
		G. W. Hazer, private	90 70	
		Joseph Swindell, private	90 70	
		L. S. Edson, private	90 70	
		J. H. Crawford, private	90 70	
		A. B. Suit, private	90 70	
		R. L. Cooper, private	90 70	
		J. C. Witel, private	90 70	
		E. E. Hurt, watchman	74 20	
		E. H. Ewell, watchman	74 20	
		J. A. Burrows, watchman	74 20	
		O. F. Emerson, watchman	74 20	
		R. H. Kingsbury, jr., watchman	74 20	
		C. S. Treutlen, watchman	74 20	
		Donald McMatheson, watchman	74 20	
		Lewis Lindsey, watchman	74 20	
				$3,017 60
May 28	5	P. H. Allabach *et al.*, pay-roll for May, 1884:		
		P. H. Allabach, captain	136 20	
		S. A. Boyden, lieutenant	102 20	
		J. O. Finks, lieutenant	102 20	
		F. M. Calwell, lieutenant	102 20	
		F. G. Jones, private	93 60	
		Joseph Gilbert, private	93 60	
		J. R. Riley, private	93 60	
		Thomas W. Keller, private	93 60	
		Daniel O'Neill, private	93 60	
		F. A. Wood, private	93 60	
		J. H. Bush, private	93 60	
		S. P. Mast, private	93 60	
		H. H. Lemon, private	93 60	
		J. W. Jones, private	93 60	
		Charles Stone, private	93 60	
		R. H. Betts, private	93 60	
		R. E. Chonstant, private	93 60	
		O. S. Florence, private	93 60	
		John Hammond, private	93 60	
		G. W. Hazer, private	93 60	
		Joseph Swindell, private	93 60	
		L. S. Edson, private	93 60	
		J. H. Crawford, private	93 60	
		A. B. Suit, private	93 60	
		R. L. Cooper, private	93 60	
		J. C. Witel, private	93 60	
		E. E. Hurt, watchman	76 60	
		E. H Ewell, watchman	76 60	
		J. A. Burrows, watchmen	76 60	
		O. F. Emerson, watchman	76 60	
		R. H. Kingsbury, jr., watchman	76 60	
		C. S. Treutlen, watchman	76 60	
		D. McMatheson, watchman	76 60	
		Lewis Lindsey, watchman	76 60	
				3,114 80
June 28	6	P. H. Allabach *et al.*, pay-roll for June, 1884:		
		P. H. Allabach, captain	131 90	
		S. A. Boyden, lieutenant	98 90	
		J. O. Finks, lieutenant	98 90	
		F. M. Calwell, lieutenant	98 90	
		F. G. Jones, private	90 70	
		Joseph Gilbert, private	90 70	
		J. R. Riley, private	90 70	
		Thomas W. Keller, private	90 70	
		Daniel O'Neill, private	90 70	
		F. A. Wood, private	90 70	
		J. H. Bush, private	90 70	
		S. P. Mast, private	90 70	
		H. H. Lemon, private	90 70	
		J. W. Jones, private	90 70	

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE CONTINGENT FUND, &c.—Continued

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total
		CAPITOL POLICE—Continued.		
1884.				
June 28	6	P. H. Allabach *et al.*, pay-roll for June, 1884—Continued.		
		Charles Stone, private	$90 70	
		R. H. Betts, private	90 70	
		R. E. Chonstant, private	90 70	
		O. S. Florence, private	90 70	
		John Hammond, private	90 70	
		G. W. Haser, private	90 70	
		Joseph Swindell, private	90 70	
		L. S. Edson, private	90 70	
		J. H. Crawford, private	90 70	
		A. B. Suit, private	90 70	
		R. L. Cooper, private	90 70	
		J. C. Witel, private, June 1 to 21, inclusive	63 46	
		H. H. Brewer, private, June 22 to 30, inclusive	27 24	
		E. E. Hurt, watchman	74 20	
		H. H. Brewer, watchman, June 1 to 21, inclusive	51 92	
		J. A. Burrows, watchman	74 20	
		O. F. Emerson, watchman	74 20	
		R. H. Kingsbury, jr., watchman	74 20	
		C. S. Treutlen, watchman	74 20	
		D. McMatheson, watchman	74 20	
		Lewis Lindsley, watchman	74 20	
		Stephen C. Wailes, watchman, June 23 to 30, inclusive	19 80	
				$3,0
		By amount expended		18,2
		To amount drawn	18, 207 80	
			18, 207 80	18,2
		CAPITOL POLICE (CONTINGENT), 1884.		
June 19	1	Tower & Lyon:		
		June 19. 2 dozen policemen's whistles at, $9 per dozen		
		By amount expended		
		To amount drawn	18 00	
			18 00	
		EXPENSES OF COMPILING AND PREPARING CONGRESSIONAL DIRECTORY.		
Jan. 2	1	Ben. Perley Poore:		
		1883.		
		Dec. 18. For expenses incurred in compiling, preparing, and distributing the Congressional Directory for the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress		
Apr. 28	2	Ben. Perley Poore:		
		1884.		
		April. 19. For expenses incurred in compiling, preparing, and distributing the Congressional Directory for the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress (second edition)		
		By amount expended		1,
		To amount drawn	1, 200 00	
			1, 200 00	1,
		POSTAGE.		
Jan. 8	1	Washington City post-office:		
		1884.		
		Jan. 8. Postage stamps furnished sergeant-at-arms department:		
		2,300 2-cent stamps	46 00	
		400 1-cent stamps	4 00	
Apr. 12	2	Frank B. Conger, postmaster:		
		Apr. 10. Furnished sergeant-at-arms department:		
		200 2-cent stamps	40 00	
		500 1-cent stamps	5 00	
		500 postal cards	5 00	
May 6	3	City Post-Office:		
		May 6. Postage stamps furnished the office of the Secretary of the Senate, viz:		
		1,000 2-cent stamps	20 00	
		750 4-cent stamps	30 00	

FOR COMPENSATION OF OFFICERS, CLERKS, MESSENGERS, &c.—Continued.

Date.	No. of voucher.	To whom paid and for what object.	Amount.	Total.
		POSTAGE—Continued.		
1884. Jan. 26	4	A. W. Kellogg:		
		Jan. 23 For sergeant-at-arms:		
		2,000 2-cent postage stamps	$40 00	
		100 10-cent postage stamps	10 00	
				$50 00
		By amount expended		200 00
		By amount on hand		50 00
		To amount drawn	250 00	
			250 00	250 00
		PAYMENT TO THE LEGAL REPRESENTATIVES OF HON. GEORGE S. HOUSTON, SUNDRY CIVIL ACT, AUGUST 7, 1882.		
30	1	J. P. Houston and G. S. Houston, legal representatives of G. S. Houston, late a Senator from the State of Alabama, the amount of compensation of a Senator from January 1, 1880, to March 4, 1881, under the act making appropriations for sundry civil expenses, &c., approved August 7, 1882		5,860 60
		By amount expended		5,860 60
		To amount drawn	5,860 60	
			5,860 60	5,860 60

RECAPITULATION.

COMPENSATION AND MILEAGE OF SENATORS:		
To amount drawn	$256,644 70	
By amount paid Senators		$249,815 68
Balance on hand		6,829 02
	256,644 70	256,644 70
SALARIES OF OFFICERS, CLERKS, EMPLOYÉS, &C.:		
To amount drawn	175,058 43	
By amount paid		175,058 43
	175,058 43	175,058 43
CONTINGENT EXPENSES.		
STATIONERY AND NEWSPAPERS:		
Fiscal year, 1883:		
To amount drawn	174 85	
By amount expended		165 16
Balance on hand		9 19
Fiscal year 1884:		
To amount drawn	10,307 96	
By amount expended		10,307 61
Balance on hand		35
HORSES AND MAIL WAGONS:		
To amount drawn	2,608 23	
By amount expended		2,608 23
FUEL AND OIL FOR HEATING APPARATUS:		
To amount drawn	1,474 40	
By amount expended		1,472 45
Balance on hand		1 95
FURNITURE AND REPAIRS:		
Fiscal year 1883:		
To amount drawn	4 50	
By amount expended		4 50
Fiscal year 1884:		
To amount drawn	8,547 25	
By amount expended		8,547 25

RECAPITULATION—Continued.

FOLDING DOCUMENTS:			
To amount drawn		$2,500 00	
By amount expended			$2,498 45
Balance on hand			1 55
MATERIALS FOR FOLDING:			
To amount drawn		1,621 20	
By amount expended			1,621 20
PACKING-BOXES:			
To amount drawn		596 50	
By amount expended			596 50
EXPENSES OF SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES:			
Fiscal year 1883:			
To amount drawn		218 50	
By amount expended			218 50
Fiscal year 1884:			
To amount drawn		20,870 08	
By amount expended			20,839 03
Balance on hand			31 05
MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS:			
To amount drawn		8,061 51	
By amount expended			8,056 35
Balance on hand			5 16
CAPITOL POLICE:			
To amount drawn		18,207 80	
By amount expended			18,207 80
CAPITOL POLICE (CONTINGENT):			
To amount drawn		18 00	
By amount expended			18 00
PREPARING AND COMPILING CONGRESSIONAL DIRECTORY:			
To amount drawn		1,200 00	
By amount expended			1,200 00
POSTAGE:			
To amount drawn		250 00	
By amount expended			200 00
Balance on hand			50 00
PAYMENT TO LEGAL REPRESENTATIVES OF HON. G. S. HOUSTON:			
To amount drawn		5,860 60	
By amount expended			5,860 60
		82,520 88	82,520 88
To amount drawn on account of—			
Compensation and mileage	$256,644 70		
Salaries of officers, clerks, &c	175,058 43		
Contingent expenses	82,520 88		
Total		514,224 01	
By amounts expended on account of—			
Compensation and mileage	249,815 68		
Salaries of officers, clerks, &c	175,058 43		
Contingent expenses	82,421 63		
Total			507,295 74
Balances on hand on account of—			
Compensation and mileage	6,829 02		
Contingent expenses	99 25		
			6,928 27
Total		514,224 01	514,224 01

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48TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 5.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

DECEMBER 2, 1884.—Ordered to be printed.

Mr. VEST submitted the following

RESOLUTION:

Resolved, That the Committee on Indian Affairs be instructed to inquire what leases of lands in the Indian Territory for grazing or othe purposes have been made by the tribes of Indians therein, the number of acres embraced by each of said leases, the terms thereof, and the persons, corporations, or associations named therein as lessees. Also, that the committee inquire as to the circumstances under which said leases were made, and the means used for obtaining the same, and whether said leases are authorized by existing legislation, or are conducive to the welfare of the Indians in said Territory.

That the committee have power to send for persons and papers, and shall report by bill or otherwise.

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48TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. 5, Part 2.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

DECEMBER 2, 1884.—Submitted and ordered to be printed.
DECEMBER 3, 1884.—Considered, amended, agreed to, and ordered to be reprinted.

Mr. VEST submitted the following

RESOLUTION:

NOTE.—Omit words in brackets [ ] and insert words in *italics*.

Resolved, That the Committee on Indian Affairs be instructed to inquire what leases of lands in the Indian Territory *or Indian reservations* for grazing and other purposes have been made by the tribes of Indians therein, the number of acres embraced by each of said leases, the terms thereof, and the persons, corporations, or associations named therein as lessees. Also, that the committee inquire as to the circumstances under which said leases were made, and the means used for obtaining the same, and whether said leases are authorized by existing legislation, or are conducive to the welfare of the Indians in said Territory *or Indian reservations*.

That the committee have power to send for persons and papers [and shall report by bill or otherwise.], *and employ a stenographer, and report by bill or otherwise, and that the actual and necessary expenses of said investigation be paid, on the approval of the chairman of said committee, out of the contingent fund of the Senate.*

○

48TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 6.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

DECEMBER 4, 1884.—Ordered to lie on the table and be printed.

Mr. CAMERON, of Pennsylvania, submitted the following

RESOLUTION:

Whereas the shipping trade in American vessels is, and has for years been, depressed, and the export trade in American produce is languishing for want of a market that might be reached if the shipping trade was in the hands of citizens of the United States: Therefore,

Resolved, That the Committee on Finance be, and is hereby, directed to inquire whether it would be expedient to expend the surplus revenue of the United States, or any portion thereof, for the purpose of reviving the shipping and export trade by allowing a rebate from tariff duties on foreign goods imported in ships built and owned in the United States, and by also allowing a premium on American-grown products and articles of American manufacture exported in American vessels, and report by bill or otherwise.

○

48TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 7.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

DECEMBER 8, 1884.

Mr. BECK presented the following; which was ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Private Land Claims, to accompany bill (S. 2410) for the relief of François Fournier:

SAINT LOUIS, *November* 1, 1884.

It appears from the public records of Saint Louis County that on the 16th August, 1824, one François Fournier was in possession of a lot in the Carondelet common field, having a front of one and a half arpents and a depth of forty arpents, bounded on the north by a "common field" lot, originally granted to Joseph Hebert Tabeau (December 28, 1773—Livre Terrein, No. 3, p. 4), and on the south by a common field lot originally granted to Delor de Treget; east and west by the east and west lines, respectively, of the Carondelet common field.

On the 16th August, 1824, François Fournier and wife, by deed of that date, duly acknowledged and recorded in Book O, p. 52, of the office of recorder of deeds of Saint Louis County, conveyed to Louis Rivance so much of this lot as is described as "a piece of land in the 'commons' of Carondelet, containing twenty-eight arpents, more or less, adjoining on the north Henry Chouquette, on the south Louis Constant, and on the east by vendor."

The western part of the lot granted to Delor de Treget had been sold to Constant, and the lot granted to Tabeau had been sold to Chouquette. So far this description was accurate; but instead of being in the "*commons*" of Carondelet the lot was in the "common field" of that village. The "common" of Carondelet lay wholly to the south of the "common field." The eastern part of the lot granted to Delor de Treget had, in 1824, been sold and conveyed to Berthold; so that, after August 16, 1824, Fournier only claimed as his own property the *eastern* part of the "common field" lot, of which he sold the western twenty-eight arpents to Rivance on that day. The part retained by Fournier was properly described as bounded north by land of Chouquette, south by land of Berthold, west by land of Rivance, and east by the east line of the "common field" of Carondelet. By this description it was certified by the recorder of land titles as having been confirmed to François Fournier under the act of June 13, 1812. The certificate of the [United States] recorder was issued on June 21, 1825.

By the first section of the act of June 13, 1812, the claims of all inhabitants of certain enumerated towns and villages on Missouri to town or village lots, out-lots, or common field lots, or commons which had been occupied, cultivated, or possessed, prior to the 20th December, 1803, were *ipso facto* confirmed "to the inhabitants of the respective towns or villages aforesaid according to their *several* rights, or *rights in common* thereto."

It is to be remembered that the "common field" of any town or vil-

lage was inclosed within a "common fence," the keeping up of which was a charge upon all the owners of lots therein; but that the *several* lots were the property of *individual* townsmen or villagers. The common of any town or village was a tract of land granted to the inhabitants in common for the use of them all. They obtained fuel from it and used it for the pasturage of their cattle. The lots in the "common field," on the other hand, were cultivated by their respective proprietors, each one having a *several* right. All this is familiar to the Land Office and to the older members of the bar of Saint Louis. The cases of Choteau *v.* Eckhert, 2 How., 344; Strother *v.* Lucas, 12 Peters, 410; Mackay *v.* Dillon, 4 How., 421; Les Bois *v.* Brammell, 4 How., 449, may be referred to in illustration of the history of the country, and of the operation of the law of June 13, 1812.

By the act of June 13, 1812, any common field lot was confirmed which had been occupied or cultivated prior to December 20, 1803. (The United States acquired the territory of Louisiana from France by treaty dated April 30, 1803, but the change of flags—the actual surrender of the possession—was not made until December 20, 1803.) All that was necessary to be proved in order to make a title under this act was the fact of such occupation or cultivation. (Benton *v.* Vasseur, 1 Mo., 296; Page *v.* Scheibel, 11 Mo., 167; Guitard *v.* Stoddard, 16 How., 494.) This act was passed, no doubt, to indulge the obstinacy, the ignorance, and the prejudice of the old French and Spanish inhabitants of Missouri. A great number of these had failed to avail themselves of the terms of the acts of 1805 and 1807, constituting a Board of Commissioners for the examination and confirmation of titles to land in that territory, although the penalty of forfeiture was denounced against all who failed to bring their claims before that Board. When the Commissioners made their report to Congress, in 1811, they called the attention of that body to this inertness on the part of the villagers and asked for the passage of an act which, *proprio vigore*, and without any step taken by the villagers, would clothe with a complete title such of them as had, prior to December 20, 1803, occupied, inhabited, cultivated, or possessed a town or village lot, out-lot, or common field lot; and the act of June 13, 1812, was passed in conformity with this suggestion.

Unfortunately, no provision was made for preserving the evidence of such inhabitation, cultivation, or possession prior to December 20, 1803. But so tenacious was the memory of the villagers respecting the occupation of the lots in the towns or villages and of the common fields at the time when the change of flags occurred, that for many years no practical inconvenience was felt from this cause. The fact of such possession, inhabitation, or cultivation was to be judicially ascertained, and when so ascertained it operated a confirmation. The United States was the first to perceive or to foresee the impending mischief, and on May 26, 1824, it passed an act requiring all persons claiming land under the first section of the act of June 13, 1812, to appear within a limited time before the United States recorder of land titles, make proof of possession, inhabitation, or cultivation, and of the extent and boundary of their respective claims, and thereupon to receive a certificate of such proof from that officer. No penalty was annexed to the failure on the part of any claimant to appear before the recorder and make this proof, and it is believed that Congress having once confirmed such claims, and vested a full title on the confirmees, could not, even if it had made the attempt, have defeated the titles thus perfected. It is sufficient to say, however, that the attempt was not made.

Under this act of May 26, 1824, François Fournier appeared before the

United States recorder. made proof of his possession, &c., prior to December 20, 1803, and of the extent and boundary of his *present* claim. As he had sold to Rivance the western half of his lot, by deed dated August 16. 1824, he did not, *on June* 21, 1825, claim any part of it except what remained after satisfying the claim of Rivance. He obtained a certificate from the recorder, issued on June 21, 1825, setting forth that he had proved to the satisfaction of that officer that he had cultivated, &c., the lot prior to December 20, 1803; and that the extent and boundaries of his [present] claim were as shown in the recorder's certificate; setting forth that the claim was one and one-half arpents in breadth by about 22 arpents in length or depth, bounded west by *Rivance* (who, it will be remembered, was his vendee), north by land of Julian Chouquette (this was Tabeau's lot originally), and south by land of Berthold, originally Delor de Treget. This lot (the recorder certified) was confirmed by the first section of the act of June 13, 1812; it was surveyed, and is known as United States survey No. 123. Rivance did not appear before the recorder at all. All those who in 1824 could have proved the possession of this lot in 1803 have died, the last of them within the last twenty years. On March 3, 1851, by deed of that date, recorded in book R. No. 5, page 450, of the office of Recorder of Deeds of Saint Louis County, Rivance conveyed this tract of land to Benjamin Gratz for $3,500. Mr. Gratz in his lifetime, and his devisees since his death, have been unable to sell this land because of the objections which have been urged to the evidence of the emanation of the title of the United States. An abstract of title was prepared by Sterling & Webster, and is herewith submitted. I believe this paper to be deserving of credit so far as it represents the contents of the various records of the United States and of the State of Missouri, recited or quoted in it, but it is, I conceive, wholly erroneous in the inferences which it attempts to draw.

In the first place, it is inferred that the land sold by Rivance to Gratz is part of the tract granted in 1773 to Tabeau. This, I think, is clearly wrong. The tract granted to Tabeau was to the north of that granted to Delor de Treget, but separated from it by another lot of like dimensions to that granted to Tabeau; and it was this *intervening lot, adjoining* that of Delor de Treget on the north, of which Fournier showed himself to have been in possession prior to December 20, 1803.

But this possession, &c., entitled Fournier to a certificate of confirmation to the *whole lot*, not merely to a part of it, as was decided by the Supreme Court of the United States, in 16 Howard, 451, Gamache *v.* Peqnignot, affirming the judgment of the supreme court of Missouri (17 Mo. Rep.,310); and so, by irresistible inference, the fact proved by Fournier before the recorder in 1825 shows that Rivance was entitled to a similar certificate as to the part of the lot which *he* claimed under Fournier. Of course, if the recorder had issued to Fournier a certificate of confirmation for the whole lot, it would have inured to the benefit of his vendee, Rivance, as to the portion sold to him.

Unluckily, as already said, Rivance does not appear to have presented himself before the recorder at all; and that officer had an interest in subdividing a lot and giving a certificate for each subdivision (§ 3 of the act of May 26, 1824). At all events, there is no *direct* evidence upon the United States records of the confirmation of the western part of the common field lot, the eastern part of which was certified on June 21, 1825, to have been confirmed to Fournier, and which has been surveyed by an approved survey, No. 123. But it is submitted that it is a matter of irresistible inference that the whole lot was confirmed to Four-

nier or his legal representatives by virtue of the proof, in virtue of which the recorder, on June 21, 1825, issued to Fournier a certificate of confirmation for that part lying east of what he had sold to Rivance. Wherefore, the devisees of Mr. Gratz pray for the passage of an act releasing to the legal representatives of François Fournier, or to the legal representatives of Louis Rivance, the title of the United States as to the portion of the common field lot lying west of United States survey No. 123, and they submit the draft of such an act.

Respectfully submitted.

THOMAS T. GANTT,
Of counsel for the devisees of B. Gratz.
M. C. JOHNSON,
Executor of B. Gratz, deceased.
_____,
Executor of B. Gratz, deceased.
_____,
Executrix of B. Gratz, deceased.

C

48TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 8.

LIST OF COMMITTEES

OF

THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

FOR THE

FIRST SESSION OF THE FORTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS.

DECEMBER 4, 1884.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

On Agriculture and Forestry.

Mr. Miller, of New York, chairman.
Blair.
Plumb.
Van Wyck.
Sawyer.
George.
Williams.
Fair.
Gibson.

On Appropriations.

Mr. Allison, chairman.
Logan.
Dawes.
Plumb.
Hale.
Beck.
Ransom.
Cockrell.
Call.

To Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses of the Senate.

Mr. Jones, of Nevada, chairman.
Platt.
Vance.

On Civil Service and Retrenchment.

Mr. Hawley, chairman.
Dawes.
Mitchell.
Miller, of California.
Pike.
Walker.
Williams.
Lamar.
McPherson.

On Claims.

Mr. Cameron, of Wis., chairman.
Hoar.
Pike.
Dolph.
Jackson.
George.
Fair.
Kenna.
Sheffield.

On Commerce.

Mr. McMillan, chairman.
Jones, of Nevada.
Conger.
Frye.
Miller, of New York.
Dolph.
Ransom.
Coke.
Farley.
Vest.
Gorman.

On the District of Columbia.

Mr. Ingalls, chairman.
Aldrich.
Riddleberger.
Pike.
Palmer.
Harris.
Vance.
Gorman.
Brown.

On Education and Labor.

Mr. Blair, chairman.
Mahone.
Miller, of New York.
Aldrich.
Bowen.
George.
Call.
Pugh.
Groome.

On Engrossed Bills.

Mr. Saulsbury, chairman.
Call.
Allison.

*On Enrolled Bills.**

Mr. Sewell, chairman.
Riddleberger.
Colquitt.

On Epidemic Diseases.

Mr. Harris, chairman.
Garland.
Jonas.
Hampton.
Sewell.
Bowen.
Frye.

To Examine the Several Branches of the Civil Service.

Mr. Cullom, chairman.
McMillan.
Hampton.
Groome.
Sabin.

On Expenditures of Public Money.

Mr. Wilson, chairman.
Harrison.
Plumb.
Platt.
Beck.
George.
Kenna.

On Finance.

Mr. Morrill, chairman.
Sherman.
Jones, of Nevada.
Allison.
Aldrich.
Miller, of New York.
Bayard.
Voorhees.
Beck.
McPherson.
Harris.

On Fisheries.

Mr. Lapham, chairman.
Sewell.
Dawes.
Palmer.
Groome.
Farley.
Morgan.

On Foreign Relations.

Mr. Miller, of California, chairm
Sherman.
Lapham.
Edmunds.
Wilson.
Morgan.
Pendleton.
Vance.
Brown.

On the Improvement of the Mis sippi River.

Mr. Van Wyck, chairman.
Mitchell.
Cullom.
Pike.
Jonas.
Cockrell.
George.

On Indian Affairs.

Mr. Dawes, chairman.
Ingalls.
Harrison.
Cameron, of Wisconsin.
Bowen.
Coke.
Walker.
Gorman.
Slater.

*This committee has power to act concurrently with the same committee of House of Representatives.

On the Judiciary.

Mr. Edmunds, chairman.
Logan.
Ingalls.
McMillan.
Hoar.
Garland.
Bayard.
Lamar.
Pugh.

*On the Library.**

Mr. Sherman, chairman.
Hoar.
Voorhees.

On Manufactures

Mr. Riddleberger, chairman.
Sabin.
Dolph.
Pike.
Williams.
Colquitt.
Butler.

On Military Affairs.

Mr. Logan, chairman.
Cameron, of Pennsylvania.
Harrison.
Sewell.
Hawley.
Cockrell.
Maxey.
Hampton.
Camden.

On Mines and Mining.

Mr. Bowen, chairman.
Jones, of Nevada.
Van Wyck.
Hampton.
Fair.
Camden.
Sheffield.

On Naval Affairs.

Mr. Cameron, of Pa., chairman.
Hale.
Mahone.
Miller, of California.
McPherson.
Jones, of Florida.
Farley.
Butler.
Dawes.

On Patents.

Mr. Platt, chairman.
Hoar.
Mitchell.
Lapham.
Coke.
Call.
Camden.

On Pensions.

Mr. Mitchell, chairman.
Blair.
Van Wyck.
Cullom.
Wilson.
Slater.
Jackson.
Camden.
Colquitt.

On Post-Offices and Post-Roads.

Mr. Hill, chairman.
Sawyer.
Mahone.
Palmer.
Wilson.
Maxey.
Saulsbury.
Groome.
Jackson.

*On Printing.**

Mr. Manderson, chairman.
Hawley.
Gorman.

On Private Land-Claims.

Mr. Bayard, chairman.
Jonas.
Colquitt.
Edmunds.
Manderson.

On Privileges and Elections.

Mr. Hoar, chairman.
Cameron, of Wisconsin.
Sherman.
Frye.
Lapham.
Saulsbury.
Vance.
Pugh.
Jonas.

*This committee has power to act concurrently with the same committee of the House of Representatives.

*On Public Buildings and Grounds.**

Mr. Mahone, chairman.
Morrill.
Cameron, of Wisconsin.
Jones, of Florida.
Vest.

On Public Lands.

Mr. Plumb, chairman.
Hill.
Blair.
Van Wyck.
Dolph.
Walker.
Morgan.
Slater.
Gibson.

On Railroads.

Mr. Sawyer, chairman.
Hawley.
Sewell.
Sabin
Riddleberger.
Cullom.
Lamar.
Williams.
Jonas.
Brown.
Kenna.

On the Revision of the Laws of the United States.

Mr. Conger, chairman.
Platt.
Hale.
Pendleton.
Kenna.

On Revolutionary Claims.

Mr. Jones, of Florida, chairman.
Garland.
Williams.
McMillan.
Sheffield.

On Rules.

Mr. Frye, chairman.
Sherman.
Ingalls.
Harris.
Pendleton.

On Territories.

Mr. Harrison, chairman.
Platt.
Conger.
Manderson.
Cullom.
Butler.
Garland.
Vest.
Jones, of Florida.

On Transportation Routes to the Seaboard.

Mr. Aldrich, chairman.
Cameron, of Pennsylvania.
Manderson.
Palmer.
Farley.
Slater.
Gibson.
Cullom.
Vest.

*This committee has power to act concurrently with the same committee of the House of Representatives.

SELECT COMMITTEES.

To Investigate Condition of Potomac River front of Washington.

Mr. Ransom, chairman.
Vest.
Gorman.
Conger.
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Sabin.
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To Make Provision for Taking the Tenth Census and ascertaining the results thereof.

Mr. Hale, chairman.
Morrill.
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To Inquire into all Claims of Citizens of the United States against the Government of Nicaragua.

Mr. Maxey, chairman.
Groome.
Beck.
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On Woman Suffrage.

Mr. Cockrell, chairman.
Fair.
Brown.
Blair.
Palmer.
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On Additional Accommodations for the Library of Congress.

Mr. Voorhees, chairman.
Butler.
Bayard.
Morrill.
Miller, of California.

To inquire as to the Capacity of Steel-producing Works in the United States.

Mr. Hawley, chairman.
Miller, of California.
Aldrich.
Morgan.
Butler.

ored to impress, that our Government, because of its present vast domain and late internal war upon sectional lines and issues, desires no enlargement of territory or additional responsibility of control, but rather to renationalize, reunite, and harmonize the vast population it already has; and even if, in the possibly supposed case, Colombia should seek to surrender its nationality by incorporation with us, it would be answered no, and urged to maintenance of its separate Government, with assurance of all sisterly solicitude and readiness on our part to aid in forcibly resisting usurpation of its independence by any foreign power.

From this premise I have proceeded to ask if any European Government would refuse such proffered control; even if there were not some that, but for fear of consequences, would seize any opportunity to forcibly attain it.

By this line of presentation I have sought to establish *peculiarity* to our Government, and impress that, in the very nature of things, it must be Colombia's most trusted friend.

This is extent of my diplomatic action thus far; and as correct beginning is important to fortunate conclusion, I trust you will yourself consider these features of my first dispatch, to the end of correcting any error or suggesting improvement where I may have been deficient.

* * * * * * *

I am, sir, &c.,

GEO. MANEY.

[Inclosure 1 in No. 1.]

Mr. PRESIDENT: In being presented to Your Excellency for official recognition as minister resident near your Government for the United States of America, I should be false to a prime duty were I to neglect effort to express the thorough and profound friendliness of my country and its authorities to the Government and people whose safety, honor, and welfare are so prominently intrusted to Your Excellency as Chief Magistrate.

If with any there has ever been suspicion or mistrust of this friendship, relying that, under rule of the All Perfect, truth must at the end prevail against error, I confide that, with exercise of the calm and conscientious consideration always due in public affairs, such doubt or prejudice will vanish, and be substituted only with reciprocal confidence and good will.

Sir, in the formation of the two nations history but repeated itself. If we of the United States exult in the memory of our Washington and his compatriots, we must recognize their counterparts in your wise and magnanimous Bolivar, your zealous and sagacious Santander, heroic Cardova, whose glorious youth shone resplendent in the clouds of war, and many others who gave up fortune and life for their country's nationality and independence.

As sister republics with such like history and traditions of "Freedom's battle fought and won," it is a *faith* with the one I have the honor to represent and its people, that while with the broad liberality proper to freemen we should favor and promote every great enterprise or improvement, commercial or other, tending to serve the welfare of mankind; dealing with all such as private or personal interests in perfect honesty, and generously, too, in the degree of their importance; yet, in *all* matters of political or governmental control, that both nations will heartily concur in the sentiment "America for Americans," and in disposition to sacredly guarantee and maintain the territorial sovereignty of each in accordance with national boundary lines as at present existing.

It remains for me, with sentiments of profound personal respect and esteem, to deliver into Your Excellency's hands this letter of credence from the honored President of my country.

GEO. MANEY.

ing the memory of their glorious liberators, among whom, however, Washing-
Bolivar, as if all had been born on the same soil; nothing more easy than to
n the good understanding existing and now additionally fortified. Within
its of duty I assure you I will omit no effort to realize so desirable an end;
e, I give you my sincere wishes that your residence on Colombian soil may be
t.

No. 2.

Mr. Maney to Mr. Blaine.

LEGATION OF THE UNITED STATES,
Bogota, October 18, 1881.

* * * * Reverting to the question of the contemplated ship-
I have found much occupation in removing causeless apprehen-
and prejudices toward our Government in this matter, and in ad-
to views submitted to the authorities here, as set forth in my
tch (No. 1), have suggested that the United States Government,
all things, desired assured continuance of its present great ma-
prosperity through uninterrupted peace, and upon the principle
ounce of prevention being better than a pound of cure, was con-
l that unity of the two Governments by treaty, relieving of the
ness of isolation, would, in the degree of increased formidability,
all assault upon either, and so serve the best interests of both; that
nited States envied Colombia no part of the tolls or revenues to
rived from the canal, but only sought such conditions as would
ely prevent its use, in case of war, for sudden concentration of
naval forces to ravage its extended sea-coasts, and in return for
as willing to pledge its powers to maintenance of Colombian sov-
ity over the limits of Panama, and conditionally to co-operate in
se of its entire territory; that as the nature of things had com-
l an European policy for Europe, so the time was at hand when
ica would find necessity for an American policy, and surely Colom-
uld not look elsewhere for advantages equal to those assured by
lliance with the United States.

* * * * * *

No. 3.

Mr. Maney to the Secretary of State.

No. 8.] LEGATION OF THE UNITED STATES,
Bogota, January 17, 1882.

SIR: * * * The views set forth in inclosure [1] have also been freely used in interviews with prominent citizens here, as I trust with only favorable results, and some days since it was suggested by the second officer of Exterior Relations department, that I should furnish them in writing to the department, as President Nunez was then preparing his message to Congress, and might desire to examine them. This, without making known my reason, however, I declined, preferring first to be advised by you in the particular.

* * * * * * *

I give it as my best judgment, then, to supply the department here with the writing, as suggested, can do no harm, and possibly may result in some advantage.

My reasoning on the matter is, the necessity is upon us to overcome what has been a violent and perhaps yet is a popular opposition, and for this some positive action is required. If the views have any merit, and the authorities here are friendly to them, they will know how to make the best use of them. If unfriendly, having clear knowledge of them from my very frequent and distinct expressions, verbally, they can more easily impair their force by distortion than if they were in writing. Again, if there is opposition by the authorities the result is defeat, unless support is elsewhere obtained, and their publication might posssibly afford this. In this light we would but exchange certainty of defeat for chance of success.

I am, &c.,

GEO. MANEY,
Minister Resident.

[Inclosure 1.]

LEGATION OF THE UNITED STATES,
Bogota, —— —, 1882.

To the honorable the Minister of Exterior Relations, &c., &c., &c., Bogota:

SIR: I presume to submit to your honorable department certain views touching the truly important international question of the Panama Canal, which have been verbally discussed with several prominent officials of your Government and many of its private citizens, and if there has not been in all instances entire harmony in conclusions it is a pleasure that there was perfectly friendly and respectful feeling between those who differed.

Making this exposition brief as gravity of the matter permits, I will first say, construction of the canal, under proper guarantees against its possible use ever by non-American powers, for other than the purposes of peaceful commerce, would perhaps be more to the immediate benefit of my country than any of the world, since to compete for the vast trade of China and other populous countries of the remote East, its chief centers of production are now at the disadvantage in water carriage of the Atlantic's breadth, farther from the contested markets than European competitors, while the opening of your canal would bring them within about equal distance.

This fact should at once convince of its sincere desire for the construction. But great as would be the advantage, it can be more than counterbalanced by political control of the canal by European powers maintaining immense standing armies and naval forces, and it is to this condition, fecund of future complications dangerous to the entire family of American Governments, that mine is irrevocably opposed, and remembering opportunities favor results, is profoundly anxious that this grave danger shall not be invited by improvident engagement of such powers, in unneces-

troy, in place of adding to, the substance, prosperity, and happiness of the coun-
s. Further, by making this matter strictly an American affair, taking, if deemed
edient, American guarantees in the premises, will you not as fully secure to your-
es all benefits of the canal, and without risk of its ultimate appropriation by those
power to forcibly do so, as under the teachings of history has so often occurred
ke cases?

this be opposed with assertion that the joint guarantee of the European nations
necessity to command the large means requisite for construction, it may be an-
ed that it is in your power at will to take the guarantee assuring use of the canal
purposes of peaceful commerce to all nations alike, and then violation of faith by
e guaranteeing would not only work forfeiture of all their benefits as guaran-
but clearly be *casus belli* to all nations at interest as beneficiaries in a trust, and
er this condition how can facilities for commanding means of construction be
ned?

or can this course be in the least cause of umbrage to any European power, since
xtent that political relations between the different nations of that continent are
ll regulated by others, exclusive jurisdiction is claimed and exercised by European
ons, and should any Government, not European, propose participation in this,
as arranging what is known as "the balance of power," or guaranteeing a
opean nationality, it would be met and treated as an unprivileged intruder. First,
he ground that its action warranted reasonable suspicion of ulterior, perhaps sin-
, designs, and, further, that, as neighboring inhabitants, theirs were the best op-
unities for knowing and the greatest interest to do what was proper in the prem-

Nor is it to be doubted that this exclusiveness of control in such matters would
promptly vindicated by force if necessary.

ay it not, then, be respectfully submitted that, as time and conditions have devel-
d the necessity of a policy by Europe for Europe, so there has now come necessity
policy by America for America?

egally viewed under the precedent in full thus established for self-regulation by
ope, claiming to be foremost in civilization, it follows that in law and morals, na-
s to nations are under like obligations as men to men, and to this all reason
nts; for should each attempt the same absoluteness in matters, though primarily
mainly connected with itself, yet seriously affecting the well being of others, as
be justly exercised in those affecting itself solely, in the nature of things peace
ld bid the world farewell until, by war and conquest, all had been subjugated
one.

it not, then, a sequence to both reason and precedent that, as a constituent part
his continent, Colombia may not of right ignore her obligations of relation to
er American Governments to their injury and danger?

these views are contested with the claim that it is a boast of America that, in
land of different institutions, European precedents are without binding force,
hence Colombia has absolute and unconditional right to do her pleasure in this
ter without consideration of effects for good or evil upon other countries, it
be replied, it is a universally accepted principle of law that "none may use

Certain I am that my Government proposes in all relations with others to limit actions to what is sanctioned by precedent and established principles of law; and being both my instruction and disposition to claim for it no virtue not equally co ceded to yours, Colombia's unwillingness to act in disregard of these must be co cluded.

But, passing further consideration of rights and obligations in law and morals, a viewing the matter simply in the light of Colombia's interest, where can be the w dom of seeking joint guarantees of the European powers? If she possessed with herself power adequate to assure all desired conditions respecting the canal, s would neither ask nor permit any other nation to make the guarantees in questic and this for the sufficient reason of dangerous complications necessarily possible not incident to such foreign guarantees.

Surely no Colombian will dispute this proposition. With then the single guara tee of the United States there is but one risk of such complication, whilst with fi guarantees there will be five such risks, and so on in proportion to the number gua anteeing. Is not diminution of such dangers sound wisdom in the serious matter government?

Nor may we forget in this connection the fate of seizure and permanent retenti by European powers of all great strategic positions of the world, Gibraltar at tl straits, Cypress at head, and other points at foot of the Suez Canal, together wi presently impending threat to Egypt through the jealous strife of England ar France for supremacy over that eastern connection of oceans. Further, was the i tegrity of Turkey preserved, or its dismemberment realized under a joint guarant of European powers, and does experience afford better means to judge the futu than by the past?

If assurance is demanded against possible seizure by the United States Gover ment, the answer may be: First: It holds as a fundamental principle that "i government rests upon consent of the governed"; hence with it usurpation would self-violence. Second: For thirty-five years its single guarantee, faithfully kept, h amply secured to Colombia all her rights of sovereignty and property over the enti isthmus.

And if its well-attested high sense of right and justice need be supported wi reasons of expediency, it may be added that, owing to its late trying civil w growing out of sectional lines and interests, it is without disposition to prom danger of recurrence of such misfortune by enlarging margin for antagonisms, eitl in extending its immense territorial possessions or adding to its responsibilities government. So, in case—supposed, merely for the argument and freely akno edged impossible—should Colombia even seek to transfer to the United States the sponsibility of absolute dominion over the canal and adjacent territory necessary the object, as it would be new in practice, and foreign to the spirit and character that Government to maintain permanent military garrisons beyond its limits, it wo most probably answer that this could be to the advantage of neither, and urge Colo bia to maintain her sovereignty intact, with the assurance of readiness to aid in resi ing any attempt at usurpation of this by others. In a word, under present persuasi that the two are by force of conditions bound to friendship, the United States Gove ment may reasonably prefer Colombia's ownership of the canal to its own, but be t as it may, it is clearly proven by long and scrupulous fidelity to treaty obligations the matter that my Government could only be prompted to attempt even tempor appropriation of any part of Colombia's domain by conviction of necessity, to prev its forcible rape by some less friendly power, to the dangerous exposure of its o security, and that of all other American Governments. So, danger to Colombia's tegrity through designs of the United States is simply impossible; and in this is th not just claim to peculiarity, since any of the European powers would gladly acc Colombia in whole or part as an appendage even if some, but for fear of results, wo not repeat history by inventing excuse for forcible seizure?

These views have impressed. That because of its importance in the future American affairs, and especially of its benefits to our two republics, sooner or la a treaty of friendship, thoroughly identifying them in interest, is destiny, and ev should public men in both labor against this, they can only delay, not defeat, fa for when we are dust, if not before, it will be accomplished. But may it not be r sonably hoped of the intelligence and patriotism of those now officially intrusted wi the welfare of each that they will, by speeding the end, more immediately secure both the immense advantages to follow, and win to themselves continued confide as benefactors to their countries.

In conclusion, with assurances of profound respect and friendliness on part of Government to the Government and people of Colombia,

I am, sir, &c.,

GEO. MANEY

No. 4.

Mr. Maney to Mr. Frelinghuysen.

3.] LEGATION OF THE UNITED STATES,
Bogota, May 28, 1882.

:: Upon appointment to this post my entire instructions, written
erbal, were "to cultivate friendly relations, and prevent European
ıntees of the contemplated Panama Canal."
nanifestations can be accepted as evidence, my success in bring-
ıbout feelings of both confidence and friendliness on part of this
rnment and people toward ours has surely been reasonable, and I
:, for the time at least, the guarantees mentioned are secured
ıst.
early part of its present session a resolution aiming at abroga-
of our treaty of 1846 with this Government, relative to the Isth-
of Panama, was presented in the Congress, but I had it met with
roposition that "if the United States Government were truly a
d to Colombia, abrogation of the treaty was not to be wished, and
the contrary, it selfishly contemplated forcible seizure of any part
lombia's possessions in the isthmus, it certainly was not provident
move existing obligations against such action, imposed by the
y."
e resolution was decisively defeated, and I have no apprehension
renewal before this Congress.

I am, sir, &c., GEO. MANEY.

No. 5.

Mr. Maney to Mr. Frelinghuysen.

9.] LEGATION OF THE UNITED STATES,
Bogota, July 12, 1882.

2: * * * Being wholly uninformed as to Mr. Scrugg's instruc-
, I transmit herewith, as inclosure No. 1, a statement of views sub-
d to the authorities of this Government in reference to the Panama
l, which, with inclosures heretofore made in dispatch No. 8, com-
s my argument in the matter. If I have unfortunately conflicted
is with the Department's policy, a full knowledge in the premises
contribute some facility for the desired correction.
n happy in being able to assure you of a very favorable feeling here
rd our Government, and shall conscientiously endeavor to impart
y successor every aid in my power to promote and increase this.

I am, sir, &c.,

GEO. MANEY.

[Inclosure in No. 19.]

supplement or elaboration of points heretofore suggested in reference to the
ma Canal, the following is respectfully submitted:
thout discussing the propriety in taste or policy of a nation's indicating its in-
ity of self-protection by seeking or accepting indiscriminately from others guar-
s of sovereignty, or property in what is its undisputed own, it should not be for-
n, as both experience and history, that complications incident, if not inherent,
ch guarantees may promote danger rather than security to the end proposed.
inly in the premises here considered chances of such complications, together with
rtunities of seizure, are multiplied in proportion to the numbers so guaranteeing,
bjections in this respect are surely not weakened by the fact that the canal can-
n possibility be completed within ten years. Would it not be wiser, then, to
: its completion before entering into engagements so serious in connection with
He is a rash man who will declare even the near future, and scarce a rational
ho will answer for that of a *decade*. *Precipitate* or premature action in this

grave matter may easily be followed by only regrets through all time to come, and certainly in the present there is no pressing reason for incurring such risks or disturbing the *status quo*.

But to further consideration of the relations of nations to this truly international enterprise—to the question, has the United States any right or claim upon Colombia's property in the canal different or superior to that of other foreign nations, the answer is, as to its uses solely for peaceful commerce, none; but with respect to its uses for war purposes, yes, as against all others than those of America. And this because, as a means of sudden concentration of large naval forces, it can contribute to the injury or destruction of American Governments, but not possibly to that of any European. The security of the two being thus unequal in the matter, their relations to it are of right correspondingly different; for surely the instinct to self-preservation and self-security, common to all nature, beyond being excusable, is commendable in governments, by reason of their paramount importance. Nor can it be overlooked that this is an affair from which the United States Government, because of geographical and other natural relations, could not, if it would, disengage itself.

To the proposition that the United States Government enter into a joint guarantee of the canal, it may be replied that, apart from its cherished tradition, "Friendship to all nations, entangling alliances with none," it would illy accord with its accustomed prudence that, conscious of its own upright and peaceful intentions, yet ignorant of those of others, it should so involve itself in responsibility for the action of European powers, which, even if of good purposes to-day, are likely throughout the future to maintain all present vast preparations for wars and conquests. If insisted that, under the joint guarantee, danger of seizure will be secured against by all being a check upon appropriation by either, and that such course is necessary to command the large means requisite for construction, it may be answered the guarantee in any case would be upon the terms prescribed by the sovereign Colombian Government, and these being "free and equal use of the canal for peaceful commerce to all nations alike," if the guarantee be not thereby fully effected to Colombia's best advantage, through the interest of all to prevent seizure by any, in so making it exclusively the United States Government would plainly become, as it were, a trustee, and compelled to fidelity in its trusts, since violation of them would not only work forfeiture of all rights and benefits as guarantor, but clearly be *casus belli* to all nations at interest. With such conditions how can facilities for commanding means of construction be diminished; and, in addition, have you not all nations held to your protection by the bond of self-interest without the temptation of opportunity for your spoliation?

Naturally American policies will form a basis for popular politics in America; but let us see if the maxim, "America for Americans," is not above all mere *ad captandum*, and so founded in reason as to afford, equally with any other immutable law, benefits or penalties, according to its observance or neglect, alike to all.

The United States Government, in the desire of more intimate and friendly relations with its sister republics of the south, may be willing to adopt your canal for all future purposes, and so secure to it exclusiveness as a western inter-oceanic communication, upon condition, however, of its impossible use to its injury in event of the misfortune of war with any great maritime power; but without this security it will naturally look to construction of another which it can control for its defense and protection; and with its immense wealth and progress, who will doubt its capacity to obtain this? With the experience, too, acquired in construction of yours, another can be built through several parts of the narrow land connecting the two Americas, at an equal if not less cost, and any from the Nicaragua route to Tehuantepec, having decisive advantage over yours in water distance between all great trade points. Suppose, then, your enterprise should be duplicated through either of these localities. The United States would secure an inner line, and one much shorter, upon which to manœuver a navy in case of war. But war in this age of enlightenment is not the normal condition of nations; and in peace this, upon all promptings of interest, would be freely and equally opened to commerce, with advantage over yours of difference in distance between all the chief commercial centers of the world of more than a thousand miles in each round voyage.

Need the suggestion be pressed or elaborated?

With a rival possessing such overwhelming advantage, your canal, instead of bearing through Colombian territory the vast commerce of Europe and Atlantic America to and from the dense populations of Asia, may fall from the magnificence of a monopoly into absolute neglect; and if its construction be a question of money, though this grave danger escape the statesmanship of Colombia, it certainly will not the attention of capital, which will be repelled rather than invited to an investment so hazardous.

Are not these views pursuasive, that, above and beyond prejudices or passions of an hour, our two republics are bound to alliance for mutual protection by a fixed law, holding inexorably the penalty of calamity for either which may disregard it?

GEO. MANEY.

1 CONGRESS, } SENATE. { MIS. DOC.
d Session. } { No. 13.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

DECEMBER 11, 1884.—Ordered to be printed.

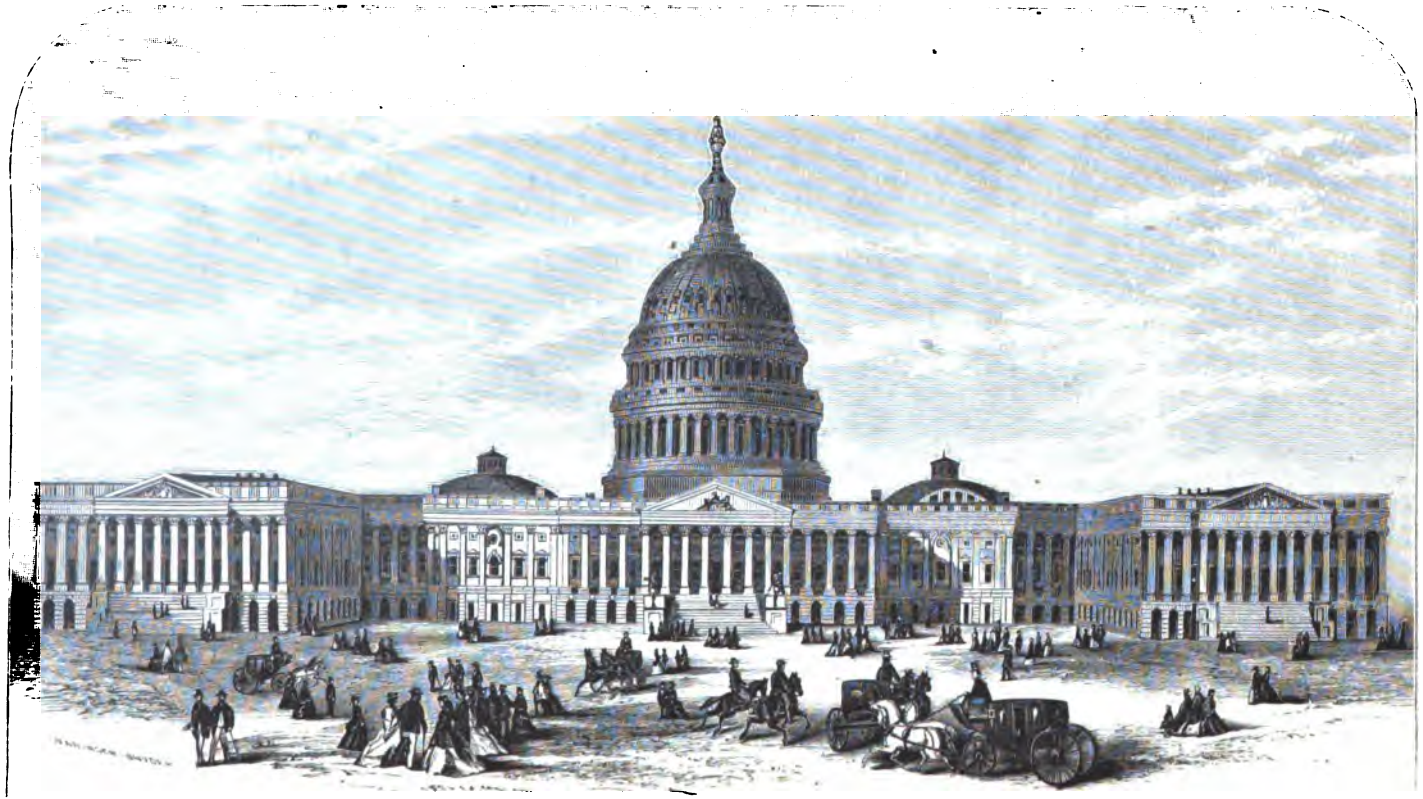
Mr. VAN WYCK submitted the following

RESOLUTION:

Whereas a commercial treaty of great importance has been negoed between the United States and Spain, which was made public the King of Spain to such extent that it was cabled from Madrid the Times of New York City, and given to the American people by t journal before the same was presented with becoming solemnity secrecy to the Senate;

Whereas the provisions of said treaty materially affect the subject of enues and taxation, involving no serious questions of diplomacy and e secrets, the discussions thereof should be in open session, so that people may be fully apprised of the reasons why said treaty should atified or rejected: Therefore,

esolved, That the Committee on Rules be directed to report an ndment, or additional rule, requiring that treaties which concern ters of revenue shall be considered in open session.



H CONGRESS, 2d Session. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 14.

FORTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS.

[SECOND SESSION.]

CONGRESSIONAL DIRECTORY.

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1884.

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By BEN: PERLEY POORE,

IN THE OFFICE OF THE LIBRARIAN OF CONGRESS, AT WASHINGTON.

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SEPTEMBER.						
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OCTOBER.						
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NOVEMBER.						
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DECEMBER.						
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CONGRESSIONAL DIRECTORY.

MEMBERS OF THE FORTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS.

ALABAMA.

SENATORS.

John T. Morgan, of Washington, D. C., was born at Athens, Tennessee, June 20, 1824; received an academic education, chiefly in Alabama, to which State he emigrated when nine years old, and has since resided there; studied law, was admitted to the bar in 1845, and practised until his election to the Senate; was a Presidential Elector in 1860 for the State at large, and voted for Breckinridge and Lane; was a Delegate in 1861 from Dallas County to the State Convention which passed the ordinance of secession; joined the Confederate Army, in May, 1861, as a private in Company I, Cahaba Rifles, and when that company was assigned to the Fifth Alabama Regiment, under Col. Robert E. Rodes, he was elected Major and afterward Lieutenant-Colonel of that regiment; was commissioned in 1862 as Colonel and raised the Fifty-first Alabama Regiment; was appointed Brigadier-General in 1863, and assigned to a brigade in Virginia, but resigned to rejoin his regiment, whose colonel had been killed in battle; later in 1863 he was again appointed Brigadier-General, and assigned to an Alabama brigade, which included his regiment; after the war, he resumed the practice of his profession at Selma; was chosen a Presidential Elector for the State at large in 1876, and voted for Tilden and Hendricks; was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat, to succeed George Goldthwaite, Democrat; took his seat March 5, 1877, and was re-elected in 1882. His term of service will expire March 3, 1889.

James L. Pugh, of Eufaula, was born in Burke County, Georgia, December 12, 1820; received an academic education in Alabama and Georgia; came to Alabama when four years old, where he has since resided; was licensed to practise law in 1841, and was so employed when elected to the Senate; was Taylor Elector in 1848, Buchanan Elector in 1856, and State Elector for Tilden in 1876; was elected to Congress, without opposition, in 1859; retired from the Thirty-sixth Congress when Alabama ordained to secede from the Union; joined the Eufaula Rifles, in the First Alabama Regiment, as a private; was elected to the Confederate Congress in 1861, and re-elected in 1863; after the war, resumed the practice of the law; was President of the State Convention of the Democratic party in 1874; was member of the Convention that framed the State Constitution of 1875; was elected to the Senate as a Democrat, to fill the balance of the term made vacant by the death of George S. Houston. Took his seat December 6, 1880, and was re-elected in 1884. His term of office will expire March 3, 1891.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Choctaw, Clarke, Marengo, Mobile, Monroe, and Washington.*

James Taylor Jones, of Demopolis, was born at Richmond, Virginia, in 1832, and removed with his father to Marengo County, Alabama, when two years old; received a classical education, graduating from Princeton College, New Jersey, in 1852, and from the Law School of the University of Virginia in 1855; was admitted to the bar in 1856, and has since been engaged in the practice of his profession, with the exception of four years during the war, when was he a private and afterwards an officer in the Fourth Alabama Regiment; was a Delegate to the Alabama State Constitutional Convention in 1865; was a State Senator in

1872–'73; was elected to the Forty-fifth Congress in 1876, and to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, in July, 1883, to succeed Thomas H. Herndon, deceased, receiving 6,561 votes against 1,503 votes for Philip Joseph, Republican. *Re-elected.*

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Baldwin, Butler, Conecuh, Crenshaw, Covington, Escambia, Montgomery, and Pike.*

Hilary A. Herbert, of Montgomery, was born at Laurensville, South Carolina, March 12, 1834; removed to Greenville, Butler County, Alabama, in 1846; attended the University of Alabama in 1853–'54 and the University of Virginia in 1855–'56; studied law, and was admitted to the bar; entered the Confederate service as Captain; was promoted to the Colonelcy of the Eighth Alabama Volunteers; was disabled at the battle of the Wilderness, May 6, 1864; continued the practice of law at Greenville, Alabama, until 1872, when he removed to Montgomery, where he has since practised; was elected to the Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 12,823 votes against 9,121 votes for Rice, Opposition, and 52 votes for Townsend, Greenback candidate. *Re-elected.*

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Barbour, Bullock, Coffee, Dale, Geneva, Henry, Lee, and Russell.*

William C. Oates, of Abbeville, was born in Pike (now Bullock) County, Alabama, November 30, 1835; was self-educated; studied law, was admitted to the bar in 1858, and became a successful lawyer and business man; entered the Confederate Army as Captain of Company G, Fifteenth Alabama Infantry, in July, 1861; was appointed Colonel in the Provisional Army of the Confederate States, on account of fair fighting capacity, May 1, 1863, and was assigned to the command of his old regiment; the Forty-eighth Alabama Regiment was also subsequently placed under his command; was wounded four times slightly and twice severely, losing his right arm in front of Richmond August 16, 1864, in the twenty-seventh battle he was enagaged in; was a Delegate to the National Democratic Convention held in New York in 1868 which nominated Seymour for the Presidency; was a member of the Alabama House of Representatives, and Chairman of the Committee on Ways and Means at the sessions of 1870–'71 and 1871–'72; was an unsuccessful candidate for the Democratic nomination for Governor in 1872; was, later in the same year, nominated for Congress in the Montgomery district and defeated by the Republican condidate; was a member of the Constitutional Convention in 1875 and Chairman of its Judiciary Committee; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 11,238 votes against 1,549 votes for Millen, Republican. *Re-elected.*

FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Dallas, Hale, Lowndes, Perry, and Wilcox.*

Charles M. Shelley, of Selma, was born in Sullivan County, Tennessee, December 28, 1833; removed to Alabama with his father in 1836; received but a limited education; was brought up to the trade of architect and builder, and has ever since followed that business; he entered the Confederate service in February, 1861, as Lieutenant, and was stationed first at Fort Morgan, and was afterwards attached to the Fifth Alabama Regiment; after further service he was commissioned Brigadier-General, and served under Generals Joseph E. Johnston and Hood; after the war he returned to his occupation, and now resides in Selma, Dallas County, Alabama; was elected to the Forty-fifth and Forty-sixth Congresses, and received a certificate of re-election to the Forty-seventh Congress. He was unseated July 20, 1882, and the seat being declared vacant, he was rechosen to it November 7, 1882; and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 7,159 votes against 4,435 votes for Craig, Opposition, and 167 votes for M. Houze.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Autauga, Bibb, Chambers, Chilton, Clay, Coosa, Elmore, Macon, and Talladoosa.*

Thomas Williams, of Wetumpka, was born in Greenville County, Virginia, August 11, 1825; removed in 1835 to Wetumpka, and has since resided there; received a limited education; is a planter and lawyer; was a member of the Legislature in 1878; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 9,629 votes against 5,820 votes for M'Coy, Opposition, and 16 scattering.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Fayette, Greene, Jefferson, Lamar, Marion, Pickens, Sumter, Tuscaloosa, Walker, and Winston.*

Goldsmith W. Hewitt, of Birmingham, was born in Jefferson County, Alabama, February 14, 1834; studied law, was admitted to the bar in 1856, and has since practised; entered the Confederate Army in June, 1861, as a private; was promoted Captain in 1862, and was severely wounded at Chickamauga; was a member of the State House of Representatives in 1870 and '71; was elected a member of the State Senate in 1872, and resigned in 1874; was elected to the Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving, 6,280 votes against 2,598 votes for Carpenter, Opposition.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Blount, Calhoun, Cherokee, Cleburne, De Kalb, Etowah, Marshall, Randolph, Saint Clair, Shelby, and Talladega.*

William Henry Forney, of Jacksonville, was born at Lincolnton, North Carolina, November 9, 1823; received a classical education, graduating at the University of Alabama in 1844; served in the war with Mexico as a First Lieutenant in the First Regiment of Alabama Volunteers; studied law, was admitted to the bar in 1848, and has practised ever since; was elected by the Legislature of Alabama a Trustee of the University of Alabama, and served 1851–'60; was a member of the State House of Representatives of Alabama 1859–'60; entered the Confederate Army at the commencement of hostilities in 1861 as Captain, and was successively promoted Major, Lieutenant-Colonel, Colonel, and Brigadier-General; surrendered at Appomattox Court-House; was a member of the State Senate of Alabama 1865–'66, serving until the State was reconstructed; was elected to the Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 7,752 votes against 1,858 votes for Bingham, Opposition. *Re-elected.*

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Colbert, Franklin, Jackson, Lauderdale, Lawrence, Limestone, Madison, and Morgan.*

Luke Pryor, of Athens, was born in Madison County, Alabama, July 5, 1820; received an academic education; is a lawyer by profession, and an agriculturist; was a member of the Alabama Legislature in the session of 1855–'56; was appointed United States Senator from Alabama in January, 1880, by the Governor of the State, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Hon. George S. Houston, Senator elect; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 12,155 votes against 11,418 votes for David D. Shelby, Republican, Greenbacker, and Independent.

ARKANSAS.

SENATORS.

Augustus H. Garland, of Little Rock, was born in Tipton County, Tennessee, June 11, 1832; in 1833 his parents removed to Arkansas; was educated at Saint Mary's College and Saint Joseph's College in Kentucky; studied law, and was admitted to practise in 1853 at Washington, Arkansas, where he then lived; in 1856 he removed to Little Rock; was a Delegate to the State Convention that passed the ordinance of secession in 1861; was a member of the Provisional Congress that met at Montgomery, Alabama, in May, 1861, and subsequently of the Confederate Congress, serving in both Houses, and being in the Senate when the war closed; was elected to the United States Senate from Arkansas for the term beginning March 4, 1867, but was not admitted to his seat; made the test-oath case as to lawyers in the Supreme Court of the United States, and gained it, [see Garland *ex parte*, 4 Wallace;] followed the practice of law until the fall of 1874, when he was elected Governor of Arkansas, without opposition; was elected in January, 1876, by the Legislature of Arkansas, without opposition, to the United States Senate as a Democrat, to succeed Powell Clayton, Republican; took his seat March 5, 1877, and was re-elected in 1883. His term of service will expire March 3, 1889.

James D. Walker, of Fayetteville, was born in Logan County, Kentucky, December 13, 1830; removed in 1847 to Arkansas; received his education at the private schools in Kentucky and at Ozark Institute, Arkansas; studied law, and was admitted to the practice in 1850 at Fayetteville, Arkansas; in the late war he espoused the Southern cause, and was Colonel of a regiment; after the war resumed the practice of his profession; was Solicitor-General of the State of Arkansas, which office he resigned, and continued the practice of his profession at Fayetteville; was chosen a Presidential Elector for the State at large in 1876, and voted for Tilden and Hendricks; was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat, to succeed Stephen W. Dorsey, Republican, and took his seat March 18, 1879. His term of service will expire March 3, 1885.

REPRESENTATIVES.

AT LARGE.

Clifton R. Breckinridge, of Pine Bluff, was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 43,617 votes against 21,423 votes for Cunningham, Greenbacker, and 465 scattering. *Re-elected.*

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Arkansas, Clay, Crittenden, Craighead, Cross, Desha, Greene, Independence, Jackson, Lee, Lawrence, Lonoke, Mississippi, Monroe, Phillips, Poinsett, Prairie, Randolph, Saint Francis, Woodruff, and White.*

Poindexter Dunn, of Forest City, was born in Wake County, North Carolina, November 3, 1834; removed with his father to Limestone County, Alabama, in 1836; received his primary education in the schools there; was four years in Jackson College at Columbia, Tennessee, where he graduated in 1854; removed to Saint Francis County, Arkansas, in March, 1856; engaged in cotton-growing until 1861; was elected as a Democrat to the lower house of the Arkansas Legislature in 1858; served in the Confederate Army during the war; commenced the practice of law in 1867; was on the Democratic electoral ticket for Arkansas in 1872 and 1876; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 12,685 votes against 719 votes for Miles, Republican, and 28 scattering. *Re-elected.*

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Ashley, Bradley, Calhoun, Chicot, Clark, Columbia, Dorsey, Dallas, Drew, Grant, Hempstead, Hot Spring, Howard, Jefferson, Lafayette, Lincoln, Little River, Miller, Nevada, Ouachita, Pike, Sevier, and Union.*

James Kimbrough Jones, of Washington, was born in Marshall County, Mississippi, September 29, 1839; received a classical education; was a private soldier during the "late unpleasantness" on the losing side; lived on his plantation after the close of the war until 1873, when he commenced the practice of law; was a member of the State Senate of Arkansas in 1873; was a member of the State Senate when the Constitutional Convention of 1874 was called; was re-elected under the new government, and in 1877 was elected President of the Senate; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 14,831 votes against 11,525 votes for Williams, Republican and Greenback candidate, 368 votes for R. Samuels, and 1 scattering. *Re-elected.*

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Crawford, Franklin, Garland, Johnson, Logan, Montgomery, Perry, Pulaski, Saline, Sebastian, Scott, and Yell.*

John Henry Rogers, of Fort Smith, was born in Bertie County, North Carolina, October 9, 1845; in 1852 his parents removed to Mississippi; in March, 1862, he joined the Nineteenth Mississippi Regiment, Volunteers, Confederate States Army, as a private; was promoted to First Lieutenant in same regiment, and served through the war; was educated at Centre College, Danville, Kentucky, and at the University of Mississippi, at Oxford, graduating at the latter college in the class of 1868; was admitted to practise law at Canton, Mississippi, in 1868; in 1869 removed to Fort Smith, Arkansas, where he has since resided and practised

his profession; in 1877 was elected Circuit Judge; was re-elected in 1878, and resigned in May, 1882; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 10,495 votes against 7,905 votes for M. W. Benjamin, Republican. *Re-elected.*

FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Baxter, Benton, Boone, Carroll, Conway, Fulton, Izard, Madison, Marion, Newton, Pope, Stone, Searcy, Sharp, Van Buren, and Washington.*

Samuel W. Peel, of Bentonville, was born in Independence County, Arkansas, September 13, 1832; received a common-school education; was elected Clerk of the Circuit Court of Carroll County, Arkansas, in 1858, and again in 1860; entered the Confederate service in 1861 as a private, and was elected Major of the Third Arkansas Infantry, (State troops;) re-entered the Confederate service in 1862 as a private, and was elected Colonel of the Fourth Regiment, Arkansas Infantry; at the close of the war he commenced the practice of law in the State courts; was appointed prosecuting attorney of the fourth judicial circuit of Arkansas in 1873; upon the adoption of the new constitution in 1874, was elected to the same place; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 5,658 votes against 1,008 votes for Mr. Nyman, Independent Greenbacker. *Re-elected.*

CALIFORNIA.

SENATORS.

James Thompson Farley, of Jackson, was born in the State of Virginia, August 6, 1829; received a common-school education; removed when quite young to the State of Missouri and from Missouri to California; studied law and has been engaged in the practice of law since the year 1854 in the State of California; was a member of the Assembly in California for two terms, 1855 and '56; was Speaker of the House in 1856; was again elected to the State Senate in 1860, and served eight years as State Senator, and was President *pro tempore* of the Senate for one session; and was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat, in the place of A. A. Sargent, Republican, and took his seat March 18, 1879. His term of service will expire March 3, 1885.

John F. Miller, of San Francisco, was born in Indiana, in 1831, his parents being Virginians; he received an academical education at South Bend, and was fitted for college at Chicago, but did not enter; commenced the study of law in 1849, and graduated at the New York State Law School in 1852; commenced practice at South Bend, soon went to California, where he practised law for three years, when he returned to Indiana and resumed practice there; in 1860 he was a member of the State Senate, but resigned to enter the Army as Colonel of the Twenty-ninth Indiana Volunteers, and was soon placed in command of a brigade, serving under Sherman, Buell, Rosecrans, and Thomas, and receiving severe wounds in the battles of Stone River and Liberty Gap; promoted to Brigadier-General; in the battle of Nashville he commanded the left division of 8,000 men, and was brevetted a Major-General for conspicuous bravery; at the close of the war he was offered a high commission in the Regular Army, but he declined it, and returned to California, where he was Collector of the Port of San Francisco four years, declining a reappointment; he was a Republican candidate for Presidential Elector in 1872, in 1876, and in 1880; he was a member of the California State Constitutional Convention in 1879; was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed Newton Booth, Anti-Monopolist, and took his seat March 4, 1881. His term of service will expire March 3, 1887.

REPRESENTATIVES.

AT LARGE.

Charles Allen Sumner, of San Francisco, was born at Great Barrington, Massachusetts August 2, 1835; was educated at Trinity College, Hartford; studied law; was admitted to the bar and engaged on patent cases; is a short-hand reporter; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as Congressman at Large from California as a Democrat, receiving 87,234 votes against 73,749 for W. W. Morrow, Republican, and 2,786 for Yarnell.

John Ragland Glascock, of Oakland, Alameda County, was born in Panola County, Mississippi, August 25, 1845; received a collegiate education at the University of California and the University of Virginia; studied law; was admitted to the bar, and has since practised; was District Attorney of Alameda County, California, 1875–'77; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as Congressman at Large from California as a Democrat, receiving 87,259 votes against 73,434 for Henry Edgerton, Republican, and 2,786 for Hotchkiss.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTY *and City of San Francisco.*

William Starke Rosecrans, of San Francisco, was born in Kingston, Ohio, September 6, 1819; was educated at the United States Military Academy at West Point, graduating July 1, 1842; was Second Lieutenant United States Corps of Engineers to April, 1843; was assistant to Colonel De Russy at Fortress Monroe to August, 1843; was an assistant professor at the Military Academy 1844–'47; was in charge of the fortifications at Newport, Rhode Island, 1847–'52, and also in charge of surveys and reports for the improvement of New Bedford Harbor, Providence Harbor, and Taunton River; was civil and constructing engineer at the navy-yard at Washington, District of Columbia, 1852; resigned in 1853, and was consulting engineer and manufacturer of coal oil and prussiate of potash, 1853–'61; was commissioned Chief Engineer of the State of Ohio, with the rank of Colonel, June 10, 1861, and Colonel of United States Volunteer Infantry in June, 1861; was Brigadier-General United States Army, 1861–'67; was second in command to General McClellan in West Virginia, his brigade winning the battle of Rich Mountain, which established the supremacy of the Union in West Virginia; was commander of the Department of the Ohio, embracing the States of Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, and West Virginia, 1861–'62, during which time West Virginia was firmly established as a State and freed from guerrilla warfare, for which he received unanimous votes of thanks from the legislatures of Ohio and West Virginia; was appointed to succeed General Pope in command of the little Army of the Mississippi, and won the battle of Iuka, September 19, 1862; was commissioned Major-General of Volunteers August 16, 1862, and the commission was subsequently antedated March 19, 1862; won the battle of Corinth October 3 and 4, 1862, pursuing the enemy until recalled by General Grant, who was at Jackson, Tennessee, seventy-five miles away; was relieved from the command of the district October 19, and ordered to Cincinnati; was placed in command of the Fourteenth Army Corps October 27, 1862, and also of the Department of the Cumberland; reorganized the command, repaired the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, fortified Nashville as a primary depot, and won the battle of Stone River December 30, 1862–January 1, 1863; fortified Murfreesboro' as a secondary depot; made the campaign of Tullahoma June 23–July 4, 1863, driving the Confederate Army of the Mississippi out of its strong intrenched camps across the Tennessee River into Georgia; rebuilt railroads and bridges, crossed the Cumberland Mountains, fought the battle of Chickamauga September 19 and 20, 1863, and took and held Chattanooga; was ordered to Cincinnati to await orders October 19, 1863; was president of the fair at which $325,000 were raised for the Sanitary Commission; took command of the Department of Missouri January 28, 1864, repelled the invasion of General Price, secured order and a fair election, and was relieved December 16, 1864; was kept waiting for orders until mustered out of the volunteer service; resigned his Brigadier-General's commission in 1867 and went to California; declined the offer of the directorship of the branch mint in 1867, and the Democratic nomination for Governor of California; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 22,733 votes against 14,847 votes for A. Neumann, Republican, 67 votes for Fitch, and 33 scattering.

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Alameda, Alpine, Amador, Calaveras, Contra Costa, El Dorado, Nevada, Placer, Sacramento, San Joaquin, and Tuolumne.*

James Herbert Budd, of Stockton, was born at Janesville, Wisconsin, May 18, 1851; was raised and educated in California, graduating from its State University; practised law since 1873, and was a member of the law firm of Budd, Surimedis & Scanlan, of Stockton, California, now dissolved by the election of J. G. Surimedis and A. V. Scanlon to judicial offices; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 20,229 votes against 19,246 votes for H. F. Page, Republican, who had represented the district for ten years; *was tendered a unanimous re-nomination but under the advice of physicians declined it.*

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Butte, Colusa, Del Norte, Humboldt, Lake, Lassen, Marin, Mendocino, Napa, Plumas, Shasta, Sierra, Siskiyou, Solano, Sonoma, Sutter, Tehama, Trinity, Yolo, and Yuba.*

Barclay Henley, of Santa Rosa (son of Thomas J. Henley, who was a Representative in Congress from Indiana, 1842–1849), was born in Clark County, Indiana, March 17, 184[illegible]; came to California in 1853; returning to Indiana, was educated at Hanover College; studied law in San Francisco; was admitted to the bar in 1864; has been District Attorney of Sonoma County; was a member of the State Assembly; in 1876 was nominated presidential elector on the Democratic ticket; in 1880 was again nominated for the same position and elected; was elected in 1882 to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 21,807 votes against 19,473 votes for J. J. De Haven, Republican. *Re-elected.*

FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Fresno, Inyo, Kern, Los Angeles, Mariposa, Merced, Mono, Monterey, San Benito, an Mateo, San Luis Obispo, San Francisco, San Diego, San Bernardino, Santa Barbara, anta Clara, Santa Cruz, Stanislaus, Tulare, and Ventura.*

Pleasant B. Tully, of Gilroy, was born in Henderson County, Tennessee, March 21, 829; was educated in public and private schools; at the age of nine years the father removed o Phillips County, Arkansas, where he grew up on a farm; went to California in 1853, and ras engaged in mining four years; has resided at Gilroy since 1857; studied law under the nstruction of ex-Chief Justice William T. Wallace, of California; was elected as a Delegate at arge to the State Constitutional Convention in 1879, and served on the Judiciary, the Revenue, nd the Taxation Committees; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat of he old school, receiving 23,105 votes against 18,307 votes for George L. Wood, Republican.

COLORADO.

SENATORS.

Nathaniel P. Hill, of Denver, was born in Orange County, New York, February 18, 1832; entered Brown University at Providence, Rhode Island, in 1853; was Professor of Chemistry in Brown University from 1860 to 1864; spent a portion of 1865 and '66 in Swansea, Wales, and Freiberg, Saxony, studying metallurgy; took up a permanent residence in Colorado in 1867 as manager of the Boston and Colorado Smelting Company, which position he still retains; was a member of the Territorial Council of Colorado in 1872 and '73; was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed Jerome B. Chaffee, Republican, and took his seat March 18, 1879. His term of service will expire March 3, 1885.

Thomas M. Bowen, of Del Norte, was born near the present site of Burlington, Iowa, October 26, 1835; received an academic education at Mount Pleasant, Iowa; was admitted to the bar at the age of eighteen, and very soon thereafter removed to Wayne County, Iowa, where, in 1856, he was elected to the House of Representatives of that State; removed to the then Territory of Kansas in 1858; served in the Union Army from June, 1861, until July, 1865, first as a Captain in the First Regiment, Nebraska Volunteers, after which he raised and commanded, as Colonel, the Thirteenth Kansas Infantry until the close of the war; was Brigadier-General by brevet and had command of a brigade the last two years of the war, first in the Army of the frontier, but later in the Seventh Army Corps; was a member of the National Republican Convention as a Delegate from the State of Kansas in 1864; at the close of the war remained in Arkansas; was a member and President of the Constitutional Convention of that State, which convened under the reconstruction acts of Congress, and was a Justice of the Supreme Court of that State for four years, when he accepted the position of Governor of Idaho Territory, tendered to him by President Grant in 1871, but resigned and returned to Arkansas, where he was defeated for the Senate of the United States by Hon. S. W. Dorsey in an open contest before the Legislature, the party caucus having failed to agree; in January, 1875, he removed to Colorado, then a Territory, resumed the practice of law, and at the organization of the State government was elected Judge of the Fourth Judicial District, and served in that capacity for four years, after which he engaged in several large mining enterprises and remained in private life until the fall of 1882, when he was elected a Representative in the State Legislature; served in that body as Chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means until he resigned, having been elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed Horace A. W. Tabor, (who had been elected to fill the unexpired term of H. M. Teller,) and took his seat December 3, 1883. His term of service will expire March 3, 1889.

REPRESENTATIVE.

AT LARGE.

James B. Belford, of Central City, was born at Lewistown, Pennsylvania, September 28 1837; was educated at Dickinson College; is by profession a lawyer; was appointed one of the Judges of the Supreme Court of Colorado in 1870, and held the office for five years; was elected, on the admission of Colorado as a State, a Representative in the Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Repfublican, receiving 30,817 votes against 28,080 votes for Wallace, Democrat, and 1,195 votes for Green, Greenback candidate.

CONNECTICUT.

SENATORS.

Orville H. Platt, of West Meriden, was born at Washington, Connecticut, July 19, 1827. received an academic education; studied law at Litchfield; was admitted to the bar in 1849, and has since practised law at Meriden; was Clerk of the State Senate of Connecticut in 1855 and '56; was Secretary of State of Connecticut in 1857; was a member of the State Senate in 1861 and '62; was a member of the State House of Representatives in 1864 and 1869, serving the last year as Speaker; was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed William H. Barnum, Democrat, (who had been elected to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Orris S. Ferry, Republican,) and took his seat March 18, 1879. His term of service will expire March 3, 1885.

Joseph R. Hawley, of Hartford, was born at Stewartsville, Richmond County, North Carolina, October 31, 1826; graduated at Hamilton College, New York, in 1847; was admitted to the bar in 1850 at Hartford, Connecticut, where he has since resided; practised law six and a half years; became editor of "The Hartford Evening Press," February, 1857, which was consolidated with "The Hartford Courant," of which he is editor, in 1867; enlisted in the Union Army as a Lieutenant, April 15, 1861; became Brigadier and Brevet Major General; was mustered out January 15, 1866; was elected Governor of Connecticut, April, 1866; was Presidential elector in 1868; was President of the National Republican Convention of 1868; was Secretary of the Committee on Resolutions in the similar Convention of 1872; was Chairman of the Committee on Resolutions in the Convention of 1876; was President of the United States Centennial Commission from its organization, in March, 1873, to the completion of the work of the Centennial Exhibition; was elected a Representative in the Forty-second Congress in November, 1872, to fill a vacancy caused by the death of Hon. J. L. Strong; was re-elected to the Forty-third Congress, and was elected to the Forty-sixth Congress; was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed William W. Eaton, Democrat, and ook his seat March 4, 1881. His term of service will expire March 3, 1887.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Hartford and Tolland, including the cities of Hartford and New Britain.*

William W. Eaton, of Hartford, was born at Tolland, Connecticut, October 11, 1816; was educated in the public schools and by private tutors; studied law, was admitted to the bar, and was actively engaged in practice until elected to the Senate; was Clerk of the Superior and Supreme Courts of Tolland and Hartford Counties; was for several years one of the Judges of the Hartford City Court, and for four years Recorder of Hartford; was a member of the State House of Representatives of Connecticut in the sessions of 1847, '48, '53, '63, '68, '70, '71, '73, and '74, and Speaker of the House in 1853 and 1873; was a member of the State Senate of Connecticut in the session of 1850; was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat, to succeed William A. Buckingham, Republican, for the term to commence March 4, 1875, and upon the death of Senator Buckingham, in February, 1875, was appointed to fill the vacancy, taking his seat February 13, 1875, serving until March 3, 1881; was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 14,740 votes against 14,027 votes for John R. Buck, Republican, and 212 votes for Phelps, Greenbacker.

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Middlesex and New Haven, including the city of New Haven.*

Charles Le Moyne Mitchell, of New Haven, was born at New Haven, Connecticut, August 6, 1844; received an academical education; was a member of the State House of Representatives in 1877; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 16,061 votes against 14,029 votes for Samuel E. Merwin, Republican. *Re-elected.*

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*New London and Windham, including the cities of New London and Norwich.*

John Turner Wait, of Norwich, was born at New London, Connecticut, August 27, 1811; received a mercantile training in early life, and afterwards was two years at Trinity College,

Hartford; studied law, was admitted to the bar in 1836, and commenced to practise at Norwich, where he has since remained; was State's Attorney for the County of New London in 1842–'44 and in 1846–'54; has been President of the Bar Association of that county from its organization in 1874 to the present time; was an unsuccessful candidate for Lieutenant-Governor on the Democratic ticket in 1854, '55, '56, and '57, receiving each year the highest vote on the ticket; was the first Elector at Large, as a War Democrat, in 1864, on the Lincoln and Johnson ticket; was a member of the State Senate in 1865 and '66, serving the last year as President *pro tem.*; was a member of the State House of Representatives in 1867, 1871, and 1873, serving as Speaker the first year and subsequently declining that position; was an unsuccessful candidate for Lieutenant-Governor on the Republican ticket in 1874, receiving the highest vote on the ticket; was elected to the Forty-fourth Congress, (to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Hon. H. H. Starkweather;) was elected to the Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 9,882 votes against 8,227 votes for Penrose, Democrat, 288 votes for Palmer, Prohibitionist, and 101 scattering. *Re-elected.*

FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Fairfield and Litchfield, including the city of Bridgeport.*

Edward Woodruff Seymour, of Litchfield, was born at Litchfield, August 30, 1832; was graduated at Yale College in 1853; studied law; was admitted to the bar in 1856, and has practised law since; was a member of the Connecticut House of Representatives in 1859, 1860, 1870, and 1871; was a member of the Connecticut Senate, 1876; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 15,702 votes against 14,263 votes for Lyman W. Coe, Republican. *Re-elected.*

DELAWARE.

SENATORS.

Thomas Francis Bayard, of Wilmington, was born at Wilmington, Delaware, October 29, 1828; was chiefly educated at the Flushing School, established by Rev. Dr. F. L. Hawks, and although his early training was for a mercantile life, he studied and adopted the profession of law; he came to the bar in 1851, and, excepting the years 1855 and '56, when he resided in Philadelphia, he has always practised in his native city; in 1853 he was appointed United States District Attorney for Delaware, but resigned in 1854; was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat, to succeed James A. Bayard, (his father;) took his seat March 4, 1869; was re-elected in 1875 and 1881. He was a member of the Electoral Commission of 1876. His term of service will expire March 3, 1887.

Eli Saulsbury, of Dover, was born in Kent County, Delaware, December 29, 1817; attended common and select schools, and an irregular course at Dickinson College; studied and practised law; was a member of the State Legislature of Delaware in 1853 and '54; and was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat, to succeed Willard Saulsbury, Democrat; took his seat March 4, 1871; was re-elected in 1876 and in 1883. His term of service will expire March 3, 1889.

REPRESENTATIVE.

AT LARGE.

Charles B. Lore, of Wilmington, was born at Odessa, Delaware, March 16, 1831; received a primary education at public schools and at Middletown Academy, Delaware, and collegiate education at Dickinson College, Pennsylvania, graduating in June, 1852; studied law with Judge John K. Findlay, of Philadelphia, and Chancellor D. M. Bates, of Wilmington, Delaware; was admitted to the bar of New Castle County, Delaware, in 1861, and has since then been practising law there; was Clerk of the House of Representatives of Delaware in 1857; was Commissioner of the Draft for New Castle County, Delaware, 1862; was Attorney-General of the State of Delaware, 1869–'74; was one of the Presidential Electors for Delaware in 1880; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 16,563 votes against 14,640 votes for Washington Hastings, Republican. *Re-elected.*

FLORIDA.

SENATORS.

Charles W. Jones, of Pensacola, was born in Ireland in 1834; emigrated to the United States in 1844, and, after residing temporarily in different parts of the South while working at his trade, settled at Pensacola in 1854; is self-educated; studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1857, and has since practised; was a member of the National Democratic Convention at Baltimore in 1872; was an unsuccessful Democratic candidate for Congress in 1872; was a member of the State House of Representatives of Florida in 1874; was elected to the United States Senate as a Conservative Democrat, to succeed Abijah Gilbert, Republican, took his seat March 5, 1875, and was re-elected in 1881. His term of service will expire March 3, 1887.

Wilkinson Call, of Jacksonville, was born at Russellville, Logan County, Kentucky, January 9, 1834; is by profession a lawyer; was elected to the United States Senate after the war, but was not allowed to take his seat; was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat, in the place of Simon B. Conover, Republican, and took his seat March 18, 1879. His term of service will expire March 3, 1885.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Calhoun, Escambia, Franklin, Gadsden, Hernando, Hillsboro', Holmes, Jackson, Jefferson, Lafayette, Leon, Levy, Liberty, Manatee, Monroe, Polk, Santa Rosa, Taylor, Wakulla, Walton, and Washington.*

Robert H. M. Davidson, of Quincy, was born in Gadsden County, Florida, September 23, 1832; received an academic education at Quincy; studied law at the University of Virginia, and is a practising lawyer; was a member of the House of Representatives of Florida in 1856–'57 and 1858–'59; was elected to the State Senate in 1860; retired from the State Senate in 1862 and entered the Confederate Army as Captain of Infantry, and became Major and then Lieutenant-Colonel of the Sixth Florida Infantry; received a wound May 28, 1864, which rendered him unable to do further military service; was a member of the Constitutional Convention of the State in 1865; was a candidate for Elector on the Greeley and Brown ticket in 1872; was elected to the Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 11,244 votes against 7,017 votes for Skinner, Republican, and 3,553 votes for McKinnon, Independent. *Re-elected.*

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Alachua, Baker, Brevard, Bradford, Clay, Columbia, Dade, Duval, Hamilton, Madison, Marion, Nassau, Orange, Putnam, Saint John's, Sumter, Suwannee, and Volusia.*

Horatio Bisbee, Jr., of Jacksonville, was born in Canton, Oxford County, Maine, May 1, 1839; graduated at Tufts College, Massachusetts; served as a private soldier three months in the Fifth Massachusetts Volunteers, and was mustered out the middle of July, 1861; was appointed Captain of Company F in the Ninth Maine Volunteers in September, 1861; promoted to the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel February, 1862, and to the rank of Colonel January, 1863, and was honorably mustered out of service with the latter rank in March, 1863; commenced practising law at Jacksonville, Florida, on the 10th day of February, 1865; held the office of United States Attorney for the Northern District of Florida from 1869 to 1873, and for a short period the office of Attorney-General of the State of Florida; was elected to the Forty-fifth Congress as a Republican, and unseated eight days before the close of said Congress; was re-elected as a Republican to the Forty-sixth Congress, counted out, and seated on a contest the 22d day of January, 1881; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, counted out, and seated on a contest the 1st day of June, 1882; and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 13,122 votes against 12,823 votes for Finley, Democrat.

GEORGIA.

SENATORS.

Joseph E. Brown, of Atlanta, Georgia, was born in Pickens District, South Carolina, April 15, 1821; when he was a boy, his father moved to Georgia; he was educated at Calhoun Academy, South Carolina; he taught school in Canton, Georgia; he was admitted to the bar in August, 1845; he afterwards graduated in Yale College Law School, and returned to Georgia and commenced the practice of law in 1846; in 1849 he was elected to the State Senate; in 1852 he was a Pierce Elector; in 1855 he was elected Judge of the Superior Courts of the Blue Ridge Circuit; in 1857 he was elected Governor by the Democratic party over Hon. Benjamin H. Hill; re-elected in 1859 over Hon. Warren Aiken. He was a Secessionist in 1860, and was active and energetic as a war Governor after the State had seceded. In 1861 he was again elected Governor over the Hon. Eugenius A. Nisbet; in 1863 he was again a candidate for Governor, and opposed by Hon. Joshua Hill, an original Union man, and Hon. Timothy Furlow, an original Secessionist; Governor Brown was elected over both by a handsome majority. During the war, Governor Brown opposed the policy of President Davis on the conscript act, but threw no obstacles in the way of the execution of the law by the Confederate Government; he simply discussed with the President the constitutionality of the measure. After the surrender he advocated acquiescence in the reconstruction measures, and became very unpopular on account of his recommendation that the people acquiesce and carry them out in good faith. As the Democratic party opposed these measures, as a reconstructionist he voted for General Grant, who favored them. During the Legislature of 1868 he was nominated by the Republicans for United States Senator, and defeated by Hon. Joshua Hill, which was the only defeat of his life; in every instance when he has been a candidate before the people he has been successful. After his defeat for Senator he was appointed by Governor Bullock Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Georgia, which position he held till December, 1870, when he resigned and accepted the presidency of the Western Atlantic Railroad Company. He then devoted his life to business pursuits, being a candidate for no office, but acting with the Democratic party since 1872 upon the reconstruction platform. When General Gordon resigned his position in the Senate Governor Brown was appointed to fill the vacancy; he was afterwards elected over General A. R. Lawton, his opponent, by over a two-thirds majority of the Legislature. His term of service will expire March 3, 1885.

Alfred Holt Colquitt, of Atlanta, was born in Walton County, Georgia, April 20, 1824; graduated at Princeton College, New Jersey, in the class of 1844; studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1845; served as a staff officer, with the rank of Major, during the Mexican war; was elected and served as a member of the Thirty-third Congress; was a member of the Georgia Legislature in 1859; was a Presidential Elector for the State at large on the Breckinridge ticket in 1860; was a member of the Secession Convention of the State of Georgia; entered the Confederate service as Captain; was subsequently chosen Colonel of the Sixth Georgia Infantry; served as a Brigadier-General, and was commissioned as a Major-General; was elected Governor of the State of Georgia in 1876 for four years, and was re-elected under a new constitution for two years; at the expiration of his term as Governor, he was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat, to succeed Pope Barrow, Democrat, for the full term commencing March 4, 1883. His term of service will expire March 3, 1889.

REPRESENTATIVES.

AT LARGE.

Thomas Hardeman, of Macon, was born in Putnam County, Georgia, January 12, 1825; graduated at Emory College in 1845, was admitted to the bar in 1846, but never practised the law, as he engaged in the commission business, which is now his profession; served in the State Legislature in 1853, 1855, and 1857; was elected a Representative in the Thirty-sixth Congress, of which he was a member at the time of secession; was Captain of the Floyd Rifles, Major of the Second Georgia Battalion, and Colonel of the Forty-fifth Georgia Regiment; was elected again to the State Legislature in 1863, 1864, and 1874, serving as Speaker of the House of Representatives during these three sessions; was a member of the National Convention that nominated Horace Greeley; was President of the State Covention and

Chairman of the State Executive Committee of the Democratic Party for four years, and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as Congressman at Large from the State of Georgia as a Democrat, receiving 81,443 votes against 24,930 votes for C. D. Forsyth, and 68 scattering. *Was not a candidate for re-election.*

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Appling, Bryan, Bullock, Burke, Camden, Charlton, Chatham, Clinch, Eckols, Effingham, Emanuel, Glynn, Liberty, McIntosh, Pierce, Scriven, Tatnall, Ware, and Wayne.*

John C. Nicholls, of Blackshear, was born in Clinton, Jones County, Georgia; is a lawyer and a planter; was a member of the National Convention in 1860 that nominated Breckinridge and Lane; was a member of the State Constitutional Convention of 1865; was a member of the Saint Louis Convention of 1876; was an Elector on the Seymour and Blair ticket in 1868; was a member of the State Senate of Georgia for four years; was elected to the Forty-sixth Congress, and was again elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 6,055 votes against 4,384 votes for Colonel James Atkins, Republican.

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Baker, Berrien, Brooks, Calhoun, Clay, Colquitt, Decatur, Dougherty, Early, Lowndes, Miller, Mitchell, Quitman, Randolph, Terrell, Thomas, and Worth.*

Henry G. Turner, of Quitman, was born in North Carolina, March 20, 1839; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 7,794 votes against 4,406 votes for Wessolowsky, Republican. *Re-elected.*

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Coffee, Dodge, Dooly, Irwin, Lee, Macon, Montgomery, Pulaski, Schley, Stewart, Sumter, Taylor, Telfair, Webster, and Wilcox.*

Charles Frederick Crisp, of Americus, was born on the 29th of January, 1845, in Sheffield, England, where his parents had gone on a visit; was brought by them to this country the year of his birth; received a common-school education in Savannah and Macon, Georgia; entered the Confederate Army in May, 1861; was a Lieutenant in Company K, Tenth Virginia Infantry, and served with that regiment until the 12th of May, 1864, when he became a prisoner of war; upon his release from Fort Delaware in June, 1865, he joined his parents at Ellaville, Schley County, Georgia; read law in Americus and was admitted to the bar there in 1866; began the practice of law in Ellaville, Georgia; in 1872 was appointed Solicitor-General of the Southwestern Judicial Circuit, and was reappointed in 1873 for a term of four years; in June, 1877, was appointed Judge of the Superior Court of the same circuit; in 1878 was elected by the General Assembly to the same office; in 1880 was re-elected Judge for a term of four years; resigned that office in September, 1882, to accept the Democratic nomination for Congress; was Permanent President of the Democratic Convention which assembled in Atlanta in April, 1883, to nominate a candidate for Governor; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, without opposition, receiving 4,131 votes. *Re-elected.*

FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Campbell, Coweta, Chattahoochee, Carroll, Douglas, Harris, Heard, Marion Meriwether, Muscogee, Talbot, and Troup.*

Hugh Buchanan, of Newnan, was born in Argyleshire, Scotland, September 15, 1823; received an academic education; was admitted to the bar in December, 1845; was elected to the Senate of Georgia in 1855, and re-elected in 1857; was Delegate to the National Democratic Convention at Cincinnati in 1856; was Elector on the Breckinridge and Lane ticket in 1860; entered the Confederate Army in June, 1861; was elected to the Thirty-ninth Congress in 1865; was a Delegate to the National Democratic Convention in 1868; was appointed Judge of the Superior Court, August, 1872, and resigned the same on his nomination for Congress in September, 1880; was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1877; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 5,583 votes against 1,502 votes for Pou, Independent Democrat, and 31 scattering.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Clayton, Crawford, De Kalb, Fayette, Fulton, Henry, Houston, Milton, Monroe, Pike, Spalding, and Upson.*

Nathaniel J. Hammond, of Atlanta, was born in Elbert County, Georgia, December 26, 1833; graduated at the University of Georgia, at Athens, in 1852; has practised law since 1853; was Solicitor-General from 1861 to 1865; was Reporter of the Supreme Court from 1867 to 1872; was Attorney-General from 1872 to 1877; was a member of the Constitutional Conventions of 1865 and 1877; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 10,788 votes against 5,756 votes for Buck, Independent Republican. *Re-elected.*

SIXTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Baldwin, Bibb, Butts, Jasper, Jones, Laurens, Newton, Putnam, Rockdale, Twiggs, Walton, and Wilkinson.*

James H. Blount, of Macon, was born in Georgia, September 12, 1837; was elected to the Forty-third, Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 3,514 votes against 26 scattering. *Re-elected.*

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Bartow, Catoosa, Chattooga, Cherokee, Cobb, Dade, Floyd, Gordon, Haralson, Murray, Paulding, Polk, Walker, and Whitfield.*

Judson C. Clements, of La Fayette, was born in Walker County, Georgia, February 12, 1846; was educated in the schools of that county, also in the law at Cumberland University, at Lebanon, Tennessee; was admitted to the bar and began the practice of law in 1869 at La Fayette, Georgia, and has continued in the same at that place until the present time; was elected Representative in the General Assembly of Georgia in 1872 for the term of two years, and re-elected in 1874; was elected State Senator in 1877; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 12,408 votes against 10,746 votes for Felton, Independent Democrat. *Re-elected.*

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Columbia, Elbert, Glascock, Greene, Hancock, Hart, Jefferson, Johnson, Lincoln, McDuffie, Oglethorpe, Richmond, Taliaferro, Warren, Washington, and Wilkes.*

Seaborn Reese, of Sparta, was born at Madison, Morgan County, Georgia, November 28, 1846; educated partly at the University of Georgia, which institution he left in his senior year, 1868; has practised law since 1869; was elected Representative in the General Assembly of Georgia in 1872 for the term of two years; was Solicitor-General of the Northern Judicial Circuit from 1877 to 1880; was a Presidential Elector on the Hancock ticket in 1880; was elected to fill the vacancy in the Forty-seventh Congress caused by the resignation of A. H. Stephens after his election as Governor of Georgia, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 4,384 votes against 185 scattering. *Re-elected.*

NINTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Banks, Clarke, Dawson, Fannin, Forsyth, Franklin, Gilmer, Gwinnett, Habersham, Hall, Jackson, Lumpkin, Madison, Morgan, Pickens, Rabun, Towns, Union, and White.*

Allen D. Candler, of Gainesville, was born in Lumpkin County, Georgia, November 4, 1834; he graduated at Mercer University, Georgia, in 1858; studied law in 1860, but the war coming on, he never practised; was successively a private, Lieutenant, Captain, Lieutenant-Colonel, and Colonel in the Confederate Army; was a member of the Georgia House of Representatives, 1872–'77; was a member of the Georgia State Senate, 1877–'79; is a manufacturer and railroad president; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 14,566 votes against 11,918 votes for Emory Speer, Independent. *Re-elected.*

ILLINOIS.

SENATORS.

John A. Logan, of Chicago, was born in Jackson County, Illinois, where he recei common-school education, and subsequently graduated at the Louisville University; e as private in the Illinois Volunteers and became Quartermaster in the war with Mexico elected Clerk of the Jackson County Court in 1849; studied and practised law; was ele the Legislature of Illinois in 1852, '53, '56, and '57; was Prosecuting Attorney from 1 1857; was a Presidential Elector in 1856; was elected to the Thirty-sixth and Thirty-s Congresses; resigned and entered the Union Army as Colonel, and reached the rank of General in the war for the suppression of the rebellion; was appointed Minister to Me 1865, but declined; was elected to the Fortieth and Forty-first Congresses; was elected United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed Richard Yates, Republican, servin March 4, 1871, to March 3, 1877; resumed the practice of law at Chicago; was again to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed R. J. Oglesby, Republican, an his seat March 18, 1879. His term of service will expire March 3, 1885.

Shelby M. Cullom, of Springfield, was born in Wayne County, Kentucky, Novem 1829; his father removed to Tazewell County, Illinois, the following year; he recei academic and university education; went to Springfield in the fall of 1853 to study la has since resided there; immediately upon receiving license to practice was electe Attorney; continued to practice law until he took his seat in the House of Represen in 1865; was a Presidential Elector in 1856 on the Fillmore ticket; was elected a mem the House of Representatives of the Illinois Legislature in 1856, 1860, 1872, and 18 was elected Speaker in 1861 and in 1873; was elected a Representative from Illinois Thirty-ninth, Fortieth, and Forty-first Congresses, serving from December 4, 1865, to 3, 1871; was a Delegate to the National Republican Convention at Philadelphia i being Chairman of the Illinois Delegation, and placed General Grant in nominatio elected Governor of Illinois in 1876, and succeeded himself in 1880, serving from Jan 1877, until February 5, 1883, when he resigned, having been elected to the United Senate as a Republican, to succeed David Davis, Independent Democrat. He took December 4, 1883. His term of service will expire March 3, 1889.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTY.—*The first four wards of the city of Chicago, with the townships of Bloo men, Calumet, Hyde Park, Lake, Lemont, Lyons, Orland, Palos, Rich, Riverside, Th Worth, in Cook County.*

Ransom W. Dunham, of Chicago, was born at Savoy, Massachusetts, March 21, was educated at the common school, closing at the High School at Springfield, Massach was engaged in the office of the Massachusetts Mutual Life Insurance Company from 1855, to August, 1860, removing from Springfield to Chicago, April 1, 1857; has since grain and provision commission merchant; was President of the Board of Trade of Chi 1882; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 11,57 against 10,534 for J. W. Doane, Democrat, and 644 for A. J. Grover, Greenbacker. *Re*

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTY.—*The 5th, 6th, and 7th wards of the city of Chicago, and that part of the 8t south of the center of Polk street and the center of Macalaster Place.*

John F. Finerty, of Chicago, was born in Galway, Ireland, September 10, 184 educated mainly by private tuition; entered on the profession of journalism at the age teen; came to America in 1864; served one hundred days' term in the Ninety-nint York State Militia in the United States service; correspondent for "The Chicago T in the Sioux war of 1876, with General Crook; with the Northern Indian (Sioux) 1879, with General Miles; in the Ute campaign, 1879, with General Merritt, and aft in the Apache campaign of 1881 with General Carr; corresponded for the same p most of the States of Mexico, and in every State and Territory of the United Stat editorial correspondent in Washington during the sessions of the Forty-sixth Congr tablished "The Citizen," a weekly newspaper, and the Irish-American organ of the

west, on the 14th of January, 1882; and was elected to represent the Second Congressional District of Illinois as an Independent Democrat in the Forty-eighth Congress, although then residing in the Fourth Congressional District of that State, receiving 9,360 votes against 6,939 votes for Henry F. Sheridan, the regular Democratic nominee, and 369 scattering.

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTY.—*Part of Cook, north of Polk street, of ward eight, and wards nine to fourteen, inclusive, city of Chicago.*

George R. Davis, of Chicago, was born at Three Rivers, Palmer, Massachusetts, January 3, 1840; received a public-school education, also a classical course at Williston Seminary, Easthampton, Massachusetts, graduating in 1860; studied law and was admitted to the bar; entered the service in July, 1862, and was an officer of the Union Army during the war, holding the position of Captain of the Eighth Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry and that of Major of the Third Rhode Island Cavalry; commanded the latter regiment during most of its service in the field; he took a leading part with the citizens in the organization of the Militia of Chicago, and was Colonel of the First Regiment Infantry, Illinois National Guard, and senior Colonel in the State service; was a delegate to the Republican convention in 1884; he was the Republican nominee for the Forty-fifth Congress and was defeated, though running largely ahead of the Presidential ticket; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-eleced to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 12,511 votes against 10,274 votes for William P. Black, the Democratic and Independent candidate. *Nominated by acclamation August 30, 1884, and again October 28, but declined both nominations.*

FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTY.—*15th, 16th, 17th, and 18th wards of the city of Chicago, and the towns of Barrington, Cicero, Elk Grove, Evanston, Hanover, Jefferson, Lakeview, Leyden, Maine, Niles, New Trier, Norwood Park, Northfield, Palatine, Proviso, Schaumburg, and Wheeling, in Cook County.*

George Everett Adams, of Chicago, was born at Keene, New Hampshire, June 18, 1840; graduated at Harvard in 1860; studied law at the Dane Law School, Cambridge, Massachusetts, and has since practised; was elected State Senator of Illinois from the Sixth District, being part of Chicago, in November, 1880, and resigned on the 3d of March, 1883, having been elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 11,686 votes against 9,446 votes for Hon. Lambert Tree, Democrat, 633 votes for Crandon, Prohibitionist, and 128 scattering. *Re-elected.*

FIFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Boone, De Kalb, Kane, Lake, and McHenry.*

Reuben Ellwood, of Sycamore, was born in Montgomery County, New York, February 21, 1821; was educated at Cherry Valley Academy, New York; is a manufacturer of agricultural implements; was a member of the New York State House of Representatives in 1850; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 12,989 votes against 5,130 for William Price, Democrat, and 234 for B. N. Dean, Greenbacker. *Re-elected.*

SIXTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Carroll, Jo Daviess, Ogle, Stephenson, and Winnebago.*

Robert Roberts Hitt, of Mount Morris, was born at Urbana, Ohio, January 16, 1834; removed to Ogle County, Illinois, in 1837; was educated at Rock River Seminary (now Mount Morris College) and at Asbury University; was occupied with farming, short-hand, and literature; was clerk of the Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections in 1872; was first secretary of Paris Legation and chargé d'affaires *ad interim* from December, 1874, until March, 1881; was Assistant Secretary of State in 1881; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress November 7, 1882, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Hon. R. M. A. Hawk, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 12,726 votes against 9,045 votes for Ticknor, Democrat, 354 votes for Curtis, Greenback candidate, and 120 scattering. *Re-elected.*

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Bureau, Henry, Lee, Putnam, and Whitesides.*

Thomas J. Henderson, of Princeton, was born at Brownsville, Haywood County, Tennessee, November 29, 1824; removed to Illinois at the age of eleven; received an academic education; was reared upon a farm; was elected Clerk of the County Commissioners' Court of Stark County, Illinois, in 1847, and served until 1849; was elected Clerk of the County

Court of Stark County, and served from 1849 until 1853; studied law, was admitted to the bar in 1852, and has since practised his profession; was a member of the State House of Representatives in 1855 and '56, and of the State Senate in 1857, '58, '59, and '60; entered the Union Army in 1862 as Colonel of the One hundred and twelfth Regiment of Illinois Volunteer Infantry, served until the close of the war, and was brevetted Brigadier-General in January, 1865; was elected a Presidential Elector for the State at large on the Republican ticket in 1868; was elected to the Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 12,751 votes against 6,369 votes for Johnson, Democrat, 1,673 votes for Lloyd, Prohibitionist, and 70 scattering. *Re-elected.*

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Du Page, Grundy, Kendall, La Salle, and Will.*

William Cullen, of Ottawa, was born in the North of Ireland, March 4, 1826. When a child his parents came to the United States and located in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, where he received a public-school education; removed to Illinois in 1846 and located on a farm; was Sheriff of La Salle County, and held other local offices; has been for many years joint owner and senior editor of "The Ottawa Republican;" was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 13,857 votes against 13,673 votes for Haley, Democrat, 1,017 votes for Hardy, Prohibitionist, and 917 votes for Steward, Greenback candidate. *Re-elected.*

NINTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Ford, Iroquois, Kankakee, Livingston, Marshall, and Woodford.*

Lewis E. Payson, of Pontiac, was born in Providence, Rhode Island, September 17, 1840; removed to Illinois in 1852; received a common-school education, with two years at Lombard University, Galesburg, Illinois; studied law and was admitted to the bar at Ottawa, Illinois, in 1862; removed to Pontiac in January, 1865, where he has since resided, practising law; was Judge of County Court 1869–'73; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 12,619 votes against 9,243 for Buck, Democrat, 2,138 for Barnard, Greenback candidate, and 94 scattering. *Re-elected.*

TENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Fulton, Knox, Peoria, and Stark.*

Nicholas Ellsworth Worthington, of Peoria, was born in Brooke County, West Virginia, March 30, 1836; graduated at Allegheny College, Pennsylvania; is a lawyer by profession; was County Superintendent of Schools of Peoria County, 1865–'72; was a member of the State Board of Education of Illinois, 1869–'72; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 13,571 votes against 13,180 votes for Lewis, Republican, and 1,335 votes for Mitchell, Greenbacker.

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Hancock, Henderson, McDonough, Mercer, Rock Island, Schuyler, and Warren.*

William H. Neece, of Macomb, was born in what was then Sangamon County, now part of Logan County, Illinois, February 26, 1831; his parents moved to McDonough County in the same year, where he was raised on a farm and educated in the common schools; read law and was admitted to the bar in 1858, which profession he has since followed; was elected a member of the City Council of Macomb in 1861; was elected to the Legislature of that State in 186[illegible], and a member of its Constitutional Convention in 1869; was again elected to the Legislature in 1871, and in 1878 to the State Senate; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 14,604 votes against 13,975 votes for B. F. Marsh, Republican, and 3,6[illegible] votes for Richard Haney, Greenbacker and Prohibitionist. *Re-elected.*

TWELFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Adams, Brown, Calhoun, Cass, Greene, Jersey, Pike, and Scott.*

James M. Riggs, of Winchester, was born in Scott County, Illinois, April 17, 1839; received a common-school and a partial collegiate education; studied law; was admitted to the bar and has since practised; was elected Sheriff of Scott County in November, 1864, and served two years; represented Scott County in the House of the Twenty-seventh General Assembly of Illinois, 1871–'72; was elected State's Attorney for Scott County in November, 1872, and served four years; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 15,316 votes against 11,782 votes for Singleton, Independent Democrat, and 4,130 votes for Minear, Prohibition Republican. *Re-elected.*

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Christian, Mason, Menard, Morgan, Sangamon, and Tazewell.*

William M. Springer, of Springfield, was born in Sullivan County, Indiana, May 30, 1836; removed to Illinois with his parents in 1848; graduated at the Indiana State University, Bloomington, in 1858; studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1859; was Secretary of the State Constitutional Convention of Illinois in 1862; was a member of the State Legislature of Illinois in 1871–'72; was elected to the Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 18,360 votes against 14,042 votes for D. C. Smith, Republican, and 1,414 votes for H. M. Miller, Greenbacker and Prohibitionist. *Re-elected.*

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*De Witt, Logan, Piatt, Macon, and McLean.*

Jonathan H. Rowell, of Bloomington, was born in Haverhill, New Hampshire, February 10, 1833; graduated at Eureka College, Illinois, and at the Law Department of the University of Chicago; is by profession a lawyer; was State's Attorney of the Eighth Judicial Circuit of Illinois, 1868–'72; was Presidential Elector on the Garfield and Arthur ticket in 1880; served three years as a company officer in the Seventeenth Illinois Infantry; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 15,273 votes against 14,598 votes for Adleir E. Stevenson, Democrat and Greenbacker, and 1,414 votes for David H. Harts, Prohibitionist. *Re-elected.*

FIFTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Champaign, Coles, Douglas, Edgar, and Vermillion.*

Joseph G. Cannon, of Danville, was born at Guilford, North Carolina, May 7, 1836; is a lawyer; was State's Attorney in Illinois from March, 1861, to December, 1868; was elected to the Forty-third, Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 15,868 votes against 14,651 votes for Hunter, Democrat, and 536 votes for Barnes, Prohibitionist. *Re-elected.*

SIXTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Clark, Clay, Crawford, Cumberland, Edwards, Jasper, Lawrence, Richland, Wabash, and Wayne.*

Aaron Shaw, of Olney, was born in Orange County, New York, in 1811; educated at Montgomery Academy, New York; studied law with Judge Morrell at Goshen, New York; removed to Lawrence County, Illinois, in 1833; was a delegate to the first Internal Improvement Convention of Illinois; was elected State's Attorney by the Legislature of Illinois; was three times a member of the Illinois State Legislature; was elected Circuit Judge of the Fourth Judicial District of Illinois, and served six years; was elected to the Thirty-fifth Congress, and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 14,557 votes against 13,689 for Green, Republican, 471 for Turney, Prohibitionist, and 129 scattering.

SEVENTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Effingham, Fayette, Macoupin, Montgomery, Moultrie, and Shelby.*

Samuel W. Moulton, of Shelbyville, was born at Wenham, Massachusetts, January 20, 1822; received a public-school education; removed to the South, where he remained some years, and then located in Illinois in 1845; studied law, was admitted to the bar, and practised at Shelbyville; was a member of the State House of Representatives in 1852–'59; was a Presidential Elector on the Buchanan ticket in 1857; was President of the Board of Education of the State of Illinois 1859–'76; was elected to the Thirty-ninth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 14,495 votes against 10,068 votes for Barlow, Republican, and 1,386 votes for Carley, Prohibitionist

EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Bond, Madison, Monroe, Saint Clair, and Washington.*

William R. Morrison, of Waterloo, was born in Monroe County, Illinois, September 14, 1825; was educated in the common schools and at McKendree College, Illinois; is a lawyer by profession; was Clerk of the Circuit Court; was four terms a member and one term Speaker of the Illinois House of Representatives; was elected to the Thirty-eighth, Forty-third, Forty-

Court of Stark County, and served from 1849 until 1853; studied law, was admitted to the bar in 1852, and has since practised his profession; was a member of the State House of Representatives in 1855 and '56, and of the State Senate in 1857, '58, '59, and '60; entered the Union Army in 1862 as Colonel of the One hundred and twelfth Regiment of Illinois Volunteer Infantry, served until the close of the war, and was brevetted Brigadier-General in January, 1865; was elected a Presidential Elector for the State at large on the Republican ticket in 1868; was elected to the Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 12,751 votes against 6,369 votes for Johnson, Democrat, 1,673 votes for Lloyd, Prohibitionist, and 70 scattering. *Re-elected.*

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Du Page, Grundy, Kendall, La Salle, and Will.*

William Cullen, of Ottawa, was born in the North of Ireland, March 4, 1826. When a child his parents came to the United States and located in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, where he received a public-school education; removed to Illinois in 1846 and located on a farm; was Sheriff of La Salle County, and held other local offices; has been for many years joint owner and senior editor of "The Ottawa Republican;" was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 13,857 votes against 13,673 votes for Haley, Democrat, 1,017 votes for Hardy, Prohibitionist, and 917 votes for Steward, Greenback candidate. *Re-elected.*

NINTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Ford, Iroquois, Kankakee, Livingston, Marshall, and Woodford.*

Lewis E. Payson, of Pontiac, was born in Providence, Rhode Island, September 17, 1840; removed to Illinois in 1852; received a common-school education, with two years at Lombard University, Galesburg, Illinois; studied law and was admitted to the bar at Ottawa, Illinois, in 1862; removed to Pontiac in January, 1865, where he has since resided, practising law; was Judge of County Court 1869–'73; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 12,619 votes against 9,243 for Buck, Democrat, 2,138 for Barnard, Greenback candidate, and 94 scattering. *Re-elected.*

TENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Fulton, Knox, Peoria, and Stark.*

Nicholas Ellsworth Worthington, of Peoria, was born in Brooke County, West Virginia, March 30, 1836; graduated at Allegheny College, Pennsylvania; is a lawyer by profession; was County Superintendent of Schools of Peoria County, 1865–'72; was a member of the State Board of Education of Illinois, 1869–'72; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 13,571 votes against 13,180 votes for Lewis, Republican, and 1,335 votes for Mitchell, Greenbacker.

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Hancock, Henderson, McDonough, Mercer, Rock Island, Schuyler, and Warren.*

William H. Neece, of Macomb, was born in what was then Sangamon County, now part of Logan County, Illinois, February 26, 1831; his parents moved to McDonough County in the same year, where he was raised on a farm and educated in the common schools; read law and was admitted to the bar in 1858, which profession he has since followed; was elected a member of the City Council of Macomb in 1861; was elected to the Legislature of that State in 1864, and a member of its Constitutional Convention in 1869; was again elected to the Legislature in 1871, and in 1878 to the State Senate; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 14,604 votes against 13,975 votes for B. F. Marsh, Republican, and 3,671 votes for Richard Haney, Greenbacker and Prohibitionist. *Re-elected.*

TWELFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Adams, Brown, Calhoun, Cass, Greene, Jersey, Pike, and Scott.*

James M. Riggs, of Winchester, was born in Scott County, Illinois, April 17, 1839; received a common-school and a partial collegiate education; studied law; was admitted to the bar and has since practised; was elected Sheriff of Scott County in November, 1864, and served two years; represented Scott County in the House of the Twenty-seventh General Assembly of Illinois, 1871–'72; was elected State's Attorney for Scott County in November, 1872, and served four years; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 15,316 votes against 11,782 votes for Singleton, Independent Democrat, and 4,130 votes for Minear, Prohibition Republican. *Re-elected.*

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Christian, Mason, Menard, Morgan, Sangamon, and Tazewell.*

William M. Springer, of Springfield, was born in Sullivan County, Indiana, May 30, 1836; removed to Illinois with his parents in 1848; graduated at the Indiana State University, Bloomington, in 1858; studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1859; was Secretary of the State Constitutional Convention of Illinois in 1862; was a member of the State Legislature of Illinois in 1871–'72; was elected to the Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 18,360 votes against 14,042 votes for D. C. Smith, Republican, and 1,414 votes for H. M. Miller, Greenbacker and Prohibitionist. *Re-elected.*

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*De Witt, Logan, Piatt, Macon, and McLean.*

Jonathan H. Rowell, of Bloomington, was born in Haverhill, New Hampshire, February 10, 1833; graduated at Eureka College, Illinois, and at the Law Department of the University of Chicago; is by profession a lawyer; was State's Attorney of the Eighth Judicial Circuit of Illinois, 1868–'72; was Presidential Elector on the Garfield and Arthur ticket in 1880; served three years as a company officer in the Seventeenth Illinois Infantry; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 15,273 votes against 14,598 votes for Adleir E. Stevenson, Democrat and Greenbacker, and 1,414 votes for David H. Harts, Prohibitionist. *Re-elected.*

FIFTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Champaign, Coles, Douglas, Edgar, and Vermillion.*

Joseph G. Cannon, of Danville, was born at Guilford, North Carolina, May 7, 1836; is a lawyer; was State's Attorney in Illinois from March, 1861, to December, 1868; was elected to the Forty-third, Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 15,868 votes against 14,651 votes for Hunter, Democrat, and 536 votes for Barnes, Prohibitionist. *Re-elected.*

SIXTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Clark, Clay, Crawford, Cumberland, Edwards, Jasper, Lawrence, Richland, Wabash, and Wayne.*

Aaron Shaw, of Olney, was born in Orange County, New York, in 1811; educated at Montgomery Academy, New York; studied law with Judge Morrell at Goshen, New York; removed to Lawrence County, Illinois, in 1833; was a delegate to the first Internal Improvement Convention of Illinois; was elected State's Attorney by the Legislature of Illinois; was three times a member of the Illinois State Legislature; was elected Circuit Judge of the Fourth Judicial District of Illinois, and served six years; was elected to the Thirty-fifth Congress, and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 14,557 votes against 13,689 for Green, Republican, 471 for Turney, Prohibitionist, and 129 scattering.

SEVENTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Effingham, Fayette, Macoupin, Montgomery, Moultrie, and Shelby.*

Samuel W. Moulton, of Shelbyville, was born at Wenham, Massachusetts, January 20, 1822; received a public-school education; removed to the South, where he remained some years, and then located in Illinois in 1845; studied law, was admitted to the bar, and practised at Shelbyville; was a member of the State House of Representatives in 1852–'59; was a Presidential Elector on the Buchanan ticket in 1857; was President of the Board of Education of the State of Illinois 1859–'76; was elected to the Thirty-ninth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 14,495 votes against 10,068 votes for Barlow, Republican, and 1,386 votes for Carley, Prohibitionist

EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Bond, Madison, Monroe, Saint Clair, and Washington.*

William R. Morrison, of Waterloo, was born in Monroe County, Illinois, September 14, 1825; was educated in the common schools and at McKendree College, Illinois; is a lawyer by profession; was Clerk of the Circuit Court; was four terms a member and one term Speaker of the Illinois House of Representatives; was elected to the Thirty-eighth, Forty-third, Forty-

fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 14,906 votes against 12,561 votes for Kneffner, Republican, and 1,069 votes for Hynes, Prohibitionist. *Re-elected.*

NINETEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Clinton, Franklin, Gallatin, Hamilton, Hardin, Jefferson, Marion, Saline, and White.*

Richard W. Townshend, of Shawneetown, was born in Prince George's County, Maryland, April 30, 1840; came to Washington City when ten years of age, and was there educated at public and private schools; removed to Illinois in 1858; taught school in Fayette County; studied law with S. S. Marshall at McLeansboro', was admitted to the bar in 1862, and has since practised; was Clerk of the Circuit Court of Hamilton County 1863–'68; was Prosecuting Attorney for the Twelfth Judicial Circuit 1868–'72; removed in 1873 from McLeansboro' to Shawneetown, where he was an officer of the Gallatin National Bank; was a member of the Democratic State Central Committee of Illinois 1864, '65, '74, and '75; was a Delegate to the National Democratic Convention at Baltimore in 1872; was elected to the Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 15,606 votes against 9,930 votes for Ross, Republican. *Re-elected.*

TWENTIETH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Alexander, Jackson, Johnson, Massac, Perry, Pope, Pulaski, Randolph, Union, and Williamson.*

John R. Thomas, of Metropolis, was born at Mount Vernon, Jefferson County, Illinois, October 11, 1846; received a common-school education; served in the Union Army during the war of the rebellion; rose from the rank of private to that of Captain of Infantry; studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1869; was elected and served as State's Attorney from 1872 to 1876; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 14,504 votes against 14,113 votes for Murphy, Democrat, and 1,016 votes for McCartney, Prohibitionist. *Re-elected.*

INDIANA.

SENATORS.

Daniel W. Voorhees, of Terre Haute, was born in Butler County, Ohio, September 26, 1827; graduated at the Indiana Asbury University in 1849; studied law and commenced its practice in 1851; was appointed United States District Attorney for Indiana in 1858, and held the office for three years; was elected to the Thirty-seventh, Thirty-eighth, Thirty-ninth, (in which his seat was successfully contested,) Forty-first, and Forty-second Congresses; was defeated as a Democratic candidate for the Forty-fifth Congress; was appointed to the United States Senate as a Democrat, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Oliver P. Morton, Republican; took his seat November 12, 1877, and was subsequently elected by the Legislature for the unexpired term and for the full term ensuing. His term of service will expire March 3, 1885.

Benjamin Harrison, of Indianapolis, was born at North Bend, Hamilton County, Ohio, August 20, 1833; received a classical education, graduating at Miami University, Oxford, Ohio, in 1852; studied law at Cincinnati, Ohio; removed in March, 1854, to Indianapolis, where he has since resided and has been engaged in the practice of the law; was elected in October, 1860, by the people, Reporter of the decisions of the Supreme Court of the State; was commissioned in July, 1862, as Second Lieutenant of Indiana Volunteers; raised Company A of the Seventieth Indiana Volunteer Infantry, was commissioned Captain, and on the organization of the regiment was commissioned Colonel; in August went with the regiment to Kentucky, and served until mustered out in June, 1865; was brevetted Brigadier-General in February, 1865; in October, 1864, while in the field, was re-elected Reporter of the Supreme Court, which office he had lost by accepting his commission in the Army; after having been mustered out, he entered upon the duties of Reporter and served for four years; in 1876 he was the candidate of the Republican party for Governor of Indiana, but was defeated; was appointed a member of the Mississippi River Commission in 1879; was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed Joseph E. McDonald, Democrat, and took his seat March 4, 1881. His term of service will expire March 3, 1887.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Gibson, Perry, Pike, Posey, Spencer, Vanderburg, and Warrick.*

John J. Kleiner, of Evansville, was born in West Hanover, Pennsylvania, February 8, 1845; is a manufacturer and dealer in hard-wood lumber; served as a private in the Union Army in 1863–'64; was a member of the City Council of Evansville in 1873; was Mayor of Evansville, 1874–'80; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 18,048 votes against 16,399 votes for William Heilman, Republican, and 512 votes for Nesmith, Greenbacker. *Re-elected.*

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Daviess, Dubois, Greene, Knox, Lawrence, Martin, Orange, and Sullivan.*

Thomas R. Cobb, of Vincennes, was born in Lawrence County, Indiana, July 2, 1828; was raised on a farm; attended the Bloomington University; studied and practised law at Bedford from 1853 until 1867, when he removed to Vincennes, where he has since continued to practise; was commissioned Major of Militia by the Governor of Indiana in 1852; was elected to the State Senate from 1858 to 1866; was Democratic candidate for Elector in 1868; was President of the Indiana State Democratic Convention in 1876; was a Delegate to the National Democratic Convention at Saint Louis which nominated Tilden and Hendricks in 1876; was elected to the Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 16,339 votes against 13,288 votes for Hostetler, Independent Democrat, and 5 scattering. *Re-elected.*

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Clark, Crawford, Floyd, Harrison, Jackson, Jennings, Scott, and Washington.*

Strother M. Stockslager, of Corydon, was born at Mauckport, Harrison County, Indiana, May 7, 1842; attended common schools, Corydon High School, and the State University at Bloomington; taught school; was Second Lieutenant and Captain in the Thirteenth Indiana Cavalry; was Deputy County Auditor two years; was Deputy County Clerk two years; was appointed by Andrew Johnson as Assessor of Internal Revenue; studied law and was admitted to the bar at Corydon in 1871, where he has since resided and practised his profession; has been editor of the "Corydon Democrat" since October, 1878; was a member of the Indiana State Senate 1874–'78; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 17,122 votes against 12,538 votes for Walker, Republican, and 788 votes for Greene, Greenback candidate.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Dearborn, Decatur, Franklin, Jefferson, Ohio, Ripley, Switzerland, and Union.*

William S. Holman, of Aurora, was born at a pioneer homestead called Veraestau, in Dearborn County, Indiana, September 6, 1822; received a common-school education, and studied at Franklin College, Indiana, for two years; studied and practised law; was Judge of the Court of Probate from 1843 to 1846; was Prosecuting Attorney from 1847 to 1849; was a member of the Constitutional Convention of Indiana in 1850; was a member of the Legislature of Indiana in 1851; was a Judge of the Court of Common Pleas from 1852 to 1856; was elected to the Thirty-sixth, Thirty-seventh, Thirty-eighth, Fortieth, Forty-first, Forty-second, Forty-third, Forty-fourth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 16,640 votes against 13,146 votes for Johnson, Republican, and 250 votes for Thomas, Greenback candidate. *Re-elected.*

FIFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Bartholomew, Brown, Hendricks, Johnson, Monroe, Morgan, Owen, and Putnam.*

Courtland C. Matson, of Greencastle, was born at Brookville, Indiana, April 25, 1841; is a graduate of Indiana Asbury University; at the beginning of the war enlisted as a private in the Sixteenth Indiana Volunteers, and after one year's service in that regiment entered the Sixth Indiana Cavalry, (Seventy-first Volunteers,) and served in that regiment until October, 1865, filling different intermediate grades up to that of Colonel of the latter regiment; after the war he studied law with his father, Hon. John A. Matson; entered the practice at his present

home, and has so continued; was three times elected as Prosecuting Attorney of different courts in Indiana; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 16,851 votes against 13,298 votes for Wallingford, Greenback candidate, and 16 scattering. *Re-elected.*

SIXTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Delaware, Fayette, Henry, Randolph, Rush, and Wayne.*

Thomas M. Browne, of Winchester, was born at New Paris, Ohio, April 19, 1829; removed to Indiana in January, 1844; received a common-school education; studied law at Winchester, and was admitted to the bar in 1849; was elected Prosecuting Attorney for the Thirteenth Judicial Circuit in 1855, and re-elected in 1857 and 1859; was Secretary of the State Senate of Indiana in 1861, and represented Randolph County in that body in 1863; assisted in organizing the Seventh Volunteer Cavalry, and went to the field with that regiment as its Lieutenant-Colonel, was promoted to its Colonelcy, and subsequently commissioned by President Lincoln Brigadier-General by brevet; was appointed in April, 1869, United States Attorney for the District of Indiana, and resigned that office August 1, 1872; was the Republican candidate for Governor of Indiana in 1872, and was defeated by Thomas A. Hendricks; elected to the Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 19,562 votes against 12,249 votes for Pender, Democrat, and 739 votes for Smith, Greenback candidate. *Re-elected.*

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Hancock, Marion, and Shelby.*

William E. English, of Indianapolis, the only son of William H. English, ex-member of Congress from Indiana, and late Democratic candidate for Vice-President, was born at Lexington, Scott County, Indiana, November 3, 1851; removed to Indianapolis at an early age; graduated at the Northwestern University, and was admitted to the practice of the law in 1872, but has since retired from active practice, and is at present the proprietor and manager of English's Opera House, at Indianapolis; has always been an active and prominent Democrat, and for over eleven years continuously has been a member of the Democratic Executive Committee of his county, serving as its chairman during two important campaigns; was a member of the State house of representatives in 1878; was the Democratic candidate for Representative in the Forty-eighth Congress in November, 1882, but the certificate of election having been given to his Republican competitor on the face of the returns he contested the seat on the ground of fraud and irregularity in the counting of the votes; after an examination of the evidence, a majority of the Committee on Elections reported that Mr. English had been duly and rightfully elected, and that the lawful result was 17,510 votes for W. E. English, Democrat, against 17,212 votes for Stanton J. Peelle, Republican, and 535 votes for Robert W. Medkirk, Greenback candidate. *Was not a candidate for re-election or re-nomination.*

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Clay, Fountain, Montgomery, Parke, Vermillion, Vigo, and Warren.*

John E. Lamb, of Terre Haute, was born at Terre Haute, Indiana, December 26, 1852; received a private and common-school education, and graduated at the Terre Haute High-school; studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1873, and since that time has been engaged in the practice of his profession; was Prosecuting Attorney of the Fourteenth Judicial Circuit of Indiana for nearly four years; was a candidate for Presidential Elector on the Democratic ticket in 1880; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 18,110 votes against 17,823 for Peirce, Republican, and 1,859 for Copner, Greenbacker.

NINTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Boone, Clinton, Hamilton, Madison, Tippecanoe, and Tipton.*

Thomas B. Ward, of La Fayette, was born at Marysville, Union County, Ohio, April 27, 1835; his parents removed to La Fayette, Indiana (where he has since resided), in May, 1836; was educated at Wabash College, Indiana, and at Miami University, Oxford, Ohio; graduated at the last-named institution in June, 1855; studied law at La Fayette, Indiana, and was admitted to the bar in 1857; was elected Mayor of La Fayette in 1861, and re-elected in 1863, serving four years; served one term as clerk to the city of La Fayette, and three terms as City Attorney of that city; was appointed by Governor Hendricks, in 1875, Judge of the Superior Court of Tippecanoe County, Indiana, then newly created, and elected to that position in 1876, serving five years in all as Judge; was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 17,357 votes against 16,482 votes for Orth, Republican, and 1,114 votes for Jacks, Greenbacker. *Re-elected.*

TENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Benton, Carroll, Cass, Fulton, Jasper, Lake, Newton, Porter, Pulaski, and White.*

Thomas J. Wood, of Crown Point, was born in Athens County, Ohio, September 30, 1844; was raised on a farm; taught school two years; studied law with W. Mack, at Terre Haute, Indiana; graduated from the Law Department of Michigan University in 1867; located at Crown Point, Indiana, November, 1867, and has since practised there in all the courts, State and Federal; was elected Corporation Treasurer in 1870, and re-elected; was elected Prosecuting Attorney in a Republican district of 800 to 1,200 majority as a Democrat in 1872, for two years; was re-elected in 1874, in a Republican district of 1,200 majority, by 920 majority as a Democrat; was elected to the State Senate in 1878 in a Republican district by 371 majority as a Democrat for four years; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress, in a Republican district of 2,400 majority, as a Democrat, receiving 17,237 votes against 16,223 votes for De Motte, Republican, and 1,377 votes for Moore, Greenbacker.

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Adams, Blackford, Grant, Howard, Huntington, Jay, Miami, Wabash, and Wells.*

George W. Steele, of Marion, was born in Fayette County, Indiana, December 13, 1839; received a common-school education; studied law and was admitted to the bar in February, 1861; enlisted in Company H, Eighth Indiana Infantry, April 22, 1861; was commissioned First Lieutenant Twelfth Indiana Infantry, May 2, 1861; Captain One hundred and first Indiana Infantry, September 6, 1862; Major, February 8, 1863; and Lieutenant-Colonel, June 1, 1863, but not mustered as Lieutenant-Colonel, the regiment being below the minimum; continued to serve in that capacity until the close of the war, the first year's service in the Eastern Army and the last three in the Army of the Cumberland; was commissioned First Lieutenant Fourteenth United States Infantry February 23, 1866; was appointed Regimental Quartermaster July 1, 1868; resigned, to take effect February 1, 1876, while performing duty as Depot Quartermaster at Ogden, Utah; with the exception of a short time on recruiting service, was doing active duty on the frontier; is now engaged in pork-packing and farming; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 19,863 votes against 19,530 votes for Dailey, Democrat, and 1,456 votes for Thompson, Greenback candidate. *Re-elected.*

TWELFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Allen, De Kalb, La Grange, Noble, Steuben, and Whitley.*

Robert Lowry, of Fort Wayne, was born in Ireland; removed in early youth to Rochester, New York; was instructed in the elementary branches at private schools and had partial academic course, but education mainly self-acquired; was Librarian of Rochester Athenæum and Young Men's Association; studied law; removed to Fort Wayne in 1843; was elected by the Common Council, while yet under age, City Recorder; was re-elected, but declined; was admitted to the bar; commenced practice in Goshen, Indiana, in 1846; was appointed by the Governor Circuit Judge in 1852, to fill vacancy for an unexpired term; was unexpectedly nominated by the Democrats in 1856, in a district having a large adverse majority, as a candidate for Congress, and defeated only by a close vote; in 1860 was President of the Democratic State Convention and one of the four Delegates at Large to the Democratic National Convention; in 1861 and 1862, while still retaining residence and practice in Indiana, had law office in Chicago; in 1864 was nominated by the Democrats and elected Circuit Judge for a term of six years; while yet occupying the bench was again nominated by the Democrats in 1866, and renominated in 1868 as a candidate for Congress in heavily Republican districts and defeated, but by reduced majorities; in 1867 resumed his residence in Fort Wayne; was re-elected Circuit Judge on the expiration of his term, in 1870, without opposition; was Delegate at Large to the Democratic National Convention in 1872; resigned the Circuit Judgeship in January, 1875, and resumed practice in Fort Wayne as a member of the firm of Lowry, Robertson & O'Rourke; in September, 1877, was appointed by the Governor, on the unanimous recommendation of the bar, as Judge of the newly-created Superior Court, and afterwards elected as such in 1878 by a unanimous popular vote; was elected the first President of the Indiana State Bar Association in July, 1879; on the expiration of his term as Judge, in 1882, he was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 16,986 votes against 13,623 votes for Glascow, Republican. His predecessor received only 770 majority in 1880. *Re-elected.*

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Elkhart, Kosciusko, La Porte, Marshall, Saint Joseph, and Starke.*

Benjamin F. Shively, of North Bend, was born in Saint Joseph County, Indiana, March 20, 1857; taught school from 1874 to 1880, when he engaged in journalism; accepted the Secretaryship of the National Anti-monopoly organization in 1883; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a National Anti-monopolist, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of William H. Calkins, receiving 20,912 votes against 18,744 votes for Reynolds, Republican.

IOWA.

SENATORS.

William B. Allison, of Dubuque, was born at Perry, Ohio, March 2, 1829; was educated at the Western Reserve College, Ohio; studied law and practised in Ohio until he removed to Iowa in 1857; served on the staff of the Governor of Iowa, and aided in organizing volunteers in the beginning of the war for the suppression of the rebellion; was elected a Representative in the Thirty-eighth, Thirty-ninth, Fortieth, and Forty-first Congresses; and was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed James Harlan, Republican; took his seat March 4, 1873, and was re-elected in 1878. His term of service will expire March 3, 1885.

James F. Wilson, of Fairfield, was born at Newark, Ohio, October 19, 1828; received an academical education; studied law, and commenced its practice in Iowa; was a member of the Constitutional Convention of Iowa in 1856; was a member of the State Legislature in 1857, '59, and '61, serving the last year as President of the Senate; was elected a Representative from Iowa for the unexpired term of S. R. Curtis; was re-elected to the Thirty-eighth, Thirty-ninth, and Fortieth Congresses, serving from December 2, 1861, to March 3, 1869; and was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed James Wilson McDill, Republican, and took his seat December 4, 1883. His term of service will expire March 3, 1889.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Des Moines, Henry, Jefferson, Lee, Louisa, Van Buren, and Washington.*

Moses A. McCoid, of Fairfield, was born in Logan County, Ohio, November 5, 1840, and is a grandson of Quinton Bain, of the Revolutionary War; was educated at Fairfield University and at Washington College, Pennsylvania; studied law under Hon. James F. Wilson, at Fairfield, Iowa, 1858–'61; enlisted as a private in Company E, Second Regiment Iowa Volunteer Infantry, May 6, 1861; served in the battles of Donelson, Shiloh, advance on Corinth, battle of Corinth, October 3 and 4, 1862, Bear Creek, Resaca, and Oostenaula River; at Donelson received a commission as Second Lieutenant; was Acting Adjutant of the regiment during the advance on Corinth, and in the spring of 1862; he engaged in the practice of law at Fairfield; was District Attorney of the Sixth Judicial District of Iowa from January, 1867, to January, 1871; was a member of the State Senate of Iowa 1872–'79, and Chairman of the Senate Judiciary Committee of the Seventeenth General Assembly; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 13,549 votes against 13,311 votes for Hall, Democrat, 1,266 votes for Sater, Greenback candidate, and 17 scattering.

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Cedar, Clinton, Jackson, Jones, Muscatine, and Scott.*

Jeremiah H. Murphy, of Davenport, was born at Lowell, Massachusetts, February 19, 1835; was educated in the schools of Boston and the State University of Iowa; read law; was admitted to the practice in April, 1858, and he has practised the profession ever since; was elected Mayor of Davenport in 1873; was elected to the State Senate of Iowa in 1874 and held the office four years; was again elected Mayor in 1879 and held the office one year; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 15,760 votes against 12,561 for S. S. Farwell, Republican, and 561 for Bartlett, Greenbacker. *Re-elected.*

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Black Hawk, Bremer, Buchanan, Butler, Delaware, Dubuque, and Grundy.*

David Bremner Henderson, of Dubuque, was born at Old Deer, Scotland, March 14, 1840; was brought to Illinois in 1846 and to Iowa in 1849; was educated in common schools and at the Upper Iowa University; studied law with Bissel & Shiras, of Dubuque, and was admitted in the fall of 1865; was reared on a farm until twenty-one years of age; enlisted in the Union Army in September, 1861, as private in Company C, Twelfth Regiment Iowa Infantry Volunteers, and was elected and commissioned First Lieutenant of that company, serving with it until discharged, owing to the loss of his leg, March 26, 1863; in May, 1863, was appointed Commissioner of the Board of Enrolment of the Third District of Iowa, serving as such until June, 1864, when he re-entered the Army as Colonel of the Forty-sixth Regiment Iowa Infantry Volunteers, and served therein until the close of the war; was Collector of Internal Revenue for the Third District of Iowa from November, 1865, until June, 1869, when he resigned and became a member of the law firm of Shiras, Van Duzee & Henderson; was Assistant United States District Attorney for the Northern Division of the District of Iowa about two years, resigning in 1871; is now a member of the law firm of Henderson, Hurd & Daniels; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 12,907 votes against 11,604 for Durham, Democrat, and 1,012 for Foster, Greenbacker. *Re-elected.*

FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Allamakee, Clayton, Chickasaw, Fayette, Floyd, Howard, Mitchell, and Winneshiek.*

L. H. Weller, of Nashua, was born at Bridgewater, Connecticut, August 24, 1833; received a common-school and academic education; also a course at State Normal School, New Britain, Connecticut, and Literary Institute, Suffield, Connecticut; was born and reared a Democrat of the Jefferson and Jackson school; however, voted for Frémont, Lincoln twice, Grant once, Greeley, Tilden, and Weaver; went West in 1859, and located in Chickasaw County, Iowa, where he tilled the soil in the day-time, and studied law, politics, and theology at night; was admitted to politics at once; to the State courts in 1868; to the United States courts later, and finally to the church; filled various township and county official places prior to 1867; was that year an Independent candidate for the State Legislature against Hon. J. G. Tisdal, the Republican nominee, but both were defeated by a railroad candidate sprung out three days before election; was an Independent candidate for State Senate against Hon. John E. Burk, Republican nominee, in 1869, and was defeated at the polls; was an Independent candidate for the State Senate in 1877 against Hon. A. Kimbal, the Republican nominee, who was elected by a small majority; was the nominee of the Nationals in the Fourth Congressional District of Iowa in 1878, when the Republican candidate, Hon. N. C. Deering, was elected; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a National, receiving 11,473 votes against 10,762 votes for Thomas Updegraff, Republican.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Benton, Iowa, Johnson, Linn, Marshall, and Tama.*

James Wilson, of Traer, was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 11,791 votes against 11,768 votes for Frederick, Democrat, and 1,253 votes for Platner, Greenbacker.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Davis, Jasper, Keokuk, Mahaska, Monroe, Poweshiek, and Wapello.*

John C. Cook, of Newton, was born in Seneca County, Ohio, December 26, 1846; received a common-school education; studied for the legal profession, and commenced the practice of law at twenty-one years of age; was elected Judge of the Sixth District of Iowa in 1878; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress in 1880; the certificate was awarded to Mr. Cutts, but on a contest he was declared elected, and awarded his seat; Mr. Cutts dying, he was again elected to fill the vacancy, over Mr. Stiles, Republican, by a majority of 241; on his previous elections he was nominated by the National Party and also by the Democrats; at his last election he ran as an Independent, receiving no party nomination, but the support of the Nationals and Democrats.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Breckinridge, Bullitt, Grayson, Hardin, La Rue, Marion, Meade, Nelson, Ohio, and Washington.*

Thomas A. Robertson, of Elizabethtown, was born at Hodgensville, La Rue County, Kentucky, September 9, 1848; was graduated from Cecilian College, and afterward from law university at Louisville; entered immediately upon the practice of his profession; held several minor positions in his county; served one term in the Kentucky Legislature; was several times elected Commonwealth's attorney of the eighteenth judicial district, resigned to become a candidate for Congress, and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 5,878 votes against 1,964 votes for Parrish, Republican. *Re-elected.*

FIFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTY.—*Jefferson.*

Albert S. Willis, of Louisville, was born in Shelby County, Kentucky, January 22, 1843; received his early education in common schools, and graduated at the Louisville Male High School in 1860; taught school for four years; studied law and graduated at the Louisville Law School in 1866, since which time he has been continuously engaged in the practice of his profession; canvassed the State on the Democratic electoral ticket in 1872; was elected Attorney for Jefferson County in 1870, was re-elected in 1874, and served until he was elected to the Forty-fifth Congress; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 6,492 votes against 3,557 votes for Miller, Republican, and 335 votes for Hunter, Prohibition. *Re-elected.*

SIXTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Boone, Campbell, Carroll, Gallatin, Grant, Kenton, Pendleton, and Trimble.*

John Griffin Carlisle, of Covington, was born in Campbell (now Kenton) County, Kentucky, September 5, 1835; received a common-school education; taught school in the county and afterwards at Covington; studied law with J. W. Stevenson and W. B. Kinkead, was admitted to the bar in March, 1858, and has practised since; was a member of the State House of Representatives 1859–'61; was nominated for Presidential Elector on the Democratic ticket in 1864, but declined; was elected to the State Senate in February, 1866, and re-elected in August, 1869; was a Delegate at Large from Kentucky to the National Democratic Convention at New York in July, 1868; was nominated for Lieutenant-Governor of Kentucky in May, 1871, resigned his seat in the Senate in June, 1871, and was elected Lieutenant-Governor in August, 1871, serving until September, 1875; was alternate Presidential Elector for the State at large in 1876; was elected to the Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving no opposition. Was elected Speaker of the House of Representatives, Dec. 3, 1883. *Re-elected.*

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Bourbon, Fayette, Franklin, Harrison, Henry, Oldham, Owen, Scott, and Woodford.*

Joseph C. S. Blackburn, of Versailles, was born in Woodford County, Kentucky, October 1, 1838; was educated at Sayres Institute, Frankfort, Kentucky, and at Centre College, Danville, Kentucky, whence he graduated in 1857; studied law with George B. Kincaid, esq., at Lexington, was admitted to the bar in 1858, and practised until 1861; entered the Confederate Army in 1861, and served throughout the war; resumed practice in 1865; was elected to the State Legislature of Kentucky in 1871 and '73; was elected to the Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 11,789 votes against 6,651 votes for Asbury, Republican. *Is elected to the United States Senate in the Forty-ninth Congress.*

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Anderson, Boyle, Garrard, Jackson, Jessamine, Laurel, Lincoln, Madison, Mercer, Owsley, Rockcastle, Shelby, and Spencer.*

Philip B. Thompson, jr., of Harrodsburg, was born at Harrodsburg, Kentucky, October 15, 1845; is by profession a lawyer; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 11,202 votes against 10,335 votes for Ewell, Republican.

NINTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Bath, Bracken, Boyd, Carter, Fleming, Greenup, Johnson, Lawrence, Lewis, Martin, Mason, Nicholas, Robertson, and Rowan.*

William Wirt Culbertson, of Ashland, was born near Lewistown, in the central part of Pennsylvania, which State he left, when two years old; has been engaged in the manufacture

of iron since boyhood, except three years spent in the Union Army, commencing early in 1861, with the rank of captain; was elected to the House of Representatives of the Kentucky Legislature in 1870 for a term of two years, and to the Kentucky State Senate in 1873 for a term of four years; was a Delegate from his district to the Republican National Conventions at Cincinnati and Chicago in 1876 and 1880; was Mayor of the city of Ashland, and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 11,207 votes against 9,948 votes for Colonel Hurtt, Democrat.

TENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Bell, Breathitt, Clark, Clay, Elliott, Estill, Floyd, Harlan, Knox, Lee, Leslie, Letcher, Magoffin, Menifee, Montgomery, Morgan, Perry, Pike, Powell, and Wolfe.*

John D. White, of Manchester, was born January 16, 1849, in Clay County, Kentucky, on the farm which he now cultivates; was educated in a private school until 1865, and at Eminence College and Kentucky University until 1870; graduated, 1872, in law from Michigan University, and in the Medical Department of that institution the following session studied chemistry and anatomy preparatory to making criminal law a specialty; during the Presidential campaign of 1872 he canvassed Southeastern Kentucky; in 1874 he declined a nomination for Clerk of the Court of Appeals of Kentucky, and the same year was unanimously nominated and, as a Republican, elected to the Forty-fourth Congress; declined a renomination, preferring to travel in Europe; was Chairman of the Kentucky Republican State Convention at Louisville, 1879, and the same year elected to the State Legislature of Kentucky; resigned for cause in 1880; was indorsed and re-elected without opposition during the sitting of the Legislature; was Chairman of the Kentucky Delegation to the Republican National Convention at Chicago in 1880; was nominated as a Republican candidate for Congress in 1880, and as the Republican candidate for United States Senator in 1881; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 14,240 votes against 12,890 votes for Adams, Democrat.

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Adair, Barren, Casey, Green, Hart, Metcalfe, Pulaski, Russell, Taylor, Wayne, and Whitley.*

Frank L. Wolford, of Columbia, was born in Adair County, Kentucky, September 2, 1817; was educated in the common school; is by profession a lawyer; served in the House of Representatives in the General Assembly of Kentucky in the years 1847, '48, '65, and '66; was elected Presidential Elector for the State at large in 1864 and '68; was Colonel of the First Kentucky Cavalry 1861–'64; was Adjutant-General of the State of Kentucky 1867–'68; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 11,999 votes against 9,934 votes for Carr, Republican. *Re-elected.*

LOUISIANA.

SENATORS.

Benjamin F. Jonas, of New Orleans, was born at Williamstown, Grant County, Kentucky, July 19, 1834; removed with his father to Adams County, Illinois, where he received his education; in 1853 he removed to New Orleans, where he studied law, and received a diploma from the Law Department of the University of Louisiana in 1855; joined the Confederate Army as a private of artillery, served as such and as Acting Adjutant of the artillery of Hood's Corps in the Army of Tennessee until the end of the war; was elected a member of the Louisiana Legislature in 1865, and served until reconstruction; was chairman of the Louisiana delegation to the Democratic National Convention in 1868; was the Democratic candidate for Lieutenant-Governor of Louisiana in 1872, but gave way on the formation of the fusion ticket; was elected to the State Senate in 1872, and adhered to the McEnery government, refusing to take his seat in the Kellogg Legislature; was elected City Attorney of New Orleans in 1874, and re-elected in 1876; was a member of the Louisiana Legislature in 1876 and '77, and chairman of the Judiciary Committee of the House; is a member of the Democratic National Committee from Louisiana; was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat, to succeed James B. Eustis, Democrat, and took his seat March 18, 1879. His term of service will expire March 3, 1885.

Randall Lee Gibson, of New Orleans, was born September 10, 1832, at Spring Hill, near Versailles, Woodford County, Kentucky; was educated in Lexington, Kentucky; in Terre

Bonne Parish, Louisiana; at Yale College; at the University of Louisiana, and in Europe; declined the Secretaryship of Legation to Spain in 1855; was aid to the Governor of Louisiana at the commencement of the civil war, and served until its close in the Confederate Army; is President of the Board of the Administrators of the Tulane University of Louisiana; was elected to the Forty-third Congress from the Second Congressional District, but was denied admission; was elected to the Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was elected to the United States Senate without opposition as a Democrat, to succeed William Pitt Kellogg, Republican, and took his seat March 4, 1883. His term of service will expire March 3, 1889.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

PARISHES.—*That portion of the parish of Orleans between Julia street and the lower city limits, including the 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, and 15th wards of the city of New Orleans, and the parishes of Plaquemines and Saint Bernard.*

Carleton Hunt. of New Orleans, was born at New Orleans, Louisiana, January 1, 1836; was graduated at Harvard College, Cambridge, Massachusetts, in 1856; received the degree of A. M. of the same University in 1859, and the degree of LL. B. of the Law Department of the University of Louisiana in 1858; was admitted to the bar of Louisiana in 1858; was elected in 1860 a member of the Convention of the Constitutional Union party which met at Baton Rouge, Louisiana; was appointed in April, 1861, First Lieutenant in the Louisiana Regiment of Artillery, Confederate Army; was in 1866, by appointment of Governor Wells, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, administrator of the University of Louisiana; was later, by an appointment of the Supreme Court, a member of the Committee to examine applicants for admission to the Bar; was, in 1869, appointed Professor of Admiralty and International Law in the University of Louisiana, and later Dean of the Faculty for ten years; was, in 1878, Chairman of the Committee to organize the American Bar Association, and afterwards Chairman of the Committee on Legal Education; was in 1872 and '79 a member of the State Convention of the Democratic party and Chairman of the Committee on Resolutions; in 1879 was Professor of Civil Law in the University of Louisiana; in 1880 was Doctor of Laws in the same University; in 1882 was nominated by the Democratic Conservative party unanimously, and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 8,498 votes against 4,582 votes for Albert C. Janin, who was the Greenback-Labor candidate, and who was indorsed by the Republican party.

SECOND DISTRICT.

PARISHES.—*That portion of the parish of Orleans above Julia street, including the 1st, 2d, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 16th, and 17th wards of the city of New Orleans, and the parishes of Jefferson, Saint Charles, Saint James, and Saint John the Baptist.*

E. John Ellis, of New Orleans, was born at Covington, Louisiana, October 15, 1841; received his early education at Clinton, Louisiana; entered the freshman class at Centenary College, Jackson, Louisiana, in 1855, and withdrew when in the junior class, in 1858; entered the Law Department of the University of Louisiana; graduated in March, 1861; joined the Confederate Army five days afterwards, and served throughout the war; was admitted to the bar of Louisiana in 1866, and has practised in New Orleans since 1867; never held a public office of any kind until elected to the Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 7,701 votes against 2,789 votes for Marks, bolting Republican, and 2,666 votes for Demas, Republican.

THIRD DISTRICT.

PARISHES.—*Ascension, Assumption, Calcasieu, Cameron, Iberville, Iberia, La Fayette, La Fourche, Saint Martin, Saint Mary, Terre Bonne, and Vermillion.*

Wm. Pitt Kellogg, of New Orleans, was born December 8, 1831, at Orwell, Vermont; was educated at Norwich University; removed to Illinois in 1848; studied law at Peoria, Illinois, and was admitted to the bar in 1853, commencing practice in Fulton County; served as Presidential Elector in 1860; was appointed Chief Justice of Nebraska by Mr. Lincoln in 1861; afterwards resigned and accepted the Colonelcy of the Seventh Illinois Cavalry; served under General Pope in Missouri, and commanded General Granger's Cavalry Brigade until the evacuation of Corinth; was in April, 1865, appointed Collector of the port of New Orleans; was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, serving from July 17, 1868, to November 1, 1872, when he resigned; was a Delegate at Large from Louisiana to the Convention of 1868, held at Chicago, which nominated General Grant for President the first time; was Chair-

man of the delegation from Louisiana to the Cincinnati Convention of 1876, and was also Chairman of the Louisiana delegation in the Chicago Convention of 1880—there being two contesting delegations, his right as a Delegate not being contested, as he was the only Delegate chosen on both delegations; was Governor of Louisiana from January 5, 1873, to January 5, 1877; was again elected to the United States Senate as a Republican; was admitted to his seat December 1, 1877, and served until March 3, 1883; and was elected to the House of Representatives of the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 11,660 votes against 6,631 votes for Acklen, Democrat, and 4,035 votes for Beattie, Independent Republican.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

PARISHES.—*Bienville, Bossier, Caddo, De Soto, Grant, Natchitoches, Rapides, Red River, Sabine, Vernon, Webster, and Winn.*

Newton Crain Blanchard, of Shreveport, was born in Rapides Parish, Louisiana, January 29, 1849; received an academical education; commenced the study of law at Alexandria, Louisiana, in 1868; entered the Law Department of the University of Louisiana, at New Orleans, in the winter of 1869, and graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1870; commenced the practice of law at Shreveport in 1871, and still continues the practice there; in 1876 was made Chairman of the Democratic Committee of Caddo Parish; took an active part in the politics of the State, looking to the restoration of the government of the State to the hands of her own people; was nominated by the Democracy of Caddo Parish for the position of Representative Delegate to the State Constitutional Convention of 1879, and elected by a large majority; served in that body as Chairman of the Committee on Federal Relations; was appointed by Governor Wiltz, of Louisiana, to the position of aide-de-camp on his staff, with the rank of Major, in the Louisiana State militia, and now holds a similar position with similar rank on the staff of Gov. S. D. McEnery, of Louisiana; is a member of the Board of Trustees of the University of the South, situated at Sewanee, Tennessee; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 5,765 votes against 11 scattering. *Re-elected.*

FIFTH DISTRICT.

PARISHES.—*Caldwell, Catahoula, East and West Carroll, Claiborne, Concordia, Franklin, Jackson, Lincoln, Madison, Morehouse, Ouachita, Richland, Tensas, and Union.*

J. Floyd King, of Vidalia, was born at Monticello, the private residence of his father, Hon. Thomas Butler King, near the town of St. Mary's, Georgia, April 20, 1842; went to Russell School, New Haven, Connecticut, Bartlett's College Hill School, Poughkeepsie, New York, and the Military Institute of Georgia; prepared for West Point, but was sent to the University of Virginia; entered the Confederate service as a private, served in the Army of Virginia, was promoted through various grades to the rank of Colonel of Artillery; at the close of the war refused service in several foreign armies; his property in Georgia being confiscated, he removed to Louisiana, where he became interested in and controller of a large planting interest; during this time he studied law; was made Brigadier-General of State troops by Governor McEnery, and reappointed by Governor Nichols; was elected Inspector of Levees and President of the Board of School Directors of his district, and also Trustee of the University of the South; served on the Democratic Executive Committee of his Parish for many years; was made a member of the State Central Committee, serving a number of years; was subsequently again made a member of the same, serving until recently; has attended various Democratic Conventions of his State; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 13,295 votes against 3,986 votes for McMillen, Republican, and 48 scattering. *Re-elected.*

SIXTH DISTRICT.

PARISHES.—*Avoyelles, East and West Baton Rouge, East and West Feliciana, Livingston, Pointe Coupée, Saint Helena, Saint Landry, Saint Tammany, Tangipahoa, and Washington.*

Edward Taylor Lewis, of Opelousas, was born at Opelousas, Parish of Sain Landry October 26, 1834; was educated principally by a private tutor, but partly at the Wesleyan University at Delaware, Ohio; was admitted to the bar of Louisiana as an Attorney at Law in 1859, and has practiced as such before the Courts of the State from that time up to his election to Congress, except during the late war; he was a soldier in the Confederate Army during the whole war, entering as a private in the infantry, and ranking as a Captain of Cavalry at its close; he was elected to the Legislature of Louisiana from the Parish Rapides in 1865; served through the extra session of that year and part of the session of 1866, during which he resigned and resumed the practice of his profession; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress at the special election held on the 15th of February, 1883, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Major Andrew S. Herron, and was elected as a Democrat, receiving 6,366 votes against 569 votes for Lewis Frayer, Republican, and 22 scattering votes.

MAINE.

SENATORS.

Eugene Hale, of Ellsworth, was born at Turner, Oxford County, Maine, June 9, 1836; received an academic education; studied law; was admitted to the bar in 1857, and commenced practice; was for nine successive years County Attorney for Hancock County; was a member of the Legislature of Maine in 1867, '68, and '80; was elected to the Forty-first, Forty-second, and Forty-third Congresses; was appointed Postmaster-General by President Grant in 1874, but declined; was re-elected to the Forty-fourth and Forty-fifth Congresses; was tendered a Cabinet appointment by President Hayes, and declined; was Chairman of the Republican Congressional Committee for the Forty-fifth Congress; received the degree of LL. D. from Bates College; was a Delegate to the Cincinnati Convention in 1876 and the Chicago Conventions in 1868 and 1880; was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican to succeed Hannibal Hamlin, Republican, (who declined a re-election,) and took his seat March 4, 1881. His term of service will expire March 3, 1887.

William P. Frye, of Lewiston, was born at Lewiston, Maine, September 2, 1831; graduated at Bowdoin College, Maine, 1850; studied and practised law; was a member of the State Legislature in 1861, '62, and '67; was Mayor of the City of Lewiston in 1866 and '67; was Attorney-General of the State of Maine in 1867, '68, and '69; was elected a member of the National Republican Executive Committee in 1872, re-elected in 1876, and re-elected in 1880; was elected a Trustee of Bowdoin College in June, 1880; received the degree of LL. D. from Bates College in July, 1881; was a Presidential Elector in 1864; was a Delegate to the National Republican Conventions in 1872, '76, and '80; was elected Chairman of the Republican State Committee of Maine in place of Hon. James G. Blaine, resigned, in November, 1881; was elected a Representative in the Forty-second, Forty-third, Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses; was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of James G. Blaine, appointed Secretary of State, took his seat March 18, 1881, and was re-elected in 1883. His term of service will expire March 3, 1889.

REPRESENTATIVES.

AT LARGE.

Thomas B. Reed, of Portland, was born at Portland, October 18, 1839; graduated at Bowdoin College, Maine, in 1860; studied law; was Acting Assistant Paymaster, United States Navy, from April 19, 1864, to November 4, 1865; was admitted to the bar in 1865, and commenced practice at Portland; was a member of the State House of Representatives in 1868–'69, and of the State Senate in 1870; was Attorney-General of Maine in 1870, '71, and '72; was City Solicitor of Portland in 1874, '75, '76, and '77; was elected to the Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected a Representative at Large to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 72,925 votes against 63,568 votes for T. H. Murch, Fusion. *Re-elected.*

Nelson Dingley, Jr., of Lewiston, was born in Durham, Androscoggin County, Maine, February 15, 1832; graduated at Dartmouth College in the class of 1855; studied law and was admitted to the bar, but left the profession to become proprietor and editor of "The Lewiston (Maine) Journal," daily and weekly, in 1856, and still maintains that connection; was a member of the State House of Representatives in 1862, '63, '64, '65, '68, and '73; was Speaker of the State House of Representatives in 1863 and '64; was Governor of Maine in 1874 and '75; was a Delegate to the National Republican Convention in 1876; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress as a Republican, at a special election on the 12th of September, 1881, to fill the vacancy caused by the election of Hon. William P. Frye to the United States Senate, and was re-elected a Representative at Large to the Forty-eighth Congress (the State not having been reapportioned) as a Republican, receiving 73,017 votes against 63,568 votes for Thompson H. Murch, Greenbacker and Democrat. *Re-elected.*

Charles A. Boutelle, of Bangor, was born at Damariscotta, Lincoln County, Maine, February 9, 1839; was educated in public schools at Brunswick, and at Yarmouth Academy; early adopted the profession of his father, a shipmaster, and on return from a foreign voyage in the spring of 1862, volunteered and was appointed Acting Master in the United States Navy; he served in the North and South Atlantic and West Gulf Squadrons; took part in the blockade of Charleston and Wilmington, the Pocotaligo expedition, the capture of Saint John's Bluff and occupation of Jacksonville, Florida, and while an officer of United States steamer Sassacus was promoted to Lieutenant "for gallant conduct in the engagement with the rebel iron-clad Albemarle," May 5, 1864; afterwards in command of United States steamer Nyanza; participated in the capture of Mobile, and in receiving surrender of the Confederate fleet; was afterwards assigned to command of naval forces in Mississippi Sound, and honorably dis-

his own request January 14, 1866; engaged in commercial business in New York; :came managing editor of the Bangor (Maine) "Whig and Courier," and pur- rolling ownership in 1874; was a Delegate to National Republican Convention in manimously nominated in 1880 as Republican candidate for Congress in the Fourth rict, and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving ; against 63,301 votes for G. W. Ladd, Greenback-Democrat. *Re-elected.*

Milliken, of Belfast, was born in Montville, Maine; was educated at Union Col- York; is a lawyer by profession; was, during two terms, a member of the Maine ; was Clerk of the Supreme Judicial Court; was Delegate to the Republican nvention at Cincinnati in 1876; was Elector of President the same year; and was he Forty-eighth Congress as Congressman at Large from Maine as a Republican, 2,495 votes against 63,554 votes for Joseph Dane, Fusion candidate, and 1,273 D. Averill, Greenbacker. *Re-elected.*

MARYLAND.

SENATORS.

I. **Groome**, of Elkton, was born at Elkton, Maryland, April 4, 1838; is a prac- er; in 1867 he was elected a member of the Convention which framed the present n of Maryland; in 1871 he represented his county in the House of Delegates; in s elected Presidential Elector and voted for the Hon. Thomas A. Hendricks for in 1873 he was re-elected to the House of Delegates, but resigned early in the ccept the position of Governor of the State, made vacant by the resignation of the Pinkney Whyte, who had been chosen United States Senator; his term as Governor January, 1876; in January, 1878, he was elected to the United States Senate as a to succeed George R. Dennis, Democrat, and took his seat March 18, 1879. His vice will expire March 3, 1885.

P. **Gorman**, of Laurel, was born in Howard County, Maryland, March 11, 1839; e public schools in his native county for a brief period; in 1852 was appointed page ate of the United States, and continued in the service of the Senate until 1866, at : he was Postmaster; on the 1st of September of that year he was removed from and immediately appointed Collector of Internal Revenue for the fifth district of which office he held until the incoming of the Grant administration in 1869; in , he was appointed a Director in the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, and in was elected a member of the House of Delegates of the Maryland Legislature as a he was re-elected in 1871, then elected Speaker of the House of Delegates at the ssion; in June, 1872, he was elected President of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal and re-elected each succeeding year up to the present time; in 1875 he was elected t Howard County in the Maryland State Senate, and was re-elected for a term of in November, 1879; was elected in January, 1880, to the United States Senate as a to succeed Hon. Wm. Pinkney Whyte, and took his seat March 4, 1881. His term will expire March 3, 1887.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

s.—*Caroline, Dorchester, Kent, Queen Anne, Somerset, Talbot, Wicomico, ana*

W. Covington, of Snow Hill, son of Isaac Covington and Amelia Franklin, was rlin, Worcester County, Maryland, September 12, 1838; was educated at Bucking- my in same town; read law under his uncle, Judge John R. Franklin, and afterwards he Law School of Harvard University; was admitted to the bar and has pursued e of the law as an avocation; in 1867 was elected a member of the Constitutional n of Maryland from Worcester County, and served in said body as a member of the Committee; in 1880 was nominated over eight competitors, and was elected to the nth Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, 3,170 votes against 11,783 votes for Mullikin, Republican.

SECOND DISTRICT.

s.—*Carroll, Cecil, Harford, and 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, and ts of Baltimore County.*

. **C. Talbott**, of Towsontown, was born near Lutherville, Baltimore County, July 29, 1843; received a public-school education; began the study of law in 1862;

joined the Confederate Army in 1864, and served in the Second Maryland Cavalry as a private until the close of the war; was admitted to the bar September 6, 1866; was nominated and elected Prosecuting Attorney for Baltimore County in 1871, for the term of four years; was renominated in 1875 by the same party, and defeated at the November election; was a Delegate to the National Democratic Convention at Saint Louis in 1876; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 12,728 votes against 11,641 votes for Blair, Republican.

THIRD DISTRICT.

CITY.—*1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, and 9th wards of the city of Baltimore.*

Fetter S. Hoblitzell, of Baltimore, was born in Cumberland, Maryland, October 7, 1838; educated in the Alleghany Academy, and studied law; in the spring of 1859 he began the practice of his profession in the city of Baltimore; served as a private in the First Maryland Regiment of Infantry, Confederate States Army; at the close of the war resumed the profession of law; was elected a member of the Legislature of 1870 to represent the third legislative district of Baltimore; served parts of two terms as one of the Board of School Commissioners; is at present and has been for six years one of the State Trustees of the Saint Mary's Industrial School; was elected a member of the State Legislature of 1876; re-elected to the session of 1878, and chosen Speaker of the House of Delegates by the unanimous vote of his party; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 13,917 votes against 9,029 votes for Lang, Republican, 1,557 votes for Kimmel, Independent Democrat, and 31 votes for Finegan.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

CITY.—*10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, and 14th wards; the 15th ward, except the 6th and 7th precincts; the 16th ward, except the 1st precinct; the 18th ward, except the 1st precinct, and the 19th and 20th wards of the city of Baltimore.*

John V. L. Findlay, of Baltimore, was born December 21, 1839; was educated at Princeton, New Jersey; is a lawyer by profession and practice; has been a State and City Director of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company; was a member of the State Legislature of Maryland; Collector of Internal Revenue for one of the Baltimore districts, and City Solicitor for Baltimore; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 14,457 votes against 12,783 votes for Henry Stockbridge, Republican. *Re-elected.*

FIFTH DISTRICT.

CITY AND COUNTIES.—*The 6th and 7th precincts of the 15th ward, the 1st precinct of the 16th ward, the 17th ward, the 1st precinct of the 18th ward of the city of Baltimore; the 1st and 13th districts of Baltimore County; Anne Arundel, Calvert, Charles, Howard, Prince George's, and Saint Mary's Counties.*

Hart B. Holton, of Powhatan, was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 13,549 votes against 12,013 votes for Chapman, Democrat.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Alleghany, Garrett, Frederick, Montgomery, and Washington.*

Louis Emory McComas, of Hagerstown, was born in Washington County, Maryland, October 28, 1846; attended the village schools in Williamsport, in that county, and went thence to Saint James College, where he was from 1860 to 1863, and at Dickinson College in 1863, graduating in 1866; studied law with Messrs. Wallace and Milbourne, at Cambridge, Maryland, and afterwards with Hon. R. H. Alvey, at Hagerstown, where he was admitted to the bar in August, 1868, and has since practised; was the Republican candidate for Congress in 1876, but the Hon. William Walsh was returned as elected by 14 majority; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 15,720 votes against 14,440 votes for Hon. Montgomery Blair, Democrat, and 266 votes for A. F. George, Greenbacker. *Re-elected.*

MASSACHUSETTS.

SENATORS.

Henry L. Dawes, of Pittsfield, was born at Cummington, Massachusetts, October 30, 1816; graduated at Yale College; was a school-teacher, and edited the "Greenfield Gazette" and "Adams Transcript;" studied and practised law; was a member of the House of Representatives of Massachusetts in 1848, '49, and '52; was a member of the Senate of Massachusetts in 1850; was a member of the State Constitutional Convention of Massachusetts in 1853;

was District Attorney for the Western District of Massachusetts from 1853 until '57; was elected a Representative in the Thirty-fifth, Thirty-sixth, Thirty-seventh, Thirty-eighth, Thirty-ninth, Fortieth, Forty-first, Forty-second, and Forty-third Congresses, and declined being a candidate for election to the Forty-fourth; he was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed Charles Sumner, (whose unexpired term had been filled by William B. Washburn,) took his seat March 4, 1875, and was re-elected in 1881. His term of service will expire March 3, 1887.

George F. Hoar, of Worcester, was born at Concord, Massachusetts, August 29, 1826; studied in early youth at Concord Academy; graduated at Harvard College in 1846; studied law, and graduated at the Dane Law School, Harvard University; settled at Worcester, where he practised; was a member of the State House of Representatives in 1852, and of the State Senate in 1857; was elected a Representative to the Forty-first, Forty-second, Forty-third, and Forty-fourth Congresses; declined a renomination for Representative in the Forty-fifth Congress; was an Overseer of Harvard College, 1874–'80; presided over the Massachusetts State Republican Conventions of 1871, '77, and '82; was a Delegate to the Republican National Conventions of 1876 at Cincinnati and of 1880 and 1884 at Chicago, presiding over the Convention of 1880; was one of the managers on the part of the House of Representatives of the Belknap impeachment trial in 1876; was a member of the Electoral Commission in 1876; was Regent of the Smithsonian Institution in 1880; was Vice-President and is now President of the American Antiquarian Society; was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed George S. Boutwell, took his seat March 5, 1877, and was re-elected in 1883. His term of service will expire March 3, 1889.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Barnstable, Dukes, and Nantucket, with the towns of Acushnet, Dartmouth, Dighton, Fairhaven, Freetown, Rehoboth, Seekonk, Somerset, Swansea, and Westport, and the cities of Fall River and New Bedford, in the county of Bristol; and the towns of Lakeville, Marion, Mattapoisett, Middleborough, Rochester, and Wareham, in the county of Plymouth.*

Robert T. Davis, of Fall River, was born in the County of Down, North of Ireland, August 28, 1823; of parentage Presbyterian on the paternal and Quaker on the maternal side; his parents emigrated to this country and settled in Amesbury, Essex County, Massachusetts, when he was three years of age; was educated at Amesbury Academy, and at the Friends School at Providence, Rhode Island; graduated at the Medical Department of Harvard University in 1847; was for a short time Dispensary Physician in Boston; practised medicine three years at Waterville, Maine, and removed to Fall River in 1850, where he has since resided, except for a short period; was a member of the Massachusetts State Constitutional Convention of 1853; of the Massachusetts State Senate of 1859 and '61; of the Republican National Convention of 1860 and '76; was Mayor of Fall River in 1873, being elected without opposition, and declining a re-election; was a member of the State Board of Charities when organized in 1863; was appointed a member of the State Board of Health upon its organization in 1869, and so remained until its consolidation with the State Board of Health, Lunacy, and Charity in 1879, when he became a member of that Board, and still continues to be so; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 11,475 votes against 5,581 votes for Hathaway, Democrat. *Re-elected.*

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*The towns of Attleborough, Berkley, Easton, Mansfield, Norton, and Raynham, and the city of Taunton, in the county of Bristol; the towns of Braintree, Canton, Cohasset, Holbrook, Quincy, Randolph, Sharon, Stoughton, and Weymouth, in the county of Norfolk; and the towns of Abington, Bridgewater, Brockton, Carver, Duxbury, East Bridgewater, Halifax, Hanover, Hanson, Hingham, Hull, Kingston, Marshfield, Pembroke, Plymouth, Plympton, Rockland, Scituate, South Abington, South Scituate, and West Bridgewater, in the county of Plymouth.*

John D. Long, of Hingham, was born at Buckfield, Oxford County, Maine, October 27, 1838; was educated at the common school in Buckfield, and at Hebron Academy, Maine; graduated at Harvard College in 1857; taught school two years in Westford Academy, Massachusetts; studied law at the Harvard Law School, and in private offices; was admitted to the bar and has since practised; was a member of the Massachusetts House of Representatives in 1875, '76, '77, and '78, serving the three last years as Speaker of the House; was Lieutenant-Governor of Massachusetts in 1879; was elected Governor of Massachusetts in 1880, '81, and '82; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 12,915 votes against 10,152 votes for Edgar E. Dean, Democrat. *Re-elected.*

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Part of Suffolk, comprising wards 11, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, and precincts three and four of ward 15, in the city of Boston, and the town of Milton, in the county of Norfolk.*

Ambrose A. Ranney, of Boston, was born at Townshend, Vermont, April 16, 1821; graduated at Dartmouth College in the class of 1844; studied law at Woodstock, Vermont; began practice in Boston in 1848; was Corporation Counsel for that city in 1855–'56; was a member of the State House of Representatives in 1857, '63, and '64, and in active practice of the law all the time; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 11,968 votes against 8,500 votes for Swasey, Democrat, 91 votes for Capen, Prohibitionist, 28 votes for Furlong, Greenback candidate, and 94 scattering. *Re-elected.*

FOURTH DISTRICT.

CITY OF BOSTON.—*Wards 1, 2, 6, 7, 12, 13, 14, 16; precincts 2, 3, and 4, of ward 8, and precincts 1 and 2 of ward 15.*

Patrick A. Collins, of Boston, was born near Fermoy, County of Cork, Ireland, March 12, 1844; came to the United States in 1848; received a common-school education; was in early life an upholsterer; read law in the Harvard Law School and in Boston, where he has practised since his admission to the bar in 1871; was a member of the Massachusetts House of Representatives in 1868 and '69, and of the Massachusetts Senate in 1870 and '71; was Judge-Advocate-General of Massachusetts in 1875; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 12,884 votes against 4,546 votes for Charles T. Gallagher, Republican, and 208 votes for all others. *Re-elected.*

FIFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Part of Suffolk, comprising wards 9, 10, and 25, and precinct 1 of ward 8, in the city of Boston, with the cities of Somerville and Cambridge, and the towns of Arlington, Belmont, Burlington, Lexington, Waltham, Watertown, and Woburn, in the county of Middlesex.*

Leopold Morse, of Boston, was born at Wachenheim, Bavaria, August 15, 1831; received a common-school education at Wachenheim; came to the United States in early life; is a merchant; was twice elected a Delegate to the National Democratic Convention; was twice a candidate for Congress in the Fourth District against Hon. Samuel Hooper; was elected to the Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 11,301 votes against 8,792 votes for Bowman, Republican, 82 votes for Cummings, Prohibitionist, and 48 scattering.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Part of Suffolk, comprising wards 3, 4, and 5 in the city of Boston, the city of Chelsea, and the towns of Revere and Winthrop; with the city of Lynn, and the towns of Nahant, Saugus, and Swampscott, in the county of Essex; and the city of Malden, and the towns of Everett, Medford, Melrose, Reading, Stoneham, Wakefield, and Winchester.*

Henry B. Lovering, of Lynn, was born at Portsmouth, New Hampshire, April 8, 1841; was educated in the common schools of Lynn, and has since been connected with Lynn's great industry, the manufacture of shoes; was Representative to the State Legislature in 1872 and '74; was Assessor in 1879–'80; was Mayor of Lynn in 1881 and '82; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, supported by the Greenbackers, receiving 12,809 votes against 11,950 votes for Elisha W. Converse, Republican. *Re-elected.*

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*The cities of Gloucester, Haverhill, Newburyport, and Salem, with the towns of Amesbury, Beverly, Boxford, Bradford, Danvers, Essex, Georgetown, Groveland, Hamilton, Ipswich, Lynnfield, Manchester, Marblehead, Merrimac, Middleton, Newbury, Peabody, Rockport, Rowley, Salisbury, Topsfield, Wenham, and West Newbury, in the county of Essex.*

Eben F. Stone, of Newburyport, was born at Newburyport, Massachusetts, in 1822; graduated at Harvard University in 1843, and at the Law School of the University in 1846; commenced the practice of law in Newburyport in 1847, and has, with some interruptions, followed it there ever since; has served in both branches of the Massachusetts Legislature; has held office, both civil and military, under the United States, and in the war of the rebellion

commanded the Forty-eighth Regiment of Massachusetts Volunteer Militia during its term of service; served two years as Chairman of the Republican State Committee of Massachusetts; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 10,056 votes against 8,764 votes for C. P. Thompson, Democrat, 3,825 votes for E. M. Boynton, Greenback candidate, and 76 scattering. *Re-elected.*

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*The city of Lawrence, with the towns of Andover, North Andover, and Methuen, in the county of Essex; and the city of Lowell, and the towns of Acton, Ashby, Ayer, Bedford, Billerica, Roxborough, Carlisle, Chelmsford, Concord, Dracut, Dunstable, Groton, Littleton, North Reading, Pepperell, Shirley, Stow, Tewksbury, Townsend, Tyngsborough, Westford, and Wilmington, in the county of Middlesex; and the towns of Bolton, Harvard, Lancaster, and Lunenburg, in the county of Worcester.*

William A. Russell, of Lawrence, was born at Wells River, Vermont, April 22, 1831; received an academic education; commenced business as a paper manufacturer at Exeter, New Hampshire, in 1852, and is now engaged in the same business at Lawrence, Massachusetts, Bellows Falls, Vermont, and Franklin, New Hampshire, and is also engaged in agricultural pursuits; was a member of the State House of Representatives in 1869; was a Delegate to the Republican National Conventions in 1868 and '76; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 11,269 votes against 10,743 votes for Charles A. Lilley, Democrat, 85 votes for C. E. Cox, Greenback candidate, and 8 scattering.

NINTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*The city of Newton, and the towns of Ashland, Framingham, Holliston, Hopkinton, Natick, Sherborn, Wayland, Weston, Hudson, Marlborough, Sudbury, Maynard, and Lincoln, in the county of Middlesex; and the towns of Blackstone, Mendon, Milford, Westborough, Southborough, Northborough, Berlin, and Clinton, in the county of Worcester; and the towns of Brookline, Dedham, Dover, Franklin, Medfield, Medway, Needham, Norwood, Wellesley, Walpole, Norfolk, Foxborough, Wrentham, Bellingham, and Hyde Park, in the county of Norfolk.*

Theodore Lyman, of Brookline, was born in Waltham, Massachusetts, August 23, 1833; graduated as Bachelor of Arts, at Harvard College, in 1855, and a Bachelor of Science, at the Lawrence Scientific School, in 1858; served in the war of the rebellion as Lieutenant-Colonel and volunteer aide-de-camp on the staff of Major-General Meade, commanding the Army of the Potomac, from September 2, 1863, to April 20, 1865; his profession is that of a zoologist; he is a member of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences, and of the National Academy of Sciences, and a trustee of the Peabody Education Fund; from 1865 to 1882 he was one of the State Fishery Commissioners; he has taken part in the administration of public and private charities; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as an Independent, receiving 12,076 votes against 9,703 votes for John W. Candler, Republican, and 412 votes for all others.

TENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*The city of Worcester, with the towns of Auburn, Barre, Boylston, Brookfield, Charlton, Douglas, Dudley, Grafton, Hardwick, Holden, Leicester, Millbury, New Braintree, Northbridge, North Brookfield, Oakham, Oxford, Paxton, Princeton, Rutland, Shrewsbury, Southbridge, Spencer, Sterling, Sturbridge, Sutton, Upton, Uxbridge, Warren, Webster, West Boylston, West Brookfield, and the city of Worcester, in the county of Worcester, and the towns of Brimfield, Holland, and Wales, in the county of Hampden.*

William W. Rice, of Worcester, was born at Deerfield, Massachusetts, March 7, 1826; was fitted for college at Gorham Academy, Maine; graduated at Bowdoin College in 1846; was preceptor in Leicester Academy, Massachusetts, for four years; studied law at Worcester with Hon. Emory Washburn and Hon. George F. Hoar; was admitted to the bar and has practised since at Worcester; was appointed Judge of Insolvency for the county of Worcester in 1858; was Mayor of the city of Worcester in 1860; was District Attorney for the Middle District of Massachusetts 1869–'74; was a member of the State House of Representatives in 1875; was elected to the Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 11,846 votes against 9,404 votes for Hopkins, Democrat, 95 votes for Waters, and 2 scattering. *Re-elected.*

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Franklin and Hampshire, with the city of Holyoke, in the county of Hampden; the city of Fitchburg, with the towns of Ashburnham, Athol, Dana, Gardner, Hubbardston, Leominster, Petersham, Phillipston, Royalston, Templeton, Westminster, and Winchendon, in the county of Worcester.*

William Whiting, of Holyoke, was born at Dudley, Massachusetts, May 24, 1841; was educated at the public schools, including high school; is a paper manufacturer, and president of the Holyoke Bank; was elected to the Massachusetts State Senate in 1873; was elected Treasurer of Holyoke in 1876–'77; was a Delegate to the National Republican Convention of 1876; was elected Mayor of Holyoke 1878–'79; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 14,502 votes against 7,595 votes for Edward J. Sawyer, Democrat, and 211 votes for Warner Johnson, Greenbacker. *Re-elected.*

TWELFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Berkshire, with the city of Springfield and the towns of Blandford, Chester, Chicopee, Granville, Hampden, Long Meadow, Ludlow, Monson, Montgomery, Palmer, Russell, Southwick, Tolland, Westfield, West Springfield, and Wilbraham, in the county of Hampden.*

Francis W. Rockwell, of Pittsfield, was born at Pittsfield, Massachusetts, May 26, 1844; was educated in the public schools and at Edwards' Place School at Stockbridge, Massachusetts; graduated at Amherst College in 1868 and at Harvard Law School in 1871; is a lawyer at Pittsfield; was appointed one of the Special Justices of the District Court of Central Berkshire in 1873, resigning in 1875; has held various local offices; was elected to the Massachusetts House of Representatives in 1879; was elected to the Massachusetts Senate in 1881 and 1882; was elected on January 17, 1884, as a Republican to the Forty-eighth Congress, to fill a vacancy caused by the resignation of Hon. George D. Robinson, who had been elected as Governor of Massachusetts, a special mid-winter election being held, and the Legislature having passed an act legalizing the same, he received 9,504 votes against 7,235 votes for Colonel A. C. Woodworth, of Chicopee. *Re-elected.*

MICHIGAN.

SENATORS.

Omar D. Conger, of Port Huron, was born in 1818, at Cooperstown, New York; removed, with his father, Rev. E. Conger, to Huron County, Ohio, in 1824; pursued his academic studies at Huron Institute, Milan, Ohio, and graduated in 1842 at Western Reserve College; was employed in the geological survey and mineral explorations of the Lake Superior copper and iron regions in 1845, '46, '47, and in 1848 engaged in the practice of law at Port Huron, Michigan, where he has since resided; was elected Judge of the Saint Clair County Court in 1850, and Senator in the Michigan Legislature for the biennial terms of 1855, '57, and '59, and was elected President *pro tempore* of the Senate in 1859; was elected in 1866 a member of the Constitutional Convention of Michigan; was a Presidential Elector on the Republican ticket in 1864; was elected to the Forty-first, Forty-second, Forty-third, Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses; was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed Hon. Henry P. Baldwin, Republican, and took his seat March 4, 1881. His term of service will expire March 3, 1887.

Thomas Witherell Palmer, of Detroit, was born at Detroit, Michigan, January 25, 1830; was educated in the public schools, at Thompson's Academy at Palmer, now Saint Clair, Michigan, and at the Michigan University; is and has been a manufacturer and farmer; has served on the Board of Estimates of Detroit, and as State Senator in 1879–'80; was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, upon the eighty-first joint ballot of the Legislature, to succeed Hon. Thomas W. Ferry, Republican, and took his seat December 3, 1883. His term of service will expire March 3, 1889.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTY.—*Wayne.*

William C. Maybury, of Detroit, was born at Detroit, Michigan, November 21, 1849; was educated at the University of Michigan, which gave him the degree of Master of Arts; studied law; was admitted to the bar, and has since practised; was city attorney of Detroit

1875–'80; was lecturer on medical jurisprudence in Michigan College of Medicine, and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 16,147 votes against 11,208 for Henry W. Lord, Republican, and 773 for W. G. Brownlee, Free-trader. *Re-elected.*

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Hillsdale, Lenawee, Monroe, and Washtenaw.*

Nathaniel B. Eldredge, of Adrian, was born at Auburn, New York, March 28, 1813; received a common-school education; practised medicine for fifteen years; then practised law for twenty years, and is now a farmer; has held several minor offices; was Clerk of the Michigan Senate in 1845; was elected a member of the Michigan Legislature in 1848; was elected Judge of Probate in 1852–'56; was commissioned Captain in the Union Army in June, 1861, Major in August, 1861, and Colonel in April, 1862; was elected Sheriff of Lenawee County, Michigan, in 1874, and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 15,251 votes against 14,609 votes for John H. Boies, Republican, 1,265 votes for A. J. Baker, Greenbacker, and 440 scattering. *Re-elected.*

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Barry, Branch, Calhoun, Eaton, and Jackson.*

Edward S. Lacey, of Charlotte, was born in Chili, Monroe County, New York, November 26, 1835; removed to Branch County, Michigan, in October, 1842, and thence to Eaton County, Michigan, in March, 1843; was educated in the public schools and at Olivet College; has been engaged in various business pursuits, but more particularly in banking; was elected Register of Deeds for Eaton County in 1860, and re-elected in 1862; was a Trustee of the Michigan Asylum for the Insane from 1874 to 1880; was a Delegate from Michigan to the National Republican Convention held at Cincinnati in 1876; was nominated by acclamation and elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 18,023 votes against 16,239 votes for H. C. Hodge, Fusion, 268 votes for Landon, and 33 scattering. *Declined a re-election.*

FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Berrien, Cass, Kalamazoo, Saint Joseph, and Van Buren.*

George L. Yaple, of Mendon, was born in Leonidas, Saint Joseph County, Michigan, February 20, 1851; in 1857 removed with his parents to Mendon, in the same county; graduated in the classical course at the Northwestern University, at Evanston, Illinois; studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1872, but immediately engaged in farming, and continued in that pursuit until the spring of 1877, when he entered upon the practice of law; was defeated as the Greenback candidate for Congress in 1880; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress on the Union ticket, receiving 16,328 votes against 16,073 votes for Julius C. Burrows, Republican.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Allegan, Ionia, Kent, and Ottawa.*

Julius Houseman, of Grand Rapids, Michigan, was born in the village of Leckendorf in Bavaria, Germany, December 8, 1832; received a common-school and commercial education; has been engaged for thirty years in mercantile business and the manufacture of lumber; held the office of Alderman in the city of Grand Rapids from 1861 to 1870, inclusive; was a Representative in the State Legislature in 1871 and 1872; was Mayor of Grand Rapids in 1873 and 1875; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, defeating J. W. Webster, Republican. *Not a candidate for re-election.*

SIXTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Clinton, Genesee, Ingham, Livingston, and Oakland.*

Edwin B. Winans, of Hamburg, Livingston County, Michigan, was born at Avon, New York, May 16, 1826; was educated at Albion College, Michigan; is a farmer by occupation; was a member of the Michigan Legislature, 1861–'65; was elected a Delegate to the Constitutional Convention held at Lansing, May 15, 1867; was Probate Judge of Livingston County, 1876–'80; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 18,516 votes against 18,484 votes for Oliver L. Spalding, Republican. *Re-elected.*

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Huron, Lapeer, Macomb, Sanilac, and Saint Clair.*

Ezra C. Carleton, of Port Huron, was born at Saint Clair, Michigan, September 6, 1838; was graduated from the Port Huron High School; is a hardware merchant; was Mayor of Port Huron in 1881; was Chairman of the Port Huron Fire Relief Commission in 1881; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 11,540 votes against 11,251 votes for John T. Rich, Republican. *Re-elected.*

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Gratiot, Isabella, Midland, Montcalm, Saginaw, and Shiawassee.*

Roswell G. Horr, of East Saginaw, was born at Waitsfield, Vermont, November 26, 1830; removed, with his parents, when four years of age, to Lorain County, Ohio, where he passed his early years; graduated at Antioch College, in its first class, in 1857, when that institution was under the charge of Horace Mann; the fall after his graduation was elected Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Lorain County, and was re-elected in 1860; at the close of his six years' clerkship he was admitted to the bar, and practised law two years at Elyria, Lorain County, Ohio; in the spring of 1866 removed to Southeastern Missouri, where he was engaged in mining for six years; removed in the spring of 1872 to East Saginaw, Michigan, where he now resides; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 14,872 votes against 13,918 votes for Willett, Fusion, 536 votes for Calvin, and 2 scattering.

NINTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Antrim, Charlevoix, Kalkaska, Lake, Manistee, Mason, Mecosta, Missaukee, Muskegon, Newaygo, Oceana, and Wexford.*

Byron M. Cutcheon, of Manistee, was born at Pembroke, Merrimac County, New Hampshire, May 11, 1836; pursued his preparatory studies at Pembroke, and completed them at Ypsilanti, Michigan, where he removed in 1835; graduated from the University of Michigan, classical course, in 1861; became principal of the High School at Ypsilanti, Michigan, in 1861; was Captain, Major, Lieutenant-Colonel, and Colonel of the Twentieth Michigan Infantry, 1862–'64; was Brevet Colonel and Colonel Twenty-seventh Michigan Infantry, and Brevet Brigadier-General, "for conspicuous gallantry," 1864–'65; was twice wounded at Spottsylvania Court-House; was assigned to the command of the Second Brigade, First Division, Army of the Potomac, in 1864; was mustered out in 1865; studied law with Hon. S. M. Cutcheon, Ypsilanti, Michigan, 1865–'66; graduated from Michigan University Law School, 1866, and was admitted to practise at Ann Arbor, Michigan; commenced the practice of law at Manistee, Michigan, in 1867, where he has since resided; was a member of the Board of Control of Railroads of Michigan, 1866–'83; was Presidential Elector, 1868; was City Attorney, 1870 and '71; was County Attorney, 1873 and '74; was Regent of the Michigan University, 1875–'83; was Postmaster at Manistee City, 1877–'83; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 13,529 votes against 10,897 votes for Stephen Brunson, Democrat, Greenback, and Labor-Reform candidate. *Re-elected.*

TENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Alcona, Alpena, Bay, Cheboygan, Clare, Crawford, Emmet, Gladwin, Iosco, Montmorency, Ogemaw, Oscoda, Otsego, Presque Isle, Roscommon, and Tuscola.*

Herschel Harrison Hatch, of Bay City, was born at Morrisville, Madison County, New York, February 17, 1837; received a common-school education; studied law at the Hamilton College Law School, New York; is an attorney and counselor-at-law; was elected Alderman of Bay City at its first organization in 1865; was elected Judge of Probate of Bay County in 1868 for a term of four years; was appointed member of the Constitutional Commission of Michigan in 1873; was appointed member of the Tax Commission of Michigan in 1881; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 11,326 votes against 7,749 votes for Andrew C. Maxwell, Democrat, and 2,384 votes for Jesse M. Miller, National or Greenback candidate.

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Benzie, Grand Traverse, Leelenaw, Manitou, Baraga, Chippewa, Delta, Houghton, Isle Royal, Keweenaw, Mackinac, Marquette, Menominee, Ontonagon, and Schoolcraft.*

Edward Breitung, of Negaunee, was born in the city of Schalkau, Germany, November 10, 1831; was educated at the College of Meiningen, in the city of Meiningen, in Germany; is a capitalist interested in iron mines and lands; was elected Mayor of Negaunee in 1879, '80, and '82; was elected a member of the State House of Representatives for 1873 and '74, but resigned in 1873; was elected a State Senator from the Thirty-second District for 1877–'78, and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 11,428 votes against 4,840 votes for Peter White, Democrat, and 343 votes for John Russell, Prohibitionist.

MINNESOTA.

SENATORS.

Samuel J. R. McMillan, of Saint Paul, was born at Brownsville, Pennsylvania, February 22, 1826; received a classical education, graduating at Duquesne College, Pittsburgh, in 1846; studied law with Shaler & Stanton, was admitted to the bar in 1849, and commenced practice at Stillwater, Minnesota, in 1852; was elected Judge of the first judicial circuit in 1857; was appointed Associate Justice of the Supreme Court in 1864, to fill a vacancy, was elected and re-elected, and resigned in 1874; was appointed in 1874 and afterward re-elected Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, and resigned when he was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed Alexander Ramsey, Republican; he took his seat March 4, 1875, and was re-elected. His term of service will expire March 3, 1887.

Dwight May Sabin, of Stillwater, Minnesota, was born April 25, 1843, at Manlius, La Salle County, Illinois; was reared on a farm, attending the country school during the winter—also studied the higher branches of mathematics and civil engineering; is engaged in lumbering, and the general manufacture of railroad cars and agricultural machinery; served three sessions in the popular branch of the Legislature and two terms in the State Senate of Minnesota previous to his election to the United States Senate; has been a member of the National Republican Committee for Minnesota, and Delegate to the National Republican Conventions of 1872, '76, and '80, respectively; was elected Chairman of the Republican National Committee, December 12, 1883; was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed William Windom, Republican, and took his seat March 3, 1883. His term of service will expire March 3, 1889.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Dodge, Fillmore, Freeborn, Houston, Mower, Olmsted, Steele, Wabasha, ana Winona.*

Milo White, of Chatfield, was born in Fletcher, Franklin County, Vermont, August 17, 1830; was educated at common schools; is a merchant; was elected to the State Senate of Minnesota, 1872–'76 and 1881–'82; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 12,458 votes against 11,788 votes for Biermann, Democrat, and 1,144 scattering. *Re-elected.*

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Blue Earth, Brown, Cottonwood, Faribault, Jackson, Le Sueur, Lincoln, Lacqui-parle, Lyon, Martin, Murray, Nicollet, Nobles, Pipe Stone, Redwood, Rock, Sibley, Watonwan, Waseca, and Yellow Medicine.*

James B. Wakefield, of Blue Earth City, was born at Winsted, Connecticut, March, 1828; graduated at Trinity College, Hartford, in 1846; studied law in Painesville, Ohio, and commenced practice at Delphi, Indiana, in 1852; removed to Minnesota in 1854; was elected to the State House of Representatives in 1858 and 1863; was again elected in 1865, and was Speaker of that body in session of 1866; was a member of the Senate in 1867 and '68, and was re-elected for 1869 and '70; resigned in 1869, and was appointed Receiver of United States Land Office at Winnebago City, Minnesota; resigned in 1875, and was elected in the fall Lieutenant-Governor for a term of two years; was re-elected in 1877; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 17,187 votes against 6,750 votes for F. A. Borer, Democrat, and 3,085 votes for J. A. Latimer, Alliance and Greenback. *Re-elected.*

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Carver, Chippewa, Dakota, Goodhue, Kandiyohi, Meeker, McLeod, Renville, Rice, Scott, and Swift.*

Horace B. Strait, of Shakopee, was born in Potter County, Pennsylvania, January 26, 1835; received a common-school education; removed to Indiana in 1846, and from there to Minnesota in 1855; entered the Union Army in 1862 as Captain in the Ninth Minnesota Infantry; was promoted to Major of said regiment in 1864, and was serving at the close of the war as Inspector-General on the Staff of General McArthur; was elected Mayor of Shakopee in 1870, and re-elected in 1871 and '72; has been one of the trustees of the Minnesota Hospital for the Insane since 1866; since the close of the war has been engaged in mercantile, manufacturing, and banking business, and is now President of the First National Bank of Shakopee; was elected to the Forty-third, Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 16,583 votes against 7,047 votes for Adams, Democrat, and 696 votes for Martin, Greenbacker. *Re-elected.*

FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Anoka, Chisago, Hennepin, Isanti, Kanabec, Pine, Ramsey, Sherburne, Washington, and Wright.*

William Drew Washburn, of Minneapolis, was born at Livermore, Androscoggin County, Maine, January 14, 1831; was reared on a farm, attending common school and fitting for college in winter and working on a farm in summer, until the age of twenty, graduating at Bowdoin College in 1854; read law the two succeeding years in the offices of Hon. Israel Washburn, jr., of Orono, and Hon. John A. Peters, of Bangor, Maine; removed to the West and located in Minneapolis, Minnesota, in 1857; was engaged in the practice of law and other pursuits until 1861, when he was appointed United States Surveyor-General of Minnesota by President Lincoln, which office he held for four years, residing at Saint Paul during that time; after the expiration of his term of office he returned to Minneapolis, and has since been engaged heavily in the different manufacturing industries of that city; is a director and large owner, and was for many years managing agent, of the Minneapolis Water Power Company; was the principal projector and is now the President of the Minneapolis and Saint Louis Railway Company; was elected to the Legislature of Minnesota in 1858 and 1871; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 17,380 votes against 14,820 votes for Ames, Democrat, and 1,545 votes for Phillips, Prohibitionist.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Aitkin, Becker, Benton, Big Stone, Carlton, Cass, Clay, Crow Wing, Douglas, Grant, Itasca, Kittson, Lake, Marshall, Mille Lacs, Morrison, Norman, Otter Tail, Polk, Pope, Stearns, Stevens, Saint Louis, Todd, Traverse, Wadena, and Wilkin.*

Knute Nelson, of Alexandria, was born in Norway, February 2, 1843; came to the United States in 1849; received an academic education; studied law; was admitted to the bar, and has since practised; served in the Union Army as a private and non-commissioned officer in the Fourth Wisconsin during three years of the late war; was a member of the Assembly in the Wisconsin Legislature, 1868–'69; was Prosecuting Attorney of Douglas County, Minnesota, in 1872, '73, and '74; was State Senator in the Minnesota Legislature in 1875, '76, '77, and '78; was Presidential Elector on the Garfield and Arthur ticket; is at present a member of the Board of Regents of the State University of Minnesota; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Regular Republican, receiving 16,956 votes against 12,238 votes for Kindred, Independent, and 6,248 votes for Barnum, Democrat. *Re-elected.*

MISSISSIPPI.

SENATORS.

Lucius Q. C. Lamar, of Oxford, was born in Putnam County, Georgia, September 17, 1825; was educated at Oxford, Georgia, and graduated at Emory College, Georgia, in 1845; studied law at Macon, Georgia, under the Hon. A. H. Chappell, and was admitted to the bar in 1847; moved to Oxford, Mississippi, in 1849; was elected Adjunct Professor of Mathematics in the University of the State, and held the position as assistant to Dr. A. T. Bledsoe, (editor of "The Southern Review,") which he resigned in 1850, and returned to Covington, Georgia, where he resumed the practice of law; was elected to the Legislature of Georgia in 1853; in 1854 moved to his plantation in La Fayette County, Mississippi, and was elected to he Thirty-fifth and Thirty-sixth Congresses of the United States, and resigned in 1860 to take seat in the Secession Convention of his State; in 1861 entered the Confederate Army as

Lieutenant-Colonel of the Nineteenth Regiment, and was promoted to the Colonelcy; in 1863 was intrusted by President Davis with an important diplomatic mission to Russia; in 1866 was elected Professor of Political Economy and Social Science in the University of Mississippi, and in 1867 was transferred to the Professorship of Law; was elected to the Forty-third Congress of the United States, and was re-elected to the Forty-fourth Congress; and was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat, to succeed James Lusk Alcorn, Independent, and took his seat March 5, 1877; was re-elected in 1882. His term of service will expire March 3, 1889.

James Z. George, of Jackson, was born in Monroe County, Georgia, October 20, 1826; his fathe having died in his infancy, he removed, when eight years of age, with his mother to Noxu ree County, Mississippi, where he resided two years; he then removed to Carroll County, whereb he was educated in the common schools then existing; he volunteered as a private in the first regiment of Mississippi volunteers in the Mexican War, commanded by Col. Jefferson Davis, and was at the battle of Monterey; on his return he studied law, and was admitted to the bar in Carroll County; he was elected Reporter of the High Court of Errors and Appeals in 1854, re-elected in 1860, and prepared and published ten volumes of the Reports of the decisions of that court, and afterwards prepared and published a Digest of all the decisions of the Supreme Court and High Court of Errors and Appeals of that State, from the admission of the State into the Union, to and including the year 1870; he was a member of the convention in Mississippi in 1861 which passed the ordnance of secession, and he voted for and signed that instrument; he was a captain in the Twentieth Regiment of Mississippi Volunteers in the Confederate States Army; afterwards a Brigadier-General of State troops, and afterwards Colonel of the Fifth Regiment of Mississippi Cavalry in the Confederate States Army; was chairman of the Democratic State Executive Committee of Mississippi in 1875 and 1876; in 1879 was appointed one of the Judges of the Supreme Court of Mississippi, and elected Chief Justice; resigned his seat on the Supreme Bench in February, 1881, to take his seat in the Senate on the 4th of March of that year. His term of service will expire March 3, 1887.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Alcorn, Itawamba, Lee, Lowndes, Monroe, Oktibbeha, Prentiss, and Tishomingo.*

Henry **Lowndes Muldrow**, of Starkville, was born in Lowndes County, Mississippi; graduated at the University of Mississippi; was admitted to the bar as attorney and solicitor in 1859, and is now a lawyer by profession; entered the Confederate Army in 1861, and held various positions in the line, and at the close of the war surrendered at Forsyth, Georgia, as a Colonel of Cavalry; held the position of District Attorney for the Sixth Judicial District of Mississippi from 1869 to '71; was elected to the State Legislature in 1875; was elected to the Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 6,390 votes against 1,416 votes for Lyon, Republican.

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Benton, De Soto, La Fayette, Marshall, Panola, Tallahatchie, Tate, Tippah, and Union.*

James Ronald Chalmers, of Sardis, Mississippi, (son of Hon. Jos. W. Chalmers, formerly United States Senator from Mississippi,) was born in Halifax County, Virginia, January 11, 1831; removed to Mississippi in May, 1839; attended school at Holly Springs, Mississippi, and graduated at South Carolina College, Columbia, in December, 1851; studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1853; was elected District Attorney of the Seventh Judicial District of Mississippi in 1858; was a member of the Secession Convention of Mississippi in 1861, and was Chairman of the Committee on Military Affairs; entered the Confederate service as a Captain in March, 1861; was elected Colonel of the Ninth Mississippi Regiment in April, 1861; was promoted Brigadier-General in February, 1862; was transferred to the cavalry service in 1863; surrendered in May, 1865, in command of the First Division of Forrest's Cavalry Army Corps, composed of Armstrong's, Adams', and Starke's Brigades; was a member of the State Senate of Mississippi in 1876 and 1877; was elected to the Forty-Fifth Congress from the Sixth District of Mississippi, and was re-elected to the Forty-sixth Congress as a Democrat; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress and received the certificate of election, but unseated on a contest by John R. Lynch on the 29th of April, 1882; was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress from the Second Congressional District of Mississippi as an Independent, endorsed by both the Greenback and Republican conventions, receiving 10,230 votes against 8,982 votes for Van H. Manning, Democrat, and 131 votes for H. C. Carter, Independent Republican; was deprived of the certificate of election by an illegal count of the vote by the secretary of state of Mississippi, and, after a contest, seated on the 25th of June, 1884.

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Bolivar, Coahoma, Issaquena, Le Flore, Quitman, Sharkey, Sunflower, Tunica, Warren, and Washington.*

Elza Jeffords, of Mayersville, was born near Ironton, Lawrence County, Ohio, May 23, 1826; he received a good common-school education; was reared in Portsmouth, Ohio; served his apprenticeship in the clerk's office; read law and was admitted to practice in Portsmouth, Ohio, in 1847, soon after becoming of age; he served in the Army of the Tennessee from June, 1862, to December, 1863, as clerk in the Quartermaster's Department, land transportation; he was Judge of the High Court of Errors and Appeals in Mississippi, 1868–'69; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 4,127 votes against 1,321 votes for C. W. Clarke, Independent Republican, and 521 votes for V. B. Waddell, Independent Democrat.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Calhoun, Carroll, Chickasaw, Choctaw, Clay, Grenada, Kemper, Montgomery, Noxubee, Pontotoc, Webster, Winston, and Yalobusha.*

Hernando De Soto Money, of Winona, was born in Holmes County, Mississippi, August 26, 1839; educated at the University of Mississippi, at Oxford; studied law, and is by profession an editor; was elected to the Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 6,848 votes against 2,644 votes for Griffin, Republican, and 469 votes for Roane.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Attala, Clarke, Holmes, Jasper, Lauderdale, Leake, Neshoba, Newton, Scott, Smith, Wayne, and Yazoo.*

Otho R. Singleton, of Forest, was born in Jessamine County, Kentucky, October 14, 1814; received a classical education, graduating at Saint Joseph's College, Bardstown, Kentucky; studied law and graduated at the Lexington Law School and practised law; removed to Mississippi in 1838; was a member of the Mississippi House of Representatives two years, and of the Mississippi Senate six years; was a Presidential Elector on the Pierce and King ticket in 1852; was a Representative from Mississippi in the Thirty-third, Thirty-fifth, and Thirty-sixth Congresses of the United States, retiring January 12, 1861; was a Representative from Mississippi in the Confederate Congress from 1861 until 1865; was elected to the Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 6,121 votes against 57 votes for Niles, Republican, and 13 scattering. *Re-elected.*

SIXTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Adams, Amite, Covington, Greene, Hancock, Harrison, Jackson, Jones, Lawrence, Marion, Perry, Pike, and Wilkinson.*

Henry S. Van Eaton, of Woodville, was born in Hamilton County, Ohio, September 14 1826; graduated at Illinois College; in 1848 removed to Woodville, Mississippi, where h taught school and studied law; in 1858 was elected District Attorney, and in 1859 to the Stat Legislature; served through the war on the Confederate side; at the close of the war resume the practice of law; in 1880 was appointed Chancellor of the Tenth Mississippi District, an remained on the bench until he was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, r ceiving 7,617 votes against 6,706 votes for John R. Lynch, Republican. *Re-elected.*

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Claiborne, Copiah, Franklin, Hinds, Jefferson, Lincoln, Madison, Rankin, a Simpson.*

Ethelbert Barksdale, of Jackson, was born in Rutherford County, Tennessee; he remov to Mississippi when a youth; entered upon journalism in his twenty-first year, and adopted as a profession; in the mean time has been engaged in farming; he conducted the official jo nal of the State from 1854 to 1861, and from 1876 to 1883; was a member of the Congress the Confederate States during the existence of that government; he served on the Platfo Committees of the National Democratic Conventions of 1860, '68, '72, and '80; he was the Democratic Electoral ticket for the State at Large in 1876, and President of the St Electoral College; he was Chairman of the Democratic State Executive Committee from 18 to 1879; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 10,914 vo against 5,414 votes for James Hill, Republican. *Re-elected.*

MISSOURI.

SENATORS.

Francis Marion Cockrell, of Warrensburg, was born in Johnson County, Missouri, October 1, 1834; received his early education in the common schools of his county; graduated from Chapel Hill College, La Fayette County, Missouri, in July, 1853; studied law, and has pursued that profession, never having held any public office prior to his election to Congress; was elected to the Senate as a Democrat, to succeed Carl Schurz, Independent Republican; took his seat March 4, 1875, and was re-elected. His term of service will expire March 3, 1887.

George Graham Vest, of Kansas City, was born at Frankfort, Kentucky, December 6, 1830; graduated at Centre College, Kentucky, in 1848, and at the Law Department of the Transylvania University, at Lexington, Kentucky, in 1853; removed the same year to Missouri, and began the practice of law in Central Missouri; was a Presidential Elector on the Democratic ticket in 1860; was a member of the Missouri House of Representatives in 1860–'61; was a member of the House of Representatives of the Confederate Congress for two years and a member of the Confederate Senate for one year; was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat, in the place of James Shields, Democrat, (who had been elected to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Lewis V. Bogy, Democrat,) and took his seat March 18, 1879. His term of service will expire March 3, 1885.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Adair, Clarke, Knox, Lewis, Macon, Marion, Putnam, Schuyler, Scotland, and Shelby.*

William Henry Hatch, of Hannibal, was born in Scott County, Kentucky, September 11, 1833; was educated at Lexington, Kentucky; was admitted to the bar in September, 1854, and is a practising lawyer; was elected Circuit Attorney of the Sixteenth Judicial Circuit of Missouri in October, 1858, and re-elected to the same position in November, 1860; served in the Confederate Army; was commissioned Captain and Assistant Adjutant-General December, 1862, and in March, 1863, was assigned to duty as Assistant Commissioner of Exchange under the cartel, and continued in this position until the close of the war; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 16,243 votes against 11,407 votes for Glover, Independent Democrat, and 667 votes for Leavitt, Greenback candidate. *Re-elected.*

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Carroll, Charlton, Grundy, Linn, Livingston, Monroe, Randolph, and Sullivan.*

Armstead M. Alexander, of Paris, was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 19,033 votes against 8,628 votes for Dorsey, Republican, and 5,302 votes for Quayle, Greenbacker.

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Caldwell, Clay, Clinton, De Kalb, Daviess, Gentry, Harrison, Mercer, Ray, and Worth.*

Alexander Monroe Dockery, of Gallatin, was born in Livingston County, Missouri, February 11, 1845; attended the common schools, completing his education at Macon Academy, Macon, Missouri; studied medicine and graduated at the Saint Louis Medical College in March, 1865; also attended lectures at Bellevue College, New York City, and Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, during the winter of 1865–'66; practised medicine at Chillicothe, Missouri, until January, 1874, serving several years as County Physician of Livingston County; in March, 1874, abandoned the practice of medicine and removed to Gallatin, Missouri, and assisted in organizing the Farmers' Exchange Bank, of which organization he was cashier

until elected to Congress; was one of the Curators of the University of Missouri from 1872 to 1882, and in 1870, '71, and '72 President of the Board of Education of Chillicothe, Missouri; has served as Chairman of the Congressional Committee of his District; was a member of the City Council of Gallatin for the five years previous to April, 1883, serving the last two years as Mayor, elected without opposition; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 17,261 votes against 12,887 votes for J. H. Thomas, Republican, and 2,485 votes for J. H. Burrows, Greenbacker. *Re-elected.*

FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Andrew, Atchison, Buchanan, Holt, Nodaway, and Platte.*

James Nelson Burnes, of Saint Joseph, was born in Indiana, August 22, 1832; received a common and high school education; studied law, graduating at the Harvard Law School; was admitted to the bar and practised; was Circuit Attorney in 1856; was Presidential Elector in 1856; was Judge of the Common Pleas Court, 1868 to 1872; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 13,325 votes against 10,571 votes for M. A. Reed, Republican, and 2,185 votes for N. Sisson, Greenback Democrat. *Re-elected.*

FIFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Jackson, Johnson, and La Fayette.*

Alexander Graves, of Lexington, was born in Mississippi August 29, 1844; at the outbreak of the war he left Centre College, Danville, Kentucky; joined the Confederate army, serving under General N. B. Forrest, and was paroled with him at Gainesville, Alabama, May, 1865; returning to college, he graduated at Oakland (now Alcorn University), Mississippi, in July, 1867; studied law, and graduated at the University of Virginia in June, 1869, since which time he has been in active practice of law at Lexington, Missouri; in 1872, he was elected City Attorney of Lexington, and in 1874 Prosecuting Attorney of Lafayette County, Missouri; he had never been a candidate for or held any other office until elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 12,695 votes against 8,672 votes for John T. Crisp, Independent Democrat, and 243 votes for McCabe, Greenbacker.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Benton, Boone, Camden, Cooper, Hickory, Howard, Moniteau, Morgan, Pettis, and Saline.*

John Cosgrove, of Boonville, was born in Jefferson County, New York, September 12, 1839; was educated in New York; studied law at Watertown and was admitted to the bar in October, 1863; was elected Prosecuting Attorney of Cooper County, Missouri, in November, 1872, and held the office two years; was City Attorney of Boonville, Missouri, from April, 1877, to April, 1878, and from April, 1879, to April, 1881; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 17,149 votes against 11,349 votes for William C. Alldridge, Republican Greenbacker.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Audrain, Franklin, Lincoln, Montgomery, Pike, Ralls, Saint Charles, and Warren.*

Aylett Hawes Buckner, of Mexico, was born at Fredericksburg, Virginia, December 14, 1817; was educated at Georgetown College and at the University of Virginia; taught school and studied law; emigrated to Missouri in 1837; was elected in 1841 Clerk of the County Probate Court of Pike County; in 1850 removed to Saint Louis and practised his profession; was elected Attorney for the Bank of the State of Missouri in 1852; in 1854 was appointed Commissioner of Public Works by Gov. Sterling Price; in 1857 was elected Judge of the Third Judicial Circuit; in 1861 was selected by the General Assembly of the State as one of the Delegates to the Peace Congress; was elected to the Forty-third, Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 14,370 votes against 9,857 votes for Dandt, Republican, and 1,786 votes for McNair, Greenback candidate.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

CITY AND COUNTY.—*4th, 6th, 8th, 12th, 14th, 16th, 20th, 23d,* and *28th wards of the city of Saint Louis, Saint Louis County, and Saint Ferdinand Township.*

John J. O'Neill, of Saint Louis, was born June 25, 1846, of Irish parents; received a common-school education; was in the Government civil service during the war, and was afterwards

engaged in manufacturing pursuits; was elected to the State Legislature from Saint Louis in 1872, and re-elected in 1874 and 1876; was nominated for Congress in 1878 by the Workingmen's party, but withdrew; was elected to the Municipal Assembly of Saint Louis in 1879 and re-elected in 1881; was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 7,240 votes against 5,514 votes for Sessinghaus, Republican, 1,291 votes for Daly Filley, Republican, and 1,039 votes for Sullivan, Socialist. *Re-elected.*

NINTH DISTRICT.

CITY.—*The 1st, 2d, 4d, 10th, 13th, 15th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 26th, and 27th wards of the city of Saint Louis.*

James O. Broadhead, of Saint Louis, was born at Charlottesville, Virginia, May 29, 1819; was educated at the High School in Albemarle County and afterwards at the University of Virginia; studied law with Edward Bates, of Missouri, and is a lawyer by profession; was elected to the Missouri Legislature in 1847, and to the Senate in 1850–1854; was a member of the Constitutional Conventions in Missouri, in 1861–1863, which deposed the Rebel Legislature and governed the State of Missouri for two years of the Rebellion; was United States District Attorney for the Eastern District of Missouri in 1861; was a member of the State Constitutional Convention of 1875; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 6,860 votes against 6,758 votes for McLean, Republican and Independent, and 463 votes for Hill, Greenbacker.

TENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES AND CITY.—*Wards 5, 7, 9, 11, 21, 22, 24, and 25 of the city of Saint Louis, county of Saint Louis, except Saint Ferdinand; counties of Iron, Madison, Jefferson, Perry, Reynolds, Saint Francois, Sainte Genevieve, and Washington.*

Martin Linn Clardy, of Farmington, was born in Sainte Genevieve County, Missouri, April 26, 1844; was educated at the Saint Louis University and the University of Virginia; is a lawyer by profession; never held any public office; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 13,536 votes against 7,455 votes for Manistre, Republican, and 2,667 votes for Jackson, Greenback candidate. *Re-elected.*

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Callaway, Cole, Crawford, Dent, Gasconade, Laclede, Maries, Miller, Osage, Phelps, Pulaski, Texas, and Wright.*

Richard Parks Bland, of Lebanon, was born near Hartford, Kentucky, August 19, 1835; received an academic education; removed to Missouri in 1855, thence to California, and thence to that portion of Utah now Nevada, locating at Virginia City; practised law; was interested in mining operations in California and Nevada; was County Treasurer of Carson County, Utah Territory, from 1860 until the organization of the State government of Nevada; returned to Missouri in 1865; located at Rolla, Missouri, and practised law with his brother, C. C. Bland, until he removed to Lebanon in August, 1869, and continued his practice there; was elected to the Forty-third, Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 14,259 votes against 10,530 votes for Wallace, Republican, and 1,187 votes for Quinn, Greenback. *Re-elected.*

TWELFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Barton, Bates, Cass, Cedar, Dade, Henry, Saint Clair, and Vernon.*

Charles Henry Morgan, of Lamar, was born in New York, July 5, 1843; was educated in the Wisconsin common schools and at the Fond du Lac High School; studied law with Hon. Gabe Bouck, at Oshkosh, Wisconsin, and subsequently graduated at the Albany Law School in 1866; is a practising lawyer; served in the Federal Army four years and three months as a private, non-commissioned officer, Second and First Lieutenant, and Captain in the First and Twenty-first Wisconsin Infantry; was Prosecuting Attorney of Barton County, Missouri, for four years; was a member of the Missouri Legislature, 1872–'74; was a member of the Forty-fourth and Forty-fifth Congresses, and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 14,768 votes against 9,111 votes for Terrell, Republican, and 3,550 votes for Spring, Greenbacker.

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Barry, Christian, Dallas, Greene, Jasper, Lawrence, McDonald, Newton, Polk, Stone, Taney, and Webster.*

Robert W. Fyan, of Marshfield, was born in Bedford County, Pennsylvania, March 11, 1835; has resided at Marshfield, Webster County, Missouri, since March, 1858; is a lawyer

by profession; was Captain and Major of the Twenty-fourth Missouri Volunteer Infantry, and Colonel of the Forty-sixth Missouri Volunteer Infantry; was Circuit Attorney of the Fourteenth Judicial Circuit, 1865–'66; was Circuit Judge of the Fourteenth Judicial Circuit of Missouri from April, 1866, to January, 1883, having four years to serve when elected to Congress; was a member of the Missouri Constitutional Convention of 1875; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 13,904 votes against 12,424 votes for Cloud, Democrat, and 6,122 votes for Hazeltine, Greenbacker.

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Bollinger, Butler, Cape Girardeau, Carter, Douglas, Dunklin, Howell, Mississippi, New Madrid, Oregon, Ozark, Pemiscot, Ripley, Scott, Shannon, Stoddard, and Wayne.*

Lowndes H. Davis, of Jackson, was born at Jackson, Cape Girardeau County, Missouri, December 14, 1836; graduated in the Collegiate Department of Yale College in 1860, and at the Louisville Law School, Louisville, Kentucky, in 1863; practised law until 1875; was elected State's Attorney for the Tenth Judicial Circuit of Missouri in 1868, which office he held for four years; was an Elector in 1872 on the Greeley and Brown ticket; in 1875 was a member of the Constitutional Convention that framed Missouri's present constitution; in 1876 was elected a member of the General Assembly of Missouri; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 14,023 votes against 7,177 votes for Carroll, Republican, and 2,920 votes for Kitchen, Greenback candidate.

NEBRASKA.

SENATORS.

Charles H. Van Wyck, of Nebraska City, was born at Poughkeepsie, New York, November —, 1824; graduated at Rutgers College, New Jersey; studied and practised law; was District Attorney of Sullivan County, New York, from 1850 to 1856; entered the Union Army as Colonel of the Tenth Legion, or Fifty-sixth New York Volunteers, and commanded it during the war for the suppression of the rebellion, receiving the rank of Brigadier-General; was elected to the Thirty-sixth, Thirty-seventh, Fortieth, and Forty-first Congresses; removed to Nebraska in 1874; was elected a Delegate to the Constitutional Convention in 1876; was a member of the State Senate for three terms, 1876–'80; was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed Algernon S. Paddock, Republican, and took his seat March 4, 1881. His term of service will expire March 3, 1887.

Charles F. Manderson, of Omaha, was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, February 9, 1837; was educated in the schools and academies of his native city; removed to Canton, Ohio, in 1856, where he studied law and was called to the bar in 1859; was elected City Solicitor of that city in 1860, and in April, 1861, entered the Army as First Lieutenant Company A, Nineteenth Regiment Ohio Infantry; participated in the campaign under General McClellan in West Virginia in the summer of 1861, and afterwards in the campaigns of the Army of the Cumberland; rose through the grades of Captain, Major, Lieutenant-Colonel, and Colonel of the Nineteenth Ohio Infantry, being in command of the regiment from the date of the battle of Shiloh; on September 2, 1864, at the battle of Lovejoy's Station, he was severely wounded, and, because of disability from such wounds, resigned in April, 1865; in March, 1865, he was brevetted Brigadier-General of Volunteers, United States Army, "for gallant, long-continued, and meritorious service during the war of the rebellion;" he continued the practice of law at Canton, Ohio, being twice elected as District Attorney, until November, 1869, when he removed to Omaha, Nebraska, where he has since resided and practised law; for six years he was City Attorney at Omaha, and in 1871 and again in 1874 was elected by both political parties as a member of the Constitutional Convention for those years; he was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed Alvin Saunders, Republican, and took his seat December 3, 1883. His term of service will expire March 3, 1889.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Cass, Douglas, Gage, Johnson, Lancaster, Nemaha, Otoe, Pawnee, Richardson, Saunders, and Sarpy.*

Archibald J. Weaver, of Falls City, was born at Dundaff, Susquehanna County, Pennsylvania, April 15, 1844; worked by the month as a farm hand from the time he was nine

years old until he was seventeen; was educated at Wyoming Seminary, Pennsylvania, and was one of the faculty of that institution from 1864 to 1867; studied law at Harvard University, and was admitted to practice law at Boston, Mass., in January, 1869; removed to Falls City, Nebr., his present residence, in the spring of 1869; in 1871 was elected to the Constitutional Convention of that State; in 1872 was elected District Attorney for the First District of Nebraska; was a member of the Constitutional Convention of Nebraska in 1875; was elected Judge of the First Judicial District of Nebraska in 1875, and re-elected to the same position in 1879, which position he resigned in 1883; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 17,022 votes against 12,690 votes for John I. Rodick, Democrat, and 3,707 votes for Gilbert, Alliance candidate. *Re-elected.*

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Adams, Butler, Chase, Clay, Dundy, Fillmore, Franklin, Frontier, Furnas, Gosper, Hamilton, Harlan, Hayes, Hitchcock, Jefferson, Kearney, Nuckolls, Phelps, Polk, Rea Willow, Saline, Seward, Thayer, Webster, and York.*

James Laird, of Hastings, was born at Fowlerville, Livingston County, New York, June 20, 1849; was brought up in Michigan and educated at Adrian College and Michigan University, at Ann Arbor; was graduated from the Law College of the Michigan University in 1871, and has since been actively engaged in the practice of law; entered the volunteer military service of the United States from Michigan as a private, July 24, 1862, and served with the Army of the Potomac until the close of the war; was a member of the Nebraska Constitutional Convention of 1875; was a Republican Presidential Elector from Nebraska in 1880; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 12,983 votes against 3,060 for F. C. Harmon, Democrat, and 10,012 for S. V. Moore, Anti-Monopoly. *Re-elected.*

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*All that part of the State not included in the First and Second Districts.*

Edward K. Valentine, of West Point, was born at Keosauqua, Van Buren County, Iowa, June 1, 1843; received a common-school education; learned the printer's trade, and worked at the same until the breaking out of the war in 1861; enlisted in the Sixty-seventh Illinois Infantry; was promoted to Second Lieutenant, and honorably discharged; in the spring of 1863 re-enlisted as a private in the Seventh Iowa Cavalry; was promoted to Adjutant of the regiment, and served until June, 1866, having been twice brevetted for "efficient and meritorious services;" located in Nebraska in 1866; was appointed Register of the United States Land Office at Omaha in 1869; having studied law, was admitted to the bar and engaged actively in practice until the fall of 1875, when he was elected Judge of the Sixth Judicial District, serving as such until he was elected to the Forty-sixth Congress; he was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 11,284 votes against 9,932 votes for Munger, Democrat, and 7,342 votes for Turner, Independent Republican.

NEVADA.

SENATORS.

John P. Jones, of Gold Hill, was born in Herefordshire, England, in 1830, and came with his parents to this country when he was less than a year old, settling in the northern part of Ohio, where he attended public school in Cleveland for a few years; in the early part of the California excitement he went to that State, and engaged in farming and mining in one of the inland counties, which he subsequently represented in both houses of the State Assembly; went to Nevada in 1867, and since then has been entirely engaged in the development of the mineral resources of that State; was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed J. W. Nye, Republican; took his seat March 4, 1873, and was re-elected. His term of service will expire March 3, 1885.

James Graham Fair, of Virginia City, was born December 3, 1831, near Belfast, Ireland; he came to this country with his parents in 1843, and settled in Illinois, where he attended the public schools, completing his education in Chicago, where he received a thorough business education, paying special attention to scientific studies; on the breaking out of the gold fever, in 1849, he moved to California and engaged in mining until 1860, when he removed to Nevada,

where he has ever since resided, and where he has at all times been extensively engaged in mining, constructing huge quartz mills, building water-works, etc.; in 1867 he formed a partnership with John W. Mackay, J. C. Flood, and Wm. S. O'Brien. The firm purchased the control of the Bonanzas and various other well-known mines, the yield of gold and silver from which, while under the superintendency of Mr. Fair, is estimated at about two hundred million dollars; he is also extensively engaged in real estate and buildings in San Francisco, and is largely interested in the various manufactures of the Pacific coast; he was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat, to succeed William Sharon, Republican, and took his seat March 4, 1881. His term of service will expire March 3, 1887.

REPRESENTATIVE.

AT LARGE.

George William Cassidy, of Eureka, was born in Bourbon County, Kentucky, April 25, 1836; was educated in the free schools and by a private tutor; is, by profession, a journalist; was elected to the State Senate in 1872 for four years, and was re-elected to the same body in 1876; was chosen President of the Senate for the session of 1879; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 7,720 votes against 6,462 votes for Powning, Republican.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

SENATORS.

Henry W. Blair, of Manchester, was born at Campton, New Hampshire, December 6, 1834; received a common-school and academic education; studied law with William Leverett, at Plymouth; admitted to the bar in May, 1859, and has since practised; was appointed Prosecuting Attorney for Grafton County in 1860; served in the Union Army as Lieutenant-Colonel of the Fifteenth New Hampshire Volunteers; was a member of the State House of Representatives in 1866, and of the State Senate in 1867–'68; was elected a Representative in the Forty-fourth and Forty-fifth Congresses as a Republican, and declined a renomination to the House of Representatives of the Forty-sixth Congress; he was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed Charles H. Bell, who had been temporarily appointed by the Executive of New Hampshire, and took his seat June 20, 1879. His term of service will expire March 3, 1885.

Austin F. Pike, of Franklin, New Hampshire, was born October 16, 1819; received an academic education; studied law and was admitted to the bar of Merrimack County in July, 1845, and has been in active practice since; was a member of the New Hampshire House of Representatives in 1850, '51, '52, '65, and '66, and Speaker of the House the last two years; was a member of the New Hampshire Senate in 1857 and '58, and President of the Senate the last year; was Chairman of the Republican State Committee in 1858, '59, and '60; was Delegate to the Philadelphia Convention which nominated General Frémont in 1856; was elected a Representative to the Forty-third Congress, serving from December 1, 1873, to March 3, 1875; and was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed E. H. Rollins, Republican, and took his seat December 3, 1883. His term of service will expire March 3, 1889.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Belknap, Carroll, Rockingham, Strafford, and parts of Hillsborough and Merrimack Counties.*

Martin A. Haynes, of Lake Village, was born at Springfield, New Hampshire, July 30, 1842; removed to Manchester, New Hampshire, at the age of four years, where he received a common-school education and learned the printer's trade; in June, 1861, he enlisted as a private in the Second New Hampshire Regiment, in which he served as a private three years, receiving wounds at the first Bull Run, Glendale, and second Bull Run battles; in 1868 he removed to Lake Village, where he established "The Lake Village Times," which he has ever since published; was a member of the New Hampshire House of Representatives in 1872 and 1873; Clerk of the Supreme Court for Belknap County from 1876 to 1883; President of the New Hampshire Veteran Association 1881 and 1882; Department Commander

Grand Army of the Republic 1881 and 1882; was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 19,702 votes against 15,904 votes for Chandler, Democrat, and 353 scattering. *Re-elected.*

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Cheshire, Coos, Grafton, Sullivan, and parts of Hillsborough and Merrimack Counties.*

Ossian Ray, of Lancaster, was born at Hinesburg, Vermont, December 13, 1835; removed to Irasburg, Vermont, in early childhood; received there and at Derby, Vermont, a common-school and academic education; studied law five years at Irasburg, and at Lancaster, New Hampshire, to which place he removed in 1854; was admitted to the bar in 1857, and has practised his profession since that time; was a member of the State Legislature in 1868 and '69; was Solicitor for Coos County from 1862 to 1872; was Delegate at Large to the Republican National Convention at Philadelphia, in June, 1872; was United States Attorney for the District of New Hampshire from February 22, 1879, to December 23, 1880, when he resigned, upon his nomination as a candidate for Congress; was elected to fill the vacancy in the Forty-sixth Congress caused by the death of Hon. Evarts W. Farr; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 21,409 votes against 19,187 votes for J. D. Hosley, Democrat, and 391 scattering.

NEW JERSEY.

SENATORS.

John Rhoderic McPherson, of Jersey City, was born at York, Livingston County, New York, May 9, 1833; received a common-school and academic education; removed to Jersey City, New Jersey, in 1859; was elected a member of the Board of Aldermen of Jersey City in 1864, and held that office for six years, serving for three years as President of the Board; was President of the People's Gas-Light Company during the years 1868–'69; was a member of the State Senate of New Jersey in 1871–'73; was a Presidential Elector on the Tilden and Hendricks ticket in 1876; was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat, to succeed F. T. Frelinghuysen, Republican, took his seat March 5, 1877, and was re-elected in January, 1883. His term of service will expire March 3, 1889.

William J. Sewell, of Camden, was born in Ireland in 1835; left an orphan at an early age, he came to the United States in 1851, and engaged in business in the city of New York; shortly thereafter he entered the merchant marine, making several voyages; abandoning the sea after a few years he located in Chicago and re-entered upon business life; returning east just previous to the rebellion he entered the service as Captain in the Fifth New Jersey Volunteers; he was mustered out at the close of the war with the rank of Brevet Major-General; he served nine years in the State Senate of New Jersey, three years of which he was President of that body; he was a Delegate at Large from that State to the Republican National Conventions at Cincinnati, in 1876, and at Chicago, in 1880; he was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed Theodore F. Randolph, Democrat, and took his seat March 4, 1881. His term of service will expire March 3, 1887.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Camden, Cape May, Cumberland, Gloucester, and Salem.*

Thomas M. Ferrell, of Glassboro', was born at Glassboro', New Jersey, June 20, 1844; received a common-school and academic education; was elected a member of the township committee in 1872–'73, also a member of the school board of his native town for three consecutive terms of three years each, and is now the president of the board; was elected a member of the general assembly of New Jersey in the years of 1879–'80 in a strong Republican district; after his term expired, was elected State Senator for the county of Gloucester by a majority of 546; is Past Grand Master of Odd Fellows of New Jersey; was nominated for the Forty-Eighth Congress before his term of State Senator expired, and was elected as a Democrat, receiving 16,541 votes against 14,825 votes for George M. Robeson, Republican, and 684 votes for Bustor, Greenbacker.

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Atlantic, Burlington, Mercer, and Ocean.*

J. Hart Brewer, of Trenton, was born in Hunterdon County, New Jersey, March 29, 1844; was educated at the Delaware Literary Institution, Franklin, Delaware County, New York; is now and has been for sixteen years a manufacturer of pottery; was elected a member of the New Jersey House of Assembly in 1876; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 15,604 votes against 14,535 votes for Parker, Democrat, and 270 votes for Howland, Greenback candidate.

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Middlesex, Monmouth, and Union.*

John Kean, Jr., of Elizabeth, was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 15,186 votes against 12,891 votes for Ross, Democrat, and 3,463 votes for Urner, Greenbacker. *Re-elected.*

FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Hunterdon, Somerset, Sussex, and Warren.*

Benjamin F. Howey, of Columbia, was born at Pleasant Meadows, near Swedesboro', Gloucester County, New Jersey, March 17, 1828; was educated by a private tutor at Pleasant Meadows, and at the academies at Swedesboro' and Bridgeton, New Jersey; is engaged in quarrying and manufacturing roofing and school slates; was Captain of Company G, Thirty-first Regiment New Jersey Volunteers, from September 3, 1862, to June 26, 1863; was Sheriff of Warren County, New Jersey, from November 13, 1878, to November 15, 1881; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 11,567 votes against 10,945 votes for H. S. Harris, Democrat. *Re-elected.*

FIFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Bergen, Morris, and Passaic.*

William Walter Phelps, of Teaneck, Englewood, was born in New York City August 24, 1839; graduated at Yale College in 1860, and at the Columbia College Law School in 1863; retired from the practice of law in 1868, refusing a judgeship offered by Governor Fenton; was elected in 1872 a Representative in the Forty-third Congress, and was a candidate for re-election to the Forty-fourth Congress, but was defeated by seven votes; was a Delegate at Large to the National Republican Convention at Chicago in 1880; also in 1884; was sent as Minister to Austria in 1881 and relinquished the position in 1882; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 14,341 votes against 12,703 votes for Ryle, Democrat. *Re-elected.*

SIXTH DISTRICT.

COUNTY *of Essex.*

William H. F. Fiedler, of Newark, was born in New York City, October 25, 1847; received a public and high school education; is a practical hatter, and now in the retail hat business; was elected Alderman of Newark in October, 1876; was elected a member of the New Jersey Legislature in November, 1877; was re-elected Alderman in October, 1878, and re-elected a member of the Legislature in November, 1878; was elected Mayor of Newark while serving his second term as an Alderman in October, 1879; in 1882, previous to the organization of the Legislature, one of the Republican members died—the House having been a tie, Mr. Fiedler was nominated to fill the vacancy, and elected, which gave the organization of the House of Assembly of New Jersey to the Democrats; this was his third term; and he was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, in a Republican district, receiving 17,200 votes against 14,780 votes for John L. Blake, Republican, and 368 votes for William Hook, Labor Party.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTY *of Hudson—including the cities of Jersey City and Hoboken.*

William McAdoo, of Jersey City, was born in Ireland October 25, 1853, and was brought by his parents at an early age to Jersey City, where he has continued to reside; received a good education in the schools of Jersey City; studied law with ex-Congressman Scudder, of New Jersey, and became a member of the bar of that State in 1874; has been counsel for many years to a municipal board in Hudson County, New Jersey; served as a member of the Legislature of New Jersey; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 15,147 votes against 11,566 votes for Gilbert Collins, Republican. *Re-elected.*

NEW YORK.

SENATORS.

Warner Miller, of Herkimer, was born in Oswego County, New York, August 12, 1838; graduated at Union College in 1860; commenced teaching in the Fort Edward Collegiate Institute, but on the breaking out of the war enlisted as private in the Fifth New York Cavalry; served in the Shenandoah Valley; was promoted to be Sergeant-Major and Lieutenant; was taken prisoner at the battle of Winchester; is now engaged in the manufacture of paper, and farming; was a Delegate to the National Convention at Philadelphia in 1872; was elected to the New York Legislature in 1874, and also in 1875; was elected to the Forty-sixth Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-seventh Congress; was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, July 16, 1881, in the place of Thomas C. Platt, resigned, and took his seat October 11, 1881. His term of service will expire March 3, 1887.

Elbridge G. Lapham, of Canandaigua, was born at Farmington, New York, October 18, 1814; was brought up on a farm, attending the winter public schools, and was subsequently at the Canandaigua Academy, where he was a classmate of Hon. Stephen A. Douglas; studied civil engineering, and was employed on the Michigan Southern Railroad Line; afterwards studied law, was admitted to the bar in 1844, and has since practised at Canandaigua; was a member of the Constitutional Convention of New York in 1867; was elected to the Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, and Forty-sixth Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-seventh Congress; was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, July 22, 1881, in the place of Roscoe Conkling, resigned, and took his seat October 11, 1881. His term of service will expire March 3, 1885.

REPRESENTATIVES.

AT LARGE.

Henry Warner Slocum, of Brooklyn, was born at Delphi, New York, September 24, 1827; graduated at West Point; is a lawyer, and connected with the management of railroads; served in the Union Army; was Major-General of Volunteers in 1862; was a member of the Forty-first and Forty-second Congresses; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as Congressman at Large from New York as a Democrat, receiving 503,934 votes against 394,232 votes for Howard Carroll, Republican.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Suffolk, Richmond, and Queens.*

Perry Belmont, of Babylon, Long Island, was born in the city of New York, December 28, 1851; graduated at Harvard College in 1872; was admitted to the bar in 1876, and has since been engaged in the practice of the law; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 18,688 votes against 4,957 votes for Townsend, Independent Democrat, 116 votes for Markham, Greenback candidate, and 310 scattering. *Re-elected.*

SECOND DISTRICT.

CITY OF BROOKLYN.—*Old 1st, 2d, 3d, 5th, 6th, 8th, 10th, 12th, and 22d wards.*

William E. Robinson, of Brooklyn, was born at Unagh, near Cookstown, in the County of Tyrone, Ireland, May 6, 1814; attended a classical academy at Cookstown, and entered college at Belfast, but was forced by ill-health to abandon his studies; his physicians despaired of his recovery, but recommended a sea voyage, and he sailed from Liverpool in June, 1836, arriving at New York, after a voyage of eight weeks, with completely restored health; resumed his classical studies at the school of Rev. John J. Owen; entered Yale College as a freshman in 1837, and was graduated in the class of 1841 with the degree of A. B.; was connected for two years with the Yale Law School, and in 1844 received from Yale the degree of A. M., but devoted a considerable portion of his time to lecturing before literary associations; soon after the establishment of "The New York Tribune" he became one of its assistant editors, and in 1843 its regular and only Washington correspondent, under the signature of "Richelieu," under which he still contributes to the press; he also wrote Washington correspondence

for "The Richmond, Va., Whig," "The Boston Atlas," "The Louisville Journal," and other papers under different signatures; he was also a contributor to "The New York Herald," and was afterwards, at various times, the chief editor of "The Buffalo Express," "The Newark Mercury," "The People," and "The Irish World;" in 1854 he was admitted to the New York bar, and afterwards to the Supreme Court of the United States, and practised law in New York City; in 1859 he visited Europe, and in 1862 was appointed by President Lincoln Assessor of Internal Revenue for the Third (Brooklyn) District of New York; in 1848 he came within one vote of receiving the Whig nomination for Congress for the Fourth (New York City) District of New York; he frequently ran for the New York Assembly and for the Judiciary against ring nominations; in 1866 he was elected a Representative in Congress as a Democrat, defeating Simeon B. Chittenden, Republican; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 19,004 votes against 10,777 votes for David A. Boody, Independent Democrat and Republican, 102 votes for Brown, Greenback candidate, and 248 scattering.

THIRD DISTRICT.

CITY OF BROOKLYN.—*4th, 7th, 11th, 13th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 23d, and 25th wards.*

Darwin R. James, of Brooklyn, was born in Williamsburg, Massachusetts, May 14, 1834; received an academic education at Mount Pleasant Boarding-School, Amherst, Massachusetts; entered into mercantile business in the city of New York, and is an importer of indigo, spices, &c., from the East Indies; is President of the East Brooklyn Savings Bank; is Secretary of the New York Board of Trade and Transportation, in which capacity he has served for nearly nine years; served for six years, from 1876 to 1882, as a Park Commissioner of the city of Brooklyn; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 19,260 votes against 16,862 for William Hester, Democrat. *Re-elected.*

FOURTH DISTRICT.

CITY AND TOWNS.—*9th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, and 24th wards of the city of Brooklyn, and the towns of Flatbush, Flatlands, Gravesend, New Lots, and New Utrecht.*

Felix Campbell, of Brooklyn, was born at Brooklyn, New York, February 28, 1829; received a common-school education; is a manufacturer of iron pipe, and a consulting engineer; was President of the Board of Supervisors in 1858; was appointed one of the Centennial Commissioners by Governor Tilden in 1876, and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 18,282 votes against 10,732 votes for C. W. Goddard, Republican.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

CITY OF NEW YORK.—*1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 8th, and 14th wards, and Governor's Island.*

Nicholas Muller, of New York, was born in the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg, November 15, 1836; received a common-school education in the cities of Luxembourg and Metz, and afterwards attended the Luxembourg Athenæum; has been engaged in business as a Railroad Ticket-agent for over twenty years, and is now General Eastern Passenger Agent of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad; was a member of the State Assembly in 1875 and 1876; was a member of the Forty-fifth and Forty-sixth Congresses; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 16,148 votes against 2,234 scattering. *Re-elected.*

SIXTH DISTRICT.

CITY OF NEW YORK.—*7th, 11th, and 13th wards.*

Samuel Sullivan Cox, of New York, was born at Zanesville, Ohio, September 30, 1824; attended Ohio University, Athens, but graduated at Brown University, Providence, in the class of 1846; studied and practised law; was owner and editor of "The Columbus (Ohio) Statesman" in 1853 and '54; was appointed Secretary of Legation to Peru in 1855; was a Delegate to the Chicago and the New York Democratic National Conventions of 1864 and 1868; is the author of several works, and a constant contributor to the press and periodicals; was elected from the Columbus (Ohio) District to the Thirty-fifth, Thirty-sixth, Thirty-seventh, and Thirty-eighth Congresses; removed to New York City on the 4th of March, 1865; was elected to the Forty-first Congress, was re-elected to the Forty-second Congress, and was the candidate of the Democrats and Liberal Republicans for Representative at Large in the Forty-third Congress, and defeated by Lyman Tremain, though running several thousand ahead of the rest of his ticket; he was subsequently re-elected to the Forty-third Congress, (to succeed

James Brooks, deceased;) was re-elected to the Forty-fourth Congress; was appointed Speaker *pro tem.* of the House June 7, 1876, and elected Speaker *pro tem.* June 19, 1876, serving until he vacated the office June 24, 1876; was elected to the Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 16,624 votes against 5,307 votes for Quinn, Republican, 354 votes for Lennon, Liberal, and 160 scattering. Mr. Cox entered the House before any other member, although his service has not been continuous. He has served twenty-four years and has two years more to serve. *Re-elected.*

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

CITY OF NEW YORK.—*10th and 17th wards, and that part of the 18th ward west of Third avenue.*

William Dorsheimer, of New York City, was born at Lyons, Wayne County, New York, February 5, 1832; was educated at Phillips Academy, Andover, and Harvard College; studied law; was admitted to the bar and has since practised in the city of New York; was appointed Major in the United States Army in August, 1861; was appointed United States Attorney for the Northern District of New York in April, 1867; was Lieutenant-Governor of New York in 1874 and re-elected in 1876, his term expiring January 1, 1880; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 11,401 votes against 6,787 votes for John E. Brodsky, Republican.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

CITY OF NEW YORK.—*9th, 15th, and 16th wards, and that part of the city bounded by Fourteenth and Twenty-sixth streets and Fourth and Sixth avenues.*

John J. Adams, of New York, was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 12,089 votes against 10,904 votes for Russell, Republican. *Re-elected.*

NINTH DISTRICT.

CITY OF NEW YORK.—*20th and 22d wards, embracing all that part of the city lying between West Twenty-sixth and West Eighty-sixth streets west of Sixth avenue.*

John Hardy, of New York City, was born in Scotland, September 19, 1835; entered the public schools of the city of New York when four years of age; received a public-school and collegiate education, graduating from the College of the City of New York in 1853; was employed as a tutor at the college for four years after graduating; studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1861, and has practised law in the city of New York since that time; was a member of the Assembly of the State of New York in 1861; was a member of the Board of Aldermen of the city of New York in 1863, '64, '67, '68, and '69; Clerk of the Common Council of the city of New York in 1870 and '71, and Chief Clerk in the office of the Mayor of the city of New York in 1877 and '78; was elected in 1881 to the Forty-seventh Congress to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Fernando Wood, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 16,191 votes against 7,217 votes for O'Beirne, Republican, and 373 scattering.

TENTH DISTRICT.

CITY OF NEW YORK.—*Commencing at the East River at Fourteenth Street, thence along the north side of Fourteenth street to Fourth avenue, thence along Fourth avenue to Twenty-sixth street, thence along Twenty-sixth street to Third avenue, thence along Third avenue to Eighty-sixth street, thence along Eighty-sixth street to the East River, thence along the East River to Fourteenth street, and including Blackwell's Island.*

Abram Stevens Hewitt, of New York, was born at Haverstraw, New York, July 31, 1822; received his elementary education at the public schools of New York City, where he gained a prize scholarship to Columbia College, whence he graduated at the head of his class in 1842; was acting Professor of Mathematics in 1843; studied law, and was admitted to practise in the State Supreme Court in October, 1845; his eyesight failing, he engaged in the iron business, and under the firm of Cooper & Hewitt established extensive iron-works, mainly in New Jersey and Pennsylvania; was appointed one of the ten United States Scientific Commissioners to visit the French "Exposition Universelle" of 1867, and made a report on "Iron and Steel," which was published by Congress, and has been translated into most foreign languages; has organized and managed the "Cooper Union for the Advancement of Science and Art," designed especially for the education of the working-classes; was elected to the Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, and Forty-seventh Congresses; was not a candidate for the Forty-sixth; and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 22,144 votes against 3,755 scattering. *Re-elected.*

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

CITY OF NEW YORK.—*Part of the 20th ward between Sixth and Seventh avenues, part of the 21st ward between Third and Sixth avenues, part of the 22d ward between Sixth and Eighth avenues, part of the 19th ward between Third and Sixth avenues, part of the 12th ward between Third and Eighth avenues south of Eighty-sixth street, and between Eighth avenue and the East River north of Eighty-sixth street.*

Orlando B. Potter, of 26 Lafayette Place, New York City, was born at Charlemont, Massachusetts, March 10, 1823; was educated at district school, Williams College, and Dane Law School, Cambridge; was admitted to the bar at Boston, February 12, 1848; practised law in Boston and Middlesex County, Massachusetts, five years, during which time he also became interested in manufacturing; was elected president of a manufacturing company, and removed to New York in 1853; continued there in active and extensive business until 1876, when he withdrew from manufacturing and commercial business, since which he has devoted himself to his large farm at Sing Sing on the Hudson, and to the care and improvement of his property in New York; he has never until now held office beyond a justice's commission in his native State; on August 14, 1861, he laid before Secretary Chase the plan for our National Banking System; he was nominated for Congress in the Tenth Congressional District of New York in 1878, but was defeated; he was tendered the United Democratic nomination in the Eleventh District at the special election in 1881, but declined and earnestly assisted in the election of Hon. R. P. Flower; when Mr. Flower declined a renomination Mr. Potter was again nominated by the United Democracy, and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Union Democrat, receiving 15,049 votes against 13,947 votes for William L. Strong, Republican.

TWELFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTY.—*Westchester.*

Waldo Hutchins, of Kingsbridge, was born at Brooklyn, Connecticut, in 1823; graduated at Amherst College; studied law, and, on being admitted to the bar, commenced practice in the city of New York; was a member of the Legislature of the State of New York in 1852, and of the Constitutional Convention of the State of New York of 1867; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 15,663 votes against 8,938 votes for Long, Republican.

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Columbia, Dutchess, and Putnam.*

John H. Ketcham, of Dover Plains, was born at Dover, New York, December 21, 1832; received an academic education; became interested in agricultural pursuits; was supervisor of his town in 1854 and '55; was a member of the State Assembly of New York in 1856 and '57; was a member of the State Senate of New York in 1860 and '61; entered the Union Army as Colonel of the One hundred and fiftieth Volunteers in October, 1862, and was appointed Brigadier-General, serving until he resigned, in March, 1865, to take the seat in Congress to which he had been elected; he was afterwards appointed Major-General by brevet; was elected to the Thirty-ninth, Fortieth, Forty-first, and Forty-second Congresses; was a Delegate to the National Republican Convention in 1876; was Commissioner of the District of Columbia from July 3, 1874, until June 30, 1877, when he resigned, having been elected to the Forty-fifth Congress; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 16,217 votes against 2,020 for S. Tripp, Greenbacker, and 1,016 for J. Dorland, Prohibitionist. *Re-elected.*

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Orange, Rockland, and Sullivan.*

Lewis Beach, of Cornwall, was born in the city of New York, March 30, 1835; graduated at the Yale Law School in 1856; was admitted to the bar the same year, and began the practice of law in New York City; in 1861 took up his residence in Orange County, New York, and has since combined farming with the law; has contributed for the last twenty years to the newspapers and periodicals; is the author of the "History of Cornwall;" was supervisor of the town of Cornwall in 1869; was a member and treasurer of the Democratic State Central Committee, 1877–'79; was placed on the Electoral ticket for 1880, but resigned on receiving his nomination for Congress; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 13,454 votes against 12,821 votes for Low, Republican, 420 votes for Pimm, Greenback candidate, 308 votes for Carey, Prohibitionist, and 11 scattering. *Re-elected.*

FIFTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Greene, Schoharie, and Ulster.*

John H. Bagley, jr., of Catskill, was born at Hudson, New York, November 26, 1832; received a common-school education; is a merchant and engaged in leather manufacture; was supervisor of the town of Catskill in 1861, '62, '63, and '64; was a member of the Forty-fourth Congress; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress, receiving 16,625 votes against 13,168 votes for Charles Bray, Republican, and 407 votes for Jacob J. Werner, National.

SIXTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTY.—*Albany.*

Thomas J. Van Alstyne, of Albany, was born at Richmondville, Schoharie County, New York, July 25, 1827; was educated at the common school of the village, and at Moravia Academy, Hartwick Seminary, and Hamilton College, graduating from the latter after a full course in 1848; studied law with Messrs. Harris and Van Vorts at Albany, and was admitted to practise at that place in 1849, where he has since resided; has held the office of County Judge of Albany County twelve years, having been elected in 1871 and re-elected in 1877; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 17,797 votes against 11,404 votes for Theodore V. Van Hoesen, Republican, and 2,010 votes for Lemon Thompson, Greenback and Labor-Reformer.

SEVENTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Rensselaer and Washington.*

Henry G. Burleigh, of Whitehall, was born at Canaan, New Hampshire, June 2, 1832; received a common-school education; is engaged in business connected with lumber, coal, mining iron ore, and transportation; was Supervisor of the town of Ticonderoga, Essex County, New York, for several years; was a member of the Assembly from Essex County in 1876, and was Chairman of the Committee on Canals; was a member of Assembly from Washington County; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress, receiving 17,000 votes, with no opposing candidate. *Re-elected.*

EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Clinton, Essex, and Warren.*

Frederick A. Johnson, of Glens Falls, was born at Glens Falls, Warren County, New York, January 2, 1833; was educated at the common schools and at Glens Falls Academy; for many years prior to 1884 was engaged in banking; never held office until he was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 10,667 votes against 1,476 votes for Thomas Fassett, Greenbacker. *Re-elected.*

NINETEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Franklin and Saint Lawrence.*

Abraham X. Parker, of Potsdam, was born at Granville, Addison County, Vermont, November 14, 1831, and has been a resident of Saint Lawrence County, New York, over forty years; was educated at Saint Lawrence Academy and the Albany Law School, and, after being admitted to practise, continued law studies at Buffalo and Syracuse; has, since 1857, been a lawyer in active practice; served in the New York Assembly in 1863 and '64, and as State Senator in 1868, '69, '70, and '71; was first Elector at Large upon the Republican Presidential ticket in 1876; is Secretary of the State Normal School at Potsdam; received the honorary degree of A. M. from Middlebury College in 1880; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 12,578 votes against 7,365 votes for Smith, Democrat. *Re-elected.*

TWENTIETH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Fulton, Hamilton, Montgomery, Saratoga, and Schenectady.*

Edward Wemple, of Fultonville, was born at Fultonville, October 23, 1843; educated at Union College, graduating with the class of 1866; studied law for a time, but became a manufacturer in the foundry business; was Supervisor of his native town during 1874, '75, and '76; was a member of the New York State Legislature in 1877 and '78, serving on the Committees of Railroads, Villages, and the Library; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 17,831 votes against 17,742 votes for George Went, Republican.

TWENTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Chenango, Delaware, and Otsego.*

George W. Ray, of Chenango, was born at Otselie, Chenango County, New York, February 3, 1844; was educated at Norwich Academy, Norwich, Chenango County, New York; entered the Army in June, 1864, and served as Brigade Clerk, First Brigade, First Division, Nineteenth Army Corps; commenced reading law in March, 1866, and was admitted to practice in November, 1866, and has practised his profession at Norwich, New York, since; for several years was Chairman of Republican County Committee of Chenango County, and was member of Republican State Committee in 1880; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 15,188 votes against 14,742 votes for Babcock, Democrat.

TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Herkimer, Jefferson, and Lewis.*

Charles R. Skinner, of Watertown, was born at Union Square, Oswego County, New York, August 4, 1844; received a common-school and academic education; is a journalist; was elected member of the Board of Education of the city of Watertown in 1875, re-elected in 1878, and again in 1881; served in the New York Assembly during the sessions of 1877, '78, '79, '80, and '81; was Chairman of the Committee on Railroads in the sessions of 1880 and '81; was elected in 1881 to the Forty-seventh Congress, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Warner Miller, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 15,236 votes against 13,967 votes for Davenport, Democrat.

TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTY.—*Oneida.*

John Thomas Spriggs, of Utica, was born at Peterborough, Northamptonshire, England, 1827; graduated from Union College; is a lawyer by profession; has been County Treasurer and District Attorney of Oneida County; served twice as Mayor of Utica; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 12,299 votes against 10,623 votes for S. H. Fox, Republican. *Re-elected.*

TWENTY-FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Madison and Oswego.*

Newton W. Nutting, of Oswego, was born at West Monroe, Oswego County, New York, October 22, 1840; received an academical education at Mexico, Oswego County, New York; studied law with A. L. Johnson, at Syracuse, New York; was admitted to the bar, and has since practised; was a member of the School Committee of the Second District of Oswego County, New York, from January 1, 1864, to January 1, 1867; was District Attorney of Oswego County from January 1, 1869, to January 1, 1872; was County Judge of Oswego County from January 1, 1878, to March 4, 1883, when he resigned, having been elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 11,516 votes against 9,905 votes for Charles Rhodes, Democrat.

TWENTY-FIFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Cortland and Onondaga.*

Frank Hiscock, of Syracuse, was born at Pompey, September 6, 1834; received an academic education; studied law, was admitted to the bar in 1855, and commenced to practise at Tully, Onondaga County; was elected District Attorney of Onondaga County, serving 1860–'63; was a member of the State Constitutional Convention in 1867; was elected to the Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 14,563 votes against 13,831 votes for Davis, Democrat, 1,128 for Sweet, Greenbacker candidate, 372 for Abbott, Prohibitionist, and 24 scattering. *Re-elected.*

TWENTY-SIXTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Cayuga, Seneca, and Wayne.*

Sereno E. Payne, of Auburn, was born at Hamilton, New York, June 26, 1843, and graduated from the University at Rochester in 1864; was admitted to the bar in 1866, and has since practised law at Auburn; was city clerk of Auburn, 1868–'71; was Supervisor of Auburn, 1871–'72; was District Attorney of Cayuga County, 1873–'79; was President of the Board of Education at Auburn, 1879–'82; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress

as a Republican, receiving 13,607 votes against 12,651 votes for Jasper N. Hammond, Democrat, 864 votes for Isaac M. Foster, Temperance candidate, and 773 votes for Milton F. Merchant, Greenbacker. *Re-elected.*

TWENTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Livingston, Ontario, and Yates.*

James W. Wadsworth was born at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, October 12, 1846; was elected in 1881 to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of E. G. Lapham, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 12,013 votes against 10,931 votes for Pierpont, Democrat, and 30 scattering.

TWENTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Broome, Schuyler, Tioga, and Tompkins.*

Stephen C. Millard, of Binghamton, was born at Stamford, Vermont, January 14, 1841; was educated at Williams College, Massachusetts, graduating in the class of 1865; read law at Harvard Law School, and in the office of Pingree & Baker, Pittsfield, Massachusetts, and was admitted to the bar of the State of New York in May, 1867, at Binghamton; has been in constant practice of the law at Binghamton from date of his admission to the bar to the present time; was Chairman of the Republican County Committee 1872–'79; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 15,087 votes against 13,378 votes for F. Davis, jr., Democrat. *Re-elected.*

TWENTY-NINTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Allegany, Chemung, and Steuben.*

John Arnot, Jr., of Elmira, was born at Elmira, New York, March 11, 1831; was educated at a private school; engaged in the banking business at Elmira; was elected President of the village of Elmira in 1859, '60, '61, and Mayor in 1864, '70, and '74; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 17,769 votes against 14,988 votes for Archie E. Baxter, Republican. *Re-elected.*

THIRTIETH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Monroe and Orleans.*

Halbert Stevens Greenleaf, of Rochester, was born in Guilford, Windham County, Vermont, April 12, 1827; was brought up on a farm, and received a common-school and academic education; is a manufacturer of locks—time, combination, and key locks; was commissioned Justice of the Peace March 12, 1856, and Captain of Massachusetts Militia August 29, 1857; enlisted as a private soldier in the Union Army August, 1862; was commissioned Captain of Company E, Fifty-second Regiment Massachusetts Volunteers, September 12, 1862—unanimously elected Colonel of the regiment October 23 of the same year, and subsequently served under General Banks in the Department of the Gulf; organized and commanded the Hancock Brigade in the fall of 1880; was elected commander of the First New York Veteran Brigade February, 1882, and re-elected January, 1883; was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat in a Republican district, receiving 18,042 votes against 12,308 votes for John Van Voorhis, Republican, and 1,419 for Gordon, Prohibitionist.

THIRTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Wyoming, Genesee, and Niagara.*

Robert S. Stevens, of Attica, was born in Attica, now Wyoming County, New York, March 27, 1824; received an academical education; studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1856; is now engaged in farming; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 12,069 votes against 9,442 votes for William C. Watson, Republican.

THIRTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTY.—*Erie.*

William Findlay Rogers, of Buffalo, was born in Forks Township, near the borough of Easton, Pennsylvania, March 1, 1820; his father, Thomas J. Rogers, was a Representative in the Fifteenth, Sixteenth, Seventeenth, and Eighteenth Congresses from the State of Pennsylvania; received a common-school education; entered a printing office at Easton, Pennsylvania, at an early age, and pursued that occupation until 1861, when he was foreman in the office of "The Buffalo Daily Courier." At the breaking out of the Rebellion he was Captain of a company of State Militia, which tendered its services to President Lincoln; his company formed

one of the Twenty-first Regiment New York Volunteers, and on its organization he was unanimously elected Colonel; served with his regiment until it was mustered out of service in 1863; was appointed Commissioner of Enrollment, and afterwards Provost Marshal of the Thirty-second District of New York; was elected Comptroller of the City of Buffalo in 1867, and Mayor of the City of Buffalo in 1869; was appointed Secretary and Treasurer of the Park Commissioners in 1871; was nominated for the State Senate in 1878, but declined; was brevetted Brigadier-General United States Volunteers in 1865 for "faithful and meritorious services;" is now Major-General of the Fourth Division National Guards State of New York; was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 20,591 votes against 19,804 votes for John F. Moulton, Republican.

THIRTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Cattaraugus and Chautauqua.*

Francis B. Brewer, of Westfield, was born in Keene, New Hampshire, in 1820; was educated at public schools, and graduated at Dartmouth College; also graduated in the Medical Department of the same institution; has been engaged in banking, manufacturing, and farming; was Military State Agent during the war; was elected to the New York State Legislature in 1873 and '74; was Government Director of the Union Pacific Railroad four years under Presidents Grant and Hayes; was appointed by Governor Cornell a manager of the New York State Insane Asylum at Buffalo; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 12,123 votes against 9,591 votes for Lowry, Democrat, 1,020 votes for Sellers, Prohibitionist, and 856 votes for Randall, Greenbacker.

NORTH CAROLINA.

SENATORS.

Matt W. Ransom, of Northampton County, (post-office, Weldon,) was born in Warren County, North Carolina, in 1826; received an academic education; graduated from the University of North Carolina in 1847; studied law and was admitted to the bar on graduating in 1847; is a lawyer and planter; was elected Attorney-General of North Carolina in 1852, and resigned in 1855; was a member of the Legislature of North Carolina in 1858, '59, and '60; was a Peace Commissioner from the State of North Carolina to the Congress of Southern States at Montgomery, Alabama, in 1861; entered the Confederate Army, serving as Lieutenant-Colonel, Colonel, Brigadier-General, and Major-General, and surrendered at Appomattox; was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat in January, 1872, took his seat April 24, 1872, and was re-elected in 1876 and in 1883. His term of service will expire March 3, 1889.

Zebulon B. Vance, of Charlotte, was born in Buncombe County, North Carolina, May 13, 1830; was educated at Washington College, Tennessee, and at the University of North Carolina; studied law, was admitted to the bar in January, 1852, and was elected County Attorney for Buncombe County the same year; was a member of the State House of Commons in 1854; was a Representative from North Carolina in the Thirty-fifth and Thirty-sixth Congresses; entered the Confederate Army as Captain in May, 1861, and was made Colonel in August, 1861; was elected Governor of North Carolina in August, 1862, and re-elected in August, 1864; was elected to the United States Senate in November, 1870, but was refused admission, and resigned in January, 1872; was the Democratic nominee for the United States Senate in 1872, but was defeated by a combination of bolting Democrats and Republicans; was elected Governor of North Carolina for the third time in 1876; was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat in place of A. S. Merrimon, Democrat, took his seat March 18, 1879, and was re-elected in 1884. His term of service will expire March 3, 1891.

REPRESENTATIVES.

AT LARGE.

Risden T. Bennett, of Wadesborough, was born in Anson County, North Carolina, June 18, 1840; was educated at Anson Institute; took the degree of Bachelor of Laws at Lebanon Law School, Tennessee, in June, 1859; entered the Confederate Army as a private April 30, 1861, and rose through the several grades to the Colonelcy of the Fourteenth North Carolina Troops; was Solicitor of Anson County in 1866 and 1867; was a Member of the Legislature

of North Carolina in 1872, and Delegate to the Constitutional Convention of the State in 1875, serving in each body as Chairman of the Judiciary Committee; was Judge of the Superior Court in 1880, and resigned to accept the nomination for Congress as Congressman at Large from North Carolina; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 12,863 votes against 10,352 votes for O. H. Dockery, Liberal. *Re-elected.*

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Beaufort, Bertie, Camden, Chowan, Currituck, Dare, Gates, Hertford, Hyde, Martin, Pamlico, Pasquotank, Perquimans, Pitt, Tyrrell, and Washington. The last election was held in the counties of the redistricted First District, viz: Beaufort, Camden, Carteret, Chowan, Currituck, Dare, Gates, Hertford, Hyde, Martin, Pamlico, Pasquotank, Perquimans, Pitt, Tyrrell, and Washington.*

Thomas Gregory Skinner, of Hertford, was born January 21, 1842, in Perquimans County, North Carolina; was educated at the University of North Carolina; was a student at law in 1866–'67; obtained license to practise law of the Supreme Court of North Carolina, January, 1868; never held a civil or military office; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress November 20, 1883, to fill vacancy caused by death of Hon W. F. Pool (at which election he was opposed by Hon. C. C. Pool), as a Democrat, receiving 12,339 votes against 11,562 votes for Pool, Republican. *Re-elected.*

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Craven, Edgecombe, Greene, Halifax, Jones, Lenoir, Northampton, Warren, Wayne, and Wilson.*

James E. O'Hara, of Enfield, was born in New York City, February 26, 1844; received an academical education; studied law partly in North Carolina and partly at Howard University; was admitted to the bar of North Carolina in June, 1871; at present a practising attorney; was Engrossing Clerk to the Constitutional Convention of North Carolina in 1868; also to the Legislature of 1868–'69; was a member of the State Constitutional Convention of 1875; was Chairman of the Board of Commissioners for the county of Halifax, 1872–'76; was elected to the Forty-sixth Congress, but the certificate of election was given to W. H. Kitchin, Democrat; and was elected almost without opposition to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 18,531 votes against 1,413 scattering. *Re-elected.*

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Bladen, Brunswick, Carteret, Columbus, Cumberland, Duplin, Harnett, Moore, New Hanover, Onslow, Sampson, and Pender.*

Wharton J. Green, of Fayetteville, was born near Saint Mark's, Florida, where his father had lately moved from Warren County, North Carolina; upon his mother's death, which occurred when he was four years old, he was placed in charge of an uncle, whilst his father was engaged in the struggle for Texan independence, and shortly after with his grandmother in Warren County; was partially educated at Georgetown College, Lovejoy's Academy at Raleigh, West Point, and the University of Virginia; read law at the last, and afterwards at Cumberland University; immediately after obtaining a United States Supreme Court license he abandoned the law, and has been ever since a farmer; and also a vinyardist at this time; enlisted in one of the three first companies that went into camp upon the breaking out of the war; was promoted to Lieutenant-Colonel commanding Second North Carolina Battalion in the Confederate Army; and was afterwards on General Daniel's staff. Was a Delegate to the Democratic National Convention in New York in 1868; was a State Delegate to the Democratic National Convention at Saint Louis; was State Alternate to the Cincinnati National Democratic Convention, and was a candidate for Elector on the Democratic ticket of 1868; has never held civic position until elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 16,095 votes against 15,595 for W. P. Cannaday, Republican. *Re-elected.*

FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Chatham, Durham, Franklin, Granville, Johnston, Nash, Orange, Vance, and Wake.*

William Ruffin Cox, of Raleigh, was born in Scotland Neck, North Carolina; he removed to Tennessee, and after due preparation entered Franklin College, near Nashville, where he graduated; subsequently he became a student at the Lebanon Law School, and after receiving his degree of Bachelor of Laws, practised his profession in Nashville, Tennessee; prior to the war he returned to his native State; engaged in planting in Edgecombe County, and is still occupied in the same pursuit; early in the war he entered the Confederate States

Army as Major of the Second North Carolina State Troops; by successive promotions became Brigadier-General, and commanded his division in the last charge at Appomattox; after the termination of hostilities, he resumed the practice of the law at Raleigh; was elected Solicitor of the Metropolitan District, and held the office for six years; subsequently he was appointed a Judge of the Superior Court for the same District, and held the office until near the expiration of his term, when he resigned to canvass for a nomination to Congress; he is a Trustee of the University of the South; was a Delegate from the State at Large to the National Democratic Convention which met in New York; was similarly delegated to the Saint Louis Democratic Convention, but declined the honor, and was for several years Chairman of the State Democratic Committee; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 15,718 votes against 15,030 votes for T. P. Devereux, Independent-Coalition Anti-Prohibitionist. *Re-elected.*

FIFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Alamance, Caswell, Davidson, Guilford, Person, Randolph, Rockingham, and Stokes.*

Alfred Moore Scales, of Greensborough, was born in Rockingham County, North Carolina, November 26, 1827; is not a graduate, but received a classical education at the Caldwell Institute in Greensboro', and at the University of North Carolina; studied law, was admitted to the bar in 1851, and still prosecutes his profession; was elected County Attorney of Rockingham County; was a member of the Legislature of North Carolina in 1852–'53 and in 1856–'57; was a Presidential Elector (for the State at large) on the Breckinridge and Lane ticket in 1860; was a member of the House of Representatives in the Thirty-fifth Congress of the United States; volunteered at the beginning of the late civil war as a private in the Confederate Army, was afterward promoted and served as Captain, Colonel, and Brigadier-General, and for the war; was elected to the Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 12,533 votes against 9,932 votes for Winston, Liberal, and 180 votes for Ball. *Declined a re-nomination, and was elected Governor of North Carolina.*

SIXTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Anson, Cabarrus, Catawba, Gaston, Lincoln, Mecklenburg, Montgomery, Richmond, Robeson, Stanly, and Union.*

Clement Dowd, of Charlotte, was born in Moore County, North Carolina, August 27, 1832; graduated at the University of North Carolina in 1856; taught school before entering and after leaving college; studied law while teaching; removed to Charlotte at close of the war and engaged in practising law; has been Mayor of that City, Clerk and Master in Equity, Director of the State Insane Asylum, and was National Bank President from 1871 until elected to Congress; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 15,549 votes against 11,648 votes for Johnston, Liberal.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Alexander, Alleghany, Ashe, Davie, Forsyth, Iredell, Rowan, Surry, Watauga, Wilkes, and Yadkin.*

Tyre York, of Trap Hill, was born in Rockford, Surry County, North Carolina, May 4, 1836; received a common-school education, read medicine, and became a student of the Charleston Medical College, of South Carolina; after receiving his medical education, he returned home and commenced the practise of his profession, and in 1859 moved to his present residence in the county of Wilkes; was a Union man during the war; was not in the Army, but served during the latter part of the war as Surgeon of Home Guards, and at the close of the war in 1865 his people solicited him to represent them in the State Legislature; he became a candidate, and was elected to the House of Representatives, and for the last eighteen years he has served his people either in the House of Representatives or the State Senate; his fidelity to his people has won their confidence, and at each succeeding election they have returned him with an increased majority. Doctor York was an active Democratic leader in his section of the State until the question of prohibition was brought before the Legislature of 1880–'81, at the time being Chairman of the joint caucus of the Democratic party; he strongly urged his Democratic friends not to suffer the bill to pass the Legislature, and was the only member of the Senate that made a speech against the measure, and when the bill had passed, he returned home and took the stump against the ratification of the bill, and did more to defeat the measure than any other one man in the State; the campaign brought about much bitterness, the result of which was that Dr. York was nominated by the liberal Democrats of his district and indorsed by the Republicans for a seat in the Forty-eighth Congress. Major Robbins, who

had served three terms in Congress, was the regular Democratic nominee, and Dr. Cook was an independent strait-out Republican candidate. The campaign was a long and bitter one; the Democratic majority of the district had usually been about 4,000; this was to overcome, also the Independent, Cook, who carried 1,000 votes in the district, yet the champion of the people's liberties overcame his competitors by a majority of 258 votes.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Buncombe, Burke, Caldwell, Cherokee, Clay, Cleveland, Haywood, Henderson, Jackson, Macon, Madison, McDowell, Mitchell, Polk, Rutherford, Swain, Transylvania, and Yancey.*

Robert Brank Vance, of Asheville, was born in Buncombe County, North Carolina, April 24, 1828; was educated in English studies only, in the ordinary schools of the country; is by occupation a farmer; was Clerk of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions from 1848 to 1856; was elected Captain of a company in the Confederate service in 1861, was twice elected Colonel of the Twenty-ninth North Carolina Regiment, and was appointed Brigadier-General in 1863; was elected to the Forty-third, Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 13,000 votes against 10,038 votes for Cocke, Liberal, and 13 scattering.

OHIO.

SENATORS.

George H. Pendleton, of Cincinnati, was born at Cincinnati, Ohio, July 19, 1825; received an academic education in the schools of Cincinnati and afterward in Europe; studied law, was admitted to the bar, and has continued ever since the practice at Cincinnati; was a member of the State Senate of Ohio in 1854 and '55; was a Representative from Ohio in the Thirty-fifth, Thirty-sixth, Thirty-seventh, and Thirty-eighth Congresses; was the Democratic candidate for Vice-President on the ticket headed by George B. McClellan in 1864; was the Democratic candidate for Governor of Ohio in 1869; was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat, to succeed Stanley Matthews, Republican, and took his seat March 18, 1879. His term of service will expire March 3, 1885.

John Sherman, of Mansfield, was born at Lancaster, Ohio, May 10, 1823; received an academic education; studied law and was admitted to the bar May 11, 1844; was a Delegate in the National Whig Conventions of 1848 and 1852, and presided over the first Republican Convention in Ohio in 1855; was a Representative in the Thirty-fourth, Thirty-fifth, Thirty-sixth, and Thirty-seventh Congresses, and was the Republican candidate for Speaker in the winter of 1859–'60; was elected to the Senate in March, 1861, and re-elected in 1866 and 1872; was appointed Secretary of the Treasury in March, 1877, and served as such during President Hayes' administration; and was re-elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed Allen G. Thurman, Democrat, and took his seat March 4, 1881. His term of service will expire March 3, 1887.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, and 18th wards of the city of Cincinnati; townships of Anderson, Columbia, Spencer, Symmes, and Sycamore, and Avondale and the Northeast, Saint Bernard, and Round Hill precincts of Mill Creek Township.*

John Fassett Follett, of Cincinnati, was born of farmer parents in Franklin County, Vermont; his father removed to Ohio in 1837, and settled in Licking County; he procured for himself a classical education, entering Marietta College in 1851, and graduating in 1855 as the valedictorian of his class; he taught school two years; studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1858; was elected to the Ohio Legislature from Licking County in 1865, and re-elected in 1867; was elected in January, 1868, Speaker of the House of Representatives; in September, 1868, removed to Cincinnati to engage in the practice of the law, and on the assembling

of the Legislature in December of the same year resigned the Speakership and his commission as Representative from Licking County; in 1880 was nominated at the Democratic State Convention as one of the Electors at Large for Ohio on the Hancock and English Presidential ticket; in 1879 received the degree of LL. D from Marietta College; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 14,540 votes against 13,721 votes for Benjamin Butterworth, Republican.

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22d, 23d, 24th, and 25th wards of the city of Cincinnati; townships of Colerain, Crosby, Delhi, Greene, Harrison, Miami, Springfield, and Whitewater, and Clifton, College Hill, Winton Place, and Western precincts of Mill Creek Township.*

Isaac M. Jordan, of Clifton, (post-office address, Cincinnati,) was born in Union County, Pennsylvania, May 5, 1835; was educated at a preparatory school in Northwood, Ohio; completed his education and graduated at Miami University, Oxford, Ohio, in July, 1857; studied law; was admitted to the bar in May, 1858, and has practised law ever since; never was a candidate for any office until he was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 15,983 votes against 14,166 for A. Smith, Rep. *Declined a unanimous re-nomination.*

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Miami, Montgomery, and Preble.*

Robert M. Murray, of Piqua, was born at Concord, Lake County, Ohio, November 28, 1841; was educated at Willoughby, Lake County, Ohio, and at Oberlin, Ohio; was admitted to practise law after graduating at the Law College, but accepted a position in the First National Bank at Painesville, Ohio; was cashier of that institution nine years, leaving the bank and the place in the year 1879, and removed to Piqua, where he has since resided, having started a manufacture which has required his personal attention; was Mayor of Painesville from April, 1877, to 1879; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 16,106 votes against 15,826 votes for Emanuel Shultz, Republican.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Allen, Auglaize, Darke, Mercer, and Shelby.*

Benjamin Le Fevre, of Maplewood, was born at Maplewood, Shelby County, Ohio, October 8, 1838; was educated at the Miami University; studied law at Sidney; is a farmer by occupation; volunteered as a private soldier in the Union Army in 1861, and served until the close of the war; was elected to the Legislature from Shelby County in 1865; was nominated in 1866 for Secretary of State by the Democrats of Ohio; was appointed United States Consul at Nuremberg, Germany, in 1867, by President Andrew Johnson; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 16,619 votes against 9,683 votes for Conklin, Republican, and 191 scattering. *Re-elected.*

FIFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Seneca, Crawford, Wyandot, Hancock, and Putnam.*

George E. Seney, of Tiffin, was born at Uniontown, Fayette County, Pennsylvania, May 29, 1832, and removed with his parents to Tiffin in November, 1832, where he has since resided; was educated at Norwalk, Ohio, Seminary; was admitted to the bar in 1853, and has practised his profession at Tiffin ever since; was a candidate for Presidential Elector on the Buchanan and Breckinridge ticket in 1856; was elected Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the Third Judicial District in 1857; in July, 1862, enlisted in the 101st Ohio Regiment, and subsequently was commissioned a First Lieutenant, and acted as Quartermaster of the Regiment until near the close of the war; was defeated by Charles Foster for Congress in 1874; was a Delegate to the Democratic National Convention at Saint Louis in 1876; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 16,619 votes against 11,006 votes for Harris, Republican. *Re-elected.*

SIXTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Defiance, Fulton, Henry, Paulding, Putnam, Van Wert, and Williams.*

William D. Hill, of Defiance, was born in Nelson County, Virginia, October 1, 1833; was educated in country schools, and was a student at Antioch College two years; studied law at

Springfield, Ohio; edited a Democratic paper at Springfield, Ohio, from 1857 to 1860; was admitted to the bar in 1860, and practised law since; was elected Mayor of Springfield, Ohio, in 1861; was a member of the Ohio Legislature in 1866, '67, '68, and '69; was defeated as a candidate for Congress in 1870; was appointed Superintendent of Insurance of the State of Ohio by Governor Allen in 1875, and served three years; was a Delegate to the National Democratic Convention at Cincinnati in 1880; was a member of the Forty-sixth Congress, and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 16,201 votes against 15,480 votes for Colonel J. H. Brigham, Republican. *Re-elected.*

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Butler, Clermont, Greene, and Warren.*

James E. Campbell of Hamilton was born at Middletown, Ohio, July 7, 1843; served in the Navy during the war: was Prosecuting Attorney of Butler County, Ohio, from 1876 to 1880, and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, defeating Morey, Republican, and was seated June 20, 1884. *Re-elected.*

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Champaign, Clarke, Logan, Madison, and Pickaway.*

Joseph Warren Keifer, of Springfield, was born in Bethel Township, Clarke County, Ohio, January 30, 1836; was reared on a farm; educated in common schools and at Antioch College; commenced the study of law in Springfield in 1856; was admitted to practice January 12, 1858, and practised his profession at the last-named place until April 19, 1861, when he volunteered in the Union Army; was commissioned Major of the Third Ohio Volunteer Infantry April 27, 1861; was promoted Lieutenant-Colonel of the same regiment February 12, 1862; was appointed Colonel of the One hundred and tenth Ohio Volunteer Infantry September 30, 1862; was severely wounded at the battle of the Wilderness May 5, 1864, after having served in campaigns in the field in West Virginia, Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, and Georgia; was appointed Brigadier-General by brevet November 30, 1864, "for gallant and meritorious services in the battles of Opequan, Fisher's Hill, and Cedar Creek, Virginia;" was assigned to duty by President Lincoln as Brigadier-General December 29, 1864; was appointed, July 1, 1865, Major-General by brevet "for gallant and distinguished services during the campaign ending in the surrender of the insurgent army under General R. E. Lee;" was mustered out of service June 27, 1865, (having been in the Union Army four years and two months, and four times wounded;) resumed practice of the law at Springfield, Ohio, in July, 1865; was appointed, without solicitation, Lieutenant-Colonel of the Twenty-sixth United States Infantry November 30, 1866, but declined the appointment; was a member of the Ohio State Senate in the years 1868–'69; was Commander of the Department of Ohio, Grand Army of the Republic, for the years 1868–'70, and was elected Vice-Commander-in-Chief of that organization May 8, 1872; was Trustee of the Ohio Soldiers and Sailors' Orphans' Home from its organization under State authority, April 16, 1870, to March 5, 1878, when he resigned; has been a Trustee of Antioch College since June 30, 1873; was a Delegate at Large from Ohio to the National Republican Convention at Cincinnati in June, 1876; was elected to the Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 14,397 votes against 13,171 votes for Young, Democrat, 1,000 votes for Smith, Prohibitionist, and 122 votes for Piatt, Greenback candidate. He was elected Speaker of the Forty-seventh Congress.

NINTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Delaware, Hardin, Knox, Marion, Morrow, and Union.*

James S. Robinson, of Kenton, was born on a farm near Mansfield, in Richland County, Ohio, October 14, 1827; received a common-school education; learned the art of printing; removed to Kenton, Ohio, December 31, 1845, and in the following January commenced the publication of "The Kenton Republican," which he edited and published until the autumn of 1864; in 1856 was elected Chief Clerk of the Ohio House of Representatives, which position he filled for two terms; on the 18th of April, 1861, he enlisted in Company G, Fourth Ohio Volunteer Infantry; was chosen First Lieutenant of the Company, and on the 26th of April, 1861, was promoted to Captain; he served with his company and regiment under McClellan, participating in the battle of Rich Mountain October 26, 1861; was appointed Major of the Eighty-second Ohio Volunteer Infantry, promoted to be Lieutenant-Colonel in April, 1862, and promoted to the Colonelcy of the Regiment August 29, 1862; was brevetted a Brigadier-General December 14, 1864, appointed a Brigadier-General January 12, 1865, and brevetted a

Major-General March 3, 1865; he participated in the battles of Rich Mountain, Cross Keys, Second Bull Run, Chancellorsville, Gettysburg, (in which he was severely wounded,) Resaca, Dallas, New Hope Church, Culp's Farm, Peach Tree Creek, Savannah, Arveybon, and Bentonville; was Chairman of the Republican State Executive Committee of Ohio in 1877, '78, and '79; in January, 1880, he was appointed Commissioner of Railroads and Telegraphs in Ohio, which position he held for one year; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 15,864 votes against 15,458 votes for Powell, Democrat, and 1,217 votes for Bonar, Prohibitionist.

TENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Erie, Ottawa, Lucas, and Sandusky.*

Frank H. Hurd, of Toledo, was born at Mount Vernon, Ohio, December 25, 1841; received a liberal education, graduating at Kenyon College in 1858; studied law, was admitted to the bar, and has since practised; was County Prosecuting Attorney in 1863; was a member of the State Senate of Ohio in 1866; was appointed to codify the criminal laws of Ohio in 18 8; was elected a Representative to the Forty-fourth and Forty-sixth Congresses, and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 14,534 votes against 13,490 votes for King, Republican.

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Adams, Gallia, Jackson, Lawrence, Scioto, and Vinton.*

John W. McCormick, of Gallipolis, was born in Gallia County, Ohio, December 20, 1831; was brought up on a farm and educated at the Ohio Wesleyan University, at Delaware, Ohio, and at the Ohio University at Athens, Ohio; on leaving school he engaged in the business of farming; was elected Delegate to the Ohio Constitutional Convention in 1873; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 15,288 votes against 13,037 votes for John P. Leedom, Democrat.

TWELFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Brown, Clinton, Fayette, Highland, Pike, and Ross.*

Alphonso Hart, of Hillsboro', was born at Vienna, Trumbull County, Ohio, July 4, 1830; was educated in common school and at Grand River Institute, Austinburg, Ohio; studied law in Warren, Ohio, and was admitted to the bar August 12, 1851; was Assistant Clerk in Ohio House of Representatives in 1854; was editor and proprietor of the Portage Sentinel from 1854 to 1857, at Ravenna, and then began the practice of law; in 1861 was elected Prosecuting Attorney for Portage County, and re-elected in 1863; resigned in 1864, and was elected to the Ohio Senate; was elected again to the Senate in 1871; in 1872 was a Grant Presidential Elector at Large for Ohio; in 1873 was elected Lieutenant-Governor of Ohio on the Republican ticket, and served two years; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 16,898 votes against 16,888 votes for Lawrence T. Neal, Democrat.

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Fairfield, Franklin, Hocking, and Perry.*

George L. Converse, of Columbus, was born at Georgesville, Franklin County, Ohio, June 4, 1827; graduated at Granville College, Ohio, with the class of 1849; was admitted to the bar in 1851, and since then has practised his profession at Columbus, Ohio; represented his county in the House of Representatives of that State during the years 1860, '61, '62, '63, '73, '74, '75, and '76, and was Speaker of the House during the years 1873 and '74; was a member of the Ohio Senate during the years 1864 and '65; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 17,766 votes against 14,092 votes for Drinkle, Republican, 606 votes for James, Greenback candidate, and 328 votes for Payne, Prohibitionist.

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Ashland, Huron, Lorain, and Richland.*

George W. Geddes, of Mansfield, was born at Mount Vernon, Ohio, July 16, 1824; received a common-school education; studied law in the office of Hon. Columbus Delano,

and was admitted to the bar in July, 1845, and has been continuously engaged in the business of the profession since; was elected Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the Sixth Judicial District in 1856, and re-elected without opposition in 1861; after serving ten years on the bench he returned to the practice until 1868, when he was again elected Judge of the same court for five years, at the expiration of which time he again returned to the practice; was the Democratic candidate for Supreme Judge in 1871; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 14,277 votes against 12,604 for Horr, Republican, and 991 for Bell, Prohib. *Re-elected.*

FIFTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Athens, Meigs, Monroe, Morgan, and Washington.*

A. J. Warner, of Marietta, was born in Erie County, New York, January 13, 1834; was educated at Beloit, Wisconsin, and New York Central College, New York; was Principal of the Lewistown Academy, and Superintendent of Public Schools of Mifflin County, and Principal of Mercer Union Schools, Pennsylvania, from 1856 to 1861; entered the Army as Captain in a Pennsylvania Regiment in 1861; was promoted to Lieutenant-Colonel and Colonel, and brevetted Brigadier-General; served through the war, participating in various battles, and was wounded at Antietam; studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1865, but engaged in other business; was elected to the Forty-sixth Congress, and re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 13,739 votes against 13,048 votes for R. R. Dawes, Republican. *Re-elected.*

SIXTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Coshocton, Holmes, Licking, Muskingum, and Tuscarawas.*

Beriah Wilkins, of Urichsville, was born in Union County, Ohio, July 10, 1846; received a common-school education in the public schools at Marysville, Ohio; is a banker; was elected in 1879 to represent the Eighteenth Senatorial District in the Ohio Senate; was a member of the Democratic State Central Committee in 1882; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 19,743 votes against 14,422 votes for Appleton B. Clark, Republican. *Re-elected.*

SEVENTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Belmont, Guernsey, Harrison, Jefferson, and Noble.*

Joseph D. Taylor, of Cambridge, was born in Belmont County, Ohio, November 7, 1830; was educated in the common schools and at Madison College; taught school, served as examiner, and for several years had charge of the Fairview High School; studied law at Cincinnati, was admitted to the bar in 1859, and graduated at the Cincinnati Law College in 1860; at the opening of the war was appointed a member of the District Military Committee by the Governor; entered the Army as Captain in the Eighty-eighth Ohio Volunteer Infantry; served as Judge-Advocate at Cincinnati, Indianapolis, and other places; was Judge-Advocate of the Department of Indiana, and was twice brevetted for meritorious services; was employed as special Judge-Advocate, at the close of the war, to prosecute two important cases at Indianapolis; was twice elected Prosecuting Attorney of Guernsey County; had control of "The Guernsey Times," a Republican newspaper, from 1860 to 1870; was President of the Cambridge School Board seven years; has been President of the Guernsey National Bank since its organization in 1872; is president of several manufacturing establishments, but has devoted his time mainly to the practice of his profession; was a Delegate to the Philadelphia Loyalists' Convention in 1866; represented his District in the National Republican Convention in 1876 as alternate, and in 1880 as Delegate; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Hon. J. T. Updegraff, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 14,179 votes against 12,313 votes for Alexander, Democrat.

EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Carroll, Columbiana, Mahoning, and Stark.*

Jonathan H. Wallace, of New Lisbon, was born in Columbiana County, Ohio, in 1828; was educated at Washington College, Pennsylvania; studied law and was admitted to the bar; commenced the practice of law in New Lisbon; was elected Prosecuting Attorney of Columbiana County in 1851, and re-elected in 1853; was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 16,921 votes against 16,906 votes for McKinley, Republican, as shown by the official returns. The certificate of election having been issued to William McKinley,

by the Canvassing Board at Columbus, on account of alleged irregularities in the certified returns, Wallace contested the election, and was awarded his seat. Foster, Greenback candidate, received 976 votes; and Brush, Prohibitionist, had 261 votes.

NINETEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Ashtabula, Geauga, Lake, Portage, and Trumbull.*

Ezra B. Taylor, of Warren, was born at Nelson, Portage County, Ohio, July 9, 1823; was the son of a farmer and worked on the farm, having the advantages of neighborhood common schools till he was seventeen years old, when he attended select schools and academies for three years; at the age of twenty commenced reading law with Judge Paine, now of Cleveland, then residing in Portage County; in August, 1845, commenced the practice of law in his native county; in 1854 was elected Prosecuting Attorney, and at the expiration of his term was tendered a unanimous renomination, which he declined; in 1861 he removed to Warren, Trumbull County, Ohio, where he still resides; in March, 1877, was appointed by Governor Young Common Pleas Judge for the Ninth Judicial District, consisting of the nine northeastern counties of the State, to fill a vacancy caused by the death of Judge F. G. Servis; was elected in October, 1877, for a full term; on his nomination as candidate for the Forty-seventh Congress he resigned his position on the bench, September 5, 1880, and was elected in the following October by a majority of 12,678 votes over Mr. Adams, his Democratic opponent, who received about 10,000 votes; General Garfield having been elected President, resigned his membership of the Forty-sixth Congress on the 8th day of November, 1880, and Mr. Taylor was, on the 30th day of November of the same year, elected to fill the vacancy so caused; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 15,739 votes against 7,708 votes for Rockwell, Democrat, 1,090 votes for Smith, Prohibitionist, 553 for Harmon, Greenbacker, and 25 scattering. *Re-elected.*

TWENTIETH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Medina, Summit, and Wayne; the townships of Bedford, Chagrin Falls, East Cleveland, Euclid, Mayfield, Newburg, Orange, Warrensville, and Solon, in Cuyahoga County; and the 14th, 15th, and 18th wards of Cleveland.*

David Raymond Paige, of Akron, was born in Madison, Lake County, Ohio, April 8, 1844; graduated at Union College, Schenectady, New York, in 1865; is a hardware merchant; was County Treasurer four years, 1875–'79; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 14,090 votes against 13,980 votes for McClure, Republican.

TWENTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—

Martin Ambrose Foran, of Cleveland, was born at Choconut, Susquehanna County, Pennsylvania, November 11, 1844; received a public-school and collegiate education; spent two terms in Saint Joseph's College, Susquehanna, Pennsylvania; taught school three years; served in the Fourth Pennsylvania Cavalry from April, 1864, to July, 1865, as private; is a cooper by trade; was a member of the Constitutional Convention of Ohio, 1873; is a lawyer by profession, having been admitted, 1874, in the District Court of Cincinnati; was Prosecuting Attorney for city of Cleveland from April, 1875, to April, 1877; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 15,946 votes against 11,408 votes for S. T. Everett, Republican, and 1,999 votes for W. H. Dane, Prohibitionist. *Re-elected.*

OREGON.

SENATORS.

James H. Slater, of La Grande, was born in Sangamon County, Illinois, December 28, 1826; received a common-school education; emigrated to California in 1849; settled in Oregon in 1850; studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1854; served as Clerk of the District Court of the Territory of Oregon for Benton County from 1853 to 1856; was elected a member of the Legislative Assembly of that Territory in 1857, and again elected in 1858, and at the same time elected a member of the Legislative Assembly of the State of Oregon; was elected District Attorney in the Fifth Judicial District in 1866; was elected Presidential

Elector on the Seymour ticket in 1868; was elected a Representative from Oregon in the Forty-second Congress; was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat, to succeed John H. Mitchell, Republican, and took his seat March 18, 1879. His term of service will expire March 3, 1885.

Joseph N. Dolph, of Portland, was born at what was then called Dolphsburg, in Tompkins (now Schuyler) County, New York, October 19, 1835; received a common-school education, private instruction, and for a time attended the Genesee Wesleyan Seminary at Lima, New York; after arriving at the age of eighteen years, taught school a portion of each year while acquiring an education and his profession; studied law with Hon. Jeremiah McGuire at Havana, New York, and was admitted to the bar at the General Term of the Supreme Court of that State held at Binghamton, November, 1861; practised his profession in Schuyler County, New York, during the winter of 1861–'62; in 1862 enlisted in Captain M. Crawford's company, known as the Oregon Escort, raised under an act of Congress for the purpose of protecting the emigration of that year to the Pacific Coast against hostile Indians crossing the Plains, filling the position of Orderly Sergeant; settled in Portland, Oregon, in October, 1862, where he has since resided; in 1864 he was elected City Attorney of the City of Portland, and the same year was appointed by President Lincoln District Attorney for the District of Oregon, and held both positions until he resigned them to take his seat in the State Senate of Oregon; was a member of the State Senate in 1866, '68, '72, and '74; has been actively engaged since his removal to Oregon in the practice of his profession, and at the time of his election had a large and lucrative law practice, and was actively engaged in various business enterprises; he was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican to succeed L. F. Grover, Democrat, and took his seat March 3, 1883. His term of service will expire March 3, 1889.

REPRESENTATIVE.

AT LARGE.

Melvin C. George, of Portland, was born in Noble County, Ohio, May 13, 1849; was educated at the Santiam Academy and the Willamette University in Oregon; studied law and was admitted to the bar; commenced the practice of law in Portland in 1877; was elected State Senator from Multnomah District for four years; received all the votes of the Republican Senators for President of the State Senate at the biennial session of 1878; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 22,517 votes against 19,152 for Fenton, Democrat. *Not a candidate for re-nomination.*

PENNSYLVANIA.

SENATORS.

James Donald Cameron, of Harrisburg, was born at Middletown, Pennsylvania, in 1833; received a classical education; was a student at Princeton College; entered the Middletown Bank as clerk, and became its Cashier; was President of the Northern Central Railway Company of Pennsylvania, 1866–'74, when the road was leased to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company; was Secretary of War under President Grant from May 22, 1876, to March 3, 1877; was a Delegate to the National Republican Convention at Cincinnati in 1876; was elected a United States Senator from Pennsylvania (to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of his father, Hon. Simon Cameron) in March, 1877; took his seat October 15, 1877, and was re-elected. His term of service will expire March 3, 1885.

John I. Mitchell, of Wellsboro', was born in Tioga County, Pennsylvania, July 28, 1838; spent his boyhood upon his father's farm; received a common-school education and private instruction, and passed some time at the University of Lewisburg, Pennsylvania, (1857–'59,) but did not graduate; taught school; served in the Union Army as a Lieutenant and Captain in the One hundred and thirty-sixth Pennsylvania Volunteers; was admitted to the bar in 1864, and has since practised law; was elected District Attorney of his native county in 1868, serving three years; edited "The Tioga County Agitator" during the year 1870; was a member of the State House of Representatives five years, from 1872 to 1876 inclusive, and served as Chairman of the Judiciary General, and Ways and Means Committees; was elected to the Forty-fifth Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-sixth Congress; was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed William A. Wallace, Democrat, and took his seat March 4, 1881. His term of service will expire March 3, 1887.

REPRESENTATIVES.

AT LARGE.

Mortimer F. Elliott, of Wellsboro', was born at Wellsboro', Tioga County, Pennsylvania, September 24, 1843; received an academic education; studied law; was admitted to the bar, and is now in practice; was a member of the Convention to revise the Constitution of Pennsylvania in 1873; and was elected a Representative at Large from Pennsylvania as a Democrat, receiving 352,855 votes against 323,255 votes for Marriott Brosius, Republican.

FIRST DISTRICT.

CITY OF PHILADELPHIA.—*1st, 2d, 7th, 26th, and 30th wards.*

Henry H. Bingham, of Philadelphia, was born at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, in 1841; was graduated at Jefferson College in 1862; studied law; entered the Union Army as a Lieutenant in the One hundred and fortieth Pennsylvania Volunteers; was wounded at Gettysburg, Pennsylvania, in 1863, Spottsylvania, Virginia, in 1864, and at Farmville, Virginia, in 1865; mustered out of service July, 1866, as brevet Brigadier-General of Volunteers; was appointed Postmaster of Philadelphia in March, 1867, and resigned November, 1872, to accept the Clerkship of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and Quarter Sessions of the Peace at Philadelphia, having been elected by the people; was re-elected Clerk of Courts in 1875; was Delegate at Large to the Republican National Convention at Philadelphia in 1872, and also Delegate from the First Congressional District to the Republican National Convention at Cincinnati in 1876; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 15,709 votes against 11,875 votes for Cadwalader, Democrat, and 637 votes for Warren, Civil Service Reform. *Re-elected.*

SECOND DISTRICT.

CITY OF PHILADELPHIA.—*8th, 9th, 10th, 13th, 14th, and 20th wards, and that part of the 17th ward lying west of Second street.*

Charles O'Neill, of Philadelphia, was born in Philadelphia, March 21, 1821; graduated at Dickinson College in 1840; studied and practised law; was a member of the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania in 1850, '51, '52, and '60; was a member of the State Senate of Pennsylvania in 1853; was elected to the Thirty-eighth, Thirty-ninth, Fortieth, Forty-first, Forty-third, Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 14,984 votes against 11,440 votes for Dundas, Democrat. *Re-elected.*

THIRD DISTRICT.

CITY OF PHILADELPHIA.—*3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 11th, 12th, and 16th wards.*

Samuel J. Randall, of Philadelphia, was born at Philadelphia, October 10, 1828; received an academic education; engaged in mercantile pursuits; was a member of the City Councils of Philadelphia four years; was a member of the State Senate of Pennsylvania in 1858 and '59; was elected to the Thirty-eighth, Thirty-ninth, Fortieth, Forty-first, Forty-second, Forty-third, Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 11,688 votes against 7,303 votes for Maull, Republican. He was elected Speaker of the House for the last session of the Forty-fourth, for the Forty-fifth, and for the Forty-sixth Congresses. *Re-elected.*

FOURTH DISTRICT.

CITY OF PHILADELPHIA.—*15th, 21st, 24th, 27th, 28th, and 29th wards.*

William D. Kelley, of Philadelphia, was born at Philadelphia, April 12, 1814; received a thorough English education; was reader in a printing-office, and afterward an apprentice in a jewellery establishment; removed to Boston, where he worked five years as a journeyman jeweller; returned to Philadelphia, where he studied and practised law, devoting himself also to literary pursuits; was twice Prosecuting Attorney for the city and county of Philadelphia, and for ten years Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Philadelphia; was a Delegate to the National Republican Convention at Chicago in 1860; was elected to the Thirty-seventh, Thirty-eighth, Thirty-ninth, Fortieth, Forty-first, Forty-second, Forty-third, Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 21,896 votes against 13,824 votes for Swain, Democrat, and 50 votes for Eberhardt, Greenback candidate. Mr. Kelley is the senior member of the House in continuous service. *Re-elected.*

FIFTH DISTRICT.

CITY OF PHILADELPHIA.—*18th, 19th, 22d, 23d, and 25th wards, and that part of the 17th ward lying east of Second street.*

Alfred C. Harmer, of Philadelphia, was born in Germantown, (now part of the city of Philadelphia,) Pennsylvania, August 8, 1825; was educated at public schools and at Germantown Academy; was engaged in mercantile pursuits; retired from business in 1860; is identified with railroad enterprises, and is largely engaged in mining and land operations; was elected a member of the City Councils of Philadelphia in 1856 and served four years; was elected Recorder of Deeds for Philadelphia in 1860, and served three years; was elected to the Forty-second, Forty-third, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 19,049 votes against 16,776 for Thomas I. Martin, Democrat, Independent, and Committee of One Hundred. *Re-elected.*

SIXTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Chester and Delaware.*

James Bowen Everhart, of West Chester, was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 14,615 votes against 9,810 votes for Clyde, Democrat. *Re-elected.*

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Montgomery, and all that part of Bucks not included in the Tenth District.*

I. Newton Evans, of Hatboro, was born in East Nantmeal Township, Chester County, July 29, 1827; received an academic education; studied medicine; graduated in the Medical Department of Bowdoin Medical College of Maine in 1851, and the Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia in 1852; has followed his profession since that time to the present in Bucks and Montgomery Counties; is a member of the Pennsylvania State Medical Society and the American Medical Association; is President of the Hatborough National Bank; was elected in 1876 to the Forty-fifth Congress as a Republican, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 15,732 votes against 15,102 votes for W. W. H. Davis, Democrat. *Re-elected.*

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

COUNTY.—*Berks.*

Daniel Ermentrout, of Reading, was born at Reading, Pennsylvania, January 24, 1837, and has continued to reside there ever since; was educated in the public and classical schools of his native city, Franklin and Marshall College, Lancaster and Elmwood Institutes, Norristown, Pennsylvania; studied law and was admitted to practice in August, 1859; was elected District Attorney for three years in 1862; was Solicitor for the city of Reading 1867–'70; was elected to the State Senate of Pennsylvania in 1873 for a term of three years, and re-elected in 1876 for four years; was a member of the Board of School Control of Reading for many years; was appointed in October, 1877, by Governor Hartranft, a member of the Pennsylvania Statuary Commission; was several times chosen Chairman of the Standing Committee of Berks County, and Delegate to various Democratic State Conventions; was a Delegate to the National Democratic Convention held at Cincinnati in 1880; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 15,623 votes against 8,466 votes for McHose, Republican, 232 votes for Wright, Greenback candidate, and 2 scattering. *Re-elected.*

NINTH DISTRICT.

COUNTY.—*Lancaster.*

A. Herr Smith, of Lancaster, was born in Manor Township, Lancaster County, March 7, 1815; graduated at Dickinson College in 1840; studied law with John R. Montgomery in Lancaster; was admitted to the bar in 1842, and has since followed his profession; was elected to the House of Representatives of the State of Pennsylvania in 1843, and re-elected in 1844; in 1845 was elected to the State Senate; was elected to the Forty-third, Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 16,425 votes against 9,740 votes for Given, Democrat, and 10 scattering.

TENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Northampton and Lehigh, and the townships of Bridgeton, Durham, East Rockhill, Haycock, Milford, Nockamixon, Richland, Springfield, Tinicum, and West Rockhill, and the boroughs of Quakertown and Sellersville, in the county of Bucks.*

William Mutchler, of Easton, was born in Northampton County, Pennsylvania, December 21, 1831; received an academic education; studied law, and has since practised; was elected Prothonotary of his native county in 1860, and re-elected in 1863; was appointed Assessor of Internal Revenue by President Johnson in March, 1867, and served until May, 1869; was Chairman of the Democratic State Committee of Pennsylvania in 1869–'70; was elected to the Forty-fourth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 19,867 votes against 11,644 votes for Biery, Republican, and 3 scattering.

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Carbon, Columbia, Montour, Monroe, Pike, and the townships of Nescopeck, Black Creek, Sugar Loaf, Butler, Hazle, Foster, Bear Creek, Bucks, Salem, Hollenbach, Huntingdon, Fairmount, and the boroughs of New Columbus, White Haven, Jeddo, and Hazleton, in Luzerne County, and the townships of Roaring Brook, Lehigh, Spring Brook, that part of the city of Scranton south of Roaring Brook Creek and east of Lackawanna River, and the boroughs of Dunmore and Gouldsborough, in Lackawanna County.*

John B. Storm, of Stroudsburg, was born in Monroe County, Pennsylvania, in 1838; graduated at Dickinson College in 1861; studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1863; was County Superintendent of Public Schools for seven years; was elected to the Forty-second and Forty-third Congresses, and was again elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 17,810 votes against 9,805 for H. C. Smith, Republican. *Re-elected.*

TWELFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*All those portions of Luzerne and Lackawanna Counties not included in the Eleventh District.*

Daniel Ward Connolly, of Scranton, was born at Cochecton, Sullivan County, New York, April 24, 1847, and has resided in Scranton thirty-five years; was educated in the public schools of Scranton; studied law in the office of A. A. Chase, Scranton, and was admitted to the bar of Luzerne County in June, 1870; was elected President Judge of Lackawanna County, on its organization in 1878, his competitor being Judge Bentley, of Williamsport, but he did not take his seat, the Supreme Court holding that there was no vacancy; was a candidate for Congress in 1880 against J. A. Scranton, but was defeated through the Independent candidacy of Colonel Wright, and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 11,811 votes against 10,822 votes for J. A. Scranton, Republican, and 2,016 votes for R. J. Flick, Greenbacker.

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTY.—*Schuylkill.*

Charles N. Brumm, of Minersville, was born at Pottsville, Pennsylvania, June 9, 1838; received a common-school education with the exception of one year at the Pennsylvania College, Gettysburg, Pennsylvania; served an apprenticeship at the trade of watchmaker; studied law two years in the office of the late Howell Fisher, esq.; left studies and enlisted as a private under the first call of President Lincoln for three-months men; was elected as First Lieutenant Company I, Fifth Pennsylvania Volunteers; after expiration of term re-enlisted September 15, 1861, for three years, and was elected First Lieutenant of Company K, Seventy-sixth Pennsylvania Volunteers, November 18, 1861; was detailed on the staff of General Barton as Assistant Quartermaster and Aide-de-Camp, which position he held under Generals Barton and Pennypacker until the expiration of his term of service; resumed the study of law under the late E. O. Parry, and was admitted to the bar in 1871; has since practised the profession of law at the Schuylkill County bar; was elected to Congress in 1878 to represent the Thirteenth District of Pennsylvania, but was counted out by 192 votes; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress; and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican Greenbacker, receiving 10,773 votes against 10,149 votes for Wetherill, Democrat, and 8 scattering. *Re-elected.*

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Dauphin, Lebanon, and Northumberland.*

Samuel F. Barr, of Harrisburg, was born near Coleraine, County Antrim, Ireland, June 15, 1829; his parents came to the United States in 1831; received a common-school education; from his early boyhood until a few years ago has been engaged in commercial and railroad

affairs; was freight agent of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad in 1855–'56; was engaged early in the war on the Government railways in and about Washington; in 1867 was appointed Clerk of the Committee on Agriculture of the Senate, and afterwards became Clerk of the Committee on Foreign Relations of that body; was for five years editor of the "Harrisburg (Pa.) Telegraph," from which position he withdrew in 1878, giving up active business; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 14,184 votes against 14,038 votes for McCormick, Democrat, 1,870 votes for McCleary, Independent Republican, and 10 scattering.

FIFTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Bradford, Susquehanna, Wayne, and Wyoming.*

George A. Post, of Susquehanna Depot, was born at Cuba, Allegany County, New York, September 1, 1854; received an academic education; for several years filled the position of secretary of the motive power department of the Erie Railway; studied law and was admitted to practice; is one of the owners and editors of "The Montrose Democrat"; was elected Burgess of Susquehanna Depot in February, 1877, and served one year; was a candidate for Presidential Elector on the Democratic ticket in 1880, but with his colleagues on the ticket was defeated; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 11,555 votes against 9,101 votes for C. C. Jadwin, Independent Republican, and 5,675 votes for E. Overton, jr., Regular Republican, and 949 scattering.

SIXTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Cameron, Lycoming, McKean, Potter, Sullivan, and Tioga.*

William Wallace Brown, of Bradford, was born at Sumnerhill, Cayuga County, New York, April 22, 1836; was educated at Alfred College, Allegany County, New York; studied law; was admitted to the bar and has since practised; enlisted May 16, 1861, in the Twenty-third New York Volunteers for two years; was transferred to the First Pennsylvania Rifles December 18, 1861, serving his term of enlistment in the ranks; was Aide-de-Camp to Governor Hartranft, with the rank of Colonel; was elected Recorder of McKean County in 1864; was District Attorney in 1867; was a member of the Legislature of Pennsylvania from Erie County, 1872–1876; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 12,876 votes against 11,747 votes for Earley, Democrat, and 1,755 votes for Stickel, Greenback-Labor. *Re-elected.*

SEVENTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Bedford, Blair, Cambria, and Somerset.*

Jacob Miller Campbell, of Johnstown, was born in Allegheny township, Somerset County, Pennsylvania, November 20, 1821; received a common-school education; learned the art of printing in the office of "The Somerset Whig;" from 1841 to 1847 was engaged in steamboating on the Lower Mississippi River and its tributaries; in 1850 was gold-mining in California; in 1853 aided in building the Cambria Iron Works, at Johnstown, Pennsylvania, and remained in the employ of that company until the commencement of the war of the rebellion in 1861; in April, 1861, entered the military service as First Lieutenant of Company G, Third Pennsylvania Volunteers; in the fall of the same year recruited the Fifty-fourth Regiment, three-years volunteers, and commanded it as Colonel; was brevetted Brigadier-General June 5, 1864; was elected Surveyor-General (now called Secretary of Internal Affairs) of Pennsylvania in 1865 for a term of three years, and was re-elected in 1868 for a like term; was a Delegate to the first National Republican Convention, held in Philadelphia in 1856; is a Trustee of the Pennsylvania State College; was a member of the Forty-fifth Congress; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 14,961 votes against 14,410 votes for A. H. Coffroth, Democrat, 622 votes for H. L. Bunker, Greenbacker, and 424 for H. C. McKinley, Independent Republican. *Re-elected.*

EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Franklin, Fulton, Huntingdon, Juniata, Perry, and Snyder.*

Louis E. Atkinson, of Mifflintown, was born in Delaware Township, Juniata County, Pennsylvania, April 16, 1841; was educated in the common schools, and at Airy View and Milnwood Academies; studied medicine, and graduated at the Medical Department of the University of the City of New York March 4, 1861; entered the Medical Department, United States Army, September 5, 1861; served as Assistant Surgeon of the First Pennsylvania Reserve Cavalry and Surgeon of the One hundred and eighty-eighth Pennsylvania Infantry, and was mustered out in December, 1865; was disabled while in the Army, and being

unable to practise medicine studied law; was admitted to the bar in September, 1870, has practised law since that time; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Re lican, receiving 14,779 votes against 14,049 votes for Francis M. Kimmell, Democrat, and votes for William F. Snyder, Greenback candidate. *Re-elected.*

NINETEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Adams, Cumberland, and York.*

[Vacancy, caused by the death of William H. Duncan.]

TWENTIETH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Centre, Clearfield, Clinton, Elk, Mifflin, and Union.*

Andrew G. Curtin, of Bellefonte, was born at Bellefonte, Pennsylvania, in 1817; w educated for and practised law; was Secretary of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, a Superintendent of Public Instruction; was Governor of Pennsylvania; was Minister to Russi was a member of the Constitutional Convention of Pennsylvania; was elected to the Fort seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receivi 16,515 votes against 11,288 votes for Orwig, Republican. *Re-elected.*

TWENTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Fayette, Greene, and Westmoreland.*

Charles E. Boyle, of Uniontown, was born at Uniontown, Fayette County, Pennsylvan February 4, 1836; his early education was had in the schools of that town and at Wayn burg College, in Waynesburg, Greene County, Pennsylvania; he studied law, was admitted the bar in December, 1861, and has since continuously practised the profession; in 1862 was elected District Attorney for Fayette County and held that office for three years; bef the expiration of his term, in 1865, he was elected to the Pennsylvania Legislature, and v re-elected in 1866, serving two years; the last year of his service he was a member of Committee of Ways and Means, and also of the General Judiciary; was President of the Der cratic State Convention in 1867, and again in 1871; in 1868 he was nominated as the Den cratic candidate for Auditor-General of Pennsylvania, but failed of election by a small majo against him; was a Delegate to the Saint Louis National Democratic Convention of 1876, a to the Cincinnati National Democratic Convention of 1880; has been one of the State Ma gers of the Western Pennsylvania Hospital, (Dixmont,) by appointment of the Governor, six or seven years past; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress, receiving 16,033 vc against 12,709 votes for C. S. Seaton, Greenback-Republican, and 111 votes for A. B. Mil Prohibitionist *Re-elected.*

TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

CITY OF PITTSBURGH.—*Eight boroughs and fourteen townships of Allegheny County.*

James H. Hopkins, of Pittsburgh, was born November 3, 1832, in Washington Cou Pennsylvania; graduated at Washington College in 1850; studied law, and was admitte the bar in 1852 before he was of age; practised in Pittsburgh for twenty years, then ret because of impaired health and travelled for some time in Europe; was at the same t President of a Bank of Discount and of a Bank of Deposit, of a Fire Insurance Comp of a Mutual Life Insurance Company, and of a railroad, and was also interested in manu turing and mining; is now, and for several years has been, Vice-President of the Chamb Commerce of Pittsburgh; Grand Commander of Knights Templar of Pennsylvania, and G Master of Knights Templar in the United States from 1874 to 1877, elected by an alr unanimous vote; was a candidate for the Forty-third Congress from the State at large Democrat, a candidate for the nomination for Governor in 1882 and lacked but four vot being nominated, and was elected to the Forty-fourth Congress as a Democrat, (the first s Judge Wilkins;) was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 12, votes against 11,191 votes for Russell Errett, Republican, and 2,345 votes for Camp Greenbacker.

TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTY.—*Allegheny.*

Thomas M. Bayne, of Allegheny, was born in that city June 14, 1836; was educ at the public schools and at Westminster College; entered the Union Army in July, 186

Colonel of the One hundred and thirty-sixth Regiment of Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, which he commanded during its nine months' term of service, taking part in the battles of Fredericksburg and Chancellorsville; resumed the reading of law in 1865, and was admitted to the bar of Allegheny County in April, 1866; was elected District Attorney for Allegheny County in October, 1870, and held the office until January 1, 1874; was nominated by the Republican party for the Forty-fourth Congress, and was defeated by Alexander G. Cochrane, Democrat, and Samuel A. Purviance, Independent Republican; was elected to the Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 11,734 votes against 1,882 votes for Barnes, Greenback candidate, 402 votes for Robinson, and 58 scattering. *Re-elected.*

TWENTY-FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Beaver, Lawrence, and Washington.*

George V. Lawrence, of Monongahela City, was born in Washington County, Pennsylvania, November 13, 1818; received a common-school education, and studied one year at Washington College; is a farmer; was elected to the State House of Representatives in 1844 and 1847, and to the Senate in 1848, for a term of three years; was re-elected to the House of Representatives in 1858, and again in 1859, and to the Senate in 1860, for a term of three years; was elected a Representative from Greene, Washington, Beaver, and Lawrence Counties to the Thirty-ninth Congress, and was re-elected to the Fortieth Congress; was a Delegate to the Constitutional Convention of Pennsylvania in 1872; was elected to the State Senate under the new Constitution in 1875 for one year, in 1876 for two years, and in 1878 for four years, thirteen years in all, and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 11,674 votes against 10,888 votes for John G. McConahey, Democrat.

TWENTY-FIFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Armstrong, Clarion, Forest, Indiana, and Jefferson.*

John D. Patten, of Indiana, was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat and Greenbacker, receiving 13,990 votes against 12,990 votes for White, Republican. *Declined a re-nomination.*

TWENTY-SIXTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Butler, Crawford, and Mercer.*

Samuel H. Miller, of Mercer, was born at Cool Spring, Mercer County, Pennsylvania, April 19, 1840; was prepared for college in the common school by James Hannavan; graduated from Westminster College in 1860; taught school in the winter of 1860–'61, in Madison County, Kentucky; edited and published "The Mercer Dispatch," a Republican journal, 1861–'70; was admitted to the bar at Mercer in 1870, where he has since practised; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 14,098 votes against 13,365 votes for J. H. Caldwell, Democrat, 1,087 votes for Hoagland, Greenback candidate, 861 votes for Ogden, Prohibitionist, and 5 scattering. *Not a candidate for re-nomination.*

TWENTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Erie, Venango, and Warren.*

Samuel M. Brainerd, of Erie, was born in Erie County, Pennsylvania, November 13, 1842; received an academical education; studied law and was admitted to the Erie bar in November, 1869; has been actively engaged in the practice of law since that time at Erie; was elected District Attorney of Erie County in 1872, and held the office for a term of three years; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 11,070 votes against 10,247 votes for H. B. Plummer, Democrat, and 2,992 votes for N. I. Everson, Greenback and Prohibition.

RHODE ISLAND.

SENATORS.

Nelson W. Aldrich, of Providence, was born at Foster, Rhode Island, November 6, 1841; received an academic education; is engaged in mercantile pursuits; was President of the Providence Common Council in 1872–'73; was a member of the Rhode Island General Assembly in 1875–'76, serving the latter year as Speaker of the House of Representatives; was elected to the Forty-sixth Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-seventh Congress; was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed Ambrose E. Burnside, Republican, and took his seat December 5, 1881. His term of service will expire March 3, 1887.

William P. Sheffield, of Newport, was born at New Shoreham (Block Island), Rhode Island, August 30, 1820; received an academic education; studied law at Harvard University Law School; was admitted to the bar in 1844, and commenced practice at Newport; was a delegate to the State Constitutional Conventions in 1841 and 1842; was a member of the State House of Representatives from 1842 to 1845; removed to Tiverton, and was a member of the State House of Representatives from that town 1849–'53; removed to Newport, which city he represented in the State House of Representatives 1857–'61; was elected a Representative from the Eastern District of Rhode Island in the Thirty-seventh Congress, serving from July 4, 1861, to March 3, 1863; has since served, almost continuously, in the State House of Representatives; was appointed, in 1871, one of the Commissioners to revise the State laws; and was appointed to the United States Senate, as a Republican, to succeed Henry B. Anthony, Republican, and took his seat December 3, 1884. His term of service will expire on the election of a successor to Senator Anthony.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

CITIES AND TOWNS.—*Providence, Newport, Barrington, Bristol, East Providence, Jamestown, Little Compton, Middletown, New Shoreham, Portsmouth, Tiverton, and Warren.*

Henry J. Spooner, of Providence, was born at Providence, Rhode Island, August 6, 1839; received his earlier education and was prepared for college mostly in the public schools of his native city; graduated at Brown University, Rhode Island, in 1860; studied law; entered the Union Army in 1862 as Second Lieutenant in the Fourth Regiment Rhode Island Volunteers, Infantry, serving in the Armies of the Potomac and the James, and mostly in the Ninth Army Corps; and soon after the battle of Antietam was promoted to First Lieutenant and Adjutant of the same regiment; was mustered out of service in 1865; and later, in the same year, was admitted to the bar, and has since been engaged in the practice of law in Providence, Rhode Island; was Commander of the Department of Rhode Island, Grand Army of the Republic, 1877; was Representative from the city of Providence to the General Assembly of Rhode Island, by seven successive elections, from 1875 to 1881, inclusive, serving upon Committees on Judiciary, Militia, &c., and Speaker of the Rhode Island House of Representatives two years, by successive elections, 1879–'81; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, to fill the vacancy occasioned by resignation of Nelson W. Aldrich, elected United States Senator, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 3,515 votes against 1,491 votes for O. Lapham, Democrat, and 13 votes scattering. *Re-elected.*

SECOND DISTRICT.

TOWNS.—*Burrillville, Charlestown, Coventry, Cranston, Cumberland, East Greenwich, Exeter, Foster, Gloucester, Hopkinton, Johnston, Lincoln, North Kingston, North Providence, North Smithfield, Pawtucket, Richmond, Scituate, Smithfield, South Kingston, Warwick, Westerly, West Greenwich, and Woonsocket.*

Jonathan Chace, of Providence, was born at Fall River, Massachusetts, July 22, 182[illegible] received an academic education; is a cotton manufacturer; was a member of the St[illegible] Senate two terms, 1876 and 1877; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 3,349 votes against 1,831 v[illegible] for Wheeler, Democrat, and 6 scattering. *Declined a re-nomination.*

SOUTH CAROLINA.

SENATORS.

Matthew C. Butler, of Edgefield, was born near Greenville, South Carolina, March 8, 1836; received a classical education at the academy at Edgefield, and entered the South Carolina College in October, 1854; left this institution before graduating, and studied law at Stonelands, the residence of his uncle, Hon. A. P. Butler, near Edgefield Court-House; was admitted to the bar in December, 1857; practised at Edgefield Court-House; was elected to the Legislature of South Carolina in 1860; entered the Confederate service as Captain of Cavalry in the Hampton Legion in June, 1861, and became a Major-General through the regular grades; lost his right leg at the battle of Brandy Station on the 9th of June, 1863; was elected to the Legislature of South Carolina in 1866; was a candidate for Lieutenant-Governor of South Carolina in 1870; received the Democratic vote of the South Carolina Legislature for United States Senator in 1870, receiving 30 votes; was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat, to succeed Thomas J. Robertson, Republican; was admitted to his seat December 2, 1877, and was re-elected in 1882. His term of service will expire March 3, 1889.

Wade Hampton, born in Charleston, South Carolina, on the 28th of March, 1818; graduated at the South Carolina College; served in both branches of State Legislature; was a member of Senate when State seceded; resigned and served in Confederate Army during the war; was elected Governor of the State in 1876, and again in 1878, and elected United States Senator in December, 1878; he took his seat April 16, 1879, and was re-elected in 1884. His term of service will expire March 3, 1891.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*County of Charleston, except James Island, Holly Island, Morris Island, and the island lying between them; the lower harbor of Charleston Harbor, and the ocean coast line from and below high-water mark; the towns of Mount Pleasant and Summerville, and so much of the Parish of Saint James, Goose Creek, as lies between the western track of the South Carolina Railway and the Ashley River, in the County of Berkeley, and below the County of Colleton; parts of the counties of Colleton and Orangeburg and the county of Lexington.*

Samuel Dibble, of Orangeburg, was born at Charleston, South Carolina, September 16 1837; received his early education in his native city, and at Bethel, Connecticut, and his academic education at the High School of Charleston; entered the College of Charleston in 1853, and afterwards Wofford College, Spartanburg, South Carolina, where he graduated in 1856; engaged in teaching, and studied law; was admitted to the bar in 1859, and commenced practice at Orangeburg, South Carolina; volunteered at the beginning of the late civil war as a private in the Confederate Army, and served till its close in the First and Twenty-fifth Regiments of South Carolina Volunteers, attaining the rank of First Lieutenant; resumed the practice of the law at Orangeburg, South Carolina; was elected a member of the State House of Representatives in 1877; was elected a trustee of the University of South Carolina in 1878, and was Chairman of Executive Committee of South Carolina Agricultural College and Mechanics' Institute for colored students (a branch of the State University;) was elected to and took his seat in the forty-seventh Congress as a Democrat (filling the vacancy occasioned by the death of Hon. M. P. O'Connor,) but Mr. O'Connor's claim to an election having been successfully contested, Mr. Dibble as a consequence lost his seat in said Congress; was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 8,674 votes against 6,565 votes for Campbell Independent, Greenbacker, and Republican. *Re-elected.*

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Aiken, Barnwell, Edgefield, Hampton, and part of Colleton.*

George D. Tillman, of Clark's Hill, was born near Curryton, Edgefield County, South Carolina, August 21, 1826; after receiving an academical education at Penfield, Georgia, and at Greenwood, South Carolina, entered Harvard University, but did not graduate; studied law with Chancellor Wardlaw, and was admitted to the bar in 1848; practised at Edgefield Court-House until the civil war broke out, but has been a cotton-planter since the war; volunteered in the Third Regiment of South Carolina State troops in 1862, and shortly after its disbandment entered the Second Regiment of South Carolina Artillery, in which he served as a private until the close of the war; was elected to the State House of Representatives of South Carolina in 1854–'55, and again in 1864; was chosen a member of the State Constitutional Convention in 1865, held under the reconstruction proclamation of President Johnson; was also elected State Senator from Edgefield County in 1865, under that constitution; was likewise a member of the Democratic State Executive Committee of South Carolina in 1876; was the

Democratic candidate in the Fifth District of South Carolina for the Forty-fifth Congress, ar unsuccessfully contested the seat of his competitor, Robert Smalls; although the Committe of Elections reported in favor of vacating the election the House failed to act on the repor was elected to the Forty-sixth Congress; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, but w contested out of his seat by Robert Smalls; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress a Democrat, receiving 11,388 votes against 5,361 votes for J. M. Brayton, Republican, and votes for W. L. Duncan, Independent Democrat. *Re-elected.*

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Abbeville, Anderson, Newberry, Oconee, and Pickens.*

D. Wyatt Aiken, of Cokesbury, was born at Winnsboro', Fairfield County, Sout Carolina, March 17, 1828; received an academic education at Mount Zion Institute, Winn boro'; graduated at the South Carolina College, Columbia, in 1849; taught school tw years; settled upon a farm in 1852, and has continued until the present time to profess an practise farming; in 1861 entered the volunteer service of the Southern Confederacy as a pr vate; was appointed Adjutant of the Seventh Regiment of Volunteers, Kershaw's Brigad McLaw's Division, Longstreet's Corps; was elected Colonel of the same when re-organize at the expiration of one year; was relieved from service temporarily by reason of being sh through the lungs on the 17th of September, 1862, at Antietam, but rejoined his comman and served until the close of the Gettysburg campaign, when he was sent to Macon, Ga., t establish a military post, which he commanded till October, 1864, when from ill-health he wa compelled to resign; was elected to the State Legislature in 1864 and again in 1866; wa Master of the State Grange for two years and member of the Executive Committee of th National Grange for thirteen years; was a Delegate to the National Democratic Convention a Saint Louis that nominated Tilden and Hendricks; was elected to the Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democra receiving 9,245 votes against 1,677 for Russell, Republican and Greenbacker candidate. *Re elected.*

FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Fairfield, Greenville, Laurens, the County of Spartanburg, except the townsh of White Plains and Limestone Springs; the County of Union, except the townships of Gowde ville and Draytonville; and the townships of Centre, Columbia, and Upper, in the county Richland.*

John Bratton, of White Oak, was born at Winnsboro', Fairfield County, South Carolin March 7, 1831; received an academic education at Mount Zion Institute, Winnsboro'; gradua at the South Carolina College in 1850; studied medicine and took a medical diploma at South Carolina Medical College at Charleston, in 1853; volunteered in the late civil war a private and served from the beginning to the end of the war, attaining the rank of Brigad General; was a member of the State Constitutional Convention in 1865, held under the pr lamation of President Johnson; was a member of the State Senate from the Fairfield dist in 1866; was Chairman of the South Carolina delegation to the National Democratic Con tion at Saint Louis in 1876 and a member of the State Democratic Committee the same y was a Delegate from South Carolina to the National Democratic Convention at Cincinna 1880 and Chairman of the State Democratic Committee that year; was elected Comptro General of the State of South Carolina, by the Legislature, to fill a vacancy in 1881; and elected to the Forty-eighth Congress, on the 24th of November, 1884, without oppositi fill the unexpired term of Hon. John H. Evins, deceased.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Chester, Chesterfield, Kershaw, Lancaster, York, the townships of White and Limestone Springs in the County of Spartanburg, and the townships of Gowdeysvil Draytonville in the County of Union.*

John J. Hemphill, of Chester, was born at Chester, South Carolina, August 25, 18 has always resided in his native town; he attended the schools in the town until 186 he entered the South Carolina University, from which he was graduated in 1869; after college he began the study of law, and was admitted to the bar in the fall of 1870, an practice on the first of January following; he was nominated by the Democrats as a c for the Legislature in 1874, but was not elected; he was again nominated for the sa by the same party in 1876 and elected, and was likewise re-nominated and re-elected and 1880; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving a of about 2,000 votes over Col. E. B. C. Cash, Independent. *Re-elected.*

SIXTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Clarendon, Darlington, Horry, Marion, Marlborough, and the to Lake, Lees, Johnsons, and Sumter, and the town of Kingston, in the county of W*

George W. Dargan, of Darlington, was born in Darlington County, South C

ated at the academies of his native county, and at the State Military Academy; :d to the bar in 1872; was elected as a Democrat to the State Legislature without n 1877; was elected Solicitor of the Fourth Judicial Circuit of South Carolina osition in 1880; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, re-}14 votes against 3,628 votes for E. H. Deas, Republican. *Re-elected.*

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

s.—*Beaufort, Georgetown, Sumter, and Berkeley (excepting the towns of Mount id Summerville, and so much of the parish of Saint James, Goose Creek, as lies be-estern track of the South Carolina Railway and the Ashley River below the County ·) the lower township of Richland County; the townships of Collins, Adams' Run, ıser, Lowndes, and Blake, in the County of Colleton; the townships of Amelia, Good-, Pine Grove, Poplar, Providence, and Vance's, in the County of Orangeburg; the f Anderson, Hope, Indian, King's (excepting the town of Kingstree,) Laws, Mingo, e, Sutton's, and Turkey, in the County of Williamsburg, and that portion of Charles-composed of James Island, Folly Island, Morris Island, and the island lying be-, the lower harbor of Charleston Harbor, and the ocean coast line from and below mark.*

Smalls, of Beaufort, was born at Beaufort, South Carolina, April 5, 1839; being s debarred by statute from attending school, but educated himself with such lim-ages as he could secure; removed to Charleston in 1851, worked as a rigger, and ing life; became connected in 1861 with the "Planter," a steamer plying in Charles-· as a transport, which he took over Charleston Bar in May, 1862, and delivered r services to the Commander of the United States Blockading Squadron; was ap-ot in the United States Navy, and served in that capacity on the monitor "Keokuk" ck on Fort Sumter; served as Pilot in the Quartermaster's Department, and was as Captain for gallant and meritorious conduct December 1, 1863, and placed in of the "Planter," serving until she was put out of commission in 1866; was elected of the State Constitutional Convention of 1868; was elected a member of the State Representatives in 1868, and of the State Senate, to fill a vacancy, in 1870, and re-1872; was elected to the Forty-fourth Congress, and re-elected to the Forty-fifth nd Forty-seventh; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress, as a Republican, to ancy caused by the death of Edmund W. M. Mackey, receiving 9,012 votes against attering, taking his seat March 31, 1884. *Re-elected.*

TENNESSEE.

SENATORS.

G. Harris, of Memphis, was born in Franklin County, Tennessee; was educated lemy at Winchester; studied law, was admitted to the bar, and commenced to prac-is, Henry County, Tennessee, in 1841; was elected to the State Legislature as a from the counties of Henry, Weakley, and Obion, in 1847; was a candidate for ıl Elector in the Ninth Congressional District of Tennessee on the Democratic 848; was elected to Congress as a Democrat from the Ninth Congressional District :-elected in 1851, and nominated as the candidate of the Democratic party in 1853, :d the nomination; removed to Memphis, and there resumed the practice of his pro-as a Presidential Elector for the State at large in 1856; was elected Governor of as a Democrat in 1857, re-elected in 1859, and again in 1861; was a Volunteer the staff of the Commanding General of the Confederate Army of Tennessee for the ears of the war; returned to the practice of law at Memphis in 1867, and was en-it when elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat, (defeating Judge L. L. Republican,) to succeed Henry Cooper, Democrat, took his seat March 5, 1877, and :ted in 1883. His term of service will expire March 3, 1889.

Edmunds Jackson, of Nashville, was born at Paris, Tennessee, April 8, 1832; in arents removed to Jackson; received a classical education, graduating at West Ten-lege in 1848, and afterwards studying for two years at the University of Virginia; w in Jackson, under his kinsmen Judges A. W. O. Totten and Milton Brown; en-Lebanon Law School in 1855, graduated the following year, and commenced the law at Jackson; removed to Memphis in 1859 and engaged in the practice of law; the Supreme Bench by appointment on two occasions, and was once a prominent for Supreme Judge before the nominating convention; removed to Jackson in 1876; l to the State House of Representatives in 1880 on the State Credit platform; was the United States Senate as a Democrat, to succeed James E. Bailey, Democrat, and at March 4, 1881. His term of service will expire March 3, 1887.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Carter, Claiborne, Cocke, Grainger, Greene, Hamblen, Hancock, Hawkins, Johnson, Sullivan, Unicoi, and Washington.*

Augustus H. Pettibone, of Greeneville, was born at Bedford, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, January 21, 1835; was educated at Hiram College, Ohio, and at the University of Michigan, graduating in 1859; studied law with Hon. Jonathan E. Arnold at Milwaukee, Wisconsin, and entered on the practice at La Crosse, Wisconsin; entered the Federal Army as a private in 1861; was promoted to Second Lieutenant, Captain, and Major of the Twentieth Wisconsin Volunteers; resumed the practice of his profession at Greeneville, Tennessee, at the close of the rebellion in 1865; was elected Attorney-General for the First Judicial Circuit of Tennessee; was Presidential Elector for the First Congressional District of Tennessee on the Grant and Colfax Electoral Ticket in 1868; was for several years Assistant United States District Attorney for the Eastern District of Tennessee; was Elector for the State at large on the Hayes and Wheeler ticket in 1876; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 14,702 votes against 12,571 votes for Taylor, Democrat. *Re-elected.*

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Anderson, Blount, Campbell, Jefferson, Knox, Loudon, Monroe, Morgan, Roane, Scott, Sevier, and Union.*

Leonidas C. Houk, of Knoxville, was born in Sevier County, Tennessee, June 8, 1836, attended an old-field school something less than three months, but was otherwise self-educated, when at work as a cabinet-maker and by the fireside at night; he read law while working at his trade, was admitted to the bar Octoebr 13, 1859, and practised until the war; was a member of the Loyal East Tennessee Convention in 1861; entered the Union Army as a private August 9, 1861; was promoted to Lieutenant in the First Tennessee Infantry; was mustered in as Colonel of the Third Tennessee Infantry February 2, 1862, and served until April 23, 1863, when he resigned on account of ill-health; was connected with the press from his resignation until July, 1864; was a candidate for Elector on the Lincoln and Johnson ticket in 1864; was a member of the State Convention which amended the constitution and provided for the reorganization of the State government of Tennsssee in February, 1865; was elected Judge of the Seventeenth Judicial Circuit of Tennessee on the 3d day of March, 1866, and served four years, when he removed from Clinton to Knoxville, Tennessee, and resumed the practice of law; held a position for a short time under the Southern Claims Commission; was a member of the National Republican Convention which met at Chicago in 1868 and nominated General Grant; was an Elector for the State at large on the Grant and Wilson ticket in 1872; was at the same time chosen a Representative in the lower house of the Tennessee Legislature, in which he was the Republican candidate for Speaker, coming within one vote of an election, although that body was largely Democratic; was an Elector on the Hayes and Wheeler ticket in 1876; was a Delegate to the Republican National Convention in 1880; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 14,555 votes against 8,821 votes for William Rule, Bolting Republican, supported by the Democracy. *Re-elected.*

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Bledsoe, Bradley, Cumberland, Grundy, Hamilton, James, Marion, McMinn, Meigs, Monroe, Polk, Rhea, Sequatchie, Van Buren, Warren, and White.*

George G. Dibrell, of Sparta, was born in White County, April 12, 1822; received a good English education; is a farmer; attended East Tennessee University; served in the Tennessee Legislature and State Constitutional Convention, and held other local offices; volunteered in the Confederate Army as a private, was elected Lieutenant-Colonel of the Twenty-fifth Infantry, and was promoted to Brigadier-General; was elected to the Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 11,403 votes against 9,698 votes for D. C. Trenwitt, Republican, and 213 votes for Samuel Parker, Greenbacker. *Not a candidate for re-election.*

FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Clay, De Kalb, Fentress, Jackson, Macon, Overton, Putnam, Smith, Sumner, Trousdale, and Wilson.*

Benton McMillin, of Carthage, was born in Monroe County, Kentucky, September 1845; was educated at Phylomath Academy, Tennessee, and Kentucky University, at Lexington; studied law under Judge E. L. Gardenhire, and was admitted to the bar; commenced practice of the law at Celina, Tennessee, in 1871; was elected a member of the House of Rep

resentatives of the Tennessee Legislature in November, 1874, and served out his term; was commissioned by the Governor to treat with the State of Kentucky for the purchase of territory in 1875; was chosen Elector on the Tilden and Hendricks ticket in 1876; was commissioned by the Governor Special Judge of the Circuit Court in 1877; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 14,452 votes against 4,106 votes for Stokes, Republican. *Re-elected.*

FIFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Bedford, Cannon, Coffee, Franklin, Lincoln, Marshall, Moore, and Rutherford.*

Richard Warner, of Lewisburg, was born in Tennessee, September 19, 1835; received an ordinary English education, and in 1857–'58 attended the Law School at Lebanon, Tennessee, where he graduated; commenced the practice of law at Lewisburg in the latter part of 1858, and remained in the practice until the beginning of the late war; raised a company for the Confederate Army in 1861 and was elected Captain; was carried to Shelbyville, Tennessee, where, the quota being filled, the company was discharged; he then enlisted as a private in Colonel Mat. Martin's regiment, and although offered many offices he refused them all, and fought through the war as a private soldier; returned home and resumed the practice of law in 1865; was elected a Delegate to the Constitutional Convention that framed the new constitution of Tennessee in 1870; was a member of the State House of Representatives in the fall of 1878; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 10,911 votes against 7,906 votes for Tillman, Independent Democrat, and 1,247 votes for Duggan.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Cheatham, Davidson, Houston, Humphreys, Montgomery, Robertson, and Stewart.*

Andrew J. Caldwell, of Nashville, was born at Montevallo, Alabama; received his early education at Washington Institute and graduated from Franklin College, Tennessee; was with the Confederate Army until the close of the war; studied law with Hon. Thomas J. Freeman and with Hon. John M. Lea; was admitted to the bar in January, 1867; was elected Attorney-General for the district of Davidson and Rutherford Counties, Tennessee, in August, 1870, and held the office eight years; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 15,951 votes against 8,856 votes for J. R. Dillin, Republican, and 957 votes for B. F. C. Brooks, Greenbacker. *Re-elected.*

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Giles, Dickson, Hickman, Lawrence, Lewis, Maury, Wayne, and Williamson.*

John G. Ballentine, of Pulaski, received a classical education; was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 12,635 votes against 7,432 votes for Perkins, Democrat. *Re-elected.*

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Benton, Carroll, Chester, Decatur, Hardin, Henderson, Henry, Madison, McNairy, and Perry.*

John May Taylor, of Lexington, was born at Lexington, Tennessee, May 18, 1838; was educated at the Academy at Lexington and Union University, Murfreesboro', Tennessee; studied law and graduated at the law school of Cumberland University at Lebanon, Tennessee; is a lawyer; was elected First Lieutenant, Confederate States Army, in June, 1861, and the same year promoted to Captain; in 1862 was elected Major of the Twenty-seventh Tennessee Regiment, and was Acting Lieutenant-Colonel and senior officer of the regiment during the battle of Perryville; was elected Mayor of Lexington in May, 1869; was elected a Delegate to the State Constitutional Convention of Tennessee in December, 1869, and was a member in 1870; in August, 1870, was elected Attorney-General of the Eleventh Judicial Circuit of Tennessee, and served eight years; in 1881 was elected to the House of Representatives from Tennessee; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 10,995 votes against 8,175 votes for S. W. Hawkins, Republican, 1,479 votes for James Warsaw, Greenbacker, and 572 votes for S. C. Hearn, Greenbacker. *Re-elected.*

NINTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Crockett, Dyer, Gibson, Haywood, Lake, Lauderdale, Obion, Tipton, and Weakley.*

Rice A. Pierce, of Union City, was born in Dresden, Weakley County, Tennessee, July 3, 1848; received an academic education; obtained license to practice law from the Supreme court at Raleigh, North Carolina, in July, 1868; began the practice of the law at Union City, Obion County, Tennessee, in 1869; was elected district attorney-general of the twelfth judi-

cial circuit, in 1874; was re-elected, by 12,000 majority, in 1878, for the full te years; received the Democratic nomination, and was elected to the Forty-eighth receiving 12,812 votes against 7,885 votes for Lisle, Republican, and 257 votes for ford, Independent Greenbacker.

TENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Fayette, Hardeman, Shelby, and Tipton.*

Casey Young, of Memphis, is a native of Tennessee and is a lawyer by profess elected a Representative to the Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, and Forty-sixth Congre nominated for the Forty-seventh Congress, but was defeated by Hon. William R. Republican, and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receivi votes against 9,837 votes for W. M. Smith, Republican, and 391 votes for C. M. La

TEXAS.

SENATORS.

Samuel Bell Maxey, of Paris, was born in Monroe County, Kentucky, March received his primary education there; entered the West Point Military Academy and graduated in 1846; joined the Seventh Infantry, United States Army, at Mexico, as Brevet Second Lieutenant; was brevetted First Lieutenant for gallant s Contreras and Churubusco; served through the Mexican war; resigned in 1849; re Kentucky; studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1850; removed to Texas in practised law; was elected State Senator for four years in 1861, but declined, and r Ninth Texas Infantry for the Confederate States Army, of which he was Colonel; moted Brigadier-General in 1862 and Major-General in 1864; commanded the In ritory military district 1863–'65, and was also Superintendent of Indian Affairs; re the service until the surrender of the trans-Mississippi Department May 26, 1865; res practice of law; was commissioned as Judge of the Eighth District of Texas April 18, declined; was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat, to succeed James W. Republican; took his seat March 5, 1875, and was re-elected. His term of service w March 3, 1887.

Richard Coke, of Waco, was born at Williamsburg, Virginia, March 13, 1829; cated at William and Mary College; studied law, was admitted to the bar when tw years of age, and has since practised constantly, when not in the public service; re 1850 to Waco, McLennan County, Texas, where he has since resided; served in th erate Army as private and afterward as Captain; was appointed District Judge in Ju was nominated by the Democratic party for Judge of the State Supreme Court in elected, and after having occupied the position one year was removed by General Sh "an impediment to reconstruction;" returned to the practice of law the latter part was elected Governor of Texas in December, 1873, by a majority of 50,000, and was in February, 1876, by a majority of 102,000, resigning December 1, 1877, after ha elected the previous April to the United States Senate as a Democrat, to succeed M Hamilton, Republican; took his seat March 4, 1877, and was re-elected in 1883. H service will expire March 3, 1889.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Angelina, Brazos, Chambers, Grimes, Hardin, Harris, Jasper, Jeffe erty, Madison, Montgomery, Newton, Orange, Polk, San Jacinto, Trinity, Tyler, W Waller.*

Charles Stewart, of Houston, was born at Memphis, Tennessee, May 30, 1836; fession a lawyer, and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receivi votes against 8,848 votes for William Chambers, Republican. *Re-elected.*

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Anderson, Cherokee, Freestone, Henderson, Houston, Leon, Nacogdoch son, Sabine, and San Augustine.*

John H. Reagan, of Palestine, was born in Sevier County, Tennessee, Octobe received a common-school and limited collegiate education, but did not graduate; is and farmer; settled in the Republic of Texas in May, 1839; was a Deputy Surve Public Lands 1839–'43; was elected to the State House of Representatives for tw

1847; was elected Judge of the District Court for six years in 1852; resigned, and was re-elected for six years in 1856; was elected in 1857 a Representative to the Thirty-fifth Congress from the First District of Texas, and was re-elected in 1859 to the Thirty-sixth Congress; was elected to the Secession Convention of Texas in 1861, and was elected with others by that convention Deputy to the Provisional Congress of the Confederacy; was appointed Postmaster-General of the Provisional Government of the Confederacy March 6, 1861, was re-appointed on the permanent organization of the Confederate Government in 1862, and occupied the position until the close of the war; was also appointed Acting Secretary of the Treasury of the Confederate Government for a short time preceding the close of the war; was a member of the State Constitutional Convention of 1875; was elected to the Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving no opposition. *Re-elected.*

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Camp, Gregg, Harrison, Hunt, Panola, Rains, Rusk, Shelby, Smith, Upshur, Van Zandt, and Wood.*

James H. Jones, of Henderson, was born in Shelby County, Alabama, September 13, 1830; was raised in Talledega County, Alabama; received an academic education; studied law; was admitted to the bar in 1851, and commenced practice at Henderson, Texas; served in the Confederate service as Captain, Lieutenant-Colonel, and Colonel of the Eleventh Texas Infantry, and at the close of the war was commanding the Third Brigade in Walker's Old Division of the Trans-Mississippi Military Department; was a Presidential Elector on the Hancock and English Ticket in 1880; never held any civil office until he was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 14,045 votes against 9,492 votes for Russell, Republican, and 699 votes for Wade, Independent. *Re-elected.*

FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Bowie, Cass, Delta, Fannin, Franklin, Hopkins, Lamar, Marion, Morris, Red River, and Titus.*

David B. Culberson, of Jefferson, was born in Troup County, Georgia, September 29, 1830; was educated at Brownwood, La Grange, Georgia; studied law under Chief Justice Chilton, of Alabama; removed to Texas in 1856, and was elected a member of the Legislature of that State in 1859; entered the Confederate Army as a private, and was promoted to the rank of Colonel of the Eighteenth Texas Infantry; was assigned to duty in 1864 as Adjutant-General, with the rank of Colonel, of the State of Texas; was elected to the State Legislature in 1864; was elected to the Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 13,487 votes against 7,785 votes for Dahomay, Greenback candidate. *Re-elected.*

FIFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Archer, Baylor, Clay, Collin, Cooke, Denton, Grayson, Montague, Rockwall, Wichita, Wilbarger, and Wise.*

James W. Throckmorton, of McKinney, was born at Sparta, Tennessee, February 1, 1825; his father emigrated to Texas in 1841; is a lawyer; was elected to the State Legislature of Texas in 1851, and served continuously as Representative and Senator until 1861; was a member of the Secession Convention of Texas, and was one of the seven members of that body that voted against the ordinance of secession; he served as Captain and Major in the Confederate service from the spring of 1861 until November, 1863, when he was again returned to the Senate; in 1864 he was appointed by the Governor Brigadier-General of State troops, and commander on the northwest border of the State; in May, 1864, under authority of the Confederate States Government, and also that of the State of Texas, he concluded a treaty with all the wild tribes of Indians on the Texas border, including the Comanches, Lipans, Cheyennes, and other small bands; he returned from the plains in the discharge of this duty in June, after the surrender; was a Delegate to the Constitutional Convention under President Johnson's proclamation, and was chosen the Presiding Officer of that body; was elected Governor of the State of Texas for a term of four years; was inaugurated August 8, 1866, and removed by order of General Sheridan August 9, 1867; was elected a Representative to the Forty-fourth and Forty-fifth Congresses, and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congresses as a Democrat, receiving 14,163 votes against 6,780 for Dickens, Greenbacker. *Re-elected.*

SIXTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Bosque, Dallas, Ellis, Hill, Johnson, Kaufman, and Tarrant.*

Olin Wellborn, of Dallas, was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 17,500 votes against 6,947 votes for Kirby, Greenback candidate. *Re-elected.*

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Aransas, Bee, Brazoria, Calhoun, Cameron, Dimmit, De Witt, Duval, Bend, Frio, Galveston, Goliad, Hidalgo, Jackson, La Salle, Matagorda, Maverick, McMu Nueces, Refugio, San Patricio, Starr, Victoria, Webb, Wharton, Zapata, and Zavala.*

Thomas P. Ochiltree, of Galveston, is the first native Texan ever elected to the Con of the United States; first attended the public schools, and afterwards was educated by Rev. L. C. M. Chambodut and the Rev. John C. Nevas, Priests of the Parish of Nacogdoc the former becoming Vicar-General of Galveston, and the latter is now Bishop of the Cath diocese of San Antonio; volunteered in his fifteenth year as a private in Captain John Walker's Company of Texan Rangers, in the campaign against the Apache and Coman Indians in 1854–'55; was editor of the "Jeffersonian" in 1860–'61; was a delegate to Charleston and Baltimore conventions of 1860; served with distinction in the Confeder Army on the staffs of General Tom Green, General Dick Taylor, and General Sibley, a honorable mention was made of his services under special orders from Generals Longstre Taylor, Green, and Sam. B. Maxey; after the cessation of hostilities Colonel Ochiltree "a cepted the situation" in good faith, and was appointed United States Marshal of Texas President Grant; was editor of the "Houston Daily Telegraph" in 1866–'67, and was t author of several pamphlets on Texas and her resources; he was appointed Commissioner Emigration to Europe for Texas, and in that capacity paid several visits to the continent; the canvass of 1882 his Congressional District embraced 37,600 square miles of territory, co taining twenty-seven counties, reaching from Galveston, on the Gulf, to Eagle Pass, on t Upper Rio Grande; he was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as an Independent candida receiving 12,160 votes against 9,016 votes for Findlay, Democrat.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Atascosa, Austin, Caldwell, Colorado, Fayette, Gonzales, Guadalupe, Hay Karnes, Lavaca, Lee, Live Oak, and Wilson.*

James Francis Miller, of Gonzales, was born in Tennessee, August 1, 1832; receiv a classical education in a private school; is by profession a lawyer, and has also been engag in banking and stock-raising; never held any civil or political office, and never was a canc date for any until elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 12,297 vo against 1,774 votes for Joseph O'Connor, Independent, and 6,528 votes for Robert Za Republican. *Re-elected.*

NINTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Bell, Burleson, Falls, Limestone, McLennan, Milan, Navarro, and Washingt*

Roger Q. Mills, of Corsicana, was elected to the Forty-third, Forty-fourth, Forty-fi Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress a Democrat, receiving 14,730 votes against 8,329 for Rankin, Greenbacker. *Re-elected.*

TENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Bandera, Bastrop, Bexar, Blanco, Burnet, Coleman, Comal, Concho, Croc Edwards, Gillespie, Kendall, Kerr, Kimball, Kinney, Lampasas, Llano, McCulloch, Ma Medina, Menard, Runnels, San Saba, Travis, Uvalde, and Williamson.*

John Hancock, of Austin, was born of Virginia parents, in Jackson County, Alab October 29, 1824; was educated partly in Alabama and partly in Tennessee· studied la Winchester, Tennessee, and was admitted to the bar in 1846; settled in Texas in 1847, p tising his profession there until August, 1851, when he was elected to the district bench of State, and served as Judge until 1855, when he resigned and resumed practice and plant was a member of the State Legislature in 1860 and '61, when he refused to take the oat allegiance to the Confederate States, and was expelled; was elected a member of the S Constitutional Convention of 1866; since then has been engaged in the practice of his pr sion, planting, and stock-raising; was elected a Representative to the Forty-second, Forty-t and Forty-fourth Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress, receiving 16 votes against 9,783 votes for Davis, Republican.

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Andrews, Armstrong, Bailey, Borden, Briscoe, Brown, Callahan, Carson, tro, Childress, Cochran, Collingsworth, Comanche, Coryell, Cottle, Crosby, Dallam, Daw Deaf Smith, Dickens, Donley, Eastland, El Paso, Erath, Fisher, Floyd, Gaines, Garza, G Greer, Hale, Hall, Hamilton, Hansford, Hardeman, Hartley, Haskell, Hemphill, Hoc Hood, Howard, Hutchinson, Jack, Jones, Kent, King, Knox, Lamb, Lipscomb, Lubbock, L*

347; was elected Judge of the District Court for six years in 1852; resigned, and was re-elected for six years in 1856; was elected in 1857 a Representative to the Thirty-fifth Congress from the First District of Texas, and was re-elected in 1859 to the Thirty-sixth Congress; was elected to the Secession Convention of Texas in 1861, and was elected with others by that convention Deputy to the Provisional Congress of the Confederacy; was appointed Postmaster-General of the Provisional Government of the Confederacy March 6, 1861, was re-appointed on the permanent organization of the Confederate Government in 1862, and occupied the position until the close of the war; was also appointed Acting Secretary of the Treasury of the Confederate Government for a short time preceding the close of the war; was a member of the State Constitutional Convention of 1875; was elected to the Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving no opposition. *Re-elected.*

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Camp, Gregg, Harrison, Hunt, Panola, Rains, Rusk, Shelby, Smith, Upshur, Van Zandt, and Wood.*

James H. Jones, of Henderson, was born in Shelby County, Alabama, September 13, 1830; was raised in Talledega County, Alabama; received an academic education; studied law; was admitted to the bar in 1851, and commenced practice at Henderson, Texas; served in the Confederate service as Captain, Lieutenant-Colonel, and Colonel of the Eleventh Texas Infantry, and at the close of the war was commanding the Third Brigade in Walker's Old Division of the Trans-Mississippi Military Department; was a Presidential Elector on the Hancock and English Ticket in 1880; never held any civil office until he was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 14,045 votes against 9,492 votes for Russell, Republican, and 699 votes for Wade, Independent. *Re-elected.*

FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Bowie, Cass, Delta, Fannin, Franklin, Hopkins, Lamar, Marion, Morris, Red River, and Titus.*

David B. Culberson, of Jefferson, was born in Troup County, Georgia, September 29, 1830; was educated at Brownwood, La Grange, Georgia; studied law under Chief Justice Chilton, of Alabama; removed to Texas in 1856, and was elected a member of the Legislature of that State in 1859; entered the Confederate Army as a private, and was promoted to the rank of Colonel of the Eighteenth Texas Infantry; was assigned to duty in 1864 as Adjutant-General, with the rank of Colonel, of the State of Texas; was elected to the State Legislature in 1864; was elected to the Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 13,487 votes against 7,785 votes for Dahomay, Greenback candidate. *Re-elected.*

FIFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Archer, Baylor, Clay, Collin, Cooke, Denton, Grayson, Montague, Rockwall, Wichita, Wilbarger, and Wise.*

James W. Throckmorton, of McKinney, was born at Sparta, Tennessee, February 1, 1825; his father emigrated to Texas in 1841; is a lawyer; was elected to the State Legislature of Texas in 1851, and served continuously as Representative and Senator until 1861; was a member of the Secession Convention of Texas, and was one of the seven members of that body that voted against the ordinance of secession; he served as Captain and Major in the Confederate service from the spring of 1861 until November, 1863, when he was again returned to the Senate; in 1864 he was appointed by the Governor Brigadier-General of State troops, and commander on the northwest border of the State; in May, 1864, under authority of the Confederate States Government, and also that of the State of Texas, he concluded a treaty with all the wild tribes of Indians on the Texas border, including the Comanches, Lipans, Cheyennes, and other small bands; he returned from the plains in the discharge of this duty in June, after the surrender; was a Delegate to the Constitutional Convention under President Johnson's proclamation, and was chosen the Presiding Officer of that body; was elected Governor of the State of Texas for a term of four years; was inaugurated August 8, 1866, and removed by order of General Sheridan August 9, 1867; was elected a Representative to the Forty-fourth and Forty-fifth Congresses, and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congresses as a Democrat, receiving 14,163 votes against 6,780 for Dickens, Greenbacker. *Re-elected.*

SIXTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Bosque, Dallas, Ellis, Hill, Johnson, Kaufman, and Tarrant.*

Olin Wellborn, of Dallas, was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 17,500 votes against 6,947 votes for Kirby, Greenback candidate. *Re-elected.*

sentatives in 1878; was elected by the Legislature a Trustee of the University of Vermon and State Agricultural College; received the degree of Doctor of Laws from the Universit of Vermont in 1861; has been President of the First National Bank of Saint Johnsbury fo twenty years; has been Chairman of the General Council and Executive Committee of th National Bar Association since its organization in 1878; was elected to the Forty-eight Congress as a Republican, receiving 12,895 votes against 6,363 votes for George L. Fletche Democrat, 390 votes for H. D. Dunbar, Greenback, 4,583 votes for W. W. Grout, Republica 338 votes for William P. Dillingham, Republican, and 317 scattering. *Declined a renomina tion.*

VIRGINIA.

SENATORS.

William Mahone, of Petersburg, was born at Southampton, Virginia, in 1827; gradu ated from the Virginia Military Institute in 1847; became a civil engineer, and constructor o the Norfolk and Petersburg Railroad; embarked in the secession movement in 1861, and too part in the capture of the Norfolk navy-yard; raised and commanded the Sixth Virginia Reg ment, and was with it in most of the battles of the peninsular campaign, those on the Rapp hannock and those around Petersburg; was made both Brigadier-General and Major-General i 1864, and afterwards commanded a corps in Hill's division; at the close of the war he returne to railroad engineering, and in a few years became president of a trunk line from Norfolk in Tennessee, over four hundred miles in length; was elected to the United States Senate as Readjuster, in the place of Robert E. Withers, Democrat, and took his seat March 4, 188 His term of service will expire March 3, 1887.

Harrison H. Riddleberger, of Woodstock, was born in Edinburg, Shenandoah Count Virginia, October 4, 1844; received a common-school education, and had a home precept for two years; served three years in the Confederate States Army as Second and First Lie tenant of Infantry, and as Captain of Cavalry; is a lawyer by profession; served as Commo wealth's Attorney of his county for two terms; also two terms of two years each in the Hou of Delegates, and one term of four years in the State Senate; since 1870 he has been edit of three newspapers, "The Tenth Legion," "The Shenandoah Democrat," and "The Vi ginian;" was a member of the State Committee of the Conservative party until 1875; was Presidential Elector on the Democratic ticket of 1876, and the same on the Readjuster tick of 1880; in 1881, while Commonwealth's Attorney and State Senator, he was elected to t United S.ates Senate as a Readjuster, in the place of John W. Johnston, Conservative, a took his seat December 3, 1883. His term of service will expire March 3, 1889.

REPRESENTATIVES.

AT LARGE.

John Sergeant Wise, of Richmond, was born at Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, December 2 1846; was educated at the Virginia Military Institute and University of Virginia; studied law is a lawyer; was lieutenant in the Provisional Army Confederate States; was United Stat Attorney for Eastern District of Virginia from May, 1882, until March, 1883, when he r signed to accept the position of Congressman at Large from Virginia in the Forty-eighth Co gress, to which he was elected as a Readjuster by a vote of 99,992 votes, against 94,184 vot for John E. Massey, Independent Democrat, and 4,342 votes for John M. Dawson, Straighto Republican.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Accomack, Essex, Gloucester, King and Queen, King George, King Willia Lancaster, Matthews, Middlesex, Northampton, Northumberland, Prince William, Richmon Spottsylvania, Stafford, Westmoreland, and the town of Fredericksburg.*

George Tankard Garrison, of Accomac, was born in Accomac County, Virginia, Janua 14, 1835; graduated at Dickinson College, Carlisle, Pennsylvania, in 1853, and at the La School of the University of Virginia in 1857; practised law until the late war; entered t Confederate service as a private; was soon thereafter elected to the State Legislature, a served in that body, first in the House and then in the Senate, until the close of the wa after the war engaged again in the law, and also in agriculture; in 1870 was elected by t Legislature Judge of the Eighth Virginia Circuit, and was subsequently elected Judge of t Seventeenth Circuit, which position he held when elected to the Forty-seventh Congress; was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 10,575 votes agai 10,505 votes for Mayo, Coalition Republican, and 168 votes for Woltz, Republican. T State canvassing board refused to count certain votes, and thereby counted Mayo in by a m

jority of one vote over Garrison, giving him the certificate. Garrison contested the seat, and, upon a unanimous report of the Committee on Elections and by a unanimous vote of the House, was declared entitled to the seat, and was sworn in as a member of the Forty-eighth Congress.

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Charles City, Elizabeth City, Isle of Wight, James City, Nansemond, New Kent, Norfolk, Prince George, Princess Anne, Southampton, Surry, Sussex, Warwick, York, and the cities of Norfolk, Portsmouth, and Williamsburg.*

Harry Libbey, of Old Point Comfort, was born at Wakefield, New Hampshire, November 22, 1843; received a common-school education; engaged in mercantile pursuits; was appointed one of the Presiding Justices of Elizabeth City County, Virginia, in 1869; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Coalition Republican, receiving 13,276 votes against 10,282 votes for R. C. Marshall, Democrat, and 3,114 votes for John F. Dezendorf, Straightout Republican. *Re-elected.*

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Caroline, Chesterfield, Hanover, Henrico, Louisa, and the cities of Richmond and Manchester.*

George D. Wise, of Richmond, was born in Accomack County, Virginia, in 1835; graduated at Indiana University; studied law at William and Mary College, at Williamsburg, Virginia, and has practised at Richmond; was Captain in the Confederate Army; was Commonwealth's Attorney of the city of Richmond from 1870 until he resigned in 1880; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 10,736 votes against 8,060 for Smith, Readjuster, and 2 scattering. *Re-elected.*

FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Amelia, Brunswick, Charlotte, Cumberland, Dinwiddie, Greenville, Lunenburg, Mecklenburg, Nottoway, Powhatan, Prince Edward, and the city of Petersburg.*

Benjamin S. Hooper, of Farmville, was born in Buckingham County, Virginia, March 6, 1835; received a common-school education; is engaged in mercantile business, and the manufacture of tobacco; and was elected to the Forty-Eighth Congress as a Readjuster, receiving 14,764 votes against 4,552 votes for W. A. Reese, Democrat, and 250 votes for Tazewell, Republican.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Carroll, Floyd, Franklin, Grayson, Halifax, Henry, Patrick, Pittsylvania, and the town of Danville.*

George C. Cabell, of Danville, was born at Danville, Virginia, January 25, 1837; was instructed by his father, the late General B. W. S. Cabell, until twelve years of age, and from that time until the age of eighteen attended the Danville Academy; taught school in Henry County, devoting his leisure hours to the study of law; attended the Law School of the University of Virginia in 1857; commenced the practice of law at Danville in 1858; also edited for a year or two "The Republican" and then "The Democratic Appeal," papers published at Danville; was elected in September, 1858, Commonwealth's Attorney for Danville; held said position to April 23, 1861, when he volunteered as a private soldier in the Confederate Army; he was commissioned Major in June, 1861, by Governor Letcher, and assigned to the Eighteenth Virginia Infantry, Colonel Withers, Pickett's Division, Longstreet's Corps; participated in most of the battles fought by that portion of the Army of Northern Virginia to which he was attached; was twice wounded, and left the army at the close of the war with the rank of Colonel; after the war, returned to the practice of his profession; was elected to the Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 12,948 votes against 11,489 votes for Sims, Readjuster, and 3 scattering. *Re-elected.*

SIXTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Alleghany, Amherst, Appomattox, Bedford, Botetourt, Buckingham, Campbell, Nelson, Rockbridge, and the city of Lynchburg.*

John Randolph Tucker, of Lexington, was born at Winchester, December 24, 1823; was educated at the University of Virginia; is a lawyer; was Attorney-General of Virginia from 1857 to 1865; was Professor of Equity and Public Law at Washington and Lee University, Lexington; was elected to the Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 12,765 votes against 10,362 for Rives, Readjuster, and 102 for Woodfin, Republican. *Re-elected.*

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Albemarle, Augusta, Bath, Fluvanna, Goochland, Greene, Highland, Page Rockingham, Shenandoah, and the city of Staunton.*

Charles T. O'Ferrall, of Harrisonburg, was born in Frederick County, Virginia, October 21, 1840; at the age of fifteen he was appointed Clerk *pro tempore* of the Circuit Court of Morgan County, Virginia, to fill a vacancy occasioned by the death of his father, and at the age of seventeen was elected Clerk of the County Court of this county for six years; in May, 1861, he enlisted in the cavalry service of the Confederate States as a private; passed through all the grades of Sergeant to Colonel, and at the surrender of Lee was in command of all the Confederate Cavalry in the Shenandoah Valley; he was several times wounded—once through the lungs; soon after the close of the war he studied law at Washington College, Lexington, Virginia; graduated and located at Harrisonburg, where he commenced the practice of his profession; he was a member of the General Assembly of Virginia, 1871–'73; judge of the County Court of Rockingham County, 1874–'80; Democratic State Canvasser 1880, '81, and '83; in 1882 he was the Democratic nominee for Congress in the Seventh District, and according to returns he received 11,941 votes against 12,146 votes for John Paul, the nominee of the Republican-Readjuster-Coalition party. He contested upon the ground of fraud and illegal voting, and was seated by the Forty-eighth Congress, May 5, 1884. *Re-elected.*

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Alexandria, Clarke, Culpeper, Fairfax, Fauquier, Frederick, Loudoun, Madison, Orange, Rappahannock, Warren, and the cities of Alexandria and Winchester.*

John S. Barbour, of Alexandria, was born in Culpeper County, Virginia, December 29, 1820; was educated at the University of Virginia; was a graduate of the Law School of the University of Virginia, and began the practice of law in his native county of Culpeper; was elected to the Legislature of Virginia from Culpeper County in 1847, and was re-elected, serving four consecutive sessions; in 1852 was elected President of the Railroad Company then called "The Orange and Alexandria Railroad Company," in which position he continuously remained until it was merged in what is now known as "The Virginia Midland Railway Company," extending from Alexandria to Danville, Virginia, of which he is still President, having given exclusive attention to that line of railroad for the past twenty-nine years; he has not held any other civil or military office; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 14,256 votes against 9,034 votes for Farr, Readjuster, and 227 votes for Syphax, Republican. *Re-elected.*

NINTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Bland, Buchanan, Craig, Giles, Lee, Montgomery, Pulaski, Roanoke, Russell, Scott, Smyth, Tazewell, Washington, Wise, and Wythe.*

Henry Bowen, of Tazewell C. H., was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Readjuster and Independent Democrat, receiving 10,073 votes against 5,603 votes for Fulkerson, Independent Readjuster, and 328 votes for Dotson, Independent Democrat.

WEST VIRGINIA.

SENATORS.

Johnson N. Camden, of Parkersburg, was born in 1828 in Lewis County, West Virginia; was appointed a Cadet to West Point in 1846; resigned in 1848; studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1851; was appointed the same year Prosecuting Attorney for Braxton County, and in 1852 was elected Prosecuting Attorney for Nicholas County; in 1854 was elected to a position in a bank; resigned in 1858, and entered into the development of petroleum and manufacturing interest at Parkersburg, West Virginia; was made President of the First National Bank at Parkersburg at its organization in 1862, and still holds the position; was the nominee of the Democratic party for Governor of the State in 1868, and again in 1872; was a delegate to the Democratic National Convention in 1868, and also in 1872, and also in 1876; was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat, to succeed Frank Hereford, Democrat, and took his seat March 4, 1881. His term of service will expire March 3, 1887.

John E. Kenna, of Kanawha, was born at Valcoulon, Virginia, (now West Virginia,) April 10, 1848; lived and worked on a farm; entered the Confederate Army as a private soldier; was wounded in that service in 1864, and was surrendered at Shreveport, Louisiana, in 1865; afterward attended Saint Vincent's College, Wheeling; studied law with Miller &

Quarrier at Charleston; was admitted to the bar June 20, 1870, and has continued to practice law from that time; was elected Prosecuting Attorney for Kanawha County, on the Democratic ticket, in 1872, and served until January 1, 1877; in 1875 was elected by the bar in the respective counties under statutory provision to hold the Circuit Courts of Lincoln and Wayne; was elected to the Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and had been elected to the Forty-eighth Congress, when he was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat, to succeed Henry G. Davis, Democrat, and took his seat December 3, 1883. His term of service will expire March 3, 1889.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Braxton, Brooke, Doddridge, Gilmer, Hancock, Harrison, Lewis, Marshall, Ohio, Tyler, and Wetzel.*

Nathan Goff, Jr., of Clarksburg, was born at Clarksburg, Virginia, February 9, 1843; was educated at the Northwestern Virginia Academy, Georgetown College, and the University of the City of New York; was admitted to the bar in 1865; in 1867 was elected a member of the West Virginia Legislature; in 1868 was appointed United States Attorney for the District of West Virginia, to which position he was reappointed in 1872, '76, and '80; he resigned the District Attorneyship in January, 1881, when he was appointed Secretary of the Navy by President Hayes; in March, 1881, President Garfield reappointed him District Attorney for West Virginia, which position he again resigned in July, 1882; he enlisted in the Union Army in June, 1861, in the Third Regiment Virginia Volunteer Infantry; served as Lieutenant of Company G; also as Adjutant of said Regiment, and as Major of the Fourth Virginia Volunteer Cavalry; was the Republican candidate for Congress in 1870 in the First West Virginia District, as also in the year 1874; was the candidate of the Republican party for Governor of West Virginia in 1876, and was defeated by Hon. H. M. Mathews; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 14,154 votes against 12,326 votes for J. H. Good, Democrat, and 605 votes for Luther Shinn, Greenbacker. *Re-elected.*

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Barbour, Berkeley, Grant, Hampshire, Hardy, Jefferson, Marion, Mineral, Monongalia, Morgan, Pendleton, Preston, Randolph, Taylor, and Tucker.*

William L. Wilson, of Charlestown, Jefferson County, was born in Jefferson County, Virginia, now West Virginia, May 3, 1843; was educated at Charlestown Academy, and at Columbian College, D. C., where he graduated in 1860, and at the University of Virginia; served in the Confederate Army; was, after the close of the war, for several years Professor in Columbian College, during which time he graduated in its Law School, and on the overthrow of the lawyers' test oath in West Virginia, resigned and entered upon the practice of law at Charlestown; was a Delegate in 1880 to the National Democratic Convention at Cincinnati, and an Elector for the State at large on the Hancock ticket; was chosen President of the West Virginia University, and entered upon the office September 4, 1882; but on September 20 was nominated for a seat in the Forty-eighth Congress, and was elected as a Democrat, receiving 11,406 votes against 11,396 votes for J. W. Mason, Republican, and 656 votes for B. M. Kitchen, Greenbacker. Resigned the Presidency of the State University with the beginning of his Congressional term; received the degree of LL. D. from the Columbian University in 1883. *Re-elected.*

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Boone, Clay, Fayette, Greenbrier, Kanawha, Logan, Mercer, Monroe, McDowell, Nicholas, Pocahontas, Raleigh, Summers, Upshur, Webster, and Wyoming.*

Charles Philip Snyder, of Charleston, was born at Charleston, Kanawha County, West Virginia, June 9, 1847; received an academic education; studied law, and has since practised; was elected Prosecuting Attorney of Kanawha County, West Virginia, in 1876, for a term of four years, and re-elected to the same office in 1880; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress, as a Democrat, at a special election held May 15, 1883, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Hon. John E. Kenna, over Judge James H. Brown, the Republican candidate. *Re-elected.*

FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Cabell, Calhoun, Jackson, Lincoln, Mason, Pleasants, Ritchie, Roane, Putnam, Wayne, Wirt, and Wood.*

Eustace Gibson, of Huntington, was born in Culpeper County, Virginia, October 4, 1842; received a common education in the ordinary Virginia schools of that day; studied law and

commenced the practise in the spring of 1861; enlisted in Confederate Army June, 1861, as First Lieutenant; was made Captain in 1863, and retired on account of wounds; was a member of the Constitutional Convention of Virginia in 1867–'68; settled in Huntington in 1871; was elected to the House of Delegates of West Virginia in 1876, and by that House elected Speaker; was a Hancock elector in 1880; was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 11,157 votes against 9,863 votes for Loomis, Republican, and 2,287 votes for Barbee, Greenback-Democrat. *Re-elected.*

WISCONSIN.

SENATORS.

Angus Cameron, of La Crosse, was born at Caledonia, Livingston County, New York, July 4, 1826; received an academic education; studied law at Buffalo, New York, and graduated at the National Law School, Ballston Spa; removed to La Crosse, Wisconsin, in 1857; was a member of the State Senate of Wisconsin in 1863, '64, '71, and '72; was a member of the Legislative Assembly of Wisconsin in 1866 and '67, and was Speaker in 1867; was a member of the National Republican Convention at Baltimore in 1864; was one of the Regents of the University of Wisconsin, 1866–'75; was a Delegate to the National Republican Convention at Baltimore in 1864; was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, took his seat March 4, 1875, and was re-elected in 1881, to succeed Matthew H. Carpenter, deceased. His term of service will expire March 3, 1885.

Philetus Sawyer, of Oshkosh, was born at Whiting, Vermont, September 22, 1816; removed with his family to New York in the following year; received a common-school education; went to Wisconsin in 1847 and engaged in the lumber business; was a member of the Legislature of Wisconsin in 1857 and 1861; was Mayor of Oshkosh in 1863 and '64; was a Delegate to the National Republican Convention at Baltimore in 1864, at Cincinnati in 1876, and at Chicago in 1880; was a Representative in the Thirty-ninth, Fortieth, Forty-first, Forty-second, and Forty-third Congresses; was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican to succeed Angus Cameron, Republican, and took his seat March 4, 1881. His term of service will expire March 3, 1887.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Jefferson, Kenosha, Racine, Rock, and Walworth.*

John Winans, of Janesville, was born at Vernon, Sussex County, New Jersey, September 27, 1831; studied law, was admitted to the bar, and since practised; was Alderman of the city of Janesville in 1861; was City Attorney of the city of Janesville five terms between 1865 and 1875; was a member of the State Legislature from the city of Janesville in 1874 and 1882; was a Delegate from Wisconsin to the Democratic National Convention held in Chicago in 1864; was a member of Governor Taylor's staff 1874–'75, with the rank of Colonel; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as an Independent Democrat, receiving 12,307 votes against 11,853 votes for Charles G. Williams, Republican, 2,207 votes for C. M. Blackman, Prohibitionist, and 10 votes for W. L. Utley, Greenbacker.

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Dodge, Fond du Lac, Washington, and Waukesha.*

Daniel H. Sumner, of Waukesha, was born at Malone, Franklin County, New York, September 15, 1837; received a common-school education; studied law; was admitted to the bar in Michigan in 1868, and settled in Waukesha, Wisconsin, in 1870, where he has since practised his profession; was elected District Attorney of Waukesha County, and served in that capacity during the years 1876 and '77; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 10,671 votes against 8,870 votes for J. S. Rowell, Republican, 1,00 votes for E. W. Chafin, Prohibition, and 627 votes for L. Merrill, Greenback candidate.

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Dane, Grant, Green, Iowa, and La Fayette.*

Burr W. Jones, of Madison, was born in Union, Rock County, Wisconsin, March 9, 1 received an academic and collegiate education, graduating at the Wisconsin State Univ

in 1870, and at the Law School of the same University in 1871; is a lawyer by profession, and has practised at Madison, Wisconsin; was elected District Attorney of Dane County in 1872, and re-elected in 1874; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 13,035 votes against 7,924 votes for George C. Hazelton, Republican, 3,791 votes for E. W. Keys, Republican, 3,152 votes for S. D. Hastings, Prohibitionist, and 444 votes for P. W. Matts, Greenbacker.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTY.—*Milwaukee.*

Peter Victor Deuster, of Milwaukee, was born near Aix-la-Chapelle, in Rhenish Prussia, Germany, February 13, 1831; received an elementary and academical education; the latter ended when he, in May, 1847, at the age of sixteen, sailed, with his parents, to the United States, and settled at Milwaukee, Wisconsin; after his arrival, entered a printing-office; shortly after serving his full apprenticeship he published and edited the first literary paper in Milwaukee, and in 1856 became editor and sole proprietor of "The Milwaukee See-Bote," a daily Democratic paper, which last position he has held ever since; in 1862 he was elected to the lower house of the State Legislature, and in 1870 and 1871 he was a member of the State Senate; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 9,688 votes against 8,320 votes for F. C. Winkler, Republican, and 1,922 votes for G. B. Goodwin, Trades Assembly and Greenbacker.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Brown, Calumet, Kewaunee, Manitowoc, Ozaukee, and Sheboygan.*

Joseph Rankin, of Manitowoc, was born at Passaic, New Jersey, September 25, 1833; received an academic education; served in the Union Army three years; in the Wisconsin Legislature eleven years; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 12,923 votes against 6,108 votes for L. Howland, Republican. *Re-elected.*

SIXTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Adams, Columbia, Green Lake, Marquette, Outagamie, Waushara, and Winnebago.*

Richard Guenther, of Oshkosh, was born at Potsdam, Prussia, November 30, 1845; received a collegiate education; studied pharmacy in the Royal Pharmacy at Potsdam; emigrated to the United States in July, 1866; removed to Oshkosh in 1867; was elected State Treasurer of Wisconsin in 1876 and re-elected in 1878; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 10,303 votes against 9,265 votes for Haban, Democrat, 3,275 votes for Kanouse, Prohibitionist, and 496 votes for Stewart, Greenback candidate. *Re-elected.*

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Crawford, Juneau, La Crosse, Monroe, Richland, Sauk, and Vernon.*

Gilbert M. Woodward, of La Crosse, was born at Washington, D. C., December 25, 1835; received a common-school education; studied law; was admitted to the bar, and has since practised; served in the Union Army during the war of the rebellion a little over three years, and in that time was Private, First Sergeant, Second Lieutenant, First Lieutenant, Adjutant of the Second Wisconsin Volunteer Infantry; served, by detail, as Acting Aide-de-Camp on the Staff of the First Brigade, First Division, First Army Corps, and in the same capacity on the Staff of the First Division, Fifth Army Corps; was District Attorney of La Crosse County from 1866 to 1873; was Mayor of the city of La Crosse, 1874, '75; was City Attorney of the city of La Crosse, 1876–'82; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 11,908 votes against 10,604 votes for C. M. Butt, Republican, 1,877 votes for B. F. Parker, Prohibitionist, and 360 votes for Reuben May, Greenbacker.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Barron, Bayfield, Buffalo, Burnett, Clark, Douglas, Dunn, Eau Claire, Jackson, Pepin, Pierce, Polk, Saint Croix, and Trempealeau.*

William T. Price, of Black River Falls, was born in Huntingdon County, Pennsylvania, June 17, 1824; received a common-school education; is a lumberman and farmer; was a member of the Wisconsin Assembly in 1851 and 1882; was a member of the Wisconsin Senate in 1857, '70, 71, '78, '79, '80, and '81; was President of the Wisconsin Senate in 1879; was County Judge of Jackson County, Wisconsin, in 1854 and 1859; was Presidential Elector in 1868; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress, (nominated by the Republicans and Prohibitionists,) receiving 14,447 votes against 10,940 votes for W. F. Bailey, who was nominated by the Democrats and Anti-monopolists. *Re-elected.*

NINTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Ashland, Chippewa, Door, Florence, Langlade, Lincoln, Marathon, Marinette, Oconto, Portage, Price, Shawano, Taylor, Waupaca, and Wood.*

Isaac Stephenson, of Marinette, was born in York County, near Fredericton, New Brunswick, June 18, 1829; received a common-school education; is a lumberman and a banker; removed to Wisconsin and settled at Milwaukee; engaged in the lumber business at Escanaba, Michigan, for twelve years, with headquarters at Milwaukee; in the spring of 1858 he removed to Marinette, Wisconsin, and has resided there since; has held various local offices, and was a member of the Wisconsin Legislature in 1866 and 1868; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 12,774 votes against 12,518 votes for G. L. Park, Democrat, 1,400 votes for H. H. Woodmansee, Prohibitionist, and 199 votes for J. Mehan, Greenbacker. *Re-elected.*

TERRITORIAL DELEGATES.

ARIZONA.

Granville H. Oury, of Florence, was born in Abingdon, Virginia, March 12, 1825, emigrated to Missouri in 1836; commenced the study of law in 1846, and was admitted to the bar at Bowling Green in 1848; removed to Texas the same year, and in 1849 emigrated to California, where for some years he was engaged in mining; in 1856 he took up his residence in Arizona; commenced the practice of law in 1865, and has continued it up to the present time; was elected to the Territorial Legislature in 1866, '73, and '75; was elected Speaker of the House the first two sessions; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 7,490 votes against 6,510 votes for Porter, Republican.

DAKOTA.

John Baldwin Raymond, of Fargo, was born at Lockport, Niagara county, New York, December 5, 1844; removed with his parents to Tazewell County, Illinois, in 1853; enlisted from that county as a private in the Thirty-first Illinois Infantry, under Col. John A. Logan, in 1861; was promoted to be Captain of Company E of that Regiment after the siege of Vicksburg in 1863; served through the war and remained in Mississippi after the muster out; published the Mississippi Pilot at Jackson, Mississippi, during the reconstruction of that State, and until 1877, when he was appointed United States Marshal of Dakota. At the expiration of his term he declined a reappointment; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 39,100 votes against 8,600 votes for Judge W. W. Brookings, Democrat.

IDAHO.

Theodore F. Singiser, of Boisé City, was born at Churchtown, Cumberland County, Pennsylvania, March 15, 1845; he received a common-school education, and learned the art of printing; entered the military service of the United States as a private in Company E, Sixth Regiment Pennsylvania Reserves, June 6, 1861; was engaged with his regiment in the campaigns and battles of the Army of the Potomac up to and including Antietam; was severely injured at the second battle of Bull Run; and was honorably discharged in February, 1863; re-entered the Army in June, 1863, as Captain of Company A, Twentieth Regiment Pennsylvania Cavalry, and was in active service with his command until the spring of 1865, when he was honorably discharged; after the close of the war engaged in mercantile and editorial pursuits; was Assistant Assessor of Internal Revenue, 1866–'67; studied law and was admitted to the bar; and was employed in the United States Treasury from June, 1875 to 1879; was appointed Receiver of Public Moneys at Oxford, Idaho, in February, 1879, vacating said office to accept the Secretaryship of the Territory, to which he was appointed December 22, 1880; was Acting Governor of Idaho during the winter of 1881–'82; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving a majority exceeding 3,000 over Ainslee, Democrat.

MONTANA.

Maginnis, of Helena, was born in Wayne County, New York, October 27, 1840; rith his parents to Minnesota at an early age; received an academic education and was f Hamline University, but left to take charge of a Democratic newspaper; enlisted as n the First Minnesota Volunteer Infantry on the 18th day of April, 1861; was made ieutenant after the first battle of Bull Run, promoted to First Lieutenant in Septem- and to Captain in July, 1863; served in the line of his regiment in all the campaigns y all the battles of the Army of the Potomac until September, 1864, when he was Major of the Eleventh Minnesota Volunteers, and ordered to join the Army of the nd, where he served, under command of General Thomas, until mustered out with his in July, 1865; he removed to Montana the next year; engaged in mining and subse- publishing and editing "The Helena Daily Gazette;" was elected to the Forty- ty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected rty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 12,398 votes against 10,914 votes for Republican. *Declined a re-nomination.*

NEW MEXICO.

sco A. Manzanares, of Las Vegas, was born at Abiquiu, New Mexico, January his early education was in Spanish, by the best teachers then in that country; at the r he commenced the study of the English language, and in 1863–'64 attended the is University, at Saint Louis, Missouri; has been engaged in mercantile pursuits 6; was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat; his opponent received cate of election, but the House Committee on Elections reported that he had received tes against 12,287 votes for Tranquilino Luna, Republican, and the House unani- ave him the seat March 5, 1884.

UTAH.

T. Caine, of Salt Lake City, was born in the Isle of Man, January 8, 1829; received ar-school education; emigrated to the United States in 1846, and lived in New y and Saint Louis till 1852, when he crossed the plains and settled in Utah; has llowed business pursuits, but for many years has been manager of the Salt Lake in 1870, with two associates, he founded "The Salt Lake Herald," became its editor, and is now President of its company; served as Secretary of the Legislative luring the sessions of 1856, '57, '59, and '60; was a member of the Constitutional ns of 1872 and 1882, which adopted constitutions and asked for the admission of State; by the latter convention he was appointed one of the delegates to present the n and memorial to Congress; was elected to the Council branch the Legislative r for the sessions of 1874, '76, '80, and '82; by joint vote of the Assembly he ed a Regent of the Deseret University in 1876, '78, '80, and '82; was elected of Salt Lake City in 1876, and re-elected in 1878, '80, and '82; was elected on the s ticket" to the Forty-seventh Congress, to fill a vacancy, and was re-elected to -eighth Congress on the People's ticket, receiving 23,039 votes against 4,884 votes Van Zile, Liberal candidate. *Re-elected.*

WASHINGTON.

as H. Brents, of Walla Walla, was born near Florence, Pike County, Illinois, r 24, 1840; is a lawyer; was educated in common schools and at Portland Academy, eminary of Oregon City, and McMinnville College, in Oregon; has been Justice of e, Postmaster at Canyon City, Oregon, County Clerk of Grant County, Oregon, and f the Oregon State Legislature; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh s, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 11,252 inst 8,244 votes for Thomas Burke, Democrat.

WYOMING.

n E. Post, of Cheyenne, was born in Monroe County, New York, December 25, eived an academic education; emigrated to Colorado in 1860, and in 1867 removed rtion of Dakota now Wyoming; was elected County Commissioner of Laramie County nd was re-elected in 1872 without opposition; was elected a member of the Legis- ncil in 1878; is engaged in business as a banker and stock-grower; was elected to seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, 5,813 votes against 4,702 votes for Meldrum, Republican.

COMMITTEES OF THE SENATE

STANDING COMMITTEES.

Committee on Agriculture and Forestry.

Warner Miller, of New York.
Henry W. Blair, of New Hampshire.
Preston B. Plumb, of Kansas.
Charles H. Van Wyck, of Nebraska.
Philetus Sawyer, of Wisconsin.
James Z. George, of Mississippi.
John S. Williams, of Kentucky.
James G. Fair, of Nevada.
Randall L. Gibson, of Louisiana.

Committee on Appropriations.

William B. Allison, of Iowa.
John A. Logan, of Illinois.
Henry L. Dawes, of Massachusetts.
Preston B. Plumb, of Kansas.
Eugene Hale, of Maine.
James B. Beck, of Kentucky.
Matt W. Ransom, of North Carolina.
Francis M. Cockrell, of Missouri.
Wilkinson Call, of Florida.

Committee to Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses of the Senate.

John P. Jones, of Nevada.
Orville H. Platt, of Connecticut.
Zebulon B. Vance, of North Carolina.

Committee on Civil Service and Retrenchment.

Joseph R. Hawley, of Connecticut.
Henry L. Dawes, of Massachusetts.
John I. Mitchell, of Pennsylvania.
John F. Miller, of California.
Austin F. Pike, of New Hampshire.
James D. Walker, of Arkansas.
John S. Williams, of Kentucky.
L. Q. C. Lamar, of Mississippi.
John R. McPherson, of New Jersey.

Committee on Claims.

Angus Cameron, of Wisconsin.
George F. Hoar, of Massachusetts.
Austin F. Pike, of New Hampshire.
Joseph N. Dolph, of Oregon.
William F. Sheffield, of Rhode Island.
Howell E. Jackson, of Tennessee.
James Z. George, of Mississippi.
James Graham Fair, of Nevada.
John E. Kenna, of West Virginia.

Committee on Commerce.

Samuel J. R. McMillan, of Minnesota.
John P. Jones, of Nevada.
Omar D. Conger, of Michigan.
William P. Frye, of Maine.
Warner Miller, of New York.
Joseph N. Dolph, of Oregon.
Matt W. Ransom, of North Carolina.
Richard Coke, of Texas.
James T. Farley, of California.
George G. Vest, of Missouri.
Arthur P. Gorman, of Maryland.

Committee on the District of Columbia.

John J. Ingalls, of Kansas.
Nelson W. Aldrich, of Rhode Island.
H. H. Riddleberger, of Virginia.
Austin F. Pike, of New Hampshire.
Thomas W. Palmer, of Michigan.
Isham G. Harris, of Tennessee.
Zebulon B. Vance, of North Carolina.
Arthur P. Gorman, of Maryland.
Joseph E. Brown, of Georgia.

Committee on Education and Labor.

Henry W. Blair, of New Hampshire.
William Mahone, of Virginia.
Warner Miller, of New York.
Nelson W. Aldrich, of Rhode Island.
Thomas M. Bowen, of Colorado.
James Z. George, of Mississippi.
Wilkinson Call, of Florida.
James L. Pugh, of Alabama.
James B. Groome, of Maryland.

Committee on Engrossed Bills.

ry, of Delaware.
Call, of Florida.
William B. Allison, of Iowa.

Committee on Enrolled Bills.

Sewell, of New Jersey.
lleberger, of Virginia.
Alfred H. Colquitt, of Georgia.

Committee to Examine the Several Branches of the Civil Service.

Cullom, of Illinois.
. McMillan, of Minnesota.
ipton, of South Carolina.
James B. Groome, of Maryland.
Dwight M. Sabin, of Minnesota.

Committee on Expenditures of Public Money.

Vilson, of Iowa.
Harrison, of Indiana.
Plumb, of Kansas.
Platt, of Connecticut.
James B. Beck, of Kentucky.
James Z. George, of Mississippi.
John E. Kenna, of West Virginia.

Committee on Finance.

lorrill, of Vermont.
ian, of Ohio.
ies, of Nevada.
Allison, of Iowa.
Aldrich, of Rhode Island.
ller, of New York.
Thomas F. Bayard, of Delaware.
D. W. Voorhees, of Indiana.
James B. Beck, of Kentucky.
John R. McPherson, of New Jersey.
Isham G. Harris, of Tennessee.

Committee on Fisheries.

. Lapham, of New York.
Sewell, of New Jersey.
Dawes, of Massachusetts.
. Palmer, of Michigan.
James B. Groome, of Maryland.
James T. Farley, of California.
John T. Morgan, of Alabama.

Committee on Foreign Relations.

iller, of California.
nan, of Ohio.
. Lapham, of New York.
Edmunds, of Vermont.
Vilson, of Iowa.
J. T. Morgan, of Alabama.
George H. Pendleton, of Ohio.
Zebulon B. Vance, of North Carolina.
Joseph E. Brown, of Georgia.

Committee on the Improvement of the Mississippi River and its Tributaries.

Van Wyck, of Nebraska.
chell, of Pennsylvania.
Cullom, of Illinois.
Pike, of New Hampshire.
Benjamin F. Jonas, of Louisiana.
Francis M. Cockrell, of Missouri.
Howell E. Jackson, of Tennessee.

Committee on Indian Affairs.

Dawes, of Massachusetts.
alls, of Kansas.
Harrison, of Indiana.
ieron, of Wisconsin.
. Bowen, of Colorado.
Richard Coke, of Texas.
J. D. Walker, of Arkansas.
Arthur P. Gorman, of Maryland.
James H. Slater, of Oregon.

Committee to Investigate the Introduction and Spread of Epidemic Diseases.

Harris, of Tennessee.
and, of Arkansas.
F. Jonas, of Louisiana.
ipton, of South Carolina.
William J. Sewell, of New Jersey.
Thomas M. Bowen, of Colorado.
William P. Frye, of Maine.

Committee on the Judiciary.

George F. Edmunds, of Vermont.
John A. Logan, of Illinois.
John J. Ingalls, of Kansas.
Samuel J. R. McMillan, of Minnesota.
George F. Hoar, of Massachusetts.
Augustus H. Garland, of Arkansas.
Thomas F. Bayard, of Delaware.
L. Q. C. Lamar, of Mississippi.
James L. Pugh, of Alabama.

*Committee on the Library.**

John Sherman, of Ohio.
George F. Hoar, of Massachusetts.
Daniel W. Voorhees, of Indiana.

Committee on Manufactures.

H. H. Riddleberger, of Virginia.
Dwight M. Sabin, of Minnesota.
Joseph N. Dolph, of Oregon.
Austin F. Pike, of New Hampshire.
John S. Williams, of Kentucky.
Alfred H. Colquitt, of Georgia.
M. C. Butler, of South Carolina.

Committee on Military Affairs.

John A. Logan, of Illinois.
James Donald Cameron, of Pennsylvania.
Benjamin Harrison, of Indiana.
William J. Sewell, of New Jersey.
Joseph R. Hawley, of Connecticut.
Francis M. Cockrell, of Missouri.
Samuel B. Maxey, of Texas.
Wade Hampton, of South Carolina.
Johnson N. Camden, of West Virginia.

Committee on Mines and Mining.

Thomas M. Bowen, of Colorado.
John P. Jones, of Nevada.
Charles H. Van Wyck, of Nebraska.
Wade Hampton, of South Carolina.
James G. Fair, of Nevada.
Johnson N. Camden, of West Virginia.
William P. Sheffield, of Rhode Island.

Committee on Naval Affairs.

James Donald Cameron, of Pennsylvania.
Eugene Hale, of Maine.
William Mahone, of Virginia.
John F. Miller, of California.
John R. McPherson, of New Jersey.
Charles W. Jones, of Florida.
James T. Farley, of California.
M. C. Butler, of South Carolina.
Henry L. Dawes, of Massachusetts.

Committee on Patents.

Orville H. Platt, of Connecticut.
George F. Hoar, of Massachusetts.
John I. Mitchell, of Pennsylvania.
E. G. Lapham, of New York.
Richard Coke, of Texas.
Wilkinson Call, of Florida.
Johnson N. Camden, of West Virginia.

Committee on Pensions.

John I. Mitchell, of Pennsylvania.
Henry W. Blair, of New Hampshire.
Charles H. Van Wyck, of Nebraska.
Shelby M. Cullom, of Illinois.
James F. Wilson, of Iowa.
James H. Slater, of Oregon.
Howell E. Jackson, of Tennessee.
Johnson N. Camden, of West Virginia.
Alfred H. Colquitt, of Georgia.

Committee on Post-Offices and Post-Roads.

Nathaniel P. Hill, of Colorado.
Philetus Sawyer, of Wisconsin.
William Mahone, of Virginia.
Thomas W. Palmer, of Michigan.
James F. Wilson, of Iowa.
Samuel B. Maxey, of Texas.
Eli Saulsbury, of Delaware.
James B. Groome, of Maryland.
Howell E. Jackson, of Tennessee.

* This committee has power to act concurrently with the same committee of the House of Repres atives.

Committee on Private Land Claims.

. Bayard, of Delaware.	George F. Edmunds, of Vermont.
F. Jonas, of Louisiana.	Charles F. Manderson, of Nebraska.
Colquitt, of Georgia.	

Committee on Privileges and Elections.

. Hoar, of Massachusetts.	Eli Saulsbury, of Delaware.
meron, of Wisconsin.	Zebulon B. Vance, of North Carolina.
rman, of Ohio.	James L. Pugh, of Alabama.
P. Frye, of Maine.	Benjamin F. Jonas, of Louisiana.
G. Lapham, of New York.	

*Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.**

Mahone, of Virginia.	Charles W. Jones, of Florida.
Morrill, of Vermont.	George G. Vest, of Missouri.
ameron, of Wisconsin.	

Committee on Public Lands.

B. Plumb, of Kansas.	James D. Walker, of Arkansas.
l P. Hill, of Colorado.	John T. Morgan, of Alabama.
V. Blair, of New Hampshire.	James H. Slater, of Oregon.
H. Van Wyck, of Nebraska.	Randall L. Gibson, of Louisiana.
. Dolph, of Oregon.	

*Committee on Public Printing.**

F. Manderson, of Nebraska.	Arthur P. Gorman, of Maryland.
. Hawley of Connecticut.	

Committee on Railroads.

Sawyer, of Wisconsin.	L. Q. C. Lamar, of Mississippi.
. Hawley, of Connecticut.	John S. Williams, of Kentucky.
J. Sewell, of New Jersey.	Benjamin F. Jonas, of Louisiana.
M. Sabin, of Minnesota.	Joseph E. Brown, of Georgia.
Riddleberger, of Virginia.	John E. Kenna, of West Virginia.
M. Cullom, of Illinois.	

Committee on the Revision of the Laws of the United States.

. Conger, of Michigan.	George H. Pendleton, of Ohio.
H. Platt, of Connecticut.	John E. Kenna, of West Virginia.
Hale, of Maine.	

Committee on Revolutionary Claims.

W. Jones, of Florida.	Samuel J. R. McMillan, of Minnesota.
s H. Garland, of Arkansas.	William P. Sheffield, of Rhode Island.
Williams, of Kentucky.	

Committee on Rules.

P. Frye, of Maine.	Isham G. Harris, of Tennessee.
rman, of Ohio.	George H. Pendleton, of Ohio.
ngalls, of Kansas.	

Committee on Territories.

Harrison, of Indiana.	M. C. Butler, of South Carolina.
. Platt, of Connecticut.	A. H. Garland, of Arkansas.
Conger, of Michigan.	George G. Vest, of Missouri.
. Manderson, of Nebraska.	Charles W. Jones, of Florida.
. Cullom, of Illinois.	

mmittee has power to act concurrently with the same committee of the House of Represent-

Committee on Transportation Routes to the Seaboard.

Nelson W. Aldrich, of Rhode Island.
James Donald Cameron, of Pennsylvania.
Charles F. Manderson, of Nebraska.
Thomas W. Palmer, of Michigan.
James T. Farley, of California.
James H. Slater, of Oregon.
Randall L. Gibson, of Louisiana.
Shelby M. Cullom, of Illinois.
George G. Vest, of Missouri.

SELECT COMMITTEES OF THE SENATE.

Select Committee on Additional Accommodations for the Library of Congress.

D. W. Voorhees, of Indiana.
M. C. Butler, of South Carolina.
Thomas F. Bayard, of Delaware.
Justin S. Morrill, of Vermont.
John F. Miller, of California.

Select Committee to ascertain the results of the Tenth Census.

Eugene Hale, of Maine.
Justin S. Morrill, of Vermont.
Philetus Sawyer, of Wisconsin.
James F. Wilson, of Iowa.
George H. Pendleton, of Ohio.
John T. Morgan, of Alabama.
James G. Fair, of Nevada.

Select Committee on the Capacity of Steel-Producing Works.

Joseph R. Hawley, of Connecticut.
John F. Miller, of California.
Nelson W. Aldrich, of Rhode Island.
John T. Morgan, of Alabama.
M. C. Butler, of South Carolina.

Select Committee to Inquire into Claims of Citizens of the United States against Nicaragua.

Samuel B. Maxey, of Texas.
James B. Groome, of Maryland.
James B. Beck, of Kentucky.
Nathaniel P. Hill, of Colorado.
Joseph N. Dolph, of Oregon.

Select Committee on the River Front of Washington.

Matt W. Ransom, of North Carolina.
George G. Vest, of Missouri.
Arthur P. Gorman, of Maryland.
Omar D. Conger, of Michigan.
James Donald Cameron, of Pennsylvania.
Dwight M. Sabin, of Minnesota.
Nathanie lP. Hill, of Colorado.

Select Committee on Woman Suffrage.

Francis Marion Cockrell, of Missouri.
James G. Fair, of Nevada.
Joseph E. Brown, of Georgia.
Henry W. Blair, of New Hampshire
Thomas W. Palmer, of Michigan.
Elbridge G. Lapham, of New York.
William P. Sheffield, of Rhode Island.

THE UTAH COMMISSION.

Alexander Ramsey, of Saint Paul, Minnesota.
Algernon S. Paddock, of Beatrice, Nebraska.
George L. Godfrey, of Iowa.
Ambrose B. Carleton, of Terre Haute, Indiana.
James B. Pettigrew, of Arkansas.

OMMITTEES OF THE HOUSE.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

Committee on Elections.

ıer, of Georgia.	John J. Adams, of New York.
avis, of Missouri.	Ambrose A. Ranney, of Massachusetts.
verse, of Ohio.	Augustus H. Pettibone, of Tennessee.
of Iowa.	Samuel H. Miller, of Pennsylvania.
nett, of North Carolina.	Edward K. Valentine, of Nebraska.
of Indiana.	William P. Hepburn, of Iowa.
lliott, of Pennsylvania.	Alphonso Hart, of Ohio.
bertson, of Kentucky.	

Committee on Ways and Means.

ɔrrison, of Illinois.	James K. Jones, of Arkansas.
, of Texas.	William D. Kelley, of Pennsylvania.
nt, of Georgia.	Frank Hiscock, of New York.
lackburn, of Kentucky.	William A. Russell, of Massachusetts.
itt, of New York.	Thomas M. Browne, of Indiana.
ɔert, of Alabama.	Thomas B. Reed, of Maine.
l, of Ohio.	

Committee on Appropriations.

lall, of Pennsylvania.	James N. Burnes, of Missouri.
rney, of Alabama.	J. Warren Keifer, of Ohio.
of Louisiana.	Joseph G. Cannon, of Illinois.
lman, of Indiana.	Thomas Ryan, of Kansas.
of Texas.	Roswell G. Horr, of Michigan.
wnshend, of Illinois.	William D. Washburn, of Minnesota.
ıs, of New York.	John D. Long, of Massachusetts.
, of Ohio.	

Committee on the Judiciary.

ıcker, of Virginia.	William C. Maybury, of Michigan.
ammond, of Georgia.	Ezra B. Taylor, of Ohio.
rson, of Texas.	Moses A. McCoid, of Iowa.
ulton, of Illinois.	Thomas M. Browne, of Indiana.
lhead, of Missouri.	Luke P. Poland, of Vermont.
eimer, of New York.	Horatio Bisbee, jr., of Florida.
ins, of Massachusetts.	Abraham X. Parker, of New York.
y, of Ohio.	Edward K. Valentine, of Nebraska.

Committee on Banking and Currency.

ner, of Missouri.	George L. Yaple, of Michigan.
out, of Pennsylvania.	Nelson Dingley, jr., of Maine.
er, of New York.	Charles N. Brumm, of Pennsylvania.
of Louisiana.	George E. Adams, of Illinois.
, of Texas.	David B. Henderson, of Iowa.
er, of Georgia.	David Kean, jr., of New Jersey.
, of Ohio.	

Committee on Coinage, Weights, and Measures.

nd, of Missouri.	Pleasant B. Tully, of California.
, of North Carolina.	James B. Belford, of Colorado.
New York.	Edward S. Lacey, of Michigan.
s, of Georgia.	Jonathan Chace, of Rhode Island.
Pusey, of Iowa.	James B. Everhart, of Pennsylvania.
Lanham, of Texas.	F. A. Manzanares, of New Mexico.

Committee on Commerce.

John H. Reagan, of Texas.
Martin L. Clardy, of Missouri.
Oscar Turner, of Kentucky.
Poindexter Dunn, of Arkansas.
Edward W. Seymour, of Connecticut.
John R. Glascock, of California.
Gilbert M. Woodward, of Wisconsin.
Charles E. Boyle, of Pennsylvania.
Ethelbert Barksdale, of Mississippi.
Charles O'Neill, of Pennsylvania.
George R. Davis, of Illinois.
James W. Wadsworth, of New York.
John W. Stewart, of Vermont.
Samuel R. Peters, of Kansas.
William P. Hepburn, of Iowa.

Committee on Rivers and Harbors.

Albert S. Willis, of Kentucky.
Newton C. Blanchard, of Louisiana.
James T. Jones, of Alabama.
Eustace Gibson, of West Virginia.
Joseph Rankin, of Wisconsin.
Clifton R. Breckinridge, of Arkansas.
Jeremiah H. Murphy, of Iowa.
Charles A. Sumner, of California.
Julius Houseman, of Michigan.
Thomas J. Henderson, of Illinois.
Thomas M. Bayne, of Pennsylvania.
James S. Robinson, of Ohio.
John R. Thomas, of Illinois.
Eben F. Stone, of Massachusetts.
Henry G. Burleigh, of New York.

Committee on Agriculture.

William H. Hatch, of Missouri.
D. Wyatt Aiken, of South Carolina.
George G. Dibrell, of Tennessee.
Thomas Williams, of Alabama.
Lewis Beach, of New York.
Wharton J. Green, of North Carolina.
Edwin B. Winans, of Michigan.
Luman H. Weller, of Iowa.
John D. Patton, of Pennsylvania.
William Cullen, of Illinois.
James Wilson, of Iowa.
Milo White, of Minnesota.
Benjamin F. Howey, of New Jersey.
Isaac Stephenson, of Wisconsin.
John B. Raymond, of Dakota.
E. H. Funston, of Kansas.

Committee on Foreign Affairs.

Andrew G. Curtin, of Pennsylvania.
Perry Belmont, of New York.
Peter V. Deuster, of Wisconsin.
Judson C. Clements, of Georgia.
William R. Cox, of North Carolina.
William W. Eaton, of Connecticut.
Charles Stewart, of Texas.
John E. Lamb, of Indiana.
William W. Rice, of Massachusetts.
John T. Wait, of Connecticut.
John H. Ketcham, of New York.
William Walter Phelps, of New Jersey.
Robert R. Hitt, of Illinois.

Committee on Military Affairs.

William S. Rosecrans, of California.
Henry W. Slocum, of New York.
George G. Dibrell, of Tennessee.
Charles H. Morgan, of Missouri.
Frank L. Wolford, of Kentucky.
John C. Nicholls, of Georgia.
Robert M. Murray, of Ohio.
George W. Steele, of Indiana.
Thomas M. Bayne, of Pennsylvania.
Theodore Lyman, of Massachusetts.
James Laird, of Nebraska.
Byron M. Cutcheon, of Michigan.
Martin Maginnis, of Montana.

Committee on Naval Affairs.

Samuel S. Cox, of New York.
Leopold Morse, of Massachusetts.
J. Frederick C. Talbott, of Maryland.
Hugh Buchanan, of Georgia.
George D. Wise, of Virginia.
John G. Ballentine, of Tennessee.
William McAdoo, of New Jersey.
Alfred C. Harmer, of Pennsylvania.
John R. Thomas, of Illinois.
Nathan Goff, jr., of West Virginia.
Charles A. Boutelle, of Maine.

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'. Bland, of Missouri.
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:. Oates, of Alabama.
torm, of Pennsylvania.
:hanan, of Georgia.
:s, of Texas.
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Messenger to Vice-President.—Henry Head, 467 C street, N. W.

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Acting Assistant Doorkeeper.—James I. Christie, 825 Fifteenth street, N. W.
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ick, 601 I street, N. W.
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s, 217 4½ street, N. W.
ridge, The Clarendon.
ichester, 1119 I street, N. W.
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Special Employé.—John T. Chancey, 221 I street, N. W.
Seal-Room.—Blake Ryan.
Messengers.—Thomas A. Coakley, James G. Knight, H. H. Moler, H. B. Lingenfelter, Aug. Shopp, George S. Chilton, C. H. Mann, A. Hoener, Warren T. Holland, H. W. J. Ham, Michael Sullivan, Neil H. Bigger, John N. Reed, Le Claire Fulton, W. J. Hirschfeld, Isaac H. Marrow, John M. Murch.
Soldiers' Roll.—John A. Stewart, S. H. Decker, George J. Stannard, James J. McConnell, Fernando Page, J. W. White, J. R. Whitacre, John A. Travis, E. S. Williams, Hugh Lewis, William Irving, W. F. Fitch, John Ryan, John Rome.

FOLDING-ROOM.

Superintendent.—John Wintersmith, 510 Thirteenth street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—Samuel Donelson, McPherson House.
Clerks.—D. H. Naylor, 1103 G street, N. W.
Samuel Toole, 504 E street, N. W.
Department Messenger.—C. W. Coombs, 118 F street, N. E.

DOCUMENT-ROOM.

Superintendent.—John Charles Thompson, New York Avenue Hotel.
Assistant Superintendent.—H. G. Williams.
File Clerk.—John B. Trainer, 919 H street, N. W.
Assistant File Clerk.—Allen T. Davidson.

POST-OFFICE OF THE HOUSE.

Postmaster.—Lycurgus Dalton, 234 North Capitol street.
Assistant Postmaster.—J. R. Fisher, 1517 Tenth street, N. W.
Messengers.—W. R. Henderson; W. C. Crowley, 13 First street, N. E.; Ralph Carlton, 13 First street, N. E.; S. P. Ivins; J. H. Pratt, 457 Missouri avenue; Reuben Bourne, 234 North Capitol street; R. H. Leys; R. T. Merrifield, National Hotel; Henry Yater, Hillman House; J. P. Hume; S. Garland, 1232 Massachusetts avenue; William Prescott, 217 G street, N. W.; S. Tufts; T. J. Sheftall, 421 Sixth street, N. W.; R. Robbins; Thos. Connolly.

HEATING AND VENTILATING OF THE HOUSE.

Chief Engineer.—Wm. Lannan, 810 First street, N. W.
Assistant Engineers.—H. W. Taylor, 220 North Capitol street,
B. H. Morse, 624 Twenty-second street, N. W.
Electrician.—A. B. Talcott, 15 Fourth street, N. E.
Firemen.—Thomas McKeig, 112 Sixth street, S. E.; Eppa Norris, 475 Maryland avenue, S. W.; C. T. Jett, 3621 M street, N. W.; E. B. Burke, 138 F street, N. E.; James W. Shely 475 Maryland avenue, S. W.

CLERKS TO HOUSE COMMITTEES.

Accounts.—Edwin C. Fields, Mades Hotel.
Agriculture.—John L. Graves, Mades Hotel.
Alcohol and Liquor Traffic.—William B. Dobson.

Appropriations.—*Clerk*, James C. Courts, 601 E street, N. W.
Assistant Clerk, L. Olie Meek, 936 E street, N. W.
Messenger, James P. McCann, Cutler House.
Banking and Currency.—Thomas R. Buckner, 222 Third street, N. W.
Claims.—Winship B. Pettie, 213 Four-and-a-half street.
Assistant Clerk—
Coinage, Weights, and Measures.—Daniel P. Bailey, Hillman House.
Commerce.—James C. Saunders, 1009 Thirteenth street. N. W.
District of Columbia.—Thomas Williamson, 142 A street, N. E.
Education.—A. S. Todd, 248 Third street, N. W.
Elections.—R. E. Russell.
Election of President and Vice-President.—William L. Eaton, 1121 Fourteenth street, N. W.
Enrollea Bills.—William B. Risse, 106 C street, N. E.
Expenditures in the Department of Justice.—Joseph B. Irwin, Cutler House, 222 Third st., N.W.
Assistant Clerk.—William Knowland.
Expenditures in the Interior Department.—William C. Ingram, 606 B street, N. W.
Expenditures in the Post-Office Department.—Douglas Dale.
Expenditures in the State Department.—Junius W. Nisbet, 910 F street, N. W.
Expenditures in the Treasury Department.—Geo. B. Hoyt.
Expenditures in the War and Navy Departments.—Joe Blackburn, jr., 421 Pa. av., N. W.
Foreign Affairs.—Watson Boyle, 1454 Corcoran street.
Indian Affairs.—Robert P. Toole, 939 H street, N. W.
Invalid Pensions.—John W. McGee, 327 C street, S. E.
Archibald McGinnis, 327 C street, S. E.
Judiciary.—F. H. Brockenbrough, 142 A street, N. E.
Labor.—William J. Brenner.
Library.—Frank C. McGhee, 1008 F street, N.W.
Manufactures and Revision of the Laws.—James M. Wright.
Military Affairs.—J. H. Cooney, 18 I street, N. W.
Militia and Mileage.—P. V. De Graw.
Mines and Mining.—Ethelbert B. Wade, 410 Sixth street, N. W.
Mississippi River Improvements and Levees.—F. P. Ferris.
Naval Affairs.—H. H. Alexander, 51 K street, N. W.
Pacific Railroads.—T. D. Keleher, 409 A street, S. E.
Patents.—W. H. Malone, 342 Pennsylvania avenue, N. W.
Payment of Pensions, Bounty, and Back Pay.—Charles F. Gilliam.
Pensions.—Lucien Walker, 915 G street, N. W.
Post-Office and Post-Roads.—Alden B. Hurt, No. 3 Second street, S. E.
Printing.—John B. Hussey, National Hotel.
Private Land-Claims.—S. A. Jonas, 208 Delaware avenue, N. E.
Public Buildings and Grounds.—Henry M. Beadle, 1807 Fifteenth street, N. W.
Public Health and Ventilation and Acoustics—John E. Kelly, Welcker's.
Public Lands.—Benjamin Doane, 323 C street, N. W.
Railways and Canals.—Henry L. Branch, 421 Sixth street, N. W.
Reform in Civil Service.—Thomas B. Kalbfus, 318 B street, S. E.
Rivers and Harbors.—J. L. Clemmons, 304 Indiana avenue.
Ship-building and Ship-owning.—John Pickford.
Territories.—T. Stobo Farrow.
To ascertain result of the Tenth Census.—Felix Branigan.
Ways and Means.—Henry Talbott, 31 B street, S. E.
Assistant Clerk, Willis H. Allen, 924 New York avenue.
Messenger, B. C. Slaughter, 1325 F street, N. W.
War-Claims.—James J. Geddes, 609 F street, N. W.
Assistant Clerk, Junius B. Holloway, 219 Third street, N. W.

OFFICIAL REPORTERS OF DEBATES.

SENATE.	HOUSE.
D. F. Murphy, 314 C street, N. W.	J. J. McElhone, *Chief of Corps*, 1318 Vt. av.
Assistants.—Theo. F. Shuey, 7 B st., N. W.	William Blair Lord, Riggs House.
E. V. Murphy, 419 2d st., N. W.	David Wolfe Brown, 235 First st., N. E.
Henry J. Gensler, 1318 13th st.	J. K. Edwards, 211 North Capitol st.
Dan. B. Lloyd, 340 Pa. av., N.W.	John H. White, 516 Thirteenth street, N. W.

THE GOVERNMENT TELEGRAPH.

SENATE MANAGER.	HOUSE MANAGER.
George H. Getz, Waverly Hotel.	C. F. L. Braulik, 240 First street, S. E.

ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL.

Edward Clark, 417 Fourth street, N. W.; Office, basement of the Capitol.

THE BOTANICAL GARDEN.

Superintendent.—William R. Smith, at the garden, west of the Capitol grounds.

THE CAPITOL POLICE.

Captain.—P. H. Allabach, 223 B street, N. W.
Lieutenants.—S. A. Boyden, 205 C street, N. E.
J. O. Finks, 217 Four-and-a-half street, N. W.
D. B. Bradley, 1065 D street, N. E.
Privates.—F. G. Jones, 222 Third street, N. W.
Jos. Gilbert, American House.
Charles Stone, 134 East Capitol street.
J. R. Riley, 17 Second street, N. E.
T. W. Keller, 122 East Capitol street.
Daniel O'Neill, 509 C street, N. E.
F. A. Wood, 15 Second street, S. E.
J. H. Bush, Saint Charles Hotel, Third street and Pennsylvania avenue.
John Irwin, Meyers Hotel, Pennsylvania avenue.
G. W. Hazer, American House.
James W. Jones, 321 Missouri avenue, N. W.
Simon P. Mast, 123 Sixth street, S. E.
H. H. Lemon, 503 Maryland avenue.
R. E. Chonstant, 217 Four-and-a-half street, N. W.
I. Hammond, 404 B street, N. E.
O. S. Florence, 222 Third street, N. W.
R. H. Betts, Hillman House.
Joseph Swindell, 318 B street, N. E.
L. S. Edson, 1112 G street, N. W.
J. H. Crawford, 1 B street, N. W.
A. B. Suit, 477 C street, N. W.
Watchmen.—E. E. Hurt, 222 Third street, N. W.
E. H. Ewell, 518 Tenth street, N. W.
J. A. Burrows, 454 New Jersey avenue.
O. F. Emerson, 1215 Sixth street, N. E.
R. H. Kingsbury, jr., National Hotel.
C. S. Truitlin, 1005 F street, N. W.
D. McMatheson, 809 E street, N. W.
D. F. Batts, 216 Second street, N. W.

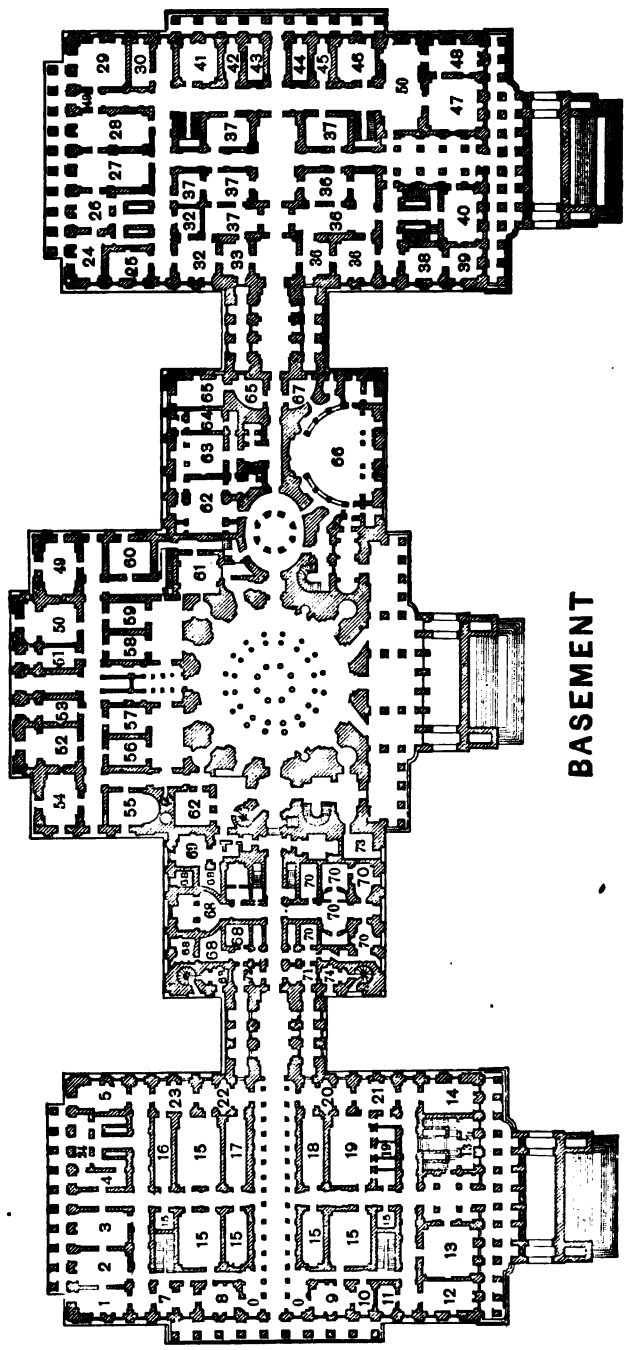
THE LIBRARY OF CONGRESS.

Librarian of Congress.—AINSWORTH R. SPOFFORD, 1621 Massachusetts avenue, N. W.
Assistants.—Charles W. Hoffman, 124 East Capitol street.
Louis Solyom, 327 First street, N. E.
David Hutcheson, 119 Maryland avenue, N. E.
James C. Strout, 127 E street, N. W.
John Savary, 322 C street, N. W.
W. J. Dockstader, 148 A street, N. E.
Paul Neuhaus, 607 Sixth street, N. W.
J. S. P. Wheeler, 311 Delaware avenue, N. E.
George A. Mark, 1006 Massachusetts avenue.
Thorvald Solberg, Anacostia, D. C.
P. Lee Phillips, 1707 H street, N. W.
M. Schlosser, 921 G street, N. W.
Spencer Marsh, 226 A street, S. E.
Vernon Dorsey, 1539 Twenty-ninth street, N. W.
W. M. Griswold, 230 New Jersey avenue, S. E.
Charles W. Russell, King street, Alexandria, Va.
T. J. Putnam, Anacostia, D. C.
J. F. N. Wilkinson, 901 E street, S. W.
Daniel Murray, 1333 Twelfth street, N. W.
J. G. Morrison, 809 Thirteenth street, N. W.

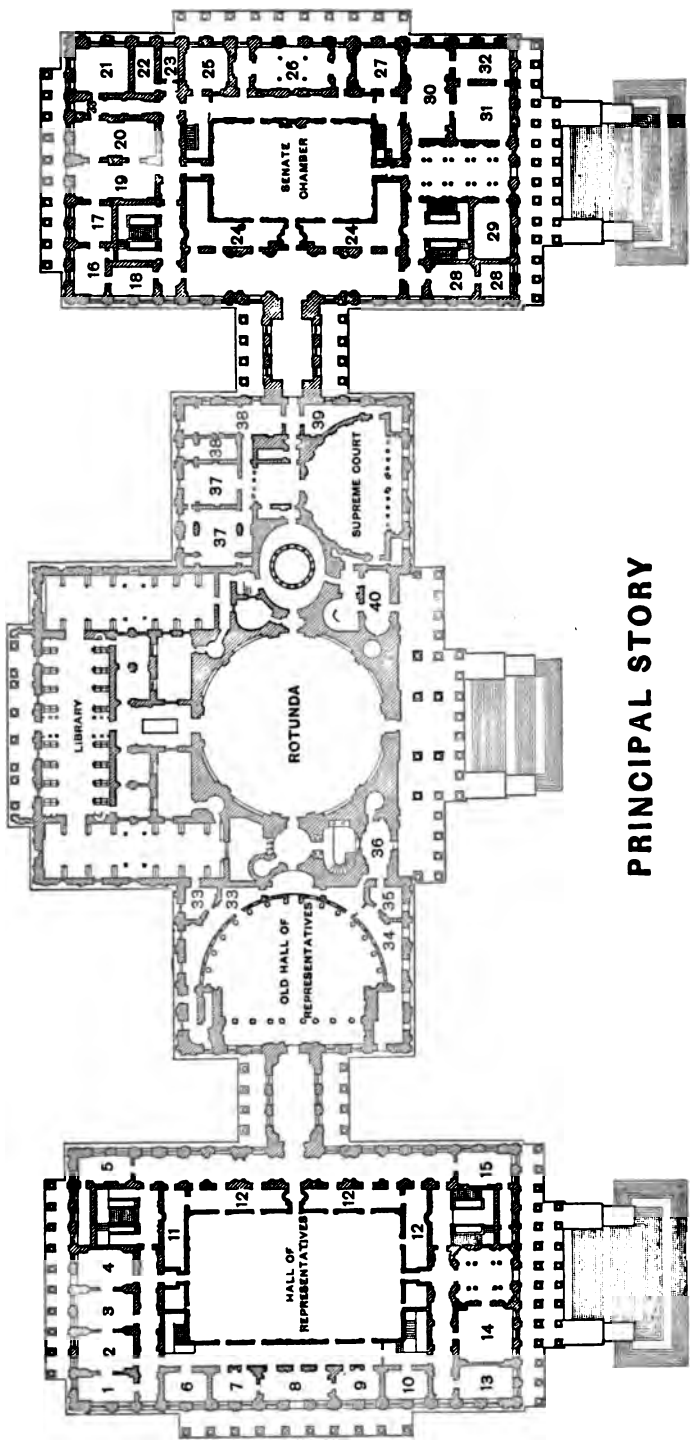
The Library of Congress occupies the entire western projection of the central Capitol building. The original library was commenced in 1800, but was destroyed with the Capitol in 1814 during the war with England. It was afterwards replenished by the purchase of the library belonging to Ex-President Jefferson, by Congress, embracing about 7,000 volumes In 1851 it contained 55,000 volumes, and by an accidental fire in that year the whole collection was destroyed, except 20,000 volumes. It was rebuilt in 1852, when $75,000 was appropriated in one sum to replenish the collection. The new library halls, three in number are fitted up with ornamental iron cases and iron ceilings, the whole being perfectly fireproof. The library is recruited by regular appropriations made by Congress, which average about $11,000 per annum; also by additions received by copyright, by exchanges, and from the Smithsonian Institution. The library of the Smithsonian Institution has now been deposited in the Library of Congress, where it is secured against loss by fire. This collection is especially rich in scientific works, embracing the largest assemblage of the transactions of learned societies which exists in the country. The library was also enriched by the presentation to the Government, in 1882, of the large private library of Dr. Joseph M. Toner, of Washington, numbering over 27,000 volumes, besides nearly as many pamphlets. The donor whose public spirit is worthy of emulation, adds to the collection annually. The library of copyright books was removed here from the Patent Office in 1870, and all copyrights issued in the United States are now recorded in the books deposited in the office of the Librarian of Congress. The present number of volumes in the whole library, including law books, which are kept in a separate library room under the Supreme Court, is over 525,000, besides about 170,000 pamphlets. A new building to contain its overflowing stores of learning and to afford room for their proper arrangement has become a necessity. This collection is very rich in history, political science, jurisprudence, and in books, pamphlets, and periodicals of American publication, or relating in any way to America. At the same time the library is a universal one in its range, no department of literature or science being unrepresented. The public are privileged to use the books in the library, while members of Congress and about thirty official members of the Government only can take away books. The library is open every day (Sundays excepted) during the session of Congress from 9 a. m. to the hour of adjournment. In the recess of Congress it is open between the hours of 9 a. m. and 4 p. m.

THE CAPITOL.

apitol fronts the east, and stands on a plateau eighty-eight feet above the level of the , in latitude 38° 53′ 20″.4 north and longitude 77° 00′ 35″.7 west from Greenwich.
outheast corner-stone of the original building was laid on the 18th of September, 1793, dent Washington, aided by the Freemasons of Maryland. It was constructed of sand- uinted white, from an island in Aquia Creek, Virginia, under the direction of Stephen ett, James Hoban, Geo. Hadfield, and afterwards of B. H. Latrobe, architects. The ing was finished in 1800 and the south wing in 1811, a wooden passage-way connect- n. On the 24th of August, 1814, the interior of both wings was destroyed by British uries, but they were immediately rebuilt. In 1818, the central portion of the building mmenced under the architectural superintendence of Charles Bulfinch, and the original g was finally completed in 1827. Its cost, including the grading of the grounds, alter- nd repairs, up to 1827, was $2,433,844.13.
corner-stone to the extensions of the Capitol was laid on the 4th of July, 1851, by Pres- illmore, Daniel Webster officiating as orator of the day. Thomas U. Walter was arch- d subsequently Edward Clark, under whose direction the work was completed in No- , 1867. The material used for the extensions is white marble from the quarries at Lee, husetts, with white marble columns from the quarries at Cockeysville, Maryland.
dome of the original central building was constructed of wood, but was removed in be replaced by the present stupendous structure of cast iron, which was completed in The entire weight of iron used is 8,909,200 pounds.
main building is three hundred and fifty-two feet four inches long in front and one hun- d twenty-one feet six inches deep, with a portico one hundred and sixty feet wide, of four columns on the east, and a projection of eighty-three feet on the west, embracing ed portico of ten coupled columns. The extensions are placed at the north and south the main building, with connecting corridors forty-four feet long by fifty-six feet wide, by columns. Each extension is one hundred and forty-two feet eight inches in front, hundred and thirty-eight feet ten inches deep, with porticos of twenty-two columns each r eastern fronts, and with porticos of ten columns on their ends and on their western The entire length of the building is seven hundred and fifty-one feet four inches, and ntest depth, including porticos and steps, is three hundred and twenty-four feet. The vered by the entire building is one hundred and fifty-three thousand one hundred and square feet.
lome is crowned by a bronze statue of Freedom, modeled by Crawford, which is nine- t six inches high, and which weighs 14,985 pounds. The height of the dome above e-line of the east front is two hundred and eighty-seven feet five inches; the height top of the balustrade of the building is two hundred and seventeen feet eleven inches; greatest diameter at the base is one hundred and thirty-five feet five inches.
otunda is ninety-five feet six inches in diameter, and its height from the floor to the e canopy is one hundred and eighty feet three inches.
enate Chamber is one hundred and thirteen feet three inches in length, by eighty feet hes in width, and thirty-six feet in height. Its galleries will accommodate one thou- sons.
epresentatives' Hall is one hundred and thirty-nine feet in length, by ninety-three feet , and thirty-six feet in height.
upreme Court room was occupied by the Senate until December, 1859, the court hav- iously occupied the room beneath, now used as a law library.
ibrary of Congress was burned by the British in 1814, and was partially destroyed by ental fire in 1851. The present centre hall was finished in 1853, and the wing halls shed in 1867.


BASEMENT

2. Committee on Claims.
3. Committee on Agriculture.
   Committee on Manufactures.
4. Stationery Room.
5. Committee on War-Claims.
6. Official Reporters of Debates.
8. Official Reporters of Debates.
9. Committee on the Territories.
10. Committee on Expenditures in the Navy Department.
11. Reporters of Committees.
12. Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.
    Committee on Expenditures on Public Buildings.
13. Post-Office.
13½. Committee on Expenditures in the Post-Office Department.
14. Committee on the Post-Office and Post-Roads.
15. Store-Room.
16. Closets.
17. Box-Room.
18. Restaurant.
19. Bath-Rooms.
20. Restaurant.
21. Committee on Printing.
22. Committee on Indian Affairs.
2[illegible]. Committee on Accounts.
    Committee on Mileage.
24. Committee on Expenditures in the War Department.
50. Senate Committee on Manufactures.
51. Senate Committee on Education.
52. House Committee on the Revision of the Laws.
53. House Committee on Mines and Mining.
54. Coinage, Weights, and Measures.
55. House Committee on Education and Labor.
56. House Committee on Public Expenditures.
57. House Committee on Expenditures in the Treasury Department.
o. Committee on Mileage.
o. Reporters' Room.
58. } Law Library.
59. }
60. Senate Committee on Education and Labor.
61. Chief of the Capitol Police.
62. House Document-Room.
63. Senate Bath-Room.
64. The Supreme Court—Consultation Room.
65. The Supreme Court—Consultation Room.
66. Congressional Law Library, formerly the Supreme Court Room.
67. Congressional Law Library.
68. Office of Doorkeeper of the House.
    Superintendent of Folding-Room.
    House Document-Room.
69. House Committee on Private Land Claims.
70. Offices of the Chief Clerk of the House.
71. House Committee on Expenditures in the State Department.
72. House Committee on Expenditures in the Interior Department.
73. House Committee on Expenditures in the Department of Justice.
74. House Committee on the Electoral Vote.
[illegible]. Committee on the Revision of the Laws.
26. Committee on Transportation Routes to the Seaboard
27. Committee on Military Affairs.
28. Committee on Naval Affairs.
29. Committee on the Judiciary.
30. Closets.
32. Committee on Indian Affairs.
33. Ladies' Room.
36. Restaurant.
37. Store-Room.
38. Committee on Public Lands.
39. Committee on Civil Service and Retrenchment.
40. Committee on Pensions.
41. Committee on Territories.
42. Stationery-Room.
43. Committee on Agriculture.
44. Committee on Contingent Expenses.
45. Superintendent of the Senate Folding-Room.
46. Committee on Foreign Relations.
47. Committee on Patents.
    Committee on Female Suffrage.
48. Committee on Post-Offices and Post-Roads.
49. Elevator.
50. Senate Post-Office.


SENATE CHAMBER
SUPREME COURT
ROTUNDA
LIBRARY
OLD HALL OF REPRESENTATIVES
HALL OF REPRESENTATIVES
PRINCIPAL STORY

THE PRINCIPAL STORY OF THE CAPITOL.

HOUSE WING.

Room.

1. Office of the Speaker.
2. Office of the Sergeant-at-Arms.
3. Engrossing Clerks of the House.
4. Journal and Printing Clerks of the House.
5. Office of the Clerk of the House.
6. Closets.
7. }
8. } Members' Retiring Room.
9. }
10. Lobby.
11. Hall Folding-Room.
12. Cloak-Rooms.
13. Committee on Appropriations.
14. Committee on Ways and Means.
15. Committee on Military Affairs.
16. File-Room.

MAIN BUILDING.

Room.

33. House Document-Room.
34. Index Room.
35. House Committee on Banking and Currency.
36 House Committee on Banking and Currency. It was in this room, then occupied by the Speaker of the House, that ex-President John Quincy Adams died, two days after he fell at his seat in the House, February 23, 1848.
37. Office of the Clerk of the Supreme Court.
38. Robing-Room of the Judges of the Supreme Court.
39. Withdrawing-Room of the Supreme Court.
40. Office of the Marshal of the Supreme Court.

The Supreme Court, formerly the Senate Chamber.

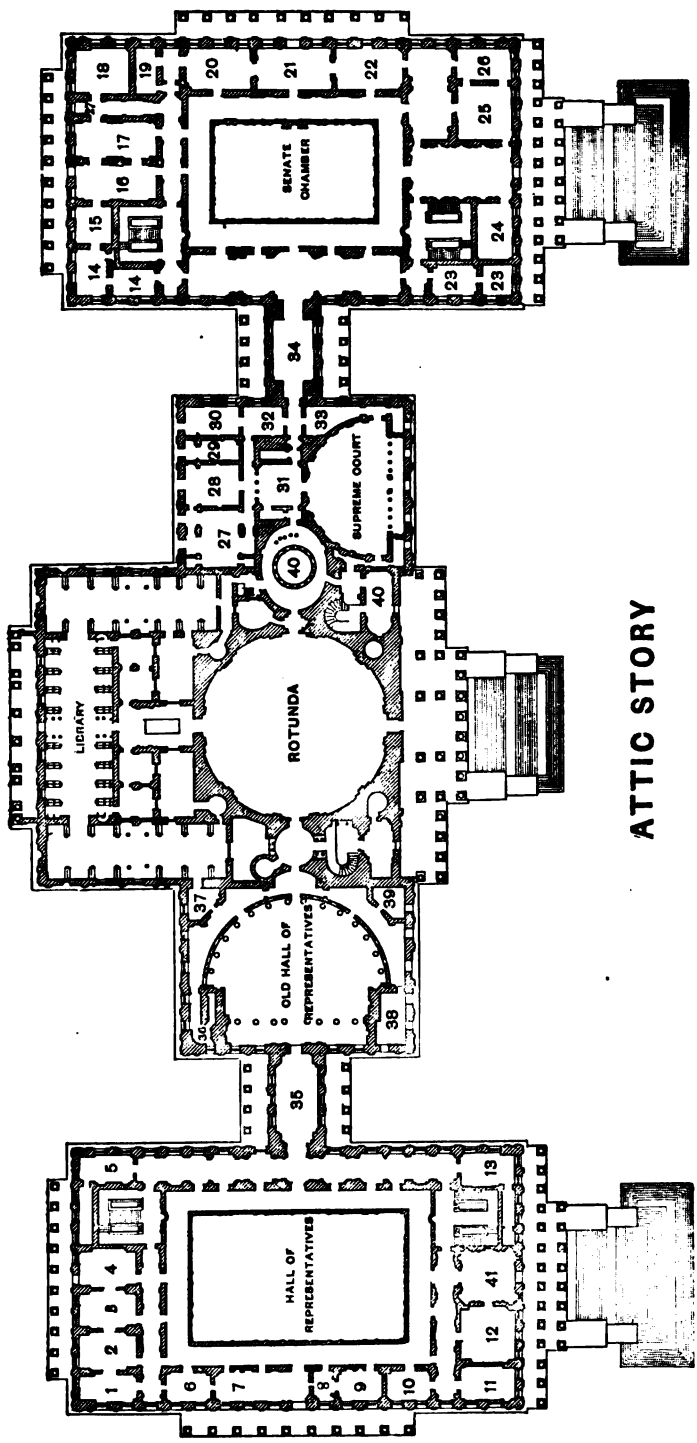
The Old Hall of the House of Representatives is now used as a statuary hall, to which each State has been invited to contribute two statues of its most distinguished citizens.

The Congressional Library contains 314,000 volumes.

SENATE WING.

Room.

16. Office of the Secretary of the Senate.
17. Executive Clerk of the Senate.
18. Financial Clerk of the Senate.
19. Chief Clerk of the Senate.
20. Engrossing and Enrolling Clerks of the Senate.
21. Committee on Appropriations.
22. Closets.
23. Committee on Enrolled Bills.
24. Cloak-Rooms.
25. The President of the United States' Room.
26. The Senators' Withdrawing-Room.
27. The Vice-President's Room.
28. Committee on Finance.
29. Official Reporters of Debates.
30. Reception-Room.
31. Committee on District of Columbia.
32. Office of the Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate.
33. Elevator.


SENATE CHAMBER
SUPREME COURT
ROTUNDA
LIBRARY
OLD HALL OF REPRESENTATIVES
HALL OF REPRESENTATIVES
ATTIC STORY

THE ATTIC STORY OF THE CAPITOL.

HOUSE WING.

Room.

1. Committees on Pacific Railroads, and Pensions.
2. Committee on Elections.
3. Committee on Railways and Canals.
   Committee on Patents
4. Committee on the District of Columbia.
   Committee on Civil Service Reform.
5. Committee on Naval Affairs.
6. Lobby.
7. Correspondents and Journalists' Withdrawing-Room.
8. } Water-Closet.
9. }
10. Ladies' Retiring-Room.
11. Committee on Public Lands.
    Committee on Civil Service and Retrenchment.
12. Committee on Commerce.
13. Committee on Foreign Affairs.
    Committee on Tenth Census.
14. Committee on the Judiciary.

MAIN BUILDING.

Room.

27. Senate Library.
28. Senate Library—Librarian's Room.
29. Select Committee on Library Building.
30. Senate Committee on Nicaragua Claims.
31. Senate Document-Room.
32. Senate Document-Room.
33. Senate Document-Room.
34. Superintendent of the Senate Documents.
35. House Library.
36. House Document-Room.
37. House Document-Room.
38. House Document-Room.
39. Clerk's Office.
40. Electrician's Room.

SENATE WING.

Room.

14. Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.
15. Committee on Transportation Routes.
16. Committee on Railroads.
17. Committee on Privileges and Elections.
18. Committee on Commerce.
19. Committee on Engrossed Bills.
20. Lobby.
21. Correspondents' Room. Western Union Telegraph.
22. Committee on Epidemic Diseases.
    Committee on Rules.
23. Senate and Joint Committees on Public Printing.
24. Conference Room.
25. Committee on Claims.
26. Committee on Private Land-Claims.
27. Elevator.

MEMBERS OF THE PRESS

WHO ARE ENTITLED TO ADMISSION TO THE REPORTERS' GALLERIES.

Name.	Papers represented.	Office.	Residence.
Alden, John	Brooklyn Times	515 Fourteenth street	1345 Q street, N. W.
Allison, James W	Louisville Courier-Journal, Times-Democrat.	603 Fourteenth street	1424 Pennsylvania av.
Austin, O. P	Cincinnati Times-Star, Saint Louis Post-Dispatch, Chicago Journal, Milwaukee Sentinel, Louisville Post, Louisville Commercial, Columbus Dispatch, Florida Times-Union.	1423 Pennsylvania av	1545 T street, N.W.
Ayres, E. W	Kansas City Times	1424 New York av	1227 M street, N. W.
Barrett, W. E	Boston Advertiser	511 Fourteenth street	1341 L street, N. W.
Barry, David S	Detroit Post	1209 I street	1209 I street, N. W.
Bickford, F. T	Associated Press	Corcoran Building	1912 Fifteenth street.
Boyle, John	The United Press	515 Fourteenth street	1454 Corcoran street.
Boynton, Charles A	Western Associated Press	Corcoran Building	1113 Seventeenth st.
Boynton, H. V	Cincinnati Commercial-Gazette.	511 Fourteenth street	1321 R street, N. W.
Brady, E. W	Indianapolis Sentinel	511 Ninth street, N.W.	501 Thirteenth street.
Brennan, Joseph T	Boston Globe	1420 New York av	1303 V street, N. W.
Brennan, Thomas J	Associated Press	Corcoran Building	1303 V street, N. W.
Burhans, W. W	The United Press	515 Fourteenth street	1416 S street, N. W.
Burton, A. C	Brooklyn Eagle	1424 New York av	612 Fourteenth street.
Carpenter, Frank G	Cleveland Leader	1427 F street, N. W	1321 F street, N. W.
Carson, John M	Philadelphia Ledger, Chicago Inter-Ocean.	513 Fourteenth street	1708 L street, N W.
Clark, S. N	New York Tribune	1322 F street, N. W	918 H street, N. W.
Clarke, A. J	Associated Press	Corcoran Building	1310 T street, N. W.
Clarke, H. Conquest	The United Press	515 Fourteenth street	1309 Fourteenth street
Cracraft, J. V	Pittsburgh Chronicle, Telegraph, Pittsburgh Post.		1325 F street.
Crawford, Frederick C.	Pittsburgh Commercial Gazette, New York Morning Journal, Detroit News.	1326 New York av	1326 New York av.
Crawford, T. C	New York World	1515 H streot	28 Grant Place.
Cunningham, A. B	Baltimore Herald	Tenth and D sts., N.W.	The Metropolitan.
Davis, Eugene	Associated Press	Corcoran Building	106 C street, N. E.
De Graw, P. V	The United Press	515 Fourteenth street	9 Fifth street, S. E.
De Puy, Frank A	New York Times	515 Fourteenth street.	1457 S street, N. W.
De Witte, Henry	National Republican	Tenth and D sts., N.W	406 Second street.
Dingley, Edward N	Lewiston (Maine) Journal	Hamilton House	Hamilton House.
Dobson, William B	Toledo Bee	1420 Pennsylvania av	1204 G street, N. W.
Dunnell, E. G	New York Times	515 Fourteenth street	1332 Riggs street.
Earlie, George E	Milwaukee (Wisconsin) Daily	1427 F street, N. W	920 Fourteenth street.
Eickhoff, Anthony	New York Staats-Zeitung	Meyers' Hotel	Meyer's Hotel.
Elliot, Henry R	Philadelphia Evening Telegraph.		1305 R street, N. W.
Ferris, F. P	Washington Evening Star	1101 Pennsylvania av	1901 Q street, N.W.
Fleming, Edwin	Saint Louis Republican, Detroit Free Press, New York Commercial Bulletin.	511 Fourteenth street	806 Twelfth street.
Gaines, B. P	Chicago Inter-Ocean, Saint Paul Pioneer Press.	573 Fourteenth street	
Gilliland, George	Cincinnati Enquirer	1420 Pennsylvania av	920 N. Y. avenue.
Gilman, W. S	Richmond Daily Dispatch	Metropolitan Hotel	Metropolitan Hotel.
Guthridge, Jules	Chicago Daily News	1420 New York av	1420 New York av.
Hamilton, Charles A	Buffalo Express, Utica Herald, Minneapolis Tribune.	1420 Pennsylvania av	1005 S street, N. W.
Handy, F. A. G	Chicago Times	1424 New York av	The Dunbarton.
Harris, Cicero W	Charlotte (N. C.) Observer	1507 Vermont av	1507 Vermont av.
Hatton, O. C	Associated Press	Corcoran Building	1607 Fifteenth street.
Hayes, Charles J	Associated Press	Corcoran Building	110 C street, S. E.
Heath, P. S	United Press, Indianapolis Journal, Toledo Commercial Telegram, Ohio State Journal, Pittsburg Leader.	501 Thirteenth street	Ebbitt House.
Hinman, W. F	Cleveland Herald	513 Fourteenth street	1826 Sixteenth street.
Hodges, Fletcher	Washington Evening Critic	511 Ninth street	1409 Rhode Island av.
Hood, E. M	Associated Press	Corcoran Building	221 Twelfth st., S. W.
Hudson, Edmund	Boston Herald	1420 Pennsylvania av	134 Pa. av., S. E.
Johns, H. T	Saint Paul Dispatch		936 R street, N. W.
Keim, De B. Randolph	Harrisburg (Pa.) Telegraph		607 M street.
Kennan, George	Associated Press	Corcoran Building	1318 Massachusetts av.
Ketcham, C. B	Associated Press	Corcoran Building	1212 Fifteenth st., S.W.
Kirby, Thomas B	New York Journal of Commerce.	1424 New York av	811 E street, N. W.
Larner, R. M	Charleston News and Courier, Baltimore Sun.	1314 F street, N. W.	1224 New York av.
Lightner, E. W	Philadelphia Times, Pittsburg Dispatch.	515 Fourteenth street	1637 Nineteenth street.

Members of the Press who are entitled to admission to the Reporters' Galleries—Continued.

Name.	Papers represented.	Office.	Residence.
Lyman, A. W	New York Sun	1420 New York av	1530 Fifteenth st., N. W.
MacBride, W. C	Cincinnati Enquirer	1420 Pennsylvania av.	1504 Q street, N. W.
McCarthy, Helena	San Francisco Chronicle	915 Fifteenth st., N. W.	915 Fifteenth st., N. W.
McCarthy, J. B	Hartford Times, San Francisco Chronicle.	1314 F street, N. W	248 Third street, N. W.
Macfarland, H. B. F	Boston Herald, Philadelphia Record, Savannah News.	1420 Pennsylvania av	1727 F street, N. W.
McKee, David R	Agent Associated Press	Corcoran Building	1753 Rhode Island av.
Martin, George	Pittsburg Times		
Miller, John P	Washington Evening Star	1101 Pennsylvania av.	1723 De Sales st., N. W.
Moore, F. A	Nashua, N. H., Telegraph	317 East Capitol street.	317 East Capitol street.
Mudd, A. J	Associated Press	Corcoran Building	1413 Rhode Island av.
Murray, Charles T	Philadelphia Times, Pittsburg Dispatch.	515 Fourteenth street	1343 Fifteenth street.
Nelson, Henry L	Boston Post, Brooklyn Union.		1744 N street, N. W.
Noah, J. J	New York Star	1424 New York av	1415 Q street.
Nordhoff, Charles	New York Herald	701 Fifteenth st., N.W.	
Nowlin, A. W. C	Danville Register	4 I street, N. W	4 I street, N. W.
Ogden, C. M	Philadelphia Press	1420 New York av	1537 Fourteenth street.
Pagaud, Joseph S	Portsmouth Daily Times		76 Harlem av., Balto.
Painter, U. H	Philadelphia Inquirer	1420 Pennsylvania av	900 Fourteenth street.
Parsons, William	Washington Post	Tenth & D sts., N. W.	1316 Thirteenth street.
Poore, Ben: Perley	Providence Journal	Ebbitt House	Ebbitt House.
Powers, Fred. Perry	Chicago Times	1424 New York av	1424 New York av.
Preston, Herbert A	New York Herald	701 Fifteenth st., N.W.	1908 Fifteenth street.
Ramsdell, H. J	Philadelphia Press		2013 Q street, N. W.
Randall, James R	Augusta (Ga.) Chronicle	412 Sixth street, N. W.	412 Sixth street, N. W.
Richardson, F. A	Baltimore Sun	1314 F street, N. W	1308 Vermont av.
Richardson, F. H	Atlanta Constitution	Metropolitan Hotel	Metropolitan Hotel.
Ringwalt, William E	Evening Critic, United Press, Minneapolis Evening Journal, Atlanta Eve. Journal.	511 Ninth st., N. W	1007 G street, N. W.
Seckendorff, M. G	New York Tribune	1322 F street	411 Fourth st., N. W.
Shaw, William B	Boston Transcript	Riggs House Annex	Riggs House Annex.
Snowden, Harold	Alexandria (Va.) Gazette	Alexandria, Va	Alexandria, Va.
Stealey, O. O	Louisville Courier-Journal	603 Fourteenth street	1124 Connecticut av.
Stevens, Walter B	Saint Louis Globe-Democrat	515 Fourteenth st	515 Fourteenth street.
Sylvester, Richard H	Washington Post	Cor. Tenth and D sts.	422 Fifth street, N. W.
Talcott, A. B	The United Press	515 Fourteenth street	15 Fourth street, N. W.
Towle, Charles F	Boston Traveller, New York Telegram.	1424 New York av	1330 I street, N. W.
Truesdall, J. A	Pioneer Press	513 Fourteenth street	1310 Twenty-second st.
Trusdell, Frank H	Baltimore American	1425 Pennsylvania av	1913 I street, N. W.
Walker, George H	Cleveland Leader	1427 F street, N. W	810 Twentieth street.
Walker, Lucien	Montgomery (Ala.) Advertiser	Metropolitan Hotel	Metropolitan Hotel.
Washington, L. Q	New Orleans Picayune	1420 Pennsylvania av	1107 Ninth st., N. W.
Weightman, R	New Orleans Times-Democrat	Fourteenth street	Ebbitt House.
West, H. H	Washington Post	Cor. Tenth and D sts	111 E street, N. W.
Wight, E. B	Chicago Tribune, Boston Journal.	1312 F street, N. W	1312 F street, N. W.
Wynne, Robert J	Cincinnati Commercial Gazette.	511 Fourteenth street	714 Q street, N. W.
Young, James R	Philadelphia Evening Star		1506 Q street, N. W.

THE WASHINGTON PRESS.

The Army and Navy Register, published weekly at 1420 Pennsylvania avenue.
The Capital, published every Sunday morning at 1420 Pennsylvania avenue.
The Chronicle, published every Sunday morning at 432 Ninth street, N. W.
The Commercial, published weekly at the corner of Ninth and G streets.
The Craftsman, published every Saturday morning at 608 D street, N. W.
The Critic, published every afternoon, except Sunday, at 511 Ninth street, N. W.
The Gazette, published every Sunday morning at 911 D street.
The Gazette of the Patent-Office, published every Tuesday at the Patent-Office.
The Hatchet, published every Sunday morning at 511 Ninth street.
The Herald and National Intelligencer, published every Sunday morning at 409 Tenth street.
The Law Reporter, published every Tuesday morning at 631 F street.
The Mechanics' (I. O. M.) Advocate, published monthly at 617 Massachusetts avenue, N. W.
The National Era, published every Saturday at the corner of Eleventh and P streets.
The National Republican, published every morning, except Sundays, at the corner of Tenth and D sts.
The National Tribune, published weekly.
The National View, published weekly at 903 Pennsylvania avenue.
The Post, published every morning at the corner of Tenth and D streets.
The Pilgrim Press, published monthly at 529 Seventh street.
The Republic, published every Sunday morning at 908 Pennsylvania avenue.
The Scientific Record, published at 604 F street, N. W.
The Sentinel, published every Saturday at 516 Tenth street, N. W.
The Star, published every afternoon, except Sundays, at 1101 Pennsylvania avenue.
The Temperance Anvil, published every Saturday at 934 F street.
The Times, published weekly at
The United States Gazette, published monthly at 719 Market space.
The Vedette, published monthly at 339 Pennsylvania avenue.
The Volks Tribun, published every Saturday at 516 Tenth street.
The Washington Journal (German), published daily at the corner of Seventh and D streets.

THE EXECUTIVE.

EXECUTIVE MANSION.

President of the United States.—CHESTER A. ARTHUR, Executive Mansion.
Private Secretary.—Fred. J. Phillips, 1708 H street, N. W.
Assistant Private Secretary.—O. L. Pruden, 317 Eleventh street, S. W.
Executive Clerks.—William H. Crook, 809 Twelfth street, N. W.
Charles M. Hendley, 1223 Tenth street, N. W.
U. S. District Marshal.—Clayton McMichael, 918 Farragut Square.
Commissioner of Public Buildings.—Col. A. F. Rockwell, 1517 L street, N. W.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

Secretary of State.—FREDERICK T. FRELINGHUYSEN, 1731 I street.
Assistant Secretary.—John Davis, 1211 Connecticut avenue, N. W.
Second Assistant Secretary.—William Hunter, 3327 N street, West Washington.
Third Assistant Secretary.—Alvey A. Adee, 1019 Fifteenth street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—Sevellon A. Brown, 1500 Thirteenth street, Iowa Circle.
Chief of the Diplomatic Bureau.—W. H. Edwards, 1831 F street.
Chief of the Consular Bureau.—F. O. St. Clair, 1428 Rhode Island avenue.
Chief of the Bureau of Archives and Indexes.—John H. Haswell, 1219 O street.
Chief of the Bureau of Accounts.—Francis J. Kieckhoefer, 1505 Vermont avenue.
Chief of the Bureau of Statistics.—Michael Scanlan, 1459 Corcoran street.
Chief of the Bureau of Rolls and Library.—Theodore F. Dwight, 229 New Jersey aven[illegible] S. E.
Passport Clerk.—N. Benedict, 1623 Q street.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

Secretary of the Treasury.—HUGH MCCULLOCH, 912 Fifteenth street, N. W.
Assistant Secretary.—Charles E. Coon, 1638 Rhode Island avenue
Assistant Secretary.—Henry F. French, 137 East Capitol street.
Chief Clerk.—Theo. F. Swayze, 313 Delaware avenue.
Appointment Division.—Chief, Constant S. Trevitt, 1335 U street, N. W.
Warrant Division.—Chief, W. F. Maclennan, 1211 S street, N. W.
Public Moneys.—Chief, Eugene B. Daskam, 1425 R street, N. W.
Customs Division.—Chief, H. B. James, 1528 Sixteenth street.
Mercantile Marine and Internal Revenue Division.—Chief, Darius Lyman, 1 Grant [illegible]
Revenue Marine Division.—Chief, E. W. Clark, Woodley Road, N. W. of city.
Stationery Division.—Chief, A L. Sturtevant, Howard avenue, Mount Pleasant.
Loans and Currency Division.—Chief, William Fletcher, 515 M street, N. W.
Mail and Files Division.—Chief, S. A. Johnson, 1714 Fifteenth street, N. W.
Captured Property, Claims and Lands Division.—Chief, M. L. Noerr, Connecticut [illegible] extended, N. W.
Supervising Special Agent of the Treasury Department.—L. G. Martin, Baltimore, [illegible]
Government Actuary.—E. B. Elliott, 1210 G street, N. W.
Disbursing Clerk.—George A. Bartlett, Park street, Mount Pleasant.
Disbursing Clerk.—Thomas J. Hobbs, 1622 H street.
Private Secretary to Secretary of the Treasury.—Frank Sperry, cor. Conn. ave. and B[illegible]

SUPERVISING ARCHITECT'S OFFICE.

Supervising Architect.—M. E. Bell, 1338 Vermont avenue.
Chief Clerk.—H. G. Jacobs, 1218 O street, N. W.

BUREAU OF ENGRAVING AND PRINTING.

Chief of Bureau.—Truman N. Burrill, 905 Thirteenth street, N. W.
Assistant Chief.—Thomas J. Sullivan, 1530 Ninth street, N. W.
Accountant.—Edwin Lamasure, 216 Twelfth street, S. W.
Engraving Division.—Superintendent, George W. Casilear, 3019 N street, N. W.

OFFICE STEAMBOAT INSPECTION.

Supervising Inspector-General.—James A. Dumont, 216 A street, S. E.

BUREAU OF STATISTICS.

(Young's Building, 407 Fifteenth street, N. W.)

Chief of Bureau.—Joseph Nimmo, jr., 1831 F street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—J. N. Whitney, 1827 I street, N. W.
Examining Division.—Chief, E. J. Keferstein, 1509 Q street, N. W.
Compiling Division.—Chief, William Burchard, 513 Twelfth street, N. W.
Tonnage and Immigration Division.—Chief, B. T. Welch, 631 A street, N. E.
Miscellaneous Division.—Chief, P. Clendenin.
Stationery, Pay, and Property.—Chief, J. D. O'Connell, 508 Twelfth street, N. W.

LIFE-SAVING SERVICE.

General Superintendent.—S. I. Kimball, 511 Maple avenue, Le Droit Park.
Assistant General Superintendent.—W. D. O'Connor, 1015 O street, N. W.

FIRST COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE.

Comptroller.—William Lawrence, 1344 Vermont avenue.
Deputy.—Jonathan Tarbell, 930 New York avenue, N. W.
Judicial-Accounts Division.—James Auld, 815 Thirteenth street, N. W.
Foreign-Intercourse Division.—J. R. Garrison, 628 B street, S. W.
Internal-Revenue Division.—Silas C. Clarke, 501 Stanton Place, N. E.
Warrant Division.—S. W. Saxton, Kenesaw street, Mount Pleasant.

SECOND COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE.

Comptroller.—William W. Upton, 1746 M street, N. W.
Deputy.—Jas. S. Delano, Howard avenue, Mount Pleasant.
Army Pay Division.—Jerome Lee, 2811 P street, N. W.
Navy Division.—Geo. H. French, 1701 T street, N. W.
Quartermasters' Division.—Benjamin S. Pike, 1812 K street, N. W.
Indian Division.—J. D. Terrill, 1334 Vermont avenue.
Miscellaneous Division.—Alfred Thomas, 2006 Fourteenth street, N. W.
Army Pension Division.—Wm. G. Green, Prince George's County, Maryland.

COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS.

Commissioner.—Henry C. Johnson, 1213 F street, N. W.
Deputy.—H. A. Lockwood, corner First and B streets, S. W.
Customs Division.—Chief, Albert Miller, 1625 Thirty-second street.
Bond Division.—Chief, B. F. Cutter, 1011 Eighth street, N. W.
Disbursing Officer's Division.—Chief, N. H. Thompson, 1307 Riggs street, N. W.
Division of Appointments and Refunds.—Chief, S. McDonald, 933 D street, N. W.
Stub Division.—Robert Johnston, 1611 Thirteenth street, N. W.

REGISTER OF THE TREASURY.

Register.—Blanche K. Bruce, 909 M street, N. W.
Assistant Register—W. P. Titcomb, 1402 Sixteenth street, N. W.
Coupon and Note Division.—Chief, Arthur Hendricks, 918 Fourteenth street, N. W.
Fractional Currency Division.—Chief, Charles Neale, 913 O street, N. W.
Loan Division.—Chief, H. Jenison, 416 B street, S. E.
Receipts and Expenditures Division.—Chief, J. H. Beatty, 128 Eleventh street, S. E.
Tonnage Division.—Chief, N. B. Walker, 1011 M street, N. W.
Disbursing Clerk.—E. S. Collamer, 132 Pennsylvania avenue, east.

FIRST AUDITOR.

Auditor.—Robert M. Reynolds, 1618 Sixteenth street, N. W., corner Corcoran.
Deputy.—Henry K. Leaver, 1528 Sixteenth street, N. W.
Customs Division.—Chief, Edie S. Pollock, 218 Fifth street, S. E.
Judiciary Division.—Chief, Thaddeus Sturgis, 221 Ninth street, S. W.
Public Debt Division.—Chief, John P. Bentley, 915 L street, N. W.
Warehouse and Bond Division.—Chief, A. F. McMillan, 20 Grant Place.

SECOND AUDITOR.

(Winder's Building, west of War Department.)

Auditor.—Orange Ferriss, McPherson House, 1423 I street, N. W.
Deputy.—Henry C. Harmon, Howard avenue, Mount Pleasant, D. C.
Paymasters' Division.—Chief, Thomas C. Bailey, Georgetown, 3008 P street.

Bookkeepers' Division.—Chief, Thomas Rathbone, 218 Second street, N. E.
Indian Division.—Chief, Charles C. Snow, 1216 G street, N. W.
Pay and Bounty Division.—Chief, Henry A. Whallon, Arlington, Virginia.
Investigation of Frauds Division.—Chief, Francis H. Goodall, 914 P street, N. W.
Property Division.—Chief, Charles Lowell, 830 Twentieth street, N. W.
Ordnance, Medical and Miscellaneous Div.—Chief, F. H. Morgan, 1214 Sixth street, N. W.
Disbursing Clerk.—Henry L. Wilson, 1309 Riggs street, N. W.

THIRD AUDITOR.

Auditor.—Edwin W. Keightley, 1443 Q street, N. W.
Deputy.—A. M. Gangewer, 2618 K street, N. W.
Bookkeepers' Division.—Chief, J. F. Jones, 1420 N street, N. W.
Quartermasters' Division.—Chief, J. C. Baxter, 640 A street, S. E.
Subsistence Division.—Chief, John R. Thompson, 741 Thirteenth street, N. W.
Pension Division.—Chief, Joseph B. Fowler, 125 Sixth street, N. E.
Claims Division.—Chief, W. S. Stetson, 1412 Sixth street, N. W.
Collection Division.—J. M. Vale, 20 Grant Place, N. W.
State Claims Division.—T. E. G. Pettengill, 1713 New York avenue, N. W.

FOURTH AUDITOR.

Auditor.—Charles Beardsley, 214 Fourth street, S. E.
Deputy.—Benj. P. Davis, Mount Pleasant, D. C.
Record and Prize Division.—Chief, B. P. Mimmack, 1411 Corcoran street.
Navy Agents' Division.—Chief, William F. Stidham, 1416 Rhode Island avenue, N. W.
Paymasters' Division.—Chief, Lewis K. Brown, 904 F street, N. E.
Pension Division.—Chief, Richard Goodhart, 124 Eleventh street, S. E.
Claim Division.—Chief, Robert Kearon, 614 M street, N. W.
Bookkeepers' Division.—F. C. Severance, 1727 T street, N. W.

FIFTH AUDITOR.

Auditor.—D. S. Alexander, 1306 R street, N. W.
Deputy.—J. B. Mann, 1010 Massachusetts avenue, N. W.
Internal-Revenue Collectors' Division.—Chief, R. B. Detrick, Knowles' Station, Md.
Miscellaneous Division.—Chief, Endicott King, 1318 Tenth street, N. W.
Diplomatic and Consular Division.—Chief, A. O. Latham, Mount Pleasant, D. C.

SIXTH AUDITOR.

Auditor.—R. F. Crowell, 495½ Pennsylvania avenue, N. W.
Deputy.—E. A. Clifford, 1225 New York avenue, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—Boone Chambers, 603 F street, N. W.
Disbursing Clerk.—Benjamin Lippincott, 1418 I street, N. W.
Collecting Division.—Chief, Zabina Ellis, 47 H street, N. W.
Stating Division.—Chief, W. H. Gunnison, 937 O street, N. W.
Examining Division.—Chief, Thomas E. Woods, 617 P street, N. W.
Money-Order Division.—Chief, John Lynch, 510 I street, N. W.
Foreign Mail Division.—Chief, Robert S. Widdicombe, Lanham, Md.
Registering Division.—Chief, D. N. Burbank, 732 Thirteenth street, N. W.
Pay Division.—Chief, John B. Sleman, 922 P street, N. W.
Bookkeeping Division.—Chief, James T. Smith, 812 Twelfth street, N. W.

TREASURER OF THE UNITED STATES.

Treasurer.—A. U. Wyman, 916 Sixteenth street, N. W.
Assistant Treasurer.—E. O. Graves, 1700 Fourteenth street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—James F. Meline, Burnt Mills, Md.
Cashier.—J. W. Whelpley, 800 East Capitol street.
Assistant Cashier.—H. A. Whitney, 1222 Eleventh street, N. W.
Paying Teller.—E. R. True, 933 New York avenue, N. W.
Receiving Teller.—William H. Gibson, 2435 K street, N. W.
Assistant Teller.—James C. Poynton, 511 P street, N. W.
Assistant Teller.—A. R. Quaiffe, "The Portland."
Redemption Division.—Chief, Charles H. Davidge, 1324 Vermont avenue, N. W.
Loan Division.—Chief, Ferdinand Weiler, 1316 V street, N. W.
Accounts Division.—Chief, D. W. Harrington, near Alexandria, Va.
Division of Issues.—Chief, C. L. Jones, 1245 Twenty-ninth street, N. W.
National-Bank Division.—Chief, Jerome C. Burnett, 916 H street, N. W.
Principal Bookkeeper.—Sherman Platt, 1311 Fourteenth street, N. W.
Assistant Bookkeeper.—A. D. Johnston, 1332 V street, N. W.
National Bank Redemption Div.—Supt, T. E. Rogers, 406 Spruce street, Le Droit Park.

COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY.

Comptroller.—Henry W. Cannon, 1323 K street, N. W.
Deputy Comptroller.—John S. Langworthy, 201 Maple avenue, Le Droit Park.
Division of Reports..—Chief, W. K. McCoy, 1013 O street, N. W.
Redemption Division.—Chief, F. A. Miller, 2509 Pennsylvania avenue, N. W.
Division of Issues—Chief, E. S. Peck, Mount Pleasant.
Organization Division.—Chief, William B. Greene, 1627 P street, N. W.
Bond Clerk.—J. W. Griffin, 1537 Fourteenth street, N. W.

COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE.

Commissioner.—Walter Evans, Hamilton House.
Deputy.—H. C. Rogers, 1520 S street, N. W.
Solicitor.—Charles Chesley, 641 East Capitol street.
Chief Clerk and Appointment Division.—William Somerville, 737 Thirteenth street, N. W.
Law Division.—Assistant Solicitor, William H. Armstrong, 1349 L street, N. W.
Tobacco Division.—Chief, Israel Kimball, 121 Maryland avenue, N. E.
Law Division.—Chief, O. F. Dana, 1529 Rhode Island avenue.
Stamp Division.—Chief, Alex. H. Holt, 1015 K street, N. W.
Assessment Division.—Chief, C. A. Bates, 1016 T street, N. W.
Division of Distilled Spirits.—Chief, T. A. Cushing, 605 F street, N. W.
Division of Revenue Agents.—F. D. Sewall, 1516 Rhode Island avenue, N. W.

DIRECTOR OF THE MINT.

Director of the Mint.—Horatio C. Burchard, Riggs House.
Examiner.—R. E. Preston, 53 K street, N. E.
Computer of Bullion.—E. O. Leech, 1510 S street, N. W.
Assayer.—Winfield P. Lawder, 1912 I street, N. W.
Adjuster.—Frank P. Gross, 1312 R street, N. W.

BUREAU OF NAVIGATION.

Commissioner of Navigation.—Jarvis Patten, 1114 Thirteenth street.
Acting Deputy Commissioner.—Thomas B. Sanders, 1410 Tenth street.

LIGHT-HOUSE BOARD.

Chairman.—Vice-Admiral Stephen C. Rowan, U. S. N., Ebbitt House.
Naval Secretary.—Commander Henry F. Picking, U. S. N., 1708 H street, N. W.
Engineer Secretary.—Maj. David Porter Heap, U. S. A., 1618 Rhode Island avenue.
Chief Clerk.—Arnold B. Johnson, Le Droit Park.

UNITED STATES COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY.

(Coast and Geodetic Survey Building, south of the Capitol.)

Superintendent.—J. E. Hilgard, 1709 Rhode Island avenue.
Assistant in Charge of Office.—C. O. Boutelle, 1513 Twentieth street, N. W.
Hydrographic Inspector.—Commander Colby M. Chester, U. S. N., 1822 Jefferson Place.
Disbursing Agent.—William B. Morgan, 907 H street, N. W.

MARINE-HOSPITAL SERVICE.

(Supervising Surgeon-General's Office, 1421 G street, N. W.)

Supervising Surgeon-General.—John B. Hamilton, 9 B street, N. W., Capitol Square.
Acting Chief Clerk.—Fairfax Irwin, Passed Assistant Surgeon, 2131 K street, N. W.

WAR DEPARTMENT.

Secretary of War.—ROBERT T. LINCOLN, 1326 Massachusetts avenue, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—John Tweedale, 901 R street, N. W.
Disbursing Clerk.—E. M. Lawton, 1143 Twenty-fourth street, N. W.
Record Division.—Chief, Samuel Hodgkins, 342 Pennsylvania avenue, N. W.
Correspondence Division.—Chief, Jay Stone, 1700 L street, N. W.
Requisition and Accounts Division.—Chief, L. W. Tolman, 914 East Capitol street.
Private Secretary and Stenographer.—Charles S. Sweet, 1317 M street, N. W.
Officer on Duty.—Bvt. Lt. Col. Thomas F. Barr, U. S. A., 1833 G street, N. W.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY.

Lieut. Gen. P. H. Sheridan, 1617 Rhode Island avenue.
Aids-de-Camp.—Lieut. Col. M. V. Sheridan, 1712 N street, N. W.
Lieut. Col. W. J. Volkmar, 1832 Jefferson Place.
Lieut. Col. J. F. Gregory, 1715 H street, N. W.
Capt. S. E. Blunt, 2023 Hillyer Place.

ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

Adjutant-General.—Brig. Gen. Richard C. Drum, 1516 K street, N. W.
Assistants.—Bvt. Brig. Gen. Chauncey McKeever, 1508 H street, N. W.
Bvt. Brig. Gen. George D. Ruggles, 1633 Massachusetts avenue.
Bvt. Brig. Gen. Oliver D. Greene, 1920 Sunderland Place.
Bvt. Lt. Col. S. N. Benjamin, 1828 I street, N. W.
Maj. Thomas Ward, 2003 I street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—R. P. Thian, 3311 N street, Georgetown.

INSPECTOR-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

Inspector-General.—Bvt. Maj. Gen. D. B. Sacket, 1725 I street, N. W.
Assistant Inspector-General.—Bvt. Maj. Gen. Absalom Baird, 1409 K street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—Warren H. Orcutt, 509 East Capitol street.

QUARTERMASTER'S DEPARTMENT.

Quartermaster-General.—Brig. Gen. S. B. Holabird, 1311 P street, N. W.
Assistants.—Bvt. Col. J. G. Chandler, 1320 F street, N. W.
Bvt. Brig. Gen. C. G. Sawtelle, 2819 P street, N. W.
Bvt. Brig. Gen. J. J. Dana, 1828 H street, N. W.
Bvt. Brig. Gen. B. C. Card, 1017 Fifteenth street, N. W.
Capt. John F. Rodgers, 1310 Sixteenth street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—J. Z. Dare, 1327 G street, N. W.
Depot Quartermaster and Office of National Cemeteries.—Bvt. Col. R. N. Batchelder, 1321 New York ave., N. W.

SUBSISTENCE DEPARTMENT.

(Offices, 17 Fifteen-and-a-half street.)

Commissary-General.—Brig. Gen. Robert Macfeely, 2015 I street, N. W.
Assistants.—Bvt. Col. Beekman Du Barry, 1826 H street, N. W.
Bvt. Lt. Col: J. H. Gilman, 1211 Rhode Island avenue.
Chief Clerk.—William A. De Caindry, 924 Nineteenth street, N. W.
Depot Commissary.—Bvt. Maj. W. H. Nash, 1809 H street, N. W.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Surgeon-General.—Brig. Gen. Robert Murray, 227 East Capitol street, N. W.
Assistants.—Bvt. Lt. Col. John S. Billings, 3027 N street, Georgetown.
Bvt. Lt. Col. D. L. Huntington, 2117 G street, N. W.
Maj. Charles Smart, 2017 Hillyer avenue.
Capt. B. F. Pope, 1309 Twentieth street, N. W.
Capt. Washington Matthews, 1736 P street, N. W.
Capt. J. O. Skinner, 1529 O street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—Samuel Ramsey, 2116 H street, N. W.
Chief Medical Purveyor.—Col. J. H. Baxter, 1504 H street, N. W.
Attending Surgeon.—Capt. R. M. O'Reilly, 1911 I street, N. W.
Assistant Surgeon.—P. F. Harvey, 1416 Q street, N. W.

PAY DEPARTMENT.

(Office, northwest corner of Pennsylvania avenue and Seventeenth street, N. W.)

Paymaster-General.—Brig. Gen. Wm. B. Rochester, 1320 Eighteenth street, N. W.
Assistant in charge of Bounties, &c.—Bvt. Lt. Col. A. B. Carey, 1606 K street N. W.
Assistants on Special Duty in Office.—Maj. J. R. Roche, 1328 G street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—Grafton D. Hanson, 1228 Massachusetts avenue, N. W.
Post Paymaster.—Maj. A. E. Bates, 1301 Eighteenth street, N. W.

CORPS OF ENGINEERS.

Chief of Engineers.—Bvt. Maj. Gen. John Newton, 1335 N street, N. W.
Assistants.—Bvt. Maj. Gen. John G. Parke, 16 Lafayette Square.
Bvt. Col. J. M. Wilson, 1141 Connecticut avenue.
Capt. Henry M. Adams, 1905 I street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—William J. Warren, 1234 Massachusetts avenue.
Secretary to Light-House Board.—Maj. D. P. Heap, 2015 N street, N. W.
Bvt. Lt. Col. P. C. Hains, in charge of Potomac River improvements, 1824 Jefferson Place.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS.

(Office, 1700 Pennsylvania avenue.)

In charge.—Col. A. F. Rockwell, 1517 L street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—E. F. Concklin, 418 B street, S. E.
Public Gardener.—Geo. H. Brown, 1325 S street, N. W.

STATE, WAR, AND NAVY BUILDING AND WASHINGTON MONUMENT.

(Office, 612 Seventeenth street, N. W.)

In charge.—Col. Thomas L. Casey, Corps of Engineers, 1419 K street, N. W.
Assistants: State, War, and Navy Building.—B. R. Green, 1738 N street, N. W.
Washington Monument.—Capt. G. W. Davis, 1209 Q street, N. W.
Chief Clerks.—Ed. Sutherland, 1418 S street, N. W.
James B. Dutton, Laurel, Md.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

Chief of Ordnance.—Brig. Gen. Stephen V. Benét, 1717 I street, N. W.
Assistants.—Lieut. Col. James M. Whittemore, 1216 Connecticut avenue.
Capt. Charles S. Smith, 19 Iowa Circle.
Capt. V. McNally, 510 E street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—John J. Cook, 927 M street, N. W.

JUDGE-ADVOCATE-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

Judge-Advocate-General.—Brig. Gen. D. G. Swaim, corner Kenesaw avenue and Fourteenth street extended.
Assistant.—Col. G. N. Lieber, 1322 Eighteenth street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—Joseph McDonald, 1117 Tenth street, N. W.

SIGNAL OFFICE.

Chief Signal Officer.—Bvt. Maj. Gen. William B. Hazen, 1601 K street, N. W.
Assistants.—Capt. Samuel M. Mills, 5th Art., 1810 N street, N. W.
First Lieut. Henry H. C. Dunwoody, 4th Art., 3012 Dunbarton street, West Washington.
First Lieut. Robert Craig, 4th Art., 1008 I street, N. W.
Second Lieut. F. M. M. Beall, 1336 Riggs street.
First Lieut. A. W. Greely, 5th Cav., 1909 I street, N. W.
First Lieut. T. M. Woodruff, 5th Inf., 2020 Hillyer Place, N. W.
First Lieut. James Allen, 3d Cav., 1823 I street, N. W.
First Lieut. P. H. Ray, 8th Inf., 1722 Fifteenth street, N. W.
Second Lieut. B. M. Purcell, 2816 N street, N. W.
Second Lieut. J. S. Powell, Signal Corps, 17 Iowa Circle.
Second Lieut. Wm. A. Glassford, Signal Corps, 3039 Beall street, West Washington.
Chief Clerk.—Alexander Ashley, 2012 G street.

PUBLICATION OFFICE, WAR RECORDS.

In charge.—Bvt. Lieut. Col. R. N. Scott, 1321 Q street, N. W.
On duty.—Lieut. J. A. Buchanan, 1823 I street, N. W.
Lieut. Thomas T. Knox, 1908 Sunderland Place.
Chief Clerk.—John S. Moody, 901 Sixteenth street, N. W.
Agent for the collection of Confederate records.—Marcus J. Wright, 2020 G street, N. W.

NAVY DEPARTMENT.

Secretary of the Navy.—WILLIAM E. CHANDLER, 1421 I street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—John W. Hogg, 1133 Fourteenth street, N. W.
Disbursing Clerk.—F. H. Stickney, Hopeton, Seventh-street road.
Registrar.—W. P. Moran, 2412 Pennsylvania avenue.
Private Secretary and Stenographer.—B. W. Hanna, 1320 Corcoran street, N. W.

BUREAU OF ORDNANCE (1ST FLOOR).

Chief of Bureau.—Commodore Montgomery Sicard, 1417 Massachusetts avenue, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—Thad. K. Sailer, 1101 Fifth street, N. W.
Assistant to Chief.—Commander Geo. W. Sumner, 1300 Rhode Island avenue.
Lieutenant A. R. Couden, 1415 Twentieth street, N. W.
Lieutenant B. H. Buckingham, 1708 H street, N. W.
Lieutenant C. A. Bradbury, 1110 Sixteenth street, N. W.
Lieutenant B. A. Fiske, 823 Vermont avenue, N. W.
Ensign P. R. Alger, 722 Thirteenth street, N. W.

BUREAU OF EQUIPMENT AND RECRUITING (1ST FLOOR).

Chief of Bureau.—Commodore W. S. Schley, 1734 K street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—S. Henriques, 2007 I street, N. W.
Lieutenant-Commander Chas. J. Train, U. S. N., 1642 Connecticut avenue.

BUREAU OF NAVIGATION (2D FLOOR).

Chief of Bureau.—Commodore John G. Walker, 1202 Eighteenth street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—L. Waldecker, 414 M street, N. W.
Special duty.—Commander W. B. Hoff, 1511 Twentieth street, N. W.
Assistant to Chief.—Commander B. H. McCalla, 2001 Massachusetts av., N. W.
Lieutenant-Commander Chas. H. Davis, 1705 Rhode Island avenue.
Lieutenant J. A. Norris, 1423 Corcoran street, N. W.
Lieutenant J. S. Abbott, 1808 Sixteenth street, N. W.
Superintendent of Compasses.—Lieutenant-Commander T. A. Lyons, 1110 Sixteenth street, N. W.
Special duty, Compasses.—Lieutenant S. W. Diehl, 1223 New York avenue.
Lieutenant B. O. Scott, 1111 H street, N. W.

BUREAU OF YARDS AND DOCKS (3D FLOOR).

Chief of Bureau.—Rear-Admiral Edward T. Nichols, Ebbitt House.
Chief Clerk.—Augustus E. Merritt, 612 H street, N. W.

BUREAU OF PROVISIONS AND CLOTHING.

Chief of Bureau.—Paymaster-General Joseph Adams Smith, The Portland.
Chief Clerk.—John F. Denson, 491 Missouri avenue.
Paymaster.—J. Q. Barton, 1707 Pennsylvania avenue.

BUREAU OF STEAM-ENGINEERING (3D FLOOR).

Chief of Bureau.—Engineer-in-Chief, C. H. Loring, 1919 N street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—W. H. H. Smith, 2112 H street.
Assistant to Engineer-in-Chief.—W. H. Harris, Chief Engineer Bureau Steam Engineering, 1307 K street, N. W.
Chief Engineer.—F. G. McKean, 1323 Eleventh street, N. W.
Passed Assistant Engineers.—W. A. H. Allen, 219 Third street, N. W.
A. V. Zane, 1814 Sixteenth street, N. W.
A. F. Dixon, Bureau Steam Engineering, 1827 I street, N. W.
Stacy Potts, 1459 S street, N. W.
W. H. Nauman, Bureau Steam Engineering, 722 G street, N. W.
Assistant Engineer.—T. F. Burgdorff, 1307 K street, N W.
A. E. Smith, 720 Thirteenth street, N. W.

BUREAU OF MEDICINE AND SURGERY.

(First floor, south wing.)

Chief of Bureau.—Surgeon-General F. M. Gunnell, 600 Twentieth street.
Assistant Chief of Bureau.—Wm. K. Van Reypen, 1021 Fifteenth street.
Chief Clerk.—Chas. T. Earle.
Special duty.—Assistant Surgeon Thomas Owens, 1531 P street, N. W.

BUREAU OF CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR.

(First floor, centre wing.)

Chief of Bureau.—Chief Constructor T. D. Wilson, 1121 Tenth street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—Hugh Allen Goldsborough, 1916 G street, N. W.

OFFICE OF THE JUDGE-ADVOCATE-GENERAL.

(Second floor, centre wing, room 101.)

Judge-Advocate-General.—Colonel William B. Remey, United States Marine Corps, 1320 F street, N. W.
Lieutenant J. D. J. Kelley, Office Judge-Advocate, 1604 Nineteenth street, N. W.
Lieutenant S. C. Lemly, Office Judge-Advocate, 1914 I street, N. W.

SIGNAL OFFICE.

(Navy Department, second floor.)

ADMIRAL'S OFFICE.

(At his house.)

Admiral D. D. Porter, 1710 H street.
Secretary to the Admiral.—J. M. Alden, 1320 Nineteenth street, N. W.
Aide to the Admiral.—Lieutenant Chas. E. Fox, 1757 N street, N. W.

NAUTICAL ALMANAC.

(Office, Navy Department, third floor.)

Superintendent.—Professor Simon Newcomb, 1300 Vermont avenue.
Lieutenant Chauncey Thomas, Assistant Superintendent, 1300 Vermont avenue.
Lieutenant C. H. Amsden, Almanac Office.
Assistants.—E. J. Loomis, 1413 College Hill Terrace.
G. W. Hill, 318 Indiana avenue.
J. Morrison, 1516 S street, N. W.
S. J. Corrigan, 1340 Massachusetts avenue.

U. S. HYDROGRAPHIC OFFICE.

(Basement, Navy Department.)

In Charge.—Commander John R. Bartlett, 1830 Jefferson Place, N. W.
Assistant to Officer in Charge.—Lieutenant G. L. Dyer, 1801 Q street, N. W.
Division of Notices and Archives.—Lieut.-Com. G. W. Pigman, 730 Twenty-first street, N. W.
Lieutenant Edwin S. Jacob, 3015 Dunbarton avenue, West Washington.
Lieutenant S. L. Graham, 1829 Jefferson Place, N. W.
Lieutenant G. A. Merriam (in charge of archives), 2220 G street, N. W.
Lieutenant H. P. McIntosh, 416 Spruce street, Le Droit Park.
Division of Meteorology.—Lieutenant S. M. Ackley, 2016 Hillyer Place, N. W.
Lieutenant R. G. Davenport, 812 Eighteenth street, N. W.
Lieutenant J. H. Moore, 1340 Massachusetts avenue, N. W.
Lieutenant R. F. Nicholson, 2108 G street, N. W.
Lieutenant E. B. Underwood, 1827 I street, N. W.
Division of Books.—Lieutenant N. W. Gillpatrick, 1341 L street, N. W.
Ensign John Gibson, McPherson House, cor. Fifteenth and I streets.
Division of H. O. Charts.—Lieutenant W. O. Sharrer, 2021 N street, N. W.
Lieutenant D. L. Wilson, 1418 Thirty third street, N. W.
Lieutenant R. Hunt, 1466 Rhode Island avenue, N. W.
Division of B. A. Charts.—Lieutenant J. R. Selfridge, 1707 Rhode Island avenue.
Ensign Thomas Snowden, 1328 I street, N. W.
Division of Plates and Printing.—Lieutenant L. E. Bixler, 1227 New York avenue, N. W.
Division of Draughtsmen and Engravers.—Ensign J. H. Fillmore, 927 Seventeenth st., N. W.

NAVAL ADVISORY BOARD.

(Navy Department, first floor.)

Members of Board.

President.—Rear-Admiral E. Simpson, 1709 M street, N. W.
Henry Steers, 10 East Thirty-eighth street, New York.
Chief Engineer A. Henderson, Woodley, near Georgetown.
Captain J. A. Howell, 1739 F street, N. W.
Lieutenant-Commander F. M. Barber, The Portland.
Naval Constructor F. L. Fernald, 1013 Fourteenth street.
Secretary to Board.—Assistant Naval Constructor F. T. Bowles, 1823 Jefferson Place.
Passed Assistant Engineer C. R. Roelker, Georgetown.
Assistant Engineer H. P. Norton, 1827 Jefferson Place.

OFFICE OF NAVAL INTELLIGENCE.

(Navy Department, fourth floor.)

Lieutenant R. P. Rodgers, 1833 Jefferson Place.
Lieutenant T. B. M. Mason, 1606 Twentieth street, N. W.
Lieutenant W. H. Beehler, 1416 K street, N. W.
Lieutenant W. H. Driggs, 1414 K street, N. W.
Lieutenant J. S. Abbott, 1808 Sixteenth street, N. W.
Lieutenant S. A. Stanton, 1708 H street, N. W.
Lieutenant J. C. Colwell, 1811 G street, N. W.
Lieutenant A. Sharp, 1416 K street, N. W.
Lieutenant T. M. Potts, 1751 P street, N. W.
Ensign W. I. Chambers, 1416 K street, N. W.
Ensign W. L. Rodgers, 1733 N street, N. W.
Passed Assistant Engineer J. P. S. Lawrence, 1508 H street, N. W.

LIBRARY AND WAR RECORDS.

(Navy Department, fourth floor.)

Professor J. R. Soley, 1834 Jefferson Place.
Ensign E. W. Sutphen, 1308 I street, N. W.

MUSEUM OF HYGIENE.

(Corner of Eighteenth and G streets.)

Medical Director J. M. Browne, The Portland.
Surgeon C. H. White, 812 Eighteenth street, N. W.

NAVAL DISPENSARY.

(Corner of Eighteenth and G streets.)

Medical Inspector N. L. Bates, special duty, The Ebbitt.
Passed Assistant Surgeon C. G. Herndon, special duty, 1744 G street, N. W.

OFFICERS ON SPECIAL DUTY, SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION.

Passed Assistant Surgeon H. G. Beyer, 2013 Hillyer Place.
Ensigns H. M. Witzell, O. G. Dodge, H. S. Chase, C. H. Harlow, H. G. Dresel, and W. E. Safford.

NAVAL EXAMINING BOARD.

(Room No. 2, basement.)

Commodore L. A. Kimberly, 1755 P street, N. W.
Commodore B. Gherardi, 1341 New Hampshire avenue.
Captain D. B. Harmony, The Portland.

NAVAL RETIRING BOARD.

(Room No. 32, basement.)

Rear-Admiral J. L. Worden, 1428 K street, N. W.
Captain L. A. Kimberly, 1755 P street, N. W.
Captain D. B. Harmony, The Portland.

NAVAL EXAMINING AND RETIRING BOARDS.

(Room No. 32, basement.)

Medical Director Thos. Turner, 1304 Rhode Island avenue.
Medical Director W. T. Hord, 3502 T street, N. W.

STATE, WAR, AND NAVY DEPARTMENT BUILDING.

(Superintendent's room, No. 141, third floor.)

Superintendent.—Henry L. Snyder, Chief Engineer, U. S. N., 1326 Nineteenth street, N. W.
Assistant to Superintendent.—W. B. Bayley, Passed Asst. Eng., U. S. N., 1708 H street, N. W.
Clerk.—George W. Rouzer, 1114 Thirteenth street, N. W.

NAVY PAY OFFICE.

(Corner Fifteenth street and New York avenue.)

Pay Director.—Thos. H. Looker, 1312 Thirtieth street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—F. N. Walker, 1607 Sixteenth street, N. W.

NAVAL OBSERVATORY.

(Twenty-fourth and E streets, N. W.)

Superintendent.—Commodore S. R. Franklin, 1222 Connecticut avenue.
Assistant to Superintendent.—Commander Allan D. Brown, at the Observatory.
Lieutenant E. C. Pendleton, 1752 M street.
Lieutenant C. G. Bowman, 1816 Sixteenth street.
Lieutenant John Garvin, 235 New Jersey avenue, S. E.
Lieutenant J. C. Wilson, 1713 H street, N. W.
Lieutenant L. L. Reamey, 1305 F street, N. W.
Ensign W. H. Allen, 1416 K street, N. W.
Ensign Hiero Taylor, 1123 Fourteenth street, N. W.
J. A. Hoogewerff, Baltimore (P. O. box 727).
Professor Asaph Hall, 2715 N street.
Professor William Harkness, 1415 G street.
Professor J. R. Eastman, 930 Eighteenth street, N. W.
Professor Edgar Frisby, 3006 P street.
Professor S. J. Brown, 2133 K street, N. W.
Assistant Astronomers.—A. N. Skinner, 1726 Tenth street.
William C. Winlock, 723 Twentieth street.
H. M. Paul, 917 R street.
Clerk.—Thomas Harrison, 2723 N street.

HEADQUARTERS U. S. MARINE CORPS.

(Eighth street, S. E.)

Colonel Commandant.—Charles G. McCawley, headquarters.
Adjutant and Inspector.—Major Aug. S. Nicholson, 1718 N street, N. W.
Quartermaster.—Major Wm. B. Slack, 714 Eighteenth street, N. W.
Paymaster.—Major Green Clay Goodloe, headquarters.

MARINE BARRACKS, WASHINGTON, D. C.

(Eighth street, S. E.)

Major George Porter Houston, 729 Eighteenth street, N. W.
Captain William S. Muse, Marine Barracks.
Second Lieutenant James A. Turner, Marine Barracks.
Surgeon Robert A. Marmion, U. S. N., 1416 Q street, N. W.

NAVY-YARD, WASHINGTON.

Commodore Alexander A. Semmes, Navy-Yard.
Captain R. R. Wallace, Navy-Yard.
Chief Engineer Charles H. Baker, Navy-Yard,
Pay Inspector Richard Washington, 1604 K street, N. W.
Pay Inspector James Hoy, 1213 Connecticut avenue, N. W.
Commander Geo. C. Remey, Navy-Yard.
Commander J. H. Sands, 3017 O street, Georgetown.
Commander C. F. Goodrich, Navy-Yard.
Naval Constructor P. Hichborn, Navy-Yard.
Civil Engineer A. G. Menocal, Navy-Yard.
Chief Engineer David Smith, 1330 Corcoran street, N. W.
Surgeon D. McMurtrie, Navy-Yard.
Lieutenant Commander Louis Kingsley, 1416 K street, N. W.
Passed Assistant Engineer Geo. W. Roche, 220 Third street, S. E.
Lieutenant Frank Courtis, 1715 H street, N. W.
Lieutenant Wm. W. Reisinger, Bellevue Magazine.
Lieutenant Albion V. Wadhams, 1125 Fourteenth street, N. W.
Lieutenant Giles B. Harber, 902 Fourteenth street, N. W.
Lieutenant C. J. Badger, 809 Fourteenth street, N. W.
Chaplain H. H. Clark, 823 Vermont avenue, N. W.
Passed Assistant Surgeon Jas. H. Gaines, Naval Hospital.
Passed Assistant Surgeon J. C. Boyd, Ebbitt House.
Ensign T. S. Rodgers, 1721 I street, N. W.
Assistant Engineer Joseph L. Wood, 3 Grant Place, N. W.
Boatswain Charles E. Hawkins, 1015 G street, N. W.
Gunner George Fouse, 906 Pennsylvania avenue, S. E.
Gunner Samuel Cross, 711 E street, S. E.
Gunner John J. Walsh, 1007 North Carolina avenue, S. E.
Sailmaker S. W. Boutwell, Navy-Yard.
Mate Samuel F. Lomax, 634 F street. S. W.
Mate J. A. H. Willmuth, Tenth street and Georgia avenue, S. E.

U. S. NAVAL HOSPITAL.

(Pennsylvania avenue, between Ninth and Tenth streets, S. E.)

Medical Director A. L. Gihon, in charge, 2019 Hillyer Place.
Passed Assistant Surgeon J. H. Gaines, Naval Hospital.

Marine Guard.—Captain John H. Higbee, Navy-Yard.
First Lieutenant F. H. Harrington, Navy-Yard.
First Lieutenant B. R. Russell, Navy-Yard.
First Lieutenant Jesup Nicholson, Navy-Yard.

POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

OFFICE OF THE POSTMASTER-GENERAL.

Postmaster-General.—FRANK HATTON, 1204 Eighteenth street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—C. M. Walker, 804 Eleventh street, N. W.
Stenographer.—Paul C. Hendricks, 205 D street, N. W.
Law Clerk.—John A. Henry, 205 D street, N. W.
Appointment Clerk.—James A. Vose, 1009 Thirteenth street, N. W.
Superintendent and Disbursing Clerk.—Richard Devens, 825 Fourteenth street, N. W.
Chief Post-Office Inspector.—A. G. Sharp, 915 Twelfth street, N. W.
Topographer.—W. L. Nicholson, 1322 I street, N. W.
Chief of Division of Files and Records.—W. B. Slemons, 511 Third street, N. W.

OFFICE OF FIRST ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL.

First Assistant Postmaster-General.—John Schuyler Crosby, 1730 I street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—James H. Marr, sr., 1319 Eighth street, N. W.
Chief of Division of Post-Office Supplies.—D. W. Rhodes, 1428 Q street, N. W.
Division of Free Delivery.—Superintendent, Revere W. Gurley, 3055 Q street, Georgetown.
Chief of Division of Appointments.—Edwin C. Fowler, 936 B street, S. W.
Principal Clerk Bonds and Commissions.—Thomas E. Roach, 809 L street, N. W.
Chief of Salary and Allowance Division.—Albert H. Scott, 1112 Eleventh street, N. W.

OFFICE OF SECOND ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL.

Second Assistant Postmaster-General.—Henry D. Lyman, 711 Ninth street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—G. M. Sweney, 717 Ninth street, N. W.
Superintendent Railway Adjustments.—Isaac C. Slater, 440 New Jersey avenue, S. E.
Superintendent Railway Mail Service.—William B. Thompson, 907 Thirteenth street, N. W.
Inspection Division.—Chief Clerk, J. Caleb Morgan, 930 I street, N. W.
Mail Equipment Division.—Principal Clerk, Henry L. Johnson, 227 Thirteenth st., S. W.

OFFICE OF THIRD ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL.

Third Assistant Postmaster-General.—Abraham D. Hazen, 629 G street, S. W.
Chief Clerk.—Madison Davis, 315 A street, S. E.
Finance Division.—George W. Wells, 306 H street, N. W.
Postage-stamp Division.—Chief, Moses Bradshaw, 1116 M street, N. W.
Registered Letter Division.—Principal Clerk, S. R. Strattan, 208 Sixth street, S. E.
Dead Letter Division.—Chief, E. J. Dallas, 1730 Fifteenth street, N. W.
Division of Files, Mails, &c.—Principal Clerk, E. S. Hall, 1701 Thirteenth street, N. W.
Postage-stamp Agent.—James C. Reed, New York City.
Postal Card Agent.—A. Tanner, Castleton, N. Y.
Stamped Envelope Agent.—Henry T. Sperry, Hartford, Conn.

OFFICE OF FOREIGN MAILS.

Superintendent.—James S. Crawford, 1225 N street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—N. M. Brooks, 227 Second street, S. E.

OFFICE OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF THE RAILWAY MAIL SERVICE.

General Superintendent.—Wm. B. Thompson, 907 Thirteenth street, N. W.
Assistant General Superintendent.—John Jameson, 515 Second street, N. W.

OFFICE OF THE ASSISTANT ATTORNEY-GENERAL FOR THE POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Assistant Attorney-General.—Alfred A. Freeman, Falls Church, Va.

MONEY-ORDER OFFICE.

Superintendent of Money-Order System.—Charles F. Macdonald, 1343 L street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—David Haynes, 24 Grant Place, N. W.
Postal-Note Agent.—Frank Raymond, New York City.

INTERIOR DEPARTMENT.

Secretary of the Interior.—HENRY M. TELLER, 928 M street, N. W.
Assistant Secretary.—Merritt L. Joslyn, 816 Fifteenth street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—George M. Lockwood, 734 Seventeenth street, N. W.
Appointment Division.—*Chief*, James F. Hood, 1017 O street, N. W.
Disbursing Division.—*Chief*, George W. Evans, 918 Nineteenth street, N. W.
Land and Railroad Division.—*Chief*, Zebulon B. Sturgus, 216 I street, N. W.
Indian Division.—*Chief*, Robert V. Belt, 1314 Tenth street, N. W.
Board of Pension Appeals.—George Ewing, 429 Ninth street, N. W.
Patents and Miscellaneous Division.—*Chief*, Edward M. Dawson, 1315 Corcoran street, N.W.
Stationery and Printing Division.—*Chief*, Amos Hadley, 1525 Eighth street, N. W.
Document Division.—*Superintendent*, John G. Ames, 1600 Thirteenth street, N. W.
Private Secretary.—Edwin P. Hanna, 719 Eighth street, N. W.
Custodian.—Charles W. Thompson, 1604 Seventh street, N. W.
Captain of the Watch.—Henry Filler, 210 Ninth street, N. W.

GENERAL LAND OFFICE.

Commissioner.—Noah C. McFarland, 1326 I street, N. W.
Assistant Commissioner.—Luther Harrison, 1002 O street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—J. Dempster Smith, 1838 Vermont avenue, N. W.
Law Clerks.—Harry C. St. John, Walsh's Hotel, corner Tenth and F streets, N. W.
John W. Le Barnes, 708 Thirteenth street, N. W.
Recorder.—Seth W. Clark, 1635 Thirteenth street, N. W.
Principal Clerk of the Public Lands.—M. E. N. Howell, 809 E street, N. W.
Principal Clerk on Private Land Claims.—William H. Walker, 1840 Vermont avenue.
Principal Clerk of the Surveys.—Oscar Hinrichs, 907 R street.
Railroad Division.—*Chief*, Willis J. Drummond, 803 O street, N. W.
Pre-emption Division.—*Chief*, Henry Howes, 125 Indiana avenue.
Swamp-Land Division.—*Chief*, Daniel T. Pierce, 1328 Eleventh street, N. W.
Accounts Division.—*Chief*, J. W. Donnelley, 901 T street, N. W.
Mineral Division.—*Chief*, Joseph Tyssowski, 1126 Twelfth street, N. W.
Special Service Division.—*Chief*, A. G. McKensie, 811 E street, N. W.
Draughting Division.—*Chief*, G. P. Strum, 1406 E street, N. W.
Receiving Clerk.—G. N. Whittington, 1004 Twenty-sixth street, N. W.

OFFICE OF INDIAN AFFAIRS.

Commissioner.—Hiram Price, 1320 Vermont avenue.
Chief Clerk.—Ezra L. Stevens, 224 Maryland avenue, N. E.
Finance Division.—*Chief*, Edmund S. Woog, 1819 Linden street, Le Droit Park.
Accounts Division.—*Chief*, Palmer W. Roberts, 602 A street, N. E.
Land Division.—*Chief*, Charles A. Maxwell, 612 Q street, N. W.
Civilization Division.—*Chief*, Matthew Trimble, 614 Thirteenth street, N. W.
Records and Files Division.—*Chief*, George W. Terflinger, 338 First street, N. E.

PENSION OFFICE.

(Pennsylvania avenue, corner Twelfth street, northwest.)

Commissioner.—O. P. G. Clarke, 1629 Fourteenth street, N. W.
First Deputy Commissioner.—Calvin B. Walker, 1349 L street, N. W.
Second Deputy Commissioner.—N. P. Loveridge, The Hamilton, K and Fourteenth sts., N.W.
Chief Clerk.—A. W. Fisher, 309 M street, N. W.
Assistant Chief Clerk.—Jos. W. Howell, 900 French street, N. W.
Medical Referee.—Dr. T. B. Hood, 1009 O street, N. W.
Assistant Medical Referee.—Dr. N. F. Graham, Falls Church, Va.
Law Clerk.—Bradford Rixford, 1112 G street, N. W.
Board of Review.—*Chief*, J. R. Van Mater, 1707 De Sales street, N. W.
Medical Division.—Medical Referee in charge.
Special Examination Division.—*Chief*, Estes G. Rathbone, 927 Farragut Square.
Old War and Navy Division.—*Chief*, W. H. Webster, northeast corner Eleventh and G streets, N. W.
Eastern Division.—*Chief*, Fred Mack, 624 A street, S. E.
Middle Division.—*Chief*, F. D. Stephenson, Herndon, Va.
Western Division.—*Chief*, J. M. Comstock, 1464 Rhode Island avenue, N. W.
Southern Division—*Chief*, L. E. Dickey, 912 P street, N. W.

Record Division.—Chief, W. T. Ford, 1100 Virginia avenue, S. W.
Certificate and Account Division.—Chief, Frank Moore, 1344 Rhode Island avenue, N. W.
Agents Division.—Chief, Charles F. Sawyer, 1804 G street, N. W.
Mail Division.—Chief, David L. Gitt, Rosemont, Harewood avenue, east Soldier's Home.
Miscellaneous Division.—Chief, Fred C. Peck, 1016 Sixth street, N. W.
Superintendent of Buildings.—John Dickerson, 712 F street, S. W.

PATENT OFFICE.

Commissioner.—Benjamin Butterworth, 1910 Harewood avenue, Le Droit Park.
Assistant Commissioner.—Robert G. Dyrenforth, 932 K street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—Schuyler Duryee, Falls Church, Va.
Examiners-in-chief.—R. L. B. Clarke, 216 New Jersey avenue, S. E.
H. H. Bates, The Portland.
R. J. Fisher, jr., 1915 Harewood avenue, Le Droit Park.
Examiner of Interferences.—Frank MacArthur, 1419 Fourteenth street, N. W.
Examiners:
Agricultural Implements.—O. C. Fox, Linden, Md.
Agricultural Products.—W. H. Blodgett, Washington Grove, Md.
Builders' Hardware and Surgery.—A. G. Wilkinson, 1526 K street, N. W.
Civil Engineering.—B. W. Pond, Falls Church, Va.
Chemical.—Thomas Antisell, 1311 Q street, N. W.
Calorifics.—Oscar Woodward, 3122 West P street.
Designs and Sewing-Machines.—P. B. Pierce, 204 E street, N. W.
Electricity—A.—Charles J. Kintner, 721 Twelfth street, N. W.
Electricity—B.—
Fine Arts, Apparel, and Advertising.—William Burke, 1426 Sixth street, N. W.
Fire Arms, Navigation, and Wood Working.—Malcolm Seaton, 1710 F street, N. W.
Gas, Metallurgy, Brewing, and Distillation.—B. R. Catlin, 1736 Thirteenth street, N. W.
Harvesters.—E. D. Boyd, 1312 Twelfth street, N. W.
Household Furniture.—J. H. Whitaker, 1435 Corcoran street, N. W.
Hydraulics.—Frank T. Brown, 1007 H street, N. W.
Land Conveyances.—H. P. Sanders, 635 I street, N. W.
Leather-working Machinery and Products.—J. P. Chapman, 1300 Tenth street, N W.
Mechanical Engineering.—A. Schœpf, Hyattsville, Md.
Metal Working.—J. W. Jayne, 1224 New York avenue, N. W.
Metal Working and Packing Vessels.—S. W. Stocking, 1216 Ninth street, N. W.
Milling and Thrashing and Brakes and Gins.—Robert Mason, 124 D street, N. W.
Plastics, Oils, Fats, Games and Toys, etc.—B. S. Hedrick, 3321 N street, Georgetown.
Pneumatics.—Daniel B. Gallatin, 719 North Carolina avenue, S. E.
Printing, Bookbinding, and Paper Manufactures.—L. M. E. Cooke, 905 Fifth street, N. W.
Steam Engineering.—Francis Fowler, 1449 Q street, N. W.
Textiles.—William H. Appleton, 1012 Twelfth street, N. W.
Trade-marks and Instruments of Precision.—F. A. Seely, 514 Second street, N. W.
Washing, Brushing, and Abrading.—Charles G. Gould, 932 P street, N. W.
Assignment Division.—Chief, Samuel Mulliken, 1729 H street, N. W.
Drafting Division.—Chief, M. Gardner, 909 T street, N. W.
Issue and Gazette Division.—Chief, J. W. Babson, 106 Eleventh street, S. E.
Financial Clerk.—Levi Bacon, 633 East Capitol street.
Librarian.—Weston Flint, 945 K street, N. W.

OFFICE OF EDUCATION.

(Northeast corner of Eighth and G streets, N. W.)

Commissioner.—John Eaton, 712 East Capitol street.
Chief Clerk.—William H. Gardiner, 29 Fifth street, N. E.

OFFICE OF COMMISSIONER OF RAILROADS.

(Northwest corner of Eighth and G streets, N. W.)

Commissioner.—William H. Armstrong, Arlington Hotel.
Book-keeper.—F. B. Pickerill, 1213 F. street, N. W.
Engineer.—Thomas Hassard, 1811 Thirteenth street, N. W.

OFFICE OF THE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY.

(Hooe Building, F street, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth, N. W.)

Director.—John W. Powell, 910 M street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—James C. Pilling, 918 M street, N. W.
Chief Disbursing Clerk.—John D. McChesney, 1611 Thirteenth street, N. W.

CENSUS OFFICE.

(1214 F street, N. W.)

Superintendent.—Charles W. Seaton, 242 North Capitol street.
Chief Clerk.—Geo. W. Richards, 1604 Thirteenth street, N. W.

PENSION AGENCY.

(Room 15, Le Droit Building, F and Eighth streets, N. W.)

Pension Agent.—Theophilus Gaines, 401 P street, N. W.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

Attorney-General.—BENJAMIN HARRIS BREWSTER, 1025 Connecticut avenue.
Solicitor-General.—Samuel F. Phillips, 1119 K street, N. W.
Assistant Attorney-General.—Thomas Simons, 1406 L street, N. W.
Assistant Attorney-General.—William A. Maury, 1100 Vermont avenue.
Ass't Att. Gen. (*Dep. of the Interior.*)—Joseph K. McCammon, 1214 Fifteenth st., N. W.
Ass't Att. Gen. (*Post-Office Department.*)—A. A. Freeman, Falls Church, Va.
Solicitor of Internal Revenue (*Treasury Department.*)—Charles Chesley, 641 East Capitol st.
Examiner of Claims (*State Department.*)—Henry O'Connor, 1213 O street, N. W.
Law Clerk and Examiner of Titles.—A. J. Bentley, 1116 Ninth street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—Cecil Clay, 1626 Q street N. W.
General Agent.—James L. Stanton, 810 Eleventh street, N. W.
Disbursing and Appointment Clerk.—James M. Ewing, 912 H street, N. W.
Clerk of Pardons.—Alexander R. Botelер, Metropolitan Hotel.
Solicitor of the Treasury (*Treasury Department.*)—Henry S. Neal, 1015 L street, N. W.
Assistant Solicitor (*Treasury Department.*)—Joseph H. Robinson, 1317 Thirteenth st., N. W.
Chief Clerk Solicitor's Office (*Treasury Department.*)—Webster Elmes, 1720 F st., N. W.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

Commissioner of Agriculture.—GEORGE B. LORING, 1521 K street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—E. A. Carman, 1351 Q street, N. W.
Disbursing Clerk.—B. F. Fuller, 506 Maryland avenue, S. W.
Corresponding Clerk.—George A. Bacon, 2026 P street, N. W.
Statistician.—J. R. Dodge, 1336 Vermont avenue.
Chief of the Veterinary Division.—Dr. D. E. Salmon, I street, near Thirteenth, N. W.
Entomologist.—C. V. Riley, 1700 Thirteenth street, N. W.
Botanist.—Dr. George Vasey, 1437 S street, N. W.
Chemist.—Harvey W. Wiley, 804 Tenth street, N. W.
Microscopist.—Thomas Taylor, 238 Massachusetts avenue, N. E.
Chief of the Fotrestry Bureau.—N. H. Egleston, 1313 M street, N. W.
Superintenden of Garden and Grounds.—William Saunders, 1605 Third street, N. W.
Librarian.—Mrs. E. H. Stevens, 2012 Hillyer avenue, N. W.
Superintendent of Seed Division.—A. T. Longley, 806 A street, N. E.

NATIONAL BOARD OF HEALTH.

(Office, 1410 G street, N. W.)

President.—JAS. L. CABELL, LL. D., University of Virginia.
Vice-President.—Stephen Smith, M. D., 31 West Forty-second street, New York City.
Secretary.—W. P. Dunwoody, 30 Grant Place.
Preston H. Bailhache, M. D., Surgeon U. S. M. H. S., 509 Maple avenue, Le Droit Park.
Hosmer A. Johnson, M. D., 4 West Sixteenth street, Chicago, Ill.
Robert W. Mitchell, M. D., 62 Madison street, Memphis, Tenn.
Tullio S. Verdi, M. D., 815 Fourteenth street, N. W.
Charles Smart, Major and Surgeon, U. S. A., 2017 Hillyer avenue.
Thomas Simons, esq., Assistant Attorney-General, 1406 L street, N. W.
George E. Waring, jr., Newport, R. I.
John M. Browne, Medical Director, United States Navy, The Portland.

UNITED STATES CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

(Offices, Agricultural annex building.)

Commissioners.—Dorman B. Eaton, of New York, Wormley's.
John M. Gregory, of Illinois, 15 Grant Place.
Leroy D. Thoman, of Ohio, Willard's.
Chief Examiner.—Charles Lyman, of Connecticut, 423 M street, N. W.
Secretary.—Robert D. Graham, North Carolina, 901 Sixteenth street, N. W.
Stenographer.—John T. Doyle, 103 Four-and-a-half street, N. W.
Clerk.—Chas. Fred. Adams, of New York, 318 C street, N. W.
Messenger.—Matthew F. Halloran, 318 K street, N. E.

GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE.

Public Printer.—S. P. ROUNDS, Ebbitt House.
Chief Clerk.—Cadet Taylor, 2135 K street, N. W.
Clerk.—John Larcombe, 1817 H street, N. W.
Clerk.—W. H. Collins, 912 Pennsylvania avenue, S. E.
Clerk.—H. W. Rounds, 74 I street, N. W.
Clerk.—John F. Kelly, 454 M street, S. W.
Clerk.—H. H. Twombly, 103 I street, N. W.

PRINTING DEPARTMENT.

Foreman of Printing.—Henry T. Brian, 34 I street, N. W.
Assistant Foreman of Printing.—J. M. A. Spottswood, 66 I street, N. W.
Assistant Foreman.—D. W. Beach, Hyattsville, Md.
Assistant Foreman in charge of Treasury Branch.—P. Louis Rodier, 319 Twenty-second s
Assistant Foreman in charge of Press-Room.—Albert B. Auer, 716 H street, N. E.
Assistant Foreman in charge of Executive Printing.—A. D. Brock.
Assistant Foreman in charge of Patent-Office Printing.—Wm. H. Miller, 632 K street, N.
Superintendent of Stereotype-Room.—Alexander Elliott, 508 I street, N. W.
Superintendent of Folding-Room.—Thomas B. Penicks, 618 L street, N. W.

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD.

In Charge.—Aven Pearson, Globe House, 1201 F street, N. W.
Clerk.—J. A. Powell, 526 Thirteenth street, N. W.

BINDING DEPARTMENT.

Foreman of Binding.—J. H. Roberts, 1022 Eighth street, N. W.
Assistant Foreman of Binding.—J. W. White, 16 I street, N. W.
Assistant Foreman.—John A. Perkins, 5 Myrtle street, N. E.
Assistant Foreman.—P. J. Byrne, 921 Third street, N. W.

DEPARTMENT DUTIES.

THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

THE SECRETARY OF STATE.

: Secretary of State is charged, under the direction of the President, with the duties ap-
ıing to correspondence with the public ministers and consuls of the United States, and
he representatives of foreign powers accredited to the United States; and to negotiations
ıtever character relating to the foreign affairs of the United States. He is also the me-
ɔf correspondence between the President and the chief executive of the several States of
ıited States; he has the custody of the great seal of the United States, and countersigns
ffixes such seal to all executive proclamations, to various commissions, and to warrants
rdon, and the extradition of fugitives from justice. He is regarded as the first in rank
; the members of the Cabinet. He is also the custodian of the treaties made with for-
ıtates, and of the laws of the United States. He grants and issues passports, and exe-
ɜ to foreign consuls in the United States are issued through his office. He publishes the
ınd resolutions of Congress, amendments to the Constitution, and proclamations declaring
ımission of new States into the Union. He is also charged with certain annual reports
ıgress relating to commercial information received from diplomatic and consular officers
United States.

THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE

ıes the Acting Secretary of State in the absence of the Secretary. Under the organiza-
f the Department the Assistant Secretary, Second Assistant Secretary, and Third Assist-
:cretary are respectively charged with the immediate supervision of all correspondence
he diplomatic and consular officers in the countries named in Divisions A, B, and C, of
bureaus, and of the miscellaneous correspondence relating thereto, and, in general, they
ntrusted with the preparation of the correspondence upon any questions arising in the
: of the public business that may be assigned to them by the Secretary.

THE CHIEF CLERK.

: Chief Clerk has the general supervision of the clerks and employés and of the business
Department.

BUREAU OF INDEXES AND ARCHIVES.

: duty of opening the mails; preparing, registering, and indexing daily all correspond-
ɔ and from the Department, both by subjects and persons; the preservation of the ar-
; answering calls of the Secretary, Assistant Secretaries, Chief Clerk, and chiefs of bureaus
rrespondence, &c.

DIPLOMATIC BUREAU.

lomatic correspondence and miscellaneous correspondence relating thereto.
ision A.—Correspondence with France, Germany, and Great Britain, and miscellaneous
ɔondence relating to those countries.
ision B.—Correspondence with Argentine Republic, Austria, Belgium, Brazil, Chili,
ırk, Greece, Italy, Netherlands, Paraguay, Peru, Portugal, Russia, and Uruguay, and
laneous correspondence relating to those countries.
ision C.—Correspondence with Barbary States, Bolivia, Central America, Colombia,
Ecuador, Egypt, Fiji Islands, Friendly and Navigator's Islands, Hawaiian Islands,
Japan, Liberia, Madagascar, Mexico, Muscat, San Domingo, Siam, Society Islands,
, Venezuela, and other countries, not assigned, and miscellaneous correspondence relat-
those countries.

CONSULAR BUREAU.

espondence with consulates, and miscellaneous correspondence relating thereto.
e are three divisions, A, B, and C, with certain countries allotted to each, as in the
ıatic Bureau.

BUREAU OF ACCOUNTS.

ıdy and disbursement of appropriations under direction of the Department; charged
stody of indemnity funds and bonds; care of the building and property of the Depart-

ROLLS AND LIBRARY.

Custody of the rolls, treaties, &c.; promulgation of the laws, &c.; care and superintendence of the library and public documents; care of the revolutionary archives, and of papers relating to international commissions.

STATISTICS.

Preparation of the reports upon Commercial Relations.

EXAMINER OF CLAIMS.

[From the Department of Justice.]

The examination of questions of law and other matters submitted by the Secretary or the Assistant Secretary, and of all claims.

THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

The Secretary of the Treasury has charge of the national finances. He digests and prepares plans for the improvement and management of the revenue and support of the public credit; he superintends the collection of the revenue, and prescribes the forms of keeping and rendering all public accounts, and making returns; grants all warrants for money to be issued from the Treasury in pursuance of appropriations by law; makes report and gives information to either branch of Congress, as may be required, respecting all matters referred to him by the Senate or House of Representatives, and generally performs all such services relative to the finances as he is directed to perform; controls the erection of public buildings, the coinage and printing of money, the collection of commercial statistics, the marine hospitals, the revenue-cutter service, the life-saving service. Under his superintendence the Light-House Board discharges the duties relative to the construction, illumination, inspection, and superintendence of light-houses, light-vessels, beacons, buoys, sea-marks, and their appendages; makes provision for the payment of the public debt under enactments of Congress, and publishes statements concerning it, and submits to Congress, at the commencement of each session, estimates of the probable receipts, and of the required expenditures, for the ensuing fiscal year.

The routine work of the Secretary's office is transacted in the following offices: Division of Appointments; Division of Warrants, Estimates, and Appropriations; Division of Public Moneys; Division of Customs; Division of Internal Revenue and Navigation; Division of Loans and Currency; Division of Revenue Marine; Division of Stationery, Printing, and Blanks; Division of Special Agent; and two disbursing clerks pay the salaries and compensation of the officers and employés of the Department, and disburse upon the orders of the Secretary, such moneys as have been appropriated to be expended under the direction of the Department.

ASSISTANT SECRETARIES OF THE TREASURY.

One of the two Assistant Secretaries (now Hon. H. F. French) has the general supervision of all the work assigned to the Divisions of Customs, Special Agents, Revenue Marine, Internal Revenue and Navigation, and to the offices of Supervising Architect, General Superintendent Life-Saving Service, Supervising Surgeon-General of the Marine Hospital Service, Bureau of Statistics, and Supervising Inspector-General of Steamboats; the signing of all letters and papers as Assistant Secretary, or "by order of the Secretary," relating to the business of the foregoing divisions, that do not by law require the signature of the Secretary of the Treasury; the performance of such other duties as may be prescribed by the Secretary or by law.

The other Assistant Secretary (now Hon. John C. New) has the general supervision of all the work assigned to the Divisions of Appointments, Warrants, Estimates, and Appropriations, Public Moneys, Stationery, Printing and Blanks, Loans and Currency, Bureau of Engraving and Printing, and office of the Director of the Mint; signing of all letters and papers as Assistant Secretary, or "by order of the Secretary," relating to the business of the foregoing divisions and bureau, that do not by law require the signature of the Secretary of the Treasury; the performance of such other duties as may be prescribed by the Secretary or by law.

THE CHIEF CLERK.

The Chief Clerk supervises, under the immediate direction of the Secretary and Assistant Secretaries, the duties of the clerks and employés connected with the Department. The superintendence of all buildings occupied by the Department in this city, the transmission of the mails; the care of all horses, wagons, and carriages employed, the direction of engineers,

machinists, firemen, or laborers. The expenditure of the appropriations for contingent expenses of the Treasury Department; for furniture and repairs of same; fuel, lights, water, and miscellaneous items for buildings under the control of the Department; the distribution of the mail; the custody of the records and files and library of the Secretary's Office, the answering of calls from Congress, and elsewhere, for copies of papers, records, &c. Supervision of all the official correspondence of the Secretary's Office, so far as to see that it is expressed in correct and official form; the enforcement of the general regulations of the Department, and the charge of all business of the Secretary's Office not assigned.

THE FIRST COMPTROLLER.

The First Comptroller countersigns all warrants issued by the Secretary of the Treasury covering the public revenues into the Treasury, and authorizing payments therefrom. All accounts examined by the First Auditor, except those which go to the Commissioner of Customs, and all examined by the Fifth Auditor, and accounts of Registers and Receivers of land-offices examined by the Commissioner of the General Land-Office, are re-examined and revised in the First Comptroller's Office. Here, also, are examined and reported on the drafts for salaries and expenses drawn by ministers and consuls abroad, and the requisitions for advances drawn by marshals, collectors of internal revenue, secretaries of the Territories, and other disbursing-officers. Powers of attorney for the collection of drafts on the Treasury are examined; and many other duties, having reference to the adjustment of claims against the United States, pertain to the office, but are of too varied a character to be enumerated.

THE SECOND COMPTROLLER.

Accounts received from the Second, Third, and Fourth Auditors against the United States are examined, revised, and certified to, viz: Reported by the Second Auditor—for organizing volunteers, recruiting, pay of the Army, special military accounts, Army ordnance, the Indian service, the Army Medical Department, contingent military expenses, bounty to soldiers, the Soldiers' Home, and the National Home for Disabled Volunteers. Reported by the Third Auditor—disbursements by the Quartermaster's Department, the Subsistence Department, the Engineer Department, Army pensions, property taken by military authority for the use of the Army, and miscellaneous war-claims. Reported by the Fourth Auditor—disbursements for the Marine Corps, by the Navy paymasters for pay and rations, by the paymasters at the navy-yards, for Navy pensions at foreign stations, and the financial agent at London.

These accounts are examined in *Divisions*, devoted respectively to the affairs of *Army Paymasters, Army Quartermasters, Navy Paymasters and the Marine Corps, Army Pensions, Miscellaneous Claims, and Indian Affairs.*

THE COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS.

The Commissioner of Customs revises and certifies the accounts of revenues collected from duties on imports and tonnage; of moneys received on account of the marine-hospital fund; fines, penalties, and forfeitures under the customs and navigation laws; steamboat inspection; licenses to pilots, engineers, &c.; and from miscellaneous sources connected with customs matters, accounts of the importation, withdrawal, transportation, and exportation of goods under the warehouse system; for disbursements for the expenses of collecting the revenue from customs, revenue-cutter service, construction and maintenance of lights, marine hospitals, debentures, excess of deposits for unascertained duties, refund of duties exacted in excess, life-saving service, construction of custom-houses and marine hospitals; fuel, light, water, &c., for custom-houses, &c.; approves and files the official bonds given by customs officers, and transmits their commissions; files the oaths of office of the persons paid in the accounts certified by him; and prepares for the use of the law officers of the Department the accounts of those in arrears under the heads above mentioned.

The office is organized in four divisions, viz: *Customs, Bookkeeper's, Bond, and Miscellaneous.*

THE FIRST AUDITOR.

It is the duty of the First Auditor to receive all accounts accruing in the Treasury Department, (except those arising under the internal revenue laws,) and, after examination, to certify the balance, and transmit the accounts, with the vouchers and certificate, to the First Comptroller or to the Commissioner of Customs, having respectively the revision thereof. The subordinate divisions of his office are—

Customs Division.—Receipts and expenditures of the customs service, including fines, emoluments, forfeitures, debentures, drawbacks, marine-hospital service, revenue-cutter service, &c.,

Judiciary Division.—Salaries of United States marshals, district attorneys, commissioners and clerks; rent of court-houses, support of prisoners, &c.

Public Debt Division.—Redemption of the public debt, including principal, premium, and interest; payment of interest; redemption of certificates of deposit; notes destroyed.

ROLLS AND LIBRARY.

Custody of the rolls, treaties, &c.; promulgation of the laws, &c.; care and superintendence of the library and public documents; care of the revolutionary archives, and of papers relating to international commissions.

STATISTICS.

Preparation of the reports upon Commercial Relations.

EXAMINER OF CLAIMS.

[From the Department of Justice.]

The examination of questions of law and other matters submitted by the Secretary or the Assistant Secretary, and of all claims.

THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

The Secretary of the Treasury has charge of the national finances. He digests and prepares plans for the improvement and management of the revenue and support of the public credit; he superintends the collection of the revenue, and prescribes the forms of keeping and rendering all public accounts, and making returns; grants all warrants for money to be issued from the Treasury in pursuance of appropriations by law; makes report and gives information to either branch of Congress, as may be required, respecting all matters referred to him by the Senate or House of Representatives, and generally performs all such services relative to the finances as he is directed to perform; controls the erection of public buildings, the coinage and printing of money, the collection of commercial statistics, the marine hospitals, the revenue-cutter service, the life-saving service. Under his superintendence the Light-House Board discharges the duties relative to the construction, illumination, inspection, and superintendence of light-houses, light-vessels, beacons, buoys, sea-marks, and their appendages; makes provision for the payment of the public debt under enactments of Congress, and publishes statements concerning it, and submits to Congress, at the commencement of each session, estimates of the probable receipts, and of the required expenditures, for the ensuing fiscal year.

The routine work of the Secretary's office is transacted in the following offices: Division of Appointments; Division of Warrants, Estimates, and Appropriations; Division of Public Moneys; Division of Customs; Division of Internal Revenue and Navigation; Division of Loans and Currency; Division of Revenue Marine; Division of Stationery, Printing, and Blanks; Division of Special Agent; and two disbursing clerks pay the salaries and compensation of the officers and employés of the Department, and disburse upon the orders of the Secretary, such moneys as have been appropriated to be expended under the direction of the Department.

ASSISTANT SECRETARIES OF THE TREASURY.

One of the two Assistant Secretaries (now Hon. H. F. French) has the general supervision of all the work assigned to the Divisions of Customs, Special Agents, Revenue Marine, Internal Revenue and Navigation, and to the offices of Supervising Architect, General Superintendent of Life-Saving Service, Supervising Surgeon-General of the Marine Hospital Service, Bureau of Statistics, and Supervising Inspector-General of Steamboats; the signing of all letters and papers as Assistant Secretary, or "by order of the Secretary," relating to the business of the foregoing divisions, that do not by law require the signature of the Secretary of the Treasury; the performance of such other duties as may be prescribed by the Secretary or by law.

The other Assistant Secretary (now Hon. John C. New) has the general supervision of the work assigned to the Divisions of Appointments, Warrants, Estimates, and Appropriations, Public Moneys, Stationery, Printing and Blanks, Loans and Currency, Bureau of Engraving and Printing, and office of the Director of the Mint; signing of all letters and papers as Assistant Secretary, or "by order of the Secretary," relating to the business of the foregoing divisions and bureau, that do not by law require the signature of the Secretary of the Treasury; the performance of such other duties as may be prescribed by the Secretary or by law.

THE CHIEF CLERK.

The Chief Clerk supervises, under the immediate direction of the Secretary and Assistant Secretaries, the duties of the clerks and employés connected with the Department; superintendence of all buildings occupied by the Department in this city, the transmission of the mails; the care of all horses, wagons, and carriages employed, the direction of the

machinists, firemen, or laborers. The expenditure of the appropriations for contingent expenses of the Treasury Department; for furniture and repairs of same; fuel, lights, water, and miscellaneous items for buildings under the control of the Department; the distribution of the mail; the custody of the records and files and library of the Secretary's Office, the answering of calls from Congress, and elsewhere, for copies of papers, records, &c. Supervision of all the official correspondence of the Secretary's Office, so far as to see that it is expressed in correct and official form; the enforcement of the general regulations of the Department, and the charge of all business of the Secretary's Office not assigned.

THE FIRST COMPTROLLER.

The First Comptroller countersigns all warrants issued by the Secretary of the Treasury covering the public revenues into the Treasury, and authorizing payments therefrom. All accounts examined by the First Auditor, except those which go to the Commissioner of Customs, and all examined by the Fifth Auditor, and accounts of Registers and Receivers of land-offices examined by the Commissioner of the General Land-Office, are re-examined and revised in the First Comptroller's Office. Here, also, are examined and reported on the drafts for salaries and expenses drawn by ministers and consuls abroad, and the requisitions for advances drawn by marshals, collectors of internal revenue, secretaries of the Territories, and other disbursing-officers. Powers of attorney for the collection of drafts on the Treasury are examined; and many other duties, having reference to the adjustment of claims against the United States, pertain to the office, but are of too varied a character to be enumerated.

THE SECOND COMPTROLLER.

Accounts received from the Second, Third, and Fourth Auditors against the United States are examined, revised, and certified to, viz: Reported by the Second Auditor—for organizing volunteers, recruiting, pay of the Army, special military accounts, Army ordnance, the Indian service, the Army Medical Department, contingent military expenses, bounty to soldiers, the Soldiers' Home, and the National Home for Disabled Volunteers. Reported by the Third Auditor—disbursements by the Quartermaster's Department, the Subsistence Department, the Engineer Department, Army pensions, property taken by military authority for the use of the Army, and miscellaneous war-claims. Reported by the Fourth Auditor—disbursements for the Marine Corps, by the Navy paymasters for pay and rations, by the paymasters at the navy-yards, for Navy pensions at foreign stations, and the financial agent at London.

These accounts are examined in *Divisions*, devoted respectively to the affairs of *Army Paymasters, Army Quartermasters, Navy Paymasters and the Marine Corps, Army Pensions, Miscellaneous Claims, and Indian Affairs.*

THE COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS.

The Commissioner of Customs revises and certifies the accounts of revenues collected from duties on imports and tonnage; of moneys received on account of the marine-hospital fund; fines, penalties, and forfeitures under the customs and navigation laws; steamboat inspection; licenses to pilots, engineers, &c.; and from miscellaneous sources connected with customs matters, accounts of the importation, withdrawal, transportation, and exportation of goods under the warehouse system; for disbursements for the expenses of collecting the revenue from customs, revenue-cutter service, construction and maintenance of lights, marine hospitals, debentures, excess of deposits for unascertained duties, refund of duties exacted in excess, life-saving service, construction of custom-houses and marine hospitals; fuel, light, water, &c., for custom-houses, &c.; approves and files the official bonds given by customs officers, and transmits their commissions; files the oaths of office of the persons paid in the accounts certified by him; and prepares for the use of the law officers of the Department the accounts of those in arrears under the heads above mentioned.

The office is organized in four divisions, viz: *Customs, Bookkeeper's, Bond, and Miscellaneous.*

THE FIRST AUDITOR.

It is the duty of the First Auditor to receive all accounts accruing in the Treasury Department, (except those arising under the internal revenue laws,) and, after examination, to certify the balance, and transmit the accounts, with the vouchers and certificate, to the First Comptroller or to the Commissioner of Customs, having respectively the revision thereof. The subordinate divisions of his office are—

Customs Division.—Receipts and expenditures of the customs service, including fines, emoluments, forfeitures, debentures, drawbacks, marine-hospital service, revenue-cutter service, &c.

Judiciary Division.—Salaries of United States marshals, district attorneys, commissioners and clerks; rent of court-houses, support of prisoners, &c.

Public Debt Division.—Redemption of the public debt, including principal, premium, and interest; payment of interest; redemption of certificates of deposit; notes destroyed.

Warehouse and Bond Division.—Examination of accounts received from custom-house
Miscellaneous Division.—Accounts of mints and assay offices; Territories; Coast Su
salaries and contingent expenses of the legislative, executive, and judicial departme
the Government; construction, repair, and preservation of public buildings; Treasurer
United States for general receipts and expenditures.

THE SECOND AUDITOR.

The Second Auditor examines, adjusts, and transfers to the Second Comptroller for hi
cision thereon all accounts relating to arrears of pay and bounties, the recruiting service,
pay of the Army, medical and hospital accounts, ordnance accounts, pay of private physici
contingent expenses of the military establishment, accounts of the National Home for
abled Volunteer Soldiers and the Soldiers' Home, and all accounts relating to Indian Affa
The Divisions are—

Bookkeeper's Division.—Accounts of all appropriations upon which requisitions are dra
through the Second Auditor's Office, by the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Interi
Ledger accounts of all disbursing officers and claimants.

Paymasters' Division.—Army paymasters' accounts and payments of stoppages and fines
the Soldiers' Home.

Ordnance, Medical, and Miscellaneous Division.—Accounts of the Ordnance and Medic
Departments of the Army, contingent expenses, regular and volunteer recruiting, freedmen
bounty and pay, publications of rebellion records, and accounts of the National Home for Di
abled Volunteer Soldiers.

Indian Division.—Disbursements for the Indians, money accounts and property returns
Indian agents, and claims for goods supplied and services rendered.

Pay and Bounty Division.—Examination and adjustment of claims of white and colore
soldiers and their legal heirs for pay and bounty; accounts of Soldiers' Home for mone
belonging to estates of deceased soldiers, and forfeitures by desertion.

Investigation of Frauds Division.—Investigation of alleged cases of forgery, fraud, ove
payments, unlawful withholding of money, &c., in the payment of white and colored soldie

Property Division.—The property accounts (clothing, camp, and garrison equipage) of of
cers of the Army and volunteers.

THE THIRD AUDITOR.

The Third Auditor examines, adjusts, and transfers to the Second Comptroller all accou
relating to the Quartermaster-General's Department, the Engineer Corps, and the Comm
sary-General's Department of the Army; claims for lost horses, accounts of unpaid pensio
State war claims, and the claims of States for organizing, arming, and equipping voluntee
after 1861. The divisions of the Third Auditor's Office are—

Bookkeeper's Division.—Accounts of the numerous requisitions drawn by the Secretary
War and of the Interior, examined and charged to various appropriations.

Quartermasters' Division.—Accounts of disbursements for barracks and quarters, hospita
offices, stables, and transportation of supplies; the purchase of clothing, camp and garris
equipage, horses, fuel, forage, straw, bedding, and stationery; payments of hired men and
extra-duty men; expenses incurred in the apprehension of deserters; for the burial of offic
and soldiers; for hired escorts, expresses, interpreters, spies, and guides; for veterinary s
geons and medicines for horses; for supplying posts with water; and for all other authoriz
outlays connected with the movements of the Army not expressly assigned.

Subsistence and Engineer Division.—Accounts of all commissaries and acting commissar
in the Army, whose duties are to purchase the provisions and stores necessary for its s
sistence, and to see to their proper distribution; also, accounts of officers of the Corps
Engineers who disburse money for the expenses of the Military Academy, the improvem
of rivers and harbors, the construction and preservation of fortifications, the surveys on
coasts, the surveys of lakes and rivers, and the construction and repair of breakwaters.

Army Pension Division.—The duties of this division embrace the settlement of all accou
which pertain to the payment of Army pensions throughout the United States. An acco
is kept with each pension agent, charging him with all moneys advanced for payment to p
sioners, under the proper bond and fiscal year. At the end of each month the agent forwa
his vouchers, abstract of payments, and money statement direct to this office, where a p
liminary examination is made to see if the money advanced is properly accounted for. T
receipt of the account is then acknowledged, and the account filed for audit. Each vouche
subsequently examined, and the payment entered on the roll-book opposite the pensio
name. The agent's account, when audited, is reported to the Second Comptroller for his
vision, and a copy of the statement of errors, if any, sent to the agent for his information
explanation. That account, when revised, is returned by the Second Comptroller to this of
and placed in the settled files, where it permanently remains.

State War and Horse Claims Division.—The settlement of all claims of the several St
and Territories for the expenses incurred by them for enrolling, subsisting, clothing, armi

aying, and transporting their troops while employed by the Government in aiding to suppress the recent insurrection against the United States; also, the settlement of claims for the loss of horses and equipages sustained by officers and enlisted men while in the military service, and for horses, mules, &c., lost while in service by impressment or contract.

Miscellaneous Claims Division.—The adjustment of claims for the appropriation of stores, the purchase of vessels, railroad stock, horses, and other means of transportation; the occupation of real estate, court-martial fees, travelling expenses, &c.; claims for compensation for vessels, cars, engines, &c., lost in the military service; claims growing out of the Oregon and Washington war of 1855 and 1856, and other Indian wars; claims of various descriptions under special acts of Congress, and claims not otherwise assigned for adjudication.

Collection Division.—Prepares accounts for suit against defaulting officers; answers all calls for information from the files of the office; examines all claims for bounty land and pensions granted to the soldiers of 1812, and certifies them to the Commissioner of Pensions.

THE FOURTH AUDITOR.

The Fourth Auditor examines, adjusts, and transfers to the Second Comptroller all accounts concerning the pay, expenditures, pensions, and prize-money of the Navy and the accounts of the Navy Department. The subordinate divisions of the Bureau are—

Record Prize Division.—Adjusts the prize-money accounts and prepares tabulated statements called for by Congress.

Navy Agents' Division.—Examines the accounts of the disbursements by the navy agents at Portsmouth, Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, and San Francisco.

Paymasters' Division.—Examines the accounts of paymasters, including mechanics' rolls.

THE FIFTH AUDITOR.

The Fifth Auditor examines, adjusts, and transfers to the First Comptroller the diplomatic and consular accounts, the expenditures of the Department of State, including all international commissions; the accounts of the internal revenue, the census, the Smithsonian Institution, and National Museum, and the contingent expenses of the Post-Office Department. There are three divisions:

Diplomatic and Consular Division.—Adjustment is made of the expenses of all diplomatic missions abroad for salaries, contingencies, and loss by exchange; consular accounts for fees, salaries, loss by exchange, contingent expenses, emoluments, salaries of interpreters and marshals, consular courts and prisons; the relief and passage of American seamen; the return of American seamen charged with crime; the rescuing of shipwrecked American seamen; estates of American citizens and seamen dying abroad; accounts of the bankers of the United States at London; awards of commissions, and expenses of international exhibitions; commissions, boundary-surveys, &c.

Internal Revenue Division.—Accounts of collectors of internal revenue, including salaries, contingent expenses, and compensation of storekeepers.

Miscellaneous Division.—All miscellaneous internal-revenue accounts, including salaries and expenses of agents, surveyors of distilleries, fees and expenses of gaugers, stamp agents' accounts, counsel fees, drawbacks, taxes refunded, redemption of stamps, accounts for the manufacture of paper and stamps, and for the salaries of the office of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue; also accounts of the Census Office, Smithsonian Institution, and National Museum; contingent expenses of the Post-Office Department, and sundry accounts of the Department of State and the Patent Office.

THE SIXTH AUDITOR.

The Sixth Auditor examines and adjusts all accounts relating to the postal service, and his decisions on these are final, unless an appeal be taken in twelve months to the First Comptroller. He superintends the collection of all debts due the Post-Office Department, and all penalties imposed on postmasters and mail-contractors; directs suits and legal proceedings, civil and criminal, and takes all such measures as may be authorized by law to enforce the payment of moneys due to the Department. There are eight subordinate divisions, viz:

Collecting Division.—The collection of balances due from all postmasters, late postmasters, and contractors; also the payment of all balances due to late and present postmasters, and the adjustment and final settlement of postal accounts.

Stating Division.—The general postal accounts of postmasters and those of late postmasters, until fully stated, are in charge of this division.

Examining Division.—Receives and audits the quarterly accounts-current of all post-offices in the United States. It is divided into four subdivisions, viz, the opening-room, the stamp-rooms, the examining corps proper, and the error-rooms.

Money-Order Division.—Accounts of money-orders paid and received are examined, assorted, checked and filed; remittances are registered and checked; errors corrected.

Foreign Mail Division.—Has charge of the postal accounts with foreign governments, an the accounts with steamship companies for ocean transportation of the mails.

Registering Division.—Receives from the examining division the quarterly accounts-curre of all the post-offices in the United States, re-examines and registers them, and exhibits in th register ending June 30 of each year the total amount of receipts and expenditures for th fiscal year.

Pay Division.—The adjustment and payment of all accounts for the transportation of th mails, whether carried by ocean-steamers, railroads, steamboats, or any mail-carrier; th accounts of the railway postal service, railway postal clerks, route-agents, and local agents mail-depredations, special agents, free-delivery system, postage-stamps, postal-cards, envel opes, stamps, maps, wrapping-paper, twine, mail-bags, mail locks and keys, advertising, fees in suits on postal matters, and miscellaneous accounts.

Bookkeeping Division.—The duty of keeping the ledger-accounts of the Department, em bracing postmasters, late postmasters, contractors, late contractors, and accounts of a general, special, and miscellaneous character.

THE TREASURER OF THE UNITED STATES.

The Treasurer of the United States is charged with the custody of all public moneys received into the Treasury at Washington, or in the sub-treasuries at Boston, New York, Philadelphia Baltimore, Charleston, Cincinnati, Saint Louis, and San Francisco, or in the depositories and depository banks; disburses all public moneys upon the warrants of the Secretary of the Treas ury, and upon the warrants of the Postmaster-General; issues and redeems Treasury notes; is agent for the redemption of the circulating notes of national banks, is trustee of the bonds held for the security of the circulating notes of national banks, and of bonds held as security for public deposits; is custodian of Indian trust funds; is agent for paying the interest on the public debt, and for paying the salaries of the members of the House of Representatives. The sub ordinate divisions of the Treasury are—

Issue Division.—Issues are made of legal-tender notes, currency, coin-certificates, &c.

Redemption Division.—Coin-certificates, national-bank notes, fractional currency, &c., are redeemed, and generally destroyed by maceration.

Loan Division.—Bonds are issued, purchased, retired, cancelled, or converted.

Accounts Division.—The accounts of the Treasury, the sub-treasuries, and the national banks used as depositories are kept.

National-Bank Division.—Bonds held as security for national-bank circulation are examined notes issued, redeemed, and cancelled.

National-Bank Redemption Agency.—Notes of banks are redeemed and accounted for.

THE REGISTER OF THE TREASURY.

The Register of the Treasury is the official bookkeeper of the United States, and prepares a statement which shows every receipt and disbursement of the public money, which state ment is transmitted annually to Congress by the Secretary of the Treasury. He signs and issues all the bonds and sends to the Treasurer of the United States schedules showing the names of persons entitled to receive interest thereon. He registers all warrants drawn by the Secretary of the Treasury upon the Treasurer of the United States; transmits statements of balances due to individuals after the settlement of their accounts by the First Comptroller, or the Commissioner of Customs, upon which payment is made; signs all ships' registers; records all marine documents issued to merchant vessels of the United States, and also prepares statements of the merchant vessels of the United States showing the number and tonnage of vessels built and of vessels lost at sea, wrecked, abandoned, and sold to foreigners. The work is distributed among five divisions, as follows:

Loan Division.—In this division registered and coupon bonds are issued, embracing the transfer of all registered bonds; the conversion of coupon into registered bonds; the ledger accounts with holders of registered bonds, and the preparation of schedules upon which interest on the registered bonds is paid.

Receipts and Expenditures Division.—The great account books of the United States are kept in this division which show the civil, diplomatic, internal-revenue, miscellaneous, and public-debt receipts and expenditures; also, statements of the warrants and drafts issued and certified transcripts of the accounts of delinquent revenue officers for suit.

Note and Coupon Division.—In this division redeemed bonds, paid interest-coupons, inter est-checks, and interest-bearing notes are examined and registered.

Currency Division.—Treasury notes, legal-tenders, and fractional currency are examined, canceled, and the destruction thereof witnessed and recorded.

Tonnage Division.—Accounts are kept in this division showing the outstanding tonnage of the country, divided into the different classes according to its nature and employment and also showing its annual additions and losses.

THE COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY.

The Comptroller of the Currency has, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, he control of the national banks. The divisions of this Bureau are—

Issue Division.—The preparation and issue of national-bank circulation.

Redemption Division.—The redemption and destruction of notes issued by national banks.

Reports Division.—Examination and consolidation of the reports of national banks.

Organization Division.—The organization of national banks.

THE DIRECTOR OF THE MINT.

The Director of the Mint has general supervision of all mints and assay offices, reports their operations and condition to the Secretary of the Treasury, and prepares and lays before him the annual estimates for their support.

He prescribes regulations, approved by the Secretary of the Treasury, for the transaction of business at the mints and assay offices, the distribution of silver coin, and the charges to be collected of depositors. He receives for adjustment the monthly and quarterly accounts of superintendents and officers in charge of mints and assay offices, superintends their expenditures, and the annual settlements of the operative officers, and makes such special examinations as may be deemed necessary. All appointments, removals, and changes of clerks, assistants, and workmen in the mints and assay offices are submitted for his approval. The purchase of sliver bullion and allotment of its coinage at the mints are made through the office of the Director, and transfers of public moneys in the mints and assay offices, and advances from appropriations for the mint service, are made at his request.

The monthly coinage of mints is tested, and ores, bullion, and coins are assayed, at the Assay Laboratory under his charge. The values of the standard coins of foreign countries are annually estimated by the Director, and the collection of the statistics of the annual production of precious metals in the United States is assigned to him.

THE SOLICITOR.

The Solicitor of the Treasury is an officer in the Department of Justice, having a seal, and is required by law to take cognizance, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, of all frauds or attempted frauds upon the revenue, and exercises a general supervision over all legal measures for their prevention and detection; also to establish regulations, with the approbation of the Secretary of the Treasury, for the observance of collectors of the customs; and, with the approbation of the Attorney-General, for the observance of United States attorneys, marshals, and clerks respecting suits in which the United States is a party or interested. He is also empowered and directed to instruct the district attorneys, marshals, and clerks of the circuit and district courts in all matters and proceedings appertaining to suits in which the United States is interested, except those arising under the internal-revenue laws.

He is required to examine reports of collectors and district attorneys upon bonds delivered for suit; to inform the President of false reports of bonds delivered for suit, and supervise statements from district attorneys concerning suits, and those from marshals relating to proceedings on execution; also reports from clerks as to judgments and decrees; and is charged by the Attorney-General with all post-office litigation.

He also has charge of the secret-service employés engaged in the detection of persons counterfeiting the coin, currency, and public securities of the United States, and all other frauds on the Government. In addition to the duties prescribed by law, the Secretary of the Treasury refers to the Solicitor for opinion a very large number of cases arising in his Department relating to duties, remission of fines, penalties, and forfeitures, navigation and registry laws, steamboat-inspection acts, claims, &c.

THE COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue makes all assessments and superintends the collection of all taxes; preparation of instructions for special-tax stamps, (formerly licenses,) forms and stamps of all kinds; and pays into the Treasury, daily, all moneys received by him.

The business of the bureau is transacted in seven divisions, viz:

Appointment Division.—Is charged with all matters pertaining to issuing of commissions, leaves of absence, office-discipline, assorting and disposition of the mail, registry and copying of all letters, with the care of the general files; and all matters relating to messengers, laborers, office-stationery, printing, advertising, blanks, and blank books for the bureau.

Law Division.—Is charged with all questions (except as hereinafter stated) relating to seizures, suits, abatement, and refunding claims, and those relating to special taxes, documentary stamp-taxes, taxes on incomes, legacies, and successions, and on dividends, &c.; also lands purchased for the United States on distraint, and the extension of time on distraints.

Tobacco Division.—Is charged with all matters (including special taxes) relating to tobacco, snuff, and cigars not in suit or in bond, stamp-tax on medicines and preparations.

Division of Accounts.—Has charge of the examination and reference of the r disbursing accounts, the estimates of collectors and of their applications for special and other matters relative to advertising and the purchase of blank books, newspap tionery for collectors, revenue agents, &c.; also has charge of the examination an of the monthly bills of revenue-agents, gaugers, and distillery-surveyors, and of a neous claims presented to this bureau arising under any appropriation made for ca effect the various internal-revenue laws, (excepting claims for abatement, refu drawback,) and the preparation of estimates for appropriations by Congress, togeth preparation of the statistical records of the bureau.

Division of Distilled Spirits.—This division is charged with the supervision of pertaining to distilleries, distilled spirits, fermented liquors, wines, rectification, ga and instruments, approval of bonded warehouses, and the assignment of storekeepe

Stamp Division.—This division is charged with the supervision of the prepar keeping, issue, and redemption of stamps for distilled spirits, tobacco, snuff, and mented liquors, special taxes, documentary and proprietary stamps, and the kee accounts pertaining thereto, also the supervision of all business with Adams Express and the preparation, custody, and issue of steel dies for cancelling stamps.

Division of Assessments.—Is charged with the preparation of the assessment-list consideration of all reports and returns, except those received from distillers, rec brewers, affording data from which assessments may be made; also, with keeping t account, and with the consideration of claims for the allowance of drawback.

Division of Revenue Agents.—Is charged with general supervision, under the d the Commissioner, of the work of revenue agents throughout the country, examinati reports and accounts, and the measures taken for the discovery and suppression of of internal-revenue law.

THE SUPERINTENDENT OF THE COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY.

The Coast and Geodetic Survey is charged with the survey of the coasts of t States and rivers emptying into the ocean and the Gulf of Mexico, and with the int gulation of the country, including that of connecting the surveys of the Eastern ar coasts, determining geographical positions in latitude and longitude, and furnishing reference for State surveys.

Besides the annual reports to Congress the Survey publishes maps and charts of and harbors, books of sailing directions, and annual tide tables, computed in adva ports of the United States.

SUPERVISING SURGEON-GENERAL, U. S., (MERCANTILE,) MARINE-HOSPITAL SER

The Supervising Surgeon-General is charged with the supervision of "all matters with the Marine-Hospital Service and with the disbursement of the fund for the re and disabled seamen" employed on the vessels of the mercantile marine of the oce and rivers, and of the Revenue-Cutter Service, the general superintendence of t Hospitals, the purveying of supplies, the orders, details and assignment of medical c the examination of property returns.

SUPERVISING INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF STEAM-VESSELS.

The Supervising Inspector-General superintends the administration of the steamb tion laws, presides at the meeting of the Board of Supervising Inspectors, receives and examines all accounts of inspectors.

The Board of Supervising Inspectors meets in Washington annually, on the thir day in January, to establish regulations for carrying out the provisions of the steamb tion laws.

GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT OF THE LIFE-SAVING SERVICE.

It is the duty of the General Superintendent to supervise the organization and g of the employés of the service; to prepare and revise regulations therefor as may sary; to fix the number and compensation of surfmen to be employed at the seve within the provisions of law; to supervise the expenditure of all appropriations m support and maintenance of the Life-Saving Service; to examine the accounts o ments of the district superintendents, and to certify the same to the accounting offi Treasury Department; to examine the property returns of the keepers of the sever and see that all public property thereto belonging is properly accounted for; to acq self, as far as practicable, with all means employed in foreign countries which m advantageously affect the interest of the service, and to cause to be properly inves plans, devices, and inventions for the improvement of life-saving apparatus for use tions, which may appear to be meritorious and available; to exercise supervision o lection of sites for new stations the establishment of which may be authorized by

old ones the removal of which may be made necessary by the encroachment of the sea or by other causes; to prepare and submit to the Secretary of the Treasury estimates for the support of the service; to collect and compile the statistics of marine disasters contemplated by the act of June 20, 1874, and to submit to the Secretary of the Treasury, for transmission to Congress, an annual report of the expenditures of the moneys appropriated for the maintenance of the Life-Saving Service, and of the operations of said service during the year.

THE WAR DEPARTMENT.

THE SECRETARY OF WAR.

The Secretary of War performs such duties as the President may enjoin upon him concerning the military service, and has the controlling supervision of the purchase of Army supplies, transportation, &c., and of all expenditures made under the appropriations for the support of the Army, and for such of a civil nature as may by law be placed under his administration.

He is required to provide for the taking of meteorological observations at the military stations in the interior of the Continent, and at other points in the States and Territories; arranges the course of studies at the Military Academy; submits to Congress all estimates for public buildings and grounds in charge of the Chief of Engineers, and has supervision of all expenditures of appropriations for repair or improvement of the public buildings and grounds in the District of Columbia in charge of the Chief of Engineers. He is charged with the purchase of such real estate as in his judgment is suitable and necessary for the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions for national cemeteries; has direction of the construction of piers or cribs by owners of saw-mills on the Mississippi River; has the management of and is required to keep in repair the Louisville and Portland Canal; makes rules respecting bids for contracts, and is required to cause sunken vessels obstructing navigation to be removed. He exercises supervision of the disbursements by Army officers; has the control and management of the National Park forming a part of Mackinac Island in the State of Michigan, and has direction of the expenditure of the appropriation for the Mississippi River Commission.

He submits annually to Congress a statement of the appropriations for the preceding fiscal year for the Department of War under each specified head of appropriation, the amount expended and remaining on hand, together with estimates of the probable demands that may remain on each appropriation.

He also submits to Congress at each session, in connection with reports of examinations and surveys of rivers and harbors, full statements of all facts tending to show the extent to which the general commerce of the country will be promoted by the several works of improvement contemplated by such examinations and surveys, together with numerous other reports relating to the various matters of which he has supervision.

The Chief Clerk receives in the Secretary's Office the public mail and correspondence; distributes, records, and answers it; keeps the accounts of appropriations and estimates; is the medium of communication between the Secretary and officers of the Department, and has the general superintendence of the Department.

MILITARY BUREAUS OF THE WAR DEPARTMENT.

The chiefs of the military bureaus of the War Department are officers of the Regular Army of the United States, and a part of the military establishment, viz:

The Adjutant-General promulgates the orders of the President and the General commanding the Army, and conducts correspondence between the General and the Army, receives reports, issues commissions and resignations, superintends recruiting and the military prison at Leavenworth, has charge of the papers concerning the enlistment and drafting of volunteers, receives all muster-rolls, and furnishes consolidated reports of the entire Army, and has charge, under the General, of details affecting the discipline of the Army.

The Inspector-General, with his assistants, inspect and report upon the *personnel* and the *materiel* of the Army, at all posts, stations, and depots, and give instruction relative to the correct interpretation of doubtful points of law, regulations, and orders, and upon other mooted questions regarding the proper performance of military duties; and they also inspect the money accounts of all disbursing officers of the Army.

The Quartermaster-General, aided by assistants, provides quarters and transportation for the Army, clothing, camp and garrison equipage, horses and mules, forage, wagons, stoves, stationery, fuel, lights, straw, hospitals, and medicines; he pays the expenses of guides, spies, and interpreters, and veterinary surgeons; pays the funeral expenses of officers and men, and is in charge of the national cemeteries.

The Commissary-General has administrative control of the Subsistence Department—of the disbursement of its appropriations; the providing of rations and their issue to the Army; the purchase and distribution of articles authorized to be kept for sale to officers and enlisted men; and the adjustment of accounts and returns for subsistence funds and supplies, preliminary to their settlement by the proper accounting officers of the Treasury.

The Surgeon-General, under the immediate direction of the Secretary of War, is charged with the administrative duties of the Medical Department; the designation of the stations of medical officers, and the issuing of all orders and instructions relating to their professional duties. He directs as to the selection, purchase, and distribution of the medical supplies of the Army. The Army Medical Museum and the official publications of the Surgeon-General's Office are also under his direct control.

The Paymaster-General and his assistants pay the Army, also Second Auditor's Treasury certificates, and keep a record of said payments.

The Chief of Engineers commands the Corps of Engineers, which is charged with all duties relating to fortifications, whether permanent or temporary; with torpedoes for coast defence; with all works for the attack and defence of places; with all military bridges, and with such surveys as may be required for these objects, or the movement of armies in the field. It is also charged with the harbor and river improvements; with military and geographical explorations and surveys; with the survey of the lakes; and with any other engineer work specially assigned to the Corps by acts of Congress or orders of the President.

The Chief of Ordnance commands the Ordnance Department, the duties of which consist in providing, preserving, distributing, and accounting for every description of artillery, small-arms, and all the munitions of war which may be required for the fortresses of the country, the armies in the field, and for the whole body of the militia of the Union. In these duties are comprised that of determining the general principles of construction and of prescribing in detail the models and forms of all military weapons employed in war. They comprise also the duty of prescribing the regulations for the proof and inspection of all these weapons, for maintaining uniformity and economy in their fabrication, for insuring their good quality, and for their preservation and distribution; and for carrying into effect the general purposes here stated large annual appropriations are made, and in order to fulfil these purposes, extensive operations are conducted at the national armories, arsenals, and ordnance depots.

The Judge-Advocate General and his assistant receive, review, and have recorded the proceedings of the courts-martial, courts of inquiry, and military commissions of the Armies of the United States, and furnish reports and opinions on such questions of law and other matters as may be referred to the Bureau of Military Justice by the Secretary of War.

The Chief Signal Officer superintends the instruction of officers and men in signal duties supervises the preparation of maps and charts, and has the reports from the numerous stations received at Washington consolidated and published.

THE NAVY DEPARTMENT.

THE SECRETARY OF THE NAVY.

The Secretary of the Navy performs such duties as the President of the United States who is Commander-in-Chief, may assign him, and has the general superintendence of construction, manning, armament, equipment, and employment of vessels of war.

The Chief Clerk has general charge of the records and correspondence of the Secretary's Office.

NAVAL BUREAUS OF THE NAVY DEPARTMENT.

The chiefs of the naval bureaus of the Navy Department are officers of the United States Navy, and a part of the naval establishment, viz:

The Chief of the Bureau of Yards and Docks has charge of the navy-yards and naval stations, their construction and repair; he purchases timber and other materials.

The Chief of the Bureau of Navigation supplies vessels of war with maps, charts, chronometers, barometers, flags, signal-lights, glasses, and stationery; he has charge of the publication of charts, the Nautical Almanac, and surveys; and the Naval Observatory and Hydrographic Office at Washington are under the direction of this Bureau.

The Chief of the Bureau of Ordnance has charge of the manufacture of naval ordnance and ammunition; the armament of vessels of war; the arsenals and magazines; the trials and tests of ordnance, small-arms, and ammunition; also of the torpedo-service, and torpedo station at Newport, and experimental battery at Annapolis.

The Chief of the Bureau of Provisions and Clothing has charge of all contracts and purchases for the supply of provisions, water for cooking and drinking purposes, clothing, and small stores for the use of the Navy.

The Chief of the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery superintends everything relating to medicines, medical stores, surgical instruments, and hospital supplies required for the treatment of the sick and wounded of the Navy and the Marine Corps.

The Chief of the Bureau of Construction and Repair has charge of dry-docks and of all vessels undergoing repairs; the designing, building, and fitting-out of vessels, and the armor of iron-clads.

The Chief of the Bureau of Equipment and Recruiting has charge of the equipment of all vessels of war, and the supply to their sails, rigging, anchors, and fuel; also of the recruiting of sailors of the various grades.

The Engineer-in-Chief directs the designing, fitting-out, running, and repairing of the steam marine-engines, boilers and appurtenances, used on vessels of war, and the workshops in the navy-yards where they are made and repaired.

The Judge-Advocate-General receives, revises, and records the proceedings of courts-martial, courts of inquiry, boards for the examination of officers for retirement and promotion in the naval service; and furnishes reports and opinions on such questions of law and other matters as may be referred to him by the Secretary of the Navy.

THE DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

THE SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR.

The Secretary of the Interior is charged with the supervision of public business relating to patents for inventions; pension and bounty-lands; the public lands, including mines; the Indians; education; railroads; the public surveys; the census, when directed by law; the custody and distribution of public documents; and certain hospitals and eleemosynary institutions in the District of Columbia. He also exercises certain powers and duties in relation to the Territories of the United States.

THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR.

The Assistant Secretary of the Interior performs such duties as are prescribed by the Secretary or required by law, aiding in the general administration of the affairs of the Department. In the absence of the Secretary, he acts as the head of the Department.

The Chief Clerk has the general supervision of the clerks and employés, of the order of business, records and correspondence, and contingent expenditures in the Secretary's Office, also the superintendence of the Interior Department Building.

COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS.

The Commissioner of Patents is charged with the administration of the patent-laws, and supervises all matters relating to the issue of letters-patent for new and useful discoveries, inventions, and improvements. He is aided by an Assistant Commissioner, three Examiners-in-Chief, an Examiner of Interferences, an Examiner of Trade-marks, and twenty-five Principal Examiners.

COMMISSIONER OF PENSIONS.

The Commissioner of Pensions supervises the examination and adjudication of all claims arising under laws passed by Congress granting bounty-land or pension on account of service in the Army or Navy during the Revolutionary War and all subsequent wars in which the United States has been engaged. He is aided by two Deputy Commissioners and a Medical Referee.

COMMISSIONER OF THE GENERAL LAND-OFFICE.

The Commissioner of Public Lands is charged with the survey, management, and sale of the public domain, and the issuing of titles therefor, whether derived from confirmations of grants made by former Governments, by sales, donations, or grants for schools, railroads, military bounties, or public improvements. The Land-Office audits its own accounts.

COMMISSIONER OF INDIAN AFFAIRS.

The Commissioner of Indian Affairs has charge of the several tribes of Indians in the States and Territories. He issues instructions to, and receives reports from, Agents, Special Agents, and Traders; superintends the purchase, transportation, and distribution of presents and annuities; and reports, annually, the relations of the Government with each tribe.

COMMISSIONER OF EDUCATION.

The duties of the Commissioner of Education are to collect such statistics and facts as shall show the condition and progress of education in the several States and Territories, and to diffuse such information respecting the organization and management of schools and school systems, and methods of teaching, as shall aid the people of the United States in the establishment and maintenance of efficient school systems, and otherwise promote the cause of education throughout the country.

COMMISSIONER OF RAILROADS.

The Commissioner of Railroads is charged with prescribing a system of reports to be dered to him by the railroad companies whose roads are in whole or in part west, north south of the Missouri River, and to which the United States have granted any loan of cr or subsidy in lands or bonds; to examine the books, accounts, and property of said compan to see that the laws relating to said companies are enforced; and to assist the Governm Directors of any of said railroad companies in all matters which come under their cognizar whenever they may officially request such assistance.

DIRECTOR OF THE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY.

The Director of the Geological Survey has charge of the classification of the public lar and examination of the geological structure, mineral resources, and products of the natio domain.

SUPERINTENDENT OF THE CENSUS.

The Superintendent of the Census supervises the taking of the census of the United St every tenth year, and the subsequent arrangement, compilation, and publication of the statis collected.

THE POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

THE POSTMASTER-GENERAL.

The Postmaster-General has the direction and management of the Post-Office Departm He appoints all officers and employés of the Department, except the three Assistant P masters-General, who are appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consen the Senate; appoints all postmasters whose compensation does not exceed one thousand doll makes postal treaties with foreign Governments, by and with the advice and consent of President, awards and executes contracts, and directs the management of the domestic foreign mail service.

THE FIRST ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL.

The First Assistant Postmaster-General has charge of the Appointment Office, which cludes five divisions, viz:

Appointment Division.—The duty of preparing all cases for the establishment, discont ance, and change of name or site of post-offices, and for the appointment of all postmas agents, postal clerks, mail-messengers, and Department employés, and attending to all c spondence consequent thereto.

Bond Division.—The duty of receiving and recording appointments; sending out paper postmasters and their assistants to qualify; receiving, entering, and filing their bonds and oa and issuing the commissions for postmasters.

Salary and Allowance Division.—The duty of readjusting the salaries of postmasters an consideration of allowances for rent, fuel, lights, clerk hire, and other expenditures.

Free Delivery.—The duty of preparing cases for the inauguration of the system in cities appointment of letter-carriers, and the general supervision of the system.

Blank Agency Division.—The duty of sending out the blanks, wrapping-paper, and t letter-balances, and cancelling stamps to offices entitled to receive the same.

THE SECOND ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL.

The Second Assistant Postmaster-General has charge of the Contract Office, mail eqiupm &c., including the following three divisions:

Contract Division.—The arrangement of the mail service of the United States, and pl the same under contract, embracing all correspondence and proceedings respecting th quency of trips, mode of conveyance, and times of departures and arrivals on all the route course of the mails between the different sections of the country, the points of mail distribu and the regulations for the government of the domestic mail service. It prepares the a tisements for mail proposals, receives the bids, and has charge of the annual and occas mail lettings, and the adjustment and execution of the contracts. All applications for t tablishment or alteration of mail arrangements and for mail messengers should be sent t office. All claims should be submitted to it for transportation service not under contract. this office all postmasters at the end of routes receive the statement of mail arrangements scribed for the respective routes. It reports weekly to the Auditor all contracts executed

all orders affecting the accounts for mail transportation; prepares the statistical exhibits of the mail service, and the reports to Congress of the mail lettings, giving a statement of each bid; also of the contracts made, the new service originated, the curtailments ordered, and the additional allowances granted within the year.

Inspection Division.—The duty of receiving and examining the registers of the arrivals and departures of the mails, certificates of the service of route-agents, and reports of mail failures; noting the delinquencies of contractors, and preparing cases thereon for the action of the Postmaster-General, furnishing blanks for mail registers, reports of mail failures, and other duties which may be necessary to secure a faithful and exact performance of all mail service.

Mail Equipment Division.—The issuing of mail locks and keys, mail pouches and sacks, and the construction of mail-bag catchers.

THE THIRD ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL.

The Third Assistant Postmaster-General has charge of the Finance Office, &c., embracing the following four divisions:

Division of Finance.—The duty of issuing drafts and warrants in payment of balances reported by the Auditor to be due to mail contractors or other persons; the superintendence of the collection of revenue at depository, draft, and depositing offices, and the accounts between the Department and the Treasurer and Assistant Treasurers and special designated depositories of the United States. This division receives all accounts, monthly or quarterly, of the depository and draft offices, and certificates of deposit from depositing offices.

Division of Postage-stamps and Stamped Envelopes.—The issuing of postage-stamps, stamped envelopes, newspaper wrappers, and postal cards; also, the supplying of postmasters with envelopes for their official use, and registered-package envelopes and seals.

Division of Registered Letters.—The duty of preparing instructions for the guidance of postmasters relative to registered letters, and all correspondence connected therewith; also, the compilation of statistics as to the transactions of the business.

Division of Dead Letters.—The examination and return to the writers of dead letters, and all correspondence relating thereto.

The Superintendent of Foreign Mails has charge of all foreign postal arrangements, and the supervision of the ocean mail steamship service.

The Superintendent of the Money-order System has the general supervision and control of the postal money-order system throughout the United States, and the supervision of the international money-order correspondence with foreign countries.

THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

The Attorney-General is the head of the Department of Justice, and the chief law officer of the Government. He represents the United States in matters involving legal questions; he gives his advice and opinion on questions of law when they are required by the President, or the heads of the other Executive Departments on questions of law arising upon the administration of their respective Departments; he exercises a general superintendence and direction over United States Attorneys and Marshals in all judicial districts in the States and Territories; and he provides special counsel for the United States whenever required by any Department of the Government.

He is assisted by a Chief Clerk and other clerks and employés in the executive management of the business of the Department.

The Law Clerk, who is also an Examiner of Titles, assists the Attorney-General in the investigation of legal questions and in the preparation of opinions.

THE SOLICITOR-GENERAL.

The Solicitor-General assists the Attorney-General in the performance of his general duties, and by special provision of law in the case of a vacancy in the office of Attorney-General, or in his absence, exercises all these duties. Except when the Attorney-General in particular cases otherwise directs, the Attorney-General and Solicitor-General conduct and argue all cases in the *Supreme Court*, and in the *Court of Claims*, in which the United States are interested; and, when the Attorney-General so directs, any such case in *any court of the United States* may be conducted and argued by the Solicitor-General; and in the same way the Solicitor-General may be sent by the Attorney-General to attend to the interests of the United States in *any State court, or elsewhere.*

THE ASSISTANT ATTORNEYS-GENERAL.

Two Assistant Attorneys-General assist the Attorney-General and the Solicitor-General in the performance of their duties. One assists in the argument of causes in the Supreme Court and in the preparation of legal opinions; the other is charged with the conduct of the defence of the United States in the Court of Claims.

Under the act of 1870 the different law officers of the Executive Departments exercise their functions under the supervision and control of the Attorney-General. They are: the *Assistant Attorney-General for the Department of the Interior;* the *Assistant Attorney-General for the Post-Office Department;* the *Solicitor of the Treasury;* and the *Solicitor of Internal Revenue*, Treasury Department; the *Naval Solicitor*, Navy Department; and the *Examiner of Claims*, State Department.

THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

THE COMMISSIONER OF AGRICULTURE.

The Commissioner of Agriculture is required to collect and diffuse useful information on subjects connected with agriculture. He is to acquire and preserve in his office all information he can obtain concerning agriculture by means of books and correspondence, and by practical and scientific experiments, the collection of statistics, and other appropriate means to collect new and valuable seeds and plants; to learn by actual cultivation such of them as may require such tests; to propagate such as may be worthy of propagation, and to distribute them among agriculturists.

The Statistician.—He collects reliable information as to the condition, prospects, and results of the cereal, cotton, and other crops, by the instrumentality of four correspondents in each county of every State; this information is gathered at stated periods of each month, carefully studied, estimated, tabulated, and published.

The Entomologist.—He obtains information with regard to insects injurious to vegetation, investigates the character of insects sent him, to point out their modes of infliction and the means by which their depredations may be avoided; and arranges specimens of their injuries and nest architecture.

The Botanist.—He receives botanical contributions, and after making desirable selections for the National Herbarium, distributes the duplicate plants among foreign and domestic scientific societies, institutions of learning, and botanists; and answers inquiries of botanical agricultural character.

The Chemist.—He makes analyses of natural fertilizers, vegetable products, and other materials which pertain to the interests of agriculture. Applications are constantly made from all portions of the country for the analysis of soils, minerals, liquids, and manures.

The Microscopist.—He makes original investigations, mostly relating to the habits of parasitic fungoid plants, which are frequently found on living plants and animals, producing sickly growth and in many cases premature death.

The Propagating Garden.—Large numbers of exotic, utilizable, and economic plants are propagated and distributed. The orange family is particularly valuable, and the best commercial varieties are propagated and distributed to the greatest practicable extent.

The Seed Division.—Seeds are purchased in this and foreign countries of reliable firms whose guarantee of good quality and genuineness cannot be questioned; they are packed in the Department, and distributed to applicants in all parts of the country.

The Library.—Exchanges are made, by which the library receives reports of the leading agricultural, pomological, and meteorological societies of the world.

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.

[The * designates those whose wives accompany them; the § designates those whose daughters accompany them; the ‖ designates those having other ladies with them.]

‖ ‖ Mr. Chief-Justice Waite, 1415 I street, N. W.
‖ ‖ Mr. Justice Miller, 1415 Massachusetts avenue, N. W.
Mr. Justice Field, 21 First street, N. E.
‖ Mr. Justice Bradley, 201 I street, corner New Jersey avenue.
Mr. Justice Harlan, 1623 Massachusetts avenue, N. W.
‖ ‖ Mr. Justice Woods, 1122 Vermont avenue.
§ § Mr. Justice Matthews, 1800 N street, corner Connecticut avenue, N. W.
. Justice Gray, 1721 Rhode Island avenue.
‖ Mr. Justice Blatchford, 1432 K street, N. W.

Resigned.

§ Mr. Justice Strong, 1411 H street, N. W.
Mr. Justice Hunt, 1501 Massachusetts avenue, N. W.

OFFICERS OF THE SUPREME COURT.

rk.—James H. McKenney, 1517 Rhode Island avenue, N. W.
puty Clerk.—Chas. B. Beall, 621 Thirteenth street, N. W.
rshal.—John G. Nicolay, 212 B street, S. E.
porter.—J. C. Bancroft Davis, 1621 H street, N. W.

CIRCUIT COURTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

rst Judicial Circuit.—Mr. Justice Gray, of Boston, Massachusetts. Districts of Maine, Hampshire, Massachusetts, and Rhode Island.
rcuit Judge.—Le Barron B. Colt, Bristol. R. I.
ond Judicial Circuit.—Mr. Justice Blatchford, of New York City. Districts of Vermont, ecticut, Northern New York, Southern New York, and Eastern New York.
rcuit Judge.—William J. Wallace, Syracuse, New York.
ird Judicial Circuit.—Mr. Justice Bradley, of Newark, New Jersey. Districts of New y, Eastern Pennsylvania, Western Pennsylvania, and Delaware.
rcuit Judge.—William McKennan, Washington, Pa.
urth Judicial Circuit.—Mr. Chief-Justice Waite, of Toledo, Ohio. Districts of Mary- Western Virginia, Eastern Virginia, North Carolina, and South Carolina.
rcuit Judge.—Hugh L. Bond, Baltimore, Md.
fth Judicial Circuit.—Mr. Justice Woods, of Atlanta, Georgia. Districts of Northern gia, Southern Georgia, Northern Florida, Southern Florida, Northern Alabama, Middle ama, Southern Alabama, Southern Mississippi, Eastern Louisiana, Western Louisiana, hern Texas, Southern Texas, and Western Texas.
rcuit Judge.—Don A. Pardee, of New Orleans, La.
xth Judicial Circuit.—Mr. Justice Matthews, of Cincinnati, Ohio. Districts of Northern Southern Ohio, Eastern Michigan, Western Michigan, Kentucky, Eastern Tennessee, le Tennessee, and Western Tennessee.
rcuit Judge.—John Baxter, Knoxville, Tenn.
venth Judicial Circuit.—Mr. Justice Harlan, of Chicago, Illinois. Districts of Indiana, hern Illinois, Southern Illinois, Eastern Wisconsin, and Western Wisconsin.
rcuit Judge.—Walter Q. Gresham, Indianopolis, Ind.
ghth Judicial Circuit.—Mr. Justice Miller, of Keokuk, Iowa. District of Minnesota, hern District of Iowa, Southern District of Iowa, Eastern District of Missouri, Western ict of Missouri, Eastern District of Arkansas, Western District of Arkansas, District of aska, District of Colorado, and District of Kansas.
rcuit Judge.—David J. Brewer, Atchison, Kans.
nth Judicial Circuit.—Mr. Justice Field, of San Francisco, California. Districts of Cal- ia, Oregon, and Nevada.
rcuit Judge.—Lorenzo Sawyer, San Francisco, Cal.

UNITED STATES COURT OF CLAIMS.

(1509 Pennsylvania avenue.)

hief-Justice Charles D. Drake, 1416 Twentieth street, N. W.
dge Charles C. Nott, 1509 Twenth street, N. W.
dge William A. Richardson, 924 McPherson Square.
dge Glenni W. Scofield, Riggs House.
dge Lawrence Weldon, Hamilton House.
ief Clerk.—Archibald Hopkins, 1826 Massachusetts avenue, N. W.
sistant Clerk.—John Randolph, 28 I street, N. W.
riff.—Stark B. Taylor, 485 H street, S. W.

FOREIGN LEGATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES.

ARGENTINE REPUBLIC.

Señor Don Luis L. Dominguez, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, 1739 Rhode Island avenue.
Señor Don Florencio L. Dominguez, Secretary of Legation, 1739 Rhode Island avenue.
Señor Don Luis H. Dominguez, Attaché, 1739 Rhode Island avenue.

AUSTRIA-HUNGARY.

Baron Ignatz von Schaeffer, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, 1711 Rhode Island avenue.
Baron Paumgartten, Secretary of Legation.
Count William Lippe-Weissenfeld, Secretary of Legation (Absent.)

BELGIUM.

Mr. de Bounder de Melsbroeck, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary. (Absent.)
Count Gaston d'Arschot, Chargé d'Affaires *ad interim*, 1211 K street.

BRAZIL.

Senhor J. G. do Amaral Valente, Chargé d'Affaires, 1710 Pennsylvania avenue.
Senhor Pedro de Aranjo Beltrão, Secretary of Legation. (Absent.)
Senhor Justo Leite Clermont, Acting Secretary of Legation, 1710 Pennsylvania avenue.
Senhor José Coelho Gomes, Attaché, 1710 Pennsylvania avenue.

CHILI.

Señor Don Joaquin Godoy, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, The Arlington.
Señor Don Anibal Pinto, Second Secretary of Legation, The Arlington.
Don Manuel P. Legers, Attaché, Philadelphia.

CHINA.

Mr. Cheng Tsao Ju, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, 1401 Massachusetts avenue. (Absent.)
Mr. Tsai Kwok Ching, Chargé d'Affaires *ad interim*, 1401 Massachusetts avenue.
Mr. Chiu Chi Yeung, Secretary of Legation. (Absent.)
Mr. D. W. Bartlett, Secretary of Legation, 1337 L street, N. W.
Mr. Cheng Hanson, Translator, 1401 Massachusetts avenue.
Mr. Lu Ngan Tseung, Attaché, 1401 Massachusetts avenue. (Absent.)
Mr. Lin Chung Tsun, Attaché, 1401 Massachusetts avenue.
Mr. Siu Shiu Man, Attaché, 1401 Massachusetts avenue.
Mr. Tsü Shun E., Attaché, 1401 Massachusetts avenue.
Mr. Li Tai Lün, Military Attaché, 1401 Massachusetts avenue.

COSTA RICA.

Señor Don Ezequiel Gotierrez, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary. (Absent.)

DENMARK.

(Vacant.)

DOMINICAN REPUBLIC.

Senor Don Manuel de J. Galvan, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, No. 21 Fifth avenue, New York.
Señor Don Alejandro Turull, Secretary of Legation, No. 21 Fifth avenue, New York.
Mr. George W. Stokes, Attaché,
Señor Don Enrique J. Galvan, Second Secretary of Legation, No. 21 Fifth ave., New York.

FRANCE.

Mr. Théodore Roustan, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, 1215 K street.
Mr. le Comte Maurice Sala, First Secretary, 1714 Pennsylvania avenue.
Mr. Paul Lefaivre, Third Secretary, 1234 Massachusetts avenue.
Captain Henri de La Chère, Military Attaché, 1340 I street, N. W.
Mr. Charles Riballier des Isles, Chancellor, 1432 Corcoran street.

GUATEMALA AND SALVADOR.

Señor Dr. Antonio Batres, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, 5 Iowa Circle.

GERMAN EMPIRE.

Mr. H. von Alvensleben, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, 734 Fifteenth **street.**
Count Leyden, Secretary of Legation, 1725 H street.
Mr. P. W. Büddecke, Chancellor of Legation, 110 I street, N. W.
Mr. Hinkeldeyen, Technical Attaché, 1112 New York avenue.
Baron Speck Sternburg, Attaché, 1340 I street.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Hon. L. S. Sackville West, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, British **Legation,** Connecticut avenue.
Dudley E. Saurin, Esq., Secretary of Legation. (Absent.)
Captain Henry Coey Kane, R. N., Naval Attaché. (Absent.)
Mr. Horace A. Helyar, Second Secretary, 1519 Rhode Island avenue.
W. Oswald Charlton, Esq., Second Secretary. (Absent.)
The Hon. Alan Johnstone, Third Secretary, 1745 Pennsylvania avenue.

HAWAII.

Mr. H. A. P. Carter, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, Hamilton House **Annex,** Washington, No. 1341 K street.

HAYTI.

Mr. Stephen Preston, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary. (Absent.)
Mr. Charles A. Preston, Secretary of Legation, 25 Madison avenue, New York.

ITALY.

Baron de Fava, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, The Arlington.
Le Compte Albert de Forestá, Secretary of Legation, Wormley's.

JAPAN.

Mr. Jushii Kuki Rinichi, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, 1310 N street.
Mr. Naito Ruijiro, Secretary of Legation, 1300 Vermont avenue.
Mr. Sameshima Takenoske, Attaché, 942 K street.
Mr. Misaki Kamenasuke, Attaché, 1310 N street.
Lieutenant Saito Makoto, Naval Attaché, 1300 Vermont avenue.

MEXICO.

Señor Don Matias Romero, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary. (Absent.)
Señor Don Cayetano Romero, First Secretary of Legation and Chargé d'Affaires *ad interim*, 1448 N street.
Señor Don Platon Roa, Second Secretary, 1212 L street.
Señor Don Luis A. Medrano, Third Secretary, Hamilton House.
Señor Don Francisco de Pasalaqua, Third Secretary, Hamilton House.

NETHERLANDS.

Mr. G. de Weckherlin, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, 1301 K street.

PERU.

Señor Don J. Federico Elmore, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, The **Hamilton,** Fourteenth and K streets. (Absent.)
Señor Don Oswaldo Ygarza, Secretary of Legation and Chargé d'Affaires *ad interim*, The **Hamilton.**

PORTUGAL.

Viscount das Nogueiras, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, 1404 H street.

RUSSIA.

Mr. Charles de Struve, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, 1705 K street.
Mr. Grégoire de Willamov, First Secretary of Legation, 1001 Connecticut avenue. (Absent.)
Mr. Alexandre Greger, Second Secretary, 1015 Connecticut avenue.

SALVADOR.

(See Guatemala and Salvador.)

SPAIN.

Señor Don Juan Valera, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, 14 Lafayette Square.
Señor Don Felipe Sagrario, Second Secretary of Legation.
Le Comte de Cumbres Altas, Third Secretary.
Señor Don J. de Pedroso y Scull, Attaché. (Absent.)
Señor Don A. Gelpi y Lafont, Lieut. Col., Military Attaché, New York.
Señor Don Juan Mesia de la Cerda, Attaché, 14 Lafayette Square.
Señor Don E. Ruiz del Arbol, Captain, Naval Attaché, New York.

SWEDEN AND NORWAY.

Count August Louis Fersen Gyldenstolpe, Secretary of Legation and Chargé d'Affaires *ad interim*, 1714 Pennsylvania avenue.

SWITZERLAND.

Colonel Emile Frey, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, 2 Iowa Circle.
Major Karl Kloss, Second Secretary of Legation.

TURKEY.

Hussein Tevfik Pasha, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, 18 West Twenty-first street, New York.
Rustem Effendi, Secretary of Legation, City P. O.
Ali Riza, Major Captain, Naval Attaché, New York.

URUGUAY.

Señor Don Enrique M. Estrazúlas, Chargé d'Affaires. (Absent.)
Señor Don Carlos Farini, Secretary of Legation, Chargé d'Affaires *ad interim*.
Señor Don Eduardo Avila, Attaché, 66 East Forty-ninth street, New York.
Señor Don Serafin Rivas, Attaché.

VENEZUELA.

Señor Don A. M. Soteldo, 1333 Q street.
Señor Don Carlos de Castro, Attaché, 1333 Q street.

UNITED STATES LEGATIONS ABROAD.

ARGENTINE REPUBLIC.

Thomas O. Osborn, Minister Resident and Consul-General, Buenos Ayres.

AUSTRIA-HUNGARY.

John M. Francis, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, Vienna.
William T. Strong, Secretary of Legation, Vienna.

BELGIUM.

Nicholas Fish, Minister Resident, Brussels.

BOLIVIA.

Richard Gibbs, Minister Resident and Consul-General, La Paz.

BRAZIL.

Thomas A. Osborn, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, Rio de Janeiro.
Charles B. Trail, Secretary of Legation, Rio de Janeiro.

CENTRAL AMERICAN STATES.

(Costa Rica, Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua, and Salvador.)

Henry C. Hall, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, Guatemala City.
H. Remsen Whitehouse, Secretary of Legation and Consul-General, Guatemala City.

CHILI.

Cornelius A. Logan, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, Santiago.
Clement Carpenter, Secretary of Legation, Santiago.

CHINA.

John Russell Young, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, Peking.
William W. Rockhill, Second Secretary of Legation, Peking.
Fleming D. Cheshire, Interpreter, Peking.

COLOMBIA.

William L. Scruggs, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, Bogotá.
Chester Holcombe, Secretary of Legation and Consul-General, Bogotá.

COREA.

Lucius H. Foote, Minister Resident and Consul-General, Seôul.

DENMARK.

Wickham Hoffman, Minister Resident and Consul-General, Copenhagen.

FRANCE.

Levi P. Morton, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, Paris.
E. J. Brulatour, Secretary of Legation, Paris.
Henry Vignaud, Second Secretary of Legation, Paris.

GERMAN EMPIRE.

John A. Kasson, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, Berlin.
Chapman Coleman, Secretary of Legation, Berlin.
Frederick V. S. Crosby, Second Secretary of Legation, Berlin.

GREAT BRITAIN.

James Russell Lowell, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, London.
William J. Hoppin, Secretary of Legation, London.
Henry White, Second Secretary of Legation, London.

HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.

Rollin M. Daggett, Minister Resident, Honolulu.

HAYTI.

John M. Langston, Minister Resident and Consul-General, Port au Prince; also Chargé d' Affaires to Santo Domingo.

ITALY.

William W. Astor, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, Rome.
Edward Pierrepont, Secretary of Legation, Rome.

JAPAN.

John A. Bingham, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, Tokei.
Gustavus Goward, Secretary of Legation, Tokei.
Edwin Dun, Second Secretary of Legation, Tokei.
Willis N. Whitney, Interpreter, Tokei.

LIBERIA.

John H. Smyth, Minister Resident and Consul-General, Monrovia.

MEXICO.

Philip H. Morgan, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, Mexico.
Harry H. Morgan, Secretary of Legation, Mexico.

THE NETHERLANDS.

William L. Dayton, Minister Resident, the Hague.

PARAGUAY AND URUGUAY.

William Williams, Chargé d'Affaires, Montevideo, Uruguay.

PERSIA.

S. G. W. Benjamin, Minister Resident and Consul-General, Teheran.

PERU.

Seth Ledyard Phelps, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, Lima.
Richard K. Neill, Secretary of Legation, Lima.

PORTUGAL.

Lewis Richmond, Minister Resident and Consul-General, Lisbon.

RUSSIA.

Alphonso Taft, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, St. Petersburg.
George W. Wurts, Secretary of Legation, St. Petersburg.

SANTO DOMINGO.

John M. Langston, Chargé d'Affaires, Santo Domingo. (See Hayti.)

SIAM.

J. A. Halderman, Minister Resident and Consul-General, Bangkok.

SPAIN.

John W. Foster, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, Madrid.
Dwight T. Reed, Secretary of Legation, Madrid.

SWEDEN AND NORWAY.

W. W. Thomas, jr., Minister Resident, Stockholm.

SWITZERLAND.

M. J. Cramer, Minister Resident and Consul-General, Berne.

TURKEY.

Lewis Wallace, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, Constantinople.
A. A. Gargiulo, Interpreter, Constantinople.

VENEZUELA.

Jehu Baker, Minister Resident and Consul-General, Caracas.

THE COURT OF COMMISSIONERS OF ALABAMA CLAIMS.

(Office, No. 1412 H street.)

Presiding Judge.—James Harlan, of Iowa, 1337 Eleventh street, N. W.
Judges.—Asa French, of Massachusetts, 1325 K street, N. W.

Clerk.—Daniel W. Fessenden, of Maine, 1332 I street, N. W.
Deputy Clerk.—William P. Huxford, of New York, 1332 I street.
Reporter.—H. Conquest Clarke, of Louisiana, 1309 Fourteenth street.
Counsel for the United States.—John A. J. Creswell, of Maryland, The Everett, 1730 H street.
Assistant Counsel for the United States.—Walker Blaine, of Maine, 1708 H street.
Auditor.—James J. Goodrich, of Massachusetts, 1737 F street, N. W.
Disbursing Agent.—Andrew H. Allen, of New York, 1811 H st., N. W.
Marshal.—Thomas Culbertson, of Pennsylvania, 916 Sixteenth street.

NSULATES-GENERAL, CONSULATES,

COMMERCIAL AGENCIES, AND CONSULAR AGENCIES,

ALPHABETICALLY ARRANGED.

[Corrected to December 10, 1884.]

Consular offices.	Consular officers.	Rank.
een, Scotland	John Ramsay	Consular agent.
ılco, Mexico	John A. Sutter, jr	Consul.
Do	A. Demproolff	Vice-consul.
ide, Australia	J. W. Smith	Consular agent.
, Arabia	Joseph A. Jones	Consul.
Do		Vice-consul.
Malaga, Spain	Ramon Medina	Consular agent.
nople, Turkey		Do.
dilla, Porto Rico	Augustus Ganslandt	Do.
Dulce	Henry Dickson	Do.
b, Syria	T. C. Trowbridge	Do.
a Chapelle, Germany	George F. Lincoln	Consul.
Do	Wilhelm Mathée	Vice and deputy consul.
b, Bengal	James Edward Orr	Consular agent.
ıy, Australia	Frank R. Dymes	Do.
ton, Prince Edward Island	Geo. Howlan	Do.
t Town, Fortune Island	C. C. Eldgert	Do.
ıo, Syria	Frederic Poche	Do.
ndretta, Syria	Stephen J. Coidan	Do.
ndria, Egypt	C. M. Salvazo	Do.
rs, Algeria	Archibald K. Brown	Consul.
Do	Charles T. Grellet	Vice and deputy consul.
ıte, Spain	William L. Giro	Consul.
Do	John L. Giro	Vice-consul.
ia Malaga, Spain	Herman F. Fischer	Consular agent.
, Mexico		Do.
a, Germany	Paul Moller	Do.
ala, Honduras		Consul.
Do	Charles Roloff	Vice-consul.
rstburgh, Canada	Josiah Turner	Consul.
Do	Wm. Johnston	Vice-consul.
, China	W. Elwell Goldsborough	Consul.
Do	J. J. Howard	Vice-consul.
rdam, Netherlands	David Eckstein	Consul.
Do	A. Vinke	Vice and deputy consul.
ıa, Italy	A. P. Tomassini	Consular agent.
tabe, Madagascar	Victor F. W. Stanwood	Do.
s, France	Elie Lazard	Do.
lla, West Indies	Wager Rey	Do.
berg	Geo. E. Bullock	Consul.
Do	Jay Ewing	Vice and deputy consul.
polis, Nova Scotia	Jacob M. Owen	Consular agent.
ua, West Indies	Chester E. Jackson	Consul.
Do	Wm. Dougall	Vice-consul.
erp, Belgium	John H. Steuart	Consul.
Do	S. H. Haine	Vice and deputy consul.
Samoa	Theo. Canisius	Consul.
Do	Jonas M. Coe	Vice-consul.
ju, Brazil	L. Schmidt	Acting consular agent.
bo, Porto Rico	F. Fernandez	Consular agent.
lal, Norway	Christian Eyde	Do.
, Peru	Chas. H. Nugent	Do.
cion, Paraguay		Consul.
ns, Greece	De Witt T. Reilly	Do.
Do	A. Martelao	Vice-consul.

Consular offices.	Consular officers.	Rank.
Auckland, New Zealand		Consul.
Do	Thomas T. Gamble	Vice-consul.
Augsburg, Germany	Max Obermayer	Consular agent.
Aux Cayes, Hayti	Thomas Dutton	Do.
Azua, San Domingo	Henry Chandruc	Do.
Bahia, Brazil	John B. Weaver	Consul.
Do	George H. Duder	Vice-consul.
Bahia de Caraquez, Ecuador	Edward Thos. Goddard	Consular agent.
Ballymena, Ireland	George Ballentine	Do.
Bangkok, Siam	John A. Halderman	Consul-general.
Do	Noah A. McDonald	Vice-consul.
Bani-Saf, Africa	H. G. Heathcote	Consular agent.
Baracoa, Cuba	Datus E. Coon	Commercial agent.
Do	Pablo E. Alayo	Vice-commercial agent.
Barbadoes	Robert Y. Holley	Consul.
Do	D. C. Da Costa, jr	Vice and deputy consul.
Barcelona, Spain	Frederick H. Scheuch	Consul.
Do	M. Casagemas	Vice-consul.
Barcelona, Venezuela	Ignacio H. Baiz	Consular agent.
Bari, Italy	Luigi Rivera	Do.
Barmen, Germany	Wolfgang Schoenle	Consul.
Do	Emile Meyer	Vice and deputy consul.
Barranquilla, U. S. Colombia	Thomas M. Dawson	Consul.
Do	Robert Conn, jr	Vice and deputy consul.
Barrington, Nova Scotia	Nehemiah McGray	Consular agent.
Basle, Switzerland	George Gifford	Consul.
Do	August Kauffmann	Vice-consul.
Bassein, India	Walter W. G. Beatson	Consular agent.
Bastia, Corsica	O. A. Gaudin	Do.
Batavia, Java	Oscar Hatfield	Consul.
Do	Petrus F. W. Pels	Vice-consul.
Bathurst, Africa		Consul.
Do	Henry C. Goddard	Vice-consul.
Batoum, Poti, and Tiflis, Russia		Consular agent.
Beirut, Syria	John S. Robeson	Consul.
Do	Percy Martindale	Vice and deputy consul.
Belfast, Ireland	Arthur B. Wood	Consul.
Do	Sam'l P. Brown	Vice and deputy consul.
Belgrade, Servia		Consul-general.
Do		Vice-consul-general.
Belize, British Honduras	Albert E. Morlan	Consul.
Do	John E. Murtrie	Vice-commercial agent.
Belleville, Canada	Fred'k W. Prince	Consul.
Do	J. Lyon Biggar	Vice-consul.
Bergen, Norway	Fred. G. Gade	Consul.
Do	Johan C. Isdahl, jr	Vice-consul.
Berlin, Germany	Mark S. Brewer	Consul-general.
Do	G. Harrison Smith	Vice and dep. con. gen.
Bermuda, West Indies	Charles M. Allen	Consul.
Do	James B. Heyel	Vice and deputy consul.
Berne	M. J. Cramer	Consul-general.
Do	John E. Hinnen	Vice and dep. con. gen.
Bilbao, Spain	Angel Urraza	Consular agent.
Birmingham	Wilson King	Consul.
Do	Jos. F. Brame	Vice and deputy consul.
Bluefields, Nicaragua	William G. Smith	Consular agent.
Boca del Toro, Colombia	Walter L. Field	Do.
Bogota, United States of Colombia	Chester Holcomb	Consul-general.
Do	Martin Boshell	Vice-consul.
Bologna, Italy	Carlo Gardini	Consular agent.
Boulogne-sur-mer, France	E. Flageollet	Do.
Bombay, India	Benj. F. Farnham	Consul.

Consular offices.	Consular officers.	Rank.
Bonacca, Honduras	John T. Sinclair	Consular agent.
Bonaire, West Indies	L. C. Boye	Do.
Bone, Africa	L. Guiraud	Do.
Bordeaux, France	George W. Roosevelt	Consul.
Do	Gregory Phelan	Vice-consul.
Bradford, England	Wm. F. Grinnell	Consul.
Do	Thomas L. Renton	Vice and dep. consul.
Brake and Nordenhamm, Germany	J. J. Gross	Consular agent.
Brava, Cape Verde Islands	J. J. Nunes	Do.
Bremen, Germany	John M. Wilson	Consul.
Do	Geo. W. Sillcox	Vice-consul.
Do	John H. Schnabel	Deputy consul.
Breslau	Henry Dithmar	Consul.
Do	Wm. H. Musselman	Vice-consul.
Brest, France	A. Pitel	Consular agent.
Bridgewater, Nova Scotia	William H. Owen	Do.
Brindisi, Italy	Edwd. Bedloe	Vice-consul.
Brisbane, New South Wales	Thos. E. White	Consular agent.
Bristol, England	Lorin A. Lathrop	Consul.
Do	Robert H. Symes	Vice-consul.
Brockville, Canada	Wm. A. Schofield	Consular agent.
Brunn, Austria	Gustavus Schoeller	Do.
Brunswick, Germany	Williams C. Fox	Consul.
Do	A. M. Simon	Vice-consul.
Brussels, Belgium	John Wilson	Consul.
Do	A. J. Stein	Vice-consul.
Bucaramanga, Colombia	Charles Keller	Consular agent.
Bucharest	Fulton Paul	Consul-general.
Do	Wm. G. Boxshall	Vice-consul general.
Buenaventura	Charles L. Belden	Commercial agent.
Buenos Ayres, Argentine Republic	Thomas O. Osborn	Consul-general.
Do	Edward L. Baker	Consul.
Burtscheid	Wm. Brugmann	Consular agent.
Bushire, Persia	T. G. Malcolm	Do.
Cadiz, Spain	E. L. Oppenheim	Consul.
Do	Benjamin Haynes	Vice-consul.
Cagliari, Italy	Alphonse Dol	Consular agent.
Cairo, Egypt	N. D. Comanos	Vice-consul-general.
Calais, France	J. P. Vendroux	Consular agent.
Calcutta, Bengal	J. A. Leonard	Consul-general.
Do	Andrew J. Cobb	Vice and dep. con. gen.
Caldera, Chili	John C. Morong	Consular agent.
Callao, Peru	H. M. Brent	Consul.
Do		Vice-consul.
Camargo, Mexico	Julian Lacaze	Consular agent.
Campeachy, Mexico	Geo. T. Caumer	Do.
Cannes, France	Theo. de Valcourt	Do.
Canton, China	Chas. Seymour	Consul.
Do	Gideon Nye	Vice-consul.
Cape Canso	Thos. C. Cook	Consular agent
Cape Coast Castle, Liberia	George Amizang	Do.
Cape Haytien, Hayti	Stanislas Goutier	Consul.
Do	Oscar B. Lüders	Vice-consul.
Cape Palmas, Liberia	A. M. Miller	Consular agent.
Cape Town	Jas. W. Siler	Consul.
Do	Edward R. Norton	Vice-consul.
Caracas, Venezuela	Jehu Baker	Consul-general.
Cardenas, Cuba	James A. Nunez	Commercial agent.
Do	Joseph H. Washington	Vice-commercial agent.
Cardiff, Wales	Evan R. Jones	Consul.
Do	Wm. B. Lovie	Vice and deputy consul.
Carini, Italy	Casinisro Schiro	Consular agent.

Consular offices.	Consular officers.	Rank.
Carlisle, England	J. Hewetson Brown	Consular agent.
Carrara, Italy	Ulisse Boccacci	Do.
Carril, Spain	Louis Pou	Do.
Carthagena, United States of Colombia	Edmund W. P. Smith	Consul.
Do	Abram Henriquez	Vice-consul.
Carthagena, Spain	C. Molina	Consul.
Do	Alberto Molina	Vice-consul.
Carupano, Venezuela	Robert Quesnel	Consular agent.
Casa-Blanca, Morocco	John Cobb	Do.
Castelamare, Italy	Alfred M. Wood	Commercial agent.
Do	James Drinkwater	Vice-commercial agent.
Catania, Italy	Albert Woodcock	Consul.
Do	Augustus Peratoner	Vice and deputy consul.
Cayenne	Pascal Decomis	Consul.
Do	Leon Warongne	Vice-consul.
Ceara, Brazil	George Holderness	Acting consular agent.
Cebu, Philippine Islands	Cornelius R. B. Pickford	Do.
Cephalonia, Greece	John Saunders	Do.
Cerro de Pasco, Peru	M. C. McNulty	Do.
Cette, France	L. S. Nahmens	Do.
Ceylon, India	William Morey	Consul.
Do	Edward Aitken	Vice-consul.
Champerico, Guatemala	Florentin Souza	Consular agent.
Charleroi	Charles Vander-Elst	Do.
Charlottetown, P. E. I	W. A. Worden	Consul.
Do	F. W. Hyndman	Vice and deputy consul.
Chatham, Ontario	H. C. Buffington	Commercial agent.
Do	Robert O. Smith	Vice-commercial agent.
Chaux de fonds (Switz)	O. A. Peeyere	Consular agent.
Che Foo, China	A. R. Platt	Consul.
Chemnitz, Saxony	John L. Parish	Do.
Do	Otto Reichold	Vice and deputy consul.
Cherbourg, France	Emil Postel	Consular agent.
Chihuahua, Mexico	Louis H. Scott	Consul.
Do	John C. Huston	Vice-consul.
Chimbote, Peru	James H. Hayball	Consular agent.
Chin Kiang, China	Enoch J. Smithers	Consul.
Do	L. A. Bergholtz	Vice-consul.
Chittagong, India	Clement C. Ellis	Consular agent.
Christ Church, N. Z		Do.
Christiania, Norway	Gerhard Gade	Consul.
Do	Lauritz F. Brown	Vice-consul.
Christiansand, Norway	Ferdinand Reinhardt	Consular agent.
Christianstad, Sweden	Ludwig Ahlberg	Do.
Cienfuegos, Cuba	William P. Pierce	Consul.
Do	Juan B. Carbo	Vice-consul.
Ciudad Bolivar	George F. Underhill	Consul.
Do	William Henderson	Vice-consul.
Civita Vecchia, Italy	G. Marsanick	Consular agent.
Clarenceville, Canada	Edmund Macomber	Do.
Clifton, Canada	James Low	Consul.
Do	John Hancock	Vice and deputy consul.
Coaticook, Canada		Consul.
Do	Joseph T. Woodward	Vice and deputy consul.
Coatzacoalcas, Mexico	Jos. D. Hoff	Consular agent.
Cobija	Frank B. McDonald	Commercial agent.
Do		Vice-commercial agent.
Cobourg, Canada	George J. Stephens	Consular agent.
Cockburn Harbor, West Indies	John W. Tatem	Do.
Cognac, France	Joseph E. Irish	Consul.
Do	William Coates	Vice-consul.
Collo, Algeria	Marius Eyme	Consular agent.

Consular offices.	Consular officers.	Rank.
Cologne, Germany	Samuel Spackman	Consul.
Do	Frederick A. Herbertz	Vice-consul.
Collingwood, Canada	Chas. A. Boush	Commercial agent.
Do	John P. Fluent	Vice-commercial agent.
Colon (Aspinwall)	Robert K. Wright, jr	Consul.
Do	Henry E. Cooke	Vice and deputy consul.
Colonia, Uruguay	B. D. Manton	Consul.
Do		Vice-consul.
Constantinople, Turkey	G. Harris Heap	Consul-general.
Do	D. Stamatiades	Vice-consul-general.
Copenhagen, Denmark	Wickham Hoffman	Consul-general.
Do	Henry B. Ryder	Consul.
Do	Olof Hansen	Vice-consul.
Coquimbo, Chili	Joseph Grierson	Consul.
Corcubion, Spain	H. Villanueva	Consular agent.
Cordoba		Consul.
Do	John M. Thome	Vice-consul.
Corfu, Ionian Isles	T. Woodley	Consular agent.
Cork (Queenstown), Ireland	John J. Piatt	Consul.
Do	Geo. B. Dawson	Vice and deputy consul.
Corn Island, Nicaragua		Consular agent.
Cornwall, Canada	Henry W. Weber	Do.
Cornwallis, Nova Scotia	Ebenezer Rand	Do.
Coro, Venezuela	Ramon Seigas	Do.
Corunna, Spain	José de Carricarte	Consul.
Do	Eduarto de Carricarte	Vice-consul.
Coteau Landing, Canada	John A. D. Simpson	Consular agent.
Courtwright (Ont.)	Frederick W. Baby	Do.
Cow Bay, Nova Scotia	Charles Archibald	Do.
Crefeld, Prussia	Joseph F. Potter	Consul.
Do	Rudolph Schneider	Vice-consul.
Cronstadt, Russia	Peter Vigius	Consular agent.
Cucuta, United States of Colombia	Christian Anderson	Do.
Cumana, Venezuela	José G. N. Romberg	Do.
Curaçao, West Indies	Leonard B. Smith	Consul.
Do	Jacob Winster	Vice-consul.
Damascus, Syria	N. Meshaka	Consular agent.
Dantzig, Germany	Peter Collas	Do
Dardanelles, Turkey	Frank Calvert	Do.
Dartmouth, England	Richard Kingston	Do.
Demerara, British Guiana	Philip Figyelmesy	Consul.
Do	James Thomson	Vice-consul.
Denia, Spain	John D. Arquimbau	Consul.
Do	Ambrose Bordehore	Vice-consul.
Derby, England	Chas. Kirk Eddowes	Consular agent.
Deseronto, Canada	Roderick C. Carter	Do.
Desterro, Brazil		Do.
Dieppe, France	Raoul le Bourgeois	Do.
Digby, Nova Scotia	William B. Stewart	Do.
Dominica, West Indies	William Stedman	Do.
Dover, England	Pierre Sisco	Do.
Dresden, Saxony	Joseph T. Mason	Consul.
Do	William Knoop	Vice and deputy consul.
Drontheim, Norway	Claus Berg	Consular agent.
Dublin, Ireland	Benjamin H. Barrows	Consul.
Do	A. McKenzie	Vice-consul.
Dundee, Scotland	Willard B. Wells	Consul.
Do	Wm. McIntyre	Vice and deputy consul.
Dunedin, New Zealand	Henry Driver	Consular agent.
Dunfermline	H. Ray Myers	Commercial agent.
Dunfermline	James Penman	Vice-commercial agent.
Dunkirk, France	Benjamin Morel	Consular agent.
Dunmore Town, Bahamas	Henry S. Higgs	Do.

Consular offices.	Consular officers.	Rank.
Durango	C. H. Lebold	Consular agent.
Dusseldorf, Germany	Wm. D. Wamer	Consul.
Do	Gustavus A. Scheidt	Vice and deputy co
East London, Africa	William H. Fuller	Consular agent.
Elberfeld	Albert Rhodes	Consul.
Do	Frederick von Wrede	Vice-consul.
Elsinore, Denmark	Rigner L. Ulstrup	Consular agent.
Emerson, Manitoba	Charles S. Douglass	Do.
Essen, Germany	Richard Eichkoff	Do.
Eten, Peru	Otto Barca	Do.
Fajardo	John V. Lopez	Do.
Falmouth, England	Howard Fox	Consul.
Do	George H. Fox	Vice and deputy co
Falmouth, Jamaica	R. Nunes	Consular agent.
Farnham, Quebec	William L. Hibbard	Do.
Faro, Portugal	F. L. Javarez	Do.
Fayal, Azores	Samuel W. Dabney	Consul.
Do	Jacintho M. da Silveira	Deputy consul
Ferrol, Spain	Nicasio Perez	Consular agent.
Fiume, Austria	L. Francovitch	Do.
Florence, Italy	Wm. L. Welsh	Consul.
Do	Spirito Bernardi	Vice and deputy co
Flores, Azores	James McKay, jr	Consular agent.
Flushing, Netherlands	Peter Smith	Do.
Fogo, Cape Verde Islands	Jero. J. de S. Monteiro	Do.
Foo-Chow, China	Joseph C. A. Wingate	Consul.
Do	John P. Cowles, jr	Vice-consul.
Fort Erie, Canada	La Rue Peck	Consul.
Do	Charles W. Vahey	Vice and deputy co
Fort de France, West Indies	Henry T. Labat	Consular agent.
Frankfort-on-the-Main, Germany	Ferdinand Vogeler	Consul-general.
Do	Alvesto S. Hogue	Vice-consul-general
Fredericksted, West Indies	Wm. F. Moore	Consular agent.
Fredericton, New Brunswick	Spafford Barker	Do.
Frelighsburg, Canada	Augustus Barney	Do.
Frontera, Mexico	Michael Girard	Do.
Funchal, Madeira	Firth Charlesworth	Consul.
Do	John Hutchison	Vice and deputy co
Fürth, Germany	Fredk. J. Hirschmann	Consular agent.
Gaboon, Africa	Graham C. Campbell	Commercial agent.
Do	A. C. Good	Vice-commercial ag
Galashiels, Scotland	Richard Lees	Consular agent.
Gananoque, P. Q	E. E. Abbott	Do.
Garita Gonzales, Mexico	John D. Demarest	Do.
Garrucha	Enrique Calvert	Commercial agent.
Gaspé Basin, Canada	George H. Holt	Consul.
Do	Alfred T. Carter	Vice-consul.
Geestemunde, Germany	Gerhard Ihlder	Consular agent.
Gefle, Sweden	John Rettig	Do.
Geneva, Switzerland	Lyell T. Adams	Consul.
Do	Peter Naylor	Vice-consul.
Genoa, Italy	James Fletcher	Consul.
Do	Frederico Scerni	Vice-consul.
Georgetown, Prince Edward Island	A. J. MacDonald	Consular agent.
Georgeville, Canada	George W. Fogg	Do.
Gera, Germany	Charles Neuer	Do.
Ghent, Belgium	Max Polachek	Consul.
Do	Alfred Lefebvre	Vice-consul.
Gibara, Cuba	José Homobono Beola	Consular agent.
Gibraltar, Spain	Horatio J. Sprague	Consul.
Do	John Lewis Sprague	Vice-consul.
Gijon, Spain	S. Acebal	Consular agent.
Gioja, Italy	L. Giffoni	Do.

Consular offices.	Consular officers.	Rank.
Girgenti, Italy	Lewis Granet	Consular agent.
Glace Bay, Nova Scotia	David McKeen	Do.
Glasgow, Scotland	Bret Harte	Consul.
Do	William Gibson	Vice-consul.
Glauchau, Germany	Charles G. Moore	Consular agent.
Gloucester, England	John Davies	Commercial agent.
Do	Charles E. Portlock	Vice-commercial agent.
Goderich, Canada	Robert S. Chilton	Commercial agent.
Do	William Campbell	Vice-commercial agent.
Gonaives, Hayti	John D. Metzer	Consular agent.
Gorée-Dakar, Africa	Peter Strickland	Consul.
Do	Charles Armaud	Vice and deputy consul.
Gothenburg, Sweden	Sidney W. Cooper	Consul.
Do	Gustavus W. Schroeder	Vice-consul.
Governor's Harbor	Charles A. Bethel	Consular agent.
Graciosa, Azores	José de C. C. e Mello	Do.
Granada, Spain	Peter A. Mesa	Do.
Grand Bassa, Liberia	John W. Worrell	Do.
Grand Canary	J. R. y Gonzales	Do.
Grand Manan, New Brunswick	Joseph Lakeman	Do.
Grao, Spain	Adolph Loewenstein	Do.
Greenock, Scotland	John Craig	Do.
Green Turtle Cay	William Roberts	Do.
Grenville, Canada	Alex. Pridham	Do.
Guadaloupe, West Indies	Charles Bartlett	Consul.
Do	H. Thionville	Vice-consul.
Guantanamo, Cuba	William F. Allison	Consular agent.
Guatemala, Central America	H. Remsen Whitehouse	Consul-general.
Do	Theo. A. Whitney	Vice-consul-general.
Guayama, Porto Rico	Arthur McCormick	Consular agent.
Guayaquil, Ecuador	H. N. Beach	Consul-general.
Do	Martin Reinberg	Vice-consul-general.
Guaymas, Mexico	Alex. Willard	Consul.
Do	Charles E. Hale	Vice-consul.
Guelph, Canada	Henry P. Dill	Consul.
Do	George A. Oxnard	Vice and deputy consul.
Guernsey, Great Britain	William Carey	Consular agent.
Guerrero, Mexico	H. D. Thompson	Consul.
Do	Charles Winslow	Vice-consul.
Guysborough, Nova Scotia	E. H. Franchville	Consular agent.
Haifa, Syria	Jacob Schumacker	Do.
Halifax, Nova Scotia	Wakefield G. Frye	Consul-general.
Do	Robie G. Frye	Vice and dep. consul-gen.
Hamburg, Germany	John M. Bailey	Consul.
Do	Charles R. Hoyt	Vice and deputy consul.
Hamilton, Canada	John F. Hazleton	Consul.
Do	P. W. Dayfoot	Vice and deputy consul.
Hankow, China	Isaac F. Shepard	Consul.
Do		Vice-consul.
Harbor Grace, Newfoundland	P. Devereux	Consular agent.
Havana, Cuba	Ramon O. Williams	Consul-general.
Do		Vice-consul-general.
Havre, France	John B. Glover	Consul.
Do	Madison A. Lybrook	Vice-consul.
Head St. Peter's Bay, Pr. Edw'd Isl'd	John A. McLaine	Consular agent.
Helsingfors, Finland		Consul.
Do	Herman Donner	Vice-consul.
Hemmingford, Canada	J. E. Corbin	Consular agent.
Hereford, Canada	John R. Nichols	Do.
Hinchinbrook, Canada	H. L. Beerworth	Do.
Hilo, Hawaiian Islands	John A. Beckwith	Do.
Hobart, Tasmania	Alex. G. Webster	Consul.
Hochelaga, Canada	Robert Miller	Consular agent.

Consular offices.	Consular officers.	Rank.
Hoikow, China	Octavius Johnson	Consular agent.
Holyhead	John Jones	Do.
Honda, Colombia	William S. Crane	Do.
Honfleur, France		Do.
Hong-Kong, China	John S. Mosby	Consul.
Do	Beverly Clarke Mosby	Vice and deputy consul.
Honolulu, Hawaiian Islands	David A. McKinley	Consul.
Do	Frank P. Hastings	Vice and deputy consul.
Horgen, Switzerland	Wm. T. Rice.	Consul.
Do	Christian Anderegg	Vice-consul.
Huddersfield, England	C. W. Whitman	Consular agent.
Huelva, Spain	John Broadfoot	Do.
Hull, England	Edward Howard	Commercial agent.
Do	Marks Feldman	Vice-commercial agent.
Huntingdon, Canada	John Dinneen	Consular agent.
Ichang, China		Do.
Iloilo, Philippine Islands		Consul.
Do	John G. Austin	Vice-consul.
Iquique, Peru	Joseph W. Merriam	Consul.
Do	Maximo Rosenstock	Vice-consul.
Jacmel, Hayti	Jean Vital	Consular agent.
Jaffa	E. Hardegg	Do.
Jaffna, Ceylon	Frederick Mortimer	Do.
Jaluit, Marshall Islands	A. Capelle	Do.
Jeremie, Hayti	L. Trebaud Rouzier	Do.
Jerez de la Frontera, Spain	R. D. Macpherson	Do.
Jersey Island	Thomas Renouf	Do.
Jerusalem, Syria	Selah Merrill	Consul.
Do	Frank C. Clark	Vice-consul.
Kahului, Hawaiian Islands	August Frederic Hopke	Consular agent.
Kanagawa, Japan	Thomas B. Van Buren	Consul-general.
Do	George E. Rice	Vice-consul-general.
Kehl	Frank W. Ballow	Consul.
Do	Charles Schwarzmann	Vice-consul.
Kempt, Nova Scotia	Fred. A. Hobart	Consular agent.
Kidderminster, England	James Morton	Do.
Kiel, Germany	August Sartori	Do.
Kingston, Canada	Marshall H. Twitchell	Consul.
Do	Mathew H. Folger	Vice and deputy consul.
Kingston, Jamaica	George E. Hoskinson	Consul.
Do	W. P. Forwood	Vice-consul.
Kirkcaldy, Scotland	Andrew Innes	Consular agent.
Kiu-Kiang, China		Do.
Kiungchow	J. N. Jordan	Do.
Kõnigsberg, Germany	Conrad H. Gadeke	Do.
La Colle, Quebec	Henry Hoyle	Do.
Laguayra, Venezuela	Winfield S. Bird	Consul.
Do	Thomas D. Golding	Vice-consul.
La Libertad, San Salvador	Alonzo D. Ahuja	Consular agent.
Lambayeque, Peru	William H. Fry	Consul.
Do	Alfred Lapoint	Vice-consul.
Langen Schwalbach	Earnest Grebert	Consular agent.
Lanzarotte, Canary Islands	J. T. Topham	Do.
La Paz, Mexico	James Viosca	Consul.
Do	William Silver	Vice-consul.
La Paz, Bolivia	Richard Gibbs	Consul-general.
Do	S. Alexander	Vice-consul-general.
Laraiche, Morocco	M. Abecasis	Consular agent.
Latakia, Syria	A. J. Dodds	Do.
La Union, San Salvador	Emelie Courtade	Consul.
Do	John B. Courtade	Vice-consul.
Leeds, England	Alfred V. Dockery	Consul.

ar offices.	Consular officers.	Rank.
	William Ward	Vice and deputy consul.
	Charles P. Barnard	Consul.
	Emilio Masi	Vice-consul.
i	Joseph Barber Haxby	Consular agent.
	James T. Du Bois	Consul.
	Frederick Nachod	Vice and deputy consul.
	Oscar Malmros	Consul.
	Hugh C. Peacock	Vice-consul.
	Samuel E. Belford	Commercial agent.
	William H. Bruce	Vice-commercial agent.
		Consular agent.
	C. D. Gregoire	Do.
	Chas. S. Rand	Do.
	John R. Tinsley	Do.
	A. Jouhannaud	Do.
	H. S. Beebe	Do.
tia	Frederick E. Leaver	Do.
	Lewis Richmond	Consul-general.
	J. B. Wilbor	Vice and dep. con. gen.
id	Stephen B. Packard	Consul.
	William W. Butler	Vice and deputy consul.
cotia	James N. S. Marshall	Consular agent.
l America	James F. Sarg	Do.
	Benj. Jones	Do.
Peru		Do.
	William H. McCutcheon	Do.
	Edwin A. Merritt	Consul-general.
	Libbeos H. Mitchell	Vice and dep. con. gen.
	E. J. Moffat	Deputy consul-general.
	Edwin Albert Merritt	Do.
and	Arthur Livermore	Consul.
	James Stewart	Vice-consul.
	L. Sellier	Consular agent.
cotia	Wm. H. McAlpine	Do.
	Jacob Meyer, jr	Do.
Scotia	Daniel M. Owen	Do.
	Frederick W. Magahan	Do.
	Aly Mourad	Do.
	Benjamin F. Peixotto	Consul.
	George D. M. Peixotto	Vice-consul.
	Mark P. Peixotto	Deputy consul.
	Theodore Braasch	Consular agent.
ingo	J. W. Mellor	Do.
dia	James Rose Hunter	Do.
Canada	James K. Ogilvie	Do.
lexico	James C. Hale	Do.
Islands	Evelyn P. Mussey	Consul.
	Charles Dupuy	Vice-consul.
ian Islands	Chas. L. Wight	Consular agent.
scar	Robert F Andrew	Do.
	Henry C. Marston	Consul.
	Edward Loring	Vice-consul.
	Peter M. Flensburg	Consular agent.
id	John Worthington	Consul.
	Charles B. Eynaud	Vice-consul.
	F. G. Alden	Consular agent.
ua	Humphrey H. Leavitt	Consul.
		Vice-consul.
nd	Albert D. Shaw	Consul.
	John T. Doyle	Vice and deputy consul.
Islands	Julius G. Voigt	Consul.
	R. D. Tucker	Vice-consul.

Consular offices.	Consular officers.	Rank.
Mannheim, Germany	Rudolph W. Wolffsohn	Consul.
Do	William Köster, jr	Vice-consul.
Manta, Ecuador	Pedro Y. Cordova	Consular agent.
Manzanillo, Cuba	W. Stakeman	Do.
Manzanillo, Mexico	Emil Mahlo	Consul.
Do	Augustus Koch	Vice and deputy consul
Maracaibo, Venezuela	Eugene H. Plumacher	Consul.
Do	Leoncio Julia	Vice-consul.
Do	Henry Bremerman	Deputy consul.
Maranhao, Brazil	J. J. Tavares	Consular agent.
Marash, Turkey	Henry Marsden	Do.
Marsala, Italy	George Rayson	Do.
Marseilles, France	Frank H. Mason	Consul.
Do	John S. Martin, jr	Vice and deputy consul
Martinique, West Indies	Walter H. Garfield	Consul.
Do	Frank E. Barentzen	Vice-consul.
Matamoros, Mexico	Warner P. Sutton	Consul-general.
Do	John F. Valls	Vice and dep. con. gen
Matanzas, Cuba	David Vickers	Consul.
Do	Geo. L. Washington	Vice-consul.
Mathewtown, Bahamas	John I. Sargent	Consular agent.
Mayaguez, Porto Rico	Gorham E. Hubbard	Commercial agent.
Do	Max Eisenlohr	Vice-commercial agent.
Mayence, Germany	James H. Smith	Commercial agent.
Do	Rudolph Kraussé	Vice-commercial agent.
Mazagan, Morocco	Alfred Redman	Consular agent.
Mazatlan, Mexico	Edward G. Kelton	Consul.
Do	A. H. McHatton	Vice-consul.
McAdam Junction, New Brunswick	James W. Green	Consular agent.
Medellin, Colombia	E. R. Esmond	Consul.
Do	L. S. Maria	Vice-consul.
Melbourne, Australia	O. M. Spencer	Consul-general.
Do	John Kane Smyth	Vice-consul-general.
Mentone, France	Nicolas Viale	Consular agent.
Merida, Mexico		Consul.
Do	Wm. B. Tappan	Vice and deputy con
Messina, Italy	George H. Owen	Consul.
Do	Letterio Pirrone	Vice-consul.
Mexico, Mexico	David H. Strother	Consul-general.
Do	B. T. Leuzarder	Vice-consul-genera
Mier, Mexico	Henry Vizcayo	Consular agent.
Milan, Italy	James M. Wilson	Consul.
Do	Anthony Richman	Vice-consul.
Milazzo, Italy	Pietro Siracusa	Consular agent.
Milford Haven, Wales	Henry Kelmay	Do.
Milk River, Jamaica	Wm. G. Price	Do.
Minatitlan, Mexico	Wm. A. Ketchum	Do.
Miragoane, Hayti	Francis W. Mitchell	Do.
Mogador, Morocco	Abraham Corcos	Do.
Monaco, France	Emile de Loth	Do.
Monganui, New Zealand	Robert Wyles	Do.
Monrovia, Liberia	James H. Smyth	Consul-general.
Do	M. A. Anmey	Vice-consul-gene
Montego Bay, Jamaica	S. G. Corinaldi	Consular agent.
Monterey, Mexico	Robert C. Campbell	Consul.
Do	Charles H. Pettit	Vice-consul.
Montevideo, Uruguay	Alexander L. Russell	Consul.
Do	Thos. W. Howard	Vice-consul.
Montreal, Canada	Seargent P. Stearns	Consul-general.
Do	B. Courlaender, jr	Vice and dep. con. gen
Montserrat, West Indies	Richard Hannam	Consular agent.
Morrisburg, Canada	James Redington	Commercial agent.
Do	James P. Whitney	Vice and dep. com. agt.

sular offices.	Consular officers.	Rank.
a	E. G. Van Riper	Consul.
		Vice-consul.
frica		Consular agent.
ia	Wm. G. Reddie	Do.
Africa		Consul.
any	Jas. W. Harper	Do.
	Wm. Hummel	Vice-consul.
	Louis S. Maguire	Consul.
	Archibald Mackirdy	Vice-consul.
ey	M. M. Fottion	Consular agent.
n	Alex. C. Jones	Consul.
	William G. Furber	Vice-consul.
Rico	W. Haddock	Consular agent.
	H. A. Shackelford	Consul.
	Hiram D. Bennett	Vice-commercial agent.
da	Walter S. Williams	Consular agent.
	Frank G. Haughwout	Consul.
	Robt. O'N. Wickersham	Vice and deputy consul.
Indies	Thomas J. McLain, jr	Consul.
	Samuel P. Saunders	Vice-consul.
	Lyle Nelson	Consular agent.
dies	Henry B. Hughes	Do.
-Tyne, England	Robinson Locke	Consul.
	Herbert Davy	Vice-consul.
stralia	Alexander Brown	Consular agent.
ada	Robert R. Call	Do.
China		Consul.
	Frederick Bandinel	Vice and deputy consul.
s	Wm. E. Heard	Consular agent.
	Thomas Wilson	Consul.
	Alexander Vial	Vice-consul.
	Edwin Stevens	Consul.
	Marcellus A. Churchill	Vice-consul.
o	F. H. Goodwin	Consular agent.
weden	S. C. Mobeck	Do.
Nova Scotia	Wm. Purves	Do.
ngland	Jasper Smith	Commercial agent.
	F. G. Rawson	Vice-commercial agent.
ermany	G. H. Horstmann	Consul.
	S. Dunkelsbühler	Vice-consul.
	Joaquin Sanchez	Consular agent.
Mexico	Stephen H. Smith	Consul.
	Joseph Sielski	Vice-consul.
	George Scott	Consul.
	John H. Volkmann	Vice-consul.
l, England	Christian Nielson	Consular agent.
l	William Stuve	Do.
	Peter S. Reid	Do.
	Isidore Castel	Do.
	Charles Carbould	Do.
go, Japan	T. McF. Patton	Consul.
	George H. Scidmore	Vice-consul.
n	A. J. Neuts	Consular agent.
a	Richard B. Robbins	Commercial agent.
	Ed. King	Vice-commercial agent.
Canada	Edward Todd	Consular agent.
ru	B. H. Kauffman	Do.
ra	Alfred H. Eilbracht	Vice-consul.
noa	Matthew Hunkin	Consular agent.
		Do.
	Philip Carroll	Consul.
	Francis Belli	Vice-consul.

Consular offices.	Consular officers.	Rank.
Palma Majorca, Spain	Ernesto Canut	Consular agent.
Panama, Colombia	Thomas Adamson	Consul-general.
Do	Joseph W. Adamson	Vice-consul-general.
Panillac, France	John B. Averons	Consular agent.
Para, Brazil	Robert T. Clayton	Consul.
Do	Richard F. Saers	Vice-consul.
Paraiba, Brazil	Aaron Cahn	Consular agent.
Paramaribo, Dutch Guiana		Consul.
Do	Henry Barnett	Vice-consul.
Paris, Canada	E. M. Sharp	Consular agent.
Paris, France	George Walker	Consul-general.
Do	Robert M. Hooper	Vice and dep. con. gen.
Do	Edward P. McLean	Deputy consul-general.
Parsboro', Canada	Jonathan Stickney	Consular agent.
Paso del Norte, Mexico	Eugene O. Fechet	Consul.
Do	Barker Burnell	Vice-consul.
Paspebiac, Canada	William T. Meagher	Consular agent.
Patras, Greece	Edward Hancock	Consul.
Do	Frederick B. Wood	Vice-consul.
Pau, France	Geo. de M. Clay	Consular agent.
Paysandu, Uruguay	J. G. Hufnagle	Do.
Payta, Peru	R. M. Columbus	Do.
Penang, India	Joseph Heim	Do.
Penedo, Brazil	Luiz Cravo	Do.
Pernambuco, Brazil	Henry L. Atherton	Consul.
Do	Thomas N. Swift	Vice-consul.
Pesth, Hungary	Henry Sterne	Consul.
Do	Louis Gerster	Vice-consul.
Petit Goâve, Hayti	E. Merantie	Consular agent.
Philipopolis, Turkey		Do.
Picton, Canada	Robert Clapp	Do.
Pictou, Canada	Edmund Johnson	Consul.
Do	John R. Noonan	Vice-consul.
Piedras Negras, Mexico	Bolivar J. Pridgen	Consul.
Do		Vice-consul.
Piræus, Greece		Consular agent.
Piura, Peru	Emilio Clark	Do.
Plymouth, England	Thomas W. Fox	Consul.
Do		Vice-consul.
Point de Galle, India	Alfred B. Scott	Consular agent.
Point Levi, Canada	Louis A. Farmer	Do.
Ponce, Porto Rico		Commercial agent.
Do	Felix W. Preston	Vice-commercial agent.
Port Antonio, Jamaica	Peter A. Moodie	Consular agent.
Port au Prince, Hayti	John M. Langston	Consul-general.
Do	John B. Terres	Vice-consul-general.
Port de Paix, Hayti	Hugo Kainer	Consular agent.
Port of Marbella, Spain	Miguel Calzado	Do.
Port Elizabeth, South Africa	John W. Philip	Do.
Port Hastings, Nova Scotia	Jas. G. McKeen	Do.
Port Hope, Canada	J. C. Dutcher	Commercial agent.
Do	John T. Montgomery	Vice-commercial agent.
Port Joggins, Canada	William Moffat	Consular agent.
Port Limon, Costa Rica	Warren C. Uncles	Do.
Port Louis, Mauritius	Thomas T. Prentiss	Consul.
Do	A. Povah Ambrose	Vice-consul.
Port Mahon, Spain	P. B. Valls	Consular agent.
Port Morant	Lorenzo D. Baker	Do.
Port Natal, South Africa	Geo. C. Cato	Do.
Port Rowan, Canada	Henry M. Janes	Commercial agent.
Do	Alexander Ferguson	Vice-commercial agent.
Port Said, Egypt	R. Broadbent	Consular agent.
Port Sarnia, Canada	Samuel D. Pace	Consul.

Consular offices.	Consular officers.	Rank.
Port Sarnia, Canada	John Chester	Vice and deputy consul.
Portsmouth, England	C. E. McCheane	Consular agent.
Portsmouth, Dominica	Alexander Riviere	Do.
Port Stanley, Falkland Islands	Henry S. Lasar	Consul.
Do	Geo. M. Dean	Vice-consul.
Port Stanley, Canada	Allen Francis	Consul.
Do	William H. King	Vice-commercial agent.
Port of Sydney, Canada	Fred'k E. Leaver	Consular agent.
Potosi, Bolivia	H. A. Desmond	Do.
Potton, Canada	Julius S. Dorman	Do.
Pozzuoli, Italy	Ferdinand Burns	Do.
Prague, Austria	Charles A. Phelps	Consul.
Do	Leo Sekeles	Vice-consul.
Prescott, Canada	Harry L. Slaght	Consul.
Do	James Buckley	Vice and deputy consul.
Presidio del Norte, Mexico	Joseph Richardson	Commercial agent.
Do		Vice-commercial agent.
Progresso, Mexico	Alfredo Aguero	Consular agent.
Puerto Cabello, Venezuela	Edward E. White	Consul.
Do	Richard Kolster	Vice-consul.
Puerto Cortez, Central America	J. Benjamin	Consular agent.
Puerto Perez	Herman Wigger	Do.
Puerto Plata, San Domingo	Thomas Simpson	Consul.
Do	William Lithgow	Vice-consul.
Punta Arenas, Costa Rica	Luis Hernandez	Consular agent.
Quebec, Canada	John N. Wasson	Consul.
Do	Charles P. Champion	Vice-consul.
Rabat, Morocco	Moses Bentar	Acting consular agent.
Rangoon, Burmah	Charles W. Robertson	Consular agent.
Redditch, England	H. C. Browning	Do.
Reichenberg, Austria	Gustav Herrmann	Do.
Rennes, France	Charles D. Huret	Do.
Revel, Russia	E. von Glehn	Do.
Rheims, France	John L. Frisbie	Consul.
Do	Frank Jaunay	Vice-consul.
Riga, Russia	Niles P. A. Bornholdt	Consular agent.
Rio de Janeiro, Brazil	C. C. Andrews	Consul-general.
Do	Jas. H. Murray	Vice and dep. con. gen.
Rio Grande, Brazil	Beckford Mackey	Consul.
Do	Wm. August Preller	Vice-consul.
Rio Hacha, Colombia	George N. Illidge	Consular agent.
Ritzebüttel and Cuxhaven, Germany	Heinrich Tönnies	Do.
Rodi, Italy	T. del Giudice	Do.
Rome, Italy	S. H. M. Byers	Consul-general.
Do	Charles M. Wood	Vice and deputy con. gen.
Ronne, Denmark	Charles Bistrup	Consular agent.
Rosario, Argentine Republic	Willis E. Baker	Consul.
Do	William Perkins	Vice-consul.
Rostoff and Taganrog, Russia	John Martin	Consular agent.
Rotterdam, Netherlands	John F. Winter	Consul.
Do	A. A. Wambersie	Vice-consul.
Roubaix, France	César Piat	Consular agent.
Rouen, France	Charles P. Williams	Consul.
Do	John A. Wright	Vice-consul.
Ruatan and Truxillo, Central America	Wm. C. Burchard	Consul.
Do	Philip S. Burchard	Vice-consul.
Russell, New Zealand	Henry Stephenson	Consular agent.
Rutschuk, Turkey		Do.
Saffi, Morocco	Jacob Benzacar	Acting consular agent.
Sagua la Grande, Cuba	Clarence C. Ford	Commercial agent.
Do		Vice-commercial agent.
Sal, Cape Verde Islands	J. J. Vera Cruz	Consular agent.

Consular offices.	Consular officers.	Rank.
Salonica, Turkey	P. H. Lazaro	Cansular agent.
Salt Cay, West Indies	Alexis W. Harriott	Do.
Saltillo, Mexico		Consul.
Samana, San Domingo		Commercial agent.
Do	Gregorio Rivas	Vice-commercial agent.
San Andrés, Colombia	Brooks Carnes	Consular agent.
San Blas, Mexico	Richard Lambert	Consul.
Do	James W. Stephens	Vice-consul.
San Cristobal, Venezuela	E. F. C. Henckel	Consular agent.
San Domingo, West Indies	Henry C. C. Astwood	Consul.
Do	John W. Farrand	Vice-consul.
San José, Costa Rica	John Schroeder	Consul.
Do	Joseph L. Livingston	Vice-consul.
San José and Cape St. Lucas, Mexico	Abraham Kurnitzky	Consular agent.
San José de Gautemala	John Stuart	Do.
San Juan de los Remedios, Cuba	Woodbury G. Polleys	Commercial agent.
Do	James H. Springer	Vice-commercial agent.
San Juan del Norte, Nicaragua	William A. Brown	Consul.
Do		Vice-consul.
San Juan del Sur, Nicaragua	Edward R. Deshon	Commercial agent.
San Juan, Porto Rico	Edward Conroy	Consul.
Do	Andres Crosas	Vice-consul.
San Luis Potosi	George B. Clark	Consul.
Do		Vice-consul.
San Pedro Sula, Honduras		Consular agent.
San Remo, Italy	Albert Ameglio	Do.
Santa Cruz, Cuba	John C. Henke	Do.
Santa Cruz Point, Mexico	Conrad Cloetta	Do.
Santa Cruz, West Indies	Joseph W. Willard	Do.
Santa Martha, Colombia	M. J. Mier	Do.
San Salvador	J. M. Duke	Consul.
Do		Vice consul.
San Sebastian, Spain	José M. de Brunet	Consular agent.
Santander, Spain	Clodoniro Perez	Consul.
Do	Modesto Pineiro	Vice-consul.
Santiago, Cape Verde Islands	Henry Pease	Consul.
Do	José P. Borjas	Vice-consul.
Santiago, Cuba	John C. Landreau	Consul.
Do	Joaquin Viosca	Vice-consul.
Santos, Brazil	William T. Wright	Consul.
Do	Henry Broad	Vice-consul.
Sault St. Marie, Canada	John A. Colwell	Consular agent.
Savannah la Mar, Jamaica	Charles S. Farquharson	Do.
Schiedam, Netherlands	Wm. P. Atwell	Do.
Scilly Islands, England	John Banfield, jr	Do.
Seoul, Corea	L. H. Foote	Consul-general.
Seville, Spain	W. C. Anderson	Consular agent.
Setubal, Portugal	Joaquim T. O'Neil	Do.
Shanghai, China	Julius Stahel	Consul-general.
Do		Vice-consul-general.
Do	John J. Coffey	Deputy consul-general.
Sheffield, England	C. B. Webster	Consul.
Do	Chas. A. Branson	Vice-consul.
Shelburne, Canada	N. W. White	Consular agent.
Sherbrook, Canada	Benjamin S. Parker	Consul.
Do	W. B. McCutcheon	Vice-commercial agent.
Sidon, Syria	S. Abela	Consular agent.
Sierra Leone, West Africa	Judson A. Lewis	Consul.
Do	Alexander R. Yates	Vice-consul.
Simonstown, South Africa	J. R. Black, jr	Consular agent.
Singapore, India	Adolph G. Studer	Consul.
Do	John Anderson	Vice-consul.
Sligo, Ireland		Consular agent.
Smith's Falls, Canada	W. M. Keith	Do.

Consular offices.	Consular officers.	Rank.
Smyrna, Turkey	Wm. E. Stevens	Consul.
Do	Ezra J. Davee	Vice-consul.
Soderhamn, Sweden	Pehr Sundh	Consular agent.
Sonneberg, Germany	Geo. F. Mosher	Consul.
Do	George Ortelli	Vice-consul.
Sonsonate, Salvador	Joaquin Mathé	Consul.
Do	James Geddes	Vice-consul.
Soerabaya, Java	Thomas W. Auten	Consular agent.
Sorel, Canada	Harry P. Dill	Commercial agent.
Do	E. Pelletier	Vice and dep. com. agt.
Souris, Canada	Caleb C. Carleton	Consular agent.
Southampton, England	William Thomson	Consul.
Do	Joseph M. Pastor	Vice-consul.
Spezia, Italy	John Greenham	Consular agent.
St. Ann's Bay, Jamaica	Michael Solomons	Do.
St. Andrews, Canada	Geo. F. Stickney	Do.
St. Bartholomew, West Indies	R. Burton Dinzey	Commercial agent.
Do	J. Oscar Florandin	Vice-commercial agent.
St. Catharines, Canada	Leonard H. Collard	Consular agent.
St. Christopher, West Indies	Emile S. Delisle	Commercial agent.
St. Denis, Isle of Réunion	Anatole Langlois	Do.
Do	Alcide Baran	Vice-commercial agent.
St. Etienne, France	Theodore Hertzberg	Commercial agent.
Do	Edward F. Hertzberg	Vice-commercial agent.
St. Eustatius, West Indies	George Doyle	Consular agent.
St. Galle, Switzerland	E. P. Beauchamp	Consul.
Do	L. L. Brettauer	Vice and deputy consul.
St. George, Azores	J. J. Cardoza	Consular agent.
St. George, Canada	Hugh Ludgate	Do.
St. George's, Bermuda		Commercial agent.
Do	James A. Atwood	Vice-commercial agent.
St. Helena (Island of)		Consul.
Do	Chas. A. Carrol	Vice-consul.
St. Helen's, England	John Hammill	Consular agent.
St. Hyacinthe, Canada	Allen Fish	Commercial agent.
Do	Francis Bartels	Vice-commercial agent.
St. John's, Quebec, Canada	Silas P. Hubbell	Consul.
Do	John Donaghy	Vice-consul.
St. John's, Newfoundland	Thomas N. Molloy	Consul.
Do	Wm. L. Donnelly	Vice-consul.
St. John, New Brunswick, Canada	Darius B. Warner	Consul.
Do	Ezra W. Gale	Vice and deputy consul.
St. Lucia, West Indies	William Peter	Consular agent.
St. Malo, France	Raymond Moulton	Do.
St. Marc, Hayti	A. M. Ricci	Commercial agent.
St. Martin, West Indies	D. C. Van Romondt	Consul.
Do	Lewis H. Percival	Vice-consul.
St. Michael's, Azores	Richard Seemann	Consular agent.
St. Nazaire, France	Henry P. Sutton	Do.
St. Paul de Loando, West Africa	Robert H. Davis	Consul.
Do	F. M. Swart	Vice-consul.
St. Pierre, Miquelon	J. P. Frecker	Commercial agent.
Do	William F. McLaughlin	Vice-commercial agent.
St. Petersburg, Russia	Edgar Stanton	Consul-general.
Do	G. M. Hutton	Vice and dep. con. gen.
St. Stephen, Canada	Paul Lange	Consul.
Do	Willard B. King	Vice and deputy consul.
St. Thomas, West Indies	V. V. Smith	Consul.
Do	W. M. Simmons	Vice and deputy consul.
St. Vincent, Cape Verde Islands	John Randall, jr	Consular agent.
St. Vincent, West Indies	William E. Hughes	Do.
Stanbridge, Canada	Frank Harmon	Commercial agent.
Do	G. M. Hastings	Vice and dep. com. agent.
Stanley's Bridge, Prince Edward Island	Samuel H. Brown	Consular agent.

Consular offices.	Consular officers.	Rank.
Stanstead, Canada	Austin T. Foster	Consular agent.
Stavanger, Norway	Thomas Falck	Dc.
Stettin, Germany	Hermann Kiefer	Consul.
Do	Julius Dittmer	Vice and deputy cons
Stockholm, Sweden	Nere A. Elfwing	Consul.
Do	Lars H. Horngren	Vice-consul.
Stratford, Canada	J. S. Benedict	Consular agent.
Stuttgart, Germany	Charles Einstein	Consul.
Do	Otto H. Vossler	Vice-consul.
Suez, Egypt	M. Minotto	Consular agent.
Summerside, Canada	Fairlay McNeill	Do.
Sunderland, England	James Horan	Do.
Sundsvall, Sweden	Per A. A. Liljeqvist	Do.
Sutton, Canada	Lester Rounds	Do.
Swansea, Wales	J. A. Thomas	Do.
Swatow, China	Wm. T. Jones	Do.
Sydney, Australia	Gilderoy W. Griffin	Consul.
Do	George M. Slate	Vice-consul.
Syra, Greece	Basil Padova	Consular agent.
Syracuse, Italy	N. Stella	Do.
Tahiti, Society Islands	Dorence Atwater	Consul.
Do	James J. Young	Vice-consul.
Talcahuano, Chili	John F. Van Ingen	Consul.
Do		Vice-consul.
Tamatave, Madagascar	William W. Robinson	Consul.
Do	Richard M. Whitney	Vice-consul.
Tampico, Mexico	Augustus J. Cassard	Consul.
Do	Neill E. Pressly	Vice-consul.
Tamsui and Keelung, China	Wilfred Christy	Consular agent.
Tangier, Morocco	F. A. Mathews	Consul.
Tarragona, Spain	Geo. D. Arzmüller	Consular agent.
Tegucigalpa, Honduras	George C. Tanner	Consul.
Do		Vice-consul.
Teheran, Persia	S. G. W. Benjamin	Consul-general.
Do	W. W. Torrence	Vice-consul-general.
Tehuantepec and Salina Cruz, Mexico	Albert Langner	Consular agent.
Teneriffe, Canary Islands	Harrison B. McKay	Consul.
Do	Philibert Lallier	Vice-consul.
Terceira, Azores	Henrique de Castro	Consular agent.
Terranova, Italy	Antonias Nocera	Do.
Tetuan, North Africa	Judah S. Levy	Commercial agent.
Three Rivers, Canada	Fred'k F. Farmer	Consul.
Do	Alexander Houliston	Vice-consul.
Tien-Tsin, China	George T. Bromley	Consul.
Do		Vice-consul.
Toronto, Canada	Walter E. Howard	Consul.
Do	C. A. Hirschfelder	Vice-consul.
Torrevieja, Spain	Ceferino Talavera	Consular agent.
Toulon, France	Alfred Reynaud	Do.
Trapani, Italy	L. Marrone	Do.
Trebizond, Turkey	Jean Baptiste Marengo	Do.
Trieste, Austria	F. W. Hossfeld	Consul.
Do		Vice and deputy consu
Trinidad, West Indies	John Towler	Consul.
Do	Julian H. Archer	Vice-consul.
Trinidad, Cuba	José P. y Magdaleno	Consular agent.
Tripoli, Syria	George Yanni	Do.
Truxillo, Honduras	W. L. Hammond	Do.
Tumbez, Peru	James Faulkner	Do.
Tunstall, England	Edwd. E. Lane	Consul.
Do	Fredric W. Tomkinson	Vice and deputy cons
Turin, Italy		Consul.
Do	A. J. De Zeyk	Vice and deputy cons
Turk's Island, Bahamas	N. K. Sawyer	Consul.

Consular offices.	Consular officers.	Rank.
k's Island, Bahamas	John W. Darrell	Vice-consul.
Do	Alfred A. Darrell	Deputy consul.
a, Central America	Robert Woodville	Consular agent.
ra, Venezuela	Carl Colsman	Do.
araiso, Chili	David M. Dunn	Consul.
Do	August Möller, jr	Vice-consul.
ce, Italy	McWalter B. Noyes	Consul.
Do	Wm. H. De Wolf Budd	Vice-consul.
Cruz, Mexico	Bruno Tzschuck	Consul.
Do	Edward de la Torre	Vice-consul.
iers and Liege, Belgium	Gilbert D. Robertson	Consul.
Do	Adolph Mullender	Vice-consul.
y, Switzerland	Phileppe Genton	Consular agent.
ria, British Columbia	Robert J. Stevens	Consul.
Do	Edgar Marvin	Vice-consul.
uez, Porto Rico	Lane Garben	Consular agent.
na, Austria	James Riley Weaver	Consul-general.
Do	William Herz	Vice-consul-general.
Do	Clarence M. Hyde	Deputy consul-general.
, Spain	Camilo Molins	Consular agent.
ro, Spain	Joaquin Muñiz	Do.
oka, Manitoba	Clarence W. Williams	Do.
aceburg, Canada	D. C. Huntoon	Do.
on, Canada	Alex. McN. Parker	Do.
saw, Russia	Joseph Rawicz	Consul.
rford, Ireland	William H. Farrell	Consular agent.
rloo, Quebec	Thos. M. Johnston	Do.
baushene, Canada	Charles P. Fisher	Do.
ington, New Zealand	H. W. Levin	Do.
mouth, England	William Smith	Do.
tby, Canada	George B. Yule	Do.
dsor, Ontario, Canada	Charles Ewers	Consul.
Do	John W. Holton	Vice-consul.
dsor, Nova Scotia, Canada	Daniel K. Hobart	Consul.
Do	Charles E. Hobart	Vice and dep. consul.
nipeg, Manitoba	James W. Taylor	Consul.
Do	Saml. J. Van Rensselaer	Vice-consul.
dstock, N. B	Walter T. Townshend	Commercial agent.
Do	Robert B. Sloat	Vice-commercial agent.
lfville, Canada	John W. Hamilton	Consular agent.
locqsk, Russia	John Steller	Consular agent.
lverhampton, England	John Neve	Do.
yborg, Russia	Alexander Sesemann	Do.
rmouth, Canada	Joseph R. Kinny	Do.
scaran, Honduras	H. W. N. Cole	Do.
nzibar, East Africa	Frederic M. Cheney	Consul.
Do	Edward D. Roper, jr	Vice-consul.
catecas, Mexico	----------	Consul.
Do	----------	Vice-consul.
nte, Greece	A. L. Crowe	Consular agent.
za, Cuba	Sinesio Ballesta	Do.
rich, Switzerland	George L. Catlin	Consul.
Do	Ed. von Orelli	Vice-consul.

CONSULAR CLERKS.

Authorized by the act of Congress approved June 20, 1864.

bert J. De Zeyk ---------- Turin.
. A. Springer ---------- Havana.
as. F. Thirion ---------- Marseilles.
. P. MacLean ---------- Paris.
arles M. Wood ---------- Rome.
orge H. Scidmore ---------- Osaka and Hiogo.
Frank P. Hastings ---------- Honolulu.
Samuel P. Brown ---------- Belfast.
G. Harrison Smith ---------- Berlin.
Denning Duer, jr ---------- Lisbon.
St. Leger A. Touhay ---------- Rome.
William W. Butler ---------- Liverpool.

THE DISTRICT GOVERNMENT.

COMMISSIONERS.

President.—James B. Edmonds, 1625 K street, N. W.
Joseph R. West, 815 Fifteenth street, N. W.
Garrett J. Lydecker, Major of Engineers, U. S. A., 1412 Twentieth street, N. W.
Secretary.—William Tindall, corner Oakland avenue and Connecticut avenue extended.

THE DISTRICT OFFICERS.

Assistant Engineer.—Captain F. V. Greene, U. S. A., 1915 G street, N. W.
Assistant Engineer.—Lieutenant C. McD. Townsend, 1906 G street, N. W.
Attorney.—A. G. Riddle, 1116 Thirteenth street, N. W.; office, 460 Louisiana avenue.
Assistant Attorney.—Francis Miller, 460 Louisiana avenue; residence, Sandy Springs, Md.
Collector of Taxes.—John F. Cook, 1005 Sixteenth street, N. W.
Assessor.—Robert P. Dodge, 1534 Twenty-eighth street, West Washington.
Auditor.—I. S. Tichenor, 1311 M street, N. W.
Coroner.—De Witt C. Patterson, M. D., 919 I street, N. W.
Surveyor.—William Forsyth, 1707 G street, N. W.
Inspector of Buildings.—Thomas B. Entwisle, 1709 H street, N. W.
Supt. of Public Schools.—J. Ormond Wilson, 1439 Massachusetts avenue, N. W.

THE POLICE COURT.

Judge.—William B. Snell, 937 H street, N. W.
Clerk.—Howard L. Prince, 419 Spruce street, Le Droit Park.
Deputy.—Joseph Harper, 113 Third street, N. E.
Assistant U. S. Attorney.—E. H. Thomas, 447 O street, N. W.
Special Assistant Attorney for D. C.—J. E. Padgett, 460 Louisiana avenue.
Messenger.—N. C. Harper, 113 Third street, N. W.

THE METROPOLITAN POLICE.

Major and Superintendent.—William McE. Dye, 1301 T street, N. W.
Captain and Inspector.—Charles R. Vernon, 469 F street, S. W.
Secretary and Property Clerk.—Richard Sylvester, 422 Fifth street, N. W.
Clerk.—J. Arthur Kemp, 630 A street, S. E.
Detailed Clerk.—J. J. Gorman, 210 Massachusetts avenue, N. W.
Police Surgeons.—Dr. S. A. H. McKim, corner Fifth and A streets, S. E.; Dr. G. L. McGruder, 815 Vermont avenue; C. H. H. Kleinschmidt, 3113 N street, N. W.; and J. W. Bayne, 210 B street, S. E.
Sanitary Officer.—D. H. Teeple.
Hack Inspector.—M. W. Quinlan.
Police Headquarters.—501 D street, N. W.
Station Houses.—*First precinct*, E street, between Four-and-a-half and Sixth streets, S. W.
Second precinct, U street, between Ninth street and Vermont avenue, N. W.
Third precinct, High street, West Washington, N. W.
Fourth precinct, K street, between Twentieth and Twenty-first streets, N. W.
Fifth precinct, Twelfth street, between C and D streets, N. W.
Sixth precinct, Massachusetts ave., between Ninth and Tenth streets, N. W.
Seventh precinct, First street, corner of F street, N. W.
Eighth precinct, South Carolina ave., between Fifth and Sixth streets, S. E.

THE FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Chief Engineer.—Martin Cronin, 404 H street, N. W.
Assistant Chief Engineer (acting).—George Spilman, 2803 M street, N. W.
Assistant Chief Engineer (acting).—Charles Merillatt, 12 I street, N. W.
Secretary.—Otto C. Reinecke, 428 M street, N. W.
Fire Marshal.—Wm. O. Drew, 1337 Thirtieth street, N. W.
Engine House.—No. 1, K, between Sixteenth and Seventeenth streets, N. W.
No. 2, D, near Twelfth street, N. W.
No. 3, Delaware avenue and C streets, N. E.
No. 4, Virginia avenue, between Four-and-a-half and Sixth streets, S. W.
No. 5, High street, near Bridge, West Washington.
No. 6, Massachusetts avenue, between Fourth and Fifth streets, N. W.
No. 7, R street, between Ninth and Tenth streets, N. W.
Truck A, North Capitol, near C street, N. E.
Truck B, New Hampshire avenue and M street, N. W.

THE FIRE-ALARM TELEGRAPH.

First District.

12. Second and D streets, N. W.
13. Second and B streets, N. W.
14. Third and G streets, N. W.
15. Mass. av. bet. 4th and 5th sts., N. W.
16. Sixth and B (B. and P. depot) sts., N. W.
17. 4½ bet. Pa. av. and C st., N. W.
18. Pa. av. between 3d and 4½ sts., N. W.
19. Police station, 1st and F sts., N. W.
121. Police headquarters.
123. Sixth and G streets, N. W.
124. Seventh and Louisiana avenue, N. W.
125. Seventh and E streets, N. W.
126. General post-office.
127. Seventh and I streets, N. W.
129. Ninth and D streets, N. W.
131. Ninth and F streets, N. W.
132. Ninth and H streets, N. W.
134. Medical Museum, 10th street, N. W.
135. Eleventh and G streets, N. W.
136. Eleventh and L streets, N. W.
137. Police station, Mass. av. bet. 9th and 10th.
141. Pension Office, Pa. av. and 21st st.
142. Thirteenth and F streets, N. W.
143. Thirteenth and I streets, N. W.
145. Ebbitt House.
146. Riggs House.
147. Fifteenth and I streets, N. W.
148. Fourteenth and Vermont av., N. W.
149. L bet. 15th and 16th streets, N. W.
151. D bet. 12th and 13th streets, N. W.
152. Tenth and C streets, N. W.
153. Thirteenth and B streets, N. W.
154. Fifteenth and E streets, N. W.

Second District.

21. New Jersey av. and K street, N. W.
23. Fourth st. and New York av., N. W.
24. Fourth and O streets, N. W.
25. Sixth st. and New York avenue, N. W.
26. Fifth and W streets, N. W.
27. Fifth st. and Rhode Island av., N. W.
212. Seventh and N streets, N. W.
213. Seventh and R streets, N. W.
214. Seventh and Boundary streets, N. W.
215. Ninth and L streets, N. W.
216. Tenth and N streets, N. W.
217. Ninth and P streets, N. W.
218. Police station, W bet. 9th and 10th, N. W.
236. Eleventh and O streets, N. W.
237. Twelfth and Q streets, N. W.
238. Twelfth and S streets, N. W.
239. Twelfth and V streets, N. W.
241. Fourteenth st. and R. I. av., N. W.
243. Fourteenth and Corcoran streets, N. W.
245. Fourteenth and W streets, N. W.
246. Fourteenth and Boundary streets, N. W.
247. Sixteenth and P streets, N. W.
249. Fifteenth near S street, N. W.
251. Sixteenth and T streets, N. W.
253. Nineteenth and R streets, N. W.
254. Sixteenth and R streets, N. W.
256. Columbia road and Oakland avenue.

Third District.

31. Seventeenth, bet. F and G streets, N. W.
32. G, between 17th and 18th streets, N. W.
34. K, between 16th and 17th streets, N. W.
35. Sixteenth and M streets, N. W.
36. Nineteenth and F streets, N. W.
37. Nineteenth st. and Penn. ave., N. W.
38. Police station, K, near 20th street, N.W.
39. Nineteenth and L streets, N. W.
312. Twenty-second and E streets, N. W.
314. Twenty-first and H streets, N. W.
315. New Hampshire ave. and M sts., N. W.
318. W, between 17th and 18th streets, N. W.
319. Twentieth and P streets, N. W.
321. Twenty-fourth and G streets, N. W.
324. Penn. ave., bet. 23d and 24th sts., N. W.
327. Twenty-sixth and I streets, N. W.
328. Twenty-fifth and M streets, N. W.

Fourth District.

41. Maryland avenue and 4½ street, S. W.
42. Virginia ave., bet. 4½ and 6th sts., S. W.
43. Four-and-a-half and H streets, S. W.
45. Four-and-a-half and N streets, S. W.
46. Arsenal guard-house.
47. Police station, E, near 4½ street, S. W.
412. Seventh street and Maryland ave., S. W.
413. Seventh and F streets, S. W.
415. Seventh and K streets, S. W.
416. Twelfth and Water streets, S. W.
417. Fourteenth and C streets, S. W.
421. National Museum.
423. Eleventh st. and Maryland ave., S. W.
425. C, between Second and Third sts., S. W.
426. First and N streets, S. W.
427. Sixth, near M street, S. W.
431. Thirteenth and C streets, S. W.
432. Fourteenth and B streets, S. W.
435. Ninth and H streets, S. W.
436. Tenth street and Virginia avenue, S. W.

Fifth District.

51. U. S. Coast Survey, N. J. avenue, S. E.
52. Second and East Capitol streets, S. E.
53. Second and C streets, S. E.
54. Third and L streets, S. E.
56. Police Station, Fifth and S. C. ave., S. E.
512. Seventh and East Capitol streets, S. E.
513. Seventh and Pennsylvania avenue, S. E.
514. Navy-yard gate, S. E.
516. Third and B streets, S. E.
517. Third and D streets, S. E.
521. Eleventh and B streets, S. E.
523. Eleventh and I streets, S. E.
524. Thirteenth and E streets, S. E.
526. Eleventh and M streets, S. E.
527. Almshouse.
528. Insane Asylum.

Sixth District.

61. No. 3 Eng. H., Del. ave. and C sts., N. E.
62. Government Printing Office.
63. Delaware avenue and K street, N. E.
64. Deaf and Dumb Asylum.
65. Truck A House, North Capitol st., N. E.
67. H, between Second and Third sts., N. E.
612. Fourth and C streets, N. E.
613. Sixth and H streets, N. E.
621. Tenth and H streets, N. E.
623. North Capitol and F streets, N. E.
625. North Capitol and P streets, N. E.
627. Eighth and Maryland avenue, N. E.
631. Sixth and A streets, N. E.
632. Ninth and A streets, N. E.

Seventh District.

71. Thirtieth and M sts., W. Washington.
72. Thirty-eighth and O sts., W. Wash.
73. Thirty-second and Q sts., W. Wash.
76. Industrial Home School, W. Wash.
712. Thirty-fourth and O streets, W. Wash.
713. Frederic and Seventh sts., W. Wash.
714. Thirty-first and O streets, W. Wash.
721. No. 5 Engine, M near 32d, W. Wash.
731. Thirtieth and K streets, W. Wash.
732. Water and Potomac streets, W. Wash.
735. P street car stables, West Washington.

THE HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

(Office, Department Building, 503 D street, N. W.)

Health Officer.—Smith Townshend, M. D., 221 Four-and-a-half street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—J. C. McGinn, 225 Four-and-a-half street, N. W.
Sanitary Inspectors.—W. A. Short, 720 Thirteenth street, N. W.
John N. Dickson, 428 Third street, N. W.
Thomas M. Shepherd, 609 Sixth street, N. W.
L. A. Douglass, 1606 Fifteenth street, N. W.
A. J. Heird, 503 D street, N. W.
B. G. Pool, 1422 Eleventh street, N. W.
Food Inspectors.—George P. Bohrer, 326 Virginia avenue, S. E.
James McV. Mackall, 503 D street, N. W.
Inspector of Marine Products.—Gwynn Harris, 218 Eighth street, S. W.
Pound Master.—Samuel Einstein, 422 New Jersey avenue, N. W.
Physicians to the Poor.—R. A. Pyles, Anacostia, D. C.
Henry Darling, Brightwood, D. C.
Henderson Suter, 1207 Thirty-first street, N. W.
R. A. Neale, 1909 Pennsylvania avenue N. W.
D. B. Street, 61 H street, N. W.
Louis K. Beatty, 128 Eleventh street, S. E.
A. E. Johnson, 101 B street, S. E.
R. T. Holden, 802 Sixth street, S. W.
B. M. Beall, 1740 Fourteenth street, N. W.
A. A. Marsteller, 304 C street, N. W.
George Lee, 1319 Vermont avenue, N. W.

PLACES OF AMUSEMENT.

National Theatre.—E street, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth streets.
Ford's Opera House.—Ninth street, below Pennsylvania avenue.
Washington Theatre Comique.—Eleventh street west and C street north.
Odd-Fellows' Hall.—Seventh street west, between D and E streets north.
Masonic Hall.—Corner F street north and Ninth street west.
Lincoln Hall.—Northeast corner D street north and Ninth street west.
Willard Hall.—F street, rear of, Willard's Hotel.
Talmadge Hall.—F street, between Ninth and Tenth streets.
Knights of Honor Hall.—Corner of Ninth and F streets.
Albaugh's Opera House.—Fifteenth street, between Pennsylvania avenue and D street.

THE DISTRICT JUDICIARY.

SUPREME COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

CRIMINAL COURT—DISTRICT COURT—COMMON-LAW COURT—EQUITY COURT.

Chief-Justice David K. Cartter, 1505 H street, N. W.
Associate Justice Andrew Wylie, 1205 Fourteenth street, N. W.
Associate Justice Arthur MacArthur, 1201 N street, N. W.
Associate Justice Alexander B. Hagner, 1818 H street, N. W.
Associate Justice Walter S. Cox, 1636 I street, N. W.
Associate Justice Charles P. James, 1824 Massachusetts avenue.
Clerk.—R. J. Meigs, 302 New Jersey avenue, S. E.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE.

U. S. District Attorney.—Aug. S. Worthington, 411 Hazlewood avenue, Le Droit Park.
Assistant U. S. Dist. Att.—Hugh T. Taggart, 1237 Twenty-ninth street, N. W.
Assistant U. S. Dist. Att.—Randolph Coyle, 1405 Twenty-ninth street, N. W.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S OFFICE.

United States Marshal.—Clayton McMichael, 1918 Farragut square, N. W.
U. S. Deputy Marshal—J. Barclay Fassitt, 1715 H street.

REGISTER OF WILLS' OFFICE.

Register of Wills.—H. J. Ramsdell, 2013 Q street, N. W.
Assistant.—M. J. Griffith, 1401 Fifth street, N. W.

RECORDER'S OFFICE.

Recorder of Deeds.—Frederick Douglass, Uniontown, D. C.
Deputy Recorder of Deeds.—George F. Schayer, — Washington street, Georgetown.

DISTRICT BENEVOLENT INSTITUTIONS.

Children's Hospital, Thirteenth and W streets, N. W.
Columbia Hospital for Women, Pennsylvania avenue and Twenty-fourth street, N. W.
Columbia Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, at Kendall Green.
Emergency Hospital and Free Dispensary, Tenth street near D, N. W.
Epiphany Church Home, H near Thirteenth street, N. W.
Freedman's Hospital, Seventh street near Boundary, N. W.
Garfield Memorial Hospital, Fourteenth street and Boundary, N. W.
German Orphan Asylum.
Home for the Aged, Third and H streets, N. E.
Home for Destitute Colored Women and Children, Eighth street and Boundary, N. W.
Homeopathic Free Dispensary, G street near Seventh, N. W.
Homeopathic Hospital, F street near Eleventh, N. W.
Hospital for the Insane, on the banks of the Eastern Branch.
Industrial Home School, West Washington.
Louise Home for reduced gentlewomen, Sixteenth street and Massachusetts avenue, N. W.
Providenue Hospital, Second and D street, S. E.
Reform School, about 3 miles northeast of the Capitol.
Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Animals.
St. Ann's Infant Asylum, Twenty-fourth and K streets. N. W.
St. John's Male Orphan Asylum, Ninth and H streets, N. W.
St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum, Tenth and G streets, N. W.
Washington City Orphan Asylum, S and Fourteenth streets, N. W.
Women's Christian Association, 1016 Eleventh street, N. W.

THE SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION.

Presiding officer, ex officio.—CHESTER A. ARTHUR, President of the United States.
Chancellor.—Morrison R. Waite, Chief-Justice of the United States, 1415 I street.
Secretary, or Director of the Institution.—Spencer F. Baird, 1445 Massachusetts avenue.
Chief Clerk.—William J. Rhees, Spring street, near Mount Pleasant.
Corresponding Clerk.—Daniel Leech, 1802 G street, N. W.
Editor.—William B. Taylor, 306 C street, N. W.
Bookkeeper.—W. W. Karr, 1009 Thirteenth street, N. W.
Exchange Clerk.—G. H. Boehmer, 1318 V street, N. W.
Executive Committee.—John Maclean, Princeton, New Jersey.
William T. Sherman, Saint Louis, Missouri.
James C. Welling, of Washington.

REGENTS OF THE INSTITUTION.

Morrison R. Waite, Chief-Justice of the United States.
George F. Edmunds, President *pro tempore* of the United States Senate.
J. S. Morrill, member of the Senate of the United States.
Nathaniel P. Hill, member of the Senate of the United States.
Samuel B. Maxey, member of the Senate of the United States.
O. R. Singleton, member of the House of Representatives.
W. L. Wilson, member of the House of Representatives.
W. W. Phelps, member of the House of Representatives.
John Maclean, citizen of New Jersey. (Princeton.)
James C. Welling, citizen of Washington.
William T. Sherman, citizen of Missouri (Saint Louis).
Asa Gray, citizen of Massachusetts. (Cambridge.)
Henry Coppée, citizen of Pennsylvania. (Bethlehem.)
Noah Porter, citizen of Connecticut. (New Haven.)

MEMBERS EX OFFICIO OF THE INSTITUTION.

Chester A. Arthur, President of the United States.
George F. Edmunds, President *pro tempore* of the United States Senate.
Morrison R. Waite, Chief-Justice of the United States.
Frederick T. Frelinghuysen, Secretary of State.
Hugh McCulloch, Secretary of the Treasury.
Robert T. Lincoln, Secretary of War.
W. E. Chandler, Secretary of the Navy.
Henry M. Teller, Secretary of the Interior.
Frank Hattan, Postmaster-General.
Benjamin H. Brewster, Attorney-General.
B. Butterworth, Commissioner of Patents.

THE NATIONAL MUSEUM.

(Near the Smithsonian Institution.)

Director.—Spencer F. Baird, 1445 Massachusetts avenue.
Assistant Director.—G. Brown Goode, 1620 Massachusetts avenue.
Curators.—Tarleton H. Bean, C. Bendire, H. G. Beyer, F. W. Clarke, J. W. Collins, W. H. Dall, F. P. Dewey, R. E. Earll, Romyn Hitchcock, W. H. Holmes, O. T. Mason, G. P. Merrill, Richard Rathbun, Charles Rau, Robert Ridgway, C. V. Riley, R. E. C. Stearns, F. W. True, L. F. Ward, Charles A. White, C. D. Walcott, H. C. Yarrow.
Librarian.—Frederick W. True.
Registrar.—S. C. Brown.
Superintendent of Buildings.—H. Horan.

UNITED STATES FISH COMMISSION.

(Office, 1443 Massachusetts avenue.)

Commissioner.—Spencer F. Baird, 1445 Massachusetts avenue.
Assistant Commissioner.—T. B. Ferguson, 1435 Massachusetts avenue.
Disbursing Clerk.—Herbert A. Gill, 1608 Q street, N. W.
Superintendent of Carp Pond.—Rudolph Hessell, 718 Tenth street, N. W.
In Charge of Distribution.—Marshall McDonald, 1515 R street, N. W.
Secretary.—Edward Hayes, 107 I street, N. W.

THE CORCORAN GALLERY OF ART.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

President.—James C. Welling, President of Columbian University, 1302 Connecticut avenue
Vice-President.—Charles M. Matthews, 1403 Thirtieth street, West Washington.
Secretary and Treasurer.—Anthony Hyde, 1319 Thirtieth street, West Washington.
J. C. McGuire, 614 E street, N. W.
Walter S. Cox, Associate Judge of the Supreme Court, D. C., 1636 I street, N. W.
Spencer F. Baird, Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution.
Edward Clark, Architect of the United States Capitol.
Samuel H. Kauffmann, 1000 M street, N. W.
Frederick B. McGuire, 614 E street.

CURATOR.

William MacLeod, 1223 Thirteenth street.

ASSISTANT CURATOR AND LIBRARIAN.

F. S. Barbarin, 1312 Thirty-first street, West Washington.

ENGINEER OFFICE, WASHINGTON MONUMENT.

(612 Seventeenth street, N. W.)

Engineer in Charge.—Col. Thos. Lincoln Casey, Corps of Engineers, 1419 K st., N. W.
Assistant Engineer.—Capt. George W. Davis, Fourteenth Infantry, 1209 Q street, N. W.
Clerks.—James B. Dutton, Laurel, Md.
F. L. Harvey, jr., 1123 Seventeeth street, N. W.

THE BUREAU OF ETHNOLOGY.

(Office, in the National Museum.)

Director.—John W. Powell, 910 M street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—James C. Pilling, 918 M street, N. W.

THE WASHINGTON OBSERVATORY.

(Twenty-fourth and E streets.)

Superintendent.—Commodore S. R. Franklin, The Portland.
Acting Assistant Superintendent.—Commander W. T. Sampson, at the Observatory.
Clerk.—Thomas Harrison, 2723 N. street.

For a full list of officers, see Navy Department.

PLACES OF DIVINE WORSHIP.

HEBREW SYNAGOGUE.

Washington Hebrew Congregation, Eighth street, between H and I north. Service Friday evening at sundown, and Sabbath [Saturday] morning at 9 o'clock. L. Stern, minister.

Adas Israel Congregation (orthodox), 602 Sixth street. Services Friday evening at sunset, and Saturdays at 8 o'clock a. m.

CATHOLIC.

St. Patrick's Church, F street north, corner of Tenth street west, one square west from the Patent-Office edifice. Rev. J. A. Walter, pastor; C. F. Thomas, assistant.

St. Peter's Church, Capitol Hill, corner of Second and C streets, S. E. Rev. J. O'Sullivan, pastor; Revs. Sullivan and Donahue, assistants.

St. Matthew's Church, corner of Fifteenth and H streets. Rev. P. L. Chapelle, D. D., pastor; Rev. John D. Boland, assistant.

St. Mary's Church (German), Fifth street, near H. Rev. Francis Tewes, pastor.

St. Dominic's Church, on the Island, Sixth street west and F street south. Rev. P. C. Coll, O. P., pastor; Rev. A. Rotchford, O. P., Rev. James N. Edelin, O. P., Rev. William Spencer, O. P., Rev. William A. Horgan, O. P., assistants.

St. Aloysius Church, North Capitol and I streets. Rev. John J. Murphy, Rev. James Noonan, S. J., and others, assistants.

Church of the Immaculate Conception, Eighth and N streets. Rev. S. Ryan, pastor; Rev. P. Ryan, D. D., assistant.

St. Stephen's Church, Pennsylvania avenue and Twenty-fifth street. Rev. John McNally, pastor; Revs. Ahern and Dunn, assistants.

St. Augustine's Church (for colored people), Fifteenth street, near L street north. Rev. M. T. Walsh, pastor; Rev. Father D. Hurley, assistant.

St. Joseph's Church (German). Rev. J. P. M. Schleuter, S. J., pastor; Rev. James Busam, S. J., assistant.

Trinity Church, Georgetown. Rev. Stephen Kelly, pastor; Rev. A. Roccofort, assistant.

St. Teresa's Church, Anacostia. Rev. Thomas M. Hughes, pastor.

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL.

St. Paul's Church, Twenty-third street, south of Washington Circle. Rev. W. M. Barker

St. Mark's Church, Third street, near A street, S. E. Rev. A. Floridus Steele.

Christ Church, G street, bet. Sixth and Seventh streets, S. E. Rev. Charles D. Andrews.

St. John's Church, H street, opposite the White House. Rev. William A. Leonard; Rev. F. B. Reazor and Rev. C. J. Curtis, assistants.

Trinity Church, Third and C streets, N. W. Rev. Thomas G. Addison, D. D.

Church of the Epiphany, G street, near Fourteenth street, N.W. Rev. William Paret, D. D., Rev. I. McElroy, and Rev. C. C. Griffith.

Epiphany Chapel and Mission House, 1216 Maryland avenue, S. W.

Church of the Ascension, Massachusetts avenue and Twelfth street, N. W. Rev. John H. Elliott, S. T. D., and the Rev. Edward H. Ingle.

Church of the Incarnation, N street, corner of Twelfth, N. W. Rev. I. L. Townsend.

Grace Church, D and Ninth streets, S. W. Rev. F. C. Lee, rector.

St. Paul's Church, Rock Creek Parish, near Soldiers' Home. Rev. James A. Buck.

St. Luke's Church (for colored people), Fifteenth and Samson streets. Rev. Alexander Crummell, D. D.

Church of the Holy Cross, Massachusetts avenue, N. W. Rev. J. A. Harrold, M. D.

St. Andrew's Church, corner of Fourteenth and Corcoran streets. Rev. J. B. Perry.

Christ's Church, Georgetown, corner Congress and Beall streets. Rev. Albert R. Stuart.

St. John's Church, Georgetown, corner Second and Potomac streets. Rev. John S. Lindsay.

Grace Church, High street, north of Georgetown, Rev. Robert M. Baker.

St. Albans Church, Georgetown, Rev. Neilson Falls.

St. John's Chapel, Twenty-third street and Virginia avenue.

St. Mary's Chapel (St. John's parish), Twenty-third street, near G.

St. James' Church, Rev. J. W. Clark, Eighth street, between B and C streets, N. E.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.

Bishop Edward G. Andrews, Richmond Flats.

Rev. J. S. Deale, D. D., Presiding Elder, Washington District, 1321 Eleventh street, N.W.

Metropolitan, corner of Four-and-a-half and C streets. Rev. E. D. Huntley, D. D.

East Washington, Fourth street southeast. Rev. Joseph France, D D.

Foundry Church, corner of G and Fourteenth streets. Rev. H. R. Naylor, D. D.
Wesley Chapel, corner Fifth and F streets. Rev. R. Norris.
McKendree Chapel, Massachusetts avenue, near Ninth street. Rev. W. S. Edwards, D. D.
Fletcher Chapel, corner New York avenue and Fourth street. Rev. W. H. Laney, M. D.
Union Chapel, Twentieth street, near Pennsylvania avenue. Rev. W. T. L. Weech.
Ryland Chapel, Tenth street, corner of D, Island. Rev. W. H. Chapman.
Gorsuch Chapel, L street south, corner of Four-and-a-half street. Rev. E. D. Owen, D. D.
Waugh Chapel, A street north, corner of Fourth street east. Rev. R. N. Baer.
North Capitol street church, corner K street, N. E. Rev. J. C. Hagey.
Hamline Church, corner of Ninth and P streets north. Rev. J. A. Price.
Grace Church, corner Ninth and S streets, N. W. Rev. H. S. France.
Mount Zion, corner Sixteenth and R streets, N. W. Rev. J. F. Ockerman.
Twelfth Street Church. Rev. J. H. Ryland.
Dunbarton Street, Georgetown. Rev. W. I. McKenney.
West Georgetown. Rev. D. Haskell.
Anacostia, Uniontown. Rev. W. H. Reed.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL, SOUTH.

Mount Vernon Place Church, corner of Ninth and K streets. Rev. Dr. Cox.

METHODIST PROTESTANT.

Methodist Protestant Church, Ninth street, between E and F. Rev. J. L. Mills, D. D. Sunday services 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday-school 9.15 a. m. Young people's meeting on Tuesday; prayer meeting, Thursday; each at 7.30 p. m.
Methodist Protestant Church, Virginia avenue, near navy-yard. Rev. J. W. Gray.
Methodist Protestant Church, North Carolina avenue, near navy-yard. Rev. J. W. Trout.
Methodist Protestant Church, Georgetown. Rev. F. T. Tagg.

CONGREGATIONAL.

First Congregational Church, corner of Tenth and G. Rev. J. E. Rankin, D. D. Services at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sabbath-school, 9.45 a. m. Mission schools, 3 p. m. Weekly meeting, Thursday evening. Young people's meeting, Tuesday, 6.45 p. m.
Lincoln Memorial, Eleventh street, corner of R, N. W. Rev. G. W. Moore. Services at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Mission Sunday-school, 3.30 p. m.
Plymouth, Catholic Hall, Eighteenth street, N. W., between L and M streets. Rev. W. T. Peel. Services at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday-school, 9.45 a. m.

BAPTIST.

First Church, Thirteenth street, between G and H. Rev. J. H. Cuthbert, D. D.
Second Church, Virginia avenue, corner Fourth street, S. E. Rev. E. H. Swem.
EStreet Church, a square east from the General Post-Office. Rev. D. W. Faunce, D. D.
Fifth Church, D street south. Rev. C. C. Meador.
Calvary Church, corner of H and Eighth streets. Rev. S. H. Greene.
North Church, Fourteenth street, between R and S streets. Rev. N. J. Wheeler.
Metropolitan Church, corner of Sixth and B streets, N. E.
Gay Street Church, Georgetown. Kev. J. L. Lodge, D. D.
Anacostia Church, Uniontown. Rev. O. Ellyson.

CHRISTIAN.

Christian Church, Vermont avenue, between N and O streets, N. W. Rev. Frederick D. Power. Services on Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. and Thursdays at 7.30 p. m.

PRESBYTERIAN.

First Church, Four-and-a-half street, between C and D. Rev. Byron Sunderland, D. D., 328 C street, N. W.
New York Avenue Church, New York ave. and H street, N. W. Rev. W. A. Bartlett, D. D.
Fourth Church, Ninth street, N. W., between G and H. Rev. J. T. Kelly.
Assembly Church, corner of Fifth and I streets, N. W. Rev. George O. Little.
Sixth Church, Sixth street, S. W., near Maryland avenue. Rev. F. K. Burdick.
Western Church, H street, N. W., near Nineteenth. Rev. T. S. Wynkoop.
Metropolitan Church, Fourth and B streets, S. E. Rev. John Chester, D. D.
Westminster Church, Seventh street, S. W., between D and E. Rev. B. F. Bittinger, D. D.
North Church, N street, N. W., between Ninth and Tenth. Rev. C. B. Ramsdell.
Fifteenth Street Church, Fifteenth street, N. W., between I and K. Rev. F. J. Grimke.
Eastern Church, Eighth street, N. E., between F and G. Rev. Eugene Peck.
Central Church, Third and I streets, N. W. Rev. A. W. Pitzer, D. D.
West Street Church, P street, near Thirty-first. Rev. Thos. Fullerton, D. D.
Unity Church, corner Fourteenth and R streets, N. W. Rev. George B. Patch.

UNITARIAN.

All Souls Church, Fourteenth street, corner of L street. Morning services at 11 o'clock; vespers at 7½ p. m. Rev. Rush R. Shippen, 1722 Thirteenth street.

UNIVERSALIST.

Church of Our Father, 13th and L streets, N. W. Services at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m Sunday-school, 9.45 a. m. Rev. Alex. Kent, pastor.

FRIENDS' MEETING-HOUSE.

Meeting-House (Hicksite), 1811 I street. Meeting at 11 o'clock a. m.
(Orthodox) lecture-room of the Y. M. C. A. Meeting at 11 o'clock a. m.

NEW JERUSALEM.

Temple on North Capitol street, between B and C streets. Services at 11 o'clock a. m. Rev. Jabez Fox.

LUTHERAN.

German Evangelical Congregation of Trinity, Unaltered Augsburg Confession, Fourth street west, corner of E street north. Rev. W. C. H. Luebkert.
German Evangelical, St. John's Church, Four-and-a-half street. Rev. Leanardt.
St. Paul's Church, corner of Eleventh and H streets, N. W. Rev. Samuel Domer, D. D.
Memorial Church, corner of N and Fourteenth streets. Rev. J. G. Butler, D. D.
Church of the Reformation, Pennsylvania avenue and Second, S. E. Rev. W. E. Parson.
Church of the Fatherland, Sixth and P streets, N. W. Rev. A. Homrighaus.
Church at Georgetown. Rev. George A. Nixdorf.

GERMAN INDEPENDENT CHURCH.

Concordia, G street north, corner of Twentieth. Rev. Martin Kratt.

GERMAN REFORMED CHURCH.

First Reformed Church, corner of Sixth and N streets, N. W. Rev. A. Guenther. German service on Sunday morning at 11 o'clock.
Grace Reformed Church, corner of Fifteenth and O streets, N. W. Rev. Charles F. Sontag. Services every Sunday at 11 o'clock a. m., and 7.30 p. m.

REFORMED EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

Church of the Redeemer, Saint George's Hall, Eleventh street, between E and F streets, N. W. Rev. Charles W. Haddaway.

RELIGIOUS ASSOCIATIONS.

Carroll Institute, 602 F street, N. W. Free reading-room open every night, and free musical and literary entertainments every Thursday at 8 p. m. A free night school for boys is connected with the Institute. President, E. J. Hannan; Recording Secretary, H. W. Sohon; Corresponding Secretary, J. W. Reily; Treasurer, Thos. J. King. Librarian, M. W. Saxton. Editor, Frank McNerhany.

The Washington City Bible Society. Organized in 1828. The board of managers consists of the pastors of the several churches of the city *ex officio;* life directors and ministers of the gospel who are life members; and the following gentlemen elected at the last annual meeting: President, Rev. A. W. Pitzer, D. D.; Secretary, J. V. A. Shields; Treasurer and Depositary, William Ballantyne, 428 Seventh street, N. W.

The Sunday School Union of the District of Columbia meets the last Monday of every month in the Chapel of the Y. M. C. A. President, A. H. Nelson, Department of the Interior; Secretary, Henry K. Simpson, 505 Thirteenth street, N. W.

Women's Christian Association. Home on Thirteenth street, between R and S, N. W. President, Mrs. Justice Strong; Secretary, Mrs. C. A. Weed; Treasurer, Miss Josephine Chester; Register, Mrs. C. B. Jewell; Medical Advisers: Consulting, Dr. Jos. Tabor Johnson; attending, Dr. Mary Parsons, Mrs. Dr. Spachman; Matron, Miss C. R. Bent.

Young Men's Christian Association. Organized June, 1852. 1409 and 1411 New York avenue, N. W. Open daily from 9 a. m. to 10 p. m. President, John G. Ames; Recording Secretary, J. L. Ewin; General Secretary, T. A. Harding; Treasurer, E. B. Barnum.

Women's Christian Temperance Union, District of Columbia. Headquarters, Masonic Temple, 907 F street, N. W. Meeting, Sabbath, 3 p. m. President, Mrs. Clara L. Roach; Corresponding Secretary, Mrs. R. E. Hartwell; Recording Secretary, Mrs. Lydia Tilton; Treasurer, Mrs. Sarah D. La Fetra. Business headquarters, Temple Hotel, Ninth street.

WASHINGTON CITY POST-OFFICE.

Postmaster.—FRANK B. CONGER, 1746 N street, N. W.
Assistant Postmaster.—Henry Sherwood, 1017 East Capitol street.
Cashier.—Seymour W. Tullock, 940 French street, N. W.
Superintendent of Miscellaneous Division.—George H. Plant, jr., 918 M street, N. W.
Assistant Superintendent of Miscellaneous Division.—William B. Turpin, 1106 Sixth street, N. W.
Superintendent of Mailing Division.—Horace P. Springer, 730 Eighth street, N. W.
Assistant Superintendent of Mailing Division.—Robert C. Griffin, 1018 M street, S. E.
Superintendent of City Delivery Division.—James E. Bell, 330 C street, N. W.
Assistant Superintendent of City Delivery Division.—Charles E. Hartung, 1016 Mass. avenue, N. W.
Superintendent of Registry Division.—H. J. Hanford, 1203 Rhode Island avenue, N. W.
Assistant Superintendent of Registry Division.—James H. Parish, 114 Maryland avenue, N. E.
Superintendent of Money-Order Division.—Simeon H. Merrill, 916 P street, N. W.
Superintendent of Branch Office at Georgetown Station.—Huldah W. Blackford, 3156 P street, N. W.
Supt. of Branch Office, East Capitol Station.—J. Gillenwater, 2234 Thirteenth street, N. W.
Supt. of Branch Office, Station D.—George A. Bentley, Corcoran street, N. W.
Supt. of Branch Office, Station C.—Thomas A. Brown, jr., 1413 F street, N. W.
Supt. of Branch Office, Station E.—Charles S. Price, 426 Seventh street, S. W.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

Richmond, Fredericksburg, Petersburg, Wilmington, Charleston, Savannah, Eastern Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Southern Georgia and Florida, via Atlantic Coast Line: Close, 6.00, 10.35 a. m., and 4.30 p. m.; arrive, 10.45 a. m. and 11.15 p. m.

Gordonsville, Charlottesville, Staunton, Lynchburg, Bristol, Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, East Tennessee, Western North Carolina and South Carolina, Northern Georgia and all Alabama, via Kenesaw Route: Close, 8.10 a. m. and 10.10 p. m.; arrive, 9.00 a. m. and 9.40 p. m.

Canadas, New England States, Eastern Pennsylvania and Northern New York State, and Middle States: Close, 10.20 a. m., 1.10, 3.30, 9.30, and 10.45 p. m.; arrive, 6.20, 11.05 a. m., and 4.20 p. m.

Northern and Western Pennsylvania, Western and Southwestern New York: Close, 4.30, 9.10 a. m., 7.30 and 9.30 p. m.; arrive, 9.10 a. m. and 9.00 p. m.

Northwestern States and Territories: Close, 2.35, 9.10, 9.45 a. m., and 9.40 p. m.; arrive, 6.40, 9.10 a. m., 2.45, 6.35, 7.10, and 10.20 p. m.

Southwestern, Central, and Pacific States and Territories: Close, 2.35 and 9.45 a. m.; arrive, 6.40, 9.10 a. m., 2.45 and 10.20 p. m.

Alexandria, Va.: Close, 6.00, 8.10, 10.35 a. m., and 4.30 p. m.; arrive, 10.45 a. m., 1.35, 5.50, 7.40, and 9.35 p. m.

Baltimore, Md.: Close, 4.30, 6.10, 7.45, 9.10, 10.20 a. m., 1.10, 2.05, 4.10, 5.00, 9.30, and 10.45 p. m.; arrive, 3.15, 6.20, 8.20, 10.25, 11.05 a. m., 2.10, 4.20, 7.00, 8.50, and 10.20 p. m.

Chicago, Ill.: Close, 2.35, 9.10, 9.45 a. m., and 9.40 p. m.; arrive, 6.40 a. m., 2.45, 6.35, and 10.20 p. m.

Brightwood, D. C.: Close, 8.00 a. m. and 5.00 p. m.; arrive, 8.00 a. m., 5.00 and 7.00 p. m.

Cincinnati, Ohio: Close, 2.35, 9.45 a. m. and 9.40 p. m.; arrive, 6.40 a. m., 2.45 and 10.20 p. m.

Cleveland, Ohio: Close, 9.10 a. m. and 8.10 p. m.; arrive, 9.10 a. m. and 6.35 p. m.

Indianapolis, Ind.: Close, 2.35, 9.45 a. m., and 9. 40 p. m.; arrive, 6.40 a. m., 2.45 and 10.20 p. m.

Norfolk, Va.: Close, 6.00, 10.20 a. m., and 5.00 p. m.; arrive, 9.05 a. m. and 11.15 p. m.

New York, N. Y.: Close, 4.30, 9.10, 10.20 a. m., 1.10, 3.30, 9.30, and 10.45 p. m.; arrive, 3.15, 6.20, 8.25, 11.05 a. m., 4.20, 8.40, and 10.35 p. m.

Philadelphia, Pa.: Close, 4.30, 9.10, 10.20 a. m., 1.10, 3.30, 9.30, and 10.45 p. m.; arrive, 3.15, 6.20, 8.50, 11.05 a. m., and 4.20 p. m.

Pittsburgh, Pa.: Close, 2.35, 8.00, 9.10 a. m., and 8.10 p. m.; arrive, 2.30, 8.10 a. m., and 6.35 p. m.

Saint Louis, Mo.: Close, 2.35, 9.45 a. m., and 9.40 p. m.; arrive, 6.40 a. m., 2.45, and 10.20 p. m.

Winchester, Va.: Close, 8.00 a. m. and 5.05 p. m.; arrive, 10.20 a. m. and 2.45 p. m.

Annapolis, Md.: Close, 6.10 a. m. and 4.15 p. m.; arrive, 8.40 a. m. and 7.00 p. m.

Frederick, Md.: Close, 6.10, 8.00 a. m., and 4.15 p. m.; arrive, 8.40 a. m., 2.45, and 7.00 p. m.

UNITED STATES POSTAL REGULATIONS.

FIRST-CLASS MATTER.

Letters, matter wholly or partly in writing, printed or other matter containing a written inscription in the nature of personal correspondence, drawings, plans, designs, samples with prices or width noted thereon in writing, and matter which is sealed against inspection, are first-class matter, and subject to the postage rate of *two cents for each half ounce* or fraction thereof.

On local or drop letters *two cents for each half ounce* or fraction thereof.

Postal cards having anything attached, or having writing or printing on the face, other than the address, are subject to letter rates of postage.

SECOND-CLASS MATTER.

Embraces all newspapers and other periodical publications which are issued at stated intervals, and as frequently as four times a year, and are within the following conditions: First. It must be regularly issued at stated intervals, as frequently as four times a year, and bear a date of issue. Second. It must be formed of printed paper sheets, without board, cloth, leather, or other substantial binding, such as distinguish printed books for preservation from periodical publications. Fourth. It must be originated and published for the dissemination of information of a public character, or devoted to literature, the sciences, arts, or some special industry, and having a legitimate list of subscribers: Provided, however, that nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to admit to the second-class rate regular publications designed primarily for advertising purposes, or for free circulation, or for circulation at nominal rates.

THIRD-CLASS MATTER.

Embraces books, circulars, proof-sheets, corrected proof-sheets with manuscript copy accompanying the same, and all matter of the same general character, as above enumerated, designed to instruct or to impart general information, and postage shall be paid thereon at the rate of one cent for each two ounces or fractional part thereof.

On newspapers and periodical publications of the second class, when sent by others than the publisher or news agent, the postage shall be prepaid at the rate of one cent for each four ounces or fractional part thereof.

FOURTH-CLASS MATTER.

Embraces labels, patterns, photographs, playing cards, visiting cards, address tags, paper sacks, wrapping paper, and blotting pads with or without printed advertisements thereon, bill-heads, letter-heads, envelopes with printed addresses thereon, ornamented paper, and all other matter of the same general character, the printing upon which is not designed to instruct, amuse, cultivate the mind or taste, or impart general information. This class also includes merchandise, and samples of merchandise, models, samples of ores, metals, minerals, seeds, etc., and any other matter not included in the first, second, or third classes, and which is not in its form or nature liable to destroy, deface, or otherwise damage the contents of the mail bag, or harm the person. Postage rate thereon, one cent for each ounce or fractional part thereof.

PERMISSIBLE WRITING.

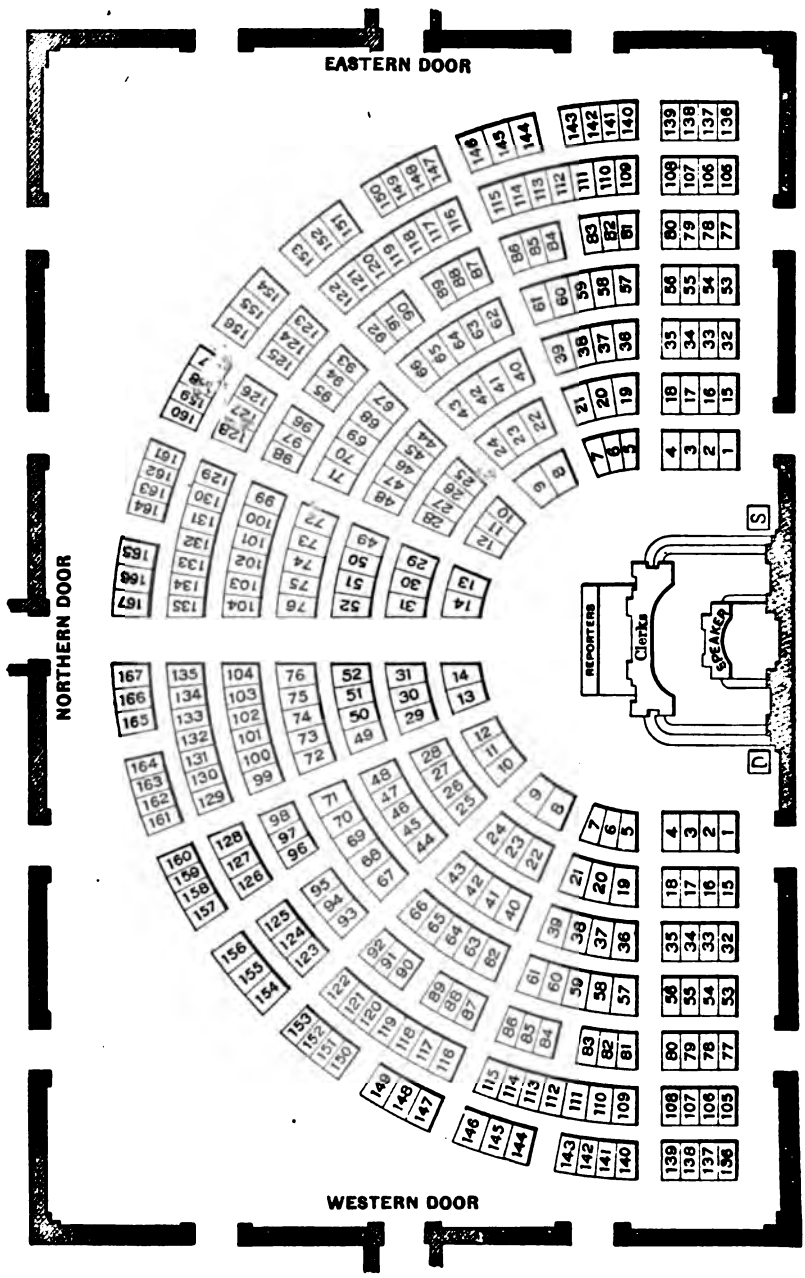
No writing is permitted on third or fourth-class matter except as follows: name and address of sender on the outside or inside of package, preceded by the word "from." On the wrapper may also be written the names and number of articles inclosed. The sender is further allowed to mark a word or passage in a book or paper to which he desires to call special attention. He may also write a simple inscription or dedication upon the cover or blank leaves of a book or pamphlet. Printed circulars may contain the written name of the sender, or of the addressee, and the date. Any other writing on third or fourth-class matter will subject the package to letter rates of postage, and render the sender liable to a fine of ten dollars for each offense. Printed matter may be inclosed with fourth-class matter, but the whole package is subject to the rate of one cent per ounce or fraction thereof.

RATES OF COMMISSION CHARGED FOR DOMESTIC MONEY ORDERS.

On orders not exceeding $10	$0 08	Over $50 and not exceeding $60	$0 30
Over $10 and not exceeding $15	10	Over $60 and not exceeding $70	35
Over $15 and not exceeding $30	15	Over $70 and not exceeding $80	40
Over $30 and not exceeding $40	20	Over $80 and not exceeding $100	45
Over $40 and not exceeding $50	25		

WASHINGTON CITY DIRECTORY.

Executive Mansion.—Pennsylvania avenue, between Fifteenth and Seventeenth streets.
State Department.—Corner Seventeenth street and New York avenue.
Treasury Department.—Fifteenth street west, opposite F street north.
Navy Department.—Seventeenth street west, opposite F street north.
War Department.—Seventeenth street, opposite F street north.
Interior Department.—F street north, between Seventh and Ninth streets.
Post-Office Department.—E street north, between Seventh and Eighth streets.
Department of Justice.—Freedman's Bank building, 1507 Pennsylvania avenue.
Department of Agriculture.—South Washington, opposite Thirteenth street.
Commissioner of Public Buildings.—Office corner of Seventeenth street and Pennsylvania ave.
Government Printing Office.—Corner of North Capitol and H street north.
Supreme Court of the United States.—At the Capitol, in the old Senate Chamber.
Court of Claims.—1509 Pennsylvania avenue.
Criminal Court.—At the City Hall, Four-and-a-half street.
District Court.—At the City Hall, Four-and-a-half street.
Common Law Court.—At the City Hall, Four-and-a-half street.
Equity Court.—At the City Hall, opposite Four-and-a-half street.
Probate Court.—At the City Hall, opposite Four-and-a-half street.
National Observatory.—E street north, opposite Twenty-third street west.
Navy-Yard.—On the Eastern Branch, three-fourths of a mile southeast of the Capitol.
Arsenal.—Southern extremity of Four-and-a-half street west.
Coast Survey Buildings.—New Jersey avenue, south of the Capitol.
Smithsonian Institution.—South Washington, opposite Tenth street.
National Museum.—South Washington, near the Smithsonian Institution.
Congressional Cemetery.—One mile east of the Capitol.
Washington Monument.—On the Mall, near the Potomac.
United States Botanic Garden.—Between First and Third streets west.
Masonic Hall.—Corner of Ninth and F streets.
Scottish Rite Masonic Hall.—Corner of Seventh and D streets.
Supreme Council Headquarters.—Corner of Third and E streets.
Odd-Fellows' Hall.—Seventh street west, between D and E streets north.
Odd-Fellows' Hall (Navy Yard).—Eighth street east, south of Pennsylvania avenue
Providence Hospital.—Corner of Second street east and D street south.
Children's Hospital.—Corner of Thirteenth and W streets.
Columbia Hospital for Women.—Pennsylvania avenue, corner of Twenty-fifth street.
Columbian Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind.—Kendall Green.
Government Hospital for the Insane.—Across the Navy-Yard Bridge.
Reform-School for Boys.—On the turnpike to Bladensburg.
Young Men's Christian Association.—New York avenue.
Grand Army of the Republic Halls.—Ninth and D and Seventh and L streets.
Corcoran Art Building.—Corner of Seventeenth street west and Pennsylvania avenue.
Washington Gas-Light Company.—Office, 472 Tenth street west.
Arlington Hotel.—Vermont avenue, between H and I streets.
Willard's Hotel.—Corner of Fourteenth street west and Pennsylvania avenue.
Ebbitt House.—F street north, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth streets west.
Riggs House.—Corner of G and Fifteenth streets.
Metropolitan Hotel.—Pennsylvania avenue, between Sixth and Seventh streets west.
National Hotel.—Corner of Sixth street west and Pennsylvania avenue.
Hamilton House.—Corner of Fourteenth and K streets.
St. James Hotel.—Corner of Pennsylvania avenue and Sixth street west.
Washington House.—Corner of Third street west and Pennsylvania avenue.
Owen House.—1413 Pennsylvania avenue.
Wormley's Hotel.—Corner of H and Fifteenth streets.
Portland Flats.—Corner of Fourteenth street and Vermont avenue.
Lexington Hotel.—Corner of New York avenue and Fifteenth street.
St. Marc Hotel.—Corner of Pennsylvania avenue and Seventh street west.
Welcker's Hotel.—727 Fifteenth street.
Congressional Hotel.—Capitol Hill, southeast of Capitol.
West End Hotel.—Bridge street, Georgetown.


EASTERN DOOR
NORTHERN DOOR
WESTERN DOOR
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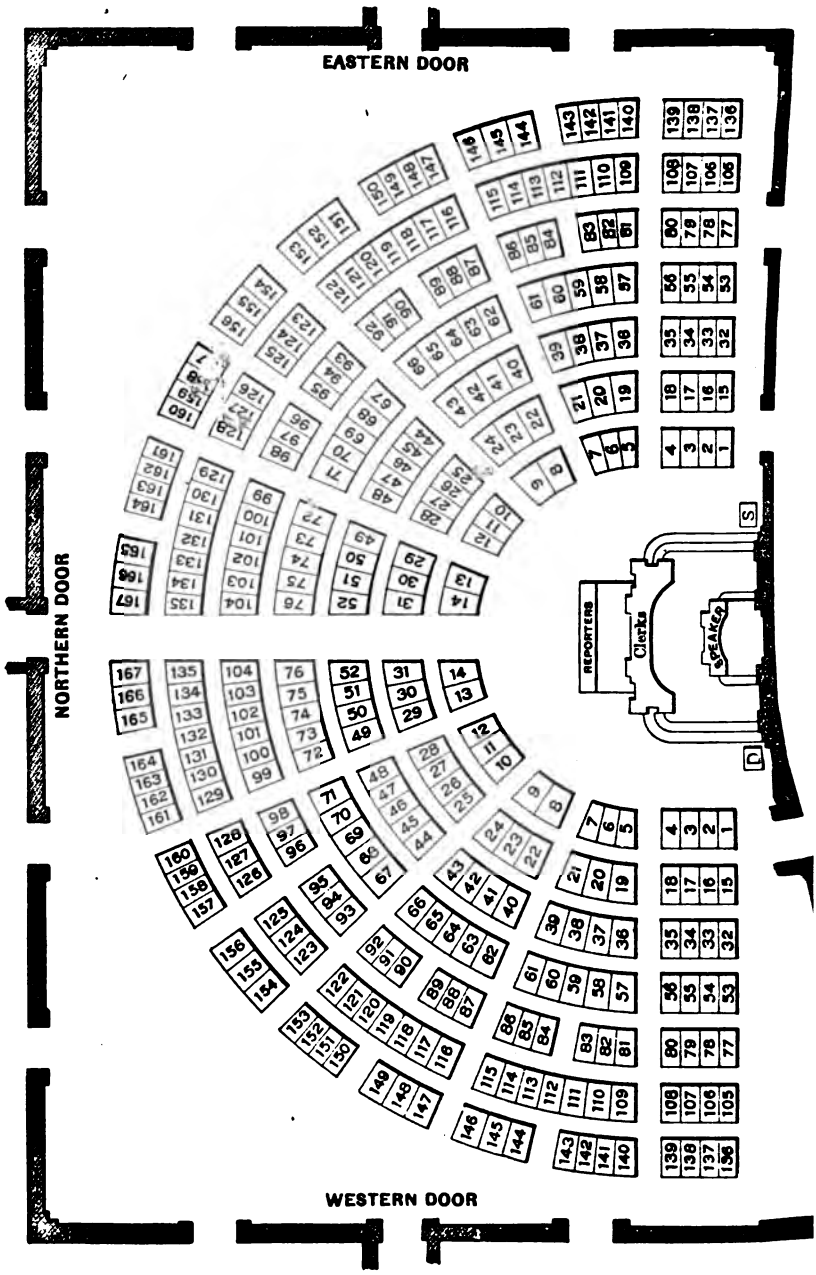
[V. P., *Vice-President.* S., *Secretary.* L. C., *Legislative Clerk.* C. C., *Chief Clerk.* M. C., *Minute Clerk.* S., *Sergeant-at-Arms.* D., *Doorkeeper and Assistants.* R., *Official Reporters.*]

51. Aldrich, N. W., Rhode Island.
30. Allison, W. B., Iowa.
6. Mahone, William, Virginia.
36. Bayard, Thomas F., Delaware.
37. Beck, James B., Kentucky.
28. Blair, Henry W., New Hampshire.
71. Bowen, Thomas M., Colorado.
10. Brown, Joseph E., Georgia.
42. Butler, M. C., South Carolina.
39. Call, Wilkinson, Florida.
68. Camden, J. N., West Virginia.
31. Cameron, Angus, Wisconsin.
4. Cameron, J. D., Pennsylvania.
13. Cockrell, Francis Marion, Missouri.
14. Coke, Richard, Texas.
76. Colquitt, Alfred H., Georgia.
48. Conger, Omar D., Michigan.
74. Cullom, Shelby M., Illinois.
52. Dawes, Henry L., Massachusetts.
44. Dolph, Joseph N., Oregon.
7. Edmunds, George F., Vermont.
57. Fair, James G., Nevada.
59. Farley, James T., California.
9. Frye, William P., Maine.
17. Garland, Augustus H., Arkansas.
38. George, James Z., Mississippi.
69. Gibson, Randall Lee, Louisiana.
35. Gorman, Arthur P., Maryland.
12. Groome, James B., Maryland.
21. Hale, Eugene, Maine.
77. Hampton, Wade, South Carolina.
15. Harris, Isham G., Tennessee.
25. Harrison, Benjamin, Indiana.
2. Hawley, Joseph R., Connecticut.
23. Hill, Nathaniel P., Colorado.
27. Hoar, George F., Massachusetts.
29. Ingalls, John James, Kansas.
41. Jackson, Howell Edmunds, Tennessee.
60. Jonas, Benjamin F., Louisiana.
33. Jones, Charles W., Florida.
50. Jones, John P., Nevada.
40. Kenna, John E., West Virginia.
67. Lamar, Lucius Q. C., Mississippi.
46. Lapham, Elbridge G., New York.
8. Logan, John A., Illinois.
24. McMillan, S. J. R., Minnesota.
61. McPherson, John Roderic, New Jersey.
45. Sheffield, W. P., Rhode Island.
73. Manderson, Charles F., Nebraska.
16. Maxey, S. B., Texas.
22. Miller, John F., California.
54. Miller, Warner, New York.
49. Mitchell, John I., Pennsylvania.
11. Morgan, John T., Alabama.
5. Morrill, Justin S., Vermont.
70. Palmer, Thomas W., Michigan.
34. Pendleton, George H., Ohio.
72. Pike, Austin F., New Hampshire.
3. Platt, Orville H., Connecticut.
56. Plumb, Preston B., Kansas.
66. Pugh, James L., Alabama.
32. Ransom, Matt. W., North Carolina.
53. Riddleberger, H. H., Virginia.
20. Sabin, Dwight M., Minnesota.
65. Saulsbury, Eli, Delaware.
47. Sawyer, Philetus, Wisconsin.
19. Sewell, William J., New Jersey.
26. Sherman, John, Ohio.
62. Slater, James H., Oregon.
64. Vance, Zebulon B., North Carolina.
55. Van Wyck, Charles H., Nebraska.
75. Vest, George Graham, Missouri.
18. Voorhees, Daniel W., Indiana.
63. Walker, James D., Arkansas.
58. Williams, John S., Kentucky.
1. Wilson, James F., Iowa.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D

ame.	Post-office.	City address.	Page.
arner	Herkimer, N. Y	1303 K street, N. W	57
I	Wellsboro', Pa	708 Eleventh street	73
John T	Washington, D. C	113 First street	5
tin S	Strafford, Vt	1 Thomas Circle	89
as W	Detroit, Mich	1705 N street, N. W	42
in F	Franklin, N. H	Hamilton House	54
, George H	Cincinnati, Ohio	1313 Sixteenth street, N. W.	67
H	Meriden, Conn	1625 Massachusetts avenue	12
ton B	Emporia, Kans	1407 F street, N. W	29
es L	Eufaula, Ala	1513 Rhode Island avenue	5
W	Weldon, N. C	Metropolitan Hotel	64
H. H	Woodstock, Va	611 Louisiana avenue	90
ht M	Stillwater, Minn	1323 Thirteenth street	45
	Dover, Del	610 Fourteenth street	13
iletus	Oshkosh, Wis	1829 I street, N. W	94
m J	Camden, N. J	1500 I street	55
P	Newport, R. I	134 B street, N. E	80
John	Mansfield, Ohio	1319 K street	67
H	La Grande, Oreg	910 F street, N. W	72
ulon B	Charlotte, N. C	1627 Massachusetts ave	64
Charles H	Nebraska City, Nebr	S. W. cor. 18th and Mass. av.	52
G	Kansas City, Mo	Del. av., cor. C st., N. E	49
Daniel W	Terre Haute, Ind	1324 Nineteenth st., N. W.	22
s D	Fayetteville, Ark	1318 G street	8
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mes B	Denver, Colo	327 Pennsylvania av., S. E.	11
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ry H	Philadelphia, Pa	1019 Connecticut avenue	74
Horatio, jr	Jacksonville, Fla	1714 N street, N. W	14
oseph C. S	Versailles, Ky	National Hotel	32
Newton C	Shreveport, La	Metropolitan Hotel	35
rd P	Lebanon, Mo	1132 Twelfth street, N. W.	51
es H	Macon, Ga	National Hotel	17
arles A	Bangor, Me	Hamilton House	36
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uel M	Erie, Pa	617 Thirteenth street	79
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Breitung, Edward	Negaunee, Mich	920 Fourteenth street	45
*Brewer, Francis B	Westfield, N. Y	Willard's Hotel	64
*Brewer, J. Hart	Trenton, N. J	Willard's Hotel	56
*§ Broadhead, James O	Saint Louis, Mo	911 Sixteenth st., N. W	51
*§ Brown, William Wallace	Bradford, Pa	Hamilton House	77
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Brumm, Charles N	Minersville, Pa	510 Thirteenth st., N. W	76
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Buckner, Aylett H	Mexico, Mo	Metropolitan Hotel	50
*‖ Budd, James H	Stockton, Cal	218 A street, S. E	10
Burleigh, Henry G	Whitehall, N. Y	1027 Vermont ave., N. W	61
§ Burnes, James N	Saint Joseph, Mo	Willard's Hotel	5
*§ Cabell, George C	Danville, Va	Metropolitan Hotel	9
Caldwell, Andrew J	Nashville, Tenn	National Hotel	8
§§ Campbell, Felix	Brooklyn, N. Y	Arlington Hotel	5
Campbell, Jacob M	Johnstown, Pa	612 Fourteenth st., N. W	7
Campbell, James E	Hamilton, Ohio	1504 Q street, N. W	6
Candler, Allen D	Gainesville, Ga	Metropolitan Hotel	1
*§ Cannon, Joseph G	Danville, Ill	Willard's Hotel	2
*§ Carleton, Ezra C	Port Huron, Mich	Ebbitt House	4
*Cassidy, George W	Eureka, Nev	Welcker's Hotel	1
Chace, Jonathan	Providence, R. I	1213 N street, N. W	1
Chalmers, James Ronald	Sardis, Miss	419 New Jersey ave., S. E	4
Clardy, Martin L	Farmington, Mo	Willard's Hotel	
Clay, James F	Henderson, Ky	715 Ninth street, N. W	
Clements, Judson C	La Fayette, Ga	Metropolitan Hotel	
Cobb, Thomas R	Vincennes, Ind	Metropolitan Hotel	
*Collins, Patrick A	Boston, Mass	Riggs House	
*Connolly, Daniel W	Scranton, Pa	National Hotel	
Converse, George L	Columbus, Ohio	Arlington Hotel	
*§ Cook, John C	Newton, Iowa	13 First street, N. E	
Cosgrove, John	Boonesville, Mo	Willard's Hotel	
Covington, George W	Snow Hill, Md	1333 F street, N. W	
*‖ Cox, Samuel S	New York, N. Y	1 Dupont Circle	
*Cox, William R	Raleigh, N. C	Riggs Annex	
Crisp, Charles F	Americus, Ga	Metropolitan Hotel	
Culberson, David B	Jefferson, Tex	Metropolitan Hotel	
*Culbertson, William W	Ashland, Ky	Ebbitt House	
Cullen, William	Ottawa, Ill	726 Eleventh street, N. W	
*§‖ Curtin, Andrew G	Bellefonte, Pa	1518 K street, N. W	
*Cutcheon, Byron M	Manistee, Mich	1115 I street, N. W	
Dargan, George W	Darlington, S. C	622 E street, N. W	
Davidson, Robert H. M	Quincy, Fla	National Hotel	
*Davis, George R	Chicago, Ill	1333 F street, N. W	
*Davis, Lowndes H	Jackson, Mo	608 Fourteenth st., N. W	
*Davis, Robert T	Fall River, Mass	1325 K street, N. W	
Deuster, Peter V	Milwaukee, Wis	National Hotel	
Dibble, Samuel	Orangeburg, S. C	Metropolitan Hotel	
*Dibrell, George G	Sparta, Tenn	Metropolitan Hotel	
*§ Dingley, Nelson, jr	Lewiston, Me	Hamilton House	
*Dockery, Alexander M	Gallatin, Mo	National Hotel	
*Dorsheimer, William	New York, N. Y	1515 H street, N. W	
Dowd, Clement	Charlotte, N. C	Metropolitan Hotel	
*Dunham, Kansom W	Chicago, Ill	Riggs House	
*§‖ Dunn, Poindexter	Forest City, Ark	National Hotel	
*Eaton, William W	Hartford, Conn	1121 Fourteenth st., N. W	
Eldredge, Nathaniel B	Adrian, Mich	52 B street, N. E	
*Elliott, Mortimer F	Wellsboro', Pa	Arlington Hotel	
*Ellis, E. John	New Orleans, La	The Portland	
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*‡‡‖ Jordan, Isaac M	Cincinnati, Ohio	1718 Rhode Island avenue	62
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*‖ Keifer, J. Warren	Springfield, Ohio	Ebbitt House	69
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* Kellogg, William P	New Orleans, La	Willard's Hotel	34
* Ketcham, John H	Dover Plains, N. Y	1329 K street, N. W	60
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Kleiner, John J	Evansville, Ind	913 G street, N. W	23
*‡‡‖ Lacey, Edward S	Charlotte, Mich	1537 P street, N. W	43
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Lamb, John E	Terre Haute, Ind	1815 G street, N. W	24
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*‡ Lowry, Robert	Fort Wayne, Ind	210 North Capitol street	25
* Lyman, Theodore	Brookline, Mass	1407 Massachusetts avenue	41
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*‖ McComas, Louis E	Hagerstown, Md	Riggs House	38
*‡ McCormick, John W	Gallipolis, Ohio	715 Ninth street, N. W	70
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* Millard, Stephen C	Binghamton, N. Y	Arlington Hotel	63
*‡ Miller, James F	Gonzales, Tex	Metropolitan Hotel	88
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* Mills, Roger Q	Corsicana, Tex	1115 G street, N. W	88
* Mitchell, Charles L	New Haven, Conn	3 Du Pont Circle	12
*‡ Money, Hernando D	Winona, Miss	Metropolitan Hotel	48
* Morgan, Charles H	Lamar, Mo	916 Sixteenth street, N. W	51
*‡‡ Morrill, Edmund N	Hiawatha, Kans	18 Grant Place	29
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*‡ Muldrow, Henry L	Starkville, Miss	Ebbitt House	47
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*‡ Murphy, Jeremiah H	Davenport, Iowa	1304 F street, N. W	26
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* Nicholls, John C	Blackshear, Ga	1520 Connecticut avenue	16
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*Oates, William C	Abbeville, Ala	Metropolitan Hotel	6
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*‡ Patton, John D	Indiana, Pa	708 Tenth street, N. W	79
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‖ Thomas, John R	Metropolis, Ill	1321 N street, N. W	
Thompson, Philip B., jr	Harrodsburg, Ky	1013 E street, N. W	
Throckmorton, James W	McKinney, Tex	525 Sixth street, N. W	
Tillman, George D	Clark's Hill, S. C	412 Sixth street	
*Townshend, Richard W	Shawneetown, Ill	221 4½ street, N. W	
* Tucker, John Randolph	Lexington, Va	McPherson House	
Tully, Pleasant B	Gilroy, Cal	National Hotel	
Turner, Henry G	Quitman, Ga	523 Thirteenth st., N. W	
* Turner, Oscar	Woodlands, Oscar P.O., Ky	Willard's Hotel	
*Valentine, Edward K	West Point, Nebr	National Hotel	
Van Alstyne, Thomas J	Albany, N. Y	3 B street, N. W	
* Vance, Robert B	Asheville, N. C	230 First street, N. W	
*Van Eaton, Henry S	Woodville, Miss	917 Sixteenth street, N. W.	
*Wadsworth, James W	Genesee, N. Y	821 Fifteenth street, N. W.	
Wait, John T	Norwich, Conn	Hamilton House	
Wakefield, James B	Blue Earth City, Minn	704 Fourteenth st., N. W	
Wallace, Jonathan H	New Lisbon, Ohio	Ebbitt House	
Ward, Thomas B	La Fayette, Ind	7 Grant Place	
Warner, A. J	Marietta, Ohio	18 Grant Place	
Warner, Richard	Lewisburg, Tenn	410 Sixth street, N. W	
*Washburn, William D	Minneapolis, Minn	Arlington Hotel	
Weaver, Archibald J	Falls City, Nebr	304 Indiana avenue	
*Wellborn, Olin	Dallas, Tex	1706 L street, N. W	
Weller, L. H	Nashua, Iowa	230 First street, N. E	
* Wemple, Edward	Fultonville, N. Y	1408 N street, N. W	
*‖ White, John D	Manchester, Ky	1014 Seventeenth st., N. W.	
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*Whiting, William	Holyoke, Mass	Riggs House	
*Wilkins, Beriah	Urichsville, Ohio	Welcker's Hotel	
Williams, Thomas	Wetumpka, Ala	Metropolitan Hotel	
*Willis, Albert S	Louisville, Ky	Metropolitan Hotel	
Wilson, James	Traer, Iowa	National Hotel	
Wilson, William L	Charlestown, W. Va	1008 N street, N. W	
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*Winans, John	Janesville, Wis	Arlington Hotel	
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Yaple, George L	Mendon, Mich	52 B street, N. E	
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Young, Casey	Memphis, Tenn	606 Thirteenth street, N. W	

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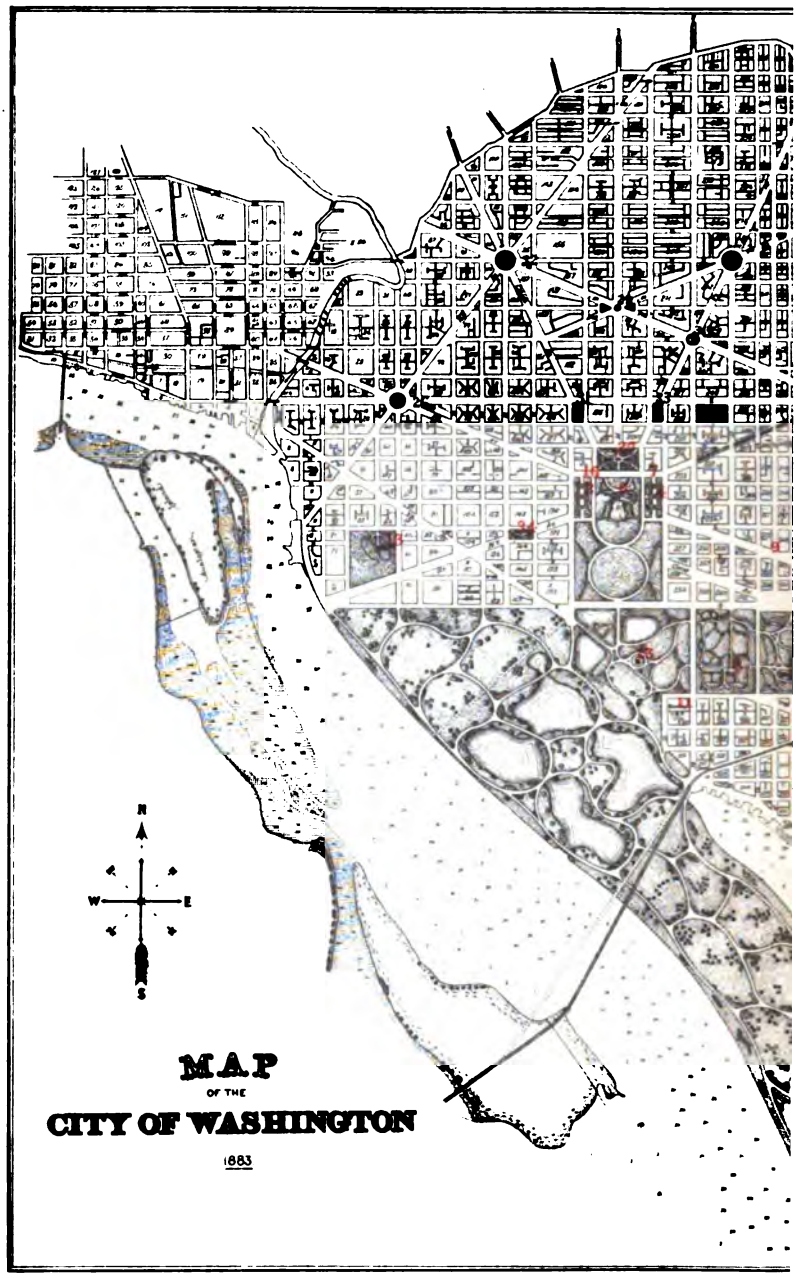
*Maginnis, Martin	Helena, Mont	Willard's Hotel	
* Oury, Granville H	Florence, Ariz	1007 G street, N. W	
*Post, Morton E	Cheyenne, Wyo	Riggs House	
*Raymond, John B	Fargo, Dak	1322 L street, N. W	
*‖ Singiser, Theodore F	Boise City, Idaho	National Hotel	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MAP
OF THE
CITY OF WASHINGTON
1883

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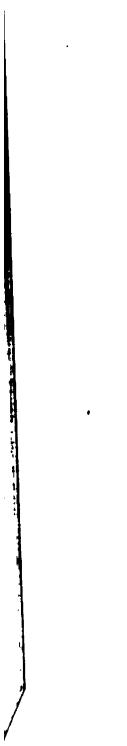

48TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. } SENATE. { MIS. DOC. 14, Part 2.

FORTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS.

[SECOND SESSION.]

CONGRESSIONAL DIRECTORY.

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CALENDAR FOR 1885.

JANUARY.						
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CONGRESSIONAL DIRECTORY.

MEMBERS OF THE FORTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS.

ALABAMA.

SENATORS.

John T. Morgan, of Selma, was born at Athens, Tennessee, June 20, 1824; received an academic education, chiefly in Alabama, to which State he emigrated when nine years old, and has since resided there; studied law, was admitted to the bar in 1845, and practised until his election to the Senate; was a Presidential Elector in 1860 for the State at large, and voted for Breckinridge and Lane; was a Delegate in 1861 from Dallas County to the State Convention which passed the ordinance of secession; joined the Confederate Army, in May, 1861, as a private in Company I, Cahaba Rifles, and when that company was assigned to the Fifth Alabama Regiment, under Col. Robert E. Rodes, he was elected Major and afterward Lieutenant-Colonel of that regiment; was commissioned in 1862 as Colonel and raised the Fifty-first Alabama Regiment; was appointed Brigadier-General in 1863, and assigned to a brigade in Virginia, but resigned to rejoin his regiment, whose colonel had been killed in battle; later in 1863 he was again appointed Brigadier-General, and assigned to an Alabama brigade, which included his regiment; after the war, he resumed the practice of his profession at Selma; was chosen a Presidential Elector for the State at large in 1876, and voted for Tilden and Hendricks; was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat, to succeed George Goldthwaite, Democrat; took his seat March 5, 1877, and was re-elected in 1882. His term of service will expire March 3, 1889.

James L. Pugh, of Eufaula, was born in Burke County, Georgia, December 12, 1820; received an academic education in Alabama and Georgia; came to Alabama when four years old, where he has since resided; was licensed to practise law in 1841, and was so employed when elected to the Senate; was Taylor Elector in 1848, Buchanan Elector in 1856, and State Elector for Tilden in 1876; was elected to Congress, without opposition, in 1859; retired from the Thirty-sixth Congress when Alabama ordained to secede from the Union; joined the Eufaula Rifles, in the First Alabama Regiment, as a private; was elected to the Confederate Congress in 1861, and re-elected in 1863; after the war, resumed the practice of the law; was President of the State Convention of the Democratic party in 1874; was member of the Convention that framed the State Constitution of 1875; was elected to the Senate as a Democrat, to fill the balance of the term made vacant by the death of George S. Houston. Took his seat December 6, 1880, and was re-elected in 1884. His term of office will expire March 3, 1891.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Choctaw, Clarke, Marengo, Mobile, Monroe, and Washington.*

James Taylor Jones, of Demopolis, was born at Richmond, Virginia, in 1832, and removed with his father to Marengo County, Alabama, when two years old; received a classical education, graduating from Princeton College, New Jersey, in 1852, and from the Law School of the University of Virginia in 1855; was admitted to the bar in 1856, and has since been engaged in the practice of his profession, with the exception of four years during the war, when was he a private and afterwards an officer in the Fourth Alabama Regiment; was a Delegate to the Alabama State Constitutional Convention in 1865; was a State Senator in

1872–'73; was elected to the Forty-fifth Congress in 1876, and to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, in July, 1883, to succeed Thomas H. Herndon, deceased, receiving 6,561 votes against 1,503 votes for Philip Joseph, Republican. *Re-elected.*

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Baldwin, Butler, Conecuh, Crenshaw, Covington, Escambia, Montgomery, and Pike.*

Hilary A. Herbert, of Montgomery, was born at Laurensville, South Carolina, March 12, 1834; removed to Greenville, Butler County, Alabama, in 1846; attended the University of Alabama in 1853–'54 and the University of Virginia in 1855–'56; studied law, and was admitted to the bar; entered the Confederate service as Captain; was promoted to the Colonelcy of the Eighth Alabama Volunteers; was disabled at the battle of the Wilderness, May 6, 1864; continued the practice of law at Greenville, Alabama, until 1872, when he removed to Montgomery, where he has since practised; was elected to the Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 12,823 votes against 9,121 votes for Rice, Opposition, and 52 votes for Townsend, Greenback candidate. *Re-elected.*

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Barbour, Bullock, Coffee, Dale, Geneva, Henry, Lee, and Russell.*

William C. Oates, of Abbeville, was born in Pike (now Bullock) County, Alabama, November 30, 1835; was self-educated; studied law, was admitted to the bar in 1858, and became a successful lawyer and business man; entered the Confederate Army as Captain of Company G, Fifteenth Alabama Infantry, in July, 1861; was appointed Colonel in the Provisional Army of the Confederate States, on account of fair fighting capacity, May 1, 1863, and was assigned to the command of his old regiment; the Forty-eighth Alabama Regiment was also subsequently placed under his command; was wounded four times slightly and twice severely, losing his right arm in front of Richmond August 16, 1864, in the twenty-seventh battle he was enagaged in; was a Delegate to the National Democratic Convention held in New York in 1868 which nominated Seymour for the Presidency; was a member of the Alabama House of Representatives, and Chairman of the Committee on Ways and Means at the sessions of 1870–'71 and 1871–'72; was an unsuccessful candidate for the Democratic nomination for Governor in 1872; was, later in the same year, nominated for Congress in the Montgomery district and defeated by the Republican condidate; was a member of the Constitutional Convention in 1875 and Chairman of its Judiciary Committee; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 11,238 votes against 1,549 votes for Millen, Republican. *Re-elected.*

FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Dallas, Hale, Lowndes, Perry, and Wilcox.*

George H. Craig, of Selma, was born at Cahaba, Dallas County, Alabama, December 25, 1845; was educated at Cahaba Academy and the University of Alabama; entered the Confederate Army, at the age of 16 years, as a private in Colonel Byrd's regiment, Alabama Volunteers, at Mobile; at expiration of term of service entered the University of Alabama as a Cadet, and was promoted to First Lieutenant of Infantry, and as such, in 1863, again entered the Confederate service, served until the end of the war, and surrendered, with General J. T. Morgan's command, at Meridian, Mississippi, in May, 1865; studied law at Selma, Alabama, and was admitted to practice in December, 1867; was elected Solicitor of Dallas County in 1868; was appointed by the Governor Sheriff of Dallas County in March, 1869; was elected by Republicans as Judge of the Criminal Court of Dallas County in March, 1870, for term of six years; was appointed by the Governor of Alabama, in July, 1874, Judge of the First Judicial Circuit to fill an unexpired term; was elected on the Republican ticket, November 4, 1874, Judge of the First Judicial Circuit for six years, served the term out, and retired to practice in Selma; was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress by a majority of 12,000 votes; was "counted out," and the certificate given Charles W. Shelley; contested the seat successfully, and was seated on January 9, 1885.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Autauga, Bibb, Chambers, Chilton, Clay, Coosa, Elmore, Macon, and Tallapoosa.*

Thomas Williams, of Wetumpka, was born in Greenville County, Virginia, August 11, 1825; removed in 1835 to Wetumpka, and has since resided there; received a limited education; is a planter and lawyer; was a member of the Legislature in 1878; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 9,629 votes against 5,820 votes for M'Coy, Opposition, and 16 scattering.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Fayette, Greene, Jefferson, Lamar, Marion, Pickens, Sumter, Tuscaloosa, Walker, and Winston.*

Goldsmith W. Hewitt, of Birmingham, was born in Jefferson County, Alabama, February 14, 1834; studied law, was admitted to the bar in 1856, and has since practised; entered the Confederate Army in June, 1861, as a private; was promoted Captain in 1862, and was severely wounded at Chickamauga; was a member of the State House of Representatives in 1870 and '71; was elected a member of the State Senate in 1872, and resigned in 1874; was elected to the Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving, 6,280 votes against 2,598 votes for Carpenter, Opposition.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Blount, Calhoun, Cherokee, Cleburne, De Kalb, Etowah, Marshall, Randolph, Saint Clair, Shelby, and Talladega.*

William Henry Forney, of Jacksonville, was born at Lincolnton, North Carolina, November 9, 1823; received a classical education, graduating at the University of Alabama in 1844; served in the war with Mexico as a First Lieutenant in the First Regiment of Alabama Volunteers; studied law, was admitted to the bar in 1848, and has practised ever since; was elected by the Legislature of Alabama a Trustee of the University of Alabama, and served 1851–'60; was a member of the State House of Representatives of Alabama 1859–'60; entered the Confederate Army at the commencement of hostilities in 1861 as Captain, and was successively promoted Major, Lieutenant-Colonel, Colonel, and Brigadier-General; surrendered at Appomattox Court-House; was a member of the State Senate of Alabama 1865–'66, serving until the State was reconstructed; was elected to the Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 7,752 votes against 1,858 votes for Bingham, Opposition. *Re-elected.*

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Colbert, Franklin, Jackson, Lauderdale, Lawrence, Limestone, Madison, and Morgan.*

Luke Pryor, of Athens, was born in Madison County, Alabama, July 5, 1820; received an academic education; is a lawyer by profession, and an agriculturist; was a member of the Alabama Legislature in the session of 1855–'56; was appointed United States Senator from Alabama in January, 1880, by the Governor of the State, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Hon. George S. Houston, Senator elect; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 12,155 votes against 11,418 votes for David D. Shelby, Republican, Greenbacker, and Independent.

ARKANSAS.

SENATORS.

Augustus H. Garland, of Little Rock, was born in Tipton County, Tennessee, June 11, 1832; in 1833 his parents removed to Arkansas; was educated at Saint Mary's College and Saint Joseph's College in Kentucky; studied law, and was admitted to practise in 1853 at Washington, Arkansas, where he then lived; in 1856 he removed to Little Rock; was a Delegate to the State Convention that passed the ordinance of secession in 1861; was a member of the Provisional Congress that met at Montgomery, Alabama, in May, 1861, and subsequently of the Confederate Congress, serving in both Houses, and being in the Senate when the war closed; was elected to the United States Senate from Arkansas for the term beginning March 4, 1867, but was not admitted to his seat; made the test-oath case as to lawyers in the Supreme Court of the United States, and gained it, [see Garland *ex parte*, 4 Wallace;] followed the practice of law until the fall of 1874, when he was elected Governor of Arkansas, without opposition; was elected in January, 1876, by the Legislature of Arkansas, without opposition, to the United States Senate as a Democrat, to succeed Powell Clayton, Republican; took his seat March 5, 1877, and was re-elected in 1883. His term of service will expire March 3, 1889.

James D. Walker, of Fayetteville, was born in Logan County, Kentucky, December 13, 1830; removed in 1847 to Arkansas; received his education at the private schools in Kentucky and at Ozark Institute, Arkansas; studied law, and was admitted to the practice in 1850 at Fayetteville, Arkansas; in the late war he espoused the Southern cause, and was Colonel of a regiment; after the war resumed the practice of his profession; was Solicitor-General of the State of Arkansas, which office he resigned, and continued the practice of his profession at Fayetteville; was chosen a Presidential Elector for the State at large in 1876, and voted for Tilden and Hendricks; was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat, to succeed Stephen W. Dorsey, Republican, and took his seat March 18, 1879. His term of service will expire March 3, 1885.

REPRESENTATIVES.

AT LARGE.

Clifton R. Breckinridge, of Pine Bluff, was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 43,617 votes against 21,423 votes for Cunningham, Greenbacker, and 465 scattering. *Re-elected.*

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Arkansas, Clay, Crittenden, Craighead, Cross, Desha, Greene, Independence, Jackson, Lee, Lawrence, Lonoke, Mississippi, Monroe, Phillips, Poinsett, Prairie, Randolph, Saint Francis, Woodruff, and White.*

Poindexter Dunn, of Forest City, was born in Wake County, North Carolina, November 3, 1834; removed with his father to Limestone County, Alabama, in 1836; received his primary education in the schools there; was four years in Jackson College at Columbia, Tennessee, where he graduated in 1854; removed to Saint Francis County, Arkansas, in March, 1856; engaged in cotton-growing until 1861; was elected as a Democrat to the lower house of the Arkansas Legislature in 1858; served in the Confederate Army during the war; commenced the practice of law in 1867; was on the Democratic electoral ticket for Arkansas in 1872 and 1876; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 12,685 votes against 719 votes for Miles, Republican, and 28 scattering. *Re-elected.*

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Ashley, Bradley, Calhoun, Chicot, Clark, Columbia, Dorsey, Dallas, Drew, Grant, Hempstead, Hot Spring, Howard, Jefferson, Lafayette, Lincoln, Little River, Miller, Nevada, Ouachita, Pike, Sevier, and Union.*

James Kimbrough Jones, of Washington, was born in Marshall County, Mississippi, September 29, 1839; received a classical education; was a private soldier during the "late unpleasantness" on the losing side; lived on his plantation after the close of the war until 1873, when he commenced the practice of law; was a member of the State Senate of Arkansas in 1873; was a member of the State Senate when the Constitutional Convention of 1874 was called; was re-elected under the new government, and in 1877 was elected President of the Senate; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 14,831 votes against 11,525 votes for Williams, Republican and Greenback candidate, 368 votes for R. Samuels, and 1 scattering. *Re-elected.*

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Crawford, Franklin, Garlan Johnson, Logan, Montgomery, Perry, Pulaski, Saline, Sebastian, Scott, and Yell.*

John Henry Rogers, of Fort Smith, was born in Bertie County, North Carolina, October 9, 1845; in 1852 his parents removed to Mississippi; in March, 1862, he joined the Ninth Mississippi Regiment, Volunteers, Confederate States Army, as a private; was promoted to First Lieutenant in same regiment, and served through the war; was educated at Centre College, Danville, Kentucky, and at the University of Mississippi, at Oxford, graduating at the latter college in the class of 1868; was admitted to practise law at Canton, Mississippi, in 1868; in 1869 removed to Fort Smith, Arkansas, where he has since resided and practised

his profession; in 1877 was elected Circuit Judge; was re-elected in 1878, and resigned in May, 1882; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 10,495 votes against 7,905 votes for M. W. Benjamin, Republican. *Re-elected.*

FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Baxter, Benton, Boone, Carroll, Conway, Fulton, Izard, Madison, Marion, Newton, Pope, Stone, Searcy, Sharp, Van Buren, and Washington.*

Samuel W. Peel, of Bentonville, was born in Independence County, Arkansas, September 13, 1832; received a common-school education; was elected Clerk of the Circuit Court of Carroll County, Arkansas, in 1858, and again in 1860; entered the Confederate service in 1861 as a private, and was elected Major of the Third Arkansas Infantry, (State troops;) re-entered the Confederate service in 1862 as a private, and was elected Colonel of the Fourth Regiment, Arkansas Infantry; at the close of the war he commenced the practice of law in the State courts; was appointed prosecuting attorney of the fourth judicial circuit of Arkansas in 1873; upon the adoption of the new constitution in 1874, was elected to the same place; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 5,658 votes against 1,008 votes for Mr. Nyman, Independent Greenbacker. *Re-elected.*

CALIFORNIA.

SENATORS.

James Thompson Farley, of Jackson, was born in the State of Virginia, August 6, 1829; received a common-school education; removed when quite young to the State of Missouri and from Missouri to California; studied law and has been engaged in the practice of law since the year 1854 in the State of California; was a member of the Assembly in California for two terms, 1855 and '56; was Speaker of the House in 1856; was again elected to the State Senate in 1860, and served eight years as State Senator, and was President *pro tempore* of the Senate for one session; and was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat, in the place of A. A. Sargent, Republican, and took his seat March 18, 1879. His term of service will expire March 3, 1885.

John F. Miller, of San Francisco, was born in Indiana, in 1831, his parents being Virginians; he received an academical education at South Bend, and was fitted for college at Chicago, but did not enter; commenced the study of law in 1849, and graduated at the New York State Law School in 1852; commenced practice at South Bend, soon went to California, where he practised law for three years, when he returned to Indiana and resumed practice there; in 1860 he was a member of the State Senate, but resigned to enter the Army as Colonel of the Twenty-ninth Indiana Volunteers, and was soon placed in command of a brigade, serving under Sherman, Buell, Rosecrans, and Thomas, and receiving severe wounds in the battles of Stone River and Liberty Gap; promoted to Brigadier-General; in the battle of Nashville he commanded the left division of 8,000 men, and was brevetted a Major-General for conspicuous bravery; at the close of the war he was offered a high commission in the Regular Army, but he declined it, and returned to California, where he was Collector of the Port of San Francisco four years, declining a reappointment; he was a Republican candidate for Presidential Elector in 1872, in 1876, and in 1880; he was a member of the California State Constitutional Convention in 1879; was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed Newton Booth, Anti-Monopolist, and took his seat March 4, 1881. His term of service will expire March 3, 1887.

REPRESENTATIVES.

AT LARGE.

Charles Allen Sumner, of San Francisco, was born at Great Barrington, Massachusetts August 2, 1835; was educated at Trinity College, Hartford; studied law; was admitted to the bar and engaged on patent cases; is a short-hand reporter; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as Congressman at Large from California as a Democrat, receiving 87,234 votes against 73,749 for W. W. Morrow, Republican, and 2,786 for Yarnell.

John Ragland Glascock, of Oakland, Alameda County, was born in Panola County, Mississippi, August 25, 1845; received a collegiate education at the University of California and the University of Virginia; studied law; was admitted to the bar, and has since practised; was District Attorney of Alameda County, California, 1875–'77; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as Congressman at Large from California as a Democrat, receiving 87,259 votes against 73,434 for Henry Edgerton, Republican, and 2,786 for Hotchkiss.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTY *and City of San Francisco.*

William Starke Rosecrans, of San Francisco, was born in Kingston, Ohio, September 6, 1819; was educated at the United States Military Academy at West Point, graduating July 1, 1842; was Second Lieutenant United States Corps of Engineers to April, 1843; was assistant to Colonel De Russy at Fortress Monroe to August, 1843; was an assistant professor at the Military Academy 1844–'47; was in charge of the fortifications at Newport, Rhode Island, 1847–'52, and also in charge of surveys and reports for the improvement of New Bedford Harbor, Providence Harbor, and Taunton River; was civil and constructing engineer at the navy-yard at Washington, District of Columbia, 1852; resigned in 1853, and was consulting engineer and manufacturer of coal oil and prussiate of potash, 1853–'61; was commissioned Chief Engineer of the State of Ohio, with the rank of Colonel, June 10, 1861, and Colonel of United States Volunteer Infantry in June, 1861; was Brigadier-General United States Army, 1861–'67; was second in command to General McClellan in West Virginia, his brigade winning the battle of Rich Mountain, which established the supremacy of the Union in West Virginia; was commander of the Department of the Ohio, embracing the States of Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, and West Virginia, 1861–'62, during which time West Virginia was firmly established as a State and freed from guerrilla warfare, for which he received unanimous votes of thanks from the legislatures of Ohio and West Virginia; was appointed to succeed General Pope in command of the little Army of the Mississippi, and won the battle of Iuka, September 19, 1862; was commissioned Major-General of Volunteers August 16, 1862, and the commission was subsequently antedated March 19, 1862; won the battle of Corinth October 3 and 4, 1862, pursuing the enemy until recalled by General Grant, who was at Jackson, Tennessee, seventy-five miles away; was relieved from the command of the district October 19, and ordered to Cincinnati; was placed in command of the Fourteenth Army Corps October 27, 1862, and also of the Department of the Cumberland; reorganized the command, repaired the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, fortified Nashville as a primary depot, and won the battle of Stone River December 30, 1862–January 1, 1863; fortified Murfreesboro' as a secondary depot; made the campaign of Tullahoma June 23–July 4, 1863, driving the Confederate Army of the Mississippi out of its strong intrenched camps across the Tennessee River into Georgia; rebuilt railroads and bridges, crossed the Cumberland Mountains, fought the battle of Chickamauga September 19 and 20, 1863, and took and held Chattanooga; was ordered to Cincinnati to await orders October 19, 1863; was president of the fair at which $325,000 were raised for the Sanitary Commission; took command of the Department of Missouri January 28, 1864, repelled the invasion of General Price, secured order and a fair election, and was relieved December 16, 1864; was kept waiting for orders until mustered out of the volunteer service; resigned his Brigadier-General's commission in 1867 and went to California; declined the offer of the directorship of the branch mint in 1867, and the Democratic nomination for Governor of California; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 22,733 votes against 14,847 votes for A. Neumann, Republican, 67 votes for Fitch, and 33 scattering.

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Alameda, Alpine, Amador, Calaveras, Contra Costa, El Dorado, Nevada, Placer, Sacramento, San Joaquin, and Tuolumne.*

James Herbert Budd, of Stockton, was born at Janesville, Wisconsin, May 18, 1851; was raised and educated in California, graduating from its State University; practised law since 1873, and was a member of the law firm of Budd, Surimedis & Scanlan, of Stockton, California, now dissolved by the election of J. G. Surimedis and A. V. Scanlon to judicial offices; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 20,229 votes against 19,246 votes for H. F. Page, Republican, who had represented the district for ten years; *was tendered a unanimous re-nomination but under the advice of physicians declined it.*

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Butte, Colusa, Del Norte, Humboldt, Lake, Lassen, Marin, Mendocino, Napa, Plumas, Shasta, Sierra, Siskiyou, Solano, Sonoma, Sutter, Tehama, Trinity, Yolo, and Yuba.*

Barclay Henley, of Santa Rosa (son of Thomas J. Henley, who was a Representative in Congress from Indiana, 1842–1849), was born in Clark County, Indiana, March 17, 1843; came to California in 1853; returning to Indiana, was educated at Hanover College; studied law in San Francisco; was admitted to the bar in 1864; has been District Attorney of Sonoma County; was a member of the State Assembly; in 1876 was nominated presidential elector on the Democratic ticket; in 1880 was again nominated for the same position and elected; was elected in 1882 to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 21,807 votes against 19,473 votes for J. J. De Haven, Republican. *Re-elected.*

FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Fresno, Inyo, Kern, Los Angeles, Mariposa, Merced, Mono, Monterey, San Benito, San Mateo, San Luis Obispo, San Francisco, San Diego, San Bernardino, Santa Barbara, Santa Clara, Santa Cruz, Stanislaus, Tulare, and Ventura.*

Pleasant B. Tully, of Gilroy, was born in Henderson County, Tennessee, March 21, 1829; was educated in public and private schools; at the age of nine years the father removed to Phillips County, Arkansas, where he grew up on a farm; went to California in 1853, and was engaged in mining four years; has resided at Gilroy since 1857; studied law under the instruction of ex-Chief Justice William T. Wallace, of California; was elected as a Delegate at Large to the State Constitutional Convention in 1879, and served on the Judiciary, the Revenue, and the Taxation Committees; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat of the old school, receiving 23,105 votes against 18,307 votes for George L. Wood, Republican.

COLORADO.

SENATORS.

Nathaniel P. Hill, of Denver, was born in Orange County, New York, February 18, 1832; entered Brown University at Providence, Rhode Island, in 1853; was Professor of Chemistry in Brown University from 1860 to 1864; spent a portion of 1865 and '66 in Swansea, Wales, and Freiberg, Saxony, studying metallurgy; took up a permanent residence in Colorado in 1867 as manager of the Boston and Colorado Smelting Company, which position he still retains; was a member of the Territorial Council of Colorado in 1872 and '73; was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed Jerome B. Chaffee, Republican, and took his seat March 18, 1879. His term of service will expire March 3, 1885.

Thomas M. Bowen, of Del Norte, was born near the present site of Burlington, Iowa, October 26, 1835; received an academic education at Mount Pleasant, Iowa; was admitted to the bar at the age of eighteen, and very soon thereafter removed to Wayne County, Iowa, where, in 1856, he was elected to the House of Representatives of that State; removed to the then Territory of Kansas in 1858; served in the Union Army from June, 1861, until July, 1865, first as a Captain in the First Regiment, Nebraska Volunteers, after which he raised and commanded, as Colonel, the Thirteenth Kansas Infantry until the close of the war; was Brigadier-General by brevet and had command of a brigade the last two years of the war, first in the Army of the frontier, but later in the Seventh Army Corps; was a member of the National Republican Convention as a Delegate from the State of Kansas in 1864; at the close of the war remained in Arkansas; was a member and President of the Constitutional Convention of that State, which convened under the reconstruction acts of Congress, and was a Justice of the Supreme Court of that State for four years, when he accepted the position of Governor of Idaho Territory, tendered to him by President Grant in 1871, but resigned and returned to Arkansas, where he was defeated for the Senate of the United States by Hon. S. W. Dorsey in an open contest before the Legislature, the party caucus having failed to agree; in January, 1875, he removed to Colorado, then a Territory, resumed the practice of law, and at the organization of the State government was elected Judge of the Fourth Judicial District, and served in that capacity for four years, after which he engaged in several large mining enterprises and remained in private life until the fall of 1882, when he was elected a Representative in the State Legislature; served in that body as Chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means until he resigned, having been elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed Horace A. W. Tabor, (who had been elected to fill the unexpired term of H. M. Teller,) and took his seat December 3, 1883. His term of service will expire March 3, 1889.

REPRESENTATIVE.

AT LARGE.

James B. Belford, of Central City, was born at Lewistown, Pennsylvania, September 28 1837; was educated at Dickinson College; is by profession a lawyer; was appointed one of the Judges of the Supreme Court of Colorado in 1870, and held the office for five years; was elected, on the admission of Colorado as a State, a Representative in the Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 30,817 votes against 28,080 votes for Wallace, Democrat, and 1,195 votes for Green, Greenback candidate.

CONNECTICUT.

SENATORS.

Orville H. Platt, of West Meriden, was born at Washington, Connecticut, July 19, 1827. received an academic education; studied law at Litchfield; was admitted to the bar in 1849, and has since practised law at Meriden; was Clerk of the State Senate of Connecticut in 1855 and '56; was Secretary of State of Connecticut in 1857; was a member of the State Senate in 1861 and '62; was a member of the State House of Representatives in 1864 and 1869, serving the last year as Speaker; was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed William H. Barnum, Democrat, (who had been elected to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Orris S. Ferry, Republican,) and took his seat March 18, 1879. His term of service will expire March 3, 1885.

Joseph R. Hawley, of Hartford, was born at Stewartsville, Richmond County, North Carolina, October 31, 1826; graduated at Hamilton College, New York, in 1847; was admitted to the bar in 1850 at Hartford, Connecticut, where he has since resided; practised law six and a half years; became editor of "The Hartford Evening Press," February, 1857, which was consolidated with "The Hartford Courant," of which he is editor, in 1867; enlisted in the Union Army as a Lieutenant, April 15, 1861; became Brigadier and Brevet Major General; was mustered out January 15, 1866; was elected Governor of Connecticut, April, 1866; was Presidential elector in 1868; was President of the National Republican Convention of 1868; was Secretary of the Committee on Resolutions in the similar Convention of 1872; was Chairman of the Committee on Resolutions in the Convention of 1876; was President of the United States Centennial Commission from its organization, in March, 1873, to the completion of the work of the Centennial Exhibition; was elected a Representative in the Forty-second Congress in November, 1872, to fill a vacancy caused by the death of Hon. J. L. Strong; was re-elected to the Forty-third Congress, and was elected to the Forty-sixth Congress; was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed William W. Eaton, Democrat, and ook his seat March 4, 1881. His term of service will expire March 3, 1887.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Hartford and Tolland, including the cities of Hartford and New Britain.*

William W. Eaton, of Hartford, was born at Tolland, Connecticut, October 11, 1816; was educated in the public schools and by private tutors; studied law, was admitted to the bar, and was actively engaged in practice until elected to the Senate; was Clerk of the Superior and Supreme Courts of Tolland and Hartford Connties; was for several years one of the Judges of the Hartford City Court, and for four years Recorder of Hartford; was a member of the State House of Representatives of Connecticut in the sessions of 1847, '48, '53, '63, '68, '70, '71, '73, and '74, and Speaker of the House in 1853 and 1873; was a member of the State Senate of Connecticut in the session of 1850; was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat, to succeed William A. Buckingham, Republican, for the term to commence March 4, 1875, and upon the death of Senator Buckingham, in February, 1875, was appointed to fill the vacancy. taking his seat February 13, 1875, serving until March 3, 1881; was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 14,740 votes against 14,027 votes for John R. Buck, Republican, and 212 votes for Phelps, Greenbacker.

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Middlesex and New Haven, including the city of New Haven.*

Charles Le Moyne Mitchell, of Nhw Haven, was born at New Haven, Connecticut, August 6, 1844; received an academical education; was a member of the State House of Representatives in 1877; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 16,061 votes against 14,029 votes for Samuel E. Merwin, Republican. *Re-elected.*

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUTIES.—*New London and Windham, including the cities of New London and Norwich.*

John Turner Wait, of Norwich, was born at New London, Connecticut, August 27, 1811; received a mercantile training in early life, and afterwards was two years at Trinity College,

Hartford; studied law, was admitted to the bar in 1836, and commenced to practise at Norwich, where he has since remained; was State's Attorney for the County of New London in 1842–'44 and in 1846–'54; has been President of the Bar Association of that county from its organization in 1874 to the present time; was an unsuccessful candidate for Lieutenant-Governor on the Democratic ticket in 1854, '55, '56, and '57, receiving each year the highest vote on the ticket; was the first Elector at Large, as a War Democrat, in 1864, on the Lincoln and Johnson ticket; was a member of the State Senate in 1865 and '66, serving the last year as President *pro tem.*; was a member of the State House of Representatives in 1867, 1871, and 1873, serving as Speaker the first year and subsequently declining that position; was an unsuccessful candidate for Lieutenant-Governor on the Republican ticket in 1874, receiving the highest vote on the ticket; was elected to the Forty-fourth Congress, (to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Hon. H. H. Starkweather;) was elected to the Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 9,882 votes against 8,227 votes for Penrose, Democrat, 288 votes for Palmer, Prohibitionist, and 101 scattering. *Re-elected.*

FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Fairfield and Litchfield, including the city of Bridgeport.*

Edward Woodruff Seymour, of Litchfield, was born at Litchfield, August 30, 1832; was graduated at Yale College in 1853; studied law; was admitted to the bar in 1856, and has practised law since; was a member of the Connecticut House of Representatives in 1859, 1860, 1870, and 1871; was a member of the Connecticut Senate, 1876; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 15,702 votes against 14,263 votes for Lyman W. Coe, Republican. *Re-elected.*

DELAWARE.

SENATORS.

Thomas Francis Bayard, of Wilmington, was born at Wilmington, Delaware, October 29, 1828; was chiefly educated at the Flushing School, established by Rev. Dr. F. L. Hawks, and although his early training was for a mercantile life, he studied and adopted the profession of law; he came to the bar in 1851, and, excepting the years 1855 and '56, when he resided in Philadelphia, he has always practised in his native city; in 1853 he was appointed United States District Attorney for Delaware, but resigned in 1854; was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat, to succeed James A. Bayard, (his father;) took his seat March 4, 1869; was re-elected in 1875 and 1881. He was a member of the Electoral Commission of 1876. His term of service will expire March 3, 1887.

Eli Saulsbury, of Dover, was born in Kent County, Delaware, December 29, 1817; attended common and select schools, and an irregular course at Dickinson College; studied and practised law; was a member of the State Legislature of Delaware in 1853 and '54; and was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat, to succeed Willard Saulsbury, Democrat; took his seat March 4, 1871; was re-elected in 1876 and in 1883. His term of service will expire March 3, 1889.

REPRESENTATIVE.

AT LARGE.

Charles B. Lore, of Wilmington, was born at Odessa, Delaware, March 16, 1831; received a primary education at public schools and at Middletown Academy, Delaware, and collegiate education at Dickinson College, Pennsylvania, graduating in June, 1852; studied law with Judge John K. Findlay, of Philadelphia, and Chancellor D. M. Bates, of Wilmington, Delaware; was admitted to the bar of New Castle County, Delaware, in 1861, and has since then been practising law there; was Clerk of the House of Representatives of Delaware in 1857; was Commissioner of the Draft for New Castle County, Delaware, 1862; was Attorney-General of the State of Delaware, 1869–'74; was one of the Presidential Electors for Delaware in 1880; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 16,563 votes against 14,640 votes for Washington Hastings, Republican. *Re-elected.*

FLORIDA.

SENATORS.

Charles W. Jones, of Pensacola, was born in Ireland in 1834; emigrated to the United States in 1844, and, after residing temporarily in different parts of the South while working at his trade, settled at Pensacola in 1854; is self-educated; studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1857, and has since practised; was a member of the National Democratic Convention at Baltimore in 1872; was an unsuccessful Democratic candidate for Congress in 1872; was a member of the State House of Representatives of Florida in 1874; was elected to the United States Senate as a Conservative Democrat, to succeed Abijah Gilbert, Republican, took his seat March 5, 1875, and was re-elected in 1881. His term of service will expire March 3, 1887.

Wilkinson Call, of Jacksonville, was born at Russellville, Logan County, Kentucky, January 9, 1834; is by profession a lawyer; was elected to the United States Senate after the war, but was not allowed to take his seat; was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat, in the place of Simon B. Conover, Republican, and took his seat March 18, 1879. His term of service will expire March 3, 1885.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Calhoun, Escambia, Franklin, Gadsden, Hernando, Hillsboro', Holmes, Jackson, Jefferson, Lafayette, Leon, Levy, Liberty, Manatee, Monroe, Polk, Santa Rosa, Taylor, Wakulla, Walton, and Washington.*

Robert H. M. Davidson, of Quincy, was born in Gadsden County, Florida, September 23, 1832; received an academic education at Quincy; studied law at the University of Virginia, and is a practising lawyer; was a member of the House of Representatives of Florida in 1856–'57 and 1858–'59; was elected to the State Senate in 1860; retired from the State Senate in 1862 and entered the Confederate Army as Captain of Infantry, and became Major and then Lieutenant-Colonel of the Sixth Florida Infantry; received a wound May 28, 1864, which rendered him unable to do further military service; was a member of the Constitutional Convention of the State in 1865; was a candidate for Elector on the Greeley and Brown ticket in 1872; was elected to the Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 11,244 votes against 7,017 votes for Skinner, Republican, and 3,553 votes for McKinnon, Independent. *Re-elected.*

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Alachua, Baker, Brevard, Bradford, Clay, Columbia, Dade, Duval, Hamilton, Madison, Marion, Nassau, Orange, Putnam, Saint John's, Sumter, Suwannee, and Volusia.*

Horatio Bisbee, Jr., of Jacksonville, was born in Canton, Oxford County, Maine, May 1, 1839; graduated at Tufts College, Massachusetts; served as a private soldier three months in the Fifth Massachusetts Volunteers, and was mustered out the middle of July, 1861; was appointed Captain of Company F in the Ninth Maine Volunteers in September, 1861; promoted to the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel February, 1862, and to the rank of Colonel January, 1863, and was honorably mustered out of service with the latter rank in March, 1863; commenced practising law at Jacksonville, Florida, on the 10th day of February, 1865; held the office of United States Attorney for the Northern District of Florida from 1869 to 1873, and for a short period the office of Attorney-General of the State of Florida; was elected to the Forty-fifth Congress as a Republican, and unseated eight days before the close of said Congress; was re-elected as a Republican to the Forty-sixth Congress, counted out, and seated on a contest the 22d day of January, 1881; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, counted out, and seated on a contest the 1st day of June, 1882; and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 13,122 votes against 12,823 votes for Finley, Democrat.

GEORGIA.

SENATORS.

Joseph E. Brown, of Atlanta, Georgia, was born in Pickens District, South Carolina, April 15, 1821; when he was a boy, his father moved to Georgia; he was educated at Calhoun Academy, South Carolina; he taught school in Canton, Georgia; he was admitted to the bar in August, 1845; he afterwards graduated in Yale College Law School, and returned to Georgia and commenced the practice of law in 1846; in 1849 he was elected to the State Senate; in 1852 he was a Pierce Elector; in 1855 he was elected Judge of the Superior Courts of the Blue Ridge Circuit; in 1857 he was elected Governor by the Democratic party over Hon. Benjamin H. Hill; re-elected in 1859 over Hon. Warren Aiken. He was a Secessionist in 1860, and was active and energetic as a war Governor after the State had seceded. In 1861 he was again elected Governor over the Hon. Eugenius A. Nisbet; in 1863 he was again a candidate for Governor, and opposed by Hon. Joshua Hill, an original Union man, and Hon. Timothy Furlow, an original Secessionist; Governor Brown was elected over both by a handsome majority. During the war, Governor Brown opposed the policy of President Davis on the conscript act, but threw no obstacles in the way of the execution of the law by the Confederate Government; he simply discussed with the President the constitutionality of the measure. After the surrender he advocated acquiescence in the reconstruction measures, and became very unpopular on account of his recommendation that the people acquiesce and carry them out in good faith. As the Democratic party opposed these measures, as a reconstructionist he voted for General Grant, who favored them. During the Legislature of 1868 he was nominated by the Republicans for United States Senator, and defeated by Hon. Joshua Hill, which was the only defeat of his life; in every instance when he has been a candidate before the people he has been successful. After his defeat for Senator he was appointed by Governor Bullock Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Georgia, which position he held till December, 1870, when he resigned and accepted the presidency of the Western Atlantic Railroad Company. He then devoted his life to business pursuits, being a candidate for no office, but acting with the Democratic party since 1872 upon the reconstruction platform. When General Gordon resigned his position in the Senate Governor Brown was appointed to fill the vacancy; he was afterwards elected over General A. R. Lawton, his opponent, by over a two-thirds majority of the Legislature. His term of service will expire March 3, 1885.

Alfred Holt Colquitt, of Atlanta, was born in Walton County, Georgia, April 20, 1824; graduated at Princeton College, New Jersey, in the class of 1844; studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1845; served as a staff officer, with the rank of Major, during the Mexican war; was elected and served as a member of the Thirty-third Congress; was a member of the Georgia Legislature in 1859; was a Presidential Elector for the State at large on the Breckinridge ticket in 1860; was a member of the Secession Convention of the State of Georgia; entered the Confederate service as Captain; was subsequently chosen Colonel of the Sixth Georgia Infantry; served as a Brigadier-General, and was commissioned as a Major-General; was elected Governor of the State of Georgia in 1876 for four years, and was re-elected under a new constitution for two years; at the expiration of his term as Governor, he was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat, to succeed Pope Barrow, Democrat, for the full term commencing March 4, 1883. His term of service will expire March 3, 1889.

REPRESENTATIVES.

AT LARGE.

Thomas Hardeman, of Macon, was born in Putnam County, Georgia, January 12, 1825; graduated at Emory College in 1845, was admitted to the bar in 1846, but never practised the law, as he engaged in the commission business, which is now his profession; served in the State Legislature in 1853, 1855, and 1857; was elected a Representative in the Thirty-sixth Congress, of which he was a member at the time of secession; was Captain of the Floyd Rifles, Major of the Second Georgia Battalion, and Colonel of the Forty-fifth Georgia Regiment; was elected again to the State Legislature in 1863, 1864, and 1874, serving as Speaker of the House of Representatives during these three sessions; was a member of the National Convention that nominated Horace Greeley; was President of the State Covention and

Chairman of the State Executive Committee of the Democratic Party for four years, and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as Congressman at Large from the State of Georgia as a Democrat, receiving 81,443 votes against 24,930 votes for C. D. Forsyth, and 68 scattering. *Was not a candidate for re-election.*

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Appling, Bryan, Bullock, Burke, Camden, Charlton, Chatham, Clinch, Echols, Effingham, Emanuel, Glynn, Liberty, McIntosh, Pierce, Scriven, Tatnall, Ware, and Wayne.*

John C. Nicholls, of Blackshear, was born in Clinton, Jones County, Georgia; is a lawyer and a planter; was a member of the National Convention in 1860 that nominated Breckinridge and Lane; was a member of the State Constitutional Convention of 1865; was a member of the Saint Louis Convention of 1876; was an Elector on the Seymour and Blair ticket in 1868; was a member of the State Senate of Georgia for four years; was elected to the Forty-sixth Congress, and was again elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 6,055 votes against 4,384 votes for Colonel James Atkins, Republican.

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Baker, Berrien, Brooks, Calhoun, Clay, Colquitt, Decatur, Dougherty, Early, Lowndes, Miller, Mitchell, Quitman, Randolph, Terrell, Thomas, and Worth.*

Henry G. Turner, of Quitman, was born in North Carolina, March 20, 1839; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 7,794 votes against 4,406 votes for Wessolowsky, Republican. *Re-elected.*

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Coffee, Dodge, Dooly, Irwin, Lee, Macon, Montgomery, Pulaski, Schley, Stewart, Sumter, Taylor, Telfair, Webster, and Wilcox.*

Charles Frederick Crisp, of Americus, was born on the 29th of January, 1845, in Sheffield, England, where his parents had gone on a visit; was brought by them to this country the year of his birth; received a common-school education in Savannah and Macon, Georgia; entered the Confederate Army in May, 1861; was a Lieutenant in Company K, Tenth Virginia Infantry, and served with that regiment until the 12th of May, 1864, when he became a prisoner of war; upon his release from Fort Delaware in June, 1865, he joined his parents at Ellaville, Schley County, Georgia; read law in Americus and was admitted to the bar there in 1866; began the practice of law in Ellaville, Georgia; in 1872 was appointed Solicitor-General of the Southwestern Judicial Circuit, and was reappointed in 1873 for a term of four years; in June, 1877, was appointed Judge of the Superior Court of the same circuit; in 1878 was elected by the General Assembly to the same office; in 1880 was re-elected Judge for a term of four years; resigned that office in September, 1882, to accept the Democratic nomination for Congress; was Permanent President of the Democratic Convention which assembled in Atlanta in April, 1883, to nominate a candidate for Governor; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, without opposition, receiving 4,131 votes. *Re-elected.*

FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Campbell, Coweta, Chattahoochee, Carroll, Douglas, Harris, Heard, Marion Meriwether, Muscogee, Talbot, and Troup.*

Hugh Buchanan, of Newnan, was born in Argyleshire, Scotland, September 15, 1823; received an academic education; was admitted to the bar in December, 1845; was elected to the Senate of Georgia in 1855, and re-elected in 1857; was Delegate to the National Democratic Convention at Cincinnati in 1856; was Elector on the Breckinridge and Lane ticket in 1860; entered the Confederate Army in June, 1861; was elected to the Thirty-ninth Congress in 1865; was a Delegate to the National Democratic Convention in 1868; was appointed Judge of the Superior Court, August, 1872, and resigned the same on his nomination for Congress in September, 1880; was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1877; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 5,583 votes against 1,502 votes for Pou, Independent Democrat, and 31 scattering.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Clayton, Crawford, De Kalb, Fayette, Fulton, Henry, Houston, Milton, Monroe, Pike, Spalding, and Upson.*

Nathaniel J. Hammond, of Atlanta, was born in Elbert County, Georgia, December 26, 1833; graduated at the University of Georgia, at Athens, in 1852; has practised law since 1853; was Solicitor-General from 1861 to 1865; was Reporter of the Supreme Court from 1867 to 1872; was Attorney-General from 1872 to 1877; was a member of the Constitutional Conventions of 1865 and 1877; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 10,788 votes against 5,756 votes for Buck, Independent Republican. *Re-elected.*

SIXTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Baldwin, Bibb, Butts, Jasper, Jones, Laurens, Newton, Putnam, Rockdale, Twiggs, Walton, and Wilkinson.*

James H. Blount, of Macon, was born in Georgia, September 12, 1837; was elected to the Forty-third, Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 3,514 votes against 26 scattering. *Re-elected.*

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Bartow, Catoosa, Chattooga, Cherokee, Cobb, Dade, Floyd, Gordon, Haralson, Murray, Paulding, Polk, Walker, and Whitfield.*

Judson C. Clements, of La Fayette, was born in Walker County, Georgia, February 12, 1846; was educated in the schools of that county, also in the law at Cumberland University, at Lebanon, Tennessee; was admitted to the bar and began the practice of law in 1869 at La Fayette, Georgia, and has continued in the same at that place until the present time; was elected Representative in the General Assembly of Georgia in 1872 for the term of two years, and re-elected in 1874; was elected State Senator in 1877; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 12,408 votes against 10,746 votes for Felton, Independent Democrat. *Re-elected.*

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Columbia, Elbert, Glascock, Greene, Hancock, Hart, Jefferson, Johnson, Lincoln, McDuffie, Oglethorpe, Richmond, Taliaferro, Warren, Washington, and Wilkes.*

Seaborn Reese, of Sparta, was born at Madison, Morgan County, Georgia, November 28, 1846; educated partly at the University of Georgia, which institution he left in his senior year, 1868; has practised law since 1869; was elected Representative in the General Assembly of Georgia in 1872 for the term of two years; was Solicitor-General of the Northern Judicial Circuit from 1877 to 1880; was a Presidential Elector on the Hancock ticket in 1880; was elected to fill the vacancy in the Forty-seventh Congress caused by the resignation of A. H. Stephens after his election as Governor of Georgia, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 4,384 votes against 185 scattering. *Re-elected.*

NINTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Banks, Clarke, Dawson, Fannin, Forsyth, Franklin, Gilmer, Gwinnett, Habersham, Hall, Jackson, Lumpkin, Madison, Morgan, Pickens, Rabun, Towns, Union, and White.*

Allen D. Candler, of Gainesville, was born in Lumpkin County, Georgia, November 4, 1834; he graduated at Mercer University, Georgia, in 1858; studied law in 1860, but the war coming on, he never practised; was successively a private, Lieutenant, Captain, Lieutenant-Colonel, and Colonel in the Confederate Army; was a member of the Georgia House of Representatives, 1872–'77; was a member of the Georgia State Senate, 1877–'79; is a manufacturer and railroad president; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 14,566 votes against 11,918 votes for Emory Speer, Independent. *Re-elected.*

ILLINOIS.

SENATORS.

John A. Logan, of Chicago, was born in Jackson County, Illinois, where he received a common-school education, and subsequently graduated at the Louisville University; enlisted as private in the Illinois Volunteers and became Quartermaster in the war with Mexico; was elected Clerk of the Jackson County Court in 1849; studied and practised law; was elected to the Legislature of Illinois in 1852, '53, '56, and '57; was Prosecuting Attorney from 1853 to 1857; was a Presidential Elector in 1856; was elected to the Thirty-sixth and Thirty-seventh Congresses; resigned and entered the Union Army as Colonel, and reached the rank of Major-General in the war for the suppression of the rebellion; was appointed Minister to Mexico in 1865, but declined; was elected to the Fortieth and Forty-first Congresses; was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed Richard Yates, Republican, serving from March 4, 1871, to March 3, 1877; resumed the practice of law at Chicago; was again elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed R. J. Oglesby, Republican, and took his seat March 18, 1879. His term of service will expire March 3, 1885.

Shelby M. Cullom, of Springfield, was born in Wayne County, Kentucky, November 22, 1829; his father removed to Tazewell County, Illinois, the following year; he received an academic and university education; went to Springfield in the fall of 1853 to study law, and has since resided there; immediately upon receiving license to practice was elected City Attorney; continued to practice law until he took his seat in the House of Representatives, in 1865; was a Presidential Elector in 1856 on the Fillmore ticket; was elected a member of the House of Representatives of the Illinois Legislature in 1856, 1860, 1872, and 1874, and was elected Speaker in 1861 and in 1873; was elected a Representative from Illinois in the Thirty-ninth, Fortieth, and Forty-first Congresses, serving from December 4, 1865, to March 3, 1871; was a Delegate to the National Republican Convention at Philadelphia in 1872, being Chairman of the Illinois Delegation, and placed General Grant in nomination; was a Delegate to the National Republican Convention in 1884, and Chairman of the Illinois Delegation; was elected Governor of Illinois in 1876, and succeeded himself in 1880, serving from January 8, 1877, until February 5, 1883, when he resigned, having been elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed David Davis, Independent Democrat. He took his seat December 4, 1883. His term of service will expire March 3, 1889.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTY.—*The first four wards of the city of Chicago, with the townships of Bloom, Bremen, Calumet, Hyde Park, Lake, Lemont, Lyons, Orland, Palos, Rich, Riverside, Thornton, Worth, in Cook County.*

Ransom W. Dunham, of Chicago, was born at Savoy, Massachusetts, March 21, 1838; was educated at the common school, closing at the High School at Springfield, Massachusetts; was engaged in the office of the Massachusetts Mutual Life Insurance Company from August, 1855, to August, 1860, removing from Springfield to Chicago, April 1, 1857; has since been a grain and provision commission merchant; was President of the Board of Trade of Chicago in 1882; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 11,571 votes against 10,534 for J. W. Doane, Democrat, and 644 for A. J. Grover, Greenbacker. *Re-elected.*

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTY.—*The 5th, 6th, and 7th wards of the city of Chicago, and that part of the 8th ward south of the center of Polk street and the center of Macalaster Place.*

John F. Finerty, of Chicago, was born in Galway, Ireland, September 10, 1846; was educated mainly by private tuition; entered on the profession of journalism at the age of sixteen; came to America in 1864; served one hundred days' term in the Ninety-ninth New York State Militia in the United States service; correspondent for "The Chicago Times" in the Sioux war of 1876, with General Crook; with the Northern Indian (Sioux) war of 1879, with General Miles; in the Ute campaign, 1879, with General Merritt, and afterwards in the Apache campaign of 1881 with General Carr; corresponded for the same paper in most of the States of Mexico, and in every State and Territory of the United States; was editorial correspondent in Washington during the sessions of the Forty-sixth Congress; established "The Citizen," a weekly newspaper, and the Irish-American organ of the North-

west, on the 14th of January, 1882; and was elected to represent the Second Congressional District of Illinois as an Independent Democrat in the Forty-eighth Congress, although then residing in the Fourth Congressional District of that State, receiving 9,360 votes against 6,939 votes for Henry F. Sheridan, the regular Democratic nominee, and 369 scattering.

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTY.—*Part of Cook, north of Polk street, of ward eight, and wards nine to fourteen, inclusive, city of Chicago.*

George R. Davis, of Chicago, was born at Three Rivers, Palmer, Massachusetts, January 3, 1840; received a public-school education, also a classical course at Williston Seminary, Easthampton, Massachusetts, graduating in 1860; studied law and was admitted to the bar; entered the service in July, 1862, and was an officer of the Union Army during the war, holding the position of Captain of the Eighth Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry and that of Major of the Third Rhode Island Cavalry; commanded the latter regiment during most of its service in the field; he took a leading part with the citizens in the organization of the Militia of Chicago, and was Colonel of the First Regiment Infantry, Illinois National Guard, and senior Colonel in the State service; was a delegate to the Republican convention in 1884; he was the Republican nominee for the Forty-fifth Congress and was defeated, though running largely ahead of the Presidential ticket; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-eleced to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 12,511 votes against 10,274 votes for William P. Black, the Democratic and Independent candidate. *Nominated by acclamation August 30, 1884, and again October 28, but declined both nominations.*

FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTY.—*15th, 16th, 17th, and 18th wards of the city of Chicago, and the towns of Barrington, Cicero, Elk Grove, Evanston, Hanover, Jefferson, Lakeview, Leyden, Maine, Niles, New Trier, Norwood Park, Northfield, Palatine, Proviso, Schaumburg, and Wheeling, in Cook County.*

George Everett Adams, of Chicago, was born at Keene, New Hampshire, June 18, 1840; graduated at Harvard in 1860; studied law at the Dane Law School, Cambridge, Massachusetts, and has since practised; was elected State Senator of Illinois from the Sixth District, being part of Chicago, in November, 1880, and resigned on the 3d of March, 1883, having been elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 11,686 votes against 9,446 votes for Hon. Lambert Tree, Democrat, 633 votes for Crandon, Prohibitionist, and 128 scattering. *Re-elected.*

FIFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Boone, De Kalb, Kane, Lake, and McHenry.*

Reuben Ellwood, of Sycamore, was born in Montgomery County, New York, February 21, 1821; was educated at Cherry Valley Academy, New York; is a manufacturer of agricultural implements; was a member of the New York State House of Representatives in 1850; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 12,989 votes against 5,130 for William Price, Democrat, and 234 for B. N. Dean, Greenbacker. *Re-elected.*

SIXTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Carroll, Jo Daviess, Ogle, Stephenson, and Winnebago.*

Robert Roberts Hitt, of Mount Morris, was born at Urbana, Ohio, January 16, 1834; removed to Ogle County, Illinois, in 1837; was educated at Rock River Seminary (now Mount Morris College) and at Asbury University; was occupied with farming, short-hand, and literature; was clerk of the Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections in 1872; was first secretary of Paris Legation and chargé d'affaires *ad interim* from December, 1874, until March, 1881; was Assistant Secretary of State in 1881; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress November 7, 1882, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Hon. R. M. A. Hawk, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 12,726 votes against 9,045 votes for Ticknor, Democrat, 354 votes for Curtis, Greenback candidate, and 120 scattering. *Re-elected.*

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Bureau, Henry, Lee, Putnam, and Whitesides.*

Thomas J. Henderson, of Princeton, was born at Brownsville, Haywood County, Tennessee, November 29, 1824; removed to Illinois at the age of eleven; received an academic education; was reared upon a farm; was elected Clerk of the County Commissioners' Court of Stark County, Illinois, in 1847, and served until 1849; was elected Clerk of the County

Court of Stark County, and served from 1849 until 1853; studied law, was admitted to the bar in 1852, and has since practised his profession; was a member of the State House of Representatives in 1855 and '56, and of the State Senate in 1857, '58, '59, and '60; entered the Union Army in 1862 as Colonel of the One hundred and twelfth Regiment of Illinois Volunteer Infantry, served until the close of the war, and was brevetted Brigadier-General in January, 1865; was elected a Presidential Elector for the State at large on the Republican ticket in 1868; was elected to the Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 12,751 votes against 6,369 votes for Johnson, Democrat, 1,673 votes for Lloyd, Prohibitionist, and 70 scattering. *Re-elected.*

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Du Page, Grundy, Kendall, La Salle, and Will.*

William Cullen, of Ottawa, was born in the North of Ireland, March 4, 1826. When a child his parents came to the United States and located in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, where he received a public-school education; removed to Illinois in 1846 and located on a farm; was Sheriff of La Salle County, and held other local offices; has been for many years joint owner and senior editor of "The Ottawa Republican;" was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 13,857 votes against 13,673 votes for Haley, Democrat, 1,017 votes for Hardy, Prohibitionist, and 917 votes for Steward, Greenback candidate.

NINTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Ford, Iroquois, Kankakee, Livingston, Marshall, and Woodford.*

Lewis E. Payson, of Pontiac, was born in Providence, Rhode Island, September 17, 1840; removed to Illinois in 1852; received a common-school education, with two years at Lombard University, Galesburg, Illinois; studied law and was admitted to the bar at Ottawa, Illinois, in 1862; removed to Pontiac in January, 1865, where he has since resided, practising law; was Judge of County Court 1869–'73; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 12,619 votes against 9,243 or Buck, Democrat, 2,138 for Barnard, Greenback candidate, and 94 scattering. *Re-elected.*

TENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Fulton, Knox, Peoria, and Stark.*

Nicholas Ellsworth Worthington, of Peoria, was born in Brooke County, West Virginia, March 30, 1836; graduated at Allegheny College, Pennsylvania; is a lawyer by profession; was County Superintendent of Schools of Peoria County, 1865–'72; was a member of the State Board of Education of Illinois, 1869–'72; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 13,571 votes against 13,180 votes for Lewis, Republican, and 1,335 votes for Mitchell, Greenbacker.

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Hancock, Henderson, McDonough, Mercer, Rock Island, Schuyler, and Warren.*

William H. Neece, of Macomb, was born in what was then Sangamon County, now part of Logan County, Illinois, February 26, 1831; his parents moved to McDonough County in the same year, where he was raised on a farm and educated in the common schools; read law and was admitted to the bar in 1858, which profession he has since followed; was elected a member of the City Council of Macomb in 1861; was elected to the Legislature of that State in 1864, and a member of its Constitutional Convention in 1869; was again elected to the Legislature in 1871, and in 1878 to the State Senate; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 14,604 votes against 13,975 votes for B. F. Marsh, Republican, and 3,671 votes for Richard Haney, Greenbacker and Prohibitionist. *Re-elected.*

TWELFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Adams, Brown, Calhoun, Cass, Greene, Jersey, Pike, and Scott.*

James M. Riggs, of Winchester, was born in Scott County, Illinois, April 17, 1839; received a common-school and a partial collegiate education; studied law; was admitted to the bar and has since practised; was elected Sheriff of Scott County in November, 1864, and served two years; represented Scott County in the House of the Twenty-seventh General Assembly of Illinois, 1871–'72; was elected State's Attorney for Scott County in November, 1872, and served four years; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 15,316 votes against 11,782 votes for Singleton, Independent Democrat, and 4,130 votes for Minear, Prohibition Republican. *Re-elected.*

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Christian, Mason, Menard, Morgan, Sangamon, and Tazewell.*

William M. Springer, of Springfield, was born in Sullivan County, Indiana, May 30, 1836; removed to Illinois with his parents in 1848; graduated at the Indiana State University, Bloomington, in 1858; studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1859; was Secretary of the State Constitutional Convention of Illinois in 1862; was a member of the State Legislature of Illinois in 1871–'72; was elected to the Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 18,360 votes against 14,042 votes for D. C. Smith, Republican, and 1,414 votes for H. M. Miller, Greenbacker and Prohibitionist. *Re-elected.*

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*De Witt, Logan, Piatt, Macon, and McLean.*

Jonathan H. Rowell, of Bloomington, was born in Haverhill, New Hampshire, February 10, 1833; graduated at Eureka College, Illinois, and at the Law Department of the University of Chicago; is by profession a lawyer; was State's Attorney of the Eighth Judicial Circuit of Illinois, 1868–'72; was Presidential Elector on the Garfield and Arthur ticket in 1880; served three years as a company officer in the Seventeenth Illinois Infantry; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 15,273 votes against 14,598 votes for Adleir E. Stevenson, Democrat and Greenbacker, and 1,414 votes for David H. Harts, Prohibitionist. *Re-elected.*

FIFTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Champaign, Coles, Douglas, Edgar, and Vermillion.*

Joseph G. Cannon, of Danville, was born at Guilford, North Carolina, May 7, 1836; is a lawyer; was State's Attorney in Illinois from March, 1861, to December, 1868; was elected to the Forty-third, Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 15,868 votes against 14,651 votes for Hunter, Democrat, and 536 votes for Barnes, Prohibitionist. *Re-elected.*

SIXTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Clark, Clay, Crawford, Cumberland, Edwards, Jasper, Lawrence, Richland, Wabash, and Wayne.*

Aaron Shaw, of Olney, was born in Orange County, New York, in 1811; educated at Montgomery Academy, New York; studied law with Judge Morrell at Goshen, New York; removed to Lawrence County, Illinois, in 1833; was a delegate to the first Internal Improvement Convention of Illinois; was elected State's Attorney by the Legislature of Illinois; was three times a member of the Illinois State Legislature; was elected Circuit Judge of the Fourth Judicial District of Illinois, and served six years; was elected to the Thirty-fifth Congress, and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 14,557 votes against 13,689 for Green, Republican, 471 for Turney, Prohibitionist, and 129 scattering.

SEVENTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Effingham, Fayette, Macoupin, Montgomery, Moultrie, and Shelby.*

Samuel W. Moulton, of Shelbyville, was born at Wenham, Massachusetts, January 20 1822; received a public-school education; removed to the South, where he remained some years, and then located in Illinois in 1845; studied law, was admitted to the bar, and practised at Shelbyville; was a member of the State House of Representatives in 1852–'59; was a Presidential Elector on the Buchanan ticket in 1857; was President of the Board of Education of the State of Illinois 1859–'76; was elected to the Thirty-ninth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 14,495 votes against 10,068 votes for Barlow, Republican, and 1,386 votes for Carley, Prohibitionist

EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Bond, Madison, Monroe, Saint Clair, and Washington.*

William R. Morrison, of Waterloo, was born in Monroe County, Illinois, September 14, 1825; was educated in the common schools and at McKendree College, Illinois; is a lawyer by profession; was Clerk of the Circuit Court; was four terms a member and one term Speaker of the Illinois House of Representatives; was elected to the Thirty-eighth, Forty-third, Forty-

fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 14,906 votes against 12,561 votes for Kneffner, Republican, and 1,069 votes for Hynes, Prohibitionist. *Re-elected.*

NINETEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Clinton, Franklin, Gallatin, Hamilton, Hardin, Jefferson, Marion, Saline, and White.*

Richard W. Townshend, of Shawneetown, was born in Prince George's County, Maryland, April 30, 1840; came to Washington City when ten years of age, and was there educated at public and private schools; removed to Illinois in 1858; taught school in Fayette County; studied law with S. S. Marshall at McLeansboro', was admitted to the bar in 1862, and has since practised; was Clerk of the Circuit Court of Hamilton County 1863–'68; was Prosecuting Attorney for the Twelfth Judicial Circuit 1868–'72; removed in 1873 from McLeansboro' to Shawneetown, where he was an officer of the Gallatin National Bank; was a member of the Democratic State Central Committee of Illinois 1864, '65, '74, and '75; was a Delegate to the National Democratic Convention at Baltimore in 1872; was elected to the Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 15,606 votes against 9,930 votes for Ross, Republican. *Re-elected.*

TWENTIETH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Alexander, Jackson, Johnson, Massac, Perry, Pope, Pulaski, Randolph, Union, and Williamson.*

John R. Thomas, of Metropolis, was born at Mount Vernon, Jefferson County, Illinois, October 11, 1846; received a common-school education; served in the Union Army during the war of the rebellion; rose from the rank of private to that of Captain of Infantry; studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1869; was elected and served as State's Attorney from 1872 to 1876; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 14,504 votes against 14,113 votes for Murphy, Democrat, and 1,016 votes for McCartney, Prohibitionist. *Re-elected.*

INDIANA.

SENATORS.

Daniel W. Voorhees, of Terre Haute, was born in Butler County, Ohio, September 26, 1827; graduated at the Indiana Asbury University in 1849; studied law and commenced its practice in 1851; was appointed United States District Attorney for Indiana in 1858, and held the office for three years; was elected to the Thirty-seventh, Thirty-eighth, Thirty-ninth, (in which his seat was successfully contested,) Forty-first, and Forty-second Congresses; was defeated as a Democratic candidate for the Forty-fifth Congress; was appointed to the United States Senate as a Democrat, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Oliver P. Morton, Republican; took his seat November 12, 1877, and was subsequently elected by the Legislature for the unexpired term and for the full term ensuing. His term of service will expire March 3, 1885.

Benjamin Harrison, of Indianapolis, was born at North Bend, Hamilton County, Ohio, August 20, 1833; received a classical education, graduating at Miami University, Oxford, Ohio, in 1852; studied law at Cincinnati, Ohio; removed in March, 1854, to Indianapolis, where he has since resided and has been engaged in the practice of the law; was elected in October, 1860, by the people, Reporter of the decisions of the Supreme Court of the State; was commissioned in July, 1862, as Second Lieutenant of Indiana Volunteers; raised Company A of the Seventieth Indiana Volunteer Infantry, was commissioned Captain, and on the organization of the regiment was commissioned Colonel; in August went with the regiment to Kentucky, and served until mustered out in June, 1865; was brevetted Brigadier-General in February, 1865; in October, 1864, while in the field, was re-elected Reporter of the Supreme Court, which office he had lost by accepting his commission in the Army; after having been mustered out, he entered upon the duties of Reporter and served for four years; in 1876 he was the candidate of the Republican party for Governor of Indiana, but was defeated; was appointed a member of the Mississippi River Commission in 1879; was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed Joseph E. McDonald, Democrat, and took his seat March 4, 1881. His term of service will expire March 3, 1887.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Gibson, Perry, Pike, Posey, Spencer, Vanderburg, and Warrick.*

John J. Kleiner, of Evansville, was born in West Hanover, Pennsylvania, February 8, 1845; is a manufacturer and dealer in hard-wood lumber; served as a private in the Union Army in 1863–'64; was a member of the City Council of Evansville in 1873; was Mayor of Evansville, 1874–'80; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 18,048 votes against 16,399 votes for William Heilman, Republican, and 512 votes for Nesmith, Greenbacker. *Re-elected.*

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Daviess, Dubois, Greene, Knox, Lawrence, Martin, Orange, and Sullivan.*

Thomas R. Cobb, of Vincennes, was born in Lawrence County, Indiana, July 2, 1828; was raised on a farm; attended the Bloomington University; studied and practised law at Bedford from 1853 until 1867, when he removed to Vincennes, where he has since continued to practise; was commissioned Major of Militia by the Governor of Indiana in 1852; was elected to the State Senate from 1858 to 1866; was Democratic candidate for Elector in 1868; was President of the Indiana State Democratic Convention in 1876; was a Delegate to the National Democratic Convention at Saint Louis which nominated Tilden and Hendricks in 1876; was elected to the Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 16,339 votes against 13,288 votes for Hostetler, Independent Democrat, and 5 scattering. *Re-elected.*

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Clark, Crawford, Floyd, Harrison, Jackson, Jennings, Scott, and Washington.*

Strother M. Stockslager, of Corydon, was born at Mauckport, Harrison County, Indiana, May 7, 1842; attended common schools, Corydon High School, and the State University at Bloomington; taught school; was Second Lieutenant and Captain in the Thirteenth Indiana Cavalry; was Deputy County Auditor two years; was Deputy County Clerk two years; was appointed by Andrew Johnson as Assessor of Internal Revenue; studied law and was admitted to the bar at Corydon in 1871, where he has since resided and practised his profession; has been editor of the "Corydon Democrat" since October, 1878; was a member of the Indiana State Senate 1874–'78; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 17,122 votes against 12,538 votes for Walker, Republican, and 788 votes for Greene, Greenback candidate.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Dearborn, Decatur, Franklin, Jefferson, Ohio, Ripley, Switzerland, and Union.*

William S. Holman, of Aurora, was born at a pioneer homestead called Veraestau, in Dearborn County, Indiana, September 6, 1822; received a common-school education, and studied at Franklin College, Indiana, for two years; studied and practised law; was Judge of the Court of Probate from 1843 to 1846; was Prosecuting Attorney from 1847 to 1849; was a member of the Constitutional Convention of Indiana in 1850; was a member of the Legislature of Indiana in 1851; was a Judge of the Court of Common Pleas from 1852 to 1856; was elected to the Thirty-sixth, Thirty-seventh, Thirty-eighth, Fortieth, Forty-first, Forty-second, Forty-third, Forty-fourth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 16,640 votes against 13,146 votes for Johnson, Republican, and 250 votes for Thomas, Greenback candidate. *Re-elected.*

FIFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Bartholomew, Brown, Hendricks, Johnson, Monroe, Morgan, Owen, and Putnam.*

Courtland C. Matson, of Greencastle, was born at Brookville, Indiana, April 25, 1841; is a graduate of Indiana Asbury University; at the beginning of the war enlisted as a private in the Sixteenth Indiana Volunteers, and after one year's service in that regiment entered the Sixth Indiana Cavalry, (Seventy-first Volunteers,) and served in that regiment until October, 1865, filling different intermediate grades up to that of Colonel of the latter regiment; after the war he studied law with his father, Hon. John A. Matson; entered the practice at his present

home, and has so continued; was three times elected as Prosecuting Attorney of different courts in Indiana; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 16,851 votes against 13,298 votes for Wallingford, Greenback candidate, and 16 scattering. *Re-elected.*

SIXTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Delaware, Fayette, Henry, Randolph, Rush, ana Wayne.*

Thomas M. Browne, of Winchester, was born at New Paris, Ohio, April 19, 1829; removed to Indiana in January, 1844; received a common-school education; studied law at Winchester, and was admitted to the bar in 1849; was elected Prosecuting Attorney for the Thirteenth Judicial Circuit in 1855, and re-elected in 1857 and 1859; was Secretary of the State Senate of Indiana in 1861, and represented Randolph County in that body in 1863; assisted in organizing the Seventh Volunteer Cavalry, and went to the field with that regiment as its Lieutenant-Colonel, was promoted to its Colonelcy, and subsequently commissioned by President Lincoln Brigadier-General by brevet; was appointed in April, 1869, United States Attorney for the District of Indiana, and resigned that office August 1, 1872; was the Republican candidate for Governor of Indiana in 1872, and was defeated by Thomas A. Hendricks; elected to the Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 19,562 votes against 12,249 votes for Pender, Democrat, and 739 votes for Smith, Greenback candidate. *Re-elected.*

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Hancock, Marion, and Shelby.*

William E. English, of Indianapolis, the only son of William H. English, ex-member of Congress from Indiana, and late Democratic candidate for Vice-President, was born at Lexington, Scott County, Indiana, November 3, 1851; removed to Indianapolis at an early age; graduated at the Northwestern University, and was admitted to the practice of the law in 1872, but has since retired from active practice, and is at present the proprietor and manager of English's Opera House, at Indianapolis; has always been an active and prominent Democrat, and for over eleven years continuously has been a member of the Democratic Executive Committee of his county, serving as its chairman during two important campaigns; was a member of the State house of representatives in 1878; was the Democratic candidate for Representative in the Forty-eighth Congress in November, 1882, but the certificate of election having been given to his Republican competitor on the face of the returns he contested the seat on the ground of fraud and irregularity in the counting of the votes; after an examination of the evidence, a majority of the Committee on Elections reported that Mr. English had been duly and rightfully elected, and that the lawful result was 17,510 votes for W. E. English, Democrat, against 17,212 votes for Stanton J. Peelle, Republican, and 535 votes for Robert W. Medkirk, Greenback candidate. *Was not a candidate for re-election or re-nomination.*

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Clay, Fountain, Montgomery, Parke, Vermillion, Vigo, and Warren.*

John E. Lamb, of Terre Haute, was born at Terre Haute, Indiana, December 26, 1852; received a private and common-school education, and graduated at the Terre Haute High-school; studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1873, and since that time has been engaged in the practice of his profession; was Prosecuting Attorney of the Fourteenth Judicial Circuit of Indiana for nearly four years; was a candidate for Presidential Elector on the Democratic ticket in 1880; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 18,110 votes against 17,823 for Peirce, Republican, and 1,859 for Copner, Greenbacker.

NINTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Boone, Clinton, Hamilton, Madison, Tippecanoe, and Tipton.*

Thomas B. Ward, of La Fayette, was born at Marysville, Union County, Ohio, April 27, 1835; his parents removed to La Fayette, Indiana (where he has since resided), in May, 1836; was educated at Wabash College, Indiana, and at Miami University, Oxford, Ohio; graduated at the last-named institution in June, 1855; studied law at La Fayette, Indiana, and was admitted to the bar in 1857; was elected Mayor of La Fayette in 1861, and re-elected in 1863, serving four years; served one term as clerk to the city of La Fayette, and three terms as City Attorney of that city; was appointed by Governor Hendricks, in 1875, Judge of the Superior Court of Tippecanoe County, Indiana, then newly created, and elected to that position in 1876, serving five years in all as Judge; was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 17,357 votes against 16,482 votes for Orth, Republican, and 1,114 votes for Jacks, Greenbacker. *Re-elected.*

TENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Benton, Carroll, Cass, Fulton, Jasper, Lake, Newton, Porter, Pulaski, and White.*

Thomas J. Wood, of Crown Point, was born in Athens County, Ohio, September 30, 1844; was raised on a farm; taught school two years; studied law with W. Mack, at Terre Haute, Indiana; graduated from the Law Department of Michigan University in 1867; located at Crown Point, Indiana, November, 1867, and has since practised there in all the courts, State and Federal; was elected Corporation Treasurer in 1870, and re-elected; was elected Prosecuting Attorney in a Republican district of 800 to 1,200 majority as a Democrat in 1872, for two years; was re-elected in 1874, in a Republican district of 1,200 majority, by 920 majority as a Democrat; was elected to the State Senate in 1878 in a Republican district by 371 majority as a Democrat for four years; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress, in a Republican district of 2,400 majority, as a Democrat, receiving 17,237 votes against 16,223 votes for De Motte, Republican, and 1,377 votes for Moore, Greenbacker.

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Adams, Blackford, Grant, Howard, Huntington, Jay, Miami, Wabash, and Wells.*

George W. Steele, of Marion, was born in Fayette County, Indiana, December 13, 1839; received a common-school education; studied law and was admitted to the bar in February, 1861; enlisted in Company H, Eighth Indiana Infantry, April 22, 1861; was commissioned First Lieutenant Twelfth Indiana Infantry, May 2, 1861; Captain One hundred and first Indiana Infantry, September 6, 1862; Major, February 8, 1863; and Lieutenant-Colonel, June 1, 1863, but not mustered as Lieutenant-Colonel, the regiment being below the minimum; continued to serve in that capacity until the close of the war, the first year's service in the Eastern Army and the last three in the Army of the Cumberland; was commissioned First Lieutenant Fourteenth United States Infantry February 23, 1866; was appointed Regimental Quartermaster July 1, 1868; resigned, to take effect February 1, 1876, while performing duty as Depot Quartermaster at Ogden, Utah; with the exception of a short time on recruiting service, was doing active duty on the frontier; is now engaged in pork-packing and farming; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 19,863 votes against 19,530 votes for Dailey, Democrat, and 1,456 votes for Thompson, Greenback candidate. *Re-elected.*

TWELFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Allen, De Kalb, La Grange, Noble, Steuben, and Whitley.*

Robert Lowry, of Fort Wayne, was born in Ireland; removed in early youth to Rochester, New York; was instructed in the elementary branches at private schools and had partial academic course, but education mainly self-acquired; was Librarian of Rochester Athenæum and Young Men's Association; studied law; removed to Fort Wayne in 1843; was elected by the Common Council, while yet under age, City Recorder; was re-elected, but declined; was admitted to the bar; commenced practice in Goshen, Indiana, in 1846; was appointed by the Governor Circuit Judge in 1852, to fill vacancy for an unexpired term; was unexpectedly nominated by the Democrats in 1856, in a district having a large adverse majority, as a candidate for Congress, and defeated only by a close vote; in 1860 was President of the Democratic State Convention and one of the four Delegates at Large to the Democratic National Convention; in 1861 and 1862, while still retaining residence and practice in Indiana, had law office in Chicago; in 1864 was nominated by the Democrats and elected Circuit Judge for a term of six years; while yet occupying the bench was again nominated by the Democrats in 1866, and renominated in 1868 as a candidate for Congress in heavily Republican districts and defeated, but by reduced majorities; in 1867 resumed his residence in Fort Wayne; was re-elected Circuit Judge on the expiration of his term, in 1870, without opposition; was Delegate at Large to the Democratic National Convention in 1872; resigned the Circuit Judgeship in January, 1875, and resumed practice in Fort Wayne as a member of the firm of Lowry, Robertson & O'Rourke; in September, 1877, was appointed by the Governor, on the unanimous recommendation of the bar, as Judge of the newly-created Superior Court, and afterwards elected as such in 1878 by a unanimous popular vote; was elected the first President of the Indiana State Bar Association in July, 1879; on the expiration of his term as Judge, in 1882, he was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 16,986 votes against 13,623 votes for Glascow, Republican. His predecessor received only 770 majority in 1880. *Re-elected.*

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Elkhart, Kosciusko, La Porte, Marshall, Saint Joseph, and Starke.*

Benjamin F. Shively, of North Bend, was born in Saint Joseph County, Indiana, March 20, 1857; taught school from 1874 to 1880, when he engaged in journalism; accepted the Secretaryship of the National Anti-monopoly organization in 1883; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a National Anti-monopolist, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of William H. Calkins, receiving 20,912 votes against 18,744 votes for Reynolds, Republican.

IOWA.

SENATORS.

William B. Allison, of Dubuque, was born at Perry, Ohio, March 2, 1829; was educated at the Western Reserve College, Ohio; studied law and practised in Ohio until he removed to Iowa in 1857; served on the staff of the Governor of Iowa, and aided in organizing volunteers in the beginning of the war for the suppression of the rebellion; was elected a Representative in the Thirty-eighth, Thirty-ninth, Fortieth, and Forty-first Congresses; and was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed James Harlan, Republican; took his seat March 4, 1873, and was re-elected in 1878. His term of service will expire March 3, 1885.

James F. Wilson, of Fairfield, was born at Newark, Ohio, October 19, 1828; received an academical education; studied law, and commenced its practice in Iowa; was a member of the Constitutional Convention of Iowa in 1856; was a member of the State Legislature in 1857, '59, and '61, serving the last year as President of the Senate; was elected a Representative from Iowa for the unexpired term of S. R. Curtis; was re-elected to the Thirty-eighth, Thirty-ninth, and Fortieth Congresses, serving from December 2, 1861, to March 3, 1869; and was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed James Wilson McDill, Republican, and took his seat December 4, 1883. His term of service will expire March 3, 1889.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Des Moines, Henry, Jefferson, Lee, Louisa, Van Buren, and Washington.*

Moses A. McCoid, of Fairfield, was born in Logan County, Ohio, November 5, 1840, and is a grandson of Quinton Bain, of the Revolutionary War; was educated at Fairfield University and at Washington College, Pennsylvania; studied law under Hon. James F. Wilson, at Fairfield, Iowa, 1858–'61; enlisted as a private in Company E, Second Regiment Iowa Volunteer Infantry, May 6, 1861; served in the battles of Donelson, Shiloh, advance on Corinth, battle of Corinth, October 3 and 4, 1862, Bear Creek, Resaca, and Oostenaula River; at Donelson received a commission as Second Lieutenant; was Acting Adjutant of the regiment during the advance on Corinth, and in the spring of 1862; he engaged in the practice of law at Fairfield; was District Attorney of the Sixth Judicial District of Iowa from January, 1867, to January, 1871; was a member of the State Senate of Iowa 1872–'79, and Chairman of the Senate Judiciary Committee of the Seventeenth General Assembly; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 13,549 votes against 13,311 votes for Hall, Democrat, 1,266 votes for Sater, Greenback candidate, and 17 scattering.

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Cedar, Clinton, Jackson, Jones, Muscatine, and Scott.*

Jeremiah H. Murphy, of Davenport, was born at Lowell, Massachusetts, February 19, 1835; was educated in the schools of Boston and the State University of Iowa; read law; was admitted to the practice in April, 1858, and he has practised the profession ever since; was elected Mayor of Davenport in 1873; was elected to the State Senate of Iowa in 1874 and held the office four years; was again elected Mayor in 1879 and held the office one year; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 15,760 votes against 12,561 for S. S. Farwell, Republican, and 561 for Bartlett, Greenbacker. *Re-elected.*

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Black Hawk, Bremer, Buchanan, Butler, Delaware, Dubuque, and Grundy.*

David Bremner Henderson, of Dubuque, was born at Old Deer, Scotland, March 14, 1840; was brought to Illinois in 1846 and to Iowa in 1849; was educated in common schools and at the Upper Iowa University; studied law with Bissel & Shiras, of Dubuque, and was admitted in the fall of 1865; was reared on a farm until twenty-one years of age; enlisted in the Union Army in September, 1861, as private in Company C, Twelfth Regiment Iowa Infantry Volunteers, and was elected and commissioned First Lieutenant of that company, serving with it until discharged, owing to the loss of his leg, March 26, 1863; in May, 1863, was appointed Commissioner of the Board of Enrolment of the Third District of Iowa, serving as such until June, 1864, when he re-entered the Army as Colonel of the Forty-sixth Regiment Iowa Infantry Volunteers, and served therein until the close of the war; was Collector of Internal Revenue for the Third District of Iowa from November, 1865, until June, 1869, when he resigned and became a member of the law firm of Shiras, Van Duzee & Henderson; was Assistant United States District Attorney for the Northern Division of the District of Iowa about two years, resigning in 1871; is now a member of the law firm of Henderson, Hurd & Daniels; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 12,907 votes against 11,604 for Durham, Democrat, and 1,012 for Foster, Greenbacker. *Re-elected.*

FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Allamakee, Clayton, Chickasaw, Fayette, Floyd, Howard, Mitchell, and Winneshiek.*

L. H. Weller, of Nashua, was born at Bridgewater, Connecticut, August 24, 1833; received a common-school and academic education; also a course at State Normal School, New Britain, Connecticut, and Literary Institute, Suffield, Connecticut; was born and reared a Democrat of the Jefferson and Jackson school; however, voted for Frémont, Lincoln twice, Grant once, Greeley, Tilden, and Weaver; went West in 1859, and located in Chickasaw County, Iowa, where he tilled the soil in the day-time, and studied law, politics, and theology at night; was admitted to politics at once; to the State courts in 1868; to the United States courts later, and finally to the church; filled various township and county official places prior to 1867; was that year an Independent candidate for the State Legislature against Hon. J. G. Tisdal, the Republican nominee, but both were defeated by a railroad candidate sprung out three days before election; was an Independent candidate for State Senate against Hon. John E. Burk, Republican nominee, in 1869, and was defeated at the polls; was an Independent candidate for the State Senate in 1877 against Hon. A. Kimbal, the Republican nominee, who was elected by a small majority; was the nominee of the Nationals in the Fourth Congressional District of Iowa in 1878, when the Republican candidate, Hon. N. C. Deering, was elected; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a National, receiving 11,473 votes against 10,762 votes for Thomas Updegraff, Republican.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Benton, Iowa, Johnson, Linn, Marshall, and Tama.*

James Wilson, of Traer, was born in Ayrshire, Scotland, August 16, 1835; came to America in 1851; received an academic education; is a farmer; was a member of the State Legislature of Iowa from 1867 to 1873, and was Speaker of the House the last two sessions; is a Regent of the State University of Iowa; was a Representative from Iowa in the Forty-third and Forty-fourth Congresses; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 11,791 votes against 11,768 votes for Frederick, Democrat, and 1,253 votes for Platner, Greenbacker.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Davis, Jasper, Keokuk, Mahaska, Monroe, Poweshiek, and Wapello.*

John C. Cook, of Newton, was born in Seneca County, Ohio, December 26, 1846; received a common-school education; studied for the legal profession, and commenced the practice of law at twenty-one years of age; was elected Judge of the Sixth District of Iowa in 1878; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress in 1880; the certificate was awarded to Mr. Cutts, but on a contest he was declared elected, and awarded his seat; Mr. Cutts dying, he was again elected to fill the vacancy, over Mr. Stiles, Republican, by a majority of 241; on his previous elections he was nominated by the National Party and also by the Democrats; at his last election he ran as an Independent, receiving no party nomination, but the support of the Nationals and Democrats.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Adair, Dallas, Guthrie, Madison, Marion, Polk, and Warren.*

Hiram Y. Smith, of Des Moines, was born at Piqua, Ohio, March 22, 1843; received an academic education, and graduated at the Albany Law School in 1866; was admitted to the bar and commenced practice at Des Moines in 1866; was District Attorney of the Fifth Judicial District of Iowa 1875–'79; was a member of the State Senate of Iowa of the Nineteenth and Twentieth General Assemblies in 1882–'84; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of John A. Kasson, as a Republican, receiving 18,905 votes, against 16,151 votes for E. H. Kridler, Fusion.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Adams, Appanoose, Clarke, Decatur, Lucas, Page, Ringgold, Taylor, Union, and Wayne.*

William Peters Hepburn, of Clarinda, was born in Columbiana County, Ohio, November 4, 1833; removed to Iowa in 1840; was educated in the common schools of Iowa and in a printing office; studied law in 1853–'55; was elected Prosecuting Attorney of Marshall County, Iowa, in 1856; was elected Chief Clerk of the Iowa House of Representatives in January, 1858; was elected District Attorney of the Eleventh Judicial District in October, 1858; entered the military service in August, 1861, as Captain of Company B, Second Iowa Volunteer Cavalry; was promoted to Major in November, 1861, and Lieutenant-Colonel of the same regiment in January, 1863; served on the staff of Major-General Rosecrans in 1862–'63, as Judge-Advocate of the Army of the Mississippi, and for a time of the Army of the Cumberland; later as Inspector of Cavalry of the Army of the Cumberland; in the winter and spring of 1864 commanded the Second Brigade Cavalry Division, Sixteenth Army Corps; was elected one of the Presidential Electors at large for Iowa in 1876; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 13,739 votes against 5,533 votes for Bonnell, Democrat, 7,344 votes for Clark, Greenback candidate, and 6 scattering. *Re-elected.*

NINTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Audubon, Cass, Crawford, Fremont, Harrison, Mills, Montgomery, Pottawattamie, and Shelby.*

William H. M. Pusey, of Council Bluffs, was born in Washington County, Pennsylvania, July 29, 1826; was educated at Washington and Jefferson College, graduating in the class of 1847; is a private banker; was a member of the Iowa State Senate from 1858 to 1862; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 14,186 votes against 11,987 votes for A. R. Anderson, Republican, and 2,753 votes for J. B. Hatton, Greenbacker.

TENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Boone, Cerro Gordo, Franklin, Hamilton, Hancock, Hardin, Humboldt, Kossuth, Story, Webster, Winnebago, Wright, and Worth.*

Adoniram Judson Holmes, of Boone, was born in Wayne County, Ohio, March 2, 1842; removed with his parents to Palmyra, Wisconsin, in 1853; received a thorough academic education; entered Milton College, Wisconsin, but left his studies there in 1862 to enter the Union Army, where he served until the close of the war; studied law after the war at Janesville, and was admitted to the bar; afterwards took a full course in the Law Department of the University of Michigan, graduating in 1867; commenced practice at Boone, Iowa, in 1868, and has since been continuously engaged in the practice of his profession; was elected a member of the House of Representatives in the Iowa Legislature in the fall of 1881 for the two following years; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 14,250 votes against 6,853 for J. Cliggitt, Democrat, and 1,799 for I. Doane, Greenbacker. *Re-elected.*

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Buena Vista, Calhoun, Carroll, Cherokee, Clay, Dickinson, Emmet, Greene, Ida, Lyon, Monona, O'Brien, Osceola, Palo Alto, Pocahontas, Plymouth, Sac, Sioux, and Woodbury.*

Isaac S. Struble, of Le Mars, was born near Fredericksburg, Virginia, November 3, 1843; received a common-school education and, after the war, a partial course in the Iowa State University; enlisted at the age of seventeen, and served three years as a private in Company F, Twenty-second Iowa Infantry; studied law, and was admitted to practice in 1870 in Ogle County, Illinois; settled at Le Mars, Iowa, in the spring of 1872, and has been continuously in the practice there and in Illinois since his admission to the bar; never held any office prior to being elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 15,315 votes against 9,867 for J. P. Allison, Democrat, and 1,233 for J. R. Sovereign, Greenbacker. *Re-elected.*

KANSAS.

SENATORS.

John James Ingalls, of Atchison, was born at Middleton, Essex County, Massachusetts, December 29, 1833; graduated at Williams College, Williamstown, Massachusetts, in 1855, and received the degree of LL. D. in 1884; was admitted to the bar in 1857; removed to Kansas in October, 1858; was a delegate to the Wyandotte Constitutional Convention in 1859; Secretary of the Territorial Council in 1860; Secretary of the State Senate in 1861; member of the State Senate of Kansas from Atchison County in 1862; was Major, Lieutenant-Colonel, and Judge-Advocate Kansas Volunteers, 1863–'65; was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed S. C. Pomeroy, Republican, took his seat March 4, 1873, and was re-elected. His term of service will expire March 3, 1885.

Preston B. Plumb, of Emporia, was born in Delaware County, Ohio, October 12, 1837; received a common-school education; learned the art of printing; removed to Kansas in 1856; was a member of the Leavenworth Constitutional Convention in 1859; was admitted to the bar in 1861; served in the lower house of the Legislature in 1862; and was Chairman of the Judiciary Committee, and subsequently Reporter of the Supreme Court; in August of the same year entered the service as Second Lieutenant in the Eleventh Kansas Infantry, and served successively as Captain, Major, and Lieutenant-Colonel of that regiment; was a member and Speaker of the Kansas House of Representatives in 1867, and also a member in the following year; was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed James M. Harvey, Republican, took his seat March 4, 1877, and was re-elected in 1883. His term of service will expire March 3, 1889.

REPRESENTATIVES.

AT LARGE.

Edmund N. Morrill, of Hiawatha, was born at Westbrook, Cumberland County, Maine, February 12, 1834; received a common English education at Westbrook Seminary; is a banker; was a member of the Territorial Legislature of Kansas in 1857; enlisted in the Union Army October 5, 1861; was elected Sergeant October 10, 1861; was appointed Commissary of Subsistence in August, 1862, and was mustered out as Major in October, 1865; was elected Clerk of the District Court in Brown County, Kansas, in 1866, and was re-elected in 1868; was elected County Clerk in 1867, and re-elected in 1869 and 1871; was elected State Senator of Kansas in 1872, and re-elected in 1876; was elected President *pro tem.* of the Senate in 1879; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 98,349 votes against 59,872 votes for John O'Flanagan, Democrat, and 26,701 votes for John Davis, Greenbacker. *Re-elected.*

Lewis Hanback, of Osborne, was born in Winchester, Scott County, Illinois, March 27, 1839; received a common-school education; enlisted in the Union Army in the war of the rebellion, first in the Tenth Illinois Infantry, and then in the Twenty-seventh Illinois Infantry, and was promoted to be Second and First Lieutenant in Company K of the last-named regiment; after the war removed to Kansas; was in 1868 elected Probate Judge of Shawnee County, holding the position for four years; afterwards was appointed Assistant United States Attorney for the District of Kansas, and held the position for more than two years, when he was appointed Receiver of Public Moneys at Salina, Kansas, which position he held until he was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as Congressman at Large from Kansas as a Republican, receiving 97,354 votes. *Re-elected.*

Samuel Ritter Peters, of Newton, was born in Walnut Township, Pickaway County, Ohio, August 16, 1842; received a common-school education and about three years of a collegiate education; enlisted in the Army in the fall of 1861, and was mustered out in June, 1865, having held successively the offices of Sergeant, Second Lieutenant, First Lieutenant, Adjutant, and Captain; was elected in the fall of 1874 to the State Senate of Kansas; was appointed in March, 1875, Judge of the Ninth Judicial District; in the fall of 1875 was elected to the same judgeship without opposition, and re-elected in 1879; and was elected to the Forty-eighth

Congress as Congressman at Large from Kansas as a Republican, receiving 99,866 votes against 59,872 votes for O'Flanagan, Democrat, and 26,701 votes for Davis, Greenback candidate. *Re-elected.*

Bishop W. Perkins, of Oswego, was born in Rochester, Lorain County, Ohio, October 18, 1841; received a common-school education, with a short attendance at Knox Academy, at Galesburg, Illinois; read law at Ottawa, Illinois; was admitted to the bar there in 1867, and commenced practice; served four years as a soldier in the Union Army, going out as Sergeant in the Eighty-third Illinois Infantry, and was Adjutant and Captain of the Sixteenth United States Colored Infantry for two years and six months; was County Attorney of Labette County in 1869; was elected Probate Judge of the county in 1870 and again in 1872; in February, 1873, was appointed Judge of the Eleventh Judicial District of Kansas, and in November of that year was elected for the unexpired term; was re-elected in November, 1874, and again in November, 1878, holding the office for almost ten years; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as Congressman at Large from Kansas as a Republican, receiving 98,328 votes against 83,364 votes for S. A. Wood, Democrat and Greenback. *Re-elected.*

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Atchison, Brown, Clay, Cloud, Davis, Dickinson, Doniphan, Ellsworth, Ellis, Jewell, Jackson, Jefferson, Lincoln, Leavenworth, Marshall, Mitchell, Nemaha, Norton, Ottawa, Osborne, Pottawatomie, Phillips, Russell, Republic, Rooks, Riley, Saline, Smith, and Washington.*

John A. Anderson, of Manhattan, Riley County, was born in Washington County, Pennsylvania, June 6, 1834; graduated at Miami University, Oxford, Ohio, in 1853; ordained as a Minister by the Presbytery of San Francisco in 1857; was elected by the Legislature of California Trustee of the State Insane Asylum in 1860; was appointed Chaplain of the Third Infantry California Volunteers in 1862, and accompanied General Connor's expedition to Salt Lake; was in the service of the United States Sanitary Commission from 1863 to 1867 as California correspondent and as agent; was President of the Kansas State Agricultural College from 1873 to March, 1879; was appointed one of the Judges by the United States Centennial Commission in 1876, and served as such on Group XXI; had not been engaged in political life; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 41,251 votes against 17,816 votes for Moody, Greenback candidate, 1,299 votes for Smith, Democrat, and 47 scattering. *Re-elected.*

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Allen, Anderson, Bourbon, Cherokee, Crawford, Douglas, Franklin, Johnson, Labette, Lynn, Miami, Montgomery, Neosho, Wilson, and Wyandotte.*

Edward H. Funston, of Iola, was born in Clark County, Ohio, 1837; was reared on a farm; educated in the common schools, New Carlisle Academy, and Marietta College; entered the army in 1861 as Lieutenant Sixteenth Ohio Battery; participated in the principal engagements along the Mississippi River; was mustered out 1865; located in Kansas on a prairie farm 1867, on which he resides at present; was elected to Kansas House of Representatives 1873, 1874, and 1875; was Speaker in 1875; was elected to State Senate 1880 for four years, of which he was made President *pro tempore;* was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress March 1, 1884, to fill vacancy caused by the death of the late Hon. D. C. Haskell, majority being 6,212 over opposition candidate. *Re-elected.*

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Barton, Butler, Chase, Chautauqua, Coffey, Cowley, Ford, Greenwood, Harvey, Lyon, Marion, McPherson, Osage, Pawnee, Reno, Rice, Sedgwick, Shawnee, Sumner, Wabaunsee, and Woodson.*

Thomas Ryan, of Topeka, was born at Oxford, New York, November 25, 1837; lived in Bradford County, Pennsylvania, from infancy until 1865, when he removed to Topeka, Kansas, where he has since resided; received an academic education; entered the Volunteer Army of the United States in 1862, and was mustered out as a Captain in the fall of 1864, on account of wounds received in the battle of the Wilderness; was admitted to the practice of law in 1861; was County Attorney in Kansas for eight successive years; was Assistant United States Attorney for Kansas from 1873 to 1877; was elected to the Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 36,181 votes against 17,729 votes for Cannon, Democrat, 9,356 votes for Cole, Greenback candidate, and 20 scattering. *Re-elected.*

KENTUCKY.

SENATORS.

James B. Beck, of Lexington, was born in Dumfriesshire, Scotland, February 13, 1822; received an academic education in Scotland; graduated as a lawyer at Transylvania University, Lexington, Kentucky, in March, 1846, and practised there, never holding any office until elected a Representative in the Fortieth, Forty-first, Forty-second, and Forty-third Congresses; declined a re-election as Representative; was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat, to succeed John W. Stevenson, Democrat, took his seat March 5, 1877, and was re-elected in 1882. His term of service will expire March 3, 1889.

John S. Williams, of Mount Sterling, was born at Montgomery, Kentucky, in 1820; graduated at Oxford College, Ohio, in 1839; studied and practised law for several years at Paris, Kentucky; served in the Mexican War, first as Captain of an independent company attached to the Sixth Infantry, United States Army, and afterwards as Colonel of the Fourth Regiment of Kentucky Volunteers; was elected to the Kentucky Legislature in 1857 and again in 1875; entered the Confederate Army as Colonel in 1861; was made Brigadier-General in April, 1862, and surrendered with the army of General Joseph E. Johnston, in Georgia; is a farmer; he has served his party several times as Delegate to National Conventions, and as Presidential Elector; was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat, to succeed Thomas C. McCreery, Democrat, and took his seat March 19, 1879. His term of service will expire March 3, 1885.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Ballard, Caldwell, Calloway, Crittenden, Fulton, Graves, Hickman, Livingston, Lyon, Marshall, McCracken, and Trigg.*

Oscar Turner, of Woodlands, (Oscar post-office,) was born at New Orleans, Louisiana, February 3, 1825; his father, Judge Fielding L. Turner, moved with his family to Fayette County, Kentucky, in 1826; Oscar Turner settled on a farm in Ballard County, Kentucky, eighteen miles from the county seat, in 1843, and has since resided there; is at present engaged in agricultural pursuits; studied law, and graduated in the Law Department of Transylvania University at Lexington, Kentucky, in 1847; practised law until 1861; was elected Commonwealth's Attorney in 1851, held the position four years and resigned; was elected to the State Senate of Kentucky in 1867 and served four years; has been for many years Chairman of the Democratic Committee of Ballard County, and Chairman of the Congressional Committee of the First Congressional District, known as the Gibraltar District of Democracy, and long represented by Linn Boyd; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as an Independent Democrat, receiving 8,705 votes against 7,627 votes for Grace, Democratic nominee, and 5,803 votes for Houston, Republican nominee.

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Christian, Daviess, Hancock, Henderson, Hopkins, McLean, Union, and Webster.*

James F. Clay, of Henderson, was born December 29, 1840; received a classical education, graduating at Georgetown College, Kentucky, June, 1860; was licensed to practice law June, 1862, after reading law with Hon. Archibald Dixon; was elected to Senate of the State of Kentucky August, 1876; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 5,747 votes against 1,979 votes for Fuqua, Republican and Greenbacker, and 401 votes for R. S. Eastin, Prohibitionist.

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Allen, Butler, Clinton, Cumberland, Edmonson, Logan, Monroe, Muhlenburgh, Simpson, Todd, and Warren.*

John E. Halsell, of Bowling Green, was born in Warren County, Kentucky, September 11, 1826; was educated at Cumberland University, Lebanon, Tennessee; studied law; was admitted to the bar and commenced the practice of law at Bowling Green in 1856; was elected County Attorney for Warren County and served four years; was elected Circuit Judge of the Fourth Judicial District of Kentucky in 1870; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 13,546 votes against 13,356 votes for W. G. Hunter, Republican. *Re-elected.*

FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Breckinridge, Bullitt, Grayson, Hardin, La Rue, Marion, Meade, Nelson, Ohio, and Washington.*

Thomas A. Robertson, of Elizabethtown, was born at Hodgensville, La Rue County, Kentucky, September 9, 1848; was graduated from Cecilian College, and afterward from law university at Louisville; entered immediately upon the practice of his profession; held several minor positions in his county; served one term in the Kentucky Legislature; was several times elected Commonwealth's attorney of the eighteenth judicial district, resigned to become a candidate for Congress, and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 5,878 votes against 1,964 votes for Parrish, Republican. *Re-elected.*

FIFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTY.—*Jefferson.*

Albert S. Willis, of Louisville, was born in Shelby County, Kentucky, January 22, 1843; received his early education in common schools, and graduated at the Louisville Male High School in 1860; taught school for four years; studied law and graduated at the Louisville Law School in 1866, since which time he has been continuously engaged in the practice of his profession; canvassed the State on the Democratic electoral ticket in 1872; was elected Attorney for Jefferson County in 1870, was re-elected in 1874, and served until he was elected to the Forty-fifth Congress; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 6,492 votes against 3,557 votes for Miller, Republican, and 335 votes for Hunter, Prohibition. *Re-elected.*

SIXTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Boone, Campbell, Carroll, Gallatin, Grant, Kenton, Pendleton, and Trimble.*

John Griffin Carlisle, of Covington, was born in Campbell (now Kenton) County, Kentucky, September 5, 1835; received a common-school education; taught school in the county and afterwards at Covington; studied law with J. W. Stevenson and W. B. Kinkead, was admitted to the bar in March, 1858, and has practised since; was a member of the State House of Representatives 1859–'61; was nominated for Presidential Elector on the Democratic ticket in 1864, but declined; was elected to the State Senate in February, 1866, and re-elected in August, 1869; was a Delegate at Large from Kentucky to the National Democratic Convention at New York in July, 1868; was nominated for Lieutenant-Governor of Kentucky in May, 1871, resigned his seat in the Senate in June, 1871, and was elected Lieutenant-Governor in August, 1871, serving until September, 1875; was alternate Presidential Elector for the State at large in 1876; was elected to the Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving no opposition. Was elected Speaker of the House of Representatives, Dec. 3, 1883. *Re-elected.*

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Bourbon, Fayette, Franklin, Harrison, Henry, Oldham, Owen, Scott, ana Woodford.*

Joseph C. S. Blackburn, of Versailles, was born in Woodford County, Kentucky, October 1, 1838; was educated at Sayres Institute, Frankfort, Kentucky, and at Centre College, Danville, Kentucky, whence he graduated in 1857; studied law with George B. Kincaid, esq., at Lexington, was admitted to the bar in 1858, and practised until 1861; entered the Confederate Army in 1861, and served throughout the war; resumed practice in 1865; was elected to the State Legislature of Kentucky in 1871 and '73; was elected to the Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 11,789 votes against 6,651 votes for Asbury, Republican. *Is elected to the United States Senate in the Forty-ninth Congress.*

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Anderson, Boyle, Garrard, Jackson, Jessamine, Laurel, Lincoln, Madison, Mercer, Owsley, Rockcastle, Shelby, and Spencer.*

Philip B. Thompson, jr., of Harrodsburg, was born at Harrodsburg, Kentucky, October 15, 1845; is by profession a lawyer; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 11,202 votes against 10,335 votes for Ewell, Republican.

NINTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Bath, Bracken, Boyd, Carter, Fleming, Greenup, Johnson, Lawrence, Lewis, Martin, Mason, Nicholas, Robertson, and Rowan.*

William Wirt Culbertson, of Ashland, was born near Lewistown, in the central part of Pennsylvania, which State he left, when two years old; has been engaged in the manufacture

of iron since boyhood, except three years spent in the Union Army, commencing early in 1861, with the rank of captain; was elected to the House of Representatives of the Kentucky Legislature in 1870 for a term of two years, and to the Kentucky State Senate in 1873 for a term of four years; was a Delegate from his district to the Republican National Conventions at Cincinnati and Chicago in 1876 and 1880; was Mayor of the city of Ashland, and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 11,207 votes against 9,948 votes for Colonel Hurtt, Democrat.

TENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Bell, Breathitt, Clark, Clay, Elliott, Estill, Floyd, Harlan, Knox, Lee, Leslie, Letcher, Magoffin, Menifee, Montgomery, Morgan, Perry, Pike, Powell, and Wolfe.*

John D. White, of Manchester, was born January 16, 1849, in Clay County, Kentucky, on the farm which he now cultivates; was educated in a private school until 1865, and at Eminence College and Kentucky University until 1870; graduated, 1872, in law from Michigan University, and in the Medical Department of that institution the following session studied chemistry and anatomy preparatory to making criminal law a specialty; during the Presidential campaign of 1872 he canvassed Southeastern Kentucky; in 1874 he declined a nomination for Clerk of the Court of Appeals of Kentucky, and the same year was unanimously nominated and, as a Republican, elected to the Forty-fourth Congress; declined a renomination, preferring to travel in Europe; was Chairman of the Kentucky Republican State Convention at Louisville, 1879, and the same year elected to the State Legislature of Kentucky; resigned for cause in 1880; was indorsed and re-elected without opposition during the sitting of the Legislature; was Chairman of the Kentucky Delegation to the Republican National Convention at Chicago in 1880; was nominated as a Republican candidate for Congress in 1880, and as the Republican candidate for United States Senator in 1881; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 14,240 votes against 12,890 votes for Adams, Democrat.

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Adair, Barren, Casey, Green, Hart, Metcalfe, Pulaski, Russell, Taylor, Wayne, and Whitley.*

Frank L. Wolford, of Columbia, was born in Adair County, Kentucky, September 2, 1817; was educated in the common school; is by profession a lawyer; served in the House of Representatives in the General Assembly of Kentucky in the years 1847, '48, '65, and '66; was elected Presidential Elector for the State at large in 1864 and '68; was Colonel of the First Kentucky Cavalry 1861–'64; was Adjutant-General of the State of Kentucky 1867–'68; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 11,999 votes against 9,934 votes for Carr, Republican. *Re-elected.*

LOUISIANA.

SENATORS.

Benjamin F. Jonas, of New Orleans, was born at Williamstown, Grant County, Kentucky, July 19, 1834; removed with his father to Adams County, Illinois, where he received his education; in 1853 he removed to New Orleans, where he studied law, and received a diploma from the Law Department of the University of Louisiana in 1855; joined the Confederate Army as a private of artillery, served as such and as Acting Adjutant of the artillery of Hood's Corps in the Army of Tennessee until the end of the war; was elected a member of the Louisiana Legislature in 1865, and served until reconstruction; was chairman of the Louisiana delegation to the Democratic National Convention in 1868; was the Democratic candidate for Lieutenant-Governor of Louisiana in 1872, but gave way on the formation of the fusion ticket; was elected to the State Senate in 1872, and adhered to the McEnery government, refusing to take his seat in the Kellogg Legislature; was elected City Attorney of New Orleans in 1874, and re-elected in 1876; was a member of the Louisiana Legislature in 1876 and '77, and chairman of the Judiciary Committee of the House; is a member of the Democratic National Committee from Louisiana; was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat, to succeed James B. Eustis, Democrat, and took his seat March 18, 1879. His term of service will expire March 3, 1885.

Randall Lee Gibson, of New Orleans, was born September 10, 1832, at Spring Hill, near Versailles, Woodford County, Kentucky; was educated in Lexington, Kentucky; in Terre

Bonne Parish, Louisiana; at Yale College; at the University of Louisiana, and in Europe; declined the Secretaryship of Legation to Spain in 1855; was aid to the Governor of Louisiana at the commencement of the civil war, and served until its close in the Confederate Army; is President of the Board of Administrators of Tulane University, Louisiana; was elected to the Forty-third Congress from the Second Congressional District, but was denied admission; was a Representative in the Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was elected to the United States Senate without opposition as a Democrat, and took his seat March 4, 1883. His term of service will expire March 3, 1889.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

PARISHES.—*That portion of the parish of Orleans between Julia street and the lower city limits, including the 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, and 15th wards of the city of New Orleans, and the parishes of Plaquemines and Saint Bernard.*

Carleton Hunt, of New Orleans, was born at New Orleans, Louisiana, January 1, 1836; was graduated at Harvard College, Cambridge, Massachusetts, in 1856; received the degree of A. M. of the same University in 1859, and the degree of LL. B. of the Law Department of the University of Louisiana in 1858; was admitted to the bar of Louisiana in 1858; was elected in 1860 a member of the Convention of the Constitutional Union party which met at Baton Rouge, Louisiana; was appointed in April, 1861, First Lieutenant in the Louisiana Regiment of Artillery, Confederate Army; was in 1866, by appointment of Governor Wells, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, administrator of the University of Louisiana; was later, by an appointment of the Supreme Court, a member of the Committee to examine applicants for admission to the Bar; was, in 1869, appointed Professor of Admiralty and International Law in the University of Louisiana, and later Dean of the Faculty for ten years; was, in 1878, Chairman of the Committee to organize the American Bar Association, and afterwards Chairman of the Committee on Legal Education; was in 1872 and '79 a member of the State Convention of the Democratic party and Chairman of the Committee on Resolutions; in 1879 was Professor of Civil Law in the University of Louisiana; in 1880 was Doctor of Laws in the same University; in 1882 was nominated by the Democratic Conservative party unanimously, and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 8,498 votes against 4,582 votes for Albert C. Janin, who was the Greenback-Labor candidate, and who was indorsed by the Republican party.

SECOND DISTRICT.

PARISHES.—*That portion of the parish of Orleans above Julia street, including the 1st, 2d, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 16th, and 17th wards of the city of New Orleans, and the parishes of Jefferson, Saint Charles, Saint James, and Saint John the Baptist.*

E. John Ellis, of New Orleans, was born at Covington, Louisiana, October 15, 1841; received his early education at Clinton, Louisiana; entered the freshman class at Centenary College, Jackson, Louisiana, in 1855, and withdrew when in the junior class, in 1858; entered the Law Department of the University of Louisiana; graduated in March, 1861; joined the Confederate Army five days afterwards, and served throughout the war; was admitted to the bar of Louisiana in 1866, and has practised in New Orleans since 1867; never held a public office of any kind until elected to the Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 7,701 votes against 2,789 votes for Marks, bolting Republican, and 2,666 votes for Demas, Republican.

THIRD DISTRICT.

PARISHES.—*Ascension, Assumption, Calcasieu, Cameron, Iberville, Iberia, La Fayette, La Fourche, Saint Martin, Saint Mary, Terre Bonne, and Vermillion.*

Wm. Pitt Kellogg, of New Orleans, was born December 8, 1831, at Orwell, Vermont; was educated at Norwich University; removed to Illinois in 1848; studied law at Peoria, Illinois, and was admitted to the bar in 1853, commencing practice in Fulton County; served as Presidential Elector in 1860; was appointed Chief Justice of Nebraska by Mr. Lincoln in 1861; afterwards resigned and accepted the Colonelcy of the Seventh Illinois Cavalry; served under General Pope in Missouri, and commanded General Granger's Cavalry Brigade until the evacuation of Corinth; was in April, 1865, appointed Collector of the port of New Orleans; was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, serving from July 17, 1868, to November 1, 1872, when he resigned; was a Delegate at Large from Louisiana to the Convention of 1868, held at Chicago, which nominated General Grant for President the first time; was Chair-

man of the delegation from Louisiana to the Cincinnati Convention of 1876, and was also Chairman of the Louisiana delegation in the Chicago Convention of 1880—there being two contesting delegations, his right as a Delegate not being contested, as he was the only Delegate chosen on both delegations; was Governor of Louisiana from January 5, 1873, to January 5, 1877; was again elected to the United States Senate as a Republican; was admitted to his seat December 1, 1877, and served until March 3, 1883; and was elected to the House of Representatives of the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 11,660 votes against 6,631 votes for Acklen, Democrat, and 4,035 votes for Beattie, Independent Republican.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

PARISHES.—*Bienville, Bossier, Caddo, De Soto, Grant, Natchitoches, Rapides, Red River, Sabine, Vernon, Webster, and Winn.*

Newton Crain Blanchard, of Shreveport, was born in Rapides Parish, Louisiana, January 29, 1849; received an academical education; commenced the study of law at Alexandria, Louisiana, in 1868; entered the Law Department of the University of Louisiana, at New Orleans, in the winter of 1869, and graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1870; commenced the practice of law at Shreveport in 1871, and still continues the practice there; in 1876 was made Chairman of the Democratic Committee of Caddo Parish; took an active part in the politics of the State, looking to the restoration of the government of the State to the hands of her own people; was nominated by the Democracy of Caddo Parish for the position of Representative Delegate to the State Constitutional Convention of 1879, and elected by a large majority; served in that body as Chairman of the Committee on Federal Relations; was appointed by Governor Wiltz, of Louisiana, to the position of aide-de-camp on his staff, with the rank of Major, in the Louisiana State militia, and now holds a similar position with similar rank on the staff of Gov. S. D. McEnery, of Louisiana; is a member of the Board of Trustees of the University of the South, situated at Sewanee, Tennessee; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 5,765 votes against 11 scattering. *Re-elected.*

FIFTH DISTRICT.

PARISHES.—*Caldwell, Catahoula, East and West Carroll, Claiborne, Concordia, Franklin, Jackson, Lincoln, Madison, Morehouse, Ouachita, Richland, Tensas, and Union.*

J. Floyd King, of Vidalia, was born at Monticello, the private residence of his father, Hon. Thomas Butler King, near the town of St. Mary's, Georgia, April 20, 1842; went to Russell School, New Haven, Connecticut, Bartlett's College Hill School, Poughkeepsie, New York, and the Military Institute of Georgia; prepared for West Point, but was sent to the University of Virginia; entered the Confederate service as a private, served in the Army of Virginia, was promoted through various grades to the rank of Colonel of Artillery; at the close of the war refused service in several foreign armies; his property in Georgia being confiscated, he removed to Louisiana, where he became interested in and controller of a large planting interest; during this time he studied law; was made Brigadier-General of State troops by Governor McEnery, and reappointed by Governor Nichols; was elected Inspector of Levees and President of the Board of School Directors of his district, and also Trustee of the University of the South; served on the Democratic Executive Committee of his Parish for many years; was made a member of the State Central Committee, serving a number of years; was subsequently again made a member of the same, serving until recently; has attended various Democratic Conventions of his State; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 13,295 votes against 3,986 votes for McMillen, Republican, and 48 scattering. *Re-elected.*

SIXTH DISTRICT.

PARISHES.—*Avoyelles, East and West Baton Rouge, East and West Feliciana, Livingston, Pointe Coupée, Saint Helena, Saint Landry, Saint Tammany, Tangipahoa, and Washington.*

Edward Taylor Lewis, of Opelousas, was born at Opelousas, Parish of Sain Landry October 26, 1834; was educated principally by a private tutor, but partly at the Wesleyan University at Delaware, Ohio; was admitted to the bar of Louisiana as an Attorney at Law in 1859, and has practiced as such before the Courts of the State from that time up to his election to Congress, except during the late war; he was a soldier in the Confederate Army during the whole war, entering as a private in the infantry, and ranking as a Captain of Cavalry at its close; he was elected to the Legislature of Louisiana from the Parish Rapides in 1865; served through the extra session of that year and part of the session of 1866, during which he resigned and resumed the practice of his profession; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress at the special election held on the 15th of February, 1883, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Major Andrew S. Herron, and was elected as a Democrat, receiving 6,366 votes against 569 votes for Lewis Frayer, Republican, and 22 scattering votes.

MAINE.

SENATORS.

Eugene Hale, of Ellsworth, was born at Turner, Oxford County, Maine, June 9, 1836; received an academic education; studied law; was admitted to the bar in 1857, and commenced practice; was for nine successive years County Attorney for Hancock County; was a member of the Legislature of Maine in 1867, '68, and '80; was elected to the Forty-first, Forty-second, and Forty-third Congresses; was appointed Postmaster-General by President Grant in 1874, but declined; was re-elected to the Forty-fourth and Forty-fifth Congresses; was tendered a Cabinet appointment by President Hayes, and declined; was Chairman of the Republican Congressional Committee for the Forty-fifth Congress; received the degree of LL. D. from Bates College; was a Delegate to the Cincinnati Convention in 1876 and the Chicago Conventions in 1868 and 1880; was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican to succeed Hannibal Hamlin, Republican, (who declined a re-election,) and took his seat March 4, 1881. His term of service will expire March 3, 1887.

William P. Frye, of Lewiston, was born at Lewiston, Maine, September 2, 1831; graduated at Bowdoin College, Maine, 1850; studied and practised law; was a member of the State Legislature in 1861, '62, and '67; was Mayor of the City of Lewiston in 1866 and '67; was Attorney-General of the State of Maine in 1867, '68, and '69; was elected a member of the National Republican Executive Committee in 1872, re-elected in 1876, and re-elected in 1880; was elected a Trustee of Bowdoin College in June, 1880; received the degree of LL. D. from Bates College in July, 1881; was a Presidential Elector in 1864; was a Delegate to the National Republican Conventions in 1872, '76, and '80; was elected Chairman of the Republican State Committee of Maine in place of Hon. James G. Blaine, resigned, in November, 1881; was elected a Representative in the Forty-second, Forty-third, Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses; was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of James G. Blaine, appointed Secretary of State, took his seat March 18, 1881, and was re-elected in 1883. His term of service will expire March 3, 1889.

REPRESENTATIVES.

AT LARGE.

Thomas B. Reed, of Portland, was born at Portland, October 18, 1839; graduated at Bowdoin College, Maine, in 1860; studied law; was Acting Assistant Paymaster, United States Navy, from April 19, 1864, to November 4, 1865; was admitted to the bar in 1865, and commenced practice at Portland; was a member of the State House of Representatives in 1868–'69, and of the State Senate in 1870; was Attorney-General of Maine in 1870, '71, and '72; was City Solicitor of Portland in 1874, '75, '76, and '77; was elected to the Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected a Representative at Large to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 72,925 votes against 63,568 votes for T. H. Murch, Fusion. *Re-elected.*

Nelson Dingley, Jr., of Lewiston, was born in Durham, Androscoggin County, Maine, February 15, 1832; graduated at Dartmouth College in the class of 1855; studied law and was admitted to the bar, but left the profession to become proprietor and editor of "The Lewiston (Maine) Journal," daily and weekly, in 1856, and still maintains that connection; was a member of the State House of Representatives in 1862, '63, '64, '65, '68, and '73; was Speaker of the State House of Representatives in 1863 and '64; was Governor of Maine in 1874 and '75; was a Delegate to the National Republican Convention in 1876; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress as a Republican, at a special election on the 12th of September, 1881, to fill the vacancy caused by the election of Hon. William P. Frye to the United States Senate, and was re-elected a Representative at Large to the Forty-eighth Congress (the State not having been reapportioned) as a Republican, receiving 73,017 votes against 63,568 votes for Thompson H. Murch, Greenbacker and Democrat. *Re-elected.*

Charles A. Boutelle, of Bangor, was born at Damariscotta, Lincoln County, Maine, February 9, 1839; was educated in public schools at Brunswick, and at Yarmouth Academy; early adopted the profession of his father, a shipmaster, and on return from a foreign voyage in the spring of 1862, volunteered and was appointed Acting Master in the United States Navy; he served in the North and South Atlantic and West Gulf Squadrons; took part in the blockade of Charleston and Wilmington, the Pocotaligo expedition, the capture of Saint John's Bluff and occupation of Jacksonville, Florida, and while an officer of United States steamer Sassacus was promoted to Lieutenant "for gallant conduct in the engagement with the rebel iron-clad Albemarle," May 5, 1864; afterwards in command of United States steamer Nyanza; participated in the capture of Mobile, and in receiving surrender of the Confederate fleet; was afterwards assigned to command of naval forces in Mississippi Sound, and honorably dis-

charged at his own request January 14, 1866; engaged in commercial business in New York; in 1870, became managing editor of the Bangor (Maine) "Whig and Courier," and purchased controlling ownership in 1874; was a Delegate to National Republican Convention in 1876; was unanimously nominated in 1880 as Republican candidate for Congress in the Fourth Maine District, and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 72,383 votes against 63,301 votes for G. W. Ladd, Greenback-Democrat. *Re-elected.*

Seth L. Milliken, of Belfast, was born in Montville, Maine; was educated at Union College, New York; is a lawyer by profession; was, during two terms, a member of the Maine Legislature; was Clerk of the Supreme Judicial Court; was Delegate to the Republican National Convention at Cincinnati in 1876; was Elector of President the same year; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as Congressman at Large from Maine as a Republican, receiving 72,495 votes against 63,554 votes for Joseph Dane, Fusion candidate, and 1,273 votes for B. D. Averill, Greenbacker. *Re-elected.*

MARYLAND.

SENATORS.

James B. Groome, of Elkton, was born at Elkton, Maryland, April 4, 1838; is a practising lawyer; in 1867 he was elected a member of the Convention which framed the present Constitution of Maryland; in 1871 he represented his county in the House of Delegates; in 1872 he was elected Presidential Elector and voted for the Hon. Thomas A. Hendricks for President; in 1873 he was re-elected to the House of Delegates, but resigned early in the session to accept the position of Governor of the State, made vacant by the resignation of the Hon. Wm. Pinkney Whyte, who had been chosen United States Senator; his term as Governor expired in January, 1876; in January, 1878, he was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat, to succeed George R. Dennis, Democrat, and took his seat March 18, 1879. His term of service will expire March 3, 1885.

Arthur P. Gorman, of Laurel, was born in Howard County, Maryland, March 11, 1839; attended the public schools in his native county for a brief period; in 1852 was appointed page in the Senate of the United States, and continued in the service of the Senate until 1866, at which time he was Postmaster; on the 1st of September of that year he was removed from his position and immediately appointed Collector of Internal Revenue for the fifth district of Maryland, which office he held until the incoming of the Grant administration in 1869; in June, 1869, he was appointed a Director in the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, and in November was elected a member of the House of Delegates of the Maryland Legislature as a Democrat; he was re-elected in 1871, then elected Speaker of the House of Delegates at the ensuing session; in June, 1872, he was elected President of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, and re-elected each succeeding year up to the present time; in 1875 he was elected to represent Howard County in the Maryland State Senate, and was re-elected for a term of four years in November, 1879; was elected in January, 1880, to the United States Senate as a Democrat, to succeed Hon. Wm. Pinkney Whyte, and took his seat March 4, 1881. His term of service will expire March 3, 1887.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Caroline, Dorchester, Kent, Queen Anne, Somerset, Talbot, Wicomico, ana Worcester.*

George W. Covington, of Snow Hill, son of Isaac Covington and Amelia Franklin, was born in Berlin, Worcester County, Maryland, September 12, 1838; was educated at Buckingham Academy in same town; read law under his uncle, Judge John R. Franklin, and afterwards attended the Law School of Harvard University; was admitted to the bar and has pursued he practice of the law as an avocation; in 1867 was elected a member of the Constitutional Convention of Maryland from Worcester County, and served in said body as a member of the Judiciary Committee; in 1880 was nominated over eight competitors, and was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 13,170 votes against 11,783 votes for Mullikin, Republican.

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Carroll, Cecil, Harford, and 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, and 12th districts of Baltimore County.*

J. Fred. C. Talbott, of Towsontown, was born near Lutherville, Baltimore County, Maryland, July 29, 1843; received a public-school education; began the study of law in 1862;

joined the Confederate Army in 1864, and served in the Second Maryland Cavalry as a private until the close of the war; was admitted to the bar September 6, 1866; was nominated and elected Prosecuting Attorney for Baltimore County in 1871, for the term of four years; was renominated in 1875 by the same party, and defeated at the November election; was a Delegate to the National Democratic Convention at Saint Louis in 1876; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 12,728 votes against 11,641 votes for Blair, Republican.

THIRD DISTRICT.

CITY.—*1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, and 9th wards of the city of Baltimore.*

Fetter S. Hoblitzell, of Baltimore, was born in Cumberland, Maryland, October 7, 1838; educated in the Alleghany Academy, and studied law; in the spring of 1859 he began the practice of his profession in the city of Baltimore; served as a private in the First Maryland Regiment of Infantry, Confederate States Army; at the close of the war resumed the profession of law; was elected a member of the Legislature of 1870 to represent the third legislative district of Baltimore; served parts of two terms as one of the Board of School Commissioners; is at present and has been for six years one of the State Trustees of the Saint Mary's Industrial School; was elected a member of the State Legislature of 1876; re-elected to the session of 1878, and chosen Speaker of the House of Delegates by the unanimous vote of his party; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 13,917 votes against 9,029 votes for Lang, Republican, 1,557 votes for Kimmel, Independent Democrat, and 31 votes for Finegan.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

CITY.—*10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, and 14th wards; the 15th ward, except the 6th and 7th precincts; the 16th ward, except the 1st precinct; the 18th ward, except the 1st precinct, and the 19th and 20th wards of the city of Baltimore.*

John V. L. Findlay, of Baltimore, was born December 21, 1839; was educated at Princeton, New Jersey; is a lawyer by profession and practice; has been a State and City Director of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company; was a member of the State Legislature of Maryland; Collector of Internal Revenue for one of the Baltimore districts, and City Solicitor for Baltimore; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 14,457 votes against 12,783 votes for Henry Stockbridge, Republican. *Re-elected.*

FIFTH DISTRICT.

CITY AND COUNTIES.—*The 6th and 7th precincts of the 15th ward, the 1st precinct of the 16th ward, the 17th ward, the 1st precinct of the 18th ward of the city of Baltimore; the 1st and 13th districts of Baltimore County; Anne Arundel, Calvert, Charles, Howard, Prince George's, and Saint Mary's Counties.*

Hart B. Holton, of Powhatan, was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 13,549 votes against 12,013 votes for Chapman, Democrat.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Alleghany, Garrett, Frederick, Montgomery, and Washington.*

Louis Emory McComas, of Hagerstown, was born in Washington County, Maryland, October 28, 1846; attended the village schools in Williamsport, in that county, and went thence to Saint James College, where he was from 1860 to 1863, and at Dickinson College in 1863, graduating in 1866; studied law with Messrs. Wallace and Milbourne, at Cambridge, Maryland, and afterwards with Hon. R. H. Alvey, at Hagerstown, where he was admitted to the bar in August, 1868, and has since practised; was the Republican candidate for Congress in 1876, but the Hon. William Walsh was returned as elected by 14 majority; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 15,720 votes against 14,440 votes for Hon. Montgomery Blair, Democrat, and 266 votes for A. F. George, Greenbacker. *Re-elected.*

MASSACHUSETTS.

SENATORS.

Henry L. Dawes, of Pittsfield, was born at Cummington, Massachusetts, October 30, 1816; graduated at Yale College; was a school-teacher, and edited the "Greenfield Gazette" and "Adams Transcript;" studied and practised law; was a member of the House of Representatives of Massachusetts in 1848, '49, and '52; was a member of the Senate of Massachusetts *in* 1850; was a member of the State Constitutional Convention of Massachusetts in 1853;

was District Attorney for the Western District of Massachusetts from 1853 until '57; was elected a Representative in the Thirty-fifth, Thirty-sixth, Thirty-seventh, Thirty-eighth, Thirty-ninth, Fortieth, Forty-first, Forty-second, and Forty-third Congresses, and declined being a candidate for election to the Forty-fourth; he was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed Charles Sumner, (whose unexpired term had been filled by William B. Washburn,) took his seat March 4, 1875, and was re-elected in 1881. His term of service will expire March 3, 1887.

George F. Hoar, of Worcester, was born at Concord, Massachusetts, August 29, 1826; studied in early youth at Concord Academy; graduated at Harvard College in 1846; studied law, and graduated at the Dane Law School, Harvard University; settled at Worcester, where he practised; was a member of the State House of Representatives in 1852, and of the State Senate in 1857; was elected a Representative to the Forty-first, Forty-second, Forty-third, and Forty-fourth Congresses; declined a renomination for Representative in the Forty-fifth Congress; was an Overseer of Harvard College, 1874–'80; presided over the Massachusetts State Republican Conventions of 1871, '77, and '82; was a Delegate to the Republican National Conventions of 1876 at Cincinnati and of 1880 and 1884 at Chicago, presiding over the Convention of 1880; was one of the managers on the part of the House of Representatives of the Belknap impeachment trial in 1876; was a member of the Electoral Commission in 1876; was Regent of the Smithsonian Institution in 1880; was Vice-President and is now President of the American Antiquarian Society; was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed George S. Boutwell, took his seat March 5, 1877, and was re-elected in 1883. His term of service will expire March 3, 1889.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Barnstable, Dukes, and Nantucket, with the towns of Acushnet, Dartmouth, Dighton, Fairhaven, Freetown, Rehoboth, Seekonk, Somerset, Swansea, and Westport, and the cities of Fall River and New Bedford, in the county of Bristol; and the towns of Lakeville, Marion, Mattapoisett, Middleborough, Rochester, and Wareham, in the county of Plymouth.*

Robert T. Davis, of Fall River, was born in the County of Down, North of Ireland, August 28, 1823; of parentage Presbyterian on the paternal and Quaker on the maternal side; his parents emigrated to this country and settled in Amesbury, Essex County, Massachusetts, when he was three years of age; was educated at Amesbury Academy, and at the Friends School at Providence, Rhode Island; graduated at the Medical Department of Harvard University in 1847; was for a short time Dispensary Physician in Boston; practised medicine three years at Waterville, Maine, and removed to Fall River in 1850, where he has since resided, except for a short period; was a member of the Massachusetts State Constitutional Convention of 1853; of the Massachusetts State Senate of 1859 and '61; of the Republican National Convention of 1860 and '76; was Mayor of Fall River in 1873, being elected without opposition, and declining a re-election; was a member of the State Board of Charities when organized in 1863; was appointed a member of the State Board of Health upon its organization in 1869, and so remained until its consolidation with the State Board of Health, Lunacy, and Charity in 1879, when he became a member of that Board, and still continues to be so; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 11,475 votes against 5,581 votes for Hathaway, Democrat. *Re-elected.*

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*The towns of Attleborough, Berkley, Easton, Mansfield, Norton, and Raynham, and the city of Taunton, in the county of Bristol; the towns of Braintree, Canton, Cohasset, Holbrook, Quincy, Randolph, Sharon, Stoughton, and Weymouth, in the county of Norfolk; and the towns of Abington, Bridgewater, Brockton, Carver, Duxbury, East Bridgewater, Halifax, Hanover, Hanson, Hingham, Hull, Kingston, Marshfield, Pembroke, Plymouth, Plympton, Rockland, Scituate, South Abington, South Scituate, and West Bridgewater, in the county of Plymouth.*

John D. Long, of Hingham, was born at Buckfield, Oxford County, Maine, October 27, 1838; was educated at the common school in Buckfield, and at Hebron Academy, Maine; graduated at Harvard College in 1857; taught school two years in Westford Academy, Massachusetts; studied law at the Harvard Law School, and in private offices; was admitted to the bar and has since practised; was a member of the Massachusetts House of Representatives in 1875, '76, '77, and '78, serving the three last years as Speaker of the House; was Lieutenant-Governor of Massachusetts in 1879; was elected Governor of Massachusetts in 1880, '81, and '82; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 12,915 votes against 10,152 votes for Edgar E. Dean, Democrat. *Re-elected.*

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Part of Suffolk, comprising wards 11, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, and precincts three and four of ward 15, in the city of Boston, and the town of Milton, in the county of Norfolk.*

Ambrose A. Ranney, of Boston, was born at Townshend, Vermont, April 16, 1821; graduated at Dartmouth College in the class of 1844; studied law at Woodstock, Vermont; began practice in Boston in 1848; was Corporation Counsel for that city in 1855–'56; was a member of the State House of Representatives in 1857, '63, and '64, and in active practice of the law all the time; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 11,968 votes against 8,500 votes for Swasey, Democrat, 91 votes for Capen, Prohibitionist, 28 votes for Furlong, Greenback candidate, and 94 scattering. *Re-elected.*

FOURTH DISTRICT.

CITY OF BOSTON.—*Wards 1, 2, 6, 7, 12, 13, 14, 16; precincts 2, 3, and 4, of ward 8, and precincts 1 and 2 of ward 15.*

Patrick A. Collins, of Boston, was born near Fermoy, County of Cork, Ireland, March 12, 1844; came to the United States in 1848; received a common-school education; was in early life an upholsterer; read law in the Harvard Law School and in Boston, where he has practised since his admission to the bar in 1871; was a member of the Massachusetts House of Representatives in 1868 and '69, and of the Massachusetts Senate in 1870 and '71; was Judge-Advocate-General of Massachusetts in 1875; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 12,884 votes against 4,546 votes for Charles T. Gallagher, Republican, and 208 votes for all others. *Re-elected.*

FIFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Part of Suffolk, comprising wards 9, 10, and 25, and precinct 1 of ward 8, in the city of Boston, with the cities of Somerville and Cambridge, and the towns of Arlington, Belmont, Burlington, Lexington, Waltham, Watertown, and Woburn, in the county of Middlesex.*

Leopold Morse, of Boston, was born at Wachenheim, Bavaria, August 15, 1831; received a common-school education at Wachenheim; came to the United States in early life; is a merchant; was twice elected a Delegate to the National Democratic Convention; was twice a candidate for Congress in the Fourth District against Hon. Samuel Hooper; was elected to the Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 11,301 votes against 8,792 votes for Bowman, Republican, 82 votes for Cummings, Prohibitionist, and 48 scattering.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Part of Suffolk, comprising wards 3, 4, and 5 in the city of Boston, the city of Chelsea, and the towns of Revere and Winthrop; with the city of Lynn, and the towns of Nahant, Saugus, and Swampscott, in the county of Essex; and the city of Malden, and the towns of Everett, Medford, Melrose, Reading, Stoneham, Wakefield, and Winchester.*

Henry B. Lovering, of Lynn, was born at Portsmouth, New Hampshire, April 8, 1841; was educated in the common schools of Lynn, and has since been connected with Lynn's great industry, the manufacture of shoes; was Representative to the State Legislature in 1872 and '74; was Assessor in 1879–'80; was Mayor of Lynn in 1881 and '82; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, supported by the Greenbackers, receiving 12,809 votes against 11,950 votes for Elisha W. Converse, Republican. *Re-elected.*

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*The cities of Gloucester, Haverhill, Newburyport, and Salem, with the towns of Amesbury, Beverly, Boxford, Bradford, Danvers, Essex, Georgetown, Groveland, Hamilton, Ipswich, Lynnfield, Manchester, Marblehead, Merrimac, Middleton, Newbury, Peabody, Rockport, Rowley, Salisbury, Topsfield, Wenham, and West Newbury, in the county of Essex.*

Eben F. Stone, of Newburyport, was born at Newburyport, Massachusetts, in 1822; graduated at Harvard University in 1843, and at the Law School of the University in 1846; commenced the practice of law in Newburyport in 1847, and has, with some interruptions, followed it there ever since; has served in both branches of the Massachusetts Legislature; has held office, both civil and military, under the United States, and in the war of the rebellion

commanded the Forty-eighth Regiment of Massachusetts Volunteer Militia during its term of service; served two years as Chairman of the Republican State Committee of Massachusetts; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 10,056 votes against 8,764 votes for C. P. Thompson, Democrat, 3,825 votes for E. M. Boynton, Greenback candidate, and 76 scattering. *Re-elected.*

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*The city of Lawrence, with the towns of Andover, North Andover, and Methuen, in the county of Essex; and the city of Lowell, and the towns of Acton, Ashby, Ayer, Bedford, Billerica, Roxborough, Carlisle, Chelmsford, Concord, Dracut, Dunstable, Groton, Littleton, North Reading, Pepperell, Shirley, Stow, Tewksbury, Townsend, Tyngsborough, Westford, and Wilmington, in the county of Middlesex; and the towns of Bolton, Harvard, Lancaster, and Lunenburg, in the county of Worcester.*

William A. Russell, of Lawrence, was born at Wells River, Vermont, April 22, 1831; received an academic education; commenced business as a paper manufacturer at Exeter, New Hampshire, in 1852, and is now engaged in the same business at Lawrence, Massachusetts, Bellows Falls, Vermont, and Franklin, New Hampshire, and is also engaged in agricultural pursuits; was a member of the State House of Representatives in 1869; was a Delegate to the Republican National Conventions in 1868 and '76; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 11,269 votes against 10,743 votes for Charles A. Lilley, Democrat, 85 votes for C. E. Cox, Greenback candidate, and 8 scattering.

NINTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*The city of Newton, and the towns of Ashland, Framingham, Holliston, Hopkinton, Natick, Sherborn, Wayland, Weston, Hudson, Marlborough, Sudbury, Maynard, and Lincoln, in the county of Middlesex; and the towns of Blackstone, Mendon, Milford, Westborough, Southborough, Northborough, Berlin, and Clinton, in the county of Worcester; and the towns of Brookline, Dedham, Dover, Franklin, Medfield, Medway, Needham, Norwood, Wellesley, Walpole, Norfolk, Foxborough, Wrentham, Bellingham, and Hyde Park, in the county of Norfolk.*

Theodore Lyman, of Brookline, was born in Waltham, Massachusetts, August 23, 1833; graduated as Bachelor of Arts, at Harvard College, in 1855, and a Bachelor of Science, at the Lawrence Scientific School, in 1858; served in the war of the rebellion as Lieutenant-Colonel and volunteer aide-de-camp on the staff of Major-General Meade, commanding the Army of the Potomac, from September 2, 1863, to April 20, 1865; his profession is that of a zoologist; he is a member of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences, and of the National Academy of Sciences, and a trustee of the Peabody Education Fund; from 1865 to 1882 he was one of the State Fishery Commissioners; he has taken part in the administration of public and private charities; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as an Independent, receiving 12,076 votes against 9,703 votes for John W. Candler, Republican, and 412 votes for all others.

TENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*The city of Worcester, with the towns of Auburn, Barre, Boylston, Brookfield, Charlton, Douglas, Dudley, Grafton, Hardwick, Holden, Leicester, Millbury, New Braintree, Northbridge, North Brookfield, Oakham, Oxford, Paxton, Princeton, Rutland, Shrewsbury, Southbridge, Spencer, Sterling, Sturbridge, Sutton, Upton, Uxbridge, Warren, Webster, West Boylston, West Brookfield, and the city of Worcester, in the county of Worcester, and the towns of Brimfield, Holland, and Wales, in the county of Hampden.*

William W. Rice, of Worcester, was born at Deerfield, Massachusetts, March 7, 1826; was fitted for college at Gorham Academy, Maine; graduated at Bowdoin College in 1846; was preceptor in Leicester Academy, Massachusetts, for four years; studied law at Worcester with Hon. Emory Washburn and Hon. George F. Hoar; was admitted to the bar and has practised since at Worcester; was appointed Judge of Insolvency for the county of Worcester in 1858; was Mayor of the city of Worcester in 1860; was District Attorney for the Middle District of Massachusetts 1869–'74; was a member of the State House of Representatives in 1875; was elected to the Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 11,846 votes against 9,404 votes for Hopkins, Democrat, 95 votes for Waters, and 2 scattering. *Re-elected.*

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Franklin and Hampshire, with the city of Holyoke, in the county of Hampden; the city of Fitchburg, with the towns of Ashburnham, Athol, Dana, Gardner, Hubbardston, Leominster, Petersham, Phillipston, Royalston, Templeton, Westminster, and Winchendon, in the county of Worcester.*

William Whiting, of Holyoke, was born at Dudley, Massachusetts, May 24, 1841; was educated at the public schools, including high school; is a paper manufacturer, and president of the Holyoke Bank; was elected to the Massachusetts State Senate in 1873; was elected Treasurer of Holyoke in 1876–'77; was a Delegate to the National Republican Convention of 1876; was elected Mayor of Holyoke 1878–'79; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 14,502 votes against 7,595 votes for Edward J. Sawyer, Democrat, and 211 votes for Warner Johnson, Greenbacker. *Re-elected.*

TWELFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Berkshire, with the city of Springfield and the towns of Blandford, Chester, Chicopee, Granville, Hampden, Long Meadow, Ludlow, Monson, Montgomery, Palmer, Russell, Southwick, Tolland, Westfield, West Springfield, and Wilbraham, in the county of Hampden.*

Francis W. Rockwell, of Pittsfield, was born at Pittsfield, Massachusetts, May 26, 1844; was educated in the public schools and at Edwards' Place School at Stockbridge, Massachusetts; graduated at Amherst College in 1868 and at Harvard Law School in 1871; is a lawyer at Pittsfield; was appointed one of the Special Justices of the District Court of Central Berkshire in 1873, resigning in 1875; has held various local offices; was elected to the Massachusetts House of Representatives in 1879; was elected to the Massachusetts Senate in 1881 and 1882; was elected on January 17, 1884, as a Republican to the Forty-eighth Congress, to fill a vacancy caused by the resignation of Hon. George D. Robinson, who had been elected as Governor of Massachusetts, a special mid-winter election being held, and the Legislature having passed an act legalizing the same, he received 9,504 votes against 7,235 votes for Colonel A. C. Woodworth, of Chicopee. *Re-elected.*

MICHIGAN.

SENATORS.

Omar D. Conger, of Port Huron, was born in 1818, at Cooperstown, New York; removed, with his father, Rev. E. Conger, to Huron County, Ohio, in 1824; pursued his academic studies at Huron Institute, Milan, Ohio, and graduated in 1842 at Western Reserve College; was employed in the geological survey and mineral explorations of the Lake Superior copper and iron regions in 1845, '46, '47, and in 1848 engaged in the practice of law at Port Huron, Michigan, where he has since resided; was elected Judge of the Saint Clair County Court in 1850, and Senator in the Michigan Legislature for the biennial terms of 1855, '57, and '59, and was elected President *pro tempore* of the Senate in 1859; was elected in 1866 a member of the Constitutional Convention of Michigan; was a Presidential Elector on the Republican ticket in 1864; was elected to the Forty-first, Forty-second, Forty-third, Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses; was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed Hon. Henry P. Baldwin, Republican, and took his seat March 4, 1881. His term of service will expire March 3, 1887.

Thomas Witherell Palmer, of Detroit, was born at Detroit, Michigan, January 25, 1830; was educated in the public schools, at Thompson's Academy at Palmer, now Saint Clair, Michigan, and at the Michigan University; is and has been a manufacturer and farmer; has served on the Board of Estimates of Detroit, and as State Senator in 1879–'80; was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, upon the eighty-first joint ballot of the Legislature, to succeed Hon. Thomas W. Ferry, Republican, and took his seat December 3, 1883. His term of service will expire March 3, 1889.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTY.—*Wayne.*

William C. Maybury, of Detroit, was born at Detroit, Michigan, November 21, 1849; was educated at the University of Michigan, which gave him the degree of Master of Arts; studied law; was admitted to the bar, and has since practised; was city attorney of Detroit

1875–'80; was lecturer on medical jurisprudence in Michigan College of Medicine, and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 16,147 votes against 11,208 for Henry W. Lord, Republican, and 773 for W. G. Brownlee, Free-trader. *Re-elected.*

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Hillsdale, Lenawee, Monroe, and Washtenaw.*

Nathaniel B. Eldredge, of Adrian, was born at Auburn, New York, March 28, 1813; received a common-school education; practised medicine for fifteen years; then practised law for twenty years, and is now a farmer; has held several minor offices; was Clerk of the Michigan Senate in 1845; was elected a member of the Michigan Legislature in 1848; was elected Judge of Probate in 1852–'56; was commissioned Captain in the Union Army in June, 1861, Major in August, 1861, and Colonel in April, 1862; was elected Sheriff of Lenawee County, Michigan, in 1874, and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 15,251 votes against 14,609 votes for John H. Boies, Republican, 1,265 votes for A. J. Baker, Greenbacker, and 440 scattering. *Re-elected.*

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Barry, Branch, Calhoun, Eaton, and Jackson.*

Edward S. Lacey, of Charlotte, was born in Chili, Monroe County, New York, November 26, 1835; removed to Branch County, Michigan, in October, 1842, and thence to Eaton County, Michigan, in March, 1843; was educated in the public schools and at Olivet College; has been engaged in various business pursuits, but more particularly in banking; was elected Register of Deeds for Eaton County in 1860, and re-elected in 1862; was a Trustee of the Michigan Asylum for the Insane from 1874 to 1880; was a Delegate from Michigan to the National Republican Convention held at Cincinnati in 1876; was nominated by acclamation and elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 18,023 votes against 16,239 votes for H. C. Hodge, Fusion, 268 votes for Landon, and 33 scattering. *Declined a re-election.*

FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Berrien, Cass, Kalamazoo, Saint Joseph, and Van Buren.*

George L. Yaple, of Mendon, was born in Leonidas, Saint Joseph County, Michigan, February 20, 1851; in 1857 removed with his parents to Mendon, in the same county; graduated in the classical course at the Northwestern University, at Evanston, Illinois; studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1872, but immediately engaged in farming, and continued in that pursuit until the spring of 1877, when he entered upon the practice of law; was defeated as the Greenback candidate for Congress in 1880; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress on the Union ticket, receiving 16,328 votes against 16,073 votes for Julius C. Burrows, Republican.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Allegan, Ionia, Kent, and Ottawa.*

Julius Houseman, of Grand Rapids, Michigan, was born in the village of Leckendorf in Bavaria, Germany, December 8, 1832; received a common-school and commercial education; has been engaged for thirty years in mercantile business and the manufacture of lumber; held the office of Alderman in the city of Grand Rapids from 1861 to 1870, inclusive; was a Representative in the State Legislature in 1871 and 1872; was Mayor of Grand Rapids in 1873 and 1875; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, defeating J. W. Webster, Republican. *Not a candidate for re-election.*

SIXTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Clinton, Genesee, Ingham, Livingston, and Oakland.*

Edwin B. Winans, of Hamburg, Livingston County, Michigan, was born at Avon, New York, May 16, 1826; was educated at Albion College, Michigan; is a farmer by occupation; was a member of the Michigan Legislature, 1861–'65; was elected a Delegate to the Constitutional Convention held at Lansing, May 15, 1867; was Probate Judge of Livingston County, 1876–'80; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 18,516 votes against 18,484 votes for Oliver L. Spalding, Republican. *Re-elected.*

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Huron, Lapeer, Macomb, Sanilac, and Saint Clair.*

Ezra C. Carleton, of Port Huron, was born at Saint Clair, Michigan, September 6, 1838; was graduated from the Port Huron High School; is a hardware merchant; was Mayor of Port Huron in 1881; was Chairman of the Port Huron Fire Relief Commission in 1881; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 11,540 votes against 11,251 votes for John T. Rich, Republican. *Re-elected.*

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Gratiot, Isabella, Midland, Montcalm, Saginaw, and Shiawassee.*

Roswell G. Horr, of East Saginaw, was born at Waitsfield, Vermont, November 26, 1830; removed, with his parents, when four years of age, to Lorain County, Ohio, where he passed his early years; graduated at Antioch College, in its first class, in 1857, when that institution was under the charge of Horace Mann; the fall after his graduation was elected Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Lorain County, and was re-elected in 1860; at the close of his six years' clerkship he was admitted to the bar, and practised law two years at Elyria, Lorain County, Ohio; in the spring of 1866 removed to Southeastern Missouri, where he was engaged in mining for six years; removed in the spring of 1872 to East Saginaw, Michigan, where he now resides; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 14,872 votes against 13,918 votes for Willett, Fusion, 536 votes for Calvin, and 2 scattering.

NINTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Antrim, Charlevoix, Kalkaska, Lake, Manistee, Mason, Mecosta, Missaukee, Muskegon, Newaygo, Oceana, and Wexford.*

Byron M. Cutcheon, of Manistee, was born at Pembroke, Merrimac County, New Hampshire, May 11, 1836; pursued his preparatory studies at Pembroke, and completed them at Ypsilanti, Michigan, where he removed in 1855; graduated from the University of Michigan, classical course, in 1861; became principal of the High School at Ypsilanti, Michigan, in 1861; was Captain, Major, Lieutenant-Colonel, and Colonel of the Twentieth Michigan Infantry, 1862–'64; was Brevet Colonel and Colonel Twenty-seventh Michigan Infantry, and Brevet Brigadier-General, "for conspicuous gallantry," 1864–'65; was twice wounded at Spottsylvania Court-House; was assigned to the command of the Second Brigade, First Division, Army of the Potomac, in 1864; was mustered out in 1865; studied law with Hon. S. M. Cutcheon, Ypsilanti, Michigan, 1865–'66; graduated from Michigan University Law School, 1866, and was admitted to practise at Ann Arbor, Michigan; commenced the practice of law at Manistee, Michigan, in 1867, where he has since resided; was a member of the Board of Control of Railroads of Michigan, 1866–'83; was Presidential Elector, 1868; was City Attorney, 1870 and '71; was County Attorney, 1873 and '74; was Regent of the Michigan University, 1875–'83; was Postmaster at Manistee City, 1877–'83; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 13,529 votes against 10,897 votes for Stephen Brunson, Democrat, Greenback, and Labor-Reform candidate. *Re-elected.*

TENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Alcona, Alpena, Bay, Cheboygan, Clare, Crawford, Emmet, Gladwin, Iosco, Montmorency, Ogemaw, Oscoda, Otsego, Presque Isle, Roscommon, and Tuscola.*

Herschel Harrison Hatch, of Bay City, was born at Morrisville, Madison County, New York, February 17, 1837; received a common-school education; studied law at the Hamilton College Law School, New York; is an attorney and counselor-at-law; was elected Alderman of Bay City at its first organization in 1865; was elected Judge of Probate of Bay County in 1868 for a term of four years; was appointed member of the Constitutional Commission of Michigan in 1873; was appointed member of the Tax Commission of Michigan in 1881; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 11,326 votes against 7,749 votes for Andrew C. Maxwell, Democrat, and 2,384 votes for Jesse M. Miller, National or Greenback candidate.

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Benzie, Grand Traverse, Leelenaw, Manitou, Baraga, Chippewa, Delta, Houghton, Isle Royal, Keweenaw, Mackinac, Marquette, Menominee, Ontonagon, and Schoolcraft.*

Edward Breitung, of Negaunee, was born in the city of Schalkau, Germany, November 10, 1831; was educated at the College of Meiningen, in the city of Meiningen, in Germany; is a capitalist interested in iron mines and lands; was elected Mayor of Negaunee in 1879, '80, and '82; was elected a member of the State House of Representatives for 1873 and '74, but resigned in 1873; was elected a State Senator from the Thirty-second District for 1877–'78, and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 11,428 votes against 4,840 votes for Peter White, Democrat, and 343 votes for John Russell, Prohibitionist.

MINNESOTA.

SENATORS.

Samuel J. R. McMillan, of Saint Paul, was born at Brownsville, Pennsylvania, February 22, 1826; received a classical education, graduating at Duquesne College, Pittsburgh, in 1846; studied law with Shaler & Stanton, was admitted to the bar in 1849, and commenced practice at Stillwater, Minnesota, in 1852; was elected Judge of the first judicial circuit in 1857; was appointed Associate Justice of the Supreme Court in 1864, to fill a vacancy, was elected and re-elected, and resigned in 1874; was appointed in 1874 and afterward re-elected Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, and resigned when he was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed Alexander Ramsey, Republican; he took his seat March 4, 1875, and was re-elected. His term of service will expire March 3, 1887.

Dwight May Sabin, of Stillwater, Minnesota, was born April 25, 1843, at Manlius, La Salle County, Illinois; was reared on a farm, attending the country school during the winter—also studied the higher branches of mathematics and civil engineering; is engaged in lumbering, and the general manufacture of railroad cars and agricultural machinery; served three sessions in the popular branch of the Legislature and two terms in the State Senate of Minnesota previous to his election to the United States Senate; has been a member of the National Republican Committee for Minnesota, and Delegate to the National Republican Conventions of 1872, '76, and '80, respectively; was elected Chairman of the Republican National Committee, December 12, 1883; was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed William Windom, Republican, and took his seat March 3, 1883. His term of service will expire March 3, 1889.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Dodge, Fillmore, Freeborn, Houston, Mower, Olmsted, Steele, Wabasha, ana Winona.*

Milo White, of Chatfield, was born in Fletcher, Franklin County, Vermont, August 17, 1830; was educated at common schools; is a merchant; was elected to the State Senate of Minnesota, 1872–'76 and 1881–'82; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 12,458 votes against 11,788 votes for Biermann, Democrat, and 1,144 scattering. *Re-elected.*

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Blue Earth, Brown, Cottonwood, Faribault, Jackson, Le Sueur, Lincoln, Lacqui-parle, Lyon, Martin, Murray, Nicollet, Nobles, Pipe Stone, Redwood, Rock, Sibley, Watonwan, Waseca, and Yellow Medicine.*

James B. Wakefield, of Blue Earth City, was born at Winsted, Connecticut, March, 1828; graduated at Trinity College, Hartford, in 1846; studied law in Painesville, Ohio, and commenced practice at Delphi, Indiana, in 1852; removed to Minnesota in 1854; was elected to the State House of Representatives in 1858 and 1863; was again elected in 1865, and was Speaker of that body in session of 1866; was a member of the Senate in 1867 and '68, and was re-elected for 1869 and '70; resigned in 1869, and was appointed Receiver of United States Land Office at Winnebago City, Minnesota; resigned in 1875, and was elected in the fall Lieutenant-Governor for a term of two years; was re-elected in 1877; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 17,187 votes against 6,750 votes for F. A. Borer, Democrat, and 3,085 votes for J. A. Latimer, Alliance and Greenback. *Re-elected.*

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Carver, Chippewa, Dakota, Goodhue, Kandiyohi, Meeker, McLeod, Renville, Rice, Scott, and Swift.*

Horace B. Strait, of Shakopee, was born in Potter County, Pennsylvania, January 26, 1835; received a common-school education; removed to Indiana in 1846, and from there to Minnesota in 1855; entered the Union Army in 1862 as Captain in the Ninth Minnesota Infantry; was promoted to Major of said regiment in 1864, and was serving at the close of the war as Inspector-General on the Staff of General McArthur; was elected Mayor of Shakopee in 1870, and re-elected in 1871 and '72; has been one of the trustees of the Minnesota Hospital for the Insane since 1866; since the close of the war has been engaged in mercantile, manufacturing, and banking business, and is now President of the First National Bank of Shakopee; was elected to the Forty-third, Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 16,583 votes against 7,047 votes for Adams, Democrat, and 696 votes for Martin, Greenbacker. *Re-elected.*

FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Anoka, Chisago, Hennepin, Isanti, Kanabec, Pine, Ramsey, Sherburne, Washington, and Wright.*

William Drew Washburn, of Minneapolis, was born at Livermore, Androscoggin County, Maine, January 14, 1831; was reared on a farm, attending common school and fitting for college in winter and working on a farm in summer, until the age of twenty, graduating at Bowdoin College in 1854; read law the two succeeding years in the offices of Hon. Israel Washburn, jr., of Orono, and Hon. John A. Peters, of Bangor, Maine; removed to the West and located in Minneapolis, Minnesota, in 1857; was engaged in the practice of law and other pursuits until 1861, when he was appointed United States Surveyor-General of Minnesota by President Lincoln, which office he held for four years, residing at Saint Paul during that time; after the expiration of his term of office he returned to Minneapolis, and has since been engaged heavily in the different manufacturing industries of that city; is a director and large owner, and was for many years managing agent, of the Minneapolis Water Power Company; was the principal projector and is now the President of the Minneapolis and Saint Louis Railway Company; was elected to the Legislature of Minnesota in 1858 and 1871; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 17,380 votes against 14,820 votes for Ames, Democrat, and 1,545 votes for Phillips, Prohibitionist.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Aitkin, Becker, Benton, Big Stone, Carlton, Cass, Clay, Crow Wing, Douglas, Grant, Itasca, Kittson, Lake, Marshall, Mille Lacs, Morrison, Norman, Otter Tail, Polk, Pope, Stearns, Stevens, Saint Louis, Todd, Traverse, Wadena, and Wilkin.*

Knute Nelson, of Alexandria, was born in Norway, February 2, 1843; came to the United States in 1849; received an academic education; studied law; was admitted to the bar, and has since practised; served in the Union Army as a private and non-commissioned officer in the Fourth Wisconsin during three years of the late war; was a member of the Assembly in the Wisconsin Legislature, 1868–'69; was Prosecuting Attorney of Douglas County, Minnesota, in 1872, '73, and '74; was State Senator in the Minnesota Legislature in 1875, '76, '77, and '78; was Presidential Elector on the Garfield and Arthur ticket; is at present a member of the Board of Regents of the State University of Minnesota; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Regular Republican, receiving 16,956 votes against 12,238 votes for Kindred, Independent, and 6,248 votes for Barnum, Democrat. *Re-elected.*

MISSISSIPPI.

SENATORS.

Lucius Q. C. Lamar, of Oxford, was born in Putnam County, Georgia, September 17, 1825; was educated at Oxford, Georgia, and graduated at Emory College, Georgia, in 1845; studied law at Macon, Georgia, under the Hon. A. H. Chappell, and was admitted to the bar in 1847; moved to Oxford, Mississippi, in 1849; was elected Adjunct Professor of Mathematics in the University of the State, and held the position as assistant to Dr. A. T. Bledsoe, (editor of "The Southern Review,") which he resigned in 1850, and returned to Covington, Georgia, where he resumed the practice of law; was elected to the Legislature of Georgia in 1853; in 1854 moved to his plantation in La Fayette County, Mississippi, and was elected to the Thirty-fifth and Thirty-sixth Congresses of the United States, and resigned in 1860 to take a seat in the Secession Convention of his State; in 1861 entered the Confederate Army as

Lieutenant-Colonel of the Nineteenth Regiment, and was promoted to the Colonelcy; in 1863 was intrusted by President Davis with an important diplomatic mission to Russia; in 1866 was elected Professor of Political Economy and Social Science in the University of Mississippi, and in 1867 was transferred to the Professorship of Law; was elected to the Forty-third Congress of the United States, and was re-elected to the Forty-fourth Congress; and was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat, to succeed James Lusk Alcorn, Independent, and took his seat March 5, 1877; was re-elected in 1882. His term of service will expire March 3, 1889.

James Z. George, of Jackson, was born in Monroe County, Georgia, October 20, 1826; his fathe having died in his infancy, he removed, when eight years of age, with his mother to Noxuree County, Mississippi, where he resided two years; he then removed to Carroll County, whereb he was educated in the common schools then existing; he volunteered as a private in the first regiment of Mississippi volunteers in the Mexican War, commanded by Col. Jefferson Davis, and was at the battle of Monterey; on his return he studied law, and was admitted to the bar in Carroll County; he was elected Reporter of the High Court of Errors and Appeals in 1854, re-elected in 1860, and prepared and published ten volumes of the Reports of the decisions of that court, and afterwards prepared and published a Digest of all the decisions of the Supreme Court and High Court of Errors and Appeals of that State, from the admission of the State into the Union, to and including the year 1870; he was a member of the convention in Mississippi in 1861 which passed the ordnance of secession, and he voted for and signed that instrument; he was a captain in the Twentieth Regiment of Mississippi Volunteers in the Confederate States Army; afterwards a Brigadier-General of State troops, and afterwards Colonel of the Fifth Regiment of Mississippi Cavalry in the Confederate States Army; was chairman of the Democratic State Executive Committee of Mississippi in 1875 and 1876; in 1879 was appointed one of the Judges of the Supreme Court of Mississippi, and elected Chief Justice; resigned his seat on the Supreme Bench in February, 1881, to take his seat in the Senate on the 4th of March of that year. His term of service will expire March 3, 1887.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Alcorn, Itawamba, Lee, Lowndes, Monroe, Oktibbeha, Prentiss, and Tishomingo.*

Henry Lowndes Muldrow, of Starkville, was born in Lowndes County, Mississippi; graduated at the University of Mississippi; was admitted to the bar as attorney and solicitor in 1859, and is now a lawyer by profession; entered the Confederate Army in 1861, and held various positions in the line, and at the close of the war surrendered at Forsyth, Georgia, as a Colonel of Cavalry; held the position of District Attorney for the Sixth Judicial District of Mississippi from 1869 to '71; was elected to the State Legislature in 1875; was elected to the Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 6,390 votes against 1,416 votes for Lyon, Republican.

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Benton, De Soto, La Fayette, Marshall, Panola, Tallahatchie, Tate, Tippah, and Union.*

James Ronald Chalmers, of Sardis, Mississippi, (son of Hon. Jos. W. Chalmers, formerly United States Senator from Mississippi,) was born in Halifax County, Virginia, January 11, 1831; removed to Mississippi in May, 1839; attended school at Holly Springs, Mississippi, and graduated at South Carolina College, Columbia, in December, 1851; studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1853; was elected District Attorney of the Seventh Judicial District of Mississippi in 1858; was a member of the Secession Convention of Mississippi in 1861, and was Chairman of the Committee on Military Affairs; entered the Confederate service as a Captain in March, 1861; was elected Colonel of the Ninth Mississippi Regiment in April, 1861; was promoted Brigadier-General in February, 1862; was transferred to the cavalry service in 1863; surrendered in May, 1865, in command of the First Division of Forrest's Cavalry Army Corps, composed of Armstrong's, Adams', and Starke's Brigades; was a member of the State Senate of Mississippi in 1876 and 1877; was elected to the Forty-Fifth Congress from the Sixth District of Mississippi, and was re-elected to the Forty-sixth Congress as a Democrat; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress and received the certificate of election, but unseated on a contest by John R. Lynch on the 29th of April, 1882; was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress from the Second Congressional District of Mississippi as an Independent, endorsed by both the Greenback and Republican conventions, receiving 10,230 votes against 8,982 votes for Van H. Manning, Democrat, and 131 votes for H. C. Carter, Independent Republican; was deprived of the certificate of election by an illegal count of the vote by the secretary of state of Mississippi, and, after a contest, seated on the 25th of June, 1884.

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Bolivar, Coahoma, Issaquena, Le Flore, Quitman, Sharkey, Sunflower, Tunica, Warren, and Washington.*

Elza Jeffords, of Mayersville, was born near Ironton, Lawrence County, Ohio, May 23, 1826; he received a good common-school education; was reared in Portsmouth, Ohio; served his apprenticeship in the clerk's office; read law and was admitted to practice in Portsmouth, Ohio, in 1847, soon after becoming of age; he served in the Army of the Tennessee from June, 1862, to December, 1863, as clerk in the Quartermaster's Department, land transportation; he was Judge of the High Court of Errors and Appeals in Mississippi, 1868–'69; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 4,127 votes against 1,321 votes for C. W. Clarke, Independent Republican, and 521 votes for V. B. Waddell, Independent Democrat.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Calhoun, Carroll, Chickasaw, Choctaw, Clay, Grenada, Kemper, Montgomery Noxubee, Pontotoc, Webster, Winston, and Yalobusha.*

Hernando De Soto Money, of Winona, was born in Holmes County, Mississippi, August 26, 1839; educated at the University of Mississippi, at Oxford; studied law, and is by profession an editor; was elected to the Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 6,848 votes against 2,644 votes for Griffin, Republican, and 469 votes for Roane.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Attala, Clarke, Holmes, Jasper, Lauderdale, Leake, Neshoba, Newton, Scott, Smith, Wayne, and Yazoo.*

Otho R. Singleton, of Forest, was born in Jessamine County, Kentucky, October 14, 1814; received a classical education, graduating at Saint Joseph's College, Bardstown, Kentucky; studied law and graduated at the Lexington Law School and practised law; removed to Mississippi in 1838; was a member of the Mississippi House of Representatives two years, and of the Mississippi Senate six years; was a Presidential Elector on the Pierce and King ticket in 1852; was a Representative from Mississippi in the Thirty-third, Thirty-fifth, and Thirty-sixth Congresses of the United States, retiring January 12, 1861; was a Representative from Mississippi in the Confederate Congress from 1861 until 1865; was elected to the Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 6,121 votes against 57 votes for Niles, Republican, and 13 scattering. *Re-elected.*

SIXTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Adams, Amite, Covington, Greene, Hancock, Harrison, Jackson, Jones, Lawrence, Marion, Perry, Pike, and Wilkinson.*

Henry S. Van Eaton, of Woodville, was born in Hamilton County, Ohio, September 14, 1826; graduated at Illinois College; in 1848 removed to Woodville, Mississippi, where he taught school and studied law; in 1858 was elected District Attorney, and in 1859 to the State Legislature; served through the war on the Confederate side; at the close of the war resumed the practice of law; in 1880 was appointed Chancellor of the Tenth Mississippi District, and remained on the bench until he was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 7,617 votes against 6,706 votes for John R. Lynch, Republican. *Re-elected.*

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Claiborne, Copiah, Franklin, Hinds, Jefferson, Lincoln, Madison, Rankin, and Simpson.*

Ethelbert Barksdale, of Jackson, was born in Rutherford County, Tennessee; he removed to Mississippi when a youth; entered upon journalism in his twenty-first year, and adopted it as a profession; in the mean time has been engaged in farming; he conducted the official journal of the State from 1854 to 1861, and from 1876 to 1883; was a member of the Congress of the Confederate States during the existence of that government; he served on the Platform Committees of the National Democratic Conventions of 1860, '68, '72, and '80; he was on the Democratic Electoral ticket for the State at Large in 1876, and President of the State Electoral College; he was Chairman of the Democratic State Executive Committee from 1877 to 1879; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 10,914 votes against 5,414 votes for James Hill, Republican. *Re-elected.*

MISSOURI.

SENATORS.

Francis Marion Cockrell, of Warrensburg, was born in Johnson County, Missouri, October 1, 1834; received his early education in the common schools of his county; graduated from Chapel Hill College, La Fayette County, Missouri, in July, 1853; studied law, and has pursued that profession, never having held any public office prior to his election to Congress; was elected to the Senate as a Democrat, to succeed Carl Schurz, Independent Republican; took his seat March 4, 1875, and was re-elected. His term of service will expire March 3, 1887.

George Graham Vest, of Kansas City, was born at Frankfort, Kentucky, December 6, 1830; graduated at Centre College, Kentucky, in 1848, and at the Law Department of the Transylvania University, at Lexington, Kentucky, in 1853; removed the same year to Missouri, and began the practice of law in Central Missouri; was a Presidential Elector on the Democratic ticket in 1860; was a member of the Missouri House of Representatives in 1860–'61; was a member of the House of Representatives of the Confederate Congress for two years and a member of the Confederate Senate for one year; was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat, in the place of James Shields, Democrat, (who had been elected to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Lewis V. Bogy, Democrat,) and took his seat March 18, 1879. His term of service will expire March 3, 1885.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Adair, Clarke, Knox, Lewis, Macon, Marion, Putnam, Schuyler, Scotland, and Shelby.*

William Henry Hatch, of Hannibal, was born in Scott County, Kentucky, September 11, 1833; was educated at Lexington, Kentucky; was admitted to the bar in September, 1854, and is a practising lawyer; was elected Circuit Attorney of the Sixteenth Judicial Circuit of Missouri in October, 1858, and re-elected to the same position in November, 1860; served in the Confederate Army; was commissioned Captain and Assistant Adjutant-General December, 1862, and in March, 1863, was assigned to duty as Assistant Commissioner of Exchange under the cartel, and continued in this position until the close of the war; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 16,243 votes against 11,407 votes for Glover, Independent Democrat, and 667 votes for Leavitt, Greenback candidate. *Re-elected.*

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Carroll, Chariton, Grundy, Linn, Livingston, Monroe, Randolph, and Sullivan.*

Armstead M. Alexander, of Paris, was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 19,033 votes against 8,628 votes for Dorsey, Republican, and 5,302 votes for Quayle, Greenbacker.

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Caldwell, Clay, Clinton, De Kalb, Daviess, Gentry, Harrison, Mercer, Ray, and Worth.*

Alexander Monroe Dockery, of Gallatin, was born in Livingston County, Missouri, February 11, 1845; attended the common schools, completing his education at Macon Academy, Macon, Missouri; studied medicine and graduated at the Saint Louis Medical College in March, 1865; also attended lectures at Bellevue College, New York City, and Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, during the winter of 1865–'66; practised medicine at Chillicothe, Missouri, until January, 1874, serving several years as County Physician of Livingston County; in March, 1874, abandoned the practice of medicine and removed to Gallatin, Missouri, and assisted in organizing the Farmers' Exchange Bank, of which organization he was cashier

until elected to Congress; was one of the Curators of the University of Missouri from 1872 to 1882, and in 1870, '71, and '72 President of the Board of Education of Chillicothe, Missouri; has served as Chairman of the Congressional Committee of his District; was a member of the City Council of Gallatin for the five years previous to April, 1883, serving the last two years as Mayor, elected without opposition; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 17,261 votes against 12,887 votes for J. H. Thomas, Republican, and 2,485 votes for J. H. Burrows, Greenbacker. *Re-elected.*

FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Andrew, Atchison, Buchanan, Holt, Nodaway, and Platte.*

James Nelson Burnes, of Saint Joseph, was born in Indiana, August 22, 1832; received a common and high school education; studied law, graduating at the Harvard Law School; was admitted to the bar and practised; was Circuit Attorney in 1856; was Presidential Elector in 1856; was Judge of the Common Pleas Court, 1868 to 1872; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 13,325 votes against 10,571 votes for M. A. Reed, Republican, and 2,185 votes for N. Sisson, Greenback Democrat. *Re-elected.*

FIFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Jackson, Johnson, and La Fayette.*

Alexander Graves, of Lexington, was born in Mississippi August 29, 1844; at the outbreak of the war he left Centre College, Danville, Kentucky; joined the Confederate army, serving under General N. B. Forrest, and was parolled with him at Gainesville, Alabama, May, 1865; returning to college, he graduated at Oakland (now Alcorn University), Mississippi, in July, 1867; studied law, and graduated at the University of Virginia in June, 1869, since which time he has been in active practice of law at Lexington, Missouri; in 1872, he was elected City Attorney of Lexington, and in 1874 Prosecuting Attorney of Lafayette County, Missouri; he had never been a candidate for or held any other office until elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 12,695 votes against 8,672 votes for John T. Crisp, Independent Democrat, and 243 votes for McCabe, Greenbacker.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Benton, Boone, Camden, Cooper, Hickory, Howard, Moniteau, Morgan, Pettis, and Saline.*

John Cosgrove, of Boonville, was born in Jefferson County, New York, September 12, 1839; was educated in New York; studied law at Watertown and was admitted to the bar in October, 1863; was elected Prosecuting Attorney of Cooper County, Missouri, in November, 1872, and held the office two years; was City Attorney of Boonville, Missouri, from April, 1877, to April, 1878, and from April, 1879, to April, 1881; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 17,149 votes against 11,349 votes for William C. Alldridge, Republican Greenbacker.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Audrain, Franklin, Lincoln, Montgomery, Pike, Ralls, Saint Charles, and Warren.*

Aylett Hawes Buckner, of Mexico, was born at Fredericksburg, Virginia, December 14, 1817; was educated at Georgetown College and at the University of Virginia; taught school and studied law; emigrated to Missouri in 1837; was elected in 1841 Clerk of the County Probate Court of Pike County; in 1850 removed to Saint Louis and practised his profession; was elected Attorney for the Bank of the State of Missouri in 1852; in 1854 was appointed Commissioner of Public Works by Gov. Sterling Price; in 1857 was elected Judge of the Third Judicial Circuit; in 1861 was selected by the General Assembly of the State as one of the Delegates to the Peace Congress; was elected to the Forty-third, Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 14,370 votes against 9,857 votes for Dandt, Republican, and 1,786 votes for McNair, Greenback candidate.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

CITY AND COUNTY.—*4th, 6th, 8th, 12th, 14th, 16th, 20th, 23d,* and *28th wards of the city of Saint Louis, Saint Louis County, and Saint Ferdinand Township.*

John J. O'Neill, of Saint Louis, was born June 25, 1846, of Irish parents; received a common-school education; was in the Government civil service during the war, and was afterwards

engaged in manufacturing pursuits; was elected to the State Legislature from Saint Louis in 1872, and re-elected in 1874 and 1876; was nominated for Congress in 1878 by the Workingmen's party, but withdrew; was elected to the Municipal Assembly of Saint Louis in 1879 and re-elected in 1881; was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 7,240 votes against 5,514 votes for Sessinghaus, Republican, 1,291 votes for Daly Filley, Republican, and 1,039 votes for Sullivan, Socialist. *Re-elected.*

NINTH DISTRICT.

CITY.—*The 1st, 2d, 4d, 10th, 13th, 15th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 26th, and 27th wards of the city of Saint Louis.*

James O. Broadhead, of Saint Louis, was born at Charlottesville, Virginia, May 29, 1819; was educated at the High School in Albemarle County and afterwards at the University of Virginia; studied law with Edward Bates, of Missouri, and is a lawyer by profession; was elected to the Missouri Legislature in 1847, and to the Senate in 1850–1854; was a member of the Constitutional Conventions in Missouri, in 1861–1863, which deposed the Rebel Legislature and governed the State of Missouri for two years of the Rebellion; was United States District Attorney for the Eastern District of Missouri in 1861; was a member of the State Constitutional Convention of 1875; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 6,860 votes against 6,758 votes for McLean, Republican and Independent, and 463 votes for Hill, Greenbacker.

TENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES AND CITY.—*Wards 5, 7, 9, 11, 21, 22, 24, and 25 of the city of Saint Louis, county of Saint Louis, except Saint Ferdinand; counties of Iron, Madison, Jefferson, Perry, Reynolds, Saint Francois, Sainte Genevieve, and Washington.*

Martin Linn Clardy, of Farmington, was born in Sainte Genevieve County, Missouri, April 26, 1844; was educated at the Saint Louis University and the University of Virginia; is a lawyer by profession; never held any public office; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 13,536 votes against 7,455 votes for Manistre, Republican, and 2,667 votes for Jackson, Greenback candidate. *Re-elected.*

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Callaway, Cole, Crawford, Dent, Gasconade, Laclede, Maries, Miller, Osage, Phelps, Pulaski, Texas, and Wright.*

Richard Parks Bland, of Lebanon, was born near Hartford, Kentucky, August 19, 1835; received an academic education; removed to Missouri in 1855, thence to California, and thence to that portion of Utah now Nevada, locating at Virginia City; practised law; was interested in mining operations in California and Nevada; was County Treasurer of Carson County, Utah Territory, from 1860 until the organization of the State government of Nevada; returned to Missouri in 1865; located at Rolla, Missouri, and practised law with his brother, C. C. Bland, until he removed to Lebanon in August, 1869, and continued his practice there; was elected to the Forty-third, Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 14,259 votes against 10,530 votes for Wallace, Republican, and 1,187 votes for Quinn, Greenback. *Re-elected.*

TWELFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Barton, Bates, Cass, Cedar, Dade, Henry, Saint Clair, and Vernon.*

Charles Henry Morgan, of Lamar, was born in New York, July 5, 1843; was educated in the Wisconsin common schools and at the Fond du Lac High School; studied law with Hon. Gabe Bouck, at Oshkosh, Wisconsin, and subsequently graduated at the Albany Law School in 1866; is a practising lawyer; served in the Federal Army four years and three months as a private, non-commissioned officer, Second and First Lieutenant, and Captain in the First and Twenty-first Wisconsin Infantry; was Prosecuting Attorney of Barton County, Missouri, for four years; was a member of the Missouri Legislature, 1872–'74; was a member of the Forty-fourth and Forty-fifth Congresses, and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 14,768 votes against 9,111 votes for Terrell, Republican, and 3,550 votes for Spring, Greenbacker.

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Barry, Christian, Dallas, Greene, Jasper, Lawrence, McDonald, Newton, Polk, Stone, Taney, and Webster.*

Robert W. Fyan, of Marshfield, was born in Bedford County, Pennsylvania, March 11, 1835; has resided at Marshfield, Webster County, Missouri, since March, 1858; is a lawyer

by profession; was Captain and Major of the Twenty-fourth Missouri Volunteer Infantry, and Colonel of the Forty-sixth Missouri Volunteer Infantry; was Circuit Attorney of the Fourteenth Judicial Circuit, 1865–'66; was Circuit Judge of the Fourteenth Judicial Circuit of Missouri from April, 1866, to January, 1883, having four years to serve when elected to Congress; was a member of the Missouri Constitutional Convention of 1875; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 13,904 votes against 12,424 votes for Cloud, Democrat, and 6,122 votes for Hazeltine, Greenbacker.

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Bollinger, Butler, Cape Girardeau, Carter, Douglas, Dunklin, Howell, Mississippi, New Madrid, Oregon, Ozark, Pemiscot, Ripley, Scott, Shannon, Stoddard, and Wayne.*

Lowndes H. Davis, of Jackson, was born at Jackson, Cape Girardeau County, Missouri, December 14, 1836; graduated in the Collegiate Department of Yale College in 1860, and at the Louisville Law School, Louisville, Kentucky, in 1863; practised law until 1875; was elected State's Attorney for the Tenth Judicial Circuit of Missouri in 1868, which office he held for four years; was an Elector in 1872 on the Greeley and Brown ticket; in 1875 was a member of the Constitutional Convention that framed Missouri's present constitution; in 1876 was elected a member of the General Assembly of Missouri; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 14,023 votes against 7,177 votes for Carroll, Republican, and 2,920 votes for Kitchen, Greenback candidate. *Declined a re-nomination.*

NEBRASKA.

SENATORS.

Charles H. Van Wyck, of Nebraska City, was born at Poughkeepsie, New York, November —, 1824; graduated at Rutgers College, New Jersey; studied and practised law; was District Attorney of Sullivan County, New York, from 1850 to 1856; entered the Union Army as Colonel of the Tenth Legion, or Fifty-sixth New York Volunteers, and commanded it during the war for the suppression of the rebellion, receiving the rank of Brigadier-General; was elected to the Thirty-sixth, Thirty-seventh, Fortieth, and Forty-first Congresses; removed to Nebraska in 1874; was elected a Delegate to the Constitutional Convention in 1876; was a member of the State Senate for three terms, 1876–'80; was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed Algernon S. Paddock, Republican, and took his seat March 4, 1881. His term of service will expire March 3, 1887.

Charles F. Manderson, of Omaha, was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, February 9, 1837; was educated in the schools and academies of his native city; removed to Canton, Ohio, in 1856, where he studied law and was called to the bar in 1859; was elected City Solicitor of that city in 1860, and in April, 1861, entered the Army as First Lieutenant Company A, Nineteenth Regiment Ohio Infantry; participated in the campaign under General McClellan in West Virginia in the summer of 1861, and afterwards in the campaigns of the Army of the Cumberland; rose through the grades of Captain, Major, Lieutenant-Colonel, and Colonel of the Nineteenth Ohio Infantry, being in command of the regiment from the date of the battle of Shiloh; on September 2, 1864, at the battle of Lovejoy's Station, he was severely wounded, and, because of disability from such wounds, resigned in April, 1865; in March, 1865, he was brevetted Brigadier-General of Volunteers, United States Army, "for gallant, long-continued, and meritorious service during the war of the rebellion;" he continued the practice of law at Canton, Ohio, being twice elected as District Attorney, until November, 1869, when he removed to Omaha, Nebraska, where he has since resided and practised law; for six years he was City Attorney at Omaha, and in 1871 and again in 1874 was elected by both political parties as a member of the Constitutional Convention for those years; he was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed Alvin Saunders, Republican, and took his seat December 3, 1883. His term of service will expire March 3, 1889.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Cass, Douglas, Gage, Johnson, Lancaster, Nemaha, Otoe, Pawnee, Richardson, Saunders, and Sarpy.*

Archibald J. Weaver, of Falls City, was born at Dundaff, Susquehanna County, Pennsylvania, April 15, 1844; worked by the month as a farm hand from the time he was nine

years old until he was seventeen; was educated at Wyoming Seminary, Pennsylvania, and was one of the faculty of that institution from 1864 to 1867; studied law at Harvard University, and was admitted to practice law at Boston, Mass., in January, 1869; removed to Falls City, Nebr., his present residence, in the spring of 1869; in 1871 was elected to the Constitutional Convention of that State; in 1872 was elected District Attorney for the First District of Nebraska; was a member of the Constitutional Convention of Nebraska in 1875; was elected Judge of the First Judicial District of Nebraska in 1875, and re-elected to the same position in 1879, which position he resigned in 1883; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 17,022 votes against 12,690 votes for John I. Rodick, Democrat, and 3,707 votes for Gilbert, Alliance candidate. *Re-elected.*

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Adams, Butler, Chase, Clay, Dundy, Fillmore, Franklin, Frontier, Furnas, Gosper, Hamilton, Harlan, Hayes, Hitchcock, Jefferson, Kearney, Nuckolls, Phelps, Polk, Rea Willow, Saline, Seward, Thayer, Webster, and York.*

James Laird, of Hastings, was born at Fowlerville, Livingston County, New York, June 20, 1849; was brought up in Michigan and educated at Adrian College and Michigan University, at Ann Arbor; was graduated from the Law College of the Michigan University in 1871, and has since been actively engaged in the practice of law; entered the volunteer military service of the United States from Michigan as a private, July 24, 1862, and served with the Army of the Potomac until the close of the war; was a member of the Nebraska Constitutional Convention of 1875; was a Republican Presidential Elector from Nebraska in 1880; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 12,983 votes against 3,060 for F. C. Harmon, Democrat, and 10,012 for S. V. Moore, Anti-Monopoly. *Re-elected.*

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*All that part of the State not included in the First and Second Districts.*

Edward K. Valentine, of West Point, was born at Keosauqua, Van Buren County, Iowa, June 1, 1843; received a common-school education; learned the printer's trade, and worked at the same until the breaking out of the war in 1861; enlisted in the Sixty-seventh Illinois Infantry; was promoted to Second Lieutenant, and honorably discharged; in the spring of 1863 re-enlisted as a private in the Seventh Iowa Cavalry; was promoted to Adjutant of the regiment, and served until June, 1866, having been twice brevetted for "efficient and meritorious services;" located in Nebraska in 1866; was appointed Register of the United States Land Office at Omaha in 1869; having studied law, was admitted to the bar and engaged actively in practice until the fall of 1875, when he was elected Judge of the Sixth Judicial District, serving as such until he was elected to the Forty-sixth Congress; he was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 11,284 votes against 9,932 votes for Munger, Democrat, and 7,342 votes for Turner, Independent Republican.

NEVADA.

SENATORS.

John P. Jones, of Gold Hill, was born in Herefordshire, England, in 1830, and came with his parents to this country when he was less than a year old, settling in the northern part of Ohio, where he attended public school in Cleveland for a few years; in the early part of the California excitement he went to that State, and engaged in farming and mining in one of the inland counties, which he subsequently represented in both houses of the State Assembly; went to Nevada in 1867, and since then has been entirely engaged in the development of the mineral resources of that State; was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed J. W. Nye, Republican; took his seat March 4, 1873, and was re-elected. His term of service will expire March 3, 1885.

James Graham Fair, of Virginia City, was born December 3, 1831, near Belfast, Ireland; he came to this country with his parents in 1843, and settled in Illinois, where he attended the public schools, completing his education in Chicago, where he received a thorough business education, paying special attention to scientific studies; on the breaking out of the gold fever, in 1849, he moved to California and engaged in mining until 1860, when he removed to Nevada,

where he has ever since resided, and where he has at all times been extensively engaged in mining, constructing huge quartz mills, building water-works, etc.; in 1867 he formed a partnership with John W. Mackay, J. C. Flood, and Wm. S. O'Brien. The firm purchased the control of the Bonanzas and various other well-known mines, the yield of gold and silver from which, while under the superintendency of Mr. Fair, is estimated at about two hundred million dollars; he is also extensively engaged in real estate and buildings in San Francisco, and is largely interested in the various manufactures of the Pacific coast; he was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat, to succeed William Sharon, Republican, and took his seat March 4, 1881. His term of service will expire March 3, 1887.

REPRESENTATIVE.

AT LARGE.

George William Cassidy, of Eureka, was born in Bourbon County, Kentucky, April 25, 1836; was educated in the free schools and by a private tutor; is, by profession, a journalist; was elected to the State Senate in 1872 for four years, and was re-elected to the same body in 1876; was chosen President of the Senate for the session of 1879; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 7,720 votes against 6,462 votes for Powning, Republican.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

SENATORS.

Henry W. Blair, of Manchester, was born at Campton, New Hampshire, December 6, 1834; received a common-school and academic education; studied law with William Leverett, at Plymouth; admitted to the bar in May, 1859, and has since practised; was appointed Prosecuting Attorney for Grafton County in 1860; served in the Union Army as Lieutenant-Colonel of the Fifteenth New Hampshire Volunteers; was a member of the State House of Representatives in 1866, and of the State Senate in 1867–'68; was elected a Representative in the Forty-fourth and Forty-fifth Congresses as a Republican, and declined a renomination to the House of Representatives of the Forty-sixth Congress; he was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed Charles H. Bell, who had been temporarily appointed by the Executive of New Hampshire, and took his seat June 20, 1879. His term of service will expire March 3, 1885.

Austin F. Pike, of Franklin, New Hampshire, was born October 16, 1819; received an academic education; studied law and was admitted to the bar of Merrimack County in July, 1845, and has been in active practice since; was a member of the New Hampshire House of Representatives in 1850, '51, '52, '65, and '66, and Speaker of the House the last two years; was a member of the New Hampshire Senate in 1857 and '58, and President of the Senate the last year; was Chairman of the Republican State Committee in 1858, '59, and '60; was Delegate to the Philadelphia Convention which nominated General Frémont in 1856; was elected a Representative to the Forty-third Congress, serving from December 1, 1873, to March 3, 1875; and was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed E. H. Rollins, Republican, and took his seat December 3, 1883. His term of service will expire March 3, 1889.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Belknap, Carroll, Rockingham, Strafford, and parts of Hillsborough and Merrimack Counties.*

Martin A. Haynes, of Lake Village, was born at Springfield, New Hampshire, July 30, 1842; removed to Manchester, New Hampshire, at the age of four years, where he received a common-school education and learned the printer's trade; in June, 1861, he enlisted as a private in the Second New Hampshire Regiment, in which he served as a private three years, receiving wounds at the first Bull Run, Glendale, and second Bull Run battles; in 1868 he removed to Lake Village, where he established "The Lake Village Times," which he has ever since published; was a member of the New Hampshire House of Representatives in 1872 and 1873; Clerk of the Supreme Court for Belknap County from 1876 to 1883; President of the New Hampshire Veteran Association 1881 and 1882; Department Commander

Grand Army of the Republic 1881 and 1882; was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 19,702 votes against 15,904 votes for Chandler, Democrat, and 353 scattering. *Re-elected.*

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Cheshire, Coos, Grafton, Sullivan, and parts of Hillsborough and Merrimack Counties.*

Ossian Ray, of Lancaster, was born at Hinesburg, Vermont, December 13, 1835; removed to Irasburg, Vermont, in early childhood; received there and at Derby, Vermont, a common-school and academic education; studied law five years at Irasburg, and at Lancaster, New Hampshire, to which place he removed in 1854; was admitted to the bar in 1857, and has practised his profession since that time; was a member of the State Legislature in 1868 and '69; was Solicitor for Coos County from 1862 to 1872; was Delegate at Large to the Republican National Convention at Philadelphia, in June, 1872; was United States Attorney for the District of New Hampshire from February 22, 1879, to December 23, 1880, when he resigned, upon his nomination as a candidate for Congress; was elected to fill the vacancy in the Forty-sixth Congress caused by the death of Hon. Evarts W. Farr; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 21,409 votes against 19,187 votes for J. D. Hosley, Democrat, and 391 scattering.

NEW JERSEY.

SENATORS.

John Rhoderic McPherson, of Jersey City, was born at York, Livingston County, New York, May 9, 1833; received a common-school and academic education; removed to Jersey City, New Jersey, in 1859; was elected a member of the Board of Aldermen of Jersey City in 1864, and held that office for six years, serving for three years as President of the Board; was President of the People's Gas-Light Company during the years 1868–'69; was a member of the State Senate of New Jersey in 1871–'73; was a Presidential Elector on the Tilden and Hendricks ticket in 1876; was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat, to succeed F. T. Frelinghuysen, Republican, took his seat March 5, 1877, and was re-elected in January, 1883. His term of service will expire March 3, 1889.

William J. Sewell, of Camden, was born in Ireland in 1835; left an orphan at an early age, he came to the United States in 1851, and engaged in business in the city of New York; shortly thereafter he entered the merchant marine, making several voyages; abandoning the sea after a few years he located in Chicago and re-entered upon business life; returning east just previous to the rebellion he entered the service as Captain in the Fifth New Jersey Volunteers; he was mustered out at the close of the war with the rank of Brevet Major-General; he served nine years in the State Senate of New Jersey, three years of which he was President of that body; he was a Delegate at Large from that State to the Republican National Conventions at Cincinnati, in 1876, at Chicago, in 1880, and at Chicago, in 1884; he was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed Theodore F. Randolph, Democrat, and took his seat March 4, 1881. His term of service will expire March 3, 1887.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Camden, Cape May, Cumberland, Gloucester, and Salem.*

Thomas M. Ferrell, of Glassboro', was born at Glassboro', New Jersey, June 20, 1844; received a common-school and academic education; was elected a member of the township committee in 1872–'73, also a member of the school board of his native town for three consecutive terms of three years each, and is now the president of the board; was elected a member of the general assembly of New Jersey in the years of 1879–'80 in a strong Republican district; after his term expired, was elected State Senator for the county of Gloucester by a majority of 546; is Past Grand Master of Odd Fellows of New Jersey; was nominated for the Forty-Eighth Congress before his term of State Senator expired, and was elected as a Democrat, receiving 16,541 votes against 14,825 votes for George M. Robeson, Republican, and 684 votes for Bustor, Greenbacker.

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Atlantic, Burlington, Mercer, and Ocean.*

J. Hart Brewer, of Trenton, was born in Hunterdon County, New Jersey, March 29 1844; was educated at the Delaware Literary Institution, Franklin, Delaware County, New York; is now and has been for sixteen years a manufacturer of pottery; was elected a member of the New Jersey House of Assembly in 1876; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 15,604 votes against 14,535 votes for Parker, Democrat, and 270 votes for Howland, Greenback candidate.

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Middlesex, Monmouth, and Union.*

John Kean, Jr., of Elizabeth, was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 15,186 votes against 12,891 votes for Ross, Democrat, and 3,463 votes for Urner, Greenbacker. *Re-elected.*

FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Hunterdon, Somerset, Sussex, and Warren.*

Benjamin F. Howey, of Columbia, was born at Pleasant Meadows, near Swedesboro', Gloucester County, New Jersey, March 17, 1828; was educated by a private tutor at Pleasant Meadows, and at the academies at Swedesboro' and Bridgeton, New Jersey; is engaged in quarrying and manufacturing roofing and school slates; was Captain of Company G, Thirty-first Regiment New Jersey Volunteers, from September 3, 1862, to June 26, 1863; was Sheriff of Warren County, New Jersey, from November 13, 1878, to November 15, 1881; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 11,567 votes against 10,945 votes for H. S. Harris, Democrat. *Re-elected.*

FIFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Bergen, Morris, and Passaic.*

William Walter Phelps, of Teaneck, Englewood, was born in New York City August 24, 1839; graduated at Yale College in 1860, and at the Columbia College Law School in 1863; retired from the practice of law in 1868, refusing a judgeship offered by Governor Fenton; was elected in 1872 a Representative in the Forty-third Congress, and was a candidate for re-election to the Forty-fourth Congress, but was defeated by seven votes; was a Delegate at Large to the National Republican Convention at Chicago in 1880; also in 1884; was sent as Minister to Austria in 1881 and relinquished the position in 1882; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 14,341 votes against 12,703 votes for Ryle, Democrat. *Re-elected.*

SIXTH DISTRICT.

COUNTY *of Essex.*

William H. F. Fiedler, of Newark, was born in New York City, October 25, 1847; received a public and high school education; is a practical hatter, and now in the retail hat business; was elected Alderman of Newark in October, 1876; was elected a member of the New Jersey Legislature in November, 1877; was re-elected Alderman in October, 1878, and re-elected a member of the Legislature in November, 1878; was elected Mayor of Newark while serving his second term as an Alderman in October, 1879; in 1882, previous to the organization of the Legislature, one of the Republican members died—the House having been a tie, Mr. Fiedler was nominated to fill the vacancy, and elected, which gave the organization of the House of Assembly of New Jersey to the Democrats; this was his third term; and he was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, in a Republican district, receiving 17,200 votes against 14,780 votes for John L. Blake, Republican, and 368 votes for William Hook, Labor Party.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTY *of Hudson—including the cities of Jersey City and Hoboken.*

William McAdoo, of Jersey City, was born in Ireland October 25, 1853, and was brought by his parents at an early age to Jersey City, where he has continued to reside; received a good education in the schools of Jersey City; studied law with ex-Congressman Scudder, of New Jersey, and became a member of the bar of that State in 1874; has been counsel for many years to a municipal board in Hudson County, New Jersey; served as a member of the Legislature of New Jersey; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 15,147 votes against 11,566 votes for Gilbert Collins, Republican. *Re-elected.*

NEW YORK.

SENATORS.

Warner Miller, of Herkimer, was born in Oswego County, New York, August 12, 1838; graduated at Union College in 1860; commenced teaching in the Fort Edward Collegiate Institute, but on the breaking out of the war enlisted as private in the Fifth New York Cavalry; served in the Shenandoah Valley; was promoted to be Sergeant-Major and Lieutenant; was taken prisoner at the battle of Winchester; is now engaged in the manufacture of paper, and farming; was a Delegate to the National Convention at Philadelphia in 1872; was elected to the New York Legislature in 1874, and also in 1875; was elected to the Forty-sixth Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-seventh Congress; was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, July 16, 1881, in the place of Thomas C. Platt, resigned, and took his seat October 11, 1881. His term of service will expire March 3, 1887.

Elbridge G. Lapham, of Canandaigua, was born at Farmington, New York, October 18, 1814; was brought up on a farm, attending the winter public schools, and was subsequently at the Canandaigua Academy, where he was a classmate of Hon. Stephen A. Douglas; studied civil engineering, and was employed on the Michigan Southern Railroad Line; afterwards studied law, was admitted to the bar in 1844, and has since practised at Canandaigua; was a member of the Constitutional Convention of New York in 1867; was elected to the Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, and Forty-sixth Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-seventh Congress; was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, July 22, 1881, in the place of Roscoe Conkling, resigned, and took his seat October 11, 1881. His term of service will expire March 3, 1885.

REPRESENTATIVES.

AT LARGE.

Henry Warner Slocum, of Brooklyn, was born at Delphi, New York, September 24, 1827; graduated at West Point; is a lawyer, and connected with the management of railroads; served in the Union Army; was Major-General of Volunteers in 1862; was a member of the Forty-first and Forty-second Congresses; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as Congressman at Large from New York as a Democrat, receiving 503,934 votes against 394,232 votes for Howard Carroll, Republican.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Suffolk, Richmond, and Queens.*

Perry Belmont, of Babylon, Long Island, was born in the city of New York, December 28, 1851; graduated at Harvard College in 1872; was admitted to the bar in 1876, and has since been engaged in the practice of the law; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 18,688 votes against 4,957 votes for Townsend, Independent Democrat, 116 votes for Markham, Greenback candidate, and 310 scattering. *Re-elected.*

SECOND DISTRICT.

CITY OF BROOKLYN.—*Old 1st, 2d, 3d, 5th, 6th, 8th, 10th, 12th, and 22d wards.*

William E. Robinson, of Brooklyn, was born at Unagh, near Cookstown, in the County of Tyrone, Ireland, May 6, 1814; attended a classical academy at Cookstown, and entered college at Belfast, but was forced by ill-health to abandon his studies; his physicians despaired of his recovery, but recommended a sea voyage, and he sailed from Liverpool in June, 1836, arriving at New York, after a voyage of eight weeks, with completely restored health; resumed his classical studies at the school of Rev. John J. Owen; entered Yale College as a freshman in 1837, and was graduated in the class of 1841 with the degree of A. B.; was connected for two years with the Yale Law School, and in 1844 received from Yale the degree of A. M., but devoted a considerable portion of his time to lecturing before literary associations; soon after the establishment of "The New York Tribune" he became one of its assistant editors, and in 1843 its regular and only Washington correspondent, under the signature of "Richelieu," under which he still contributes to the press; he also wrote Washington correspondence

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

CITY OF NEW YORK.—*Part of the 20th ward between Sixth and Seventh avenues, part of the 21st ward between Third and Sixth avenues, part of the 22d ward between Sixth and Eighth avenues, part of the 19th ward between Third and Sixth avenues, part of the 12th ward between Third and Eighth avenues south of Eighty-sixth street, and between Eighth avenue and the East River north of Eighty-sixth street.*

Orlando B. Potter, of 26 Lafayette Place, New York City, was born at Charlemont, Massachusetts, March 10, 1823; was educated at district school, Williams College, and Dane Law School, Cambridge; was admitted to the bar at Boston, February 12, 1848; practised law in Boston and Middlesex County, Massachusetts, five years, during which time he also became interested in manufacturing; was elected president of a manufacturing company, and removed to New York in 1853; continued there in active and extensive business until 1876, when he withdrew from manufacturing and commercial business, since which he has devoted himself to his large farm at Sing Sing on the Hudson, and to the care and improvement of his property in New York; he has never until now held office beyond a justice's commission in his native State; on August 14, 1861, he laid before Secretary Chase the plan for our National Banking System; he was nominated for Congress in the Tenth Congressional District of New York in 1878, but was defeated; he was tendered the United Democratic nomination in the Eleventh District at the special election in 1881, but declined and earnestly assisted in the election of Hon. R. P. Flower; when Mr. Flower declined a renomination Mr. Potter was again nominated by the United Democracy, and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Union Democrat, receiving 15,049 votes against 13,947 votes for William L. Strong, Republican.

TWELFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTY.—*Westchester.*

Waldo Hutchins, of Kingsbridge, was born at Brooklyn, Connecticut, in 1823; graduated at Amherst College; studied law, and, on being admitted to the bar, commenced practice in the city of New York; was a member of the Legislature of the State of New York in 1852, and of the Constitutional Convention of the State of New York of 1867; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 15,663 votes against 8,938 votes for Long, Republican.

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Columbia, Dutchess, and Putnam.*

John H. Ketcham, of Dover Plains, was born at Dover, New York, December 21, 1832; received an academic education; became interested in agricultural pursuits; was supervisor of his town in 1854 and '55; was a member of the State Assembly of New York in 1856 and '57; was a member of the State Senate of New York in 1860 and '61; entered the Union Army as Colonel of the One hundred and fiftieth Volunteers in October, 1862, and was appointed Brigadier-General, serving until he resigned, in March, 1865, to take the seat in Congress to which he had been elected; he was afterwards appointed Major-General by brevet; was elected to the Thirty-ninth, Fortieth, Forty-first, and Forty-second Congresses; was a Delegate to the National Republican Convention in 1876; was Commissioner of the District of Columbia from July 3, 1874, until June 30, 1877, when he resigned, having been elected to the Forty-fifth Congress; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 16,217 votes against 2,020 for S. Tripp, Greenbacker, and 1,016 for J. Dorland, Prohibitionist. *Re-elected.*

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Orange, Rockland, and Sullivan.*

Lewis Beach, of Cornwall, was born in the city of New York, March 30, 1835; graduated at the Yale Law School in 1856; was admitted to the bar the same year, and began the practice of law in New York City; in 1861 took up his residence in Orange County, New York, and has since combined farming with the law; has contributed for the last twenty years to the newspapers and periodicals; is the author of the "History of Cornwall;" was supervisor of the town of Cornwall in 1869; was a member and treasurer of the Democratic State Central Committee, 1877–'79; was placed on the Electoral ticket for 1880, but resigned on receiving his nomination for Congress; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 13,454 votes against 12,821 votes for Low, Republican, 420 votes for Pimm, Greenback candidate, 308 votes for Carey, Prohibitionist, and 11 scattering. *Re-elected.*

FIFTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Greene, Schoharie, and Ulster.*

John H. Bagley, jr., of Catskill, was born at Hudson, New York, November 26, 1832; received a common-school education; is a merchant and engaged in leather manufacture; was supervisor of the town of Catskill in 1861, '62, '63, and '64; was a member of the Forty-fourth Congress; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress, receiving 16,625 votes against 13,168 votes for Charles Bray, Republican, and 407 votes for Jacob J. Werner, National.

SIXTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTY.—*Albany.*

Thomas J. Van Alstyne, of Albany, was born at Richmondville, Schoharie County, New York, July 25, 1827; was educated at the common school of the village, and at Moravia Academy, Hartwick Seminary, and Hamilton College, graduating from the latter after a full course in 1848; studied law with Messrs. Harris and Van Vorts at Albany, and was admitted to practise at that place in 1849, where he has since resided; has held the office of County Judge of Albany County twelve years, having been elected in 1871 and re-elected in 1877; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 17,797 votes against 11,404 votes for Theodore V. Van Hoesen, Republican, and 2,010 votes for Lemon Thompson, Greenback and Labor-Reformer.

SEVENTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Rensselaer and Washington.*

Henry G. Burleigh, of Whitehall, was born at Canaan, New Hampshire, June 2, 1832; received a common-school education; is engaged in business connected with lumber, coal, mining iron ore, and transportation; was Supervisor of the town of Ticonderoga, Essex County, New York, for several years; was a member of the Assembly from Washington County in 1876, and was Chairman of the Committee on Canals; was a member of Assembly from Washington County; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress, receiving 17,000 votes, with no opposing candidate. *Re-elected.*

EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Clinton, Essex, and Warren.*

Frederick A. Johnson, of Glens Falls, was born at Glens Falls, Warren County, New York, January 2, 1833; was educated at the common schools and at Glens Falls Academy; for many years prior to 1884 was engaged in banking; never held office until he was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 10,667 votes against 1,476 votes for Thomas Fassett, Greenbacker. *Re-elected.*

NINETEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Franklin and Saint Lawrence.*

Abraham X. Parker, of Potsdam, was born at Granville, Addison County, Vermont, November 14, 1831, and has been a resident of Saint Lawrence County, New York, over forty years; was educated at Saint Lawrence Academy and the Albany Law School, and, after being admitted to practise, continued law studies at Buffalo and Syracuse; has, since 1857, been a lawyer in active practice; served in the New York Assembly in 1863 and '64, and as State Senator in 1868, '69, '70, and '71; was first Elector at Large upon the Republican Presidential ticket in 1876; is Secretary of the State Normal School at Potsdam; received the honorary degree of A. M. from Middlebury College in 1880; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 12,578 votes against 7,365 votes for Smith, Democrat. *Re-elected.*

TWENTIETH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Fulton, Hamilton, Montgomery, Saratoga, and Schenectady.*

Edward Wemple, of Fultonville, was born at Fultonville, October 23, 1843; educated at Union College, graduating with the class of 1866; studied law for a time, but became a manufacturer in the foundry business; was Supervisor of his native town during 1874, '75, and '76; was a member of the New York State Legislature in 1877 and '78, serving on the Committees of Railroads, Villages, and the Library; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 17,831 votes against 17,742 votes for George Went, Republican.

TWENTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Chenango, Delaware, and Otsego.*

George W. Ray, of Chenango, was born at Otselie, Chenango County, New York, February 3, 1844; was educated at Norwich Academy, Norwich, Chenango County, New York; entered the Army in June, 1864, and served as Brigade Clerk, First Brigade, First Division, Nineteenth Army Corps; commenced reading law in March, 1866, and was admitted to practice in November, 1866, and has practised his profession at Norwich, New York, since; for several years was Chairman of Republican County Committee of Chenango County, and was member of Republican State Committee in 1880; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 15,188 votes against 14,742 votes for Babcock, Democrat.

TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Herkimer, Jefferson, and Lewis.*

Charles R. Skinner, of Watertown, was born at Union Square, Oswego County, New York, August 4, 1844; received a common-school and academic education; is a journalist; was elected member of the Board of Education of the city of Watertown in 1875, re-elected in 1878, and again in 1881; served in the New York Assembly during the sessions of 1877, '78, '79, '80, and '81; was Chairman of the Committee on Railroads in the sessions of 1880 and '81; was elected in 1881 to the Forty-seventh Congress, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Warner Miller, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 15,236 votes against 13,967 votes for Davenport, Democrat.

TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTY.—*Oneida.*

John Thomas Spriggs, of Utica, was born at Peterborough, Northamptonshire, England, 1827; graduated from Union College; is a lawyer by profession; has been County Treasurer and District Attorney of Oneida County; served twice as Mayor of Utica; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 12,299 votes against 10,623 votes for S. H. Fox, Republican. *Re-elected.*

TWENTY-FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Madison and Oswego.*

Newton W. Nutting, of Oswego, was born at West Monroe, Oswego County, New York, October 22, 1840; received an academical education at Mexico, Oswego County, New York; studied law with A. L. Johnson, at Syracuse, New York; was admitted to the bar, and has since practised; was a member of the School Committee of the Second District of Oswego County, New York, from January 1, 1864, to January 1, 1867; was District Attorney of Oswego County from January 1, 1869, to January 1, 1872; was County Judge of Oswego County from January 1, 1878, to March 4, 1883, when he resigned, having been elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 11,516 votes against 9,905 votes for Charles Rhodes, Democrat.

TWENTY-FIFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Cortland and Onondaga.*

Frank Hiscock, of Syracuse, was born at Pompey, September 6, 1834; received an academic education; studied law, was admitted to the bar in 1855, and commenced to practise at Tully, Onondaga County; was elected District Attorney of Onondaga County, serving 1860-'63; was a member of the State Constitutional Convention in 1867; was elected to the Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 14,563 votes against 13,831 votes for Davis, Democrat, 1,128 for Sweet, Greenbacker candidate, 372 for Abbott, Prohibitionist, and 24 scattering. *Re-elected.*

TWENTY-SIXTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Cayuga, Seneca, and Wayne.*

Sereno E. Payne, of Auburn, was born at Hamilton, New York, June 26, 1843, and graduated from the University at Rochester in 1864; was admitted to the bar in 1866, and has since practised law at Auburn; was city clerk of Auburn, 1868-'71; was Supervisor of Auburn, 1871-'72; was District Attorney of Cayuga County, 1873-'79; was President of the Board of Education at Auburn, 1879-'82; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress

as a Republican, receiving 13,607 votes against 12,651 votes for Jasper N. Hammond, Democrat, 864 votes for Isaac M. Foster, Temperance candidate, and 773 votes for Milton F. Merchant, Greenbacker. *Re-elected.*

TWENTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Livingston, Ontario, and Yates.*

James W. Wadsworth was born at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, October 12, 1846; was elected in 1881 to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of E. G. Lapham, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 12,013 votes against 10,931 votes for Pierpont, Democrat, and 30 scattering.

TWENTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Broome, Schuyler, Tioga, and Tompkins.*

Stephen C. Millard, of Binghamton, was born at Stamford, Vermont, January 14, 1841 was educated at Williams College, Massachusetts, graduating in the class of 1865; read law at Harvard Law School, and in the office of Pingree & Baker, Pittsfield, Massachusetts, and was admitted to the bar of the State of New York in May, 1867, at Binghamton; has been in constant practice of the law at Binghamton from date of his admission to the bar to the present time; was Chairman of the Republican County Committee 1872–'79; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 15,087 votes against 13,378 votes for F. Davis, jr., Democrat. *Re-elected.*

TWENTY-NINTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Allegany, Chemung, and Steuben.*

John Arnot, Jr., of Elmira, was born at Elmira, New York, March 11, 1831; was educated at a private school; engaged in the banking business at Elmira; was elected President of the village of Elmira in 1859, '60, '61, and Mayor in 1864, '70, and '74; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 17,769 votes against 14,988 votes for Archie E. Baxter, Republican. *Re-elected.*

THIRTIETH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Monroe and Orleans.*

Halbert Stevens Greenleaf, of Rochester, was born in Guilford, Windham County, Vermont, April 12, 1827; was brought up on a farm, and received a common-school and academic education; is a manufacturer of locks—time, combination, and key locks; was commissioned Justice of the Peace March 12, 1856, and Captain of Massachusetts Militia August 29, 1857; enlisted as a private soldier in the Union Army August, 1862; was commissioned Captain of Company E, Fifty-second Regiment Massachusetts Volunteers, September 12, 1862—unanimously elected Colonel of the regiment October 23 of the same year, and subsequently served under General Banks in the Department of the Gulf; organized and commanded the Hancock Brigade in the fall of 1880; was elected commander of the First New York Veteran Brigade February, 1882, and re-elected January, 1883; was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat in a Republican district, receiving 18,042 votes against 12,308 votes for John Van Voorhis, Republican, and 1,419 for Gordon, Prohibitionist.

THIRTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Wyoming, Genesee, and Niagara.*

Robert S. Stevens, of Attica, was born in Attica, now Wyoming County, New York, March 27, 1824; received an academical education; studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1856; is now engaged in farming; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 12,069 votes against 9,442 votes for William C. Watson, Republican.

THIRTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTY.—*Erie.*

William Findlay Rogers, of Buffalo, was born in Forks Township, near the borough of Easton, Pennsylvania, March 1, 1820; his father, Thomas J. Rogers, was a Representative in the Fifteenth, Sixteenth, Seventeenth, and Eighteenth Congresses from the State of Pennsylvania; received a common-school education; entered a printing office at Easton, Pennsylvania, at an early age, and pursued that occupation until 1861, when he was foreman in the office of "The Buffalo Daily Courier." At the breaking out of the Rebellion he was Captain of a company of State Militia, which tendered its services to President Lincoln; his company formed

TWENTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Chenango, Delaware, and Otsego.*

George W. Ray, of Chenango, was born at Otselie, Chenango County, New York, February 3, 1844; was educated at Norwich Academy, Norwich, Chenango County, New York; entered the Army in June, 1864, and served as Brigade Clerk, First Brigade, First Division, Nineteenth Army Corps; commenced reading law in March, 1866, and was admitted to practice in November, 1866, and has practised his profession at Norwich, New York, since; for several years was Chairman of Republican County Committee of Chenango County, and was member of Republican State Committee in 1880; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 15,188 votes against 14,742 votes for Babcock, Democrat.

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TWENTY-SIXTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Cayuga, Seneca, and Wayne.*

Sereno E. Payne, of Auburn, was born at Hamilton, New York, June 26, 1843, and graduated from the University at Rochester in 1864; was admitted to the bar in 1866, and has since practised law at Auburn; was city clerk of Auburn, 1868–'71; was Supervisor of Auburn, 1871–'72; was District Attorney of Cayuga County, 1873–'79; was President of the Board of Education at Auburn, 1879–'82; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress

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TWENTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Broome, Schuyler, Tioga, and Tompkins.*

Stephen C. Millard, of Binghamton, was born at Stamford, Vermont, January 14, 1841 was educated at Williams College, Massachusetts, graduating in the class of 1865; read law at Harvard Law School, and in the office of Pingree & Baker, Pittsfield, Massachusetts, and was admitted to the bar of the State of New York in May, 1867, at Binghamton; has been in constant practice of the law at Binghamton from date of his admission to the bar to the present time; was Chairman of the Republican County Committee 1872–'79; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 15,087 votes against 13,378 votes for F. Davis, jr., Democrat. *Re-elected.*

TWENTY-NINTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Allegany, Chemung, and Steuben.*

John Arnot, Jr., of Elmira, was born at Elmira, New York, March 11, 1831; was educated at a private school; engaged in the banking business at Elmira; was elected President of the village of Elmira in 1859, '60, '61, and Mayor in 1864, '70, and '74; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 17,769 votes against 14,988 votes for Archie E. Baxter, Republican. *Re-elected.*

THIRTIETH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Monroe and Orleans.*

Halbert Stevens Greenleaf, of Rochester, was born in Guilford, Windham County, Vermont, April 12, 1827; was brought up on a farm, and received a common-school and academic education; is a manufacturer of locks—time, combination, and key locks; was commissioned Justice of the Peace March 12, 1856, and Captain of Massachusetts Militia August 29, 1857; enlisted as a private soldier in the Union Army August, 1862; was commissioned Captain of Company E, Fifty-second Regiment Massachusetts Volunteers, September 12, 1862—unanimously elected Colonel of the regiment October 23 of the same year, and subsequently served under General Banks in the Department of the Gulf; organized and commanded the Hancock Brigade in the fall of 1880; was elected commander of the First New York Veteran Brigade February, 1882, and re-elected January, 1883; was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat in a Republican district, receiving 18,042 votes against 12,308 votes for John Van Voorhis, Republican, and 1,419 for Gordon, Prohibitionist.

THIRTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Wyoming, Genesee, and Niagara.*

Robert S. Stevens, of Attica, was born in Attica, now Wyoming County, New York, March 27, 1824; received an academical education; studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1856; is now engaged in farming; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 12,069 votes against 9,442 votes for William C. Watson, Republican.

THIRTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTY.—*Erie.*

William Findlay Rogers, of Buffalo, was born in Forks Township, near the borough of Easton, Pennsylvania, March 1, 1820; his father, Thomas J. Rogers, was a Representative in the Fifteenth, Sixteenth, Seventeenth, and Eighteenth Congresses from the State of Pennsylvania; received a common-school education; entered a printing office at Easton, Pennsylvania, at an early age, and pursued that occupation until 1861, when he was foreman in the office of "The Buffalo Daily Courier." At the breaking out of the Rebellion he was Captain of a company of State Militia, which tendered its services to President Lincoln; his company formed

TWENTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Chenango, Delaware, and Otsego.*

George W. Ray, of Chenango, was born at Otselie, Chenango County, New York, February 3, 1844; was educated at Norwich Academy, Norwich, Chenango County, New York; entered the Army in June, 1864, and served as Brigade Clerk, First Brigade, First Division, Nineteenth Army Corps; commenced reading law in March, 1866, and was admitted to practice in November, 1866, and has practised his profession at Norwich, New York, since; for several years was Chairman of Republican County Committee of Chenango County, and was member of Republican State Committee in 1880; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 15,188 votes against 14,742 votes for Babcock, Democrat.

TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Herkimer, Jefferson, and Lewis.*

Charles R. Skinner, of Watertown, was born at Union Square, Oswego County, New York, August 4, 1844; received a common-school and academic education; is a journalist; was elected member of the Board of Education of the city of Watertown in 1875, re-elected in 1878, and again in 1881; served in the New York Assembly during the sessions of 1877, '78, '79, '80, and '81; was Chairman of the Committee on Railroads in the sessions of 1880 and '81; was elected in 1881 to the Forty-seventh Congress, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Warner Miller, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 15,236 votes against 13,967 votes for Davenport, Democrat.

TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTY.—*Oneida.*

John Thomas Spriggs, of Utica, was born at Peterborough, Northamptonshire, England, 1827; graduated from Union College; is a lawyer by profession; has been County Treasurer and District Attorney of Oneida County; served twice as Mayor of Utica; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 12,299 votes against 10,623 votes for S. H. Fox, Republican. *Re-elected.*

TWENTY-FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Madison and Oswego.*

Newton W. Nutting, of Oswego, was born at West Monroe, Oswego County, New York, October 22, 1840; received an academical education at Mexico, Oswego County, New York; studied law with A. L. Johnson, at Syracuse, New York; was admitted to the bar, and has since practised; was a member of the School Committee of the Second District of Oswego County, New York, from January 1, 1864, to January 1, 1867; was District Attorney of Oswego County from January 1, 1869, to January 1, 1872; was County Judge of Oswego County from January 1, 1878, to March 4, 1883, when he resigned, having been elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 11,516 votes against 9,905 votes for Charles Rhodes, Democrat.

TWENTY-FIFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Cortland and Onondaga.*

Frank Hiscock, of Syracuse, was born at Pompey, September 6, 1834; received an academic education; studied law, was admitted to the bar in 1855, and commenced to practise at Tully, Onondaga County; was elected District Attorney of Onondaga County, serving 1860–'63; was a member of the State Constitutional Convention in 1867; was elected to the Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 14,563 votes against 13,831 votes for Davis, Democrat, 1,128 for Sweet, Greenbacker candidate, 372 for Abbott, Prohibitionist, and 24 scattering. *Re-elected.*

TWENTY-SIXTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Cayuga, Seneca, and Wayne.*

Sereno E. Payne, of Auburn, was born at Hamilton, New York, June 26, 1843, and graduated from the University at Rochester in 1864; was admitted to the bar in 1866, and has since practised law at Auburn; was city clerk of Auburn, 1868–'71; was Supervisor of Auburn, 1871–'72;. was District Attorney of Cayuga County, 1873–'79; was President of the Board of Education at Auburn, 1879–'82; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress

as a Republican, receiving 13,607 votes against 12,651 votes for Jasper N. Hammond, Democrat, 864 votes for Isaac M. Foster, Temperance candidate, and 773 votes for Milton F. Merchant, Greenbacker. *Re-elected.*

TWENTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Livingston, Ontario, and Yates.*

James W. Wadsworth was born at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, October 12, 1846; was elected in 1881 to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of E. G. Lapham, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 12,013 votes against 10,931 votes for Pierpont, Democrat, and 30 scattering.

TWENTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Broome, Schuyler, Tioga, and Tompkins.*

Stephen C. Millard, of Binghamton, was born at Stamford, Vermont, January 14, 1841 was educated at Williams College, Massachusetts, graduating in the class of 1865; read law at Harvard Law School, and in the office of Pingree & Baker, Pittsfield, Massachusetts, and was admitted to the bar of the State of New York in May, 1867, at Binghamton; has been in constant practice of the law at Binghamton from date of his admission to the bar to the present time; was Chairman of the Republican County Committee 1872–'79; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 15,087 votes against 13,378 votes for F. Davis, jr., Democrat. *Re-elected.*

TWENTY-NINTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Allegany, Chemung, and Steuben.*

John Arnot, Jr., of Elmira, was born at Elmira, New York, March 11, 1831; was educated at a private school; engaged in the banking business at Elmira; was elected President of the village of Elmira in 1859, '60, '61, and Mayor in 1864, '70, and '74; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 17,769 votes against 14,988 votes for Archie E. Baxter, Republican. *Re-elected.*

THIRTIETH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Monroe and Orleans.*

Halbert Stevens Greenleaf, of Rochester, was born in Guilford, Windham County, Vermont, April 12, 1827; was brought up on a farm, and received a common-school and academic education; is a manufacturer of locks—time, combination, and key locks; was commissioned Justice of the Peace March 12, 1856, and Captain of Massachusetts Militia August 29, 1857; enlisted as a private soldier in the Union Army August, 1862; was commissioned Captain of Company E, Fifty-second Regiment Massachusetts Volunteers, September 12, 1862—unanimously elected Colonel of the regiment October 23 of the same year, and subsequently served under General Banks in the Department of the Gulf; organized and commanded the Hancock Brigade in the fall of 1880; was elected commander of the First New York Veteran Brigade February, 1882, and re-elected January, 1883; was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat in a Republican district, receiving 18,042 votes against 12,308 votes for John Van Voorhis, Republican, and 1,419 for Gordon, Prohibitionist.

THIRTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Wyoming, Genesee, and Niagara.*

Robert S. Stevens, of Attica, was born in Attica, now Wyoming County, New York, March 27, 1824; received an academical education; studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1856; is now engaged in farming; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 12,069 votes against 9,442 votes for William C. Watson, Republican.

THIRTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTY.—*Erie.*

William Findlay Rogers, of Buffalo, was born in Forks Township, near the borough of Easton, Pennsylvania, March 1, 1820; his father, Thomas J. Rogers, was a Representative in the Fifteenth, Sixteenth, Seventeenth, and Eighteenth Congresses from the State of Pennsylvania; received a common-school education; entered a printing office at Easton, Pennsylvania, at an early age, and pursued that occupation until 1861, when he was foreman in the office of "The Buffalo Daily Courier." At the breaking out of the Rebellion he was Captain of a company of State Militia, which tendered its services to President Lincoln; his company formed

one of the Twenty-first Regiment New York Volunteers, and on its organization he was unanimously elected Colonel; served with his regiment until it was mustered out of service in 1863; was appointed Commissioner of Enrollment, and afterwards Provost Marshal of the Thirty-second District of New York; was elected Comptroller of the City of Buffalo in 1867, and Mayor of the City of Buffalo in 1869; was appointed Secretary and Treasurer of the Park Commissioners in 1871; was nominated for the State Senate in 1878, but declined; was brevetted Brigadier-General United States Volunteers in 1865 for "faithful and meritorious services;" is now Major-General of the Fourth Division National Guards State of New York; was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 20,591 votes against 19,804 votes for John F. Moulton, Republican.

THIRTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Cattaraugus and Chautauqua.*

Francis B. Brewer, of Westfield, was born in Keene, New Hampshire, in 1820; was educated at public schools, and graduated at Dartmouth College; also graduated in the Medical Department of the same institution; has been engaged in banking, manufacturing, and farming; was Military State Agent during the war; was elected to the New York State Legislature in 1873 and '74; was Government Director of the Union Pacific Railroad four years under Presidents Grant and Hayes; was appointed by Governor Cornell a manager of the New York State Insane Asylum at Buffalo; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 12,123 votes against 9,591 votes for Lowry, Democrat, 1,020 votes for Sellers, Prohibitionist, and 856 votes for Randall, Greenbacker.

NORTH CAROLINA.

SENATORS.

Matt W. Ransom, of Northampton County, (post-office, Weldon,) was born in Warren County, North Carolina, in 1826; received an academic education; graduated from the University of North Carolina in 1847; studied law and was admitted to the bar on graduating in 1847; is a lawyer and planter; was elected Attorney-General of North Carolina in 1852, and resigned in 1855; was a member of the Legislature of North Carolina in 1858, '59, and '60; was a Peace Commissioner from the State of North Carolina to the Congress of Southern States at Montgomery, Alabama, in 1861; entered the Confederate Army, serving as Lieutenant-Colonel, Colonel, Brigadier-General, and Major-General, and surrendered at Appomattox; was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat in January, 1872, took his seat April 24, 1872, and was re-elected in 1876 and in 1883. His term of service will expire March 3, 1889.

Zebulon B. Vance, of Charlotte, was born in Buncombe County, North Carolina, May 13, 1830; was educated at Washington College, Tennessee, and at the University of North Carolina; studied law, was admitted to the bar in January, 1852, and was elected County Attorney for Buncombe County the same year; was a member of the State House of Commons in 1854; was a Representative from North Carolina in the Thirty-fifth and Thirty-sixth Congresses; entered the Confederate Army as Captain in May, 1861, and was made Colonel in August, 1861; was elected Governor of North Carolina in August, 1862, and re-elected in August, 1864; was elected to the United States Senate in November, 1870, but was refused admission, and resigned in January, 1872; was the Democratic nominee for the United States Senate in 1872, but was defeated by a combination of bolting Democrats and Republicans; was elected Governor of North Carolina for the third time in 1876; was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat in place of A. S. Merrimon, Democrat, took his seat March 18, 1879, and was re-elected in 1884. His term of service will expire March 3, 1891.

REPRESENTATIVES.

AT LARGE.

Risden T. Bennett, of Wadesborough, was born in Anson County, North Carolina, June 18, 1840; was educated at Anson Institute; took the degree of Bachelor of Laws at Lebanon Law School, Tennessee, in June, 1859; entered the Confederate Army as a private April 30, 1861, and rose through the several grades to the Colonelcy of the Fourteenth North Carolina Troops; was Solicitor of Anson County in 1866 and 1867; was a Member of the Legislature

of North Carolina in 1872, and Delegate to the Constitutional Convention of the State in 1875, serving in each body as Chairman of the Judiciary Committee; was Judge of the Superior Court in 1880, and resigned to accept the nomination for Congress as Congressman at Large from North Carolina; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 12,863 votes against 10,352 votes for O. H. Dockery, Liberal. *Re-elected.*

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Beaufort, Bertie, Camden, Chowan, Currituck, Dare, Gates, Hertford, Hyde, Martin, Pamlico, Pasquotank, Perquimans, Pitt, Tyrrell, and Washington. The last election was held in the counties of the redistricted First District, viz: Beaufort, Camden, Carteret, Chowan, Currituck, Dare, Gates, Hertford, Hyde, Martin, Pamlico, Pasquotank, Perquimans, Pitt, Tyrrell, and Washington.*

Thomas Gregory Skinner, of Hertford, was born January 21, 1842, in Perquimans County, North Carolina; was educated at the University of North Carolina; was a student at law in 1866–'67; obtained license to practise law of the Supreme Court of North Carolina, January, 1868; never held a civil or military office; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress November 20, 1883, to fill vacancy caused by death of Hon W. F. Pool (at which election he was opposed by Hon. C. C. Pool), as a Democrat, receiving 12,339 votes against 11,562 votes for Pool, Republican. *Re-elected.*

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Craven, Edgecombe, Greene, Halifax, Jones, Lenoir, Northampton, Warren, Wayne, and Wilson.*

James E. O'Hara, of Enfield, was born in New York City, February 26, 1844; received an academical education; studied law partly in North Carolina and partly at Howard University; was admitted to the bar of North Carolina in June, 1871; at present a practising attorney; was Engrossing Clerk to the Constitutional Convention of North Carolina in 1868; also to the Legislature of 1868–'69; was a member of the State Constitutional Convention of 1875; was Chairman of the Board of Commissioners for the county of Halifax, 1872–'76; was elected to the Forty-sixth Congress, but the certificate of election was given to W. H. Kitchin, Democrat; and was elected almost without opposition to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 18,531 votes against 1,413 scattering. *Re-elected.*

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Bladen, Brunswick, Carteret, Columbus, Cumberland, Duplin, Harnett, Moore, New Hanover, Onslow, Sampson, and Pender.*

Wharton J. Green, of Fayetteville, was born near Saint Mark's, Florida, where his father had lately moved from Warren County, North Carolina; upon his mother's death, which occurred when he was four years old, he was placed in charge of an uncle, whilst his father was engaged in the struggle for Texan independence, and shortly after with his grandmother in Warren County; was partially educated at Georgetown College, Lovejoy's Academy at Raleigh, West Point, and the University of Virginia; read law at the last, and afterwards at Cumberland University; immediately after obtaining a United States Supreme Court license he abandoned the law, and has been ever since a farmer; and also a vinyardist at this time; enlisted in one of the three first companies that went into camp upon the breaking out of the war; was promoted to Lieutenant-Colonel commanding Second North Carolina Battalion in the Confederate Army; and was afterwards on General Daniel's staff. Was a Delegate to the Democratic National Convention in New York in 1868; was a State Delegate to the Democratic National Convention at Saint Louis; was State Alternate to the Cincinnati National Democratic Convention, and was a candidate for Elector on the Democratic ticket of 1868; has never held civic position until elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 16,095 votes against 15,595 for W. P. Cannaday, Republican. *Re-elected.*

FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Chatham, Durham, Franklin, Granville, Johnston, Nash, Orange, Vance, and Wake.*

William Ruffin Cox, of Raleigh, was born in Scotland Neck, North Carolina; he removed to Tennessee, and after due preparation entered Franklin College, near Nashville, where he graduated; subsequently he became a student at the Lebanon Law School, and after

receiving his degree of Bachelor of Laws, practised his profession in Nashville, Tennessee; prior to the war he returned to his native State; engaged in planting in Edgecombe County, and is still occupied in the same pursuit; early in the war he entered the Confederate States Army as Major of the Second North Carolina State Troops; by successive promotions became Brigadier-General, and commanded his division in the last charge at Appomattox; after the termination of hostilities, he resumed the practice of the law at Raleigh; was elected Solicitor of the Metropolitan District, and held the office for six years; subsequently he was appointed a Judge of the Superior Court for the same District, and held the office until near the expiration of his term, when he resigned to canvass for a nomination to Congress; he is a Trustee of the University of the South; was a Delegate from the State at Large to the National Democratic Convention which met in New York; was similarly delegated to the Saint Louis Democratic Convention, but declined the honor, and was for several years Chairman of the State Democratic Committee; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 15,718 votes against 15,030 votes for T. P. Devereux, Independent-Coalition Anti-Prohibitionist. *Re-elected.*

FIFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Alamance, Caswell, Davidson, Guilford, Person, Randolph, Rockingham, and Stokes.*

James Wesley Reid, of Wentworth, was born in Wentworth, Rockingham County, North Carolina, June 11, 1849; received an academic education; graduated from Emory and Henry College, Virginia, in 1869; studied law and was admitted to the bar June, 1873; is a lawyer; was elected County Treasurer of Rockingham County, North Carolina, in August, 1874, and continuously elected to said office until he resigned the same in November, 1884; elected to suceeed Governor A. M. Scales, in the Forty-eighth Congress, at the special election January 15, 1885, as a Democrat, receiving 4,707 votes against 356 votes for Worth, and 65 votes scattering. *Re-elected.*

SIXTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Anson, Cabarrus, Catawba, Gaston, Lincoln, Mecklenburg, Montgomery, Richmond, Robeson, Stanly, and Union.*

Clement Dowd, of Charlotte, was born in Moore County, North Carolina, August 27, 1832; graduated at the University of North Carolina in 1856; taught school before entering and after leaving college; studied law while teaching; removed to Charlotte at close of the war and engaged in practising law; has been Mayor of that City, Clerk and Master in Equity, Director of the State Insane Asylum, and was National Bank President from 1871 until elected to Congress; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 15,549 votes against 11,648 votes for Johnston, Liberal.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Alexander, Alleghany, Ashe, Davie, Forsyth, Iredell, Rowan, Surry, Watauga, Wilkes, and Yadkin.*

Tyre York, of Trap Hill, was born in Rockford, Surry County, North Carolina, May 4, 1836; received a common-school education, read medicine, and became a student of the Charleston Medical College, of South Carolina; after receiving his medical education, he returned home and commenced the practise of his profession, and in 1859 moved to his present residence in the county of Wilkes; was a Union man during the war; was not in the Army, but served during the latter part of the war as Surgeon of Home Guards, and at the close of the war in 1865 his people solicited him to represent them in the State Legislature; he became a candidate, and was elected to the House of Representatives, and for the last eighteen years he has served his people either in the House of Representatives or the State Senate; his fidelity to his people has won their confidence, and at each succeeding election they have returned him with an increased majority. Doctor York was an active Democratic leader in his section of the State until the question of prohibition was brought before the Legislature of 1880–'81, at the time being Chairman of the joint caucus of the Democratic party; he strongly urged his Democratic friends not to suffer the bill to pass the Legislature, and was the only member of the Senate that made a speech against the measure, and when the bill had passed, he returned home and took the stump against the ratification of the bill, and did more to defeat the measure than any other one man in the State; the campaign brought about much bitterness, the result of which was that Dr. York was nominated by the liberal Democrats of his district and indorsed by the Republicans for a seat in the Forty-eighth Congress. Major Robbins, who

had served three terms in Congress, was the regular Democratic nominee, and Dr. Cook was an independent strait-out Republican candidate. The campaign was a long and bitter one; the Democratic majority of the district had usually been about 4,000; this was to overcome, also the Independent, Cook, who carried 1,000 votes in the district, yet the champion of the people's liberties overcame his competitors by a majority of 258 votes.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Buncombe, Burke, Caldwell, Cherokee, Clay, Cleveland, Haywood, Henderson, Jackson, Macon, Madison, McDowell, Mitchell, Polk, Rutherford, Swain, Transylvania, and Yancey.*

Robert Brank Vance, of Asheville, was born in Buncombe County, North Carolina, April 24, 1828; was educated in English studies only, in the ordinary schools of the country; is by occupation a farmer; was Clerk of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions from 1848 to 1856; was elected Captain of a company in the Confederate service in 1861, was twice elected Colonel of the Twenty-ninth North Carolina Regiment, and was appointed Brigadier-General in 1863; was elected to the Forty-third, Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 13,000 votes against 10,038 votes for Cocke, Liberal, and 13 scattering.

OHIO.

SENATORS.

George H. Pendleton, of Cincinnati, was born at Cincinnati, Ohio, July 19, 1825; received an academic education in the schools of Cincinnati and afterward in Europe; studied law, was admitted to the bar, and has continued ever since the practice at Cincinnati; was a member of the State Senate of Ohio in 1854 and '55; was a Representative from Ohio in the Thirty-fifth, Thirty-sixth, Thirty-seventh, and Thirty-eighth Congresses; was the Democratic candidate for Vice-President on the ticket headed by George B. McClellan in 1864; was the Democratic candidate for Governor of Ohio in 1869; was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat, to succeed Stanley Matthews, Republican, and took his seat March 18, 1879. His term of service will expire March 3, 1885.

John Sherman, of Mansfield, was born at Lancaster, Ohio, May 10, 1823; received an academic education; studied law and was admitted to the bar May 11, 1844; was a Delegate in the National Whig Conventions of 1848 and 1852, and presided over the first Republican Convention in Ohio in 1855; was a Representative in the Thirty-fourth, Thirty-fifth, Thirty-sixth, and Thirty-seventh Congresses, and was the Republican candidate for Speaker in the winter of 1859–'60; was elected to the Senate in March, 1861, and re-elected in 1866 and 1872; was appointed Secretary of the Treasury in March, 1877, and served as such during President Hayes' administration; and was re-elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed Allen G. Thurman, Democrat, and took his seat March 4, 1881. His term of service will expire March 3, 1887.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, and 18th wards of the city of Cincinnati; townships of Anderson, Columbia, Spencer, Symmes, and Sycamore, and Avondale and the Northeast, Saint Bernard, and Round Hill precincts of Mill Creek Township.*

John Fassett Follett, of Cincinnati, was born of farmer parents in Franklin County, Vermont; his father removed to Ohio in 1837, and settled in Licking County; he procured for himself a classical education, entering Marietta College in 1851, and graduating in 1855 as the valedictorian of his class; he taught school two years; studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1858; was elected to the Ohio Legislature from Licking County in 1865, and re-elected in 1867; was elected in January, 1868, Speaker of the House of Representatives; in September, 1868, removed to Cincinnati to engage in the practice of the law, and on the assembling

of the Legislature in December of the same year resigned the Speakership and his commission as Representative from Licking County; in 1880 was nominated at the Democratic State Convention as one of the Electors at Large for Ohio on the Hancock and English Presidential ticket; in 1879 received the degree of LL. D from Marietta College; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 14,540 votes against 13,721 votes for Benjamin Butterworth, Republican.

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22d, 23d, 24th, and 25th wards of the city of Cincinnati; townships of Colerain, Crosby, Delhi, Greene, Harrison, Miami, Springfield, and Whitewater, and Clifton, College Hill, Winton Place, and Western precincts of Mill Creek Township.*

Isaac M. Jordan, of Clifton, (post-office address, Cincinnati,) was born in Union County, Pennsylvania, May 5, 1835; was educated at a preparatory school in Northwood, Ohio; completed his education and graduated at Miami University, Oxford, Ohio, in July, 1857; studied law; was admitted to the bar in May, 1858, and has practised law ever since; never was a candidate for any office until he was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 15,983 votes against 14,166 for A. Smith, Rep. *Declined a unanimous re-nomination.*

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Miami, Montgomery, and Preble.*

Robert M. Murray, of Piqua, was born at Concord, Lake County, Ohio, November 28, 1841; was educated at Willoughby, Lake County, Ohio, and at Oberlin, Ohio; was admitted to practise law after graduating at the Law College, but accepted a position in the First National Bank at Painesville, Ohio; was cashier of that institution nine years, leaving the bank and the place in the year 1879, and removed to Piqua, where he has since resided, having started a manufacture which has required his personal attention; was Mayor of Painesville from April, 1877, to 1879; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 16,106 votes against 15,826 votes for Emanuel Shultz, Republican.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Allen, Auglaize, Darke, Mercer, and Shelby.*

Benjamin Le Fevre, of Maplewood, was born at Maplewood, Shelby County, Ohio, October 8, 1838; was educated at the Miami University; studied law at Sidney; is a farmer by occupation; volunteered as a private soldier in the Union Army in 1861, and served until the close of the war; was elected to the Legislature from Shelby County in 1865; was nominated in 1866 for Secretary of State by the Democrats of Ohio; was appointed United States Consul at Nuremberg, Germany, in 1867, by President Andrew Johnson; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 16,619 votes against 9,683 votes for Conklin, Republican, and 191 scattering. *Re-elected.*

FIFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Seneca, Crawford, Wyandot, Hancock, and Putnam.*

George E. Seney, of Tiffin, was born at Uniontown, Fayette County, Pennsylvania, May 29, 1832, and removed with his parents to Tiffin in November, 1832, where he has since resided; was educated at Norwalk, Ohio, Seminary; was admitted to the bar in 1853, and has practised his profession at Tiffin ever since; was a candidate for Presidential Elector on the Buchanan and Breckinridge ticket in 1856; was elected Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the Third Judicial District in 1857; in July, 1862, enlisted in the 101st Ohio Regiment, and subsequently was commissioned a First Lieutenant, and acted as Quartermaster of the Regiment until near the close of the war; was defeated by Charles Foster for Congress in 1874; was a Delegate to the Democratic National Convention at Saint Louis in 1876; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 16,619 votes against 11,006 votes for Harris, Republican. *Re-elected.*

SIXTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Defiance, Fulton, Henry, Paulding, Putnam, Van Wert, and Williams.*

William D. Hill, of Defiance, was born in Nelson County, Virginia, October 1, 1833; was educated in country schools, and was a student at Antioch College two years; studied law at

Springfield, Ohio; edited a Democratic paper at Springfield, Ohio, from 1857 to 1860; was admitted to the bar in 1860, and practised law since; was elected Mayor of Springfield, Ohio, in 1861; was a member of the Ohio Legislature in 1866, '67, '68, and '69; was defeated as a candidate for Congress in 1870; was appointed Superintendent of Insurance of the State of Ohio by Governor Allen in 1875, and served three years; was a Delegate to the National Democratic Convention at Cincinnati in 1880; was a member of the Forty-sixth Congress, and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 16,201 votes against 15,480 votes for Colonel J. H. Brigham, Republican. *Re-elected.*

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Butler, Clermont, Greene, and Warren.*

James E. Campbell of Hamilton was born at Middletown, Ohio, July 7, 1843; served in the Navy during the war: was Prosecuting Attorney of Butler County, Ohio, from 1876 to 1880, and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, defeating Morey, Republican, and seated June 20, 1884. *Re-elected.*

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Champaign, Clarke, Logan, Madison, and Pickaway.*

Joseph Warren Keifer, of Springfield, was born in Bethel Township, Clarke County, Ohio, January 30, 1836; was reared on a farm; educated in common schools and at Antioch College; commenced the study of law in Springfield in 1856; was admitted to practice January 12, 1858, and practised his profession at the last-named place until April 19, 1861, when he volunteered in the Union Army; was commissioned Major of the Third Ohio Volunteer Infantry April 27, 1861; was promoted Lieutenant-Colonel of the same regiment February 12, 1862; was appointed Colonel of the One hundred and tenth Ohio Volunteer Infantry September 30, 1862; was severely wounded at the battle of the Wilderness May 5, 1864, after having served in campaigns in the field in West Virginia, Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, and Georgia; was appointed Brigadier-General by brevet November 30, 1864, "for gallant and meritorious services in the battles of Opequan, Fisher's Hill, and Cedar Creek, Virginia;" was assigned to duty by President Lincoln as Brigadier-General December 29, 1864; was appointed, July 1, 1865, Major-General by brevet "for gallant and distinguished services during the campaign ending in the surrender of the insurgent army under General R. E. Lee;" was mustered out of service June 27, 1865, (having been in the Union Army four years and two months, and four times wounded;) resumed practice of the law at Springfield, Ohio, in July, 1865; was appointed, without solicitation, Lieutenant-Colonel of the Twenty-sixth United States Infantry November 30, 1866, but declined the appointment; was a member of the Ohio State Senate in the years 1868–'69; was Commander of the Department of Ohio, Grand Army of the Republic, for the years 1868–'70, and was elected Vice-Commander-in-Chief of that organization May 8, 1872; was Trustee of the Ohio Soldiers and Sailors' Orphans' Home from its organization under State authority, April 16, 1870, to March 5, 1878, when he resigned; has been a Trustee of Antioch College since June 30, 1873; was a Delegate at Large from Ohio to the National Republican Convention at Cincinnati in June, 1876; was elected to the Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 14,397 votes against 13,171 votes for Young, Democrat, 1,000 votes for Smith, Prohibitionist, and 122 votes for Piatt, Greenback candidate. He was elected Speaker of the Forty-seventh Congress.

NINTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Delaware, Hardin, Knox, Marion, Morrow, and Union.*

James S. Robinson tendered his resignation to the Governor of Ohio on the 12th of January, 1885, he having been elected Secretary of State of Ohio.

TENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Erie, Ottawa, Lucas, and Sandusky.*

Frank H. Hurd, of Toledo, was born at Mount Vernon, Ohio, December 25, 1841; received a liberal education, graduating at Kenyon College in 1858; studied law, was admitted to the bar, and has since practised; was County Prosecuting Attorney in 1863; was a member of the State Senate of Ohio in 1866; was appointed to codify the criminal laws of Ohio in 18 8; was elected a Representative to the Forty-fourth and Forty-sixth Congresses, and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 14,534 votes against 13,490 votes for King, Republican.

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Adams, Gallia, Jackson, Lawrence, Scioto, and Vinton.*

John W. McCormick, of Gallipolis, was born in Gallia County, Ohio, December 20, 1831; was brought up on a farm and educated at the Ohio Wesleyan University, at Delaware, Ohio, and at the Ohio University at Athens, Ohio; on leaving school he engaged in the business of farming; was elected Delegate to the Ohio Constitutional Convention in 1873; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 15,288 votes against 13,037 votes for John P. Leedom, Democrat.

TWELFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Brown, Clinton, Fayette, Highland, Pike, and Ross.*

Alphonso Hart, of Hillsboro', was born at Vienna, Trumbull County, Ohio, July 4, 1830; was educated in common school and at Grand River Institute, Austinburg, Ohio; studied law in Warren, Ohio, and was admitted to the bar August 12, 1851; was Assistant Clerk in Ohio House of Representatives in 1854; was editor and proprietor of the Portage Sentinel from 1854 to 1857, at Ravenna, and then began the practice of law; in 1861 was elected Prosecuting Attorney for Portage County, and re-elected in 1863; resigned in 1864, and was elected to the Ohio Senate; was elected again to the Senate in 1871; in 1872 was a Grant Presidential Elector at Large for Ohio; in 1873 was elected Lieutenant-Governor of Ohio on the Republican ticket, and served two years; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 16,898 votes against 16,888 votes for Lawrence T. Neal, Democrat.

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Fairfield, Franklin, Hocking, and Perry.*

George L. Converse, of Columbus, was born at Georgesville, Franklin County, Ohio, June 4, 1827; graduated at Granville College, Ohio, with the class of 1849; was admitted to the bar in 1851, and since then has practised his profession at Columbus, Ohio; represented his county in the House of Representatives of that State during the years 1860, '61, '62, '63, '73, '74, '75, and '76, and was Speaker of the House during the years 1873 and '74; was a member of the Ohio Senate during the years 1864 and '65; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 17,766 votes against 14,092 votes for Drinkle, Republican, 606 votes for James, Greenback candidate, and 328 votes for Payne, Prohibitionist.

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Ashland, Huron, Lorain, and Richland.*

George W. Geddes, of Mansfield, was born at Mount Vernon, Ohio, July 16, 1824; received a common-school education; studied law in the office of Hon. Columbus Delano, and was admitted to the bar in July, 1845, and has been continuously engaged in the business of the profession since; was elected Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the Sixth Judicial District in 1856, and re-elected without opposition in 1861; after serving ten years on the bench he returned to the practice until 1868, when he was again elected Judge of the same court for five years, at the expiration of which time he again returned to the practice; was the Democratic candidate for Supreme Judge in 1871; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 14,277 votes against 12,604 for Horr, Republican, and 991 for Bell, Prohib. *Re elected.*

FIFTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Athens, Meigs, Monroe, Morgan, and Washington.*

A. J. Warner, of Marietta, was born in Erie County, New York, January 13, 1834; was educated at Beloit, Wisconsin, and New York Central College, New York; was Principal of the Lewistown Academy, and Superintendent of Public Schools of Mifflin County, and Principal of Mercer Union Schools, Pennsylvania, from 1856 to 1861; entered the Army as Captain in a Pennsylvania Regiment in 1861; was promoted to Lieutenant-Colonel and Colonel, and brevetted Brigadier-General; served through the war, participating in various battles, and was wounded at Antietam; studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1865, but engaged in other business; was elected to the Forty-sixth Congress, and re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 13,739 votes against 13,048 votes for R. R. Dawes, Republican. *Re-elected.*

SIXTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Coshocton, Holmes, Licking, Muskingum, and Tuscarawas.*

Beriah Wilkins, of Urichsville, was born in Union County, Ohio, July 10, 1846; received a common-school education in the public schools at Marysville, Ohio; is a banker; was elected in 1879 to represent the Eighteenth Senatorial District in the Ohio Senate; was a member of the Democratic State Central Committee in 1882; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 19,743 votes against 14,422 votes for Appleton B. Clark, Republican. *Re-elected.*

SEVENTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Belmont, Guernsey, Harrison, Jefferson, and Noble.*

Joseph D. Taylor, of Cambridge, was born in Belmont County, Ohio, November 7, 1830; was educated in the common schools and at Madison College; taught school, served as examiner, and for several years had charge of the Fairview High School; studied law at Cincinnati, was admitted to the bar in 1859, and graduated at the Cincinnati Law College in 1860; at the opening of the war was appointed a member of the District Military Committee by the Governor; entered the Army as Captain in the Eighty-eighth Ohio Volunteer Infantry; served as Judge-Advocate at Cincinnati, Indianapolis, and other places; was Judge-Advocate of the Department of Indiana, and was twice brevetted for meritorious services; was employed as special Judge-Advocate, at the close of the war, to prosecute two important cases at Indianapolis; was twice elected Prosecuting Attorney of Guernsey County; had control of "The Guernsey Times," a Republican newspaper, from 1860 to 1870; was President of the Cambridge School Board seven years; has been President of the Guernsey National Bank since its organization in 1872; is president of several manufacturing establishments, but has devoted his time mainly to the practice of his profession; was a Delegate to the Philadelphia Loyalists' Convention in 1866; represented his District in the National Republican Convention in 1876 as alternate, and in 1880 as Delegate; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Hon. J. T. Updegraff, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 14,179 votes against 12,313 votes for Alexander, Democrat.

EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Carroll, Columbiana, Mahoning, and Stark.*

Jonathan H. Wallace, of New Lisbon, was born in Columbiana County, Ohio, in 1828; was educated at Washington College, Pennsylvania; studied law and was admitted to the bar; commenced the practice of law in New Lisbon; was elected Prosecuting Attorney of Columbiana County in 1851, and re-elected in 1853; was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 16,921 votes against 16,906 votes for McKinley, Republican, as shown by the official returns. The certificate of election having been issued to William McKinley, by the Canvassing Board at Columbus, on account of alleged irregularities in the certified returns, Wallace contested the election, and was awarded his seat. Foster, Greenback candidate, received 976 votes; and Brush, Prohibitionist, had 261 votes.

NINETEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Ashtabula, Geauga, Lake, Portage, and Trumbull.*

Ezra B. Taylor, of Warren, was born at Nelson, Portage County, Ohio, July 9, 1823; was the son of a farmer and worked on the farm, having the advantages of neighborhood common schools till he was seventeen years old, when he attended select schools and academies for three years; at the age of twenty commenced reading law with Judge Paine, now of Cleveland, then residing in Portage County; in August, 1845, commenced the practice of law in his native county; in 1854 was elected Prosecuting Attorney, and at the expiration of his term was tendered a unanimous renomination, which he declined; in 1861 he removed to Warren, Trumbull County, Ohio, where he still resides; in March, 1877, was appointed by Governor Young Common Pleas Judge for the Ninth Judicial District, consisting of the nine northeastern counties of the State, to fill a vacancy caused by the death of Judge F. G. Servis; was elected in October, 1877, for a full term; on his nomination as candidate for the Forty-seventh Congress he resigned his position on the bench, September 5, 1880, and was elected in the following October by a majority of 12,678 votes over Mr. Adams, his Democratic opponent, who received about 10,000 votes; General Garfield having been elected President, resigned his membership of the Forty-sixth Congress on the 8th day of November, 1880, and Mr. Taylor was, on the 30th day of November of the same year, elected to fill the vacancy so caused; was

elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 15,739 votes against 7,708 votes for Rockwell, Democrat, 1,090 votes for Smith, Prohibitionist, 553 for Harmon, Greenbacker, and 25 scattering. *Re-elected.*

TWENTIETH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Medina, Summit, and Wayne; the townships of Bedford, Chagrin Falls, East Cleveland, Euclid, Mayfield, Newburg, Orange, Warrensville, and Solon, in Cuyahoga County; and the 14th, 15th, and 18th wards of Cleveland.*

David Raymond Paige, of Akron, was born in Madison, Lake County, Ohio, April 8, 1844; graduated at Union College, Schenectady, New York, in 1865; is a hardware merchant; was County Treasurer four years, 1875–'79; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 14,090 votes against 13,980 votes for McClure, Republican.

TWENTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—

Martin Ambrose Foran, of Cleveland, was born at Choconut, Susquehanna County, Pennsylvania, November 11, 1844; received a public-school and collegiate education; spent two terms in Saint Joseph's College, Susquehanna, Pennsylvania; taught school three years; served in the Fourth Pennsylvania Cavalry from April, 1864, to July, 1865, as private; is a cooper by trade; was a member of the Constitutional Convention of Ohio, 1873; is a lawyer by profession, having been admitted, 1874, in the District Court of Cincinnati; was Prosecuting Attorney for city of Cleveland from April, 1875, to April, 1877; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 15,946 votes against 11,408 votes for S. T. Everett, Republican, and 1,999 votes for W. H. Dane, Prohibitionist. *Re-elected.*

OREGON.

SENATORS.

James H. Slater, of La Grande, was born in Sangamon County, Illinois, December 28, 1826; received a common-school education; emigrated to California in 1849; settled in Oregon in 1850; studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1854; served as Clerk of the District Court of the Territory of Oregon for Benton County from 1853 to 1856; was elected a member of the Legislative Assembly of that Territory in 1857, and again elected in 1858, and at the same time elected a member of the Legislative Assembly of the State of Oregon; was elected District Attorney in the Fifth Judicial District in 1866; was elected Presidential Elector on the Seymour ticket in 1868; was elected a Representative from Oregon in the Forty-second Congress; was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat, to succeed John H. Mitchell, Republican, and took his seat March 18, 1879. His term of service will expire March 3, 1885.

Joseph N. Dolph, of Portland, was born at what was then called Dolphsburg, in Tompkins (now Schuyler) County, New York, October 19, 1835; received a common-school education, private instruction, and for a time attended the Genesee Wesleyan Seminary at Lima, New York; after arriving at the age of eighteen years, taught school a portion of each year while acquiring an education and his profession; studied law with Hon. Jeremiah McGuire at Havana, New York, and was admitted to the bar at the General Term of the Supreme Court of that State held at Binghamton, November, 1861; practised his profession in Schuyler County, New York, during the winter of 1861–'62; in 1862 enlisted in Captain M. Crawford's company, known as the Oregon Escort, raised under an act of Congress for the purpose of protecting the emigration of that year to the Pacific Coast against hostile Indians crossing the Plains, filling the position of Orderly Sergeant; settled in Portland, Oregon, in October, 1862, where he has since resided; in 1864 he was elected City Attorney of the City of Portland, and the same year was appointed by President Lincoln District Attorney for the District of Oregon, and held both positions until he resigned them to take his seat in the State Senate of Oregon; was a member of the State Senate in 1866, '68, '72, and '74; has been actively engaged since his removal to Oregon in the practice of his profession, and at the time of his election had a large and lucrative law practice, and was actively engaged in various business enterprises; he was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican to succeed L. F. Grover, Democrat, and took his seat March 3, 1883. His term of service will expire March 3, 1889.

REPRESENTATIVE.

AT LARGE.

Melvin C. George, of Portland, was born in Noble County, Ohio, May 13, 1849; was educated at the Santiam Academy and the Willamette University in Oregon; studied law and was admitted to the bar; commenced the practice of law in Portland in 1877; was elected State Senator from Multnomah District for four years; received all the votes of the Republican Senators for President of the State Senate at the biennial session of 1878; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 22,517 votes against 19,152 for Fenton, Democrat. *Not a candidate for re-nomination.*

PENNSYLVANIA.

SENATORS.

James Donald Cameron, of Harrisburg, was born at Middletown, Pennsylvania, in 1833; received a classical education; was a student at Princeton College; entered the Middletown Bank as clerk, and became its Cashier; was President of the Northern Central Railway Company of Pennsylvania, 1866–'74, when the road was leased to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company; was Secretary of War under President Grant from May 22, 1876, to March 3, 1877; was a Delegate to the National Republican Convention at Cincinnati in 1876; was elected a United States Senator from Pennsylvania (to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of his father, Hon. Simon Cameron) in March, 1877; took his seat October 15, 1877, and was re-elected. His term of service will expire March 3, 1885.

John I. Mitchell, of Wellsboro', was born in Tioga County, Pennsylvania, July 28, 1838; spent his boyhood upon his father's farm; received a common-school education and private instruction, and passed some time at the University of Lewisburg, Pennsylvania, (1857–'59,) but did not graduate; taught school; served in the Union Army as a Lieutenant and Captain in the One hundred and thirty-sixth Pennsylvania Volunteers; was admitted to the bar in 1864, and has since practised law; was elected District Attorney of his native county in 1868, serving three years; edited "The Tioga County Agitator" during the year 1870; was a member of the State House of Representatives five years, from 1872 to 1876 inclusive, and served as Chairman of the Judiciary General, and Ways and Means Committees; was elected to the Forty-fifth Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-sixth Congress; was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed William A. Wallace, Democrat, and took his seat March 4, 1881. His term of service will expire March 3, 1887.

REPRESENTATIVES.

AT LARGE.

Mortimer F. Elliott, of Wellsboro', was born at Wellsboro', Tioga County, Pennsylvania, September 24, 1843; received an academic education; studied law; was admitted to the bar, and is now in practice; was a member of the Convention to revise the Constitution of Pennsylvania in 1873; and was elected a Representative at Large from Pennsylvania as a Democrat, receiving 352,855 votes against 323,255 votes for Marriott Brosius, Republican.

FIRST DISTRICT.

CITY OF PHILADELPHIA.—*1st, 2d, 7th, 26th, and 30th wards.*

Henry H. Bingham, of Philadelphia, was born at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, in 1841; was graduated at Jefferson College in 1862; studied law; entered the Union Army as a Lieutenant in the One hundred and fortieth Pennsylvania Volunteers; was wounded at Gettysburg, Pennsylvania, in 1863, Spottsylvania, Virginia, in 1864, and at Farmville, Virginia, in 1865; mustered out of service July, 1866, as brevet Brigadier-General of Volunteers; was appointed Postmaster of Philadelphia in March, 1867, and resigned November, 1872, to accept the

Clerkship of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and Quarter Sessions of the Peace at Philadelphia, having been elected by the people; was re-elected Clerk of Courts in 1875; was Delegate at Large to the Republican National Convention at Philadelphia in 1872, and also Delegate from the First Congressional District to the Republican National Convention at Cincinnati in 1876; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 15,709 votes against 11,875 votes for Cadwalader, Democrat, and 637 votes for Warren, Civil Service Reform. *Re-elected.*

SECOND DISTRICT.

CITY OF PHILADELPHIA.—*8th, 9th, 10th, 13th, 14th, and 20th wards, and that part of the 17th ward lying west of Second street.*

Charles O'Neill, of Philadelphia, was born in Philadelphia, March 21, 1821; graduated at Dickinson College in 1840; studied and practised law; was a member of the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania in 1850, '51, '52, and '60; was a member of the State Senate of Pennsylvania in 1853; was elected to the Thirty-eighth, Thirty-ninth, Fortieth, Forty-first, Forty-third, Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 14,984 votes against 11,440 votes for Dundas, Democrat. *Re-elected.*

THIRD DISTRICT.

CITY OF PHILADELPHIA.—*3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 11th, 12th, and 16th wards.*

Samuel J. Randall, of Philadelphia, was born at Philadelphia, October 10, 1828; received an academic education; engaged in mercantile pursuits; was a member of the City Councils of Philadelphia four years; was a member of the State Senate of Pennsylvania in 1858 and '59; was elected to the Thirty-eighth, Thirty-ninth, Fortieth, Forty-first, Forty-second, Forty-third, Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 11,688 votes against 7,303 votes for Maull, Republican. He was elected Speaker of the House for the last session of the Forty-fourth, for the Forty-fifth, and for the Forty-sixth Congresses. *Re-elected.*

FOURTH DISTRICT.

CITY OF PHILADELPHIA.—*15th, 21st, 24th, 27th, 28th, and 29th wards.*

William D. Kelley, of Philadelphia, was born at Philadelphia, April 12, 1814; received a thorough English education; was reader in a printing-office, and afterward an apprentice in a jewellery establishment; removed to Boston, where he worked five years as a journeyman jeweller; returned to Philadelphia, where he studied and practised law, devoting himself also to literary pursuits; was twice Prosecuting Attorney for the city and county of Philadelphia, and for ten years Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Philadelphia; was a Delegate to the National Republican Convention at Chicago in 1860; was elected to the Thirty-seventh, Thirty-eighth, Thirty-ninth, Fortieth, Forty-first, Forty-second, Forty-third, Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 21,896 votes against 13,824 votes for Swain, Democrat, and 50 votes for Eberhardt, Greenback candidate. Mr. Kelley is the senior member of the House in continuous service. *Re-elected.*

FIFTH DISTRICT.

CITY OF PHILADELPHIA.—*18th, 19th, 22d, 23d, and 25th wards, and that part of the 17th ward lying east of Second street.*

Alfred C. Harmer, of Philadelphia, was born in Germantown, (now part of the city of Philadelphia,) Pennsylvania, August 8, 1825; was educated at public schools and at Germantown Academy; was engaged in mercantile pursuits; retired from business in 1860; is identified with railroad enterprises, and is largely engaged in mining and land operations; was elected a member of the City Councils of Philadelphia in 1856 and served four years; was elected Recorder of Deeds for Philadelphia in 1860, and served three years; was elected to the Forty-second, Forty-third, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 19,049 votes against 16,776 for Thomas I. Martin, Democrat, Independent, and Committee of One Hundred. *Re-elected.*

SIXTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Chester and Delaware.*

James Bowen Everhart, of West Chester, was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 14,615 votes against 9,810 votes for Clyde, Democrat. *Re-elected.*

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Montgomery, and all that part of Bucks not included in the Tenth District.*

I. Newton Evans, of Hatboro, was born in East Nantmeal Township, Chester County, July 29, 1827; received an academic education; studied medicine; graduated in the Medical Department of Bowdoin Medical College of Maine in 1851, and the Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia in 1852; has followed his profession since that time to the present in Bucks and Montgomery Counties; is a member of the Pennsylvania State Medical Society and the American Medical Association; is President of the Hatborough National Bank; was elected in 1876 to the Forty-fifth Congress as a Republican, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 15,732 votes against 15,102 votes for W. W. H. Davis, Democrat. *Re-elected.*

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

COUNTY.—*Berks.*

Daniel Ermentrout, of Reading, was born at Reading, Pennsylvania, January 24, 1837, and has continued to reside there ever since; was educated in the public and classical schools of his native city, Franklin and Marshall College, Lancaster and Elmwood Institutes, Norristown, Pennsylvania; studied law and was admitted to practice in August, 1859; was elected District Attorney for three years in 1862; was Solicitor for the city of Reading 1867–'70; was elected to the State Senate of Pennsylvania in 1873 for a term of three years, and re-elected in 1876 for four years; was a member of the Board of School Control of Reading for many years; was appointed in October, 1877, by Governor Hartranft, a member of the Pennsylvania Statuary Commission; was several times chosen Chairman of the Standing Committee of Berks County, and Delegate to various Democratic State Conventions; was a Delegate to the National Democratic Convention held at Cincinnati in 1880; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 15,623 votes against 8,466 votes for McHose, Republican, 232 votes for Wright, Greenback candidate, and 2 scattering. *Re-elected.*

NINTH DISTRICT.

COUNTY.—*Lancaster.*

A. Herr Smith, of Lancaster, was born in Manor Township, Lancaster County, March 7, 1815; graduated at Dickinson College in 1840; studied law with John R. Montgomery in Lancaster; was admitted to the bar in 1842, and has since followed his profession; was elected to the House of Representatives of the State of Pennsylvania in 1843, and re-elected in 1844; in 1845 was elected to the State Senate; was elected to the Forty-third, Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 16,425 votes against 9,740 votes for Given, Democrat, and 10 scattering.

TENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Northampton and Lehigh, and the townships of Bridgeton, Durham, East Rockhill, Haycock, Milford, Nockamixon, Richland, Springfield, Tinicum, and West Rockhill, and the boroughs of Quakertown and Sellersville, in the county of Bucks.*

William Mutchler, of Easton, was born in Northampton County, Pennsylvania, December 21, 1831; received an academic education; studied law, and has since practised; was elected Prothonotary of his native county in 1860, and re-elected in 1863; was appointed Assessor of Internal Revenue by President Johnson in March, 1867, and served until May, 1869; was Chairman of the Democratic State Committee of Pennsylvania in 1869–'70; was elected to the Forty-fourth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 19,867 votes against 11,644 votes for Biery, Republican, and 3 scattering.

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Carbon, Columbia, Montour, Monroe, Pike, and the townships of Nescopeck, Black Creek, Sugar Loaf, Butler, Hazle, Foster, Bear Creek, Bucks, Salem, Hollenback, Huntingdon, Fairmount, and the boroughs of New Columbus, White Haven, Jeddo, and Hazleton, in Luzerne County, and the townships of Roaring Brook, Lehigh, Spring Brook, that part of the city of Scranton south of Roaring Brook Creek and east of Lackawanna River, and the boroughs of Dunmore and Gouldsborough, in Lackawanna County.*

John B. Storm, of Stroudsburg, was born in Monroe County, Pennsylvania, in 1838; graduated at Dickinson College in 1861; studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1863; was County Superintendent of Public Schools for seven years; was elected to the Forty-second and Forty-third Congresses, and was again elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 17,810 votes against 9,805 for H. C. Smith, Republican. *Re-elected.*

TWELFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*All those portions of Luzerne and Lackawanna Counties not included in the Eleventh District.*

Daniel Ward Connolly, of Scranton, was born at Cochecton, Sullivan County, New York, April 24, 1847, and has resided in Scranton thirty-five years; was educated in the public schools of Scranton; studied law in the office of A. A. Chase, Scranton, and was admitted to the bar of Luzerne County in June, 1870; was elected President Judge of Lackawanna County, on its organization in 1878, his competitor being Judge Bentley, of Williamsport, but he did not take his seat, the Supreme Court holding that there was no vacancy; was a candidate for Congress in 1880 against J. A. Scranton, but was defeated through the Independent candidacy of Colonel Wright, and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 11,811 votes against 10,822 votes for J. A. Scranton, Republican, and 2,016 votes for R. J. Flick, Greenbacker.

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTY.—*Schuylkill.*

Charles N. Brumm, of Minersville, was born at Pottsville, Pennsylvania, June 9, 1838; received a common-school education with the exception of one year at the Pennsylvania College, Gettysburg, Pennsylvania; served an apprenticeship at the trade of watchmaker; studied law two years in the office of the late Howell Fisher, esq.; left studies and enlisted as a private under the first call of President Lincoln for three-months men; was elected as First Lieutenant Company I, Fifth Pennsylvania Volunteers; after expiration of term re-enlisted September 15, 1861, for three years, and was elected First Lieutenant of Company K, Seventy-sixth Pennsylvania Volunteers, November 18, 1861; was detailed on the staff of General Barton as Assistant Quartermaster and Aide-de-Camp, which position he held under Generals Barton and Pennypacker until the expiration of his term of service; resumed the study of law under the late E. O. Parry, and was admitted to the bar in 1871; has since practised the profession of law at the Schuylkill County bar; was elected to Congress in 1878 to represent the Thirteenth District of Pennsylvania, but was counted out by 192 votes; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress; and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican Greenbacker, receiving 10,773 votes against 10,149 votes for Wetherill, Democrat, and 8 scattering. *Re-elected.*

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Dauphin, Lebanon, and Northumberland.*

Samuel F. Barr, of Harrisburg, was born near Coleraine, County Antrim, Ireland, June 15, 1829; his parents came to the United States in 1831; received a common-school education; from his early boyhood until a few years ago has been engaged in commercial and railroad affairs; was freight agent of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad in 1855–'56; was engaged early in the war on the Government railways in and about Washington; in 1867 was appointed Clerk of the Committee on Agriculture of the Senate, and afterwards became Clerk of the Committee on Foreign Relations of that body; was for five years editor of the "Harrisburg (Pa.) Telegraph," from which position he withdrew in 1878, giving up active business; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 14,184 votes against 14,038 votes for McCormick, Democrat, 1,870 votes for McCleary, Independent Republican, and 10 scattering.

FIFTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Bradford, Susquehanna, Wayne, and Wyoming.*

George A. Post, of Susquehanna Depot, was born at Cuba, Allegany County, New York, September 1, 1854; received an academic education; for several years filled the position of secretary of the motive power department of the Erie Railway; studied law and was admitted to practice; is one of the owners and editors of "The Montrose Democrat"; was elected Burgess of Susquehanna Depot in February, 1877, and served one year; was a candidate for Presidential Elector on the Democratic ticket in 1880, but with his colleagues on the ticket was defeated; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 11,555 votes against 9,101 votes for C. C. Jadwin, Independent Republican, and 5,675 votes for E. Overton, jr., Regular Republican, and 949 scattering.

SIXTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Cameron, Lycoming, McKean, Potter, Sullivan, and Tioga.*

William Wallace Brown, of Bradford, was born at Sumnerhill, Cayuga County, New York, April 22, 1836; was educated at Alfred College, Allegany County, New York; studied law; was admitted to the bar and has since practised; enlisted May 16, 1861, in the Twenty-

third New York Volunteers for two years; was transferred to the First Pennsylvania Rifles December 18, 1861, serving his term of enlistment in the ranks; was Aide-de-Camp to Governor Hartranft, with the rank of Colonel; was elected Recorder of McKean County in 1864; was District Attorney in 1867; was a member of the Legislature of Pennsylvania from Erie County, 1872–1876; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 12,876 votes against 11,747 votes for Earley, Democrat, and 1,755 votes for Stickel, Greenback-Labor. *Re-elected.*

SEVENTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Bedford, Blair, Cambria, and Somerset.*

Jacob Miller Campbell, of Johnstown, was born in Allegheny township, Somerset County, Pennsylvania, November 20, 1821; received a common-school education; learned the art of printing in the office of "The Somerset Whig;" from 1841 to 1847 was engaged in steamboating on the Lower Mississippi River and its tributaries; in 1850 was gold-mining in California; in 1853 aided in building the Cambria Iron Works, at Johnstown, Pennsylvania, and remained in the employ of that company until the commencement of the war of the rebellion in 1861; in April, 1861, entered the military service as First Lieutenant of Company G, Third Pennsylvania Volunteers; in the fall of the same year recruited the Fifty-fourth Regiment, three-years volunteers, and commanded it as Colonel; was brevetted Brigadier-General June 5, 1864; was elected Surveyor-General (now called Secretary of Internal Affairs) of Pennsylvania in 1865 for a term of three years, and was re-elected in 1868 for a like term; was a Delegate to the first National Republican Convention, held in Philadelphia in 1856; is a Trustee of the Pennsylvania State College; was a member of the Forty-fifth Congress; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 14,961 votes against 14,410 votes for A. H. Coffroth, Democrat, 622 votes for H. L. Bunker, Greenbacker, and 424 for H. C. McKinley, Independent Republican. *Re-elected.*

EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Franklin, Fulton, Huntingdon, Juniata, Perry, and Snyder.*

Louis E. Atkinson, of Mifflintown, was born in Delaware Township, Juniata County, Pennsylvania, April 16, 1841; was educated in the common schools, and at Airy View and Milnwood Academies; studied medicine, and graduated at the Medical Department of the University of the City of New York March 4, 1861; entered the Medical Department, United States Army, September 5, 1861; served as Assistant Surgeon of the First Pennsylvania Reserve Cavalry and Surgeon of the One hundred and eighty-eighth Pennsylvania Infantry, and was mustered out in December, 1865; was disabled while in the Army, and being unable to practise medicine studied law; was admitted to the bar in September, 1870, and has practised law since that time; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 14,779 votes against 14,049 votes for Francis M. Kimmell, Democrat, and 427 votes for William F. Snyder, Greenback candidate. *Re-elected.*

NINETEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Adams, Cumberland, and York.*

John A. Swope, of Gettysburg, was born at Gettysburg December 25, 1827; graduated at Princeton College in 1847; studied medicine but relinquished the practice of it after a few years in order to engage in mercantile pursuits; became President of the Gettysburg National Bank in 1879, and still remains its President; is also engaged in manufacturing and agricultural pursuits; was elected to fill the unexpired term of Hon. William A. Duncan for the Forty-eighth Congress, receiving a majority of 5,966 votes over Bressler, Republican.

TWENTIETH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Centre, Clearfield, Clinton, Elk, Mifflin, and Union.*

Andrew G. Curtin, of Bellefonte, was born at Bellefonte, Pennsylvania, in 1817; was educated for and practised law; was Secretary of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and Superintendent of Public Instruction; was Governor of Pennsylvania; was Minister to Russia; was a member of the Constitutional Convention of Pennsylvania; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 16,515 votes against 11,288 votes for Orwig, Republican. *Re-elected.*

TWENTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Fayette, Greene, and Westmoreland.*

Charles E. Boyle, of Uniontown, was born at Uniontown, Fayette County, Pennsylvania, February 4, 1836; his early education was had in the schools of that town and at Waynesburg College, in Waynesburg, Greene County, Pennsylvania; he studied law, was admitted to the bar in December, 1861, and has since continuously practised the profession; in 1862 he was elected District Attorney for Fayette County and held that office for three years; before the expiration of his term, in 1865, he was elected to the Pennsylvania Legislature, and was re-elected in 1866, serving two years; the last year of his service he was a member of the Committee of Ways and Means, and also of the General Judiciary; was President of the Democratic State Convention in 1867, and again in 1871; in 1868 he was nominated as the Democratic candidate for Auditor-General of Pennsylvania, but failed of election by a small majority against him; was a Delegate to the Saint Louis National Democratic Convention of 1876, and to the Cincinnati National Democratic Convention of 1880; has been one of the State Managers of the Western Pennsylvania Hospital, (Dixmont,) by appointment of the Governor, for six or seven years past; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress, receiving 16,033 votes against 12,709 votes for C. S. Seaton, Greenback-Republican, and 111 votes for A. B. Miller, Prohibitionist *Re-elected.*

TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

CITY OF PITTSBURGH.—*Eight boroughs and fourteen townships of Allegheny County.*

James H. Hopkins, of Pittsburgh, was born November 3, 1832, in Washington County, Pennsylvania; graduated at Washington College in 1850; studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1852 before he was of age; practised in Pittsburgh for twenty years, then retired because of impaired health and travelled for some time in Europe; was at the same time President of a Bank of Discount and of a Bank of Deposit, of a Fire Insurance Company, of a Mutual Life Insurance Company, and of a railroad, and was also interested in manufacturing and mining; is now, and for several years has been, Vice-President of the Chamber of Commerce of Pittsburgh; Grand Commander of Knights Templar of Pennsylvania, and Grand Master of Knights Templar in the United States from 1874 to 1877, elected by an almost unanimous vote; was a candidate for the Forty-third Congress from the State at large as a Democrat, a candidate for the nomination for Governor in 1882 and lacked but four votes of being nominated, and was elected to the Forty-fourth Congress as a Democrat, (the first since Judge Wilkins;) was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 12,420 votes against 11,191 votes for Russell Errett, Republican, and 2,345 votes for Campbell, Greenbacker.

TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTY.—*Allegheny.*

Thomas M. Bayne, of Allegheny, was born in that city June 14, 1836; was educated at the public schools and at Westminster College; entered the Union Army in July, 1862, as Colonel of the One hundred and thirty-sixth Regiment of Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, which he commanded during its nine months' term of service, taking part in the battles of Fredericksburg and Chancellorsville; resumed the reading of law in 1865, and was admitted to the bar of Allegheny County in April, 1866; was elected District Attorney for Allegheny County in October, 1870, and held the office until January 1, 1874; was nominated by the Republican party for the Forty-fourth Congress, and was defeated by Alexander G. Cochrane, Democrat, and Samuel A. Purviance, Independent Republican; was elected to the Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 11,734 votes against 1,882 votes for Barnes, Greenback candidate, 402 votes for Robinson, and 58 scattering. *Re-elected.*

TWENTY-FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Beaver, Lawrence, and Washington.*

George V. Lawrence, of Monongahela City, was born in Washington County, Pennsylvania, November 13, 1818; received a common-school education, and studied one year at Washington College; is a farmer; was elected to the State House of Representatives in 1844

and 1847, and to the Senate in 1848, for a term of three years; was re-elected to the House of Representatives in 1858, and again in 1859, and to the Senate in 1860, for a term of three years; was elected a Representative from Greene, Washington, Beaver, and Lawrence Counties to the Thirty-ninth Congress, and was re-elected to the Fortieth Congress; was a Delegate to the Constitutional Convention of Pennsylvania in 1872; was elected to the State Senate under the new Constitution in 1875 for one year, in 1876 for two years, and in 1878 for four years, thirteen years in all, and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 11,674 votes against 10,888 votes for John G. McConahey, Democrat.

TWENTY-FIFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Armstrong, Clarion, Forest, Indiana, and Jefferson.*

John D. Patten, of Indiana, was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat and Greenbacker, receiving 13,990 votes against 12,990 votes for White, Republican. *Declined a re-nomination.*

TWENTY-SIXTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Butler, Crawford, and Mercer.*

Samuel H. Miller, of Mercer, was born at Cool Spring, Mercer County, Pennsylvania, April 19, 1840; was prepared for college in the common school by James Hannavan; graduated from Westminster College in 1860; taught school in the winter of 1860–'61, in Madison County, Kentucky; edited and published "The Mercer Dispatch," a Republican journal, 1861–'70; was admitted to the bar at Mercer in 1870, where he has since practised; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 14,098 votes against 13,365 votes for J. H. Caldwell, Democrat, 1,087 votes for Hoagland, Greenback candidate, 861 votes for Ogden, Prohibitionist, and 5 scattering. *Not a candidate for re-nomination.*

TWENTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Erie, Venango, and Warren.*

Samuel M. Brainerd, of Erie, was born in Erie County, Pennsylvania, November 13, 1842; received an academical education; studied law and was admitted to the Erie bar in November, 1869; has been actively engaged in the practice of law since that time at Erie; was elected District Attorney of Erie County in 1872, and held the office for a term of three years; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 11,070 votes against 10,247 votes for H. B. Plummer, Democrat, and 2,992 votes for N. I. Everson, Greenback and Prohibition.

RHODE ISLAND.

SENATORS.

Nelson W. Aldrich, of Providence, was born at Foster, Rhode Island, November 6, 1841; received an academic education; is engaged in mercantile pursuits; was President of the Providence Common Council in 1872–'73; was a member of the Rhode Island General Assembly in 1875–'76, serving the latter year as Speaker of the House of Representatives; was elected to the Forty-sixth Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-seventh Congress; was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed Ambrose E. Burnside, Republican, and took his seat December 5, 1881. His term of service will expire March 3, 1887.

Jonathan Chace, of Providence, was born at Fall River, Massachusetts, July 22, 1829; received an academic education; is a cotton manufacturer; was a member of the State Senate two terms, 1876 and 1877; was a Representative in the Forty-seventh and Forty-eighth Congresses, and was elected to the United States Senate to succeed Henry B. Anthony, deceased, taking his seat January 26, 1885. His term of service will expire march 3, 1889.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

CITIES AND TOWNS.—*Providence, Newport, Barrington, Bristol, East Providence, Jamestown, Little Compton, Middletown, New Shoreham, Portsmouth, Tiverton, and Warren.*

Henry J. Spooner, of Providence, was born at Providence, Rhode Island, August 6, 1839; received his earlier education and was prepared for college mostly in the public schools of his native city; graduated at Brown University, Rhode Island, in 1860; studied law; entered the Union Army in 1862 as Second Lieutenant in the Fourth Regiment Rhode Island Volunteers, Infantry, serving in the Armies of the Potomac and the James, and mostly in the Ninth Army Corps; and soon after the battle of Antietam was promoted to First Lieutenant and Adjutant of the same regiment; was mustered out of service in 1865; and later, in the same year, was admitted to the bar, and has since been engaged in the practice of law in Providence, Rhode Island; was Commander of the Department of Rhode Island, Grand Army of the Republic, 1877; was Representative from the city of Providence to the General Assembly of Rhode Island, by seven successive elections, from 1875 to 1881, inclusive, serving upon Committees on Judiciary, Militia, &c., and Speaker of the Rhode Island House of Representatives two years, by successive elections, 1879–'81; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, to fill the vacancy occasioned by resignation of Nelson W. Aldrich, elected United States Senator, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 3,515 votes against 1,491 votes for O. Lapham, Democrat, and 13 votes scattering. *Re-elected.*

SECOND DISTRICT.

TOWNS.—*Burrillville, Charlestown, Coventry, Cranston, Cumberland, East Greenwich, Exeter, Foster, Gloucester, Hopkinton, Johnston, Lincoln, North Kingston, North Providence, North Smithfield, Pawtucket, Richmond, Scituate, Smithfield, South Kingston, Warwick, Westerly, West Greenwich, and Woonsocket.*

Nathan Fellows Dixon, of Westerly, was born at Westerly, August 28, 1847; was fitted for College at Westerly and at Phillips Academy, Andover; graduated from Brown University in 1869; studied law with his father, Hon. Nathan F. Dixon, and at the Albany Law School; was admitted to practice in New York, Rhode Island, and Connecticut in 1871; was appointed United States District Attorney for the District of Rhode Island by President Grant, in 1877, and reappointed in 1881; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress to fill the vacancy occasioned by the transfer of Hon. Jonathan Chace to the United States Senate, as a Republican, receiving 2,256 votes against 997 votes for Philip W. Hawkins, Democrat.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

SENATORS.

Matthew C. Butler, of Edgefield, was born near Greenville, South Carolina, March 8, 1836; received a classical education at the academy at Edgefield, and entered the South Carolina College in October, 1854; left this institution before graduating, and studied law at Stonelands, the residence of his uncle, Hon. A. P. Butler, near Edgefield Court-House; was admitted to the bar in December, 1857; practised at Edgefield Court-House; was elected to the Legislature of South Carolina in 1860; entered the Confederate service as Captain of Cavalry in the Hampton Legion in June, 1861, and became a Major-General through the regular grades; lost his right leg at the battle of Brandy Station on the 9th of June, 1863; was elected to the Legislature of South Carolina in 1866; was a candidate for Lieutenant-Governor of South Carolina in 1870; received the Democratic vote of the South Carolina Legislature for United States Senator in 1870, receiving 30 votes; was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat, to succeed Thomas J. Robertson, Republican; was admitted to his seat December 2, 1877, and was re-elected in 1882. His term of service will expire March 3, 1889.

Wade Hampton, born in Charleston, South Carolina, on the 28th of March, 1818; graduated at the South Carolina College; served in both branches of State Legislature; was a member of Senate when State seceded; resigned and served in Confederate Army during the war; was elected Governor of the State in 1876, and again in 1878, and elected United States Senator in December, 1878; he took his seat April 16, 1879, and was re-elected in 1884. His term of service will expire March 3, 1891.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*County of Charleston, except James Island, Holly Island, Morris Island, and the island lying between them; the lower harbor of Charleston Harbor, and the ocean coast line from and below high-water mark; the towns of Mount Pleasant and Summerville, and so much of the Parish of Saint James, Goose Creek, as lies between the western track of the South Carolina Railway and the Ashley River, in the County of Berkeley, and below the County of Colleton; parts of the counties of Colleton and Orangeburg and the county of Lexington.*

Samuel Dibble, of Orangeburg, was born at Charleston, South Carolina, September 16 1837; received his early education in his native city, and at Bethel, Connecticut, and his academic education at the High School of Charleston; entered the College of Charleston in 1853, and afterwards Wofford College, Spartanburg, South Carolina, where he graduated in 1856; engaged in teaching, and studied law; was admitted to the bar in 1859, and commenced practice at Orangeburg, South Carolina; volunteered at the beginning of the late civil war as a private in the Confederate Army, and served till its close in the First and Twenty-fifth Regiments of South Carolina Volunteers, attaining the rank of First Lieutenant; resumed the practice of the law at Orangeburg, South Carolina; was elected a member of the State House of Representatives in 1877; was elected a trustee of the University of South Carolina in 1878, and was Chairman of Executive Committee of South Carolina Agricultural College and Mechanics' Institute for colored students (a branch of the State University;) was elected to and took his seat in the forty-seventh Congress as a Democrat (filling the vacancy occasioned by the death of Hon. M. P. O'Connor,) but Mr. O'Connor's claim to an election having been successfully contested, Mr. Dibble as a consequence lost his seat in said Congress; was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 8,674 votes against 6,565 votes for Campbell Independent, Greenbacker, and Republican. *Re-elected.*

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Aiken, Barnwell, Edgefield, Hampton, and part of Colleton.*

George D. Tillman, of Clark's Hill, was born near Curryton, Edgefield County, South Carolina, August 21, 1826; after receiving an academical education at Penfield, Georgia, and at Greenwood, South Carolina, entered Harvard University, but did not graduate; studied law with Chancellor Wardlaw, and was admitted to the bar in 1848; practised at Edgefield Court-House until the civil war broke out, but has been a cotton-planter since the war; volunteered in the Third Regiment of South Carolina State troops in 1862, and shortly after its disbandment entered the Second Regiment of South Carolina Artillery, in which he served as a private until the close of the war; was elected to the State House of Representatives of South Carolina in 1854–'55, and again in 1864; was chosen a member of the State Constitutional Convention in 1865, held under the reconstruction proclamation of President Johnson; was also elected State Senator from Edgefield County in 1865, under that constitution; was likewise a member of the Democratic State Executive Committee of South Carolina in 1876; was the Democratic candidate in the Fifth District of South Carolina for the Forty-fifth Congress, and unsuccessfully contested the seat of his competitor, Robert Smalls; although the Committee of Elections reported in favor of vacating the election the House failed to act on the report; was elected to the Forty-sixth Congress; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, but was contested out of his seat by Robert Smalls; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 11,388 votes against 5,361 votes for J. M. Brayton, Republican, and 59 votes for W. L. Duncan, Independent Democrat. *Re-elected.*

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Abbeville, Anderson, Newberry, Oconee, and Pickens.*

D. Wyatt Aiken, of Cokesbury, was born at Winnsboro', Fairfield County, South Carolina, March 17, 1828; received an academic education at Mount Zion Institute, Winnsboro'; graduated at the South Carolina College, Columbia, in 1849; taught school two years; settled upon a farm in 1852, and has continued until the present time to profess and practise farming; in 1861 entered the volunteer service of the Southern Confederacy as a private; was appointed Adjutant of the Seventh Regiment of Volunteers, Kershaw's Brigade, McLaw's Division, Longstreet's Corps; was elected Colonel of the same when re-organized at the expiration of one year; was relieved from service temporarily by reason of being shot through the lungs on the 17th of September, 1862, at Antietam, but rejoined his command and served until the close of the Gettysburg campaign, when he was sent to Macon, Ga., to establish a military post, which he commanded till October, 1864, when from ill-health he was compelled to resign; was elected to the State Legislature in 1864 and again in 1866; was

Master of the State Grange for two years and member of the Executive Committee of the National Grange for fourteen years; was a Delegate to the National Democratic Convention at Saint Louis that nominated Tilden and Hendricks; was elected to the Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 9,245 votes against 1,677 for Russell, Republican and Greenbacker candidate. *Re-elected.*

FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Fairfield, Greenville, Laurens, the County of Spartanburg, except the townships of White Plains and Limestone Springs; the County of Union, except the townships of Gowdeysville and Draytonville; and the townships of Centre, Columbia, and Upper, in the county of Richland.*

John Bratton, of White Oak, was born at Winnsboro', Fairfield County, South Carolina, March 7, 1831; received an academic education at Mount Zion Institute, Winnsboro'; graduated at the South Carolina College in 1850; studied medicine and took a medical diploma at the South Carolina Medical College at Charleston, in 1853; volunteered in the late civil war as a private and served from the beginning to the end of the war, attaining the rank of Brigadier-General; was a member of the State Constitutional Convention in 1865, held under the proclamation of President Johnson; was a member of the State Senate from the Fairfield district in 1866; was Chairman of the South Carolina delegation to the National Democratic Convention at Saint Louis in 1876 and a member of the State Democratic Committee the same year; was a Delegate from South Carolina to the National Democratic Convention at Cincinnati in 1880 and Chairman of the State Democratic Committee that year; was elected Comptroller-General of the State of South Carolina, by the Legislature, to fill a vacancy in 1881; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress, on the 24th of November, 1884, without opposition, to fill the unexpired term of Hon. John H. Evins, deceased.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Chester, Chesterfield, Kershaw, Lancaster, York, the townships of White Plains and Limestone Springs in the County of Spartanburg, and the townships of Gowdeysville and Draytonville in the County of Union.*

John J. Hemphill, of Chester, was born at Chester, South Carolina, August 25, 1849, and has always resided in his native town; he attended the schools in the town until 1866, when he entered the South Carolina University, from which he was graduated in 1869; after leaving college he began the study of law, and was admitted to the bar in the fall of 1870, and began practice on the first of January following; he was nominated by the Democrats as a candidate for the Legislature in 1874, but was not elected; he was again nominated for the same office by the same party in 1876 and elected, and was likewise re-nominated and re-elected in 1878 and 1880; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving a majority of about 2,000 votes over Col. E. B. C. Cash, Independent. *Re-elected.*

SIXTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Clarendon, Darlington, Horry, Marion, Marlborough, and the townships of Lake, Lees, Johnsons, and Sumter, and the town of Kingston, in the county of Williamsburg.*

George W. Dargan, of Darlington, was born in Darlington County, South Carolina, in 1841; educated at the academies of his native county, and at the State Military Academy; was admitted to the bar in 1872; was elected as a Democrat to the State Legislature without opposition in 1877; was elected Solicitor of the Fourth Judicial Circuit of South Carolina without opposition in 1880; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 10,814 votes against 3,628 votes for E. H. Deas, Republican. *Re-elected.*

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Beaufort, Georgetown, Sumter, and Berkeley (excepting the towns of Mount Pleasant and Summerville, and so much of the parish of Saint James, Goose Creek, as lies between the western track of the South Carolina Railway and the Ashley River below the County of Colleton;) the lower township of Richland County; the townships of Collins, Adams' Run, Glover, Fraser, Lowndes, and Blake, in the County of Colleton; the townships of Amelia, Goodby's, Lyons, Pine Grove, Poplar, Providence, and Vance's, in the County of Orangeburg; the*

townships of Anderson, Hope, Indian, King's (excepting the town of Kingstree,) Laws, Mingo, Penn, Ridge, Sutton's, and Turkey, in the County of Williamsburg, and that portion of Charleston County composed of James Island, Folly Island, Morris Island, and the island lying between them, the lower harbor of Charleston Harbor, and the ocean coast line from and below high-water mark.

Robert Smalls, of Beaufort, was born at Beaufort, South Carolina, April 5, 1839; being a slave, was debarred by statute from attending school, but educated himself with such limited advantages as he could secure; removed to Charleston in 1851, worked as a rigger, and led a seafaring life; became connected in 1861 with the "Planter," a steamer plying in Charleston Harbor as a transport, which he took over Charleston Bar in May, 1862, and delivered her and his services to the Commander of the United States Blockading Squadron; was appointed Pilot in the United States Navy, and served in that capacity on the monitor "Keokuk" in the attack on Fort Sumter; served as Pilot in the Quartermaster's Department, and was promoted as Captain for gallant and meritorious conduct December 1, 1863, and placed in command of the "Planter," serving until she was put out of commission in 1866; was elected a member of the State Constitutional Convention of 1868; was elected a member of the State House of Representatives in 1868, and of the State Senate, to fill a vacancy, in 1870, and re-elected in 1872; was appointed Lieutenant-Colonel of the Third Regiment South Carolina State Militia in 187 ; afterwards appointed Brigadier-General of the Second Brigade South Carolina State Militia, and subsequently was appointed Major-General of the Second Division South Carolina State Militia, which office he held until the re-organization of the Militia in 1877, under the Democratic Administration of the State; was a Delegate to the National Republican Convention at Philadelphia in 1872 which nominated Grant and Wilson, and also to the National Republican Convention which met at Cincinnati in 1876 and nominated Hayes and Wheeler; also Delegate to the National Republican Convention which met at Chicago and nominated Blaine and Logan; was elected to the Forty-fourth Congress, re-elected to the Forty-fifth Congress and defeated as a candidate for the Forty-sixth Congress; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress, as a Republican, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Edmund W. M. Mackey, receiving 9,012 votes against 32 votes scattering, taking his seat March 31, 1884. *Re-elected.*

TENNESSEE.

SENATORS.

Isham G. Harris, of Memphis, was born in Franklin County, Tennessee; was educated at the academy at Winchester; studied law, was admitted to the bar, and commenced to practise at Paris, Henry County, Tennessee, in 1841; was elected to the State Legislature as a Democrat from the counties of Henry, Weakley, and Obion, in 1847; was a candidate for Presidential Elector in the Ninth Congressional District of Tennessee on the Democratic ticket in 1848; was elected to Congress as a Democrat from the Ninth Congressional District in 1849, re-elected in 1851, and nominated as the candidate of the Democratic party in 1853, but declined the nomination; removed to Memphis, and there resumed the practice of his profession; was a Presidential Elector for the State at large in 1856; was elected Governor of Tennessee as a Democrat in 1857, re-elected in 1859, and again in 1861; was a Volunteer Aid upon the staff of the Commanding General of the Confederate Army of Tennessee for the last three years of the war; returned to the practice of law at Memphis in 1867, and was engaged in it when elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat, (defeating Judge L. L. Hawkins, Republican,) to succeed Henry Cooper, Democrat, took his seat March 5, 1877, and was re-elected in 1883. His term of service will expire March 3, 1889.

Howell Edmunds Jackson, of Nashville, was born at Paris, Tennessee, April 8, 1832; in 1840 his parents removed to Jackson; received a classical education, graduating at West Tennessee College in 1848, and afterwards studying for two years at the University of Virginia; studied law in Jackson, under his kinsmen Judges A. W. O. Totten and Milton Brown; entered the Lebanon Law School in 1855, graduated the following year, and commenced the practice of law at Jackson; removed to Memphis in 1859 and engaged in the practice of law; served on the Supreme Bench by appointment on two occasions, and was once a prominent candidate for Supreme Judge before the nominating convention; removed to Jackson in 1876; was elected to the State House of Representatives in 1880 on the State Credit platform; was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat, to succeed James E. Bailey, Democrat, and ook his seat March 4, 1881. His term of service will expire March 3, 1887.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Carter, Claiborne, Cocke, Grainger, Greene, Hamblen, Hancock, Hawkins, Johnson, Sullivan, Unicoi, and Washington.*

Augustus H. Pettibone, of Greeneville, was born at Bedford, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, January 21, 1835; was educated at Hiram College, Ohio, and at the University of Michigan, graduating in 1859; studied law with Hon. Jonathan E. Arnold at Milwaukee, Wisconsin, and entered on the practice at La Crosse, Wisconsin; entered the Federal Army as a private in 1861; was promoted to Second Lieutenant, Captain, and Major of the Twentieth Wisconsin Volunteers; resumed the practice of his profession at Greeneville, Tennessee, at the close of the rebellion in 1865; was elected Attorney-General for the First Judicial Circuit of Tennessee; was Presidential Elector for the First Congressional District of Tennessee on the Grant and Colfax Electoral Ticket in 1868; was for several years Assistant United States District Attorney for the Eastern District of Tennessee; was Elector for the State at large on the Hayes and Wheeler ticket in 1876; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 14,702 votes against 12,571 votes for Taylor, Democrat. *Re-elected.*

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Anderson, Blount, Campbell, Jefferson, Knox, Loudon, Monroe, Morgan, Roane, Scott, Sevier, and Union.*

Leonidas C. Houk, of Knoxville, was born in Sevier County, Tennessee, June 8, 1836 attended an old-field school something less than three months, but was otherwise self-educated, when at work as a cabinet-maker and by the fireside at night; he read law while working at his trade, was admitted to the bar Octoebr 13, 1859, and practised until the war; was a member of the Loyal East Tennessee Convention in 1861; entered the Union Army as a private August 9, 1861; was promoted to Lieutenant in the First Tennessee Infantry; was mustered in as Colonel of the Third Tennessee Infantry February 2, 1862, and served until April 23, 1863, when he resigned on account of ill-health; was connected with the press from his resignation until July, 1864; was a candidate for Elector on the Lincoln and Johnson ticket in 1864; was a member of the State Convention which amended the constitution and provided for the reorganization of the State government of Tennsssee in February, 1865; was elected Judge of the Seventeenth Judicial Circuit of Tennessee on the 3d day of March, 1866, and served four years, when he removed from Clinton to Knoxville, Tennessee, and resumed the practice of law; held a position for a short time under the Southern Claims Commission; was a member of the National Republican Convention which met at Chicago in 1868 and nominated General Grant; was an Elector for the State at large on the Grant and Wilson ticket in 1872; was at the same time chosen a Representative in the lower house of the Tennessee Legislature, in which he was the Republican candidate for Speaker, coming within one vote of an election, although that body was largely Democratic; was an Elector on the Hayes and Wheeler ticket in 1876; was a Delegate to the Republican National Convention in 1880; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 14,555 votes against 8,821 votes for William Rule, Bolting Republican, supported by the Democracy. *Re-elected.*

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Bledsoe, Bradley, Cumberland, Grundy, Hamilton, James, Marion, McMinn, Meigs, Monroe, Polk, Rhea, Sequatchie, Van Buren, Warren, and White.*

George G. Dibrell, of Sparta, was born in White County, April 12, 1822; received a good English education; is a farmer; attended East Tennessee University; served in the Tennessee Legislature and State Constitutional Convention, and held other local offices; volunteered in the Confederate Army as a private, was elected Lieutenant-Colonel of the Twenty-fifth Infantry, and was promoted to Brigadier-General; was elected to the Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 11,403 votes against 9,698 votes for D. C. Trenwitt, Republican, and 213 votes for Samuel Parker, Greenbacker. *Not a candidate for re-election.*

FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Clay, De Kalb, Fentress, Jackson, Macon, Overton, Putnam, Smith, Sumner, Trousdale, and Wilson.*

Benton McMillin, of Carthage, was born in Monroe County, Kentucky, September 11, 1845; was educated at Phylomath Academy, Tennessee, and Kentucky University, at Lexington; studied law under Judge E. L. Gardenhire, and was admitted to the bar; commenced the practice of the law at Celina, Tennessee, in 1871; was elected a member of the House of Representatives of the Tennessee Legislature in November, 1874, and served out his term; was commissioned by the Governor to treat with the State of Kentucky for the purchase of territory in 1875; was chosen Elector on the Tilden and Hendricks ticket in 1876; was commissioned by the Governor Special Judge of the Circuit Court in 1877; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 14,452 votes against 4,106 votes for Stokes, Republican. *Re-elected.*

FIFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Bedford, Cannon, Coffee, Franklin, Lincoln, Marshall, Moore, and Rutherford.*

Richard Warner, of Lewisburg, was born in Tennessee, September 19, 1835; received an ordinary English education, and in 1857–'58 attended the Law School at Lebanon, Tennessee, where he graduated; commenced the practice of law at Lewisburg in the latter part of 1858, and remained in the practice until the beginning of the late war; raised a company for the Confederate Army in 1861 and was elected Captain; was carried to Shelbyville, Tennessee, where, the quota being filled, the company was discharged; he then enlisted as a private in Colonel Mat. Martin's regiment, and although offered many offices he refused them all, and fought through the war as a private soldier; returned home and resumed the practice of law in 1865; was elected a Delegate to the Constitutional Convention that framed the new constitution of Tennessee in 1870; was a member of the State House of Representatives in the fall of 1878; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 10,911 votes against 7,906 votes for Tillman, Independent Democrat, and 1,247 votes for Duggan.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Cheatham, Davidson, Houston, Humphreys, Montgomery, Robertson, and Stewart.*

Andrew J. Caldwell, of Nashville, was born at Montevallo, Alabama; received his early education at Washington Institute and graduated from Franklin College, Tennessee; was with the Confederate Army until the close of the war; studied law with Hon. Thomas J. Freeman and with Hon. John M. Lea; was admitted to the bar in January, 1867; was elected Attorney-General for the district of Davidson and Rutherford Counties, Tennessee, in August, 1870, and held the office eight years; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 15,951 votes against 8,856 votes for J. R. Dillin, Republican, and 957 votes for B. F. C. Brooks, Greenbacker. *Re-elected.*

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Giles, Dickson, Hickman, Lawrence, Lewis, Maury, Wayne, and Williamson.*

John G. Ballentine, of Pulaski, received a classical education; was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 12,635 votes against 7,432 votes for Perkins, Democrat. *Re-elected.*

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Benton, Carroll, Chester, Decatur, Hardin, Henderson, Henry, Madison, McNairy, and Perry.*

John May Taylor, of Lexington, was born at Lexington, Tennessee, May 18, 1838; was educated at the Academy at Lexington and Union University, Murfreesboro', Tennessee; studied law and graduated at the law school of Cumberland University at Lebanon, Tennessee; is a lawyer; was elected First Lieutenant, Confederate States Army, in June, 1861, and the same year promoted to Captain; in 1862 was elected Major of the Twenty-seventh Tennessee Regiment, and was Acting Lieutenant-Colonel and senior officer of the regiment during the battle of Perryville; was elected Mayor of Lexington in May, 1869; was elected a Delegate to the State Constitutional Convention of Tennessee in December, 1869, and was a member in 1870;

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Carter, Claiborne, Cocke, Grainger, Greene, Hamblen, Hancock, Hawkins, Johnson, Sullivan, Unicoi, and Washington.*

Augustus H. Pettibone, of Greeneville, was born at Bedford, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, January 21, 1835; was educated at Hiram College, Ohio, and at the University of Michigan, graduating in 1859; studied law with Hon. Jonathan E. Arnold at Milwaukee, Wisconsin, and entered on the practice at La Crosse, Wisconsin; entered the Federal Army as a private in 1861; was promoted to Second Lieutenant, Captain, and Major of the Twentieth Wisconsin Volunteers; resumed the practice of his profession at Greeneville, Tennessee, at the close of the rebellion in 1865; was elected Attorney-General for the First Judicial Circuit of Tennessee; was Presidential Elector for the First Congressional District of Tennessee on the Grant and Colfax Electoral Ticket in 1868; was for several years Assistant United States District Attorney for the Eastern District of Tennessee; was Elector for the State at large on the Hayes and Wheeler ticket in 1876; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 14,702 votes against 12,571 votes for Taylor, Democrat. *Re-elected.*

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n August, 1870, was elected Attorney-General of the Eleventh Judicial Circuit of Tennessee, and served eight years; in 1881 was elected to the House of Representatives from Tennessee; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 10,995 votes against 8,175 votes for S. W. Hawkins, Republican, 1,479 votes for James Warsaw, Greenbacker, and 572 votes for S. C. Hearn, Greenbacker. *Re-elected.*

NINTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Crockett, Dyer, Gibson, Haywood, Lake, Lauderdale, Obion, Tipton, and Weakley.*

Rice A. Pierce, of Union City, was born in Dresden, Weakley County, Tennessee, July 3, 1848; received an academic education; obtained license to practice law from the Supreme court at Raleigh, North Carolina, in July, 1868; began the practice of the law at Union City, Obion County, Tennessee, in 1869; was elected district attorney-general of the twelfth judicial circuit, in 1874; was re-elected, by 12,000 majority, in 1878, for the full term, eight years; received the Democratic nomination, and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress, receiving 12,812 votes against 7,885 votes for Lisle, Republican, and 257 votes for Shackleford, Independent Greenbacker.

TENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Fayette, Hardeman, Shelby, and Tipton.*

Casey Young, of Memphis, is a native of Tennessee and is a lawyer by profession; was elected a Representative to the Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, and Forty-sixth Congresses; was nominated for the Forty-seventh Congress, but was defeated by Hon. William R. Moore, a Republican, and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 10,696 votes against 9,837 votes for W. M. Smith, Republican, and 391 votes for C. M. Lambeth.

TEXAS.

SENATORS.

Samuel Bell Maxey, of Paris, was born in Monroe County, Kentucky, March 30, 1825; received his primary education there; entered the West Point Military Academy in 1842, and graduated in 1846; joined the Seventh Infantry, United States Army, at Monterey, Mexico, as Brevet Second Lieutenant; was breveted First Lieutenant for gallant services at Contreras and Churubusco; served through the Mexican war; resigned in 1849; returned to Kentucky; studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1850; removed to Texas in 1857, and practised law; was elected State Senator for four years in 1861, but declined, and raised the Ninth Texas Infantry for the Confederate States Army, of which he was Colonel; was promoted Brigadier-General in 1862 and Major-General in 1864; commanded the Indian Territory military district 1863–'65, and was also Superintendent of Indian Affairs; remained in the service until the surrender of the trans-Mississippi Department May 26, 1865; resumed the practice of law; was commissioned as Judge of the Eighth District of Texas April 18, 1873, but declined; was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat, to succeed James W. Flanagan, Republican; took his seat March 5, 1875, and was re-elected. His term of service will expire March 3, 1887.

Richard Coke, of Waco, was born at Williamsburg, Virginia, March 13, 1829; was educated at William and Mary College; studied law, was admitted to the bar when twenty-one years of age, and has since practised constantly, when not in the public service; removed in 1850 to Waco, McLennan County, Texas, where he has since resided; served in the Confederate Army as private and afterward as Captain; was appointed District Judge in June, 1865; was nominated by the Democratic party for Judge of the State Supreme Court in 1866, and elected, and after having occupied the position one year was removed by General Sheridan as "an impediment to reconstruction;" returned to the practice of law the latter part of 1867; was elected Governor of Texas in December, 1873, by a majority of 50,000, and was re-elected in February, 1876, by a majority of 102,000, resigning December 1, 1877, after having been elected the previous April to the United States Senate as a Democrat, to succeed Morgan C. Hamilton, Republican; took his seat March 4, 1877, and was re-elected in 1883. His term of service will expire March 3, 1889.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Angelina, Brazos, Chambers, Grimes, Hardin, Harris, Jasper, Jefferson, Liberty, Madison, Montgomery, Newton, Orange, Polk, San Jacinto, Trinity, Tyler, Walker, and Waller.*

Charles Stewart, of Houston, was born at Memphis, Tennessee, May 30, 1836; is by profession a lawyer, and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 14,882 votes against 8,848 votes for William Chambers, Republican. *Re-elected.*

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Anderson, Cherokee, Freestone, Henderson, Houston, Leon, Nacogdoches, Robinson, Sabine, and San Augustine.*

John H. Reagan, of Palestine, was born in Sevier County, Tennessee, October 8, 1818; received a common-school and limited collegiate education, but did not graduate; is a lawyer and farmer; settled in the Republic of Texas in May, 1839; was a Deputy Surveyor of the Public Lands 1839–'43; was elected to the State House of Representatives for two years in 1847; was elected Judge of the District Court for six years in 1852; resigned, and was re-elected for six years in 1856; was elected in 1857 a Representative to the Thirty-fifth Congress from the First District of Texas, and was re-elected in 1859 to the Thirty-sixth Congress; was elected to the Secession Convention of Texas in 1861, and was elected with others by that convention Deputy to the Provisional Congress of the Confederacy; was appointed Postmaster-General of the Provisional Government of the Confederacy March 6, 1861, was re-appointed on the permanent organization of the Confederate Government in 1862, and occupied the position until the close of the war; was also appointed Acting Secretary of the Treasury of the Confederate Government for a short time preceding the close of the war; was a member of the State Constitutional Convention of 1875; was elected to the Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving no opposition. *Re-elected.*

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Camp, Gregg, Harrison, Hunt, Panola, Rains, Rusk, Shelby, Smith, Upshur, Van Zandt, and Wood.*

James H. Jones, of Henderson, was born in Shelby County, Alabama, September 13, 1830; was raised in Talledega County, Alabama; received an academic education; studied law; was admitted to the bar in 1851, and commenced practice at Henderson, Texas; served in the Confederate service as Captain, Lieutenant-Colonel, and Colonel of the Eleventh Texas Infantry, and at the close of the war was commanding the Third Brigade in Walker's Old Division of the Trans-Mississippi Military Department; was a Presidential Elector on the Hancock and English Ticket in 1880; never held any civil office until he was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 14,045 votes against 9,492 votes for Russell, Republican, and 699 votes for Wade, Independent. *Re-elected.*

FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Bowie, Cass, Delta, Fannin, Franklin, Hopkins, Lamar, Marion, Morris, Red River, and Titus.*

David B. Culberson, of Jefferson, was born in Troup County, Georgia, September 29, 1830; was educated at Brownwood, La Grange, Georgia; studied law under Chief Justice Chilton, of Alabama; removed to Texas in 1856, and was elected a member of the Legislature of that State in 1859; entered the Confederate Army as a private, and was promoted to the rank of Colonel of the Eighteenth Texas Infantry; was assigned to duty in 1864 as Adjutant-General, with the rank of Colonel, of the State of Texas; was elected to the State Legislature in 1864; was elected to the Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 13,487 votes against 7,785 votes for Dahomay, Greenback candidate. *Re-elected.*

FIFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Archer, Baylor, Clay, Collin, Cooke, Denton, Grayson, Montague, Rockwall, Wichita, Wilbarger, and Wise.*

James W. Throckmorton, of McKinney, was born at Sparta, Tennessee, February 1, 1825; his father emigrated to Texas in 1841; is a lawyer; was elected to the State Legislature of Texas in 1851, and served continuously as Representative and Senator until 1861; was a member of the Secession Convention of Texas, and was one of the seven members of that body that voted against the ordinance of secession; he served as Captain and Major in the Confederate service from the spring of 1861 until November, 1863, when he was again returned to the Senate; in 1864 he was appointed by the Governor Brigadier-General of State troops, and commander on the northwest border of the State; in May, 1864, under authority of the Confederate States Government, and also that of the State of Texas, he concluded a treaty with all the wild tribes of Indians on the Texas border, including the Comanches, Lipans, Cheyennes, and other small bands; he returned from the plains in the discharge of this duty in June, after the surrender; was a Delegate to the Constitutional Convention under President Johnson's proclamation, and was chosen the Presiding Officer of that body; was elected Governor of the State of Texas for a term of four years; was inaugurated August 8, 1866, and removed by order of General Sheridan August 9, 1867; was elected a Representative to the Forty-fourth and Forty-fifth Congresses, and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congresses as a Democrat, receiving 14,163 votes against 6,780 for Dickens, Greenbacker. *Re-elected.*

SIXTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Bosque, Dallas, Ellis, Hill, Johnson, Kaufman, and Tarrant.*

Olin Wellborn, of Dallas, was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 17,500 votes against 6,947 votes for Kirby, Greenback candidate. *Re-elected.*

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Aransas, Bee, Brazoria, Calhoun, Cameron, Dimmit, De Witt, Duval, Fort Bend, Frio, Galveston, Goliad, Hidalgo, Jackson, La Salle, Matagorda, Maverick, McMullen, Nueces, Refugio, San Patricio, Starr, Victoria, Webb, Wharton, Zapata, and Zavala.*

Thomas P. Ochiltree, of Galveston, is the first native Texan ever elected to the Congress of the United States; first attended the public schools, and afterwards was educated by the Rev. L. C. M. Chambodut and the Rev. John C. Nevas, Priests of the Parish of Nacogdoches, the former becoming Vicar-General of Galveston, and the latter is now Bishop of the Catholic diocese of San Antonio; volunteered in his fifteenth year as a private in Captain John G. Walker's Company of Texan Rangers, in the campaign against the Apache and Comanche Indians in 1854–'55; was editor of the "Jeffersonian" in 1860–'61; was a delegate to the Charleston and Baltimore conventions of 1860; served with distinction in the Confederate Army on the staffs of General Tom Green, General Dick Taylor, and General Sibley, and honorable mention was made of his services under special orders from Generals Longstreet, Taylor, Green, and Sam. B. Maxey; after the cessation of hostilities Colonel Ochiltree "accepted the situation" in good faith, and was appointed United States Marshal of Texas by President Grant; was editor of the "Houston Daily Telegraph" in 1866–'67, and was the author of several pamphlets on Texas and her resources; he was appointed Commissioner of Emigration to Europe for Texas, and in that capacity paid several visits to the continent; in the canvass of 1882 his Congressional District embraced 37,600 square miles of territory, containing twenty-seven counties, reaching from Galveston, on the Gulf, to Eagle Pass, on the Upper Rio Grande; he was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as an Independent candidate, receiving 12,160 votes against 9,016 votes for Findlay, Democrat.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Atascosa, Austin, Caldwell, Colorado, Fayette, Gonzales, Guadalupe, Hayes, Karnes, Lavaca, Lee, Live Oak, and Wilson.*

James Francis Miller, of Gonzales, was born in Tennessee, August 1, 1832; received a classical education in a private school; is by profession a lawyer, and has also been engaged in banking and stock-raising; never held any civil or political office, and never was a candidate for any until elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 12,297 votes against 1,774 votes for Joseph O'Connor, Independent, and 6,528 votes for Robert Zapp, Republican. *Re-elected.*

NINTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Bell, Burleson, Falls, Limestone, McLennan, Milan, Navarro, and Washington.*

Roger Q. Mills, of Corsicana, was elected to the Forty-third, Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 14,730 votes against 8,329 for Rankin, Greenbacker. *Re-elected.*

TENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Bandera, Bastrop, Bexar, Blanco, Burnet, Coleman, Comal, Concho, Crockett, Edwards, Gillespie, Kendall, Kerr, Kimball, Kinney, Lampasas, Llano, McCulloch, Mason, Medina, Menard, Runnels, San Saba, Travis, Uvalde, and Williamson.*

John Hancock, of Austin, was born of Virginia parents, in Jackson County, Alabama October 29, 1824; was educated partly in Alabama and partly in Tennessee: studied law at Winchester, Tennessee, and was admitted to the bar in 1846; settled in Texas in 1847, practising his profession there until August, 1851, when he was elected to the district bench of the State, and served as Judge until 1855, when he resigned and resumed practice and planting; was a member of the State Legislature in 1860 and '61, when he refused to take the oath of allegiance to the Confederate States, and was expelled; was elected a member of the State Constitutional Convention of 1866; since then has been engaged in the practice of his profession, planting, and stock-raising; was elected a Representative to the Forty-second, Forty-third, and Forty-fourth Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress, receiving 16,123 votes against 9,783 votes for Davis, Republican.

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Andrews, Armstrong, Bailey, Borden, Briscoe, Brown, Callahan, Carson, Castro, Childress, Cochran, Collingsworth, Comanche, Coryell, Cottle, Crosly, Dallam, Dawson, Deaf Smith, Dickens, Donley, Eastland, El Paso, Erath, Fisher, Floyd, Gaines, Garza, Gray, Greer, Hale, Hall, Hamilton, Hansford, Hardeman, Hartley, Haskell, Hemphill, Hockley, Hood, Howard, Hutchinson, Jack, Jones, Kent, King, Knox, Lamb, Lipscomb, Lubbock, Lynn, Martin, Mitchell, Moore, Motley, Nolan, Ochiltree, Oldham, Palo Pinto, Parker, Parmer, Pecos, Potter, Presidio, Randall, Reeves, Roberts, Scurry, Shackleford, Sherman, Somerville, Stephens, Stonewall, Swisher, Taylor, Terry, Tom Green, Throckmorton, Wheeler, Yoakum, and Young.*

Samuel W. T. Lanham, of Weatherford, was born in Spartanburg District, South Carolina, July 4, 1846; received only a common-school education; entered the Confederate Army (Third South Carolina Regiment) when a boy; married and removed to Texas in 1866; studied law, and was admitted to practice in 1869; was District Attorney of the Thirteenth District of Texas; was Democratic Elector of the Third Congressional District of Texas in 1880; was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress, receiving 10,493 votes against 3,807 votes for J. H. Davenport, Democrat, 1,532 votes for S. C. Buck, Democrat, and 4,744 votes for J. W. Barnett, Greenbacker. *Re-elected.*

VERMONT.

SENATORS.

George F. Edmunds, of Burlington, was born at Richmond, Vermont, February 1, 1828; received a public-school education and the instruction of a private tutor; studied and practised law; was a member of the State Legislature of Vermont in 1854, '55, '57, '58, and '59, serving three years as Speaker; was a member of the State Senate, and its Presiding Officer *pro tempore*, in 1861 and '62; was appointed to the United States Senate as a Republican to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Solomon Foot, and took his seat April 5, 1866; was elected by the Legislature for the remainder of the term ending March 4, 1869, and has since been successively re-elected three times. He was a member of the Electoral Commission of 1876. His term of service will expire March 3, 1887.

Justin S. Morrill, of Strafford, was born at Strafford, Vermont, April 14, 1810; received an academic education; was a merchant, and afterward engaged in agricultural pursuits; was a Representative in the Thirty-fourth, Thirty-fifth, Thirty-sixth, Thirty-seventh, Thirty-eighth, and Thirty-ninth Congresses; was elected to the United States Senate as a Union Republican, to succeed Luke P. Poland, Union Republican, and took his seat March 4, 1867; was re-elected in 1872, in 1878, and in 1884. His term of service will expire March 3, 1891.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Addison, Bennington, Chittenden, Franklin, Grand Isle, Lamoille, and Rutland.*

John W. Stewart, of Middlebury, was born at Middlebury, Vermont; graduated at Middlebury College in 1846; studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1850; was Prosecuting Attorney of the County three years; was a member of the Vermont House of Representatives eight years; was Speaker of the House four years; was a member of the Senate two years; was Governor of the State of Vermont two years, 1870–'72; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 15,638 votes against 6,009 votes for Lyman W. Redington, Democrat. *Reelected.*

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Caledonia, Essex, Orange, Orleans, Washington, Windsor, and Windham.*

Luke P. Poland, of Saint Johnsbury, was born at Westford, Vermont, November 1, 1815; received only a common-school and academic education; studied law and was admitted to the bar in December, 1836, at the first term held in the then new county of Lamoille; was Register of Probate in 1839 and 1840, and Prosecuting Attorney in 1844 and 1845 of that county; was a member of the Constitutional Convention in 1843; was elected a Judge of the Supreme Court of Vermont in 1848, and received eighteen annual elections, becoming Chief Justice in 1860; in November, 1865, resigned the office of Chief Justice, and accepted an appointment to the Senate of the United States to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Judge Collamer; served in the Senate through the Thirty-ninth Congress; was elected to the Fortieth, Forty-first, Forty-second, and Forty-third Congresses; was Chairman of the Committee on the Revision of the Laws of the United States, and had the charge of the Revision of the United States Statutes during its preparation and adoption by Congress; was Chairman of Select Committee on Credit Mobilier; was elected to the Vermont House of Representatives in 1878; was elected by the Legislature a Trustee of the University of Vermont and State Agricultural College; received the degree of Doctor of Laws from the University of Vermont in 1861; has been President of the First National Bank of Saint Johnsbury for twenty years; has been Chairman of the General Council and Executive Committee of the National Bar Association since its organization in 1878; was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 12,895 votes against 6,363 votes for George L. Fletcher, Democrat, 390 votes for H. D. Dunbar, Greenback, 4,583 votes for W. W. Grout, Republican, 338 votes for William P. Dillingham, Republican, and 317 scattering. *Declined a renomination.*

VIRGINIA.

SENATORS.

William Mahone, of Petersburg, was born at Southampton, Virginia, in 1827; graduated from the Virginia Military Institute in 1847; became a civil engineer, and constructor of the Norfolk and Petersburg Railroad; embarked in the secession movement in 1861, and took part in the capture of the Norfolk navy-yard; raised and commanded the Sixth Virginia Regiment, and was with it in most of the battles of the peninsular campaign, those on the Rappahannock and those around Petersburg; was made both Brigadier-General and Major-General in 1864, and afterwards commanded a corps in Hill's division; at the close of the war he returned to railroad engineering, and in a few years became president of a trunk line from Norfolk into Tennessee, over four hundred miles in length; was elected to the United States Senate as a Readjuster, in the place of Robert E. Withers, Democrat, and took his seat March 4, 1881. His term of service will expire March 3, 1887.

Harrison H. Riddleberger, of Woodstock, was born in Edinburg, Shenandoah County, Virginia, October 4, 1844; received a common-school education, and had a home preceptor for two years; served three years in the Confederate States Army as Second and First Lieutenant of Infantry, and as Captain of Cavalry; is a lawyer by profession; served as Commonwealth's Attorney of his county for two terms; also two terms of two years each in the House of Delegates, and one term of four years in the State Senate; since 1870 he has been editor of three newspapers, "The Tenth Legion," "The Shenandoah Democrat," and "The Virginian;" was a member of the State Committee of the Conservative party until 1875; was a Presidential Elector on the Democratic ticket of 1876, and the same on the Readjuster ticket of 1880; in 1881, while Commonwealth's Attorney and State Senator, he was elected to the United S.ates Senate as a Readjuster, in the place of John W. Johnston, Conservative, and took his seat December 3, 1883. His term of service will expire March 3, 1889.

REPRESENTATIVES.

AT LARGE.

John Sergeant Wise, of Richmond, was born at Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, December 25, 1846; was educated at the Virginia Military Institute and University of Virginia; studied law; is a lawyer; was lieutenant in the Provisional Army Confederate States; was United States Attorney for Eastern District of Virginia from May, 1882, until March, 1883, when he resigned to accept the position of Congressman at Large from Virginia in the Forty-eighth Congress, to which he was elected as a Readjuster by a vote of 99,992 votes, against 94,184 votes for John E. Massey, Independent Democrat, and 4,342 votes for John M. Dawson, Straightout Republican.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Accomack, Essex, Gloucester, King and Queen, King George, King William Lancaster, Matthews, Middlesex, Northampton, Northumberland, Prince William, Richmond Spottsylvania, Stafford, Westmoreland, and the town of Fredericksburg.*

George Tankard Garrison, of Accomac, was born in Accomac County, Virginia, January 14, 1835; graduated at Dickinson College, Carlisle, Pennsylvania, in 1853, and at the Law School of the University of Virginia in 1857; practised law until the late war; entered the Confederate service as a private; was soon thereafter elected to the State Legislature, and served in that body, first in the House and then in the Senate, until the close of the war; after the war engaged again in the law, and also in agriculture; in 1870 was elected by the Legislature Judge of the Eighth Virginia Circuit, and was subsequently elected Judge of the Seventeenth Circuit, which position he held when elected to the Forty-seventh Congress; he was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 10,575 votes against 10,505 votes for Mayo, Coalition Republican, and 168 votes for Woltz, Republican. The State canvassing board refused to count certain votes, and thereby counted Mayo in by a majority of one vote over Garrison, giving him the certificate. Garrison contested the seat, and, upon a unanimous report of the Committee on Elections and by a unanimous vote of the House, was declared entitled to the seat, and was sworn in as a member of the Forty-eighth Congress,

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Charles City, Elizabeth City, Isle of Wight, James City, Nansemond, New Kent Norfolk, Prince George, Princess Anne, Southampton, Surry, Sussex, Warwick, York, and the cities of Norfolk, Portsmouth, and Williamsburg.*

Harry Libbey, of Old Point Comfort, was born at Wakefield, New Hampshire, November 22, 1843; received a common-school education; engaged in mercantile pursuits; was appointed one of the Presiding Justices of Elizabeth City County, Virginia, in 1869; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Coalition Republican, receiving 13,276 votes against 10,282 votes for R. C. Marshall, Democrat, and 3,114 votes for John F. Dezendorf, Straightout Republican. *Re-elected.*

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Caroline, Chesterfield, Hanover, Henrico, Louisa, and the cities of Richmond and Manchester.*

George D. Wise, of Richmond, was born in Accomack County, Virginia, in 1835; graduated at Indiana University; studied law at William and Mary College, at Williamsburg, Vir-

ginia, and has practised at Richmond; was Captain in the Confederate Army; was Commonwealth's Attorney of the city of Richmond from 1870 until he resigned in 1880; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 10,736 votes against 8,060 for Smith, Readjuster, and 2 scattering. *Re-elected.*

FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Amelia, Brunswick, Charlotte, Cumberland, Dinwiddie, Greenville, Lunenburg, Mecklenburg, Nottoway, Powhatan, Prince Edward, and the city of Petersburg.*

Benjamin S. Hooper, of Farmville, was born in Buckingham County, Virginia, March 6, 1835; received a common-school education; is engaged in mercantile business, and the manufacture of tobacco; and was elected to the Forty-Eighth Congress as a Readjuster, receiving 14,764 votes against 4,552 votes for W. A. Reese, Democrat, and 250 votes for Tazewell, Republican.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Carroll, Floyd, Franklin, Grayson, Halifax, Henry, Patrick, Pittsylvania, and the town of Danville.*

George C. Cabell, of Danville, was born at Danville, Virginia, January 25, 1837; was instructed by his father, the late General B. W. S. Cabell, until twelve years of age, and from that time until the age of eighteen attended the Danville Academy; taught school in Henry County, devoting his leisure hours to the study of law; attended the Law School of the University of Virginia in 1857; commenced the practice of law at Danville in 1858; also edited for a year or two "The Republican" and then "The Democratic Appeal," papers published at Danville; was elected in September, 1858, Commonwealth's Attorney for Danville; held said position to April 23, 1861, when he volunteered as a private soldier in the Confederate Army; he was commissioned Major in June, 1861, by Governor Letcher, and assigned to the Eighteenth Virginia Infantry, Colonel Withers, Pickett's Division, Longstreet's Corps; participated in most of the battles fought by that portion of the Army of Northern Virginia to which he was attached; was twice wounded, and left the army at the close of the war with the rank of Colonel; after the war, returned to the practice of his profession; was elected to the Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 12,948 votes against 11,489 votes for Sims, Readjuster, and 3 scattering. *Re-elected.*

SIXTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Alleghany, Amherst, Appomattox, Bedford, Botetourt, Buckingham, Campbell, Nelson, Rockbridge, and the city of Lynchburg.*

John Randolph Tucker, of Lexington, was born at Winchester, December 24, 1823; was educated at the University of Virginia; is a lawyer; was Attorney-General of Virginia from 1857 to 1865; was Professor of Equity and Public Law at Washington and Lee University, Lexington; was elected to the Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 12,765 votes against 10,362 for Rives, Readjuster, and 102 for Woodfin, Republican. *Re-elected.*

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Albemarle, Augusta, Bath, Fluvanna, Goochland, Greene, Highland, Page Rockingham, Shenandoah, and the city of Staunton.*

Charles T. O'Ferrall, of Harrisonburg, was born in Frederick County, Virginia, October 21, 1840; at the age of fifteen he was appointed Clerk *pro tempore* of the Circuit Court of Morgan County, Virginia, to fill a vacancy occasioned by the death of his father, and at the age of seventeen was elected Clerk of the County Court of this county for six years; in May, 1861, he enlisted in the cavalry service of the Confederate States as a private; passed through all the grades of Sergeant to Colonel, and at the surrender of Lee was in command of all the Confederate Cavalry in the Shenandoah Valley; he was several times wounded—once through the lungs; soon after the close of the war he studied law at Washington College, Lexington, Virginia; graduated and located at Harrisonburg, where he commenced the practice of his profession; he was a member of the General Assembly of Virginia, 1871–'73; judge of the

County Court of Rockingham County, 1874–'80; Democratic State Canvasser 1880, '81, and '83; in 1882 he was the Democratic nominee for Congress in the Seventh District, and according to returns he received 11,941 votes against 12,146 votes for John Paul, the nominee of the Republican-Readjuster-Coalition party. He contested upon the ground of fraud and illegal voting, and was seated by the Forty-eighth Congress, May 5, 1884. *Re-elected.*

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Alexandria, Clarke, Culpeper, Fairfax, Fauquier, Frederick, Loudoun, Madison, Orange, Rappahannock, Warren, and the cities of Alexandria and Winchester.*

John S. Barbour, of Alexandria, was born in Culpeper County, Virginia, December 29, 1820; was educated at the University of Virginia; was a graduate of the Law School of the University of Virginia, and began the practice of law in his native county of Culpeper; was elected to the Legislature of Virginia from Culpeper County in 1847, and was re-elected, serving four consecutive sessions; in 1852 was elected President of the Railroad Company then called "The Orange and Alexandria Railroad Company," in which position he continuously remained until it was merged in what is now known as "The Virginia Midland Railway Company," extending from Alexandria to Danville, Virginia, of which he is still President, having given exclusive attention to that line of railroad for the past twenty-nine years; he has not held any other civil or military office; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 14,256 votes against 9,034 votes for Farr, Readjuster, and 227 votes for Syphax, Republican. *Re-elected.*

NINTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Bland, Buchanan, Craig, Giles, Lee, Montgomery, Pulaski, Roanoke, Russell, Scott, Smyth, Tazewell, Washington, Wise, and Wythe.*

Henry Bowen, of Tazewell C. H., was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Readjuster and Independent Democrat, receiving 10,073 votes against 5,603 votes for Fulkerson, Independent Readjuster, and 328 votes for Dotson, Independent Democrat.

WEST VIRGINIA.

SENATORS.

Johnson N. Camden, of Parkersburg, was born in 1828 in Lewis County, West Virginia; was appointed a Cadet to West Point in 1846; resigned in 1848; studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1851; was appointed the same year Prosecuting Attorney for Braxton County, and in 1852 was elected Prosecuting Attorney for Nicholas County; in 1854 was elected to a position in a bank; resigned in 1858, and entered into the development of petroleum and manufacturing interest at Parkersburg, West Virginia; was made President of the First National Bank at Parkersburg at its organization in 1862, and still holds the position; was the nominee of the Democratic party for Governor of the State in 1868, and again in 1872; was a delegate to the Democratic National Convention in 1868, and also in 1872, and also in 1876; was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat, to succeed Frank Hereford, Democrat, and took his seat March 4, 1881. His term of service will expire March 3, 1887.

John E. Kenna, of Kanawha, was born at Valcoulon, Virginia, (now West Virginia,) April 10, 1848; lived and worked on a farm; entered the Confederate Army as a private soldier; was wounded in that service in 1864, and was surrendered at Shreveport, Louisiana, in 1865; afterward attended Saint Vincent's College, Wheeling; studied law with Miller & Quarrier at Charleston; was admitted to the bar June 20, 1870, and has continued to practice law from that time; was elected Prosecuting Attorney for Kanawha County, on the Democratic ticket, in 1872, and served until January 1, 1877; in 1875 was elected by the bar in the respective counties under statutory provision to hold the Circuit Courts of Lincoln and Wayne; was elected to the Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and had been elected to the Forty-eighth Congress, when he was elected to the United States Senate as a Democrat, to succeed Henry G. Davis, Democrat, and took his seat December 3, 1883. His term of service will expire March 3, 1889.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Braxton, Brooke, Doddridge, Gilmer, Hancock, Harrison, Lewis, Marshall Ohio, Tyler, and Wetzel.*

Nathan Goff, Jr., of Clarksburg, was born at Clarksburg, Virginia, February 9, 1843; was educated at the Northwestern Virginia Academy, Georgetown College, and the University of the City of New York; was admitted to the bar in 1865; in 1867 was elected a member of the West Virginia Legislature; in 1868 was appointed United States Attorney for the District of West Virginia, to which position he was reappointed in 1872, '76, and '80; he resigned the District Attorneyship in January, 1881, when he was appointed Secretary of the Navy by President Hayes; in March, 1881, President Garfield reappointed him District Attorney for West Virginia, which position he again resigned in July, 1882; he enlisted in the Union Army in June, 1861, in the Third Regiment Virginia Volunteer Infantry; served as Lieutenant of Company G; also as Adjutant of said Regiment, and as Major of the Fourth Virginia Volunteer Cavalry; was the Republican candidate for Congress in 1870 in the First West Virginia District, as also in the year 1874; was the candidate of the Republican party for Governor of West Virginia in 1876, and was defeated by Hon. H. M. Mathews; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 14,154 votes against 12,326 votes for J. H. Good, Democrat, and 605 votes for Luther Shinn, Greenbacker. *Re-elected.*

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Barbour, Berkeley, Grant, Hampshire, Hardy, Jefferson, Marion, Mineral, Monongalia, Morgan, Pendleton, Preston, Randolph, Taylor, and Tucker.*

William L. Wilson, of Charlestown, Jefferson County, was born in Jefferson County, Virginia, now West Virginia, May 3, 1843; was educated at Charlestown Academy, and at Columbian College, D. C., where he graduated in 1860, and at the University of Virginia; served in the Confederate Army; was, after the close of the war, for several years Professor in Columbian College, during which time he graduated in its Law School, and on the overthrow of the lawyers' test oath in West Virginia, resigned and entered upon the practice of law at Charlestown; was a Delegate in 1880 to the National Democratic Convention at Cincinnati, and an Elector for the State at large on the Hancock ticket; was chosen President of the West Virginia University, and entered upon the office September 4, 1882; but on September 20 was nominated for a seat in the Forty-eighth Congress, and was elected as a Democrat, receiving 11,406 votes against 11,396 votes for J. W. Mason, Republican, and 656 votes for B. M. Kitchen, Greenbacker. Resigned the Presidency of the State University with the beginning of his Congressional term; received the degree of LL. D. from the Columbian University in 1883. *Re-elected.*

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Boone, Clay, Fayette, Greenbrier, Kanawha, Logan, Mercer, Monroe, McDowell, Nicholas, Pocahontas, Raleigh, Summers, Upshur, Webster, and Wyoming.*

Charles Philip Snyder, of Charleston, was born at Charleston, Kanawha County, West Virginia, June 9, 1847; received an academic education; studied law, and has since practised; was elected Prosecuting Attorney of Kanawha County, West Virginia, in 1876, for a term of four years, and re-elected to the same office in 1880; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress, as a Democrat, at a special election held May 15, 1883, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Hon. John E. Kenna, over Judge James H. Brown, the Republican candidate. *Re-elected.*

FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Cabell, Calhoun, Jackson, Lincoln, Mason, Pleasants, Ritchie, Roane, Putnam, Wayne, Wirt, and Wood.*

Eustace Gibson, of Huntington, was born in Culpeper County, Virginia, October 4, 1842; received a common education in the ordinary Virginia schools of that day; studied law and commenced the practise in the spring of 1861; enlisted in Confederate Army June, 1861, as First Lieutenant; was made Captain in 1863, and retired on account of wounds; was a mem

ber of the Constitutional Convention of Virginia in 1867–'68; settled in Huntington in 1871; was elected to the House of Delegates of West Virginia in 1876, and by that House elected Speaker; was a Hancock elector in 1880; was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 11,157 votes against 9,863 votes for Loomis, Republican, and 2,287 votes for Barbee, Greenback-Democrat. *Re-elected.*

WISCONSIN.

SENATORS.

Angus Cameron, of La Crosse, was born at Caledonia, Livingston County, New York, July 4, 1826; received an academic education; studied law at Buffalo, New York, and graduated at the National Law School, Ballston Spa; removed to La Crosse, Wisconsin, in 1857; was a member of the State Senate of Wisconsin in 1863, '64, '71, and '72; was a member of the Legislative Assembly of Wisconsin in 1866 and '67, and was Speaker in 1867; was a member of the National Republican Convention at Baltimore in 1864; was one of the Regents of the University of Wisconsin, 1866–'75; was a Delegate to the National Republican Convention at Baltimore in 1864; was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, took his seat March 4, 1875, and was re-elected in 1881, to succeed Matthew H. Carpenter, deceased. His term of service will expire March 3, 1885.

Philetus Sawyer, of Oshkosh, was born at Whiting, Vermont, September 22, 1816; removed with his family to New York in the following year; received a common-school education; went to Wisconsin in 1847 and engaged in the lumber business; was a member of the Legislature of Wisconsin in 1857 and 1861; was Mayor of Oshkosh in 1863 and '64; was a Delegate to the National Republican Convention at Baltimore in 1864, at Cincinnati in 1876, and at Chicago in 1880; was a Representative in the Thirty-ninth, Fortieth, Forty-first, Forty-second, and Forty-third Congresses; was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican to succeed Angus Cameron, Republican, and took his seat March 4, 1881. His term of service will expire March 3, 1887.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Jefferson, Kenosha, Racine, Rock, and Walworth.*

John Winans, of Janesville, was born at Vernon, Sussex County, New Jersey, September 27, 1831; studied law, was admitted to the bar, and since practised; was Alderman of the city of Janesville in 1861; was City Attorney of the city of Janesville five terms between 1865 and 1875; was a member of the State Legislature from the city of Janesville in 1874 and 1882; was a Delegate from Wisconsin to the Democratic National Convention held in Chicago in 1864; was a member of Governor Taylor's staff 1874–'75, with the rank of Colonel; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as an Independent Democrat, receiving 12,307 votes against 11,853 votes for Charles G. Williams, Republican, 2,207 votes for C. M. Blackman, Prohibitionist, and 10 votes for W. L. Utley, Greenbacker.

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Dodge, Fond du Lac, Washington, and Waukesha.*

Daniel H. Sumner, of Waukesha, was born at Malone, Franklin County, New York, September 15, 1837; received a common-school education; studied law; was admitted to the bar in Michigan in 1868, and settled in Waukesha, Wisconsin, in 1870, where he has since practised his profession; was elected District Attorney of Waukesha County, and served in that capacity during the years 1876 and '77; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 10,671 votes against 8,870 votes for J. S. Rowell, Republican, 1,006 votes for E. W. Chafin, Prohibition, and 627 votes for L. Merrill, Greenback candidate.

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Dane, Grant, Green, Iowa, and La Fayette.*

Burr W. Jones, of Madison, was born in Union, Rock County, Wisconsin, March 9, 1846; received an academic and collegiate education, graduating at the Wisconsin State University in 1870, and at the Law School of the same University in 1871; is a lawyer by profession, and has practised at Madison, Wisconsin; was elected District Attorney of Dane County in 1872, and re-elected in 1874; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 13,035 votes against 7,924 votes for George C. Hazelton, Republican, 3,791 votes for E. W. Keys, Republican, 3,152 votes for S. D. Hastings, Prohibitionist, and 444 votes for P. W. Matts, Greenbacker.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTY.—*Milwaukee.*

Peter Victor Deuster, of Milwaukee, was born near Aix-la-Chapelle, in Rhenish Prussia, Germany, February 13, 1831; received an elementary and academical education; the latter ended when he, in May, 1847, at the age of sixteen, sailed, with his parents, to the United States, and settled at Milwaukee, Wisconsin; after his arrival, entered a printing-office; shortly after serving his full apprenticeship he published and edited the first literary paper in Milwaukee, and in 1856 became editor and sole proprietor of "The Milwaukee See-Bote," a daily Democratic paper, which last position he has held ever since; in 1862 he was elected to the lower house of the State Legislature, and in 1870 and 1871 he was a member of the State Senate; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 9,688 votes against 8,320 votes for F. C. Winkler, Republican, and 1,922 votes for G. B. Goodwin, Trades Assembly and Greenbacker.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Brown, Calumet, Kewaunee, Manitowoc, Ozaukee, and Sheboygan.*

Joseph Rankin, of Manitowoc, was born at Passaic, New Jersey, September 25, 1833; received an academic education; served in the Union Army three years; in the Wisconsin Legislature eleven years; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 12,923 votes against 6,108 votes for L. Howland, Republican. *Re-elected.*

SIXTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Adams, Columbia, Green Lake, Marquette, Outagamie, Waushara, and Winnebago.*

Richard Guenther, of Oshkosh, was born at Potsdam, Prussia, November 30, 1845; received a collegiate education; studied pharmacy in the Royal Pharmacy at Potsdam; emigrated to the United States in July, 1866; removed to Oshkosh in 1867; was elected State Treasurer of Wisconsin in 1876 and re-elected in 1878; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 10,303 votes against 9,265 votes for Haban, Democrat, 3,275 votes for Kanouse, Prohibitionist, and 496 votes for Stewart, Greenback candidate. *Re-elected.*

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Crawford, Juneau, La Crosse, Monroe, Richland, Sauk, and Vernon.*

Gilbert M. Woodward, of La Crosse, was born at Washington, D. C., December 25, 1835; received a common-school education; studied law; was admitted to the bar, and has since practised; served in the Union Army during the war of the rebellion a little over three years, and in that time was Private, First Sergeant, Second Lieutenant, First Lieutenant, Adjutant of the Second Wisconsin Volunteer Infantry; served, by detail, as Acting Aide-de-Camp on the Staff of the First Brigade, First Division, First Army Corps, and in the same capacity on the Staff of the First Division, Fifth Army Corps; was District Attorney of La Crosse County from 1866 to 1873; was Mayor of the city of La Crosse, 1874, '75; was City Attorney of the city of La Crosse, 1876–'82; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 11,908 votes against 10,604 votes for C. M. Butt, Republican, 1,877 votes for B. F. Parker, Prohibitionist, and 360 votes for Reuben May, Greenbacker.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Barron, Bayfield, Buffalo, Burnett, Clark, Douglas, Dunn, Eau Claire, Jackson, Pepin, Pierce, Polk, Saint Croix, and Trempealeau.*

William T. Price, of Black River Falls, was born in Huntingdon County, Pennsylvania, June 17, 1824; received a common-school education; is a lumberman and farmer; was a member of the Wisconsin Assembly in 1851 and 1882; was a member of the Wisconsin Senate in 1857, '70, 71, '78, '79, '80, and '81; was President of the Wisconsin Senate in 1879; was County Judge of Jackson County, Wisconsin, in 1854 and 1859; was Presidential Elector in 1868; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress, (nominated by the Republicans and Prohibitionists,) receiving 14,447 votes against 10,940 votes for W. F. Bailey, who was nominated by the Democrats and Anti-monopolists. *Re-elected.*

NINTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—*Ashland, Chippewa, Door, Florence, Langlade, Lincoln, Marathon, Marinette, Oconto, Portage, Price, Shawano, Taylor, Waupaca, and Wood.*

Isaac Stephenson, of Marinette, was born in York County, near Fredericton, New Brunswick, June 18, 1829; received a common-school education; is a lumberman and a banker; removed to Wisconsin and settled at Milwaukee; engaged in the lumber business at Escanaba, Michigan, for twelve years, with headquarters at Milwaukee; in the spring of 1858 he removed to Marinette, Wisconsin, and has resided there since; has held various local offices, and was a member of the Wisconsin Legislature in 1866 and 1868; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 12,774 votes against 12,518 votes for G. L. Park, Democrat, 1,400 votes for H. H. Woodmansee, Prohibitionist, and 199 votes for J. Mehan, Greenbacker. *Re-elected.*

TERRITORIAL DELEGATES.

ARIZONA.

Granville H. Oury, of Florence, was born in Abingdon, Virginia, March 12, 1825, emigrated to Missouri in 1836; commenced the study of law in 1846, and was admitted to the bar at Bowling Green in 1848; removed to Texas the same year, and in 1849 emigrated to California, where for some years he was engaged in mining; in 1856 he took up his residence in Arizona; commenced the practice of law in 1865, and has continued it up to the present time; was elected to the Territorial Legislature in 1866, '73, and '75; was elected Speaker of the House the first two sessions; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 7,490 votes against 6,510 votes for Porter, Republican.

DAKOTA.

John Baldwin Raymond, of Fargo, was born at Lockport, Niagara county, New York, December 5, 1844; removed with his parents to Tazewell County, Illinois, in 1853; enlisted from that county as a private in the Thirty-first Illinois Infantry, under Col. John A. Logan, in 1861; was promoted to be Captain of Company E of that Regiment after the siege of Vicksburg in 1863; served through the war and remained in Mississippi after the muster out; published the Mississippi Pilot at Jackson, Mississippi, during the reconstruction of that State, and until 1877, when he was appointed United States Marshal of Dakota. At the expiration of his term he declined a reappointment; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 39,100 votes against 8,600 votes for Judge W. W. Brookings, Democrat.

IDAHO.

Theodore F. Singiser, of Boisé City, was born at Churchtown, Cumberland County, Pennsylvania, March 15, 1845; he received a common-school education, and learned the art of printing; entered the military service of the United States as a private in Company E, Sixth Regiment Pennsylvania Reserves, June 6, 1861; was engaged with his regiment in the campaigns and battles of the Army of the Potomac up to and including Antietam; was severely injured at the second battle of Bull Run; and was honorably discharged in February, 1863; re-entered the Army in June, 1863, as Captain of Company A, Twentieth Regiment Pennsylvania Cavalry, and was in active service with his command until the spring of 1865, when he was honorably discharged; after the close of the war engaged in mercantile and editorial pursuits; was Assistant Assessor of Internal Revenue, 1866–'67; studied law and was admitted to the bar; and was employed in the United States Treasury from June, 1875 to 1879; was appointed Receiver of Public Moneys at Oxford, Idaho, in February, 1879, vacating said office to accept the Secretaryship of the Territory, to which he was appointed December 22, 1880; was Acting Governor of Idaho during the winter of 1881–'82; and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving a majority exceeding 3,000 over Ainslee, Democrat.

MONTANA.

Martin Maginnis, of Helena, was born in Wayne County, New York, October 27, 1840; removed with his parents to Minnesota at an early age; received an academic education and was a student of Hamline University, but left to take charge of a Democratic newspaper; enlisted as a private in the First Minnesota Volunteer Infantry on the 18th day of April, 1861; was made Second Lieutenant after the first battle of Bull Run, promoted to First Lieutenant in September, 1862, and to Captain in July, 1863; served in the line of his regiment in all the campaigns and nearly all the battles of the Army of the Potomac until September, 1864, when he was appointed Major of the Eleventh Minnesota Volunteers, and ordered to join the Army of the Cumberland, where he served, under command of General Thomas, until mustered out with his regiment in July, 1865; he removed to Montana the next year; engaged in mining and subsequently in publishing and editing "The Helena Daily Gazette;" was elected to the Forty-third, Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 12,398 votes against 10,914 votes for Bothkin, Republican *Declined a re-nomination.*

NEW MEXICO.

Francisco A. Manzanares, of Las Vegas, was born at Abiquiu, New Mexico, January 25, 1843; his early education was in Spanish, by the best teachers then in that country; at the age of 17 he commenced the study of the English language, and in 1863–'64 attended the Saint Louis University, at Saint Louis, Missouri; has been engaged in mercantile pursuits since 1866; was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat; his opponent received the certificate of election, but the House Committee on Elections reported that he had received 13,376 votes against 12,287 votes for Tranquilino Luna, Republican, and the House unanimously gave him the seat March 5, 1884.

UTAH.

John T. Caine, of Salt Lake City, was born in the Isle of Man, January 8, 1829; received a grammar-school education; emigrated to the United States in 1846, and lived in New York City and Saint Louis till 1852, when he crossed the plains and settled in Utah; has mostly followed business pursuits, but for many years has been manager of the Salt Lake theater; in 1870, with two associates, he founded "The Salt Lake Herald," became its managing editor, and is now President of its company; served as Secretary of the Legislative Council during the sessions of 1856, '57, '59, and '60; was a member of the Constitutional Conventions of 1872 and 1882, which adopted constitutions and asked for the admission of Utah as a State; by the latter convention he was appointed one of the delegates to present the constitution and memorial to Congress; was elected to the Council branch the Legislative Assembly for the sessions of 1874, '76, '80, and '82; by joint vote of the Assembly he was elected a Regent of the Deseret University in 1876, '78, '80, and '82; was elected Recorder of Salt Lake City in 1876, and re-elected in 1878, '80, and '82; was elected on the "People's ticket" to the Forty-seventh Congress, to fill a vacancy, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress on the People's ticket, receiving 23,039 votes against 4,884 votes for P. T. Van Zile, Liberal candidate. *Re-elected.*

WASHINGTON.

Thomas H. Brents, of Walla Walla, was born near Florence, Pike County, Illinois, December 24, 1840; is a lawyer; was educated in common schools and at Portland Academy, Baptist Seminary of Oregon City, and McMinnville College, in Oregon; has been Justice of the Peace, Postmaster at Canyon City, Oregon, County Clerk of Grant County, Oregon, and member of the Oregon State Legislature; was elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Republican, receiving 11,252 votes against 8,244 votes for Thomas Burke, Democrat.

WYOMING.

Morton E. Post, of Cheyenne, was born in Monroe County, New York, December 25, 1840; received an academic education; emigrated to Colorado in 1860, and in 1867 removed to that portion of Dakota now Wyoming; was elected County Commissioner of Laramie County in 1870, and was re-elected in 1872 without opposition; was elected a member of the Legislative Council in 1878; is engaged in business as a banker and stock-grower; was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress, and was re-elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a Democrat, receiving 5,813 votes against 4,702 votes for Meldrum, Republican.

COMMITTEES OF THE SENATE.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

Committee on Agriculture and Forestry.

Warner Miller, of New York.
Henry W. Blair, of New Hampshire.
Preston B. Plumb, of Kansas.
Charles H. Van Wyck, of Nebraska.
Philetus Sawyer, of Wisconsin.

James Z. George, of Mississippi.
John S. Williams, of Kentucky.
James G. Fair, of Nevada.
Randall L. Gibson, of Louisiana.

Committee on Appropriations.

William B. Allison, of Iowa.
John A. Logan, of Illinois.
Henry L. Dawes, of Massachusetts.
Preston B. Plumb, of Kansas.
Eugene Hale, of Maine.

James B. Beck, of Kentucky.
Matt W. Ransom, of North Carolina.
Francis M. Cockrell, of Missouri.
Wilkinson Call, of Florida.

Committee to Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses of the Senate.

John P. Jones, of Nevada.
Orville H. Platt, of Connecticut.

Zebulon B. Vance, of North Carolina.

Committee on Civil Service and Retrenchment.

Joseph R. Hawley, of Connecticut.
Henry L. Dawes, of Massachusetts.
John I. Mitchell, of Pennsylvania.
John F. Miller, of California.
Austin F. Pike, of New Hampshire.

James D. Walker, of Arkansas.
John S. Williams, of Kentucky.
L. Q. C. Lamar, of Mississippi.
John R. McPherson, of New Jersey.

Committee on Claims.

Angus Cameron, of Wisconsin.
George F. Hoar, of Massachusetts.
Austin F. Pike, of New Hampshire.
Joseph N. Dolph, of Oregon.
Howell E. Jackson, of Tennessee.

James Z. George, of Mississippi.
James Graham Fair, of Nevada.
John E. Kenna, of West Virginia.
Jonathan Chace, of Rhode Island.

Committee on Commerce.

Samuel J. R. McMillan, of Minnesota.
John P. Jones, of Nevada.
Omar D. Conger, of Michigan.
William P. Frye, of Maine.
Warner Miller, of New York.
Joseph N. Dolph, of Oregon.

Matt W. Ransom, of North Carolina.
Richard Coke, of Texas.
James T. Farley, of California.
George G. Vest, of Missouri.
Arthur P. Gorman, of Maryland.

Committee on the District of Columbia.

John J. Ingalls, of Kansas.
Nelson W. Aldrich, of Rhode Island.
H. H. Riddleberger, of Virginia.
Austin F. Pike, of New Hampshire.
Thomas W. Palmer, of Michigan.

Isham G. Harris, of Tennessee.
Zebulon B. Vance, of North Carolina.
Arthur P. Gorman, of Maryland.
Joseph E. Brown, of Georgia.

Committee on Education and Labor.

Henry W. Blair, of New Hampshire.
William Mahone, of Virginia.
Warner Miller, of New York.
Nelson W. Aldrich, of Rhode Island.
Thomas M. Bowen, of Colorado.

James Z. George, of Mississippi.
Wilkinson Call, of Florida.
James L. Pugh, of Alabama.
James B. Groome, of Maryland.

Committee on Engrossed Bills.

ulsbury, of Delaware.
nson Call, of Florida.
William B. Allison, of Iowa.

Committee on Enrolled Bills.

m J. Sewell, of New Jersey.
. Riddleberger, of Virginia.
Alfred H. Colquitt, of Georgia.

Committee on Epidemic Diseases.

ı G. Harris, of Tennessee.
Garland, of Arkansas.
min F. Jonas, of Louisiana.
Hampton, of South Carolina.
William J. Sewell, of New Jersey.
Thomas M. Bowen, of Colorado.
William P. Frye, of Maine.

Committee to Examine the Several Branches of the Civil Service.

y M. Cullom, of Illinois.
el J. R. McMillan, of Minnesota.
Hampton, of South Carolina.
James B. Groome, of Maryland.
Dwight M. Sabin, of Minnesota.

Committee on Expenditures of Public Money.

F. Wilson, of Iowa.
min Harrison, of Indiana.
n B. Plumb, of Kansas.
e H. Platt, of Connecticut.
James B. Beck, of Kentucky.
James Z. George, of Mississippi.
John E. Kenna, of West Virginia.

Committee on Finance.

S. Morrill, of Vermont.
Sherman, of Ohio.
P. Jones, of Nevada.
m B. Allison, of Iowa.
ı W. Aldrich, of Rhode Island.
er Miller, of New York.
Thomas F. Bayard, of Delaware.
D. W. Voorhees, of Indiana.
James B. Beck, of Kentucky.
John R. McPherson, of New Jersey.
Isham G. Harris, of Tennessee.

Committee on Fisheries.

ge G. Lapham, of New York.
m J. Sewell, of New Jersey.
L. Dawes, of Massachusetts.
as W. Palmer, of Michigan.
James B. Groome, of Maryland.
James T. Farley, of California.
John T. Morgan, of Alabama.

Committee on Foreign Relations.

F. Miller, of California.
Sherman, of Ohio.
ge G. Lapham, of New York.
e F. Edmunds, of Vermont.
F. Wilson, of Iowa.
J. T. Morgan, of Alabama.
George H. Pendleton, of Ohio.
Zebulon B. Vance, of North Carolina.
Joseph E. Brown, of Georgia.

Committee on the Improvement of the Mississippi River and its Tributaries.

s H. Van Wyck, of Nebraska.
. Mitchell, of Pennsylvania.
r M. Cullom, of Illinois.
ı F. Pike, of New Hampshire.
Benjamin F. Jonas, of Louisiana.
Francis M. Cockrell, of Missouri.
James Z. George, of Mississippi.

Committee on Indian Affairs.

r L. Dawes, of Massachusetts.
. Ingalls, of Kansas.
nin Harrison, of Indiana.
Cameron, of Wisconsin.
as M. Bowen, of Colorado.
Richard Coke, of Texas.
J. D. Walker, of Arkansas.
Arthur P. Gorman, of Maryland.
James H. Slater, of Oregon.

Committee on the Judiciary.

George F. Edmunds, of Vermont.
John A. Logan, of Illinois.
John J. Ingalls, of Kansas.
Samuel J. R. McMillan, of Minnesota.
George F. Hoar, of Massachusetts.
Augustus H. Garland, of Arkansas.
Thomas F. Bayard, of Delaware.
L. Q. C. Lamar, of Mississippi.
James L. Pugh, of Alabama.

*Committee on the Library.**

John Sherman, of Ohio.
George F. Hoar, of Massachusetts.
Daniel W. Voorhees, of Indiana.

Committee on Manufactures.

H. H. Riddleberger, of Virginia.
Dwight M. Sabin, of Minnesota.
Joseph N. Dolph, of Oregon.
Austin F. Pike, of New Hampshire.
John S. Williams, of Kentucky.
Alfred H. Colquitt, of Georgia.
M. C. Butler, of South Carolina.

Committee on Military Affairs.

John A. Logan, of Illinois.
James Donald Cameron, of Pennsylvania.
Benjamin Harrison, of Indiana.
William J. Sewell, of New Jersey.
Joseph R. Hawley, of Connecticut.
Francis M. Cockrell, of Missouri.
Samuel B. Maxey, of Texas.
Wade Hampton, of South Carolina.
Johnson N. Camden, of West Virginia.

Committee on Mines and Mining.

Thomas M. Bowen, of Colorado.
John P. Jones, of Nevada.
Charles H. Van Wyck, of Nebraska.
Wade Hampton, of South Carolina.
James G. Fair, of Nevada.
Johnson N. Camden, of West Virginia.
Jonathan Chace, of Rhode Island.

Committee on Naval Affairs.

James Donald Cameron, of Pennsylvania.
Eugene Hale, of Maine.
William Mahone, of Virginia.
John F. Miller, of California.
John R. McPherson, of New Jersey.
Charles W. Jones, of Florida.
James T. Farley, of California.
M. C. Butler, of South Carolina.
Henry L. Dawes, of Massachusetts.

Committee on Patents.

Orville H. Platt, of Connecticut.
George F. Hoar, of Massachusetts.
John I. Mitchell, of Pennsylvania.
E. G. Lapham, of New York.
Richard Coke, of Texas.
Wilkinson Call, of Florida.
Johnson N. Camden, of West Virginia

Committee on Pensions.

John I. Mitchell, of Pennsylvania.
Henry W. Blair, of New Hampshire.
Charles H. Van Wyck, of Nebraska.
Shelby M. Cullom, of Illinois.
James F. Wilson, of Iowa.
James H. Slater, of Oregon.
Howell E. Jackson, of Tennessee.
Johnson N. Camden, of West Virginia.
Alfred H. Colquitt, of Georgia.

Committee on Post-Offices and Post-Roads.

Nathaniel P. Hill, of Colorado.
Philetus Sawyer, of Wisconsin.
William Mahone, of Virginia.
Thomas W. Palmer, of Michigan.
James F. Wilson, of Iowa.
Samuel B. Maxey, of Texas.
Eli Saulsbury, of Delaware.
James B. Groome, of Maryland.
Howell E. Jackson, of Tennessee.

*This committee has power to act concurrently with the same committee of the House of Representatives.

*Committee on Printing.**

Manderson, of Nebraska.	Arthur P. Gorman, of Maryland.
Hawley of Connecticut.	

Committee on Private Land Claims.

Bayard, of Delaware.	George F. Edmunds, of Vermont.
. Jonas, of Louisiana.	Charles F. Manderson, of Nebraska.
Colquitt, of Georgia.	

Committee on Privileges and Elections.

Hoar, of Massachusetts.	Eli Saulsbury, of Delaware.
eron, of Wisconsin.	Zebulon B. Vance, of North Carolina.
an, of Ohio.	James L. Pugh, of Alabama.
Frye, of Maine.	Benjamin F. Jonas, of Louisiana.
. Lapham, of New York.	

*Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.**

hone, of Virginia.	Charles W. Jones, of Florida.
orrill, of Vermont.	George G. Vest, of Missouri.
eron, of Wisconsin.	

Committee on Public Lands.

Plumb, of Kansas.	James D. Walker, of Arkansas.
. Hill, of Colorado.	John T. Morgan, of Alabama.
Blair, of New Hampshire.	James H. Slater, of Oregon.
Van Wyck, of Nebraska.	Randall L. Gibson, of Louisiana.
Dolph, of Oregon.	

Committee on Railroads.

wyer, of Wisconsin.	L. Q. C. Lamar, of Mississippi.
Hawley, of Connecticut.	John S. Williams, of Kentucky.
Sewell, of New Jersey.	Benjamin F. Jonas, of Louisiana.
Sabin, of Minnesota.	Joseph E. Brown, of Georgia.
dleberger, of Virginia.	John E. Kenna, of West Virginia.
Cullom, of Illinois.	

Committee on the Revision of the Laws of the United States.

onger, of Michigan.	George H. Pendleton, of Ohio.
Platt, of Connecticut.	John E. Kenna, of West Virginia.
le, of Maine.	

Committee on Revolutionary Claims.

Jones, of Florida.	Samuel J. R. McMillan, of Minnesota.
I. Garland, of Arkansas.	Jonathan Chace, of Rhode Island.
lliams, of Kentucky.	

Committee on Rules.

Frye, of Maine.	Isham G. Harris, of Tennessee.
an, of Ohio.	George H. Pendleton, of Ohio.
alls, of Kansas.	

Committee on Territories.

Harrison, of Indiana.	M. C. Butler, of South Carolina.
Platt, of Connecticut.	A. H. Garland, of Arkansas.
onger, of Michigan.	George G. Vest, of Missouri.
Manderson, of Nebraska.	Charles W. Jones, of Florida.
Cullom, of Illinois.	

* mittee has power to act concurrently with the same committee of the House of Represent

Committee on Transportation Routes to the Seaboard.

Nelson W. Aldrich, of Rhode Island.
James Donald Cameron, of Pennsylvania.
Charles F. Manderson, of Nebraska.
Thomas W. Palmer, of Michigan.
James T. Farley, of California.
James H. Slater, of Oregon.
Randall L. Gibson, of Louisiana.
Shelby M. Cullom, of Illinois.
George G. Vest, of Missouri.

SELECT COMMITTEES OF THE SENATE.

Select Committee on Additional Accommodations for the Library of Congress.

D. W. Voorhees, of Indiana.
M. C. Butler, of South Carolina.
Thomas F. Bayard, of Delaware.
Justin S. Morrill, of Vermont.
John F. Miller, of California.

Select Committee to ascertain the results of the Tenth Census.

Eugene Hale, of Maine.
Justin S. Morrill, of Vermont.
Philetus Sawyer, of Wisconsin.
James F. Wilson, of Iowa.
George H. Pendleton, of Ohio.
John T. Morgan, of Alabama.
James G. Fair, of Nevada.

Select Committee on the Capacity of Steel-Producing Works.

Joseph R. Hawley, of Connecticut.
John F. Miller, of California.
Nelson W. Aldrich, of Rhode Island.
John T. Morgan, of Alabama.
M. C. Butler, of South Carolina.

Select Committee to Inquire into Claims of Citizens of the United States against Nicaragua.

Samuel B. Maxey, of Texas.
James B. Groome, of Maryland.
James B. Beck, of Kentucky.
Nathaniel P. Hill, of Colorado.
Joseph N. Dolph, of Oregon.

Select Committee on the River Front of Washington.

Matt W. Ransom, of North Carolina.
George G. Vest, of Missouri.
Arthur P. Gorman, of Maryland.
Omar D. Conger, of Michigan.
James Donald Cameron, of Pennsylvania.
Dwight M. Sabin, of Minnesota.
Nathanie lP. Hill, of Colorado.

Select Committee on Woman Suffrage.

Francis Marion Cockrell, of Missouri.
James G. Fair, of Nevada.
Joseph E. Brown, of Georgia.
Henry W. Blair, of New Hampshire.
Thomas W. Palmer, of Michigan.
Elbridge G. Lapham, of New York.
Jonathan Chace, of Rhode Island.

THE UTAH COMMISSION.

Alexander Ramsey, of Saint Paul, Minnesota.
Algernon S. Paddock, of Beatrice, Nebraska.
George L. Godfrey, of Iowa.
Ambrose B. Carleton, of Terre Haute, Indiana.
James B. Pettigrew, of Arkansas.

COMMITTEES OF THE HOUSE.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

Committee on Elections.

' G. Turner, of Georgia.
des H. Davis, of Missouri.
e L. Converse, of Ohio.
C. Cook, of Iowa.
n T. Bennett, of North Carolina.
t Lowry, of Indiana.
mer F. Elliott, of Pennsylvania.
as A. Robertson, of Kentucky.

John J. Adams, of New York.
Ambrose A. Ranney, of Massachusetts.
Augustus H. Pettibone, of Tennessee.
Samuel H. Miller, of Pennsylvania.
Edward K. Valentine, of Nebraska.
Alphonso Hart, of Ohio.
Hiram Y. Smith, of Iowa.

Committee on Ways and Means.

ım R. Morrison, of Illinois.
Q. Mills, of Texas.
H. Blount, of Georgia.
ı C. S. Blackburn, of Kentucky.
n S. Hewitt, of New York.
A. Herbert, of Alabama.
H. Hurd, of Ohio.

James K. Jones, of Arkansas.
William D. Kelley, of Pennsylvania.
Frank Hiscock, of New York.
William A. Russell, of Massachusetts.
Thomas M. Browne, of Indiana.
Thomas B. Reed, of Maine.

Committee on Appropriations.

el J. Randall, of Pennsylvania.
ım H. Forney, of Alabama.
ın Ellis, of Louisiana.
ım S. Holman, of Indiana.
Hancock, of Texas.
rd W. Townshend, of Illinois.
ɔ Hutchins, of New York.
F. Follett, of Ohio.

James N. Burnes, of Missouri.
J. Warren Keifer, of Ohio.
Joseph G. Cannon, of Illinois.
Thomas Ryan, of Kansas.
Roswell G. Horr, of Michigan.
William D. Washburn, of Minnesota.
John D. Long, of Massachusetts.

Committee on the Judiciary.

ıdolph Tucker, of Virginia.
ıniel J. Hammond, of Georgia.
l B. Culberson, of Texas.
el W. Moulton, of Illinois.
O. Broadhead, of Missouri.
ım Dorsheimer, of New York.
k A. Collins, of Massachusetts.
e E. Seney, of Ohio.

William C. Maybury, of Michigan.
Ezra B. Taylor, of Ohio.
Moses A. McCoid, of Iowa.
Luke P. Poland, of Vermont.
Horatio Bisbee, jr., of Florida.
Abraham X. Parker, of New York.
Edward K. Valentine, of Nebraska.

Committee on Banking and Currency.

t H. Buckner, of Missouri.
l Ermentrout, of Pennsylvania.
do B. Potter, of New York.
on Hunt, of Louisiana.
F. Miller, of Texas.
D. Candler, of Georgia.
ı Wilkins, of Ohio.

George L. Yaple, of Michigan.
Nelson Dingley, jr., of Maine.
Charles N. Brumm, of Pennsylvania.
George E. Adams, of Illinois.
David B. Henderson, of Iowa.
David Kean, jr., of New Jersey.

Committee on Coinage, Weights, and Measures.

rd P. Bland, of Missouri.
nt Dowd, of North Carolina.
Hardy, of New York.
C. Nicholls, of Georgia.
ım H. M. Pusey, of Iowa.
el W. T. Lanham, of Texas.

Pleasant B. Tully, of California.
James B. Belford, of Colorado.
Edward S. Lacey, of Michigan.
James B. Everhart, of Pennsylvania.
F. A. Manzanares, of New Mexico.

Committee on Commerce.

John H. Reagan, of Texas.
Martin L. Clardy, of Missouri.
Oscar Turner, of Kentucky.
Poindexter Dunn, of Arkansas.
Edward W. Seymour, of Connecticut.
John R. Glascock, of California.
Gilbert M. Woodward, of Wisconsin.
Charles E. Boyle, of Pennsylvania.
Ethelbert Barksdale, of Mississippi.
Charles O'Neill, of Pennsylvania.
George R. Davis, of Illinois.
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Private Secretary.—George W. Seaver, 611 East Capitol street.
Messenger to Vice-President.—Henry Head, 467 C street, N. W.

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s, 721 First street, N. W.
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rds, 217 4½ street, N. W.
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fanchester, 1119 I street, N. W.
s, 115 Maryland avenue, N. E
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iolds, Cutler House.
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Public Lands.—B. F. Flenniken, 318 Third street, N. W.
Railroads.—Joseph Harris, sr., 440 New Jersey avenue, S. E.
Revision of the Laws.—D. S. Barry, 1209 I street, N. W.
Revolutionary Claims.—John B. Jones.
Rules.—Charles B. Reade, 1335 L street, N. W.
Territories.—Charles P. Watson, 219 Third street, N. W.
Transportation Routes to the Seaboard.—W. H. Boblits.
Woman Suffrage.—Charles W. Wells.

OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE.

SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE.

The Speaker.—JOHN G. CARLISLE, Riggs House.
Private Secretary.—Will J. Kehoe, 1328 Tenth street, N. W.
Clerk.—Henry Loomis Nelson, 1744 N street, N. W.
Clerk at the Speaker's Table.—Nathaniel T. Crutchfield, 33 B street, S. E.

CHAPLAIN.

Rev. John S. Lindsay, 3236 O street, N. W.

OFFICE OF THE CLERK OF THE HOUSE.

Clerk of the House.—John B. Clark, jr., 1706 Connecticut avenue.
Chief Clerk.—T. O. Towles, 1643 Thirteenth street, N. W.
Journal Clerk.—Henry H. Smith, 1613 Thirteenth street, N. W.
Assistant Journal Clerk.—A. W. Cochran, 1513 Rhode Island avenue.
File Clerk.—Ferris Finch, 148 A street, N. E.
Printing Clerk.—John H. Rogers, 51 I street, N. W.
Assistant Clerk.—William H. Wiggins, 1330 I street, N. W.
Tally Clerk.—S. D. Craig, National Hotel.
Reading Clerks.—Thomas S. Pettit, 945 K street, N. W.
Neill S. Brown, jr., 1217 L street, N. W.
Disbursing Clerk.—S. B. Cunningham, 1414 Q street, N. W.
Enrolling Clerk.—T. F. King, 156 A street, N. E.
Assistant Enrolling Clerk.—W. C. Fields, 227 Four-and-a-half street, N. W.
Resolution and Petition Clerk.—R. H. Cowan, 516 B street, N. E.
Assistant Disbursing Clerk.—W. F. Hudson, 1304 F street, N. W.
Newspaper Clerk.—Charles E. Lackor, 404 East Capitol street.
Index Clerk.—John A. Palmer, 1350 Boundary.
Distributing Clerk.—William A. Fields, 939 H street, N. W.
Stationery Clerk.—John F. Ancona, 301 Second street, N. W.
William R. Cranna, National Hotel.
A. T. Leathers, 936 E street, N. W.
Bookkeeper.—John B. McDonnell, 318 Third street, N. W.
Assistant Clerk.—F. H. Richardson, Metropolitan Hotel.
Page.—William T. Page, 219 C street, N. W.

DOCUMENT-ROOM.

Superintendent.—Peter H. Pernot, 105 F street, N. W.
Clerks.—Robert F. Howard, 610 C street, N. E.
Peter M. Foley, Congressional Hotel.

LIBRARY OF THE HOUSE.

Librarian.—William Butler, 516 B street, N. E.
Assistants.—William H. Smith, 816 Fourth street, N. W.
Asher Barnett, 922 E street, N. W.
Messenger.—Aaron Russell, 411 N street, N. W.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS OF THE HOUSE.

ant-at-Arms.—J. P. Leedom, 227 Four-and-a-half street, N. W.
ier.—C. E. Silcott, 227 Four-and-a-half street, N. W.
ng Teller.—M. C. Curtis, National Hotel.
ty Sergeant-at-Arms.—Isaac R. Hill, 418 Sixth street, N. W.
enger.—D. A. Roberts, 110 E street, N. W.
keeper.—J. D. Selzer, Meyers' Hotel.
.—Samuel T. Kalfus, 318 B street, S. E.

DOORKEEPER OF THE HOUSE.

keeper of the House.—James G. Wintersmith, 510 Thirteenth street, N. W.
tant Doorkeeper.—Luther F. Warder, National Hotel.
d Assistant Doorkeeper.—George A. Bacon.
to Doorkeeper.—James A. Newsom.
al Employé.—John T. Chancey, 221 I street, N. W.
Room.—Blake Ryan.
engers.—Thomas A. Coakley, James G. Knight, H. H. Moler, H. B. Lingenfelter, Aug. George S. Chilton, C. H. Mann, A. Hoener, Warren T. Holland, H. W. J. Ham, l Sullivan, Neil H. Bigger, John N. Reed, Le Claire Fulton, W. J. Hirschfeld, Isaac rrow, John M. Murch, Adam Clark.
ers' Roll.—John A. Stewart, S. H. Decker, George J. Stannard, James J. McConnell, do Page, J. W. White, J. R. Whitacre, John A. Travis, E. S. Williams, Hugh Lewis, n Irving, W. F. Fitch, John Ryan, John Rome.

FOLDING-ROOM.

rintendent.—John Wintersmith, 1107 F street, N. W.
f Clerk.—Samuel Donelson, McPherson House.
ts.—D. H. Naylor, 1103 G street, N. W.
Samuel Toole, 504 E street, N. W.
rtment Messenger.—C. W. Coombs, 118 F street, N. E.

DOCUMENT-ROOM.

rintendent.—John Charles Thompson, Metropolitan Hotel.
tant Superintendent.—H. G. Williams.
Clerk.—John B. Trainer, 919 H street, N. W.
tant File Clerk.—Allen T. Davidson.

POST-OFFICE OF THE HOUSE.

master.—Lycurgus Dalton, 234 North Capitol street.
tant Postmaster.—J. R. Fisher, 1517 Tenth street, N. W.
engers.—W. R. Henderson; W. C. Crowley, 13 First street, N. E.; Ralph Carlton, 13 treet, N. E.; S. P. Ivins; J. H. Pratt, 457 Missouri avenue; Reuben Bourne, 234 Capitol street; R. H. Leys; R. T. Merrifield, National Hotel; Henry Yater, Hillman ; J. P. Hume; S. Garland, 1232 Massachusetts avenue; William Prescott, 217 G street S. Tufts; T. J. Sheftall, 421 Sixth street, N. W.; R. Robbins; Thos. Connolly.

HEATING AND VENTILATING OF THE HOUSE.

f Engineer.—Wm. Lannan, 810 First street, N. W.
tant Engineers.—H. W. Taylor, 220 North Capitol street,
B. H. Morse, 624 Twenty-second street, N. W.
trician.—A. B. Talcott, 15 Fourth street, N. E.
men.—Thomas McKeig, 112 Sixth street, S. E.; Eppa Norris, 475 Maryland avenue C. T. Jett, 3621 M street, N. W.; E. B. Burke, 138 F street, N. E.; James W. Shely ryland avenue, S. W.

CLERKS TO HOUSE COMMITTEES.

ts.—Edwin C. Fields, Mades Hotel.
ture.—John L. Graves, Mades Hotel.
ic Liquor Traffic.—William B. Dobson, Meyers' Hotel.

Appropriations.—*Clerk*, James C. Courts, 601 E street, N. W.
Assistant Clerk, L. Olie Meek, 936 E street, N. W.
Messenger, James P. McCann, Cutler House.
Banking and Currency.—Thomas R. Buckner, 222 Third street, N. W.
Claims.—Winship B. Pettie, 213 Four-and-a-half street.
Assistant Clerk—
Coinage, Weights, and Measures.—Daniel P. Bailey, Hillman House.
Commerce.—James C. Saunders, 1009 Thirteenth street. N. W.
District of Columbia.—Thomas Williamson, 142 A street, N. E.
Education.—A. S. Todd, 248 Third street, N. W.
Elections.—R. E. Russell.
Election of President and Vice-President.—William L. Eaton, 1121 Fourteenth street, N. W.
Enrollea Bills.—William B. Risse, 106 C street, N. E.
Expenditures in the Department of Justice.—Joseph B. Irwin, Cutler House, 222 Third st., N.W.
Assistant Clerk.—William Knowland.
Expenditures in the Interior Department.—William C. Ingram, 606 B street, N. W.
Expenditures in the Post-Office Department.—Douglas Dale.
Expenditures in the State Department.—Junius W. Nisbet, 910 F street, N. W.
Expenditures in the Treasury Department.—Geo. B. Hoyt.
Expenditures in the War and Navy Departments.—Joe Blackburn, jr., 421 Pa. av., N. W.
Foreign Affairs.—Watson Boyle, 1454 Corcoran street.
Indian Affairs.—Robert P. Toole, 939 H street, N. W.
Invalid Pensions.—John W. McGee, 327 C street, S. E.
Archibald McGinnis, 327 C street, S. E.
Judiciary.—F. H. Brockenbrough, 142 A street, N. E.
Labor.—William J. Brenner.
Library.—Frank C. McGhee, 1008 F street, N.W.
Manufactures and Revision of the Laws.—James M. Wright.
Military Affairs.—J. H. Cooney, 18 I street, N. W.
Militia and Mileage.—P. V. De Graw.
Mines and Mining.—Ethelbert B. Wade, 410 Sixth street, N. W.
Mississippi River Improvements and Levees.—F. P. Ferris.
Naval Affairs.—H. H. Alexander, 51 K street, N. W.
Pacific Railroads.—T. D. Keleher, 409 A street, S. E.
Patents.—W. H. Malone, 342 Pennsylvania avenue, N. W.
Payment of Pensions, Bounty, and Back Pay.—Charles F. Gilliam.
Pensions.—Lucien Walker, Metropolitan Hotel.
Post-Office and Post-Roads.—Alden B. Hurt, No. 3 Second street, S. E.
Printing.—John B. Hussey, National Hotel.
Private Land-Claims.—S. A. Jonas, 208 Delaware avenue, N. E.
Public Buildings and Grounds.—Henry M. Beadle, 1807 Fifteenth street, N. W.
Public Health and Ventilation and Acoustics—John E. Kelly, Welcker's.
Public Lands.—Benjamin Doane, 323 C street, N. W.
Railways and Canals.—Henry L. Branch, 421 Sixth street, N W.
Reform in Civil Service.—Thomas B. Kalbfus, 318 B street, S. E.
Rivers and Harbors.—J. L. Clemmons, 304 Indiana avenue.
Ship-building and Ship-owning.—John Pickford.
Territories.—T. Stobo Farrow.
To ascertain result of the Tenth Census.—Felix Branigan.
Ways and Means.—Henry Talbott, 31 B street, S. E.
Assistant Clerk, Willis H. Allen, 924 New York avenue.
Messenger, B. C. Slaughter, 1325 F street, N. W.
War-Claims.—James J. Geddes, 609 F street, N. W.
Assistant Clerk, Junius B. Hollowav, 210 Third street, N. W.

OFFICIAL REPORTERS OF DEBATES.

SENATE.	HOUSE.
D. F. Murphy, 314 C street, N. W.	J. J. McElhone, *Chief of Corps.*, 1318 Vt. av.
Assistants.—Theo. F. Shuey, 7 B st., N. W.	David Wolfe Brown, 235 First st., N. E.
E. V. Murphy, 419 2d st., N. W.	J. K. Edwards, 211 North Capitol st.
Henry J. Gensler, 1318 13th st.	John H. White, 516 Thirteenth street, N. W.
Dan. B. Lloyd, 340 Pa. av., N.W.	Andrew Devine, 113 C street.

THE GOVERNMENT TELEGRAPH.

SENATE MANAGER.	HOUSE MANAGER.
rge H. Getz, Waverly Hotel.	C. F. L. Braulik, 240 First street, S. E.

ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL.

Edward Clark, 417 Fourth street, N. W.; Office, basement of the Capitol.

THE BOTANICAL GARDEN.

Superintendent.—William R. Smith, at the garden, west of the Capitol grounds.

THE CAPITOL POLICE.

tain.—P. H. Allabach, 223 B street, N. W.
utenants.—S. A. Boyden, 205 C street, N. E.
J. O. Finks, 217 Four-and-a-half street, N. W.
D. B. Bradley, 1005 D street, N. E.
vates.—F. G. Jones, 222 Third street, N. W.
Jos. Gilbert, American House.
Charles Stone, 134 East Capitol street.
J. R. Riley, 17 Second street, N. E.
T. W. Keller, 122 East Capitol street.
Daniel O'Neill, 509 C street, N. E.
F. A. Wood, 15 Second street, S. E.
J. H. Bush, Saint Charles Hotel, Third street and Pennsylvania avenue.
John Irwin, Meyers Hotel, Pennsylvania avenue.
G. W. Hazer, American House.
James W. Jones, 321 Missouri avenue, N. W.
Simon P. Mast, 123 Sixth street, S. E.
H. H. Lemon, 503 Maryland avenue, S. W.
R. E. Chonstant, 217 Four-and-a-half street, N. W.
I. Hammond, 404 B street, N. E.
O. S. Florence, 222 Third street, N. W.
R. H. Betts, Hillman House.
Joseph Swindell, 318 B street, N. E.
L. S. Edson, 1112 G street, N. W.
J. H. Crawford, 1 B street, N. W.
A. B. Suit, 477 C street, N. W.
J. A. Burrows, 454 New Jersey avenue, S. E.
chmen.—E. E. Hurt, 222 Third street, N. W.
E. H. Ewell, 518 Tenth street, N. W.
D. B. Moore, Cutler House.
O. F. Emerson, 1215 Sixth street, N. E.
R. H. Kingsbury, jr., National Hotel.
C. S. Truitlin, 1005 F street, N. W.
D. F. Batts, 216 Second street, N. W.
P. J. Crenshaw, 43 B street, S. E.

THE LIBRARY OF CONGRESS.

Librarian of Congress.—AINSWORTH R. SPOFFORD, 1621 Massachusetts avenue, N. W
Assistants.—Charles W. Hoffman, 124 East Capitol street.
Louis Solyom, 327 First street, N. E.
David Hutcheson, 119 Maryland avenue, N. E.
James C. Strout, 127 E street, N. W.
John Savary, 322 C street, N. W.
W. J. Dockstader, 148 A street, N. E.
Paul Neuhaus, 607 Sixth street, N. W.
J. S. P. Wheeler, 311 Delaware avenue, N. E.
George A. Mark, 1006 Massachusetts avenue.
Thorvald Solberg, Anacostia, D. C.
P. Lee Phillips, 1707 H street, N. W.
M. Schlosser, 921 G street, N. W.
Spencer Marsh, 226 A street, S. E.
Vernon Dorsey, 1539 Twenty-ninth street, N. W.
W. M. Griswold, 230 New Jersey avenue, S. E.
Charles W. Russell, King street, Alexandria, Va.
T. J. Putnam, Anacostia, D. C.
J. F. N. Wilkinson, 901 E street, S. W.
Daniel Murray, 1333 Twelfth street, N. W.
J. G. Morrison, 809 Thirteenth street, N. W.

The Library of Congress occupies the entire western projection of the central Capitol building. The original library was commenced in 1800, but was destroyed with the Capitol in 1814 during the war with England. It was afterwards replenished by the purchase of the library belonging to Ex-President Jefferson, by Congress, embracing about 7,000 volumes. In 1851 it contained 55,000 volumes, and by an accidental fire in that year the whole collection was destroyed, except 20,000 volumes. It was rebuilt in 1852, when $75,000 was appropriated in one sum to replenish the collection. The new library halls, three in number, are fitted up with ornamental iron cases and iron ceilings, the whole being perfectly fireproof. The library is recruited by regular appropriations made by Congress, which average about $11,000 per annum; also by additions received by copyright, by exchanges, and from the Smithsonian Institution. The library of the Smithsonian Institution has now been deposited in the Library of Congress, where it is secured against loss by fire. This collection is especially rich in scientific works, embracing the largest assemblage of the transactions of learned societies which exists in the country. The library was also enriched by the presentation to the Government, in 1882, of the large private library of Dr. Joseph M. Toner, of Washington, numbering over 27,000 volumes, besides nearly as many pamphlets. The donor, whose public spirit is worthy of emulation, adds to the collection annually. The library of copyright books was removed here from the Patent Office in 1870, and all copyrights issued in the United States are now recorded in the books deposited in the office of the Librarian of Congress. The present number of volumes in the whole library, including law books, which are kept in a separate library room under the Supreme Court, is over 525,000, besides about 170,000 pamphlets. A new building to contain its overflowing stores of learning and to afford room for their proper arrangement has become a necessity. This collection is very rich in history, political science, jurisprudence, and in books, pamphlets, and periodicals of American publication, or relating in any way to America. At the same time the library is a universal one in its range, no department of literature or science being unrepresented. The public are privileged to use the books in the library, while members of Congress and about thirty official members of the Government only can take away books. The library is open every day (Sundays excepted) during the session of Congress from 9 a. m. to the hour of adjournment. In the recess of Congress it is open between the hours of 9 a. m. and 4 p. m.

THE CAPITOL.

The Capitol fronts the east, and stands on a plateau eighty-eight feet above the level of the Potomac, in latitude 38° 53′ 20″.4 north and longitude 77° 00′ 35″.7 west from Greenwich.

The southeast corner-stone of the original building was laid on the 18th of September, 1793, by President Washington, aided by the Freemasons of Maryland. It was constructed of sandstone, painted white, from an island in Aquia Creek, Virginia, under the direction of Stephen H. Hallett, James Hoban, Geo. Hadfield, and afterwards of B. H. Latrobe, architects. The north wing was finished in 1800 and the south wing in 1811, a wooden passage-way connecting them. On the 24th of August, 1814, the interior of both wings was destroyed by British incendiaries, but they were immediately rebuilt. In 1818, the central portion of the building was commenced under the architectural superintendence of Charles Bulfinch, and the original building was finally completed in 1827. Its cost, including the grading of the grounds, alterations, and repairs, up to 1827, was $2,433,844.13.

The corner-stone to the extensions of the Capitol was laid on the 4th of July, 1851, by President Fillmore, Daniel Webster officiating as orator of the day. Thomas U. Walter was architect, and subsequently Edward Clark, under whose direction the work was completed in November, 1867. The material used for the extensions is white marble from the quarries at Lee, Massachusetts, with white marble columns from the quarries at Cockeysville, Maryland.

The dome of the original central building was constructed of wood, but was removed in 1856 to be replaced by the present stupendous structure of cast iron, which was completed in 1865. The entire weight of iron used is 8,909,200 pounds.

The main building is three hundred and fifty-two feet four inches long in front and one hundred and twenty-one feet six inches deep, with a portico one hundred and sixty feet wide, of twenty-four columns on the east, and a projection of eighty-three feet on the west, embracing a recessed portico of ten coupled columns. The extensions are placed at the north and south ends of the main building, with connecting corridors forty-four feet long by fifty-six feet wide, flanked by columns. Each extension is one hundred and forty-two feet eight inches in front, by two hundred and thirty-eight feet ten inches deep, with porticos of twenty-two columns each on their eastern fronts, and with porticos of ten columns on their ends and on their western fronts. The entire length of the building is seven hundred and fifty-one feet four inches, and the greatest depth, including porticos and steps, is three hundred and twenty-four feet. The area covered by the entire building is one hundred and fifty-three thousand one hundred and twelve square feet.

The dome is crowned by a bronze statue of Freedom, modeled by Crawford, which is nineteen feet six inches high, and which weighs 14,985 pounds. The height of the dome above the base-line of the east front is two hundred and eighty-seven feet five inches; the height from the top of the balustrade of the building is two hundred and seventeen feet eleven inches; and the greatest diameter at the base is one hundred and thirty-five feet five inches.

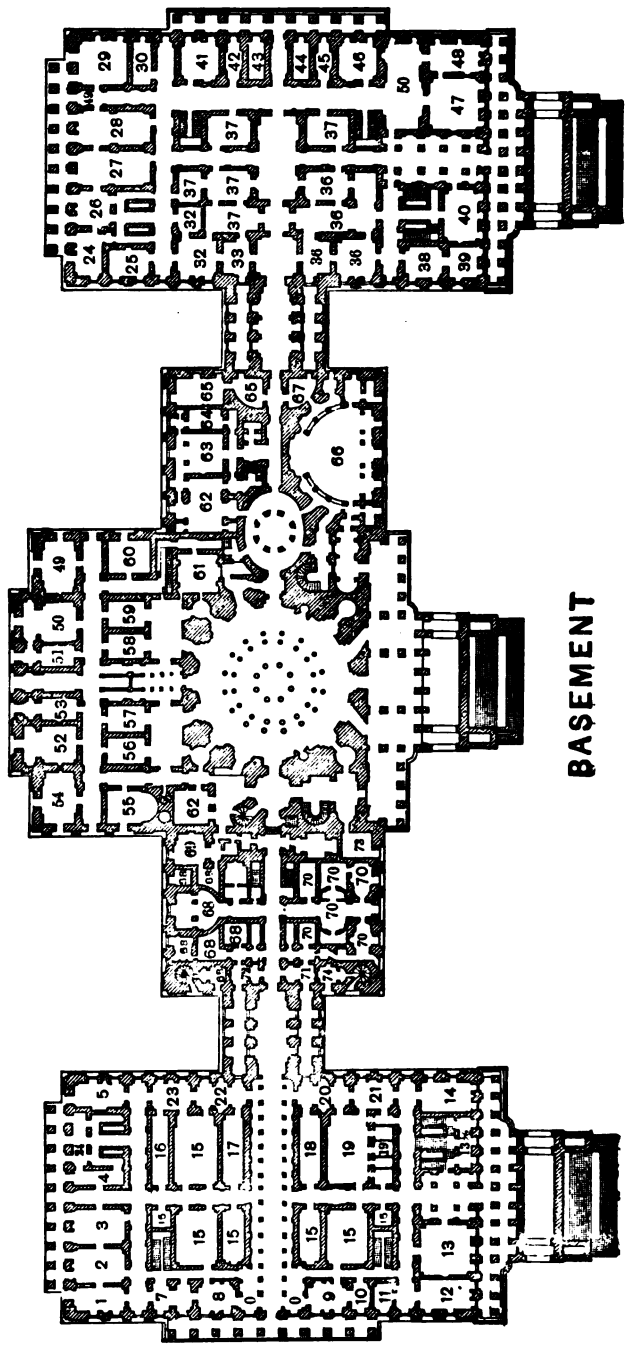
The rotunda is ninety-five feet six inches in diameter, and its height from the floor to the top of the canopy is one hundred and eighty feet three inches.

The Senate Chamber is one hundred and thirteen feet three inches in length, by eighty feet three inches in width, and thirty-six feet in height. Its galleries will accommodate one thousand persons.

The Representatives' Hall is one hundred and thirty-nine feet in length, by ninety-three feet in width, and thirty-six feet in height.

The Supreme Court room was occupied by the Senate until December, 1859, the court having previously occupied the room beneath, now used as a law library.

The Library of Congress was burned by the British in 1814, and was partially destroyed by an accidental fire in 1851. The present centre hall was finished in 1853, and the wing halls were finished in 1867.


BASEMENT

HOUSE WING.

Room.

1. Committee on Invalid Pensions.
2. Committee on Claims.
3. Committee on Agriculture.
   Committee on Manufactures.
4. Stationery Room.
5. Committee on War-Claims.
6. Official Reporters of Debates.
8. Official Reporters of Debates.
9. Committee on the Territories.
10. Committee on Expenditures in the Navy Department.
11. Reporters of Committees.
12. Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.
    Committee on Expenditures on Public Buildings.
13. Post-Office.
13½. Committee on Expenditures in the Post-Office Department.
14. Committee on the Post-Office and Post-Roads.
15. Store-Room.
16. Closets.
17. Box-Room.
18. Restaurant.
19. Bath-Rooms.
20. Restaurant.
21. Committee on Printing.
22. Committee on Indian Affairs.
23. Committee on Accounts.
    Committee on Mileage.
24. Committee on Expenditures in the War Department.

MAIN BUILDING.

Room.

49. Senate Committee on the Tenth Census.
50. Senate Committee on Manufactures.
52. House Committee on the Revision of the Laws.
53. House Committee on Mines and Mining.
54. Coinage, Weights, and Measures.
55. House Committee on Education and Labor.
56. House Committee on Public Expenditures.
57. House Committee on Expenditures in the Treasury Department.
0. Committee on Mileage.
0. Reporters' Room.
58. } Law Library.
59. }
61. Chief of the Capitol Police.
62. House Document-Room.
63. Senate Bath-Room.
64. The Supreme Court—Consultation Room.
65. The Supreme Court—Consultation Room.
66. Congressional Law Library, formerly the Supreme Court Room.
67. Congressional Law Library.
68. Office of Doorkeeper of the House.
    Superintendent of Folding-Room.
    House Document-Room.
69. House Committee on Private Land Claims.
70. Offices of the Chief Clerk of the House.
71. House Committee on Expenditures in the State Department.
72. House Committee on Expenditures in the Interior Department.
73. House Committee on Expenditures in the Department of Justice.
74. House Committee on the Electoral Vote

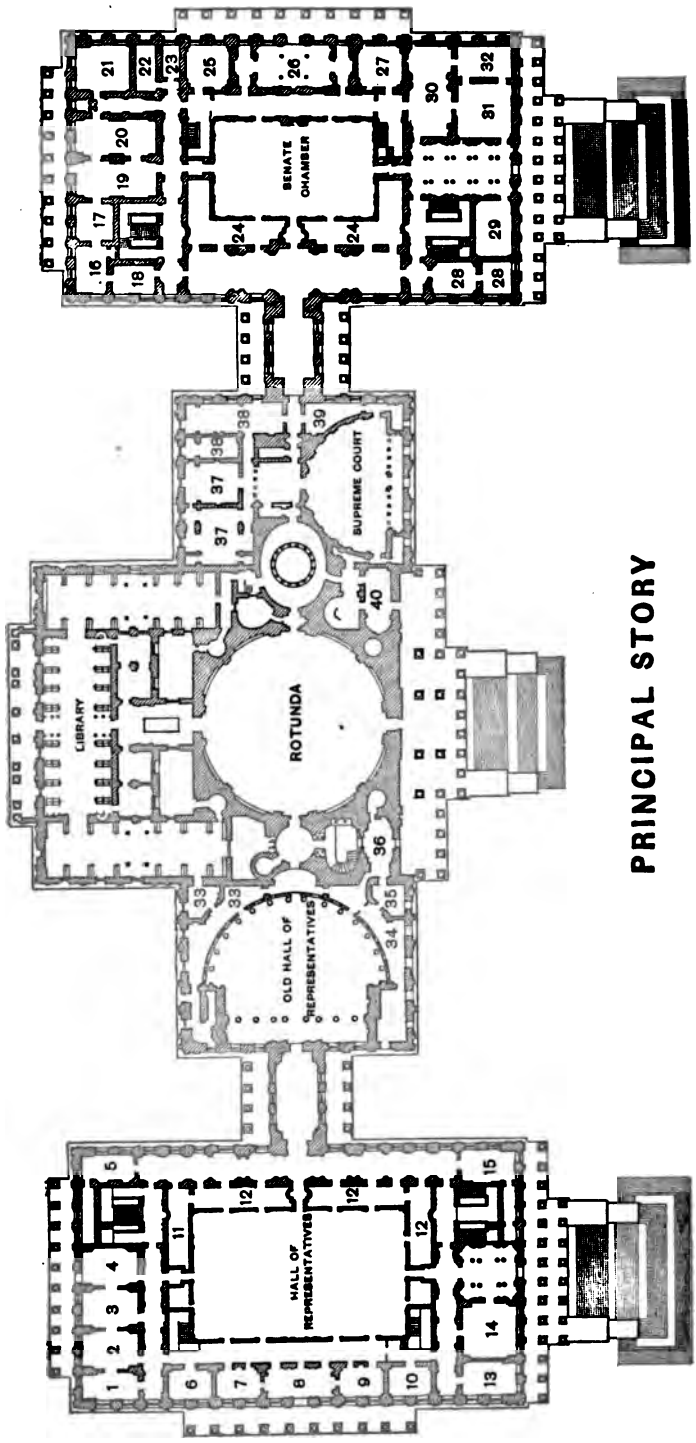
SENATE WING.

Room

24. Committee on the Library.
25. Committee on the Revision of the Laws.
26. Committee on Transportation Routes to the Seaboard
27. Committee on Military Affairs.
28. Committee on Naval Affairs.
29. Committee on the Judiciary.
30. Closets.
32. Committee on Indian Affairs.
33. Ladies' Room.
36. Restaurant.
37. Store-Room.
38. Committee on Public Lands.
39. Committee on Civil Service and Retrenchment.
40. Committee on Pensions.
41. Committee on Territories.
42. Stationery-Room.
43. Committee on Agriculture.
44. Committee on Contingent Expenses.
45. Superintendent of the Senate Folding-Room.
46. Committee on Foreign Relations.
47. Committee on Patents.
48. Committee on Post-Offices and Post-Roads.
49. Elevator.
50. Senate Post-Office.

IN THE BUTLER BUILDING.

Senate Committees on—
- Mines and Mining.
- Education nd Labor.
- Female Suffrage.
- The Potomac Flats.
- Improvement of the Mississippi River.


PRINCIPAL STORY
SENATE CHAMBER
SUPREME COURT
ROTUNDA
LIBRARY
OLD HALL OF REPRESENTATIVES
HALL OF REPRESENTATIVES

THE PRINCIPAL STORY OF THE CAPITOL.

HOUSE WING.

Room.

1. Office of the Speaker.
2. Office of the Sergeant-at-Arms.
3. Engrossing Clerks of the House.
4. Journal and Printing Clerks of the House.
5. Office of the Clerk of the House.
6. Closets.
7. }
8. } Members' Retiring Room.
9. }
10. Lobby.
11. Hall Folding-Room.
12. Cloak-Rooms.
13. Committee on Appropriations.
14. Committee on Ways and Means.
15. Committee on Military Affairs.
16. File-Room.

MAIN BUILDING.

Room.

33. House Document-Room.
34. Index Room.
35. House Committee on Banking and Currency.
36. House Committee on Banking and Currency. It was in this room, then occupied by the Speaker of the House, that ex-President John Quincy Adams died, two days after he fell at his seat in the House, February 23, 1848.
37. Office of the Clerk of the Supreme Court.
38. Robing-Room of the Judges of the Supreme Court.
39. Withdrawing-Room of the Supreme Court.
40. Office of the Marshal of the Supreme Court.

The Supreme Court, formerly the Senate Chamber.

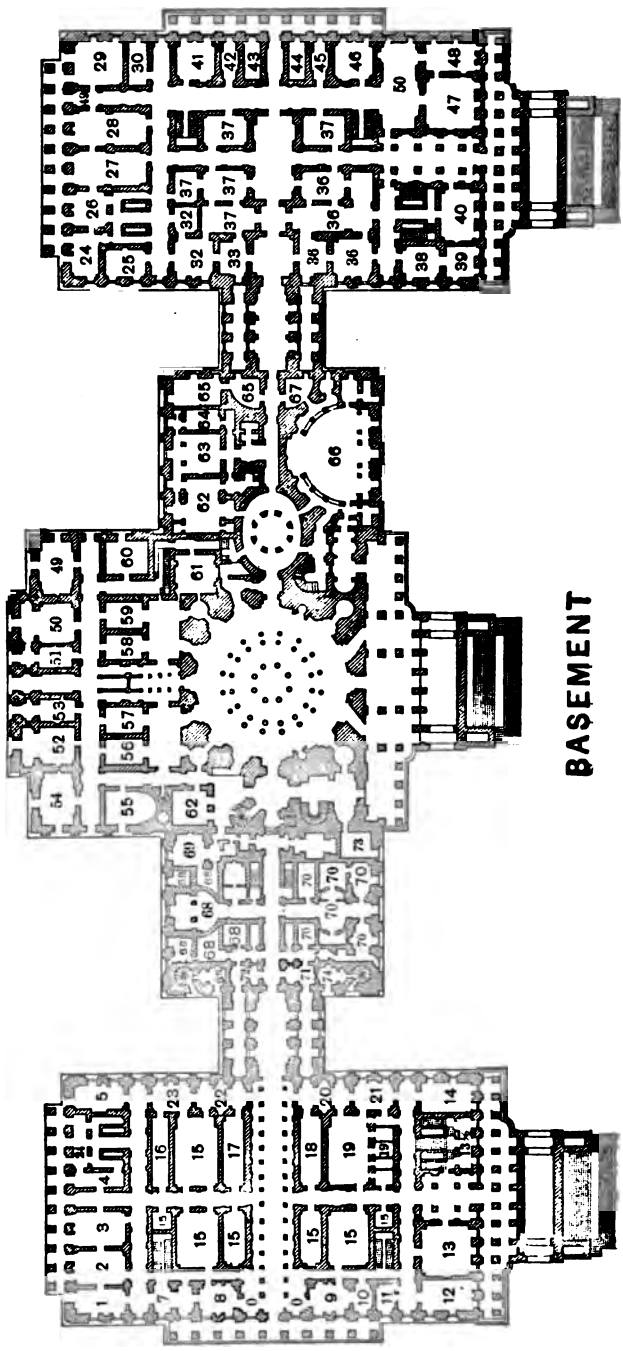
The Old Hall of the House of Representatives is now used as a statuary hall, to which each State has been invited to contribute two statues of its most distinguished citizens.

The Congressional Library contains 314,000 volumes.

SENATE WING.

Room.

16. Office of the Secretary of the Senate.
17. Executive Clerk of the Senate.
18. Financial Clerk of the Senate.
19. Chief Clerk of the Senate.
20. Engrossing and Enrolling Clerks of the Senate.
21. Committee on Appropriations.
22. Closets.
23. Committee on Enrolled Bills.
24. Cloak-Rooms.
25. The President of the United States' Room.
26. The Senators' Withdrawing-Room.
27. The Vice-President's Room.
28. Committee on Finance.
29. Official Reporters of Debates.
30. Reception-Room.
31. Committee on District of Columbia.
32. Office of the Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate.
33. Elevator.


BASEMENT

ROOM.

1. Committee on Invalid Pensions.
2. Committee on Claims.
3. Committee on Agriculture.
   Committee on Manufactures.
4. Stationery Room.
5. Committee on War-Claims.
6. Official Reporters of Debates.
8. Official Reporters of Debates.
9. Committee on the Territories.
10. Committee on Expenditures in the Navy Department.
11. Reporters of Committees.
12. Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.
    Committee on Expenditures on Public Buildings.
13. Post-Office.
13½. Committee on Expenditures in the Post-Office Department.
14. Committee on the Post-Office and Post-Roads.
15. Store-Room.
16. Closets.
17. Box-Room.
18. Restaurant.
19. Bath-Rooms.
20. Restaurant.
21. Committee on Printing.
22. Committee on Indian Affairs.
23. Committee on Accounts.
    Committee on Mileage.
24. Committee on Expenditures in the War Department.

ROOM.

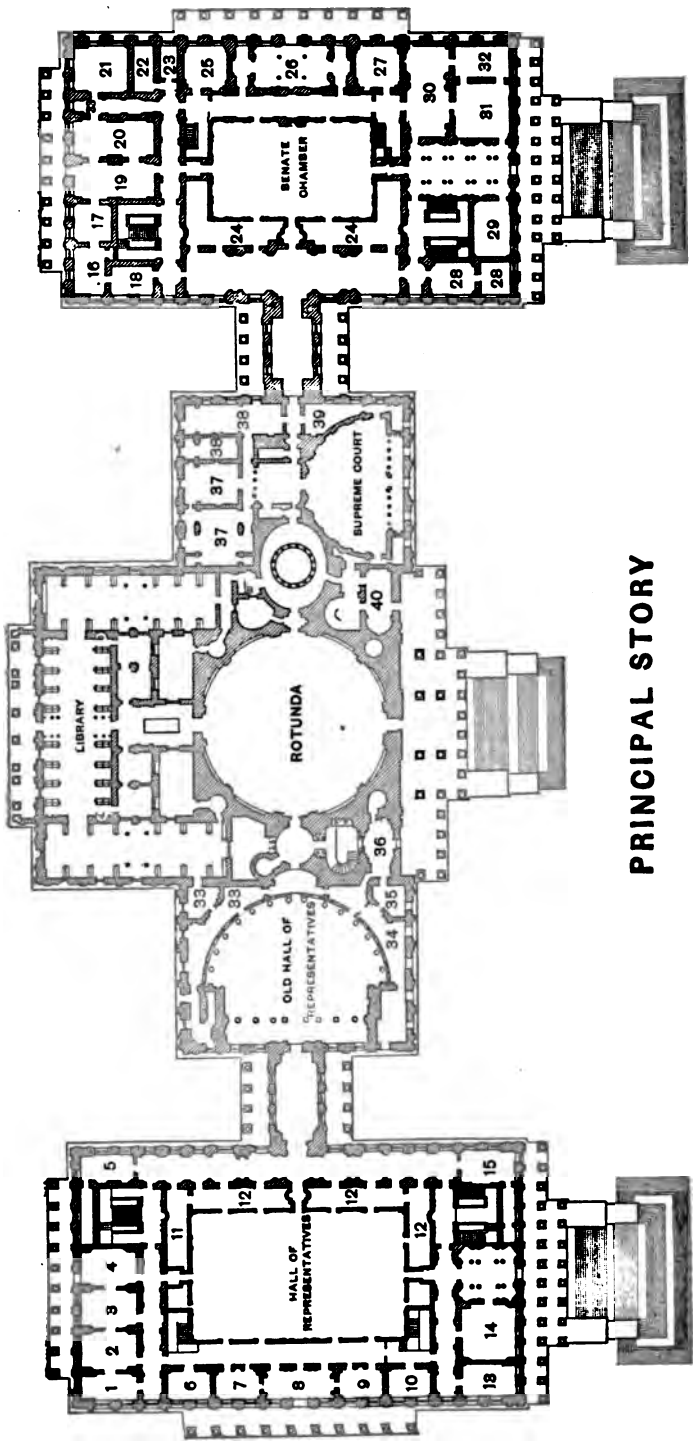
49. Senate Committee on the Tenth Census.
50. Senate Committee on Manufactures.
52. House Committee on the Revision of the Laws.
53. House Committee on Mines and Mining.
54. Coinage, Weights, and Measures.
55. House Committee on Education and Labor.
56. House Committee on Public Expenditures.
57. House Committee on Expenditures in the Treasury Department.
0. Committee on Mileage.
0. Reporters' Room.
58. } Law Library.
59. }
61. Chief of the Capitol Police.
62. House Document-Room.
63. Senate Bath-Room.
64. The Supreme Court—Consultation Room.
65. The Supreme Court—Consultation Room.
66. Congressional Law Library, formerly the Supreme Court Room.
67. Congressional Law Library.
68. Office of Doorkeeper of the House.
    Superintendent of Folding-Room.
    House Document-Room.
69. House Committee on Private Land Claims.
70. Offices of the Chief Clerk of the House.
71. House Committee on Expenditures in the State Department.
72. House Committee on Expenditures in the Interior Department.
73. House Committee on Expenditures in the Department of Justice.
74. House Committee on the Electoral Vote

ROOM.

24. Committee on the Library.
25. Committee on the Revision of the Laws.
26. Committee on Transportation Routes to the Seaboard
27. Committee on Military Affairs.
28. Committee on Naval Affairs.
29. Committee on the Judiciary.
30. Closets.
32. Committee on Indian Affairs.
33. Ladies' Room.
36. Restaurant.
37. Store-Room.
38. Committee on Public Lands.
39. Committee on Civil Service and Retrenchment.
40. Committee on Pensions.
41. Committee on Territories.
42. Stationery-Room.
43. Committee on Agriculture.
44. Committee on Contingent Expenses.
45. Superintendent of the Senate Folding-Room.
46. Committee on Foreign Relations.
47. Committee on Patents.
48. Committee on Post-Offices and Post-Roads.
49. Elevator.
50. Senate Post-Office.

IN THE BUTLER BUILDING.

Senate Committees on—
Mines and Mining.
Education nd Labor.
Female Suffrage.
The Potomac Flats.
Improvement of the Mississippi River.


SENATE CHAMBER
SUPREME COURT
ROTUNDA
LIBRARY
OLD HALL OF REPRESENTATIVES
HALL OF REPRESENTATIVES
PRINCIPAL STORY

THE PRINCIPAL STORY OF THE CAPITOL.

HOUSE WING.

Room.

1. Office of the Speaker.
2. Office of the Sergeant-at-Arms.
3. Engrossing Clerks of the House.
4. Journal and Printing Clerks of the House.
5. Office of the Clerk of the House.
6. Closets.
7. }
8. } Members' Retiring Room.
9. }
10. Lobby.
11. Hall Folding-Room.
12. Cloak-Rooms.
13. Committee on Appropriations.
14. Committee on Ways and Means.
15. Committee on Military Affairs.
16. File-Room.

MAIN BUILDING.

Room.

33. House Document-Room.
34. Index Room.
35. House Committee on Banking and Currency.
36. House Committee on Banking and Currency. It was in this room, then occupied by the Speaker of the House, that ex-President John Quincy Adams died, two days after he fell at his seat in the House, February 23, 1848.
37. Office of the Clerk of the Supreme Court.
38. Robing-Room of the Judges of the Supreme Court.
39. Withdrawing-Room of the Supreme Court.
40. Office of the Marshal of the Supreme Court.

The Supreme Court, formerly the Senate Chamber.

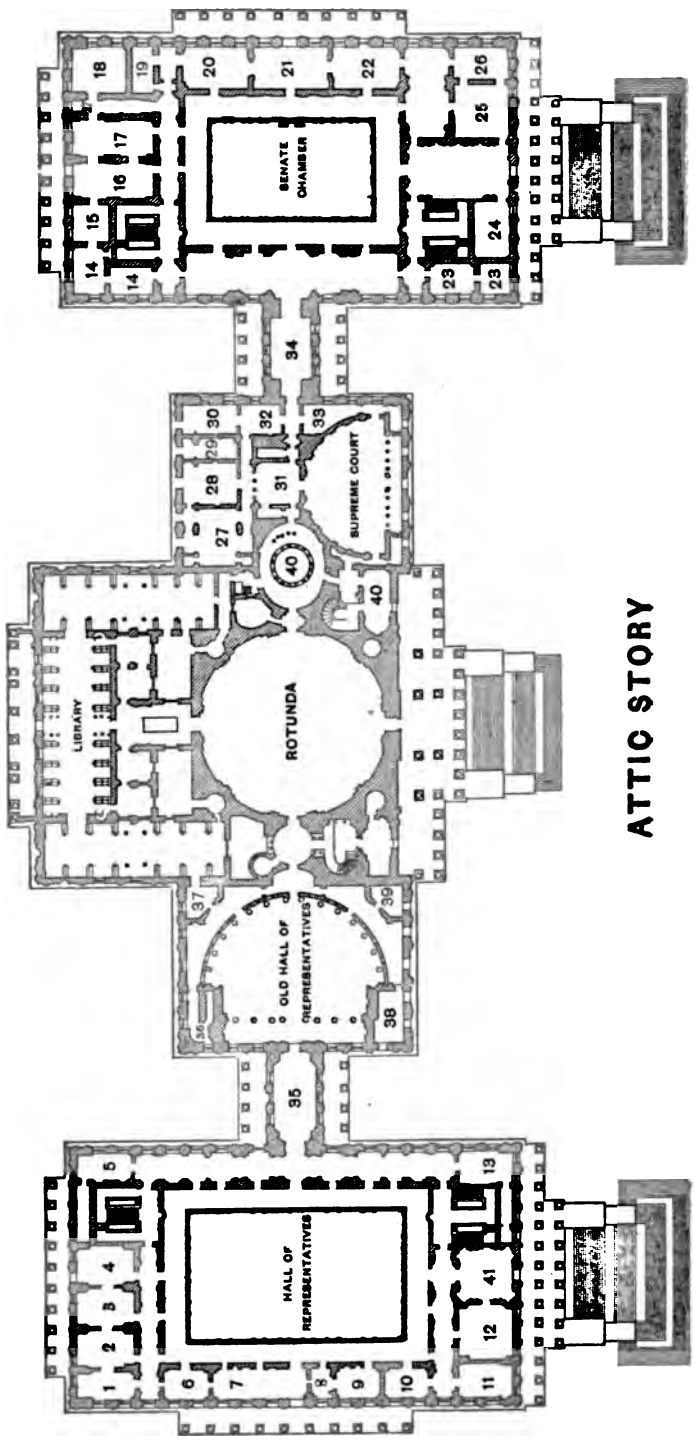
The Old Hall of the House of Representatives is now used as a statuary hall, to which each State has been invited to contribute two statues of its most distinguished citizens.

The Congressional Library contains 314,000 volumes.

SENATE WING.

Room.

16. Office of the Secretary of the Senate.
17. Executive Clerk of the Senate.
18. Financial Clerk of the Senate.
19. Chief Clerk of the Senate.
20. Engrossing and Enrolling Clerks of the Senate.
21. Committee on Appropriations.
22. Closets.
23. Committee on Enrolled Bills.
24. Cloak-Rooms.
25. The President of the United States' Room.
26. The Senators' Withdrawing-Room.
27. The Vice-President's Room.
28. Committee on Finance.
29. Official Reporters of Debates.
30. Reception-Room.
31. Committee on District of Columbia.
32. Office of the Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate.
33. Elevator.


SENATE CHAMBER
SUPREME COURT
ROTUNDA
LIBRARY
OLD HALL OF REPRESENTATIVES
HALL OF REPRESENTATIVES
ATTIC STORY

THE ATTIC STORY OF THE CAPITOL.

HOUSE WING.

Room.

1. Committees on Pacific Railroads, and Pensions.
2. Committee on Elections.
3. Committee on Railways and Canals.
   Committee on Patents.
4. Committee on the District of Columbia.
   Committee on Civil Service Reform.
5. Committee on Naval Affairs.
6. Lobby.
7. Correspondents and Journalists' Withdrawing-Room.
8. } Water-Closet.
9. }
10. Ladies' Retiring-Room.
11. Committee on Public Lands.
    Committee on Civil Service and Retrenchment.
12. Committee on Commerce.
13. Committee on Foreign Affairs.
    Committee on Tenth Census.
14. Committee on the Judiciary.

MAIN BUILDING.

Room.

27. Senate Library.
28. Senate Library—Librarian's Room.
29. Select Committee on Library Building.
30. Senate Committee on Nicaragua Claims.
31. Senate Document-Room.
32. Senate Document-Room.
33. Senate Document-Room.
34. Superintendent of the Senate Documents.
35. House Library.
36. House Document-Room.
37. House Document-Room.
38. House Document-Room.
39. Clerk's Office.
40. Electrician's Room.

SENATE WING.

Room.

14. Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.
15. Committee on Transportation Routes.
16. Committee on Railroads.
17. Committee on Privileges and Elections.
18. Committee on Commerce.
19. Committee on Engrossed Bills.
20. Lobby.
21. Correspondents' Room. Western Union Telegraph.
22. Committee on Epidemic Diseases.
    Committee on Rules.
23. Senate and Joint Committees on Public Printing.
24. Conference Room.
25. Committee on Claims.
26. Committee on Private Land-Claims.
27. Elevator.

MEMBERS OF THE PRESS

WHO ARE ENTITLED TO ADMISSION TO THE REPORTERS' GALLERIES.

Name.	Papers represented.	Office.	Residence.
Alden, John	Brooklyn Times	515 Fourteenth street	1345 Q street, N. W.
Allison, James W	Louisville Courier-Journal, Times-Democrat.	603 Fourteenth street	1424 Pennsylvania av.
Austin, O. P	Cincinnati Times-Star, Saint Louis Post-Dispatch, Chicago Journal, Milwaukee Sentinel, Louisville Post, Louisville Commercial, Columbus Dispatch, Florida Times-Union.	1425 Pennsylvania av	1545 T street, N.W.
Ayres, E. W	Kansas City Times	1424 New York av	1227 M street, N. W.
Barrett, W. E	Boston Advertiser	511 Fourteenth street	1309 L street, N. W.
Barry, David S	Detroit Post	1209 I street	1209 I street, N. W.
Bickford, F. T	Associated Press	Corcoran Building	1912 Fifteenth street.
Boyle, John	The United Press	515 Fourteenth street	1454 Corcoran street.
Boynton, Charles A	Western Associated Press	Corcoran Building	1113 Seventeenth st.
Boynton, H. V	Cincinnati Commercial-Gazette.	511 Fourteenth street	1321 R street, N. W.
Brady, E. W	Indianapolis Sentinel	511 Ninth street, N.W.	501 Thirteenth street.
Brennan, Joseph T	Boston Globe	1420 New York av	1813 Twelfth st., N.W.
Brennan, Thomas J	Associated Press	Corcoran Building	1303 V street, N. W.
Burhans, W. W	The United Press	515 Fourteenth street	1416 S street, N. W.
Burton, A. C	Brooklyn Eagle	1424 New York av	612 Fourteenth street.
Carpenter, Frank G	Cleveland Leader	1427 F street, N. W	1321 F street, N. W.
Carson, John M	Philadelphia Ledger, Chicago Inter-Ocean, New York Commercial Bulletin.	513 Fourteenth street.	1708 L street, N W.
Clark, S. N	New York Tribune	1322 F street, N. W	918 H street, N. W.
Clarke, A. J	Associated Press	Corcoran Building	1310 T street, N. W.
Clarke, H. Conquest	The United Press	515 Fourteenth street	1309 Fourteenth street.
Cracraft, J. V	Pittsburgh Chronicle, Telegraph, Pittsburgh Post.		1325 F street.
Crawford, Frederick C.	Pittsburgh Commercial Gazette, New York Morning Journal, Detroit News.	1326 New York av	1326 New York av.
Crawford, T. C	New York World	1515 H streot	28 Grant Place.
Cunningham, A	Baltimore Herald	Tenth and D sts., N.W.	The Metropolitan.
Davis, Eugene	Associated Press	Corcoran Building	106 C street, N. E.
De Graw, P. V	The United Press	515 Fourteenth street	9 Fifth street, S. E.
De Puy, Frank A	New York Times	515 Fourteenth street.	1457 S street, N. W.
De Witte, Henry	National Republican	Tenth and D sts., N.W	406 Second street.
Dingley, Edward N	Lewiston (Maine) Journal	Hamilton House	Hamilton House.
Dobson, William B	Toledo Evening Post, Toledo Evening Bee, Bowling Green Democrat.	Meyer's Hotel	Meyer's Hotel.
Dunnell, E. G	New York Times	515 Fourteenth street	1332 Riggs street.
Earlie, George E	Omaha Herald, Milwaukee Daily Wisconsin.	1427 F street, N. W	920 Fourteenth street.
Eickhoff, Anthony	New York Staats-Zeitung	Meyer's Hotel	Meyer's Hotel.
Elliot, Henry R	Philadelphia Evening Telegraph.		1305 R street, N. W.
Ferris, F. P	Washington Evening Star	1101 Pennsylvania av	1901 Q street, N.W.
Fleming, Edwin	St. Louis Republican, Detroit Free Press, Buffalo Courier.	511 Fourteenth street	806 Twelfth street.
Gilliland, George	Cincinnati Enquirer	1420 Pennsylvania av	920 N. Y. avenue.
Gilman, W. S	Richmond Daily Dispatch	Metropolitan Hotel	Metropolitan Hotel.
Guthridge, Jules	Chicago Daily News	1420 New York av	1420 New York av.
Hamilton, Charles A	Buffalo Express, Utica Herald, Minneapolis Tribune.	1420 Pennsylvania av	500 Maple avenue, Le Droit Park.
Handy, F. A. G	Chicago Times	1424 New York av	1314 G street, N. W.
Harris, Cicero W	Charlotte (N. C.) Observer	1507 Vermont av	1507 Vermont av.
Hatton, O. C	Associated Press	Corcoran Building	1607 Fifteenth street.
Hayes, Charles J	Associated Press	Corcoran Building	110 C street, S. E.
Heath, P. S	United Press, Indianapolis Journal, Toledo Commercial Telegram, Ohio State Journal, Pittsburg Leader.	501 Thirteenth street	Ebbitt House.
Hinman, W. F	Cleveland Herald	513 Fourteenth street	1826 Sixteenth street.
Hodges, Fletcher	Washington Evening Critic	511 Ninth street	1409 Rhode Island av.
Hood, E. M	Associated Press	Corcoran Building	221 Twelfth st., S. W.
Hudson, Edmund	Boston Herald	1420 Pennsylvania av	134 Pa. av., S. E.
Johns, H. T	Saint Paul Dispatch		936 R street, N. W.
Keim, De B. Randolph	Harrisburg (Pa.) elegraph		607 M street.
Kennan, George	Associated Press	Corcoran Building	1318 Massachusetts av.
Ketcham, C. B	Associated Press	Corcoran Building	1212 Fifteenth st., S.W.
Kirby, Thomas B	N. Y. Journal of Commerce	1424 New York av	811 E street, N. W.
Larner, R. M	Charleston News and Courier, Baltimore Sun.	1314 F street, N. W	1224 New York av.
Lightner, E. W	Philadelphia Times, Pittsburg Dispatch.	515 Fourteenth street	1637 Nineteenth street.
Lyman, A. W	New York Sun	1420 New York av	1530 Fifteenth st., N.W
MacBride, W. C	Cincinnati Enquirer	1420 Pennsylvania av.	1504 Q street, N. W.

Members of the Press who are entitled to admission to the Reporters' Galleries—Continued.

Name.	Papers represented.	Office.	Residence.
McCarthy, Helena	San Francisco Chronicle	915 Fifteenth st., N. W.	915 Fifteenth st., N. W
McCarthy, J. B	Hartford Times, San Francisco Chronicle.	1314 F street, N. W	248 Third street, N. W.
Macfarland, H. B. F.	Boston Herald, Philadelphia Record, Savannah News.	1420 Pennsylvania av.	1727 F street, N. W.
McKee, David R	Agent Associated Press	Corcoran Building	1753 Rhode Island av.
Martin, George	Pittsburg Times		
Miller, John P	Washington Evening Star	1101 Pennsylvania av.	1723 De Sales st., N. W.
Moore, F. A	Nashua, N. H., Telegraph	317 East Capitol street.	317 East Capitol street.
Mudd, A. J	Associated Press	Corcoran Building	1413 Rhode Island av.
Murray, Charles T.	Philadelphia Times, Pittsburg Dispatch.	515 Fourteenth street.	1343 Fifteenth street.
Nelson, Henry L	Boston Post, Brooklyn Union.		1744 N street, N. W.
Noah, J. J	New York Star	1424 New York av	1415 Q street.
Nordhoff, Charles	New York Herald	701 Fifteenth st., N. W.	
Nowlin, A. W. C	Danville Register	4 I street, N. W	4 I street, N. W.
Ogden, C. M	Philadelphia Press	1420 New York av	1537 Fourteenth street.
Pagaud, Joseph S	Portsmouth Daily Times		76 Harlem av., Balto.
Painter, U. H	Philadelphia Inquirer	1420 Pennsylvania av.	900 Fourteenth street.
Parsons, William	Washington Post	Tenth & D sts., N. W.	1019 East Capitol st.
Poore, Ben: Perley	Providence Journal	Ebbitt House	Ebbitt House.
Powers, Fred. Perry	Chicago Times	1424 New York av	1328 I street, N. W.
Preston, Herbert A	New York Herald	701 Fifteenth st., N. W.	1908 Fifteenth street.
Ramsdell, H. J	Philadelphia Press		2013 Q street, N. W.
Randall, James R	Augusta (Ga.) Chronicle	412 Sixth street, N. W.	412 Sixth street, N. W.
Richardson, F. A	Baltimore Sun	1314 F street, N. W	1308 Vermont av.
Richardson, F. H	Atlanta Constitution	Metropolitan Hotel	Metropolitan Hotel.
Ringwalt, William E	Evening Critic, United Press, Minneapolis Evening Journal, Atlanta Eve. Journal.	511 Ninth st., N. W	1007 G street, N. W.
Seckendorff, M. G	New York Tribune	1322 F street	411 Fourth st., N. W.
Shaw, William B	Boston Transcript	Riggs House Annex	Riggs House Annex.
Snowden, Harold	Alexandria (Va.) Gazette	Alexandria, Va	Alexandria, Va.
Stealey, O. O	Louisville Courier-Journal	603 Fourteenth street.	1124 Connecticut av.
Stevens, Walter B	Saint Louis Globe-Democrat	515 Fourteenth st	515 Fourteenth street.
Sylvester, Richard H	Washington Post	Cor. Tenth and D sts.	422 Fifth street, N. W.
Talcott, A. B	The United Press	515 Fourteenth street.	15 Fourth street, N. W.
Towle, Charles F	Boston Traveller, New York Telegram.	1424 New York av	1330 I street, N. W.
Truesdall, J. A	Pioneer Press	513 Fourteenth street.	1310 Twenty-second st.
Trusdell, Frank H	Baltimore American	1425 Pennsylvania av.	1913 I street, N. W.
Walker, George H	Cleveland Leader	1427 F street, N. W	810 Twentieth street.
Walker, Lucien	Montgomery (Ala.) Advertiser	Metropolitan Hotel	Metropolitan Hotel.
Washington, L. Q	New Orleans Picayune	1420 Pennsylvania av.	1107 Ninth st., N. W.
Weightman, R	New Orleans Times-Democrat	603 Fourteenth street.	1415 G street, N. W.
West, H. H	Washington Post	Cor. Tenth and D sts.	111 E street, N. W.
Wight, E. B	Chicago Tribune, Boston Journal.	1312 F street, N. W	1312 F street, N. W.
Wynne, Robert J	Cincinnati Commercial Gazette.	511 Fourteenth street.	714 Q street, N. W.
Young, James R	Philadelphia Evening Star		1506 Q street, N. W.

S. V. Noyes, Doorkeeper Senate Press Gallery, residence, 721 First street.
C. H. Mann, Doorkeeper House Press Gallery, residence, 474 Pennsylvania avenue.

THE WASHINGTON PRESS.

The Army and Navy Register, published weekly at 1420 Pennsylvania avenue.
The Capital, published every Sunday morning at 1420 Pennsylvania avenue.
The Chronicle, published every Sunday morning at 432 Ninth street, N. W.
The Commercial, published weekly at the corner of Ninth and G streets.
The Craftsman, published every Saturday morning at 608 D street, N. W.
The Critic, published every afternoon, except Sunday, at 511 Ninth street, N. W.
The Gazette, published every Sunday morning at 931 D street.
The Gazette of the Patent-Office, published every Tuesday at the Patent-Office.
The Hatchet, published every Sunday morning at 511 Ninth street.
The Herald and National Intelligencer, published every Sunday morning at 409 Tenth street.
The Law Reporter, published every Tuesday morning at 631 F street.
The Mechanics' (I. O. M.) Advocate, published monthly at 617 Massachusetts avenue, N. W.
The National Era, published every Saturday at the corner of Eleventh and P streets.
The National Republican, published every morning, except Sundays, at the corner of Tenth and D sts.
The National Tribune, published weekly.
The National View, published weekly at 903 Pennsylvania avenue.
The Post, published every morning at the corner of Tenth and D streets.
The Pilgrim Press, published monthly at 529 Seventh street.
The Republic, published every Sunday morning at 908 Pennsylvania avenue.
The Scientific Record, published at 604 F street, N. W.
The Sentinel, published every Saturday at 516 Tenth street, N. W.
The Star, published every afternoon, except Sundays, at 1101 Pennsylvania avenue.
The Temperance Anvil, published every Saturday at 934 F street.
The Times, published weekly at
The United States Gazette, published monthly at 719 Market space.
The Vedette, published monthly at 339 Pennsylvania avenue.
The Volks Tribun, published every Saturday at 516 Tenth street.
The Washington Journal (German), published daily at the corner of Seventh and D streets.

THE EXECUTIVE.

EXECUTIVE MANSION.

President of the United States.—CHESTER A. ARTHUR, Executive Mansion.
Private Secretary.—Fred. J. Phillips, 1708 H street, N. W.
Assistant Private Secretary.—O. L. Pruden, 317 Eleventh street, S. W.
Executive Clerks.—William H. Crook, 809 Twelfth street, N. W.
Charles M. Hendley, 1223 Tenth street, N. W.
U. S. District Marshal.—Clayton McMichael, 918 Farragut Square.
Commissioner of Public Buildings.—Col. A. F. Rockwell, 1517 L street, N. W.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

Secretary of State.—FREDERICK T. FRELINGHUYSEN, 1731 I street.
Assistant Secretary.—John Davis, 1211 Connecticut avenue, N. W.
Second Assistant Secretary.—William Hunter, 3327 N street, West Washington.
Third Assistant Secretary.—Alvey A. Adee, 1019 Fifteenth street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—Sevellon A. Brown, 1500 Thirteenth street, Iowa Circle.
Chief of the Diplomatic Bureau.—W. H. Edwards, 1831 F street.
Chief of the Consular Bureau.—F. O. St. Clair, 1428 Rhode Island avenue.
Chief of the Bureau of Archives and Indexes.—John H. Haswell, 1219 O street.
Chief of the Bureau of Accounts.—Francis J. Kieckhoefer, 1505 Vermont avenue.
Chief of the Bureau of Statistics.—Michael Scanlan, 1459 Corcoran street.
Chief of the Bureau of Rolls and Library.—Theodore F. Dwight, 229 New Jersey ave., S. E.
Passport Clerk.—N. Benedict, 1623 Q street.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

Secretary of the Treasury.—HUGH MCCULLOCH, 912 Fifteenth street, N. W.
Assistant Secretary.—Charles E. Coon, 1638 Rhode Island avenue
Assistant Secretary.—Henry F. French, 137 East Capitol street.
Chief Clerk.—Theo. F. Swayze, 313 Delaware avenue.
Appointment Division.—Chief, Constant S. Trevitt, 1335 U street, N. W.
Warrant Division.—Chief, W. F. Maclennan, 1211 S street, N. W.
Public Moneys.—Chief, Eugene B. Daskam, 1425 R street, N. W.
Customs Division.—Chief, H. B. James, 1528 Sixteenth street.
Mercantile Marine and Internal Revenue Division.—Chief, Darius Lyman, 1 Grant Place.
Revenue Marine Division.—Chief, E. W. Clark, Woodley Road, N. W. of city.
Stationery Division.—Chief, A L. Sturtevant, Howard avenue, Mount Pleasant.
Loans and Currency Division.—Chief, William Fletcher, 515 M street, N. W.
Mail and Files Division.—Chief, S. A. Johnson, 1714 Fifteenth street, N. W.
Captured Property, Claims and Lands Division.—Chief, M. L. Noerr, Connecticut avenue, extended, N. W.
Supervising Special Agent of the Treasury Department.—L. G. Martin, Baltimore, Md.
Government Actuary.—E. B. Elliott, 1210 G street, N. W.
Disbursing Clerk.—George A. Bartlett, Park street, Mount Pleasant.
Disbursing Clerk.—Thomas J. Hobbs, 1622 H street.
Private Secretary to Secretary of the Treasury.—Frank Sperry, cor. Conn. ave. and Boundary.

SUPERVISING ARCHITECT'S OFFICE.

Supervising Architect.—M. E. Bell, 1338 Vermont avenue.
Chief Clerk.—H. G. Jacobs, 1218 O street, N. W.

BUREAU OF ENGRAVING AND PRINTING.

Chief of Bureau.—Truman N. Burrill, 905 Thirteenth street, N. W.
Assistant Chief.—Thomas J. Sullivan, 1530 Ninth street, N. W.
Accountant.—Edwin Lamasure, 216 Twelfth street, S. W.
Engraving Division.—Superintendent, George W. Casilear, 3019 N street, N. W.

OFFICE STEAMBOAT INSPECTION.

Supervising Inspector-General.—James A. Dumont, 216 A street, S. E.

BUREAU OF STATISTICS.

(Young's Building, 407 Fifteenth street, N. W.)

Chief of Bureau.—Joseph Nimmo, jr., 1831 F street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—J. N. Whitney, 1827 I street, N. W.
Examining Division.—Chief, E. J. Keferstein, 1509 Q street, N. W.
Compiling Division.—Chief, William Burchard, 513 Twelfth street, N. W.
Tonnage and Immigration Division.—Chief, B. T. Welch, 631 A street, N. E.
Miscellaneous Division.—Chief, P. Clendenin.
Stationery, Pay, and Property.—Chief, J. D. O'Connell, 508 Twelfth street, N. W.

LIFE-SAVING SERVICE.

General Superintendent.—S. I. Kimball, 511 Maple avenue, Le Droit Park.
Assistant General Superintendent.—W. D. O'Connor, 1015 O street, N. W.

FIRST COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE.

Comptroller.—William Lawrence, 1344 Vermont avenue.
Deputy.—Jonathan Tarbell, 907 New York avenue, N. W.
Judicial-Accounts Division.—James Auld, 815 Thirteenth street, N. W.
Foreign-Intercourse Division.—J. R. Garrison, 628 B street, S. W.
Internal-Revenue Division.—Silas C. Clarke, 501 Stanton Place, N. E.
Warrant Division.—S. Willard Saxton, Kenesaw street, Mount Pleasant.

SECOND COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE.

Comptroller.—William W. Upton, 1746 M street, N. W.
Deputy.—Jas. S. Delano, Howard avenue, Mount Pleasant.
Army Pay Division.—Jerome Lee, 2811 P street, N. W.
Navy Division.—Geo. H. French, 1701 T street, N. W.
Quartermasters' Division.—Benjamin S. Pike, 1812 K street, N. W.
Indian Division.—J. D. Terrill, 1334 Vermont avenue.
Miscellaneous Division.—Alfred Thomas, 2006 Fourteenth street, N. W.
Army Pension Division.—Wm. G. Green, Prince George's County, Maryland.

COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS.

Commissioner.—Henry C. Johnson, 1213 F street, N. W.
Deputy.—H. A. Lockwood, corner First and B streets, S. W.
Customs Division.—Chief, Albert Miller, 1625 Thirty-second street.
Bond Division.—Chief, B. F. Cutter, 1011 Eighth street, N. W.
Disbursing Officer's Division.—Chief, N. H. Thompson, 1307 Riggs street, N. W.
Division of Appointments and Refunds.—Chief, S. McDonald, 933 D street, N. W.
Stub Division.—Robert Johnston, 1611 Thirteenth street, N. W.

REGISTER OF THE TREASURY.

Register.—Blanche K. Bruce, 909 M street, N. W.
Assistant Register—W. P. Titcomb, 1402 Sixteenth street, N. W.
Coupon and Note Division.—Chief, Arthur Hendricks, 918 Fourteenth street, N. W.
Fractional Currency Division.—Chief, Charles Neale, 913 O street, N. W.
Loan Division.—Chief, H. Jenison, 416 B street, S. E.
Receipts and Expenditures Division.—Chief, J. H. Beatty, 128 Eleventh street, S. E.
Tonnage Division.—Chief, N. B. Walker, 1011 M street, N. W.
Disbursing Clerk.—E. S. Collamer, 132 Pennsylvania avenue, east.

FIRST AUDITOR.

Auditor.—Robert M. Reynolds, 1618 Sixteenth street, N. W., corner Corcoran.
Deputy.—Henry K. Leaver, 1528 Sixteenth street, N. W.
Customs Division.—Chief, Edie S. Pollock, 218 Fifth street, S. E.
Judiciary Division.—Chief, Thaddeus Sturgis, 221 Ninth street, S. W.
Public Debt Division.—Chief, John P. Bentley, 915 L street, N. W.
Warehouse and Bond Division.—Chief, A. F. McMillan, 1314 Thirteenth street, N. W.

SECOND AUDITOR.

(Winder's Building, west of War Department.)

Auditor.—Orange Ferriss, McPherson House, 1423 I street, N. W.
Deputy.—Henry C. Harmon, Howard avenue, Mount Pleasant, D. C.
Paymasters' Division.—Chief, Thomas C. Bailey, Georgetown, 3008 P street.

Bookkeepers' Division.—Chief, Thomas Rathbone, 218 Second street, N. E.
Indian Division.—Chief, Charles C. Snow, 1216 G street, N. W.
Pay and Bounty Division.—Chief, Henry A. Whallon, Arlington, Virginia.
Investigation of Frauds Division.—Chief, Francis H. Goodall, 914 P street, N. W.
Property Division.—Chief, Charles Lowell, 830 Twentieth street, N. W.
Ordnance, Medical and Miscellaneous Div.—Chief, F. H. Morgan, 1214 Sixth street, N. W.
Disbursing Clerk.—Henry L. Wilson, 1309 Riggs street, N. W.

THIRD AUDITOR.

Auditor.—Edwin W. Keightley, 119 Maryland avenue, N. E.
Deputy.—A. M. Gangewer, 2618 K street, N. W.
Bookkeepers' Division.—Chief, J. F. Jones, 1420 N street, N. W.
Quartermasters' Division.—Chief, J. C. Baxter, 640 A street, S. E.
Subsistence Division.—Chief, John R. Thompson, 741 Thirteenth street, N. W.
Pension Division.—Chief, Joseph B. Fowler, 125 Sixth street, N. E.
Claims Division.—Chief, W. S. Stetson, 1412 Sixth street, N. W.
Collection Division.—J. M. Vale, 20 Grant Place, N. W.
State Claims Division.—T. E. G. Pettengill, 1713 New York avenue, N. W.

FOURTH AUDITOR.

Auditor.—Charles Beardsley, 214 Fourth street, S. E.
Deputy.—Benj. P. Davis, Mount Pleasant, D. C.
Record and Prize Division.—Chief, B. P. Mimmack, 1411 Corcoran street.
Navy Agents' Division.—Chief, William F. Stidham, 1416 Rhode Island avenue, N. W.
Paymasters' Division.—Chief, Lewis K. Brown, 904 F street, N. E.
Pension Division.—Chief, Richard Goodhart, 124 Eleventh street, S. E.
Claim Division.—Chief, Robert Kearon, 614 M street, N. W.
Bookkeepers' Division.—F. C. Severance, 1727 T street, N. W.

FIFTH AUDITOR.

Auditor.—D. S. Alexander, 1306 R street, N. W.
Deputy.—J. B. Mann, 1010 Massachusetts avenue, N. W.
Internal-Revenue Collectors' Division.—Chief, R. B. Detrick, Knowles' Station, Md.
Miscellaneous Division.—Chief, Endicott King, 1318 Tenth street, N. W.
Diplomatic and Consular Division.—Chief, A. O. Latham, Mount Pleasant, D. C.

SIXTH AUDITOR.

Auditor.—R. F. Crowell, 495½ Pennsylvania avenue, N. W.
Deputy.—E. A. Clifford, 1225 New York avenue, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—Boone Chambers, 603 F street, N. W.
Disbursing Clerk.—Benjamin Lippincott, 1418 I street, N. W.
Collecting Division.—Chief, Zabina Ellis, 47 H street, N. W.
Stating Division.—Chief, W. H. Gunnison, 937 O street, N. W.
Examining Division.—Chief, Thomas E. Woods, 1516 Marion street, N. W.
Money-Order Division.—Chief, John Lynch, 510 I street, N. W.
Foreign Mail Division.—Chief, Robert S. Widdicombe, Lanham, Md.
Registering Division.—Chief, D. N. Burbank, 732 Thirteenth street, N. W.
Pay Division.—Chief, John B. Sleman, 922 P street, N. W.
Bookkeeping Division.—Chief, James T. Smith, 812 Twelfth street, N. W.

TREASURER OF THE UNITED STATES.

Treasurer.—A. U. Wyman, 1308 Corcoran street, N. W.
Assistant Treasurer.—E. O. Graves, 1700 Fourteenth street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—James F. Meline, Burnt Mills, Md.
Cashier.—J. W. Whelpley, 800 East Capitol street.
Assistant Cashier.—H. A. Whitney, 1222 Eleventh street, N. W.
Paying Teller.—E. R. True, 933 New York avenue, N. W.
Receiving Teller.—William H. Gibson, 2435 K street, N. W.
Assistant Teller.—James C. Poynton, 511 P street, N. W.
Assistant Teller.—A. R. Quaiffe, "The Portland."
Redemption Division.—Chief, Charles H. Davidge, 1324 Vermont avenue, N. W.
Loan Division.—Chief, Ferdinand Weiler, 1316 V street, N. W.
Accounts Division.—Chief, D. W. Harrington, near Alexandria, Va.
Division of Issues.—Chief, C. L. Jones, 1245 Twenty-ninth street, N. W.
National-Bank Division.—Chief, Jerome C. Burnett, 916 H street, N. W.
Principal Bookkeeper.—Sherman Platt, 1311 Fourteenth street, N. W.
Assistant Bookkeeper.—A. D. Johnston, 1332 V street, N. W.
National Bank Redemption Div.—Supt, T. E. Rogers, 406 Spruce street, Le Droit Park.

COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY.

oller.—Henry W. Cannon, 1323 K street, N. W.
Comptroller.—John S. Langworthy, 201 Maple avenue, Le Droit Park.
n of Reports..—Chief, W. K. McCoy, 1013 O street, N. W.
ption Division.—Chief, F. A. Miller, 2509 Pennsylvania avenue, N. W.
n of Issues—Chief, E. S. Peck, Mount Pleasant.
ization Division.—Chief, William B. Greene, 1627 P street, N. W.
Clerk.—J. W. Griffin, 1537 Fourteenth street, N. W.

COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE.

issioner.—Walter Evans, Hamilton House.
r.—H. C. Rogers, 1520 S street, N. W.
or.—Charles Chesley, 641 East Capitol street.
Clerk and Appointment Division.—William Somerville, 1503 T street, N. W.
Division.—Assistant Solicitor, William H. Armstrong, 1349 L street, N. W.
o Division.—Chief, Israel Kimball, 238 North Capitol street, N. E.
Division.—Chief, O. F. Dana, 1529 Rhode Island avenue.
Division.—Chief, Alex. H. Holt, 1015 K street, N. W.
nent Division.—Chief, C. A. Bates, 1016 T street, N. W.
n of Distilled Spirits.—Chief, T. A. Cushing, 605 F street, N. W.
n of Revenue Agents.—F. D. Sewall, 1516 Rhode Island avenue, N. W.

DIRECTOR OF THE MINT.

or of the Mint.—Horatio C. Burchard, Riggs House.
iner.—R. E. Preston, 53 K street, N. E.
ter of Bullion.—E. O. Leech, 1510 S street, N. W.
r.—Winfield P. Lawver, 1912 I street, N. W.
er.—Frank P. Gross, 1312 R street, N. W.

BUREAU OF NAVIGATION.

issioner of Navigation.—Jarvis Patten, 1114 Thirteenth street.
Deputy Commissioner.—Thomas B. Sanders, 1410 Tenth street.

LIGHT-HOUSE BOARD.

nan.—Vice-Admiral Stephen C. Rowan, U. S. N., Ebbitt House.
Secretary.—Commander Henry F. Picking, U. S. N., 1708 H street, N. W.
cer Secretary.—Maj. David Porter Heap, U. S. A., 1618 Rhode Island avenue.
Clerk.—Arnold B. Johnson, Le Droit Park.

UNITED STATES COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY.

(Coast and Geodetic Survey Building, south of the Capitol.)

ntendent.—J. E. Hilgard, 1709 Rhode Island avenue.
nt in Charge of Office.—C. O. Boutelle, 1513 Twentieth street, N. W.
graphic Inspector.—Commander Colby M. Chester, U. S. N., 1736 K street, N. W.
sing Agent.—William B. Morgan, 1330 Vermont avenue.

MARINE-HOSPITAL SERVICE.

(Supervising Surgeon-General's Office, 1421 G street, N. W.)

ising Surgeon-General.—John B. Hamilton, 9 B street, N. W., Capitol Square.
Purveying Division.—Surgeon Geo. W. Stoner, 1204 G street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—Fairfax Irwin, Passed Assistant Surgeon, 2131 K street, N W.

WAR DEPARTMENT.

ry of War.—ROBERT T. LINCOLN, 1326 Massachusetts avenue, N. W.
Clerk.—John Tweedale, 901 R street, N. W.
sing Clerk.—E. M. Lawton, 1143 Twenty-fourth street, N. W.
Division.—Chief, Samuel Hodgkins, 342 Pennsylvania avenue, N. W.
ondence Division.—Chief, Jay Stone, 1700 L street, N. W.
ition and Accounts Division.—Chief, L. W. Tolman, 914 East Capitol street.
e Secretary and Stenographer.—Charles S. Sweet, 1317 M street, N. W.
on Duty.—Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas F. Barr, Deputy Judge-Advocate-General, 1833 G street, N. W.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY.

Lieut. Gen. P. H. Sheridan, 1617 Rhode Island avenue.
Aids-de-Camp.—Lieut. Col. M. V. Sheridan, 1712 N street, N. W.
Lieut. Col. W. J. Volkmar, 1832 Jefferson Place.
Lieut. Col. J. F. Gregory, 1715 H street, N. W.
Capt. S. E. Blunt, 2023 Hillyer Place.

ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

Adjutant-General.—Brig. Gen. Richard C. Drum, 1516 K street, N. W.
Assistants.—Bvt. Brig. Gen. Chauncey McKeever, 1508 H street, N. W.
Bvt. Brig. Gen. George D. Ruggles, 1633 Massachusetts avenue.
Bvt. Brig. Gen. Oliver D. Greene, 1920 Sunderland Place.
Bvt. Lt. Col. S. N. Benjamin, 1828 I street, N. W.
Maj. Thomas Ward, 2003 I street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—R. P. Thian, 3311 N street, Georgetown.

INSPECTOR-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

Inspector-General.—Bvt. Maj. Gen. D. B. Sacket, 1725 I street, N. W.
Assistant Inspector-General.—Bvt. Maj. Gen. Absalom Baird, 1409 K street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—Warren H. Orcutt, 509 East Capitol street.

QUARTERMASTER'S DEPARTMENT.

Quartermaster-General.—Brig. Gen. S. B. Holabird, 1311 P street, N. W.
Assistants.—Bvt. Col. J. G. Chandler, 1320 F street, N. W.
Bvt. Brig. Gen. C. G. Sawtelle, 2819 P street, N. W.
Bvt. Brig. Gen. J. J. Dana, 1828 H street, N. W.
Bvt. Brig. Gen. B. C. Card, 1017 Fifteenth street, N. W.
Capt. John F. Rodgers, 1310 Sixteenth street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—J. Z. Dare, 1327 G street, N. W.
Depot Quartermaster and Office of National Cemeteries.—Bvt. Col. R. N. Batchelder, 1321 New York ave., N. W.

SUBSISTENCE DEPARTMENT.

(Offices, 17 Fifteen-and-a-half street.)

Commissary-General.—Brig. Gen. Robert Macfeely, 2015 I street, N. W.
Assistants.—Bvt. Col. Beekman Du Barry, 1826 H street, N. W.
Bvt. Lt. Col. J. H. Gilman, 1211 Rhode Island avenue.
Chief Clerk.—William A. De Caindry, 924 Nineteenth street, N. W.
Depot Commissary.—Capt. Wells Willard, 2911 P street, West Washington.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Surgeon-General.—Brig. Gen. Robert Murray, 1822 Jefferson Place, N. W.
Assistants.—Bvt. Lt. Col. John S. Billings, 3027 N street, Georgetown.
Bvt. Lt. Col. D. L. Huntington, 2117 G street, N. W.
Maj. Charles Smart, 2017 Hillyer Place.
Capt. B. F. Pope, 1309 Twentieth street, N. W.
Capt. Washington Matthews, 1736 P street, N. W.
Capt. J. O. Skinner, 1529 O street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—Samuel Ramsey, 2116 H street, N. W.
Chief Medical Purveyor.—Col. J. H. Baxter, 1504 H street, N. W.
Attending Surgeon.—Capt. R. M. O'Reilly, 1911 I street, N. W.
Assistant Surgeon.—P. F. Harvey, 1416 Q street, N. W.

PAY DEPARTMENT.

(Office, northwest corner of Pennsylvania avenue and Seventeenth street, N. W.)

Paymaster-General.—Brig. Gen. Wm. B. Rochester, 1320 Eighteenth street, N. W.
Assistant in charge of Bounties, &c.—Bvt. Lt. Col. A. B. Carey, 1606 K street N. W.
Assistants on Special Duty in Office.—Maj. J. R. Roche, 1328 G street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—Grafton D. Hanson, 1228 Massachusetts avenue, N. W.
Post Paymaster.—Maj. A. E. Bates, 1301 Eighteenth street, N. W.

CORPS OF ENGINEERS.

Chief of Engineers.—Bvt. Maj. Gen. John Newton, 1335 N street, N. W.
Assistants.—Bvt. Maj. Gen. John G. Parke, 16 Lafayette Square.
Bvt. Col. J. M. Wilson, 1141 Connecticut avenue.
Capt. Henry M. Adams, 1905 I street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—William J. Warren, 1234 Massachusetts avenue.
Secretary to Light-House Board.—Maj. D. P. Heap, Rhode Island avenue, N. W.
Bvt. Lt. Col. P. C. Hains, in charge of Potomac River improvements, 1824 Jefferson Place.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS.

(Office, 1700 Pennsylvania avenue.)

harge.—Col. A. F. Rockwell, 1517 L street, N. W.
f Clerk.—E. F. Concklin, 418 B street, S. E.
lic Gardener.—Geo. H. Brown, 1325 S street, N. W.

STATE, WAR, AND NAVY BUILDING AND WASHINGTON MONUMENT.

(Office, 612 Seventeenth street, N. W.)

harge.—Col. Thomas L. Casey, Corps of Engineers, 1419 K street, N. W.
istants: State, War, and Navy Building.—B. R. Green, 1738 N street, N. W.
Washington Monument.—Capt. G. W. Davis, 1209 Q street, N. W.
f Clerks.—Ed. Sutherland, 1418 S street, N. W.
James B. Dutton, Laurel, Md.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

f of Ordnance.—Brig. Gen. Stephen V. Benét, 1717 I street, N. W.
istants.—Lieut. Col. James M. Whittemore, 1216 Connecticut avenue.
Capt. Charles S. Smith, 19 Iowa Circle.
Capt. V. McNally, 510 E street, N. W.
f Clerk.—John J. Cook, 927 M street, N. W.

JUDGE-ADVOCATE-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

ge-Advocate-General.—Brig. Gen. D. G. Swaim, corner Kenesaw avenue and Fourteenth extended.
istant.—Col. G. N. Lieber, 1322 Eighteenth street, N. W.
f Clerk.—Joseph McDonald, 1117 Tenth street, N. W.

SIGNAL OFFICE.

f Signal Officer.—Bvt. Maj. Gen. William B. Hazen, 1601 K street, N. W.
istants.—Capt. Samuel M. Mills, 5th Art., 1810 N street, N. W.
First Lieut. Henry H. C. Dunwoody, 4th Art., 3012 Dunbarton street, West Washington.
Second Lieut. F. M. M. Beall, 1336 Riggs street.
First Lieut. A. W. Greely, 5th Cav., 1909 I street, N. W.
First Lieut. T. M. Woodruff, 5th Inf., 2020 Hillyer Place, N. W.
First Lieut. James Allen, 3d Cav., 1823 I street, N. W.
First Lieut. P. H. Ray, 8th Inf., 1722 Fifteenth street, N. W.
Second Lieut. B. M. Purcell, 2816 N street, N. W.
Second Lieut. J. S. Powell, Signal Corps, 17 Iowa Circle.
Second Lieut. Wm. A. Glassford, Signal Corps, 3039 Beall street, West Washington.
f Clerk.—Alexander Ashley, 2012 G street.

PUBLICATION OFFICE, WAR RECORDS.

harge.—Bvt. Lieut. Col. R. N. Scott, 1321 Q street, N. W.
duty.—Lieut. J. A. Buchanan, 1907 I street, N. W.
Lieut. Thomas T. Knox, 1908 Sunderland Place.
f Clerk.—John S. Moody, 901 Sixteenth street, N. W.
nt for the collection of Confederate records.—Marcus J. Wright, 2020 G street, N. W.

NAVY DEPARTMENT.

retary of the Navy.—WILLIAM E. CHANDLER, 1421 I street, N. W.
f Clerk.—John W. Hogg, 1133 Fourteenth street, N. W.
bursing Clerk.—F. H. Stickney, Hopeton, Seventh-street road.
istrar.—W. P. Moran, 2412 Pennsylvania avenue.
vate Secretary and Stenographer.—B. W. Hanna, 1320 Corcoran street, N. W.

BUREAU OF ORDNANCE (1ST FLOOR).

f of Bureau.—Commodore Montgomery Sicard, 1417 Massachusetts avenue, N. W.
f Clerk.—Thad. K. Sailer, 1101 Fifth street, N. W.
istant to Chief.—Commander Geo. W. Sumner, 1300 Rhode Island avenue.
utenant A. R. Couden, 1415 Twentieth street, N. W.
utenant B. H. Buckingham, 1708 H street, N. W.
utenant C. A. Bradbury, 1110 Sixteenth street, N. W.
utenant B. A. Fiske, 823 Vermont avenue, N. W.
ign P. R. Alger, 722 Thirteenth street, N. W.

BUREAU OF EQUIPMENT AND RECRUITING (1ST FLOOR).

Chief of Bureau.—Commodore W. S. Schley, 1734 K street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—S. Henriques, 2007 I street, N. W.
Lieutenant-Commander Chas. J. Train, U. S. N., 1642 Connecticut avenue.
Lieutenant N. R. Usher, 916 Sixteenth street, N. W.

BUREAU OF NAVIGATION (2D FLOOR).

Chief of Bureau.—Commodore John G. Walker, 1202 Eighteenth street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—L. Waldecker, 414 M street, N. W.
Special duty.—Commander W. B. Hoff, 1511 Twentieth street, N. W.
Assistant to Chief.—Commander B. H. McCalla, 2001 Massachusetts av., N. W.
Lieutenant-Commander Chas. H. Davis, 1705 Rhode Island avenue.
Lieutenant Raymond P. Rodgers, 1833 Jefferson Place.
Lieutenant J. A. Norris, 1423 Corcoran street, N. W.
Lieutenant J. S. Abbott, 1808 Sixteenth street, N. W.
Superintendent of Compasses.—Lieutenant-Commander T. A. Lyons, 1110 16th st., N. W.
Special duty, Compasses.—Lieutenant S. W. Diehl, 1223 New York avenue.
Lieutenant B. O. Scott, 1111 H street, N. W.

BUREAU OF YARDS AND DOCKS (3D FLOOR).

Chief of Bureau.—Rear-Admiral Edward T. Nichols, Ebbitt House.
Chief Clerk.—Augustus E. Merritt, 612 H street, N. W.

BUREAU OF PROVISIONS AND CLOTHING.

Chief of Bureau.—Paymaster-General Joseph Adams Smith, The Portland.
Chief Clerk.—John F. Denson, 491 Missouri avenue.
Paymaster.—J. Q. Barton, 1707 Pennsylvania avenue.

BUREAU OF STEAM-ENGINEERING (3D FLOOR).

Chief of Bureau.—Engineer-in-Chief, C. H. Loring, 1919 N street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—W. H. H. Smith, 2112 H street.
Assistant to Engineer-in-Chief.—W. H. Harris, Chief Engineer Bureau Steam Engineering, 1307 K street, N. W.
Chief Engineer.—Philip Inch, 114 C street, S. E.
Passed Assistant Engineers.—W. A. H. Allen, 219 Third street, N. W.
A. V. Zane, 1814 Sixteenth street, N. W.
A. F. Dixon, Bureau Steam Engineering, 1827 I street, N. W.
Stacy Potts, 1459 S street, N. W.
W. H. Nauman, Bureau Steam Engineering, 1825 I street, N.W.
Henry Herwig, 2121 K street, N. W.
Assistant Engineer.—T. F. Burgdorff, 1307 K street, N W.
S. H. Leonard, 722 Thirteenth street, N. W.
C. E. Rommell, 722 Thirteenth street, N. W.

BUREAU OF MEDICINE AND SURGERY.

(First floor, south wing.)

Chief of Bureau.—Surgeon-General F. M. Gunnell, 600 Twentieth street.
Assistant Chief of Bureau.—Wm. K. Van Reypen, 1021 Fifteenth street.
Chief Clerk.—Chas. T. Earle, 1708 F street, N. W.
Special duty.—Assistant Surgeon Thomas Owens, 1531 P street, N. W.

BUREAU OF CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR.

(First floor, centre wing.)

Chief of Bureau.—Chief Constructor T. D. Wilson, 1631 Sixteenth street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—Hugh Allen Goldsborough, 1916 G street, N. W.

OFFICE OF THE JUDGE-ADVOCATE-GENERAL.

(Second floor, centre wing, room 101.)

Judge-Advocate-General.—Colonel William B. Remey, United States Marine Corps, 1320 F street, N. W.
Lieutenant J. D. J. Kelley, Office Judge-Advocate, 1604 Nineteenth street, N. W.
Lieutenant S. C. Lemly, Office Judge-Advocate, 1914 I street, N. W.

SIGNAL OFFICE.

(Navy Department, second floor.)

ADMIRAL'S OFFICE.

(At his house.)

niral D. D. Porter, 1710 H street.
retary to the Admiral.—J. M. Alden, 1320 Nineteenth street, N. W.
'e to the Admiral.—Lieutenant Chas. E. Fox, 1757 N street, N. W.

NAUTICAL ALMANAC.

(Office, Navy Department, third floor.)

erintendent.—Professor Simon Newcomb, 1300 Vermont avenue.
utenant Chauncey Thomas, Assistant Superintendent, 1300 Vermont avenue.
utenant C. H. Amsden, Almanac Office.
istants.—E. J. Loomis, 1413 College Hill Terrace.
G. W. Hill, 318 Indiana avenue.
J. Morrison, 1516 S street, N. W.
S. J. Corrigan, 1340 Massachusetts avenue.

U. S. HYDROGRAPHIC OFFICE.

(Basement, Navy Department.)

Charge.—Commander John R. Bartlett, 1830 Jefferson Place, N. W.
istant to Officer in Charge.—Lieutenant G. L. Dyer, 1801 Q street, N. W.
vision of Notices and Archives.—Lieut.-Com. G. W. Pigman, 730 Twenty-first street, N. W.
Lieutenant S. L. Graham, 1829 Jefferson Place, N. W.
Lieutenant G. A. Merriam (in charge of archives), 2220 G street, N. W.
Lieutenant H. P. McIntosh, 416 Spruce street, Le Droit Park.
vision of Meteorology.—Lieutenant S. M. Ackley, 2016 Hillyer Place, N. W.
Lieutenant R. G. Davenport, 812 Eighteenth street, N. W.
Lieutenant R. F. Nicholson, 2108 G street, N. W.
Lieutenant E. B. Underwood, 1827 I street, N. W.
vision of Books.—Lieutenant N. W. Gillpatrick, 1341 L street, N. W.
Ensign John Gibson, McPherson House, cor. Fifteenth and I streets.
vision of H. O. Charts.—Lieutenant W. O. Sharrer, 2021 N street, N. W.
Lieutenant C. F. Emmerich, 1704 F street, N. W.
Lieutenant D. L. Wilson, 1418 Thirty-third street, N. W.
Lieutenant R. Hunt, 1466 Rhode Island avenue, N. W.
vision of B. A. Charts.—Lieutenant J. R. Selfridge, 1707 Rhode Island avenue.
Ensign Thomas Snowden, 1328 I street, N. W.
Ensign N. J. L. T. Halpine, 732 Twenty-first street.
vision of Plates and Printing.—Lieutenant L. E. Bixler, 1227 New York avenue, N. W.
vision of Draughtsmen and Engravers.—Ensign J. H. Fillmore, 927 Seventeenth st., N. W.

NAVAL ADVISORY BOARD.

(Navy Department, third floor.)

sident.—Rear-Admiral E. Simpson, 1709 M street, N. W.
Henry Steers, 10 East Thirty-eighth street, New York.
Chief Engineer A. Henderson, Woodley, near Georgetown.
Captain J. A. Howell, 1739 F street, N. W.
Lieutenant-Commander F. M. Barber, The Portland.
Naval Constructor F. L. Fernald, 1013 Fourteenth street.
retary.—Assistant Naval Constructor F. T. Bowles, 1823 Jefferson Place.
Passed Assistant Engineer C. R. Roelker, Georgetown.
Assistant Engineer H. P. Norton, 1827 Jefferson Place.

BOARD OF INSPECTION AND SURVEY.

(Basement, Navy Department.)

sident.—Commodore J. C. P. DeKrafft, 1809 I street, N. W.
mber.—Captain D. L. Braine, 71 Second Place, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Medical Director George Peck, Elizabeth, N. J.
Chief Engineer J. W. Thomson, Camden, N. J.
Commander H. L. Howison, Woodley, D. C.
Naval Constructor Philip Hichborn, Navy-Yard, Washington.
corder.—Lieutenant J. S. Abbott, 1808 Sixteenth street, N. W.

OFFICE OF NAVAL INTELLIGENCE.

(Navy Department, fourth floor.)

charge.—Lieutenant T. B. M. Mason, 1606 Twentieth street, N. W.
utenant W. H. Beehler, 1416 K street, N. W.

Lieutenant W. H. Driggs, 1414 K street, N. W.
Lieutenant J. S. Abbott, 1808 Sixteenth street, N. W.
Lieutenant S. A. Stanton, 1708 H street, N. W.
Lieutenant J. C. Colwell, 1811 G street, N. W.
Lieutenant A. Sharp, 1416 K street, N. W.
Lieutenant T. M. Potts, 1751 P street, N. W.
Ensign W. I. Chambers, 1416 K street, N. W.
Ensign W. L. Rodgers, 1733 N street, N. W.
Passed Assistant Engineer J. P. S. Lawrence, 1508 H street, N. W.

LIBRARY AND WAR RECORDS.
(Navy Department, fourth floor.)

Professor J. R. Soley, 1834 Jefferson Place.
Ensign E. W. Sutphen, 1308 I street, N. W.

MUSEUM OF HYGIENE.
(Corner of Eighteenth and G streets.)

Medical Director J. M. Browne, The Portland.
Surgeon C. H. White, 812 Eighteenth street, N. W.

NAVAL DISPENSARY.
(Corner of Eighteenth and G streets.)

Medical Inspector N. L. Bates, special duty, The Ebbitt.
Passed Assistant Surgeon C. G. Herndon, special duty, 1706 G street, N. W.

OFFICERS ON SPECIAL DUTY, SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION.

Passed Assistant Surgeon H. G. Beyer, 2013 Hillyer Place.
Ensigns H. M. Witzell, O. G. Dodge, C. H. Harlow, H. G. Dresel, and W. E. Safford.

NAVAL EXAMINING BOARD.
(Room No. 2, basement.)

Commodore L. A. Kimberly, 227 East Capitol street.
Commodore B. Gherardi, 1341 New Hampshire avenue.
Captain D. B. Harmony, The Portland.

NAVAL RETIRING BOARD.
(Room No. 32, basement.)

Rear-Admiral J. L. Worden, 1428 K street, N. W.
Commodore L. A. Kimberly, 1755 P street, N. W.
Captain D. B. Harmony, The Portland.

NAVAL EXAMINING AND RETIRING BOARDS.
(Room No. 32, basement.)

Medical Director Thos. Turner, 1304 Rhode Island avenue.
Medical Director W. T. Hord, 3502 T street, N. W.

STATE, WAR, AND NAVY DEPARTMENT BUILDING.
(Superintendent's room, No. 141, third floor.)

Superintendent.—Henry L. Snyder, Chief Engineer, U. S. N., 1326 Nineteenth street, N. W
Assistant to Superintendent.—W. B. Bayley, Passed Asst. Eng., U. S. N., 1708 H street, N. W
Clerk.—George W. Rouzer, 1114 Thirteenth street, N. W.

NAVY PAY OFFICE.
(Corner Fifteenth street and New York avenue.)

Pay Director.—Thos. H. Looker, 1312 Thirtieth street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—F. N. Walker, 1607 Sixteenth street, N. W.

NAVAL OBSERVATORY.
(Twenty-fourth and E streets, N. W.)

Superintendent.—Rear-Admiral S. R. Franklin, 1222 Connecticut avenue.
Assistant to Superintendent.—Commander Allan D. Brown, at the Observatory.
Lieutenant E. C. Pendleton, 1752 M street.
Lieutenant Charles C Cornwell, 1635 Connecticut avenue.
Lieutenant C. G. Bowman, 1816 Sixteenth street.
Lieutenant John Garvin, 235 New Jersey avenue, S. E.
Lieutenant J. C. Wilson, 902 Fourteenth street, N. W.
Lieutenant L. L. Reamey, 1305 F street, N. W.
Lieutenant W. H. Allen, 1416 K street, N. W.
Ensign William S. Hogg, 1133 Fourteenth street, N. W.
Ensign A. G. Winterhalter, 118 C street, S. E.

n Hiero Taylor, 1004 North Carolina avenue, S. E.
Hoogewerff, Baltimore (P. O. box 727).
ssor Asaph Hall, 2715 N street.
ssor William Harkness, 1415 G street.
ssor J. R. Eastman, 1823 I street, N. W.
ssor Edgar Frisby, 3006 P street.
ssor S. J. Brown, 2133 K street, N. W.
ant Astronomers.—A. N. Skinner, 932 O street.
William C. Winlock, 723 Twentieth street.
H. M. Paul, 109 First street, N. E.
.—Thomas Harrison, 2723 N street.

HEADQUARTERS U. S. MARINE CORPS.
(Eighth street, S. E.)

el Commandant.—Charles G. McCawley, headquarters.
'ant and Inspector.—Major Aug. S. Nicholson, 1718 N street, N. W.
termaster.—Major Wm. B. Slack, 714 Eighteenth street, N. W.
aster.—Major Green Clay Goodloe, headquarters.

MARINE BARRACKS, WASHINGTON, D. C.
(Eighth street, S. E.)

r George Porter Houston, 729 Eighteenth street, N. W.
in William S. Muse, Marine Barracks.
id Lieutenant James A. Turner, Marine Barracks.
on Robert A. Marmion, U. S. N., 1416 Q street, N. W.

NAVY-YARD, WASHINGTON.

nodore Alexander A. Semmes, Navy-Yard.
in R. R. Wallace, Navy-Yard.
Engineer Charles H. Baker, Navy-Yard,
nspector Richard Washington, 1604 K street, N. W.
nspector James Hoy, 1213 Connecticut avenue, N. W.
nander Geo. C. Remey, Navy-Yard.
nander J. H. Sands, 3017 O street, Georgetown.
nander C. F. Goodrich, Navy-Yard.
l Constructor P. Hichborn, Navy-Yard.
Engineer A. G. Menocal, Navy-Yard.
Engineer David Smith, 1330 Corcoran street, N. W.
Engineer John Lowe, 235 First street, S. E.
on D. McMurtrie, Navy-Yard.
enant Commander Louis Kingsley, 1416 K street, N. W.
d Assistant Engineer Geo. W. Roche, 220 Third street, S. E.
enant Frank Courtis, 1715 H street, N. W.
enant Wm. W. Reisinger, Bellevue Magazine.
enant Albion V. Wadhams, 1125 Fourteenth street, N. W.
enant Giles B. Harber, 902 Fourteenth street, N. W.
enant C. J. Badger, 809 Fourteenth street, N. W.
lain H. H. Clark, 823 Vermont avenue, N. W.
d Assistant Surgeon Jas. H. Gaines, Naval Hospital.
d Assistant Surgeon J. C. Boyd, Ebbitt House.
n T. S. Rodgers, 1721 I street, N. W.
tant Engineer Joseph L. Wood, 3 Grant Place, N. W.
wain Charles E. Hawkins, 1015 G street, N. W.
er George Fouse, 906 Pennsylvania avenue, S. E.
er Samuel Cross, 711 E street, S. E.
er John J. Walsh, 1007 North Carolina avenue, S. E.
aker S. W. Boutwell, Navy-Yard.
Samuel F. Lomax, 634 F street, S. W.
J. A. H. Willmuth, Tenth street and Georgia avenue, S. E.
ne Guard.—Captain John H. Higbee, Navy-Yard.
First Lieutenant F. H. Harrington, Navy-Yard.
First Lieutenant B. R. Russell, Navy-Yard.
First Lieutenant Jesup Nicholson, Navy-Yard.

U. S. NAVAL HOSPITAL.
(Pennsylvania avenue, between Ninth and Tenth streets, S. E.)

al Director A. L. Gihon, in charge, 2019 Hillyer Place.
d Assistant Surgeon J. H. Gaines, Naval Hospital.

Lieutenant W. H. Driggs, 1414 K street, N. W.
Lieutenant J. S. Abbott, 1808 Sixteenth street, N. W.
Lieutenant S. A. Stanton, 1708 H street, N. W.
Lieutenant J. C. Colwell, 1811 G street, N. W.
Lieutenant A. Sharp, 1416 K street, N. W.
Lieutenant T. M. Potts, 1751 P street, N. W.
Ensign W. I. Chambers, 1416 K street, N. W.
Ensign W. L. Rodgers, 1733 N street, N. W.
Passed Assistant Engineer J. P. S. Lawrence, 1508 H street, N. W.

LIBRARY AND WAR RECORDS.
(Navy Department, fourth floor.)

Professor J. R. Soley, 1834 Jefferson Place.
Ensign E. W. Sutphen, 1308 I street, N. W.

MUSEUM OF HYGIENE.
(Corner of Eighteenth and G streets.)

Medical Director J. M. Browne, The Portland.
Surgeon C. H. White, 812 Eighteenth street, N. W.

NAVAL DISPENSARY.
(Corner of Eighteenth and G streets.)

Medical Inspector N. L. Bates, special duty, The Ebbitt.
Passed Assistant Surgeon C. G. Herndon, special duty, 1706 G street, N. W.

OFFICERS ON SPECIAL DUTY, SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION.

Passed Assistant Surgeon H. G. Beyer, 2013 Hillyer Place.
Ensigns H. M. Witzell, O. G. Dodge, C. H. Harlow, H. G. Dresel, and W. E. Safford.

NAVAL EXAMINING BOARD.
(Room No. 2, basement.)

Commodore L. A. Kimberly, 227 East Capitol street.
Commodore B. Gherardi, 1341 New Hampshire avenue.
Captain D. B. Harmony, The Portland.

NAVAL RETIRING BOARD.
(Room No. 32, basement.)

Rear-Admiral J. L. Worden, 1428 K street, N. W.
Commodore L. A. Kimberly, 1755 P street, N. W.
Captain D. B. Harmony, The Portland.

NAVAL EXAMINING AND RETIRING BOARDS.
(Room No. 32, basement.)

Medical Director Thos. Turner, 1304 Rhode Island avenue.
Medical Director W. T. Hord, 3502 T street, N. W.

STATE, WAR, AND NAVY DEPARTMENT BUILDING.
(Superintendent's room, No. 141, third floor.)

Superintendent.—Henry L. Snyder, Chief Engineer, U. S. N., 1326 Nineteenth street, N.
Assistant to Superintendent.—W. B. Bayley, Passed Asst. Eng., U. S. N., 1708 H street, N.
Clerk.—George W. Rouzer, 1114 Thirteenth street, N. W.

NAVY PAY OFFICE.
(Corner Fifteenth street and New York avenue.)

Pay Director.—Thos. H. Looker, 1312 Thirtieth street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—F. N. Walker, 1607 Sixteenth street, N. W.

NAVAL OBSERVATORY.
(Twenty-fourth and E streets, N. W.)

Superintendent.—Rear-Admiral S. R. Franklin, 1222 Connecticut avenue.
Assistant to Superintendent.—Commander Allan D. Brown, at the Observatory.
Lieutenant E. C. Pendleton, 1752 M street.
Lieutenant Charles C. Cornwell, 1635 Connecticut avenue.
Lieutenant C. G. Bowman, 1816 Sixteenth street.
Lieutenant John Garvin, 235 New Jersey avenue, S. E.
Lieutenant J. C. Wilson, 902 Fourteenth street, N. W.
Lieutenant L. L. Reamey, 1305 F street, N. W.
Lieutenant W. H. Allen, 1416 K street, N. W.
Ensign William S. Hogg, 1133 Fourteenth street, N. W.
Ensign A. G. Winterhalter, 118 C street, S. E.

Hiero Taylor, 1004 North Carolina avenue, S. E.
oogewerff, Baltimore (P. O. box 727).
or Asaph Hall, 2715 N street.
or William Harkness, 1415 G street.
or J. R. Eastman, 1823 I street, N. W.
or Edgar Frisby, 3006 P street.
or S. J. Brown, 2133 K street, N. W.
t Astronomers.—A. N. Skinner, 932 O street.
William C. Winlock, 723 Twentieth street.
H. M. Paul, 109 First street, N. E.
-Thomas Harrison, 2723 N street.

HEADQUARTERS U. S. MARINE CORPS.
(Eighth street, S. E.)

Commandant.—Charles G. McCawley, headquarters.
t and Inspector.—Major Aug. S. Nicholson, 1718 N street, N. W.
rmaster.—Major Wm. B. Slack, 714 Eighteenth street, N. W.
ter.—Major Green Clay Goodloe, headquarters.

MARINE BARRACKS, WASHINGTON, D. C.
(Eighth street, S. E.)

George Porter Houston, 729 Eighteenth street, N. W.
William S. Muse, Marine Barracks.
Lieutenant James A. Turner, Marine Barracks.
Robert A. Marmion, U. S. N., 1416 Q street, N. W.

NAVY-YARD, WASHINGTON.

dore Alexander A. Semmes, Navy-Yard.
R. R. Wallace, Navy-Yard.
Engineer Charles H. Baker, Navy-Yard,
pector Richard Washington, 1604 K street, N. W.
pector James Hoy, 1213 Connecticut avenue, N. W.
nder Geo. C. Remey, Navy-Yard.
nder J. H. Sands, 3017 O street, Georgetown.
nder C. F. Goodrich, Navy-Yard.
Constructor P. Hichborn, Navy-Yard.
ngineer A. G. Menocal, Navy-Yard.
Engineer David Smith, 1330 Corcoran street, N. W.
Engineer John Lowe, 235 First street, S. E.
n D. McMurtrie, Navy-Yard.
ant Commander Louis Kingsley, 1416 K street, N. W.
Assistant Engineer Geo. W. Roche, 220 Third street, S. E.
ant Frank Courtis, 1715 H street, N. W.
ant Wm. W. Reisinger, Bellevue Magazine.
ant Albion V. Wadhams, 1125 Fourteenth street, N. W.
ant Giles B. Harber, 902 Fourteenth street, N. W.
ant C. J. Badger, 809 Fourteenth street, N. W.
in H. H. Clark, 823 Vermont avenue, N. W.
Assistant Surgeon Jas. H. Gaines, Naval Hospital.
Assistant Surgeon J. C. Boyd, Ebbitt House.
T. S. Rodgers, 1721 I street, N. W.
nt Engineer Joseph L. Wood, 3 Grant Place, N. W.
ain Charles E. Hawkins, 1015 G street, N. W.
George Fouse, 906 Pennsylvania avenue, S. E.
Samuel Cross, 711 E street, S. E.
John J. Walsh, 1007 North Carolina avenue, S. E.
ker S. W. Boutwell, Navy-Yard.
amuel F. Lomax, 634 F street, S. W.
A. H. Willmuth, Tenth street and Georgia avenue, S. E.
Guard.—Captain John H. Higbee, Navy-Yard.
First Lieutenant F. H. Harrington, Navy-Yard.
First Lieutenant B. R. Russell, Navy-Yard.
First Lieutenant Jesup Nicholson, Navy-Yard.

U. S. NAVAL HOSPITAL.
(Pennsylvania avenue, between Ninth and Tenth streets, S. E.)

l Director A. L. Gihon, in charge, 2019 Hillyer Place.
Assistant Surgeon J. H. Gaines, Naval Hospital.

POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

OFFICE OF THE POSTMASTER-GENERAL.

Postmaster-General.—FRANK HATTON, 1204 Eighteenth street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—C. M. Walker, 804 Eleventh street, N. W.
Stenographer.—John B. Mivick, 1202 O street, N. W.
Law Clerk.—John A. Henry, 205 D street, N. W.
Appointment Clerk.—James A. Vose, 1009 Thirteenth street, N. W.
Superintendent and Disbursing Clerk.—Richard Devens, 825 Fourteenth street, N. W.
Chief Post-Office Inspector.—A. G. Sharp, 915 Twelfth street, N. W.
Topographer.—W. L. Nicholson, 1322 I street, N. W.
Chief of Division of Files and Records.—W. B. Slemons, 511 Third street, N. W.

OFFICE OF FIRST ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL.

First Assistant Postmaster-General.—John Schuyler Crosby, 1730 H street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—James H. Marr, sr., 1319 Eighth street, N. W.
Chief of Division of Post-Office Supplies.—D. W. Rhodes, 1428 Q street, N. W.
Division of Free Delivery.—Superintendent, Revere W. Gurley, 3055 Q street, Georgetown
Chief of Division of Appointments.—Edwin C. Fowler, 936 B street, S. W.
Principal Clerk Bonds and Commissions.—Thomas E. Roach, 809 L street, N. W.
Chief of Salary and Allowance Division.—Albert H. Scott, 1112 Eleventh street, N. W.

OFFICE OF SECOND ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL.

Second Assistant Postmaster-General.—William B. Thompson, 907 Thirteenth street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—G. M. Sweney, 717 Ninth street, N. W.
Superintendent Railway Adjustments.—Vacant.
Superintendent Railway Mail Service.—John Jameson, 515 Second street, N. W.
Inspection Division.—Chief Clerk, J. J. Crawford, 1008 Eleventh street, N. W.
Mail Equipment Division.—Principal Clerk, Henry L. Johnson, 227 Thirteenth st., S. W.

OFFICE OF THIRD ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL.

Third Assistant Postmaster-General.—Abraham D. Hazen, 629 G street, S. W.
Chief Clerk.—Madison Davis, 315 A street, S. E.
Finance Division.—George W. Wells, 306 H street, N. W.
Postage-stamp Division.—Chief, Moses Bradshaw, 1116 M street, N. W.
Registered Letter Division.—Principal Clerk, S. R. Strattan, 208 Sixth street, S. E.
Dead Letter Division.—Chief, E. J. Dallas, 1730 Fifteenth street, N. W.
Division of Files, Mails, &c.—Principal Clerk, E. S. Hall, 1701 Thirteenth street, N. W.
Postage-stamp Agent.—James C. Reed, New York City.
Postal Card Agent.—A. Tanner, Castleton, N. Y.
Stamped Envelope Agent.—Henry T. Sperry, Hartford, Conn.

OFFICE OF FOREIGN MAILS.

Superintendent.—James S. Crawford, 1225 N street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—N. M. Brooks, 227 Second street, S. E.

OFFICE OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF THE RAILWAY MAIL SERVICE.

General Superintendent.—
Assistant General Superintendent.—

OFFICE OF THE ASSISTANT ATTORNEY-GENERAL FOR THE POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Assistant Attorney-General.—Alfred A. Freeman, Falls Church, Va.

MONEY-ORDER OFFICE.

Superintendent of Money-Order System.—Charles F. Macdonald, 1343 L street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—David Haynes, 24 Grant Place, N. W.
Postal-Note Agent.—Frank Raymond, New York City.

INTERIOR DEPARTMENT.

Secretary of the Interior.—HENRY M. TELLER, 928 M street, N. W.
Assistant Secretary.—Merritt L. Joslyn, 816 Fifteenth street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—George M. Lockwood, 734 Seventeenth street, N. W.
Appointment Division.—Chief, James F. Hood, 1017 O street, N. W.
Disbursing Division.—Chief, George W. Evans, 918 Nineteenth street, N. W.
Lands and Railroads Division.—Chief, Zebulon B. Sturgus, 216 I street, N. W.
Indian Division.—Chief, Robert V. Belt, 1314 Tenth street, N. W.
Board of Pension Appeals.—Aaron Bradshaw, Highland Station, Prince George's County, Md.
Patents and Miscellaneous Division.—Chief, Edward M. Dawson, 1315 Corcoran street, N.W.
Stationery and Printing Division.—Chief, Amos Hadley, 1525 Eighth street, N. W.
Document Division.—Superintendent, John G. Ames, 1600 Thirteenth street, N. W.
Private Secretary.—Edwin P. Hanna, 719 Eighth street, N. W.
Custodian.—Charles W. Thompson, 1604 Seventh street, N. W.
Captain of the Watch.—Henry Filler, 210 Ninth street, N. W.

GENERAL LAND OFFICE.

Commissioner.—Noah C. McFarland, 1326 I street, N. W.
Assistant Commissioner.—Luther Harrison, 1002 O street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—J. Dempster Smith, 1838 Vermont avenue, N. W.
Law Clerks.—Harry C. St. John, Walsh's Hotel, corner Tenth and F streets, N. W.
John W. Le Barnes, 708 Thirteenth street, N. W.
Recorder.—Seth W. Clark, 1635 Thirteenth street, N. W.
Principal Clerk of the Public Lands.—M. E. N. Howell, 809 E street, N. W.
Principal Clerk on Private Land Claims.—William H. Walker, 1840 Vermont avenue.
Principal Clerk of the Surveys.—Oscar Hinrichs, 907 R street.
Railroad Division.—Chief, Willis J. Drummond, 803 O street, N. W.
Pre-emption Division.—Chief, Henry Howes, 125 Indiana avenue.
Swamp-Land Division.—Chief, Daniel T. Pierce, 1328 Eleventh street, N. W.
Accounts Division.—Chief, J. W. Donnelley, 901 T street, N. W.
Mineral Division.—Chief, Joseph Tyssowski, 1126 Twelfth street, N. W.
Special Service Division.—Chief, A. G. McKensie, 811 E street, N. W.
Draughting Division.—Chief, G. P. Strum, 1406 E street, N. W.
Receiving Clerk.—G. N. Whittington, 1004 Twenty-sixth street, N. W.

OFFICE OF INDIAN AFFAIRS.

(Second National Bank Building, Seventh street, near E, N. W.)

Commissioner.—Hiram Price, 1320 Vermont avenue.
Chief Clerk.—Ezra L. Stevens, 224 Maryland avenue, N. E.
Finance Division.—Chief, Edmund S. Woog, 1819 Linden street, Le Droit Park.
Accounts Division.—Chief, Samuel M. Yeatman, 207 Thirteenth street, S. W.
Land Division.—Chief, Charles A. Maxwell, 612 Q street, N. W.
Civilization Division.—Chief, Matthew Trimble, 614 Thirteenth street, N. W.
Records and Files Division.—Chief, George W. Terflinger, 338 First street, N. E.

PENSION OFFICE.

(Pennsylvania avenue, corner Twelfth street, northwest.)

Commissioner.—O. P. G. Clarke, 1629 Fourteenth street, N. W.
First Deputy Commissioner.—Calvin B. Walker, 1349 L street, N. W.
Second Deputy Commissioner.—N. P. Loveridge, 813 Twelfth street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—A. W. Fisher, 309 M street, N. W.
Assistant Chief Clerk.—Jos. W. Howell, 900 French street, N. W.
Medical Referee.—Dr. T. B. Hood, 1009 O street, N. W.
Assistant Medical Referee.—Dr. N. F. Graham, Falls Church, Va.
Law Clerk.—Bradford Rixford, 1112 G street, N. W.
Board of Review.—Chief, J. R. Van Mater, 1707 De Sales street, N. W.
Medical Division.—Medical Referee in charge.
Special Examination Division.—Chief, Estes G. Rathbone, The Hamilton, K and Fourteenth streets, N. W.

Old War and Navy Division.—Chief, W. H. Webster, northeast corner Eleventh and G streets, N. W.
Eastern Division.—Chief, Fred Mack, 624 A street, S. E.
Middle Division.—Chief, F. D. Stephenson, Herndon, Va.
Western Division.—Chief, J. M. Comstock, 1464 Rhode Island avenue, N. W.
Southern Division—Chief, L. E. Dickey, 912 P street, N. W.
Record Division.—Chief, W. T. Ford, 1100 Virginia avenue, S. W.
Certificate and Account Division.—Chief, Frank Moore, 1344 Rhode Island avenue, N. W.
Agents Division.—Chief, Charles F. Sawyer, 1804 G street, N. W.
Mail Division.—Chief, David L. Gitt, Rosemont, Harewood avenue, east Soldier's Home.
Miscellaneous Division.—Chief, Fred C. Peck, 1016 Sixth street, N. W.
Superintendent of Buildings.—John Dickerson, 712 F street, S. W.

PATENT OFFICE.

Commissioner.—Benjamin Butterworth, 1910 Harewood avenue, Le Droit Park.
Assistant Commissioner.—Robert G. Dyrenforth, 932 K street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—Schuyler Duryee, Falls Church, Va.
Examiners-in-chief.—R. L. B. Clarke, 216 New Jersey avenue, S. E.
H. H. Bates, The Portland.
R. J. Fisher, jr., 1915 Harewood avenue, Le Droit Park.
Examiner of Interferences.—Frank MacArthur, 1419 Fourteenth street, N. W.
Examiners:
Agricultural Implements.—O. C. Fox, Linden, Md.
Agricultural Products.—W. H. Blodgett, Washington Grove, Md.
Builders' Hardware and Surgery.—A. G: Wilkinson, 1526 K street, N. W.
Civil Engineering.—B. W. Pond, Falls Church, Va.
Chemical.—Thomas Antisell, 1311 Q street, N. W.
Calorifics.—Oscar Woodward, 3122 West P street.
Designs and Sewing-Machines.—P. B. Pierce, 204 E street, N. W.
Electricity—A.—Charles J. Kintner, 721 Twelfth street, N. W.
Electricity—B.—
Fine Arts, Apparel, and Advertising.—William Burke, 1426 Sixth street, N. W.
Fire Arms, Navigation, and Wood Working.—Malcolm Seaton, 1710 F street, N. W.
Gas, Metallurgy, Brewing, and Distillation.—B. R. Catlin, 1736 Thirteenth street, N. W.
Harvesters.—E. D. Boyd, 1312 Twelfth street, N. W.
Household Furniture.—J. H. Whitaker, 1435 Corcoran street, N. W.
Hydraulics.—Frank T. Brown, 1007 H street, N. W.
Land Conveyances.—H. P. Sanders, 635 I street, N. W.
Leather-working Machinery and Products.—J. P. Chapman, 1300 Tenth street, N W.
Mechanical Engineering.—A. Schœpf, Hyattsville, Md.
Metal Working.—J. W. Jayne, 1224 New York avenue, N. W.
Metal Working and Packing Vessels.—S. W. Stocking, 1114 G street, N. W.
Milling and Thrashing and Brakes and Gins.—Robert Mason, 1216 Ninth street, N. W.
Plastics, Oils, Fats, Sugar, Salt, Glass, etc.—B. S. Hedrick, 3321 N street, Georgetown.
Pneumatics.—Daniel B. Gallatin, 719 North Carolina avenue, S. E.
Printing, Bookbinding, and Paper Manufactures.—L. M. E. Cooke, 905 Fifth street, N. W.
Steam Engineering.—Francis Fowler, 1449 Q street, N. W.
Textiles.—William H. Appleton, 1012 Twelfth street, N. W.
Trade-marks and Instruments of Precision.—F. A. Seely, 905 M street, N. W.
Washing, Brushing, and Abrading.—Charles G. Gould, 932 P street, N. W.
Assignment Division.—Chief, Samuel Mulliken, 1729 H street, N. W.
Drafting Division.—Chief, M. Gardner, 909 T street, N. W.
Issue and Gazette Division.—Chief, J. W. Babson, 106 Eleventh street, S. E.
Financial Clerk.—Levi Bacon, 633 East Capitol street.
Librarian.—Weston Flint, 945 K street, N. W.

OFFICE OF EDUCATION.

(Northeast corner of Eighth and G streets, N. W.)

Commissioner.—John Eaton, 712 East Capitol street.
Chief Clerk.—William H. Gardiner, 29 Fifth street, N. E.

OFFICE OF COMMISSIONER OF RAILROADS.

(Northwest corner of Eighth and G streets, N. W.)

Commissioner.—William H. Armstrong, Arlington Hotel.
Book-keeper.—F. B. Pickerill, 1213 F. street, N. W.
Railroad Engineer.—Thomas Hassard, 1811 Thirteenth street, N. W.

OFFICE OF THE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY.

(Hooe Building, F street, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth, N. W.)

Director.—John W. Powell, 910 M street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—James C. Pilling, 918 M street, N. W.
Chief Disbursing Clerk.—John D. McChesney, 1611 Thirteenth street, N. W.

BUREAU OF LABOR.

(Kellogg Building, F street, between Fourteenth and Fifteenth, N. W.)

Commissioner.—Carroll D. Wright.
Chief Clerk.—Oren W. Weaver, 814 Thirteenth street, N. W.

CENSUS OFFICE.

(1214 F street, N. W.)

Superintendent.—Charles W. Seaton, 242 North Capitol street.
Chief Clerk.—Geo. W. Richards, 1604 Thirteenth street, N. W.

PENSION AGENCY.

(Room 15, Le Droit Building, F and Eighth streets, N. W.)

Pension Agent.—Sidney L. Willson.
Chief Clerk.—John O. Cole, 508 Fifth street, N. W.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

Attorney-General.—BENJAMIN HARRIS BREWSTER, 1025 Connecticut avenue.
Solicitor-General.—Samuel F. Phillips, 1119 K street, N. W.
Assistant Attorney-General.—Thomas Simons, 1406 L street, N. W.
Assistant Attorney-General.—William A. Maury, 1100 Vermont avenue.
Ass't Att. Gen. (*Dep. of the Interior.*)—Joseph K. McCammon, 1214 Fifteenth st., N. W.
Ass't Att. Gen. (*Post-Office Department.*)—A. A. Freeman, Falls Church, Va.
Solicitor of Internal Revenue (*Treasury Department.*)—Charles Chesley, 641 East Capitol st.
Examiner of Claims (*State Department.*)—Henry O'Connor, 1213 O street, N. W.
Law Clerk and Examiner of Titles.—A. J. Bentley, 1116 Ninth street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—Cecil Clay, 1626 Q street N. W.
General Agent.—James L. Stanton, 810 Eleventh street, N. W.
Appointment and Disbursing Clerk.—James M. Ewing, 912 H street, N. W.
Clerk of Pardons.—Alexander R. Boteler, Metropolitan Hotel.
Solicitor of the Treasury (*Treasury Department.*)—Henry S. Neal, 1015 L street, N. W.
Assistant Solicitor (*Treasury Department.*)—Joseph H. Robinson, 1317 Thirteenth st., N. W.
Chief Clerk Solicitor's Office (*Treasury Department.*)—Webster Elmes, 1720 F st., N. W.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

Commissioner of Agriculture.—GEORGE B. LORING, 1521 K street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—E. A. Carman, 1351 Q street, N. W.
Disbursing Clerk.—B. F. Fuller, 506 Maryland avenue, S. W.
Statistician.—J. R. Dodge, 1336 Vermont avenue.
Chief of the Veterinary Division.—Dr. D. E. Salmon, I street, near Thirteenth, N. W.
Entomologist.—C. V. Riley, 1700 Thirteenth street, N. W.
Botanist.—Dr. George Vasey, 1437 S street, N. W.
Chemist.—Harvey W. Wiley, 804 Tenth street, N. W.
Microscopist.—Thomas Taylor, 238 Massachusetts avenue, N. E.
Chief of the Forestry Bureau.—N. H. Egleston, 1313 M street, N. W.
Superintenden of Garden and Grounds.—William Saunders, 1605 Third street, N. W.
Librarian.—Mrs. E. H. Stevens, 2012 Hillyer avenue, N. W.
Superintendent of Seed Division.—A. T. Longley, 806 A street, N. E.

NATIONAL BOARD OF HEALTH.

(Office, 1410 G street, N. W.)

OFFICERS.

President.—JAMES L. CABELL, M. D., LL. D.
Vice-President.—Stephen Smith, M. D.
Secretary.—W. P. Dunwoody.

MEMBERS.

Preston H. Bailhache, M. D., U. S. M. H. S., Marine Hospital, Philadelphia, Pa.
James M. Browne, M. D., Medical Director, U. S. Navy, The Portland.
James L. Cabell, M. D., &c., University of Virginia.
Stanford E. Chaillé, M. D., &c., New Orleans, La.
William P. Dunwoody, 30 Grant Place, Washington, D. C.
Robert W. Mitchell, M. D., Memphis, Tenn.
Charles Smart, Major and Surgeon, U. S. Army, 2017 Hillyer avenue.
Thomas Simons, esq., Assistant Attorney-General, Department of Justice.
Stephen Smith, M. D., &c., 31 W. Forty-second street, New York City.
Tullio Verdi, M. D., &c., 815 Fourteenth street, N. W.
George E. Waring, jr., S. E., &c., Newport, R. I.

UNITED STATES CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

(Offices, Agricultural annex building.)

Commissioners.—Dorman B. Eaton, of New York, Wormley's.
John M. Gregory, of Illinois, 15 Grant Place.
Leroy D. Thoman, of Ohio, Willard's.
Chief Examiner.—Charles Lyman, of Connecticut, 423 M street, N. W.
Secretary.—Robert D. Graham, North Carolina, 901 Sixteenth street, N. W.
Stenographer.—John T. Doyle, 103 Four-and-a-half street, N. W.
Clerk.—Chas. Fred. Adams, of New York, 318 C street, N. W.
Messenger.—Matthew F. Halloran, 318 K street, N. E.

GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE.

Public Printer.—S. P. ROUNDS, Ebbitt House.
Chief Clerk.—Cadet Taylor, 2135 K street, N. W.
Clerk.—John Larcombe, 1817 H street, N. W.
Clerk.—W. H. Collins, 912 Pennsylvania avenue, S. E.
Clerk.—H. W. Rounds, 74 I street, N. W.
Clerk.—John F. Kelly, 454 M street, S. W.
Clerk.—H. H. Twombly, 103 I street, N. W.

PRINTING DEPARTMENT.

Foreman of Printing.—Henry T. Brian, 34 I street, N. W.
Assistant Foreman of Printing.—J. M. A. Spottswood, 66 I street, N. W.
Assistant Foreman.—D. W. Beach, Hyattsville, Md.
Assistant Foreman in charge of Treasury Branch.—P. Louis Rodier, 319 Twenty-second st.
Assistant Foreman in charge of Press-Room.—Albert B. Auer, 716 H street, N. E.
Assistant Foreman in charge of Executive Printing.—A. D. Brock, 929 F street, N. W.
Assistant Foreman in charge of Patent-Office Printing.—Wm. H. Miller, 632 K street, N. E.
Superintendent of Stereotype-Room.—Alexander Elliott, 508 I street, N. W.
Superintendent of Folding-Room.—Thomas B. Penicks, 618 L street, N. W.

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD.

In Charge.—Aven Pearson, Globe House, 1201 F street, N. W.
Clerk.—J. A. Powell, 526 Thirteenth street, N. W.

BINDING DEPARTMENT.

Foreman of Binding.—J. W. White, 16 I street, N. W.
Assistant Foreman.—John A. Perkins, 513 North Capitol street.
Assistant Foreman.—P. J. Byrne, 921 Third street, N. W.

DEPARTMENT DUTIES.

THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

THE SECRETARY OF STATE.

ecretary of State is charged, under the direction of the President, with the duties ap- g to correspondence with the public ministers and consuls of the United States, and representatives of foreign powers accredited to the United States; and to negotiations ver character relating to the foreign affairs of the United States. He is also the me- correspondence between the President and the chief executive of the several States of ed States; he has the custody of the great seal of the United States, and countersigns es such seal to all executive proclamations, to various commissions, and to warrants on, and the extradition of fugitives from justice. He is regarded as the first in rank he members of the Cabinet. He is also the custodian of the treaties made with for- es, and of the laws of the United States. He grants and issues passports, and exe- to foreign consuls in the United States are issued through his office. He publishes the l resolutions of Congress, amendments to the Constitution, and proclamations declaring ission of new States into the Union. He is also charged with certain annual reports ess relating to commercial information received from diplomatic and consular officers nited States.

THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE

the Acting Secretary of State in the absence of the Secretary. Under the organiza- he Department the Assistant Secretary, Second Assistant Secretary, and Third Assist- etary are respectively charged with the immediate supervision of all correspondence diplomatic and consular officers in the countries named in Divisions A, B, and C, of reaus, and of the miscellaneous correspondence relating thereto, and, in general, they usted with the preparation of the correspondence upon any questions arising in the f the public business that may be assigned to them by the Secretary.

THE CHIEF CLERK.

hief Clerk has the general supervision of the clerks and employés and of the business epartment.

BUREAU OF INDEXES AND ARCHIVES.

uty of opening the mails; preparing, registering, and indexing daily all correspond- and from the Department, both by subjects and persons; the preservation of the ar- answering calls of the Secretary, Assistant Secretaries, Chief Clerk, and chiefs of bureaus spondence, &c.

DIPLOMATIC BUREAU.

matic correspondence and miscellaneous correspondence relating thereto.
ion A.—Correspondence with France, Germany, and Great Britain, and miscellaneous ndence relating to those countries.
ion B.—Correspondence with Argentine Republic, Austria, Belgium, Brazil, Chili, k, Greece, Italy, Netherlands, Paraguay, Peru, Portugal, Russia, and Uruguay, and neous correspondence relating to those countries.
ion C.—Correspondence with Barbary States, Bolivia, Central America, Colombia, Ecuador, Egypt, Fiji Islands, Friendly and Navigator's Islands, Hawaiian Islands, apan, Liberia, Madagascar, Mexico, Muscat, San Domingo, Siam, Society Islands, Venezuela, and other countries, not assigned, and miscellaneous correspondence relat- ose countries.

CONSULAR BUREAU.

spondence with consulates, and miscellaneous correspondence relating thereto.
are three divisions, A, B, and C, with certain countries allotted to each, as in the atic Bureau.

BUREAU OF ACCOUNTS.

dy and disbursement of appropriations under direction of the Department; charged tody of indemnity funds and bonds; care of the building and property of the Depart-

ROLLS AND LIBRARY.

Custody of the rolls, treaties, &c.; promulgation of the laws, &c.; care and superintendence of the library and public documents; care of the revolutionary archives, and of papers relating to international commissions.

STATISTICS.

Preparation of the reports upon Commercial Relations.

EXAMINER OF CLAIMS.

[From the Department of Justice.]

The examination of questions of law and other matters submitted by the Secretary or the Assistant Secretary, and of all claims.

THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

The Secretary of the Treasury has charge of the national finances. He digests and prepares plans for the improvement and management of the revenue and support of the public credit; he superintends the collection of the revenue, and prescribes the forms of keeping and rendering all public accounts, and making returns; grants all warrants for money to be issued from the Treasury in pursuance of appropriations by law; makes report and gives information to either branch of Congress, as may be required, respecting all matters referred to him by the Senate or House of Representatives, and generally performs all such services relative to the finances as he is directed to perform; controls the erection of public buildings, the coinage and printing of money, the collection of commercial statistics, the marine hospitals, the revenue-cutter service, the life-saving service. Under his superintendence the Light-House Board discharges the duties relative to the construction, illumination, inspection, and superintendence of light-houses, light-vessels, beacons, buoys, sea-marks, and their appendages; makes provision for the payment of the public debt under enactments of Congress, and publishes statements concerning it, and submits to Congress, at the commencement of each session, estimates of the probable receipts, and of the required expenditures, for the ensuing fiscal year.

The routine work of the Secretary's office is transacted in the following offices: Division of Appointments; Division of Warrants, Estimates, and Appropriations; Division of Public Moneys; Division of Customs; Division of Internal Revenue and Navigation; Division of Loans and Currency; Division of Revenue Marine; Division of Stationery, Printing, and Blanks; Division of Special Agent; and two disbursing clerks pay the salaries and compensation of the officers and employés of the Department, and disburse upon the orders of the Secretary, such moneys as have been appropriated to be expended under the direction of the Department.

ASSISTANT SECRETARIES OF THE TREASURY.

One of the two Assistant Secretaries (now Hon. H. F. French) has the general supervision of all the work assigned to the Divisions of Customs, Special Agents, Revenue Marine, Internal Revenue and Navigation, and to the offices of Supervising Architect, General Superintendent Life-Saving Service, Supervising Surgeon-General of the Marine Hospital Service, Bureau of Statistics, and Supervising Inspector-General of Steamboats; the signing of all letters and papers as Assistant Secretary, or "by order of the Secretary," relating to the business of the foregoing divisions, that do not by law require the signature of the Secretary of the Treasury; the performance of such other duties as may be prescribed by the Secretary or by law.

The other Assistant Secretary (now Hon. Charles E. Coon) has the general supervision of all the work assigned to the Divisions of Appointments, Warrants, Estimates, and Appropriations, Public Moneys, Stationery, Printing and Blanks, Loans and Currency, Bureau of Engraving and Printing, and office of the Director of the Mint; signing of all letters and papers as Assistant Secretary, or "by order of the Secretary," relating to the business of the foregoing divisions and bureau, that do not by law require the signature of the Secretary of the Treasury; the performance of such other duties as may be prescribed by the Secretary or by law.

THE CHIEF CLERK.

The Chief Clerk supervises, under the immediate direction of the Secretary and Assistant Secretaries, the duties of the clerks and employés connected with the Department. The superintendence of all buildings occupied by the Department in this city, the transmission of the mails; the care of all horses, wagons, and carriages employed, the direction of engineers,

machinists, firemen, or laborers. The expenditure of the appropriations for contingent expenses of the Treasury Department; for furniture and repairs of same; fuel, lights, water, and miscellaneous items for buildings under the control of the Department; the distribution of the mail; the custody of the records and files and library of the Secretary's Office, the answering of calls from Congress, and elsewhere, for copies of papers, records, &c. Supervision of all the official correspondence of the Secretary's Office, so far as to see that it is expressed in correct and official form; the enforcement of the general regulations of the Department, and the charge of all business of the Secretary's Office not assigned.

THE FIRST COMPTROLLER.

The First Comptroller countersigns all warrants issued by the Secretary of the Treasury covering the public revenues into the Treasury, and authorizing payments therefrom. All accounts examined by the First Auditor, except those which go to the Commissioner of Customs, and all examined by the Fifth Auditor, and accounts of Registers and Receivers of land-offices examined by the Commissioner of the General Land-Office, are re-examined and revised in the First Comptroller's Office. Here, also, are examined and reported on the drafts for salaries and expenses drawn by ministers and consuls abroad, and the requisitions for advances drawn by marshals, collectors of internal revenue, secretaries of the Territories, and other disbursing-officers. Powers of attorney for the collection of drafts on the Treasury are examined; and many other duties, having reference to the adjustment of claims against the United States, pertain to the office, but are of too varied a character to be enumerated.

THE SECOND COMPTROLLER.

Accounts received from the Second, Third, and Fourth Auditors against the United States are examined, revised, and certified to, viz: Reported by the Second Auditor—for organizing volunteers, recruiting, pay of the Army, special military accounts, Army ordnance, the Indian service, the Army Medical Department, contingent military expenses, bounty to soldiers, the Soldiers' Home, and the National Home for Disabled Volunteers. Reported by the Third Auditor—disbursements by the Quartermaster's Department, the Subsistence Department, the Engineer Department, Army pensions, property taken by military authority for the use of the Army, and miscellaneous war-claims. Reported by the Fourth Auditor—disbursements for the Marine Corps, by the Navy paymasters for pay and rations, by the paymasters at the navy-yards, for Navy pensions at foreign stations, and the financial agent at London.

These accounts are examined in *Divisions*, devoted respectively to the affairs of *Army Paymasters, Army Quartermasters, Navy Paymasters and the Marine Corps, Army Pensions, Miscellaneous Claims, and Indivn Affairs.*

THE COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS.

The Commissioner of Customs revises and certifies the accounts of revenues collected from duties on imports and tonnage; of moneys received on account of the marine-hospital fund; fines, penalties, and forfeitures under the customs and navigation laws; steamboat inspection; licenses to pilots, engineers, &c.; and from miscellaneous sources connected with customs matters, accounts of the importation, withdrawal, transportation, and exportation of goods under the warehouse system; for disbursements for the expenses of collecting the revenue from customs, revenue-cutter service, construction and maintenance of lights, marine hospitals, debentures, excess of deposits for unascertained duties, refund of duties exacted in excess, life-saving service, construction of custom-houses and marine hospitals; fuel, light, water, &c., for custom-houses, &c.; approves and files the official bonds given by customs officers, and transmits their commissions; files the oaths of office of the persons paid in the accounts certified by him; and prepares for the use of the law officers of the Department the accounts or those in arrears under the heads above mentioned.

The office is organized in four divisions, viz: *Customs, Bookkeeper's, Bond, and Miscellaneous.*

THE FIRST AUDITOR.

It is the duty of the First Auditor to receive all accounts accruing in the Treasury Department, (except those arising under the internal revenue laws,) and, after examination, to certify the balance, and transmit the accounts, with the vouchers and certificate, to the First Comptroller or to the Commissioner of Customs, having respectively the revision thereof. The subordinate divisions of his office are—

Customs Division.—Receipts and expenditures of the customs service, including fines, emoluments, forfeitures, debentures, drawbacks, marine-hospital service, revenue-cutter service, &c.,

Judiciary Division.—Salaries of United States marshals, district attorneys, commissioners and clerks; rent of court-houses, support of prisoners, &c.

Public Debt Division.—Redemption of the public debt, including principal, premium, and interest; payment of interest; redemption of certificates of deposit; notes destroyed.

Warehouse and Bond Division.—Examination of accounts received from custom-houses.

Miscellaneous Division.—Accounts of mints and assay offices; Territories; Coast Survey; salaries and contingent expenses of the legislative, executive, and judicial departments of the Government; construction, repair, and preservation of public buildings; Treasurer of the United States for general receipts and expenditures.

THE SECOND AUDITOR.

The Second Auditor examines, adjusts, and transfers to the Second Comptroller for his decision thereon all accounts relating to arrears of pay and bounties, the recruiting service, the pay of the Army, medical and hospital accounts, ordnance accounts, pay of private physicians, contingent expenses of the military establishment, accounts of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers and the Soldiers' Home, and all accounts relating to Indian Affairs. The Divisions are—

Bookkeeper's Division.—Accounts of all appropriations upon which requisitions are drawn, through the Second Auditor's Office, by the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Interior. Ledger accounts of all disbursing officers and claimants.

Paymasters' Division.—Army paymasters' accounts and payments of stoppages and fines to the Soldiers' Home.

Ordnance, Medical, and Miscellaneous Division.—Accounts of the Ordnance and Medical Departments of the Army, contingent expenses, regular and volunteer recruiting, freedmen's bounty and pay, publications of rebellion records, and accounts of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers.

Indian Division.—Disbursements for the Indians, money accounts and property returns of Indian agents, and claims for goods supplied and services rendered.

Pay and Bounty Division.—Examination and adjustment of claims of white and colored soldiers and their legal heirs for pay and bounty, accounts of Soldiers' Home for moneys belonging to estates of deceased soldiers, and forfeitures by desertion.

Investigation of Frauds Division.—Investigation of alleged cases of forgery, fraud, overpayments, unlawful withholding of money, &c., in the payment of white and colored soldiers.

Property Division.—The property accounts (clothing, camp, and garrison equipage) of officers of the Army and volunteers.

THE THIRD AUDITOR.

The Third Auditor examines, adjusts, and transfers to the Second Comptroller all accounts relating to the Quartermaster-General's Department, the Engineer Corps, and the Commissary-General's Department of the Army; claims for lost horses, accounts of unpaid pensions, State war claims, and the claims of States for organizing, arming, and equipping volunteers after 1861. The divisions of the Third Auditor's Office are—

Bookkeeper's Division.—Accounts of the numerous requisitions drawn by the Secretary of War and of the Interior, examined and charged to various appropriations.

Quartermasters' Division.—Accounts of disbursements for barracks and quarters, hospitals, offices, stables, and transportation of supplies; the purchase of clothing, camp and garrison equipage, horses, fuel, forage, straw, bedding, and stationery; payments of hired men and of extra-duty men; expenses incurred in the apprehension of deserters; for the burial of officers and soldiers; for hired escorts, expresses, interpreters, spies, and guides; for veterinary surgeons and medicines for horses; for supplying posts with water; and for all other authorized outlays connected with the movements of the Army not expressly assigned.

Subsistence and Engineer Division.—Accounts of all commissaries and acting commissaries in the Army, whose duties are to purchase the provisions and stores necessary for its subsistence, and to see to their proper distribution; also, accounts of officers of the Corps of Engineers who disburse money for the expenses of the Military Academy, the improvement of rivers and harbors, the construction and preservation of fortifications, the surveys on the coasts, the surveys of lakes and rivers, and the construction and repair of breakwaters.

Army Pension Division.—The duties of this division embrace the settlement of all accounts which pertain to the payment of Army pensions throughout the United States. An account is kept with each pension agent, charging him with all moneys advanced for payment to pensioners, under the proper bond and fiscal year. At the end of each month the agent forwards his vouchers, abstract of payments, and money statement direct to this office, where a preliminary examination is made to see if the money advanced is properly accounted for. The receipt of the account is then acknowledged, and the account filed for audit. Each voucher is subsequently examined, and the payment entered on the roll-book opposite the pensioner's name. The agent's account, when audited, is reported to the Second Comptroller for his revision, and a copy of the statement of errors, if any, sent to the agent for his information and explanation. That account, when revised, is returned by the Second Comptroller to this office and placed in the settled files, where it permanently remains.

State War and Horse Claims Division.—The settlement of all claims of the several States and Territories for the expenses incurred by them for enrolling, subsisting, clothing, arming,

paying, and transporting their troops while employed by the Government in aiding to suppress the recent insurrection against the United States; also, the settlement of claims for the loss of horses and equipages sustained by officers and enlisted men while in the military service, and for horses, mules, &c., lost while in service by impressment or contract.

Miscellaneous Claims Division.—The adjustment of claims for the appropriation of stores, the purchase of vessels, railroad stock, horses, and other means of transportation; the occupation of real estate, court-martial fees, travelling expenses, &c.; claims for compensation for vessels, cars, engines, &c., lost in the military service; claims growing out of the Oregon and Washington war of 1855 and 1856, and other Indian wars; claims of various descriptions under special acts of Congress, and claims not otherwise assigned for adjudication.

Collection Division.—Prepares accounts for suit against defaulting officers; answers all calls for information from the files of the office; examines all claims for bounty land and pensions granted to the soldiers of 1812, and certifies them to the Commissioner of Pensions.

THE FOURTH AUDITOR.

The Fourth Auditor examines, adjusts, and transfers to the Second Comptroller all accounts concerning the pay, expenditures, pensions, and prize-money of the Navy and the accounts of the Navy Department. The subordinate divisions of the Bureau are—

Record Prize Division.—Adjusts the prize-money accounts and prepares tabulated statements called for by Congress.

Navy Agents' Division.—Examines the accounts of the disbursements by the navy agents at Portsmouth, Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, and San Francisco.

Paymasters' Division.—Examines the accounts of paymasters, including mechanics' rolls.

THE FIFTH AUDITOR.

The Fifth Auditor examines, adjusts, and transfers to the First Comptroller the diplomatic and consular accounts, the expenditures of the Department of State, including all international commissions; the accounts of the internal revenue, the census, the Smithsonian Institution, and National Museum, and the contingent expenses of the Post-Office Department. There are three divisions:

Diplomatic and Consular Division.—Adjustment is made of the expenses of all diplomatic missions abroad for salaries, contingencies, and loss by exchange; consular accounts for fees, salaries, loss by exchange, contingent expenses, emoluments, salaries of interpreters and marshals, consular courts and prisons; the relief and passage of American seamen; the return of American seamen charged with crime; the rescuing of shipwrecked American seamen; estates of American citizens and seamen dying abroad; accounts of the bankers of the United States at London; awards of commissions, and expenses of international exhibitions; commissions, boundary-surveys, &c.

Internal Revenue Division.—Accounts of collectors of internal revenue, including salaries, contingent expenses, and compensation of storekeepers.

Miscellaneous Division.—All miscellaneous internal-revenue accounts, including salaries and expenses of agents, surveyors of distilleries, fees and expenses of gaugers, stamp agents' accounts, counsel fees, drawbacks, taxes refunded, redemption of stamps, accounts for the manufacture of paper and stamps, and for the salaries of the office of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue; also accounts of the Census Office, Smithsonian Institution, and National Museum; contingent expenses of the Post-Office Department, and sundry accounts of the Department of State and the Patent Office.

THE SIXTH AUDITOR.

The Sixth Auditor examines and adjusts all accounts relating to the postal service, and his decisions on these are final, unless an appeal be taken in twelve months to the First Comptroller. He superintends the collection of all debts due the Post-Office Department, and all penalties imposed on postmasters and mail-contractors; directs suits and legal proceedings, civil and criminal, and takes all such measures as may be authorized by law to enforce the payment of moneys due to the Department. There are eight subordinate divisions, viz:

Collecting Division.—The collection of balances due from all postmasters, late postmasters, and contractors; also the payment of all balances due to late and present postmasters, and the adjustment and final settlement of postal accounts.

Stating Division.—The general postal accounts of postmasters and those of late postmasters, until fully stated, are in charge of this division.

Examining Division.—Receives and audits the quarterly accounts-current of all post-offices in the United States. It is divided into four subdivisions, viz, the opening-room, the stamp-rooms, the examining corps proper, and the error-rooms.

Money-Order Division.—Accounts of money-orders paid and received are examined, assorted, checked and filed; remittances are registered and checked; errors corrected.

Foreign Mail Division.—Has charge of the postal accounts with foreign governments, and the accounts with steamship companies for ocean transportation of the mails.

Registering Division.—Receives from the examining division the quarterly accounts-current of all the post-offices in the United States, re-examines and registers them, and exhibits in the register ending June 30 of each year the total amount of receipts and expenditures for the fiscal year.

Pay Division.—The adjustment and payment of all accounts for the transportation of the mails, whether carried by ocean-steamers, railroads, steamboats, or any mail-carrier; the accounts of the railway postal service, railway postal clerks, route-agents, and local agents, mail-depredations, special agents, free-delivery system, postage-stamps, postal-cards, envelopes, stamps, maps, wrapping-paper, twine, mail-bags, mail locks and keys, advertising, fees in suits on postal matters, and miscellaneous accounts.

Bookkeeping Division.—The duty of keeping the ledger-accounts of the Department, embracing postmasters, late postmasters, contractors, late contractors, and accounts of a general, special, and miscellaneous character.

THE TREASURER OF THE UNITED STATES.

The Treasurer of the United States is charged with the custody of all public moneys received into the Treasury at Washington, or in the sub-treasuries at Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Charleston, Cincinnati, Saint Louis, and San Francisco, or in the depositories and depository banks; disburses all public moneys upon the warrants of the Secretary of the Treasury, and upon the warrants of the Postmaster-General; issues and redeems Treasury notes; is agent for the redemption of the circulating notes of national banks, is trustee of the bonds held for the security of the circulating notes of national banks, and of bonds held as security for public deposits; is custodian of Indian trust funds; is agent for paying the interest on the public debt, and for paying the salaries of the members of the House of Representatives. The subordinate divisions of the Treasury are—

Issue Division.—Issues are made of legal-tender notes, currency, coin-certificates, &c.

Redemption Division.—Coin-certificates, national-bank notes, fractional currency, &c., are redeemed, and generally destroyed by maceration.

Loan Division.—Bonds are issued, purchased, retired, cancelled, or converted.

Accounts Division.—The accounts of the Treasury, the sub-treasuries, and the national banks used as depositories are kept.

National-Bank Division.—Bonds held as security for national-bank circulation are examined notes issued, redeemed, and cancelled.

National-Bank Redemption Agency.—Notes of banks are redeemed and accounted for.

THE REGISTER OF THE TREASURY.

The Register of the Treasury is the official bookkeeper of the United States, and prepares a statement which shows every receipt and disbursement of the public money, which statement is transmitted annually to Congress by the Secretary of the Treasury. He signs and issues all the bonds and sends to the Treasurer of the United States schedules showing the names of persons entitled to receive interest thereon. He registers all warrants drawn by the Secretary of the Treasury upon the Treasurer of the United States; transmits statements of balances due to individuals after the settlement of their accounts by the First Comptroller, or the Commissioner of Customs, upon which payment is made; signs all ships' registers; records all marine documents issued to merchant vessels of the United States, and also prepares statements of the merchant vessels of the United States showing the number and tonnage of vessels built and of vessels lost at sea, wrecked, abandoned, and sold to foreigners. The work is distributed among five divisions, as follows:

Loan Division.—In this division registered and coupon bonds are issued, embracing the transfer of all registered bonds; the conversion of coupon into registered bonds; the ledger accounts with holders of registered bonds, and the preparation of schedules upon which interest on the registered bonds is paid.

Receipts and Expenditures Division.—The great account books of the United States are kept in this division which show the civil, diplomatic, internal-revenue, miscellaneous, and public-debt receipts and expenditures; also, statements of the warrants and drafts issued and certified transcripts of the accounts of delinquent revenue officers for suit.

Note and Coupon Division.—In this division redeemed bonds, paid interest-coupons, interest-checks, and interest-bearing notes are examined and registered.

Currency Division.—Treasury notes, legal-tenders, and fractional currency are examined, canceled, and the destruction thereof witnessed and recorded.

Tonnage Division.—Accounts are kept in this division showing the outstanding tonnage of the country, divided into the different classes according to its nature and employment and also showing its annual additions and losses.

THE COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY.

The Comptroller of the Currency has, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, the control of the national banks. The divisions of this Bureau are—

Issue Division.—The preparation and issue of national-bank circulation.

Redemption Division.—The redemption and destruction of notes issued by national banks.

Reports Division.—Examination and consolidation of the reports of national banks.

Organization Division.—The organization of national banks.

THE DIRECTOR OF THE MINT.

The Director of the Mint has general supervision of all mints and assay offices, reports their operations and condition to the Secretary of the Treasury, and prepares and lays before him the annual estimates for their support.

He prescribes regulations, approved by the Secretary of the Treasury, for the transaction of business at the mints and assay offices, the distribution of silver coin, and the charges to be collected of depositors. He receives for adjustment the monthly and quarterly accounts of superintendents and officers in charge of mints and assay offices, superintends their expenditures, and the annual settlements of the operative officers, and makes such special examinations as may be deemed necessary. All appointments, removals, and changes of clerks, assistants, and workmen in the mints and assay offices are submitted for his approval. The purchase of sliver bullion and allotment of its coinage at the mints are made through the office of the Director, and transfers of public moneys in the mints and assay offices, and advances from appropriations for the mint service, are made at his request.

The monthly coinage of mints is tested, and ores, bullion, and coins are assayed, at the Assay Laboratory under his charge. The values of the standard coins of foreign countries are annually estimated by the Director, and the collection of the statistics of the annual production of precious metals in the United States is assigned to him.

THE SOLICITOR.

The Solicitor of the Treasury is an officer in the Department of Justice, having a seal, and is required by law to take cognizance, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, of all frauds or attempted frauds upon the revenue, and exercises a general supervision over all legal measures for their prevention and detection; also to establish regulations, with the approbation of the Secretary of the Treasury, for the observance of collectors of the customs; and, with the approbation of the Attorney-General, for the observance of United States attorneys, marshals, and clerks respecting suits in which the United States is a party or interested. He is also empowered and directed to instruct the district attorneys, marshals, and clerks of the circuit and district courts in all matters and proceedings appertaining to suits in which the United States is interested, except those arising under the internal-revenue laws.

He is required to examine reports of collectors and district attorneys upon bonds delivered for suit; to inform the President of false reports of bonds delivered for suit, and supervise statements from district attorneys concerning suits, and those from marshals relating to proceedings on execution; also reports from clerks as to judgments and decrees; and is charged by the Attorney-General with all post-office litigation.

He also has charge of the secret-service employés engaged in the detection of persons counterfeiting the coin, currency, and public securities of the United States, and all other frauds on the Government. In addition to the duties prescribed by law, the Secretary of the Treasury refers to the Solicitor for opinion a very large number of cases arising in his Department relating to duties, remission of fines, penalties, and forfeitures, navigation and registry laws, steamboat-inspection acts, claims, &c.

THE COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue makes all assessments and superintends the collection of all taxes; preparation of instructions for special-tax stamps, (formerly licenses,) forms and stamps of all kinds; and pays into the Treasury, daily, all moneys received by him.

The business of the bureau is transacted in seven divisions, viz:

Appointment Division.—Is charged with all matters pertaining to issuing of commissions, leaves of absence, office-discipline, assorting and disposition of the mail, registry and copying of all letters, with the care of the general files; and all matters relating to messengers, laborers, office-stationery, printing, advertising, blanks, and blank books for the bureau.

Law Division.—Is charged with all questions (except as hereinafter stated) relating to seizures, suits, abatement, and refunding claims, and those relating to special taxes, documentary stamp-taxes, taxes on incomes, legacies, and successions, and on dividends, &c.; also lands purchased for the United States on distraint, and the extension of time on distraints.

Tobacco Division.—Is charged with all matters (including special taxes) relating to tobacco, snuff, and cigars not in suit or in bond, stamp-tax on medicines and preparations.

The Surgeon-General, under the immediate direction of the Secretary of War, is charged with the administrative duties of the Medical Department; the designation of the stations of medical officers, and the issuing of all orders and instructions relating to their professional duties. He directs as to the selection, purchase, and distribution of the medical supplies of the Army. The Army Medical Museum and the official publications of the Surgeon-General's Office are also under his direct control.

The Paymaster-General and his assistants pay the Army, also Second Auditor's Treasury certificates, and keep a record of said payments.

The Chief of Engineers commands the Corps of Engineers, which is charged with all duties relating to fortifications, whether permanent or temporary; with torpedoes for coast defence; with all works for the attack and defence of places; with all military bridges, and with such surveys as may be required for these objects, or the movement of armies in the field. It is also charged with the harbor and river improvements; with military and geographical explorations and surveys; with the survey of the lakes; and with any other engineer work specially assigned to the Corps by acts of Congress or orders of the President.

The Chief of Ordnance commands the Ordnance Department, the duties of which consist in providing, preserving, distributing, and accounting for every description of artillery, small-arms, and all the munitions of war which may be required for the fortresses of the country, the armies in the field, and for the whole body of the militia of the Union. In these duties are comprised that of determining the general principles of construction and of prescribing in detail the models and forms of all military weapons employed in war. They comprise also the duty of prescribing the regulations for the proof and inspection of all these weapons, for maintaining uniformity and economy in their fabrication, for insuring their good quality, and for their preservation and distribution; and for carrying into effect the general purposes here stated large annual appropriations are made, and in order to fulfil these purposes, extensive operations are conducted at the national armories, arsenals, and ordnance depots.

The Judge-Advocate General and his assistant receive, review, and have recorded the proceedings of the courts-martial, courts of inquiry, and military commissions of the Armies of the United States, and furnish reports and opinions on such questions of law and other matters as may be referred to the Bureau of Military Justice by the Secretary of War.

The Chief Signal Officer superintends the instruction of officers and men in signal duties, supervises the preparation of maps and charts, and has the reports from the numerous stations received at Washington consolidated and published.

THE NAVY DEPARTMENT.

THE SECRETARY OF THE NAVY.

The Secretary of the Navy performs such duties as the President of the United States, who is Commander-in-Chief, may assign him, and has the general superintendence of construction, manning, armament, equipment, and employment of vessels of war.

The Chief Clerk has general charge of the records and correspondence of the Secretary's Office.

NAVAL BUREAUS OF THE NAVY DEPARTMENT.

The chiefs of the naval bureaus of the Navy Department are officers of the United States Navy, and a part of the naval establishment, viz:

The Chief of the Bureau of Yards and Docks has charge of the navy-yards and naval stations, their construction and repair; he purchases timber and other materials.

The Chief of the Bureau of Navigation supplies vessels of war with maps, charts, chronometers, barometers, flags, signal-lights, glasses, and stationery; he has charge of the publication of charts, the Nautical Almanac, and surveys; and the Naval Observatory and Hydrographic Office at Washington are under the direction of this Bureau.

The Chief of the Bureau of Ordnance has charge of the manufacture of naval ordnance and ammunition; the armament of vessels of war; the arsenals and magazines; the trials and tests of ordnance, small-arms, and ammunition; also of the torpedo-service, and torpedo-station at Newport, and experimental battery at Annapolis.

The Chief of the Bureau of Provisions and Clothing has charge of all contracts and purchases for the supply of provisions, water for cooking and drinking purposes, clothing, and small stores for the use of the Navy.

The Chief of the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery superintends everything relating to medicines, medical stores, surgical instruments, and hospital supplies required for the treatment of the sick and wounded of the Navy and the Marine Corps.

The Chief of the Bureau of Construction and Repair has charge of dry-docks and of all vessels undergoing repairs; the designing, building, and fitting-out of vessels, and the armor of iron-clads.

The Chief of the Bureau of Equipment and Recruiting has charge of the equipment of all vessels of war, and the supply to their sails, rigging, anchors, and fuel; also of the recruiting of sailors of the various grades.

The Engineer-in-Chief directs the designing, fitting-out, running, and repairing of the steam marine-engines, boilers and appurtenances, used on vessels of war, and the workshops in the navy-yards where they are made and repaired.

The Judge-Advocate-General receives, revises, and records the proceedings of courts-martial, courts of inquiry, boards for the examination of officers for retirement and promotion in the naval service; and furnishes reports and opinions on such questions of law and other matters as may be referred to him by the Secretary of the Navy.

THE DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

THE SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR.

The Secretary of the Interior is charged with the supervision of public business relating to patents for inventions; pension and bounty-lands; the public lands, including mines; the Indians; education; railroads; the public surveys; the census, when directed by law; the custody and distribution of public documents; and certain hospitals and eleemosynary institutions in the District of Columbia. He also exercises certain powers and duties in relation to the Territories of the United States.

THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR.

The Assistant Secretary of the Interior performs such duties as are prescribed by the Secretary or required by law, aiding in the general administration of the affairs of the Department. In the absence of the Secretary, he acts as the head of the Department.

The Chief Clerk has the general supervision of the clerks and employés, of the order of business, records and correspondence, and contingent expenditures in the Secretary's Office, also the superintendence of the Interior Department Building.

COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS.

The Commissioner of Patents is charged with the administration of the patent-laws, and supervises all matters relating to the issue of letters-patent for new and useful discoveries, inventions, and improvements. He is aided by an Assistant Commissioner, three Examiners-in-Chief, an Examiner of Interferences, an Examiner of Trade-marks, and twenty-five Principal Examiners.

COMMISSIONER OF PENSIONS.

The Commissioner of Pensions supervises the examination and adjudication of all claims arising under laws passed by Congress granting bounty-land or pension on account of service in the Army or Navy during the Revolutionary War and all subsequent wars in which the United States has been engaged. He is aided by two Deputy Commissioners and a Medical Referee.

COMMISSIONER OF THE GENERAL LAND-OFFICE.

The Commissioner of Public Lands is charged with the survey, management, and sale of the public domain, and the issuing of titles therefor, whether derived from confirmations of grants made by former Governments, by sales, donations, or grants for schools, railroads, military bounties, or public improvements. The Land-Office audits its own accounts.

COMMISSIONER OF INDIAN AFFAIRS.

The Commissioner of Indian Affairs has charge of the several tribes of Indians in the States and Territories. He issues instructions to, and receives reports from, Agents, Special Agents, and Traders; superintends the purchase, transportation, and distribution of presents and annuities; and reports, annually, the relations of the Government with each tribe.

COMMISSIONER OF EDUCATION.

The duties of the Commissioner of Education are to collect such statistics and facts as shall show the condition and progress of education in the several States and Territories, and to diffuse such information respecting the organization and management of schools and school systems, and methods of teaching, as shall aid the people of the United States in the establishment and maintenance of efficient school systems, and otherwise promote the cause of education throughout the country.

COMMISSIONER OF RAILROADS.

The Commissioner of Railroads is charged with prescribing a system of reports to be rendered to him by the railroad companies whose roads are in whole or in part west, north, or south of the Missouri River, and to which the United States have granted any loan of credit or subsidy in lands or bonds; to examine the books, accounts, and property of said companies, to see that the laws relating to said companies are enforced; and to assist the Government Directors of any of said railroad companies in all matters which come under their cognizance, whenever they may officially request such assistance.

DIRECTOR OF THE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY.

The Director of the Geological Survey has charge of the classification of the public lands, and examination of the geological structure, mineral resources, and products of the national domain.

SUPERINTENDENT OF THE CENSUS.

The Superintendent of the Census supervises the taking of the census of the United States every tenth year, and the subsequent arrangement, compilation, and publication of the statistics collected.

THE POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

THE POSTMASTER-GENERAL.

The Postmaster-General has the direction and management of the Post-Office Department. He appoints all officers and employés of the Department, except the three Assistant Postmasters-General, who are appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate; appoints all postmasters whose compensation does not exceed one thousand dollars; makes postal treaties with foreign Governments, by and with the advice and consent of the President, awards and executes contracts, and directs the management of the domestic and foreign mail service.

THE FIRST ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL.

The First Assistant Postmaster-General has charge of the Appointment Office, which includes five divisions, viz:

Appointment Division.—The duty of preparing all cases for the establishment, discontinuance, and change of name or site of post-offices, and for the appointment of all postmasters, agents, postal clerks, mail-messengers, and Department employés, and attending to all correspondence consequent thereto.

Bond Division.—The duty of receiving and recording appointments; sending out papers for postmasters and their assistants to qualify; receiving, entering, and filing their bonds and oaths; and issuing the commissions for postmasters.

Salary and Allowance Division.—The duty of readjusting the salaries of postmasters and the consideration of allowances for rent, fuel, lights, clerk hire, and other expenditures.

Free Delivery.—The duty of preparing cases for the inauguration of the system in cities, the appointment of letter-carriers, and the general supervision of the system.

Blank Agency Division.—The duty of sending out the blanks, wrapping-paper, and twine letter-balanees, and cancelling stamps to offices entitled to receive the same.

THE SECOND ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL.

The Second Assistant Postmaster-General has charge of the Contract Office, mail eqiupments, &c., including the following three divisions:

Contract Division.—The arrangement of the mail service of the United States, and placing the same under contract, embracing all correspondence and proceedings respecting the frequency of trips, mode of conveyance, and times of departures and arrivals on all the routes, the course of the mails between the different sections of the country, the points of mail distribution, and the regulations for the government of the domestic mail service. It prepares the advertisements for mail proposals, receives the bids, and has charge of the annual and occasional mail lettings, and the adjustment and execution of the contracts. All applications for the establishment or alteration of mail arrangements and for mail messengers should be sent to this office. All claims should be submitted to it for transportation service not under contract. From this office all postmasters at the end of routes receive the statement of mail arrangements prescribed for the respective routes. It reports weekly to the Auditor all contracts executed, and

all orders affecting the accounts for mail transportation; prepares the statistical exhibits of the mail service, and the reports to Congress of the mail lettings, giving a statement of each bid; also of the contracts made, the new service originated, the curtailments ordered, and the additional allowances granted within the year.

Inspection Division.—The duty of receiving and examining the registers of the arrivals and departures of the mails, certificates of the service of route-agents, and reports of mail failures; noting the delinquencies of contractors, and preparing cases thereon for the action of the Postmaster-General, furnishing blanks for mail registers, reports of mail failures, and other duties which may be necessary to secure a faithful and exact performance of all mail service.

Mail Equipment Division.—The issuing of mail locks and keys, mail pouches and sacks, and the construction of mail-bag catchers.

THE THIRD ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL.

The Third Assistant Postmaster-General has charge of the Finance Office, &c., embracing the following four divisions:

Division of Finance.—The duty of issuing drafts and warrants in payment of balances reported by the Auditor to be due to mail contractors or other persons; the superintendence of the collection of revenue at depository, draft, and depositing offices, and the accounts between the Department and the Treasurer and Assistant Treasurers and special designated depositories of the United States. This division receives all accounts, monthly or quarterly, of the depository and draft offices, and certificates of deposit from depositing offices.

Division of Postage-stamps and Stamped Envelopes.—The issuing of postage-stamps, stamped envelopes, newspaper wrappers, and postal cards; also, the supplying of postmasters with envelopes for their official use, and registered-package envelopes and seals.

Division of Registered Letters.—The duty of preparing instructions for the guidance of postmasters relative to registered letters, and all correspondence connected therewith; also, the compilation of statistics as to the transactions of the business.

Division of Dead Letters.—The examination and return to the writers of dead letters, and all correspondence relating thereto.

The Superintendent of Foreign Mails has charge of all foreign postal arrangements, and the supervision of the ocean mail steamship service.

The Superintendent of the Money-order System has the general supervision and control of the postal money-order system throughout the United States, and the supervision of the international money-order correspondence with foreign countries.

THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

The Attorney-General is the head of the Department of Justice, and the chief law officer of the Government. He represents the United States in matters involving legal questions; he gives his advice and opinion on questions of law when they are required by the President, or by the heads of the other Executive Departments on questions of law arising upon the administration of their respective Departments; he exercises a general superintendence and direction over United States Attorneys and Marshals in all judicial districts in the States and Territories; and he provides special counsel for the United States whenever required by any Department of the Government.

He is assisted by a Chief Clerk and other clerks and employés in the executive management of the business of the Department.

The Law Clerk, who is also an Examiner of Titles, assists the Attorney-General in the investigation of legal questions and in the preparation of opinions.

THE SOLICITOR-GENERAL.

The Solicitor-General assists the Attorney-General in the performance of his general duties, and by special provision of law in the case of a vacancy in the office of Attorney-General, or in his absence, exercises all these duties. Except when the Attorney-General in particular cases otherwise directs, the Attorney-General and Solicitor-General conduct and argue all cases in the *Supreme Court*, and in the *Court of Claims*, in which the United States are interested; and, when the Attorney-General so directs, any such case in *any court of the United States* may be conducted and argued by the Solicitor-General; and in the same way the Solicitor-General may be sent by the Attorney-General to attend to the interests of the United States in *any State court, or elsewhere.*

THE ASSISTANT ATTORNEYS-GENERAL.

Two Assistant Attorneys-General assist the Attorney-General and the Solicitor-General in the performance of their duties. One assists in the argument of causes in the Supreme Court and in the preparation of legal opinions; the other is charged with the conduct of the defence of the United States in the Court of Claims.

Under the act of 1870 the different law officers of the Executive Departments exercise their functions under the supervision and control of the Attorney-General. They are: the *Assistant Attorney-General for the Department of the Interior;* the *Assistant Attorney-General for the Post-Office Department;* the *Solicitor of the Treasury;* and the *Solicitor of Internal Revenue*, Treasury Department; the *Naval Solicitor*, Navy Department; and the *Examiner of Claims*, State Department.

THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

THE COMMISSIONER OF AGRICULTURE.

The Commissioner of Agriculture is required to collect and diffuse useful information on subjects connected with agriculture. He is to acquire and preserve in his office all information he can obtain concerning agriculture by means of books and correspondence, and by practical and scientific experiments, the collection of statistics, and other appropriate means; to collect new and valuable seeds and plants; to learn by actual cultivation such of them as may require such tests; to propagate such as may be worthy of propagation, and to distribute them among agriculturists.

The Statistician.—He collects reliable information as to the condition, prospects, and results of the cereal, cotton, and other crops, by the instrumentality of four correspondents in each county of every State; this information is gathered at stated periods of each month, carefully studied, estimated, tabulated, and published.

The Entomologist.—He obtains information with regard to insects injurious to vegetation; investigates the character of insects sent him, to point out their modes of infliction and the means by which their depredations may be avoided; and arranges specimens of their injuries and nest architecture.

The Botanist.—He receives botanical contributions, and after making desirable selections for the National Herbarium, distributes the duplicate plants among foreign and domestic scientific societies, institutions of learning, and botanists; and answers inquiries of botanico-agricultural character.

The Chemist.—He makes analyses of natural fertilizers, vegetable products, and other materials which pertain to the interests of agriculture. Applications are constantly made from all portions of the country for the analysis of soils, minerals, liquids, and manures.

The Microscopist.—He makes original investigations, mostly relating to the habits of parasitic fungoid plants, which are frequently found on living plants and animals, producing sickly growth and in many cases premature death.

The Propagating Garden.—Large numbers of exotic, utilizable, and economic plants are propagated and distributed. The orange family is particularly valuable, and the best commercial varieties are propagated and distributed to the greatest practicable extent.

The Seed Division.—Seeds are purchased in this and foreign countries of reliable firms, whose guarantee of good quality and genuineness cannot be questioned; they are packed at the Department, and distributed to applicants in all parts of the country.

The Library.—Exchanges are made, by which the library receives reports of the leading agricultural, pomological, and meteorological societies of the world.

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.

[The * designates those whose wives accompany them; the § designates those whose daughters company them; the ‖ designates those having other ladies with them.]

* § ‖ ‖ Mr. Chief-Justice Waite, 1415 I street, N. W.
* § ‖ ‖ Mr. Justice Miller, 1415 Massachusetts avenue, N. W.
* Mr. Justice Field, 21 First street, N. E.
* § ‖ Mr. Justice Bradley, 201 I street, corner New Jersey avenue.
* Mr. Justice Harlan, 1623 Massachusetts avenue, N. W.
* § ‖ ‖ Mr. Justice Woods, 1122 Vermont avenue.
§ § § Mr. Justice Matthews, 1800 N street, corner Connecticut avenue, N. W.
Mr. Justice Gray, 1721 Rhode Island avenue.
* ‖ ‖ Mr. Justice Blatchford, 1432 K street, N. W.

Resigned.

* § § Mr. Justice Strong, 1411 H street, N. W.
* Mr. Justice Hunt, 1501 Massachusetts avenue, N. W.

OFFICERS OF THE SUPREME COURT.

Clerk.—James H. McKenney, 1517 Rhode Island avenue, N. W.
Deputy Clerk.—Chas. B. Beall, 621 Thirteenth street, N. W.
Marshal.—John G. Nicolay, 212 B street, S. E.
Reporter.—J. C. Bancroft Davis, 1621 H street, N. W.

CIRCUIT COURTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

First Judicial Circuit.—Mr. Justice Gray, of Boston, Massachusetts. Districts of Maine, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, and Rhode Island.
Circuit Judge.—Le Baron B. Colt, Bristol. R. I.

Second Judicial Circuit.—Mr. Justice Blatchford, of New York City. Districts of Vermont, Connecticut, Northern New York, Southern New York, and Eastern New York.
Circuit Judge.—William J. Wallace, Syracuse, New York.

Third Judicial Circuit.—Mr. Justice Bradley, of Newark, New Jersey. Districts of New Jersey, Eastern Pennsylvania, Western Pennsylvania, and Delaware.
Circuit Judge.—William McKennan, Washington, Pa.

Fourth Judicial Circuit.—Mr. Chief-Justice Waite, of Toledo, Ohio. Districts of Maryland, Western Virginia, Eastern Virginia, North Carolina, and South Carolina.
Circuit Judge.—Hugh L. Bond, Baltimore, Md.

Fifth Judicial Circuit.—Mr. Justice Woods, of Atlanta, Georgia. Districts of Northern Georgia, Southern Georgia, Northern Florida, Southern Florida, Northern Alabama, Middle Alabama, Southern Alabama, Southern Mississippi, Eastern Louisiana, Western Louisiana, Northern Texas, Southern Texas, and Western Texas.
Circuit Judge.—Don A. Pardee, of New Orleans, La.

Sixth Judicial Circuit.—Mr. Justice Matthews, of Cincinnati, Ohio. Districts of Northern Ohio, Southern Ohio, Eastern Michigan, Western Michigan, Kentucky, Eastern Tennessee, Middle Tennessee, and Western Tennessee.
Circuit Judge.—John Baxter, Knoxville, Tenn.

Seventh Judicial Circuit.—Mr. Justice Harlan, of Chicago, Illinois. Districts of Indiana, Northern Illinois, Southern Illinois, Eastern Wisconsin, and Western Wisconsin.
Circuit Judge.—Walter Q. Gresham, Indianopolis, Ind.

Eighth Judicial Circuit.—Mr. Justice Miller, of Keokuk, Iowa. District of Minnesota, Northern District of Iowa, Southern District of Iowa, Eastern District of Missouri, Western District of Missouri, Eastern District of Arkansas, Western District of Arkansas, District of Nebraska, District of Colorado, and District of Kansas.
Circuit Judge.—David J. Brewer, Atchison, Kans.

Ninth Judicial Circuit.—Mr. Justice Field, of San Francisco, California. Districts of California, Oregon, and Nevada.
Circuit Judge.—Lorenzo Sawyer, San Francisco, Cal.

COURT OF CLAIMS.

(1509 Pennsylvania avenue.)

Chief-Justice William A. Richardson, 924 McPherson Square.
Judge Charles C. Nott, 1509 Twentieth street, N. W.
Judge Glenni W. Scofield, Riggs House.
Judge Lawrence Weldon, Hamilton House.
Judge John Davis, 1211 Connecticut auenue.
Chief Clerk.—Archibald Hopkins, 1826 Massachusetts avenue, N. W.
Assistant Clerk.—John Randolph, 28 I street, N. W.
Bailiff.—Stark B. Taylor, 485 H street, S. W.

FOREIGN LEGATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES.

ARGENTINE REPUBLIC.

Señor Don Luis L. Dominguez, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, 1739 Rhode Island avenue.
Señor Don Florencio L. Dominguez, Secretary of Legation, 1739 Rhode Island avenue.
Señor Don Luis H. Dominguez, Attaché, 1739 Rhode Island avenue.

AUSTRIA-HUNGARY.

Baron Ignatz von Schaeffer, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, 1711 Rhode Island avenue.
Count William Lippe-Weissenfeld, Counsellor of Legation.
Baron Paumgartten, Acting Secretary of Legation. (Absent.)

BELGIUM.

Mr. de Bounder de Melsbroeck, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary (Absent.)
Count Gaston d'Arschot, Chargé d'Affaires *ad interim*, 1211 K street.

BRAZIL.

Senhor J. G. do Amaral Valente, Chargé d'Affaires, 1710 Pennsylvania avenue.
Senhor Pedro de Aranjo Beltrão, Secretary of Legation. (Absent.)
Senhor Justo Leite Chermont, Acting Secretary of Legation, 1710 Pennsylvania avenue.
Senhor José Coelho Gomez, Attaché, 1710 Pennsylvania avenue.

CHILI.

Señor Don Joaquin Godoy, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
Señor Don Manuel del Campo, Second Secretary of Legation, The Arlington.
Don Manuel P. Legers, Attaché, Philadelphia.

CHINA.

Mr. Cheng Tsao Ju, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, 1401 Massachusetts avenue. (Absent.)
Mr. Tsai Kwok Ching, Chargé d'Affaires *ad interim*, 1401 Massachusetts avenue.
Mr. Chiu Chi Yeung, Secretary of Legation. (Absent.)
Mr. D. W. Bartlett, Secretary of Legation, 1337 L street, N. W.
Mr. Cheng Hanson, Translator, 1401 Massachusetts avenue.
Mr. Lu Ngan Tseung, Attaché, 1401 Massachusetts avenue. (Absent.)
Mr. Lin Chung Tsun, Attaché, 1401 Massachusetts avenue.
Mr. Siu Shiu Man, Attaché, 1401 Massachusetts avenue.
Mr. Tsii Shuh E., Attaché, 1401 Massachusetts avenue.
Mr. Li Tai Lün, Military Attaché, 1401 Massachusetts avenue.

COSTA RICA.

Señor Don Ezequiel Gutierrez, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary. (Absent.)

DENMARK.

(Vacant.)

FRANCE.

Mr. Théodore Roustan, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, 1215 K street.
Mr. le Comte Maurice Sala, First Secretary, 1714 Pennsylvania avenue.
Mr. Paul Lefaivre, Third Secretary, 1234 Massachusetts avenue.
Captain Henri de La Chère, Military Attaché, 1340 I street, N. W.
Mr. Charles Riballier des Isles, Chancellor, 1432 Corcoran street.

GUATEMALA, SALVADOR, NICARAGUA, AND HONDURAS.

Señor Dr. Antonio Batres, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary. (Absent.)

GERMAN EMPIRE.

Mr. H. von Alvensleben, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, 734 Fifteenth street.
Count Casimir von Leyden, Secretary of Legation, 1725 H street.
Mr. P. W. Büddecke, Chancellor of Legation, 110 I street, N. W.
Mr. Hinkeldeyn, Technical Attaché, 1112 New York avenue.
Baron Speck Sternburg, Attaché, 1340 I street.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Hon. L. S. Sackville West, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, British Legation, Connecticut avenue.
Dudley E. Saurin, Esq., Secretary of Legation. (Absent.)
Captain Henry Coey Kane, R. N., Naval Attaché. (Absent.)
Mr. Horace A. Helyar, Second Secretary, 1519 Rhode Island avenue.
W. Oswald Charlton, Esq., Second Secretary. (Absent.)
The Hon. Alan Johnstone, Third Secretary, 1745 Pennsylvania avenue.

HAWAII.

Mr. H. A. P. Carter, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, Hamilton House Annex, No. 1341 K street, Washington.

HAYTI.

Mr. Stephen Preston, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary. (Absent.)
Mr. Charles A. Preston, Secretary of Legation, 25 Madison avenue, New York.

HONDURAS.

(See Guatemala, &c.)

ITALY.

Baron de Fava, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, 1405 H street.
Le Compte Albert de Forestá, Secretary of Legation, 1430 I street, N. W.
Mr. Charles de Baroli, Attaché, 1430 I street, N. W.

JAPAN.

Mr. Jushii Kuki Riuichi, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, 1310 N street.
Mr. Naito Ruijiro, Secretary of Legation, 1300 Vermont avenue.
Mr. Sameshima Takenoske, Attaché, 942 K street.
Mr. Misaki Kamenasuke, Attaché, 1310 N street.
Lieutenant Saito Makoto, Naval Attaché, 1300 Vermont avenue.

MEXICO.

Señor Don Matias Romero, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary. (Absent.)
Señor Don Cayetano Romero, First Secretary of Legation and Chargé d'Affaires *ad interim*, 1448 N street.
Señor Don Platon Roa, Second Secretary, 1212 L street.
Señor Don Luis A. Medrano, Third Secretary, Hamilton House.
Señor Don Francisco de Pasalagua, Third Secretary, Hamilton House.

NETHERLANDS.

Mr. G. de Weckherlin, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, 1301 K street.

NICARAGUA.

(See Guatemala, &c.)

PERU.

Señor Don J. Federico Elmore, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, The Hamilton, Fourteenth and K streets. (Absent.)
Señor Don Oswaldo Ygarza, Secretary of Legation and Chargé d'Affaires *ad interim*, The Hamilton.

PORTUGAL.

Viscount das Nogueiras, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, 1404 H street.

RUSSIA.

Mr. Charles de Struve, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, 1705 K street.
Mr. Grégoire de Willamov, First Secretary of Legation, 1001 Connecticut avenue. (Absent.)
Mr. Alexandre Greger, Second Secretary, 1015 Connecticut avenue.

SALVADOR.

(See Guatemala, &c.)

SPAIN.

Señor Don Juan Valera, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, 1447 Massachusetts avenue.
Señor Don Felipe Sagrario, Second Secretary of Legation.
Le Comte de Cumbres Altas, Third Secretary.
Señor Don J. de Pedroso y Scull, Attaché. (Absent.)
Señor Don A. Gelpi y Lafont, Lieut. Col., Military Attaché, New York.
Señor Don Juan Mesia de la Cerda, Attaché, 14 Lafayette Square.
Señor Don E. Ruiz del Arbol, Captain, Naval Attaché, New York.

SWEDEN AND NORWAY.

Count August Louis Fersen Gyldenstolpe, Secretary of Legation and Chargé d'Affaires *ad interim*, 1714 Pennsylvania avenue.

SWITZERLAND.

Colonel Emile Frey, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, 2 Iowa Circle.
Major Karl Kloss, Second Secretary of Legation.

TURKEY.

Hussein Tevfik Pasha, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, 18 West Twenty-first street, New York.
Rustem Effendi, Secretary of Legation, City P. O.
Ali Riza, Major Captain, Naval Attaché, New York.

URUGUAY.

Señor Don Enrique M. Estraztilas, Chargé d'Affaires. (Absent.)
Señor Don Carlos Farini, Secretary of Legation, Chargé d'Affaires *ad interim*.
Señor Don Eduardo Avila, Attaché, 66 East Forty-ninth street, New York.
Señor Don Serafin Rivas, Attaché.

VENEZUELA.

Señor Don A. M. Soteldo, 1333 Q street.
Señor Don Carlos de Castro, Attaché, 1333 Q street.

UNITED STATES LEGATIONS ABROAD.

ARGENTINE REPUBLIC.

Thomas O. Osborn, Minister Resident and Consul-General, Buenos Ayres.

AUSTRIA-HUNGARY.

John M. Francis, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, Vienna.
William T. Strong, Secretary of Legation, Vienna.

BELGIUM.

Nicholas Fish, Minister Resident, Brussels.

BOLIVIA.

Richard Gibbs, Minister Resident and Consul-General, La Paz.

BRAZIL.

Thomas A. Osborn, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, Rio de Janeiro.
Charles B. Trail, Secretary of Legation, Rio de Janeiro.

CENTRAL AMERICAN STATES.

(Costa Rica, Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua, and Salvador.)

Henry C. Hall, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, Guatemala City.
H. Remsen Whitehouse, Secretary of Legation and Consul-General, Guatemala City.

CHILI.

Cornelius A. Logan, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, Santiago.
Clement Carpenter, Secretary of Legation, Santiago.

CHINA.

John Russell Young, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, Peking.
William W. Rockhill, Second Secretary of Legation, Peking.
Fleming D. Cheshire, Interpreter, Peking.

COLOMBIA.

William L. Scruggs, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, Bogotá.
——— ———, Secretary of Legation and Consul-General, Bogotá.

COREA.

Lucius H. Foote, Minister Resident and Consul-General, Seôul.

DENMARK.

Wickham Hoffman, Minister Resident and Consul-General, Copenhagen.

FRANCE.

Levi P. Morton, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, Paris.
E. J. Brulatour, Secretary of Legation, Paris.
Henry Vignaud, Second Secretary of Legation, Paris.

GERMAN EMPIRE.

John A. Kasson, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, Berlin.
Chapman Coleman, Secretary of Legation, Berlin.
Frederick V. S. Crosby, Second Secretary of Legation, Berlin.

GREAT BRITAIN.

James Russell Lowell, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, London.
William J. Hoppin, Secretary of Legation, London.
Henry White, Second Secretary of Legation, London.

HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.

Rollin M. Daggett, Minister Resident, Honolulu.

HAYTI.

John M. Langston, Minister Resident and Consul-General, Port au Prince; also Chargé d'Affaires to Santo Domingo.

ITALY.

William W. Astor, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, Rome.
Edward Pierrepont, Secretary of Legation, Rome.

JAPAN.

John A. Bingham, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, Tokei.
Gustavus Goward, Secretary of Legation, Tokei.
Edwin Dun, Second Secretary of Legation, Tokei.
Willis N. Whitney, Interpreter, Tokei.

LIBERIA.

John H. Smyth, Minister Resident and Consul-General, Monrovia.

MEXICO.

Philip H. Morgan, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, Mexico.
Harry H. Morgan, Secretary of Legation, Mexico.

THE NETHERLANDS.

William L. Dayton, Minister Resident, the Hague.

PARAGUAY AND URUGUAY.

William Williams, Chargé d'Affaires, Montevideo, Uruguay.

PERSIA.

S. G. W. Benjamin, Minister Resident and Consul-General, Teheran.

PERU.

Seth Ledyard Phelps, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, Lima.
Richard K. Neill, Secretary of Legation, Lima.

PORTUGAL.

Lewis Richmond, Minister Resident and Consul-General, Lisbon.

RUSSIA.

Alphonso Taft, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, St. Petersburg.
George W. Wurts, Secretary of Legation, St. Petersburg.

SANTO DOMINGO.

John M. Langston, Chargé d'Affaires, Santo Domingo. (See Hayti.)

SIAM.

J. A. Halderman, Minister Resident and Consul-General, Bangkok.

SPAIN.

John W. Foster, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, Madrid.
Dwight T. Reed, Secretary of Legation, Madrid.

SWEDEN AND NORWAY.

W. W. Thomas, jr., Minister Resident, Stockholm.

SWITZERLAND.

M. J. Cramer, Minister Resident and Consul-General, Berne.

TURKEY.

Lewis Wallace, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, Constantinople.
William C. Emmet, Secretary of Legation, Constantinople.
A. A. Gargiulo, Interpreter, Constantinople.

VENEZUELA.

Jehu Baker, Minister Resident and Consul-General, Caracas.

THE COURT OF COMMISSIONERS OF ALABAMA CLAIMS.

(Office, No. 1412 H street.)

Presiding Judge.—James Harlan, of Iowa, 1337 Eleventh street, N. W.
Judges.—Asa French, of Massachusetts, 1325 K street, N. W.

Clerk.—Daniel W. Fessenden, of Maine, 1332 I street, N. W.
Deputy Clerk.—William P. Huxford, of New York, 1332 I street.
Reporter.—H. Conquest Clarke, of Louisiana, 1309 Fourteenth street.
Counsel for the United States.—John A. J. Creswell, of Maryland, The Everett, 1730 H st.
Assistant Counsel for the United States.—Walker Blaine, of Maine, 1708 H street.
Auditor.—James J. Goodrich, of Massachusetts, 1737 F street, N. W.
Disbursing Agent.—Andrew H. Allen, of New York, 1811 H st., N. W.
Marshal.—Thomas Culbertson, of Pennsylvania, 916 Sixteenth street.

CONSULATES-GENERAL, CONSULATES, COMMERCIAL AGENCIES, AND CONSULAR AGENCIES,

ALPHABETICALLY ARRANGED.

[Corrected to February 3, 1885.]

Consular offices.	Consular officers.	Rank.
Aberdeen, Scotland	John Ramsay	Consular agent.
Acapulco, Mexico	John A. Sutter, jr	Consul.
Do	A. Demproolff	Vice-consul.
Adelaide, Australia	J. W. Smith	Consular agent.
Aden, Arabia	Joseph A. Jones	Consul.
Do		Vice-consul.
Adra Malaga, Spain	Ramon Medina	Consular agent.
Adrianople, Turkey		Do.
Aguadilla, Porto Rico	Augustus Ganslandt	Do.
Agua Dulce	Henry Dickson	Do.
Aintab, Syria	T. C. Trowbridge	Do.
Aix la Chapelle, Germany	George F. Lincoln	Consul.
Do	Wilhelm Mathée	Vice and deputy consul.
Akyab, Bengal	James Edward Orr	Consular agent.
Albany, Australia	Frank R. Dymes	Do.
Alberton, Prince Edward Island	Geo. Howlan	Do.
Albert Town, Fortune Island	C. C. Eldgert	Do.
Aleppo, Syria	Frederic Poche	Do.
Alexandretta, Syria	Stephen J. Coidan	Do.
Alexandria, Egypt	C. M. Salvazo	Do.
Algiers, Algeria	Archibald K. Brown	Consul.
Do	Charles T. Grellet	Vice and deputy consul.
Alicante, Spain	William L. Giro	Consul.
Do	John L. Giro	Vice-consul.
Almeria Malaga, Spain	Herman F. Fischer	Consular agent.
Altata, Mexico		Do.
Altona, Germany	Paul Moller	Do.
Amapala, Honduras		Consul.
Do	Charles Roloff	Vice-consul.
Amherstburgh, Canada	Josiah Turner	Consul.
Do	Wm. Johnston	Vice-consul.
Amoy, China	W. Elwell Goldsborough	Consul.
Do	J. J. Howard	Vice-consul.
Amsterdam, Netherlands	David Eckstein	Consul.
Do	A. Vinke	Vice and deputy consul.
Ancona, Italy	A. P. Tomassini	Consular agent.
Andakabe, Madagascar	Victor F. W. Stanwood	Do.
Angers, France	Elie Lazard	Do.
Anguilla, West Indies	Wager Rey	Do.
Annaberg	Geo. E. Bullock	Consul.
Do	Jay Ewing	Vice and deputy consul.
Annapolis, Nova Scotia	Jacob M. Owen	Consular agent.
Antigua, West Indies	Chester E. Jackson	Consul.
Do	Wm. Dougall	Vice-consul.
Antwerp, Belgium	John H. Steuart	Consul.
Do	S. H. Haine	Vice and deputy consul.
Apia, Samoa	Theo. Canisius	Consul.
Do	Jonas M. Coe	Vice-consul.
Aracaju, Brazil	L. Schmidt	Acting consular agent.
Arecibo, Porto Rico	F. Fernandez	Consular agent.
Arendal, Norway	Christian Eyde	Do.
Arica, Peru		Do.
Asuncion, Paraguay		Consul.
Athens, Greece	De Witt T. Reilly	Do.
Do	A. Martelao	Vice-consul.

Consular offices.	Consular officers.	Rank.
Auckland, New Zealand	Nelson J. Dunning	Consul.
Do	Thomas T. Gamble	Vice-consul.
Augsburg, Germany	Max Obermayer	Consular agent.
Aux Cayes, Hayti	Thomas Dutton	Do.
Azua, San Domingo	Henry Chandruc	Do.
Bahia, Brazil	John B. Weaver	Consul.
Do	George H. Duder	Vice-consul.
Bahia de Caráquez, Ecuador	Edward Thos. Goddard	Consular agent.
Ballymena, Ireland	George Ballentine	Do.
Bangkok, Siam	John A. Halderman	Consul-general.
Do	Noah A. McDonald	Vice-consul.
Bani-Saf, Africa	H. G. Heathcote	Consular agent.
Baracoa, Cuba	Datus E. Coon	Commercial agent.
Do	Pablo E. Alayo	Vice-commercial agent.
Barbadoes	Robert Y. Holley	Consul.
Do	D. C. Da Costa, jr	Vice and deputy consul.
Barcelona, Spain	Frederick H. Scheuch	Consul.
Do	M. Casagemas	Vice-consul.
Barcelona, Venezuela	Ignacio H. Baiz	Consular agent.
Bari, Italy	Luigi Rivera	Do.
Barmen, Germany	Wolfgang Schoenle	Consul.
Do	Emile Meyer	Vice and deputy consul.
Barranquilla, U. S. Colombia	Thomas M. Dawson	Consul.
Do	F. Ansoategui	Vice and deputy consul.
Barrington, Nova Scotia	Nehemiah McGray	Consular agent.
Basle, Switzerland	George Gifford	Consul.
Do	August Kauffmann	Vice-consul.
Bassein, India	Walter W. G. Beatson	Consular agent.
Bastia, Corsica	O. A. Gaudin	Do.
Batavia, Java	Oscar Hatfield	Consul.
Do	Petrus F. W. Pels	Vice-consul.
Bathurst, Africa		Consul.
Do	Henry C. Goddard	Vice-consul.
Batoum, Poti, and Tiflis, Russia		Consular agent.
Beirut, Syria	John S. Robeson	Consul.
Do	Percy Martindale	Vice and deputy consul.
Belfast, Ireland	Arthur B. Wood	Consul.
Do	Sam'l P. Brown	Vice and deputy consul.
Belgrade, Servia		Consul-general.
Do		Vice-consul-general.
Belize, British Honduras	Albert E. Morlan	Consul.
Do	John E. Murtrie	Vice-commercial agent.
Belleville, Canada	Fred'k W. Prince	Consul.
Do	J. Lyon Biggar	Vice-consul.
Bergen, Norway	Fred. G. Gade	Consul.
Do	Johan C. Isdahl, jr	Vice-consul.
Berlin, Germany	Mark S. Brewer	Consul-general.
Do	G. Harrison Smith	Vice and dep. con. gen.
Bermuda, West Indies	Charles M. Allen	Consul.
Do	James B. Heyel	Vice and deputy consul.
Berne	M. J. Cramer	Consul-general.
Do	John E. Hinnen	Vice and dep. con. gen.
Bilbao, Spain	Angel Urraza	Consular agent.
Birmingham	Wilson King	Consul.
Do	Jos. F. Brame	Vice and deputy consul.
Bluefields, Nicaragua	William G. Smith	Consular agent.
Boca del Toro, Colombia	William Brown	Do.
Bogota, United States of Colombia	Chester Holcomb	Consul-general.
Do	Martin Boshell	Vice-consul.
Bologna, Italy	Carlo Gardini	Consular agent.
Boulogne-sur-mer, France	E. Flageollet	Do.
Bombay, India	Benj. F. Farnham	Consul.

Consular offices.	Consular officers.	Rank.
Bonacca, Honduras	John T. Sinclair	Consular agent.
Bonaire, West Indies	L. C. Boye	Do.
Bone, Africa	L. Guiraud	Do.
Bordeaux, France	George W. Roosevelt	Consul.
Do	Gregory Phelan	Vice-consul.
Bradford, England	Wm. F. Grinnell	Consul.
Do	Thomas L. Renton	Vice and dep. consul.
Brake and Nordenhamm, Germany	J. J. Gross	Consular agent.
Brava, Cape Verde Islands	J. J. Nunes	Do.
Bremen, Germany	John M. Wilson	Consul.
Do	Geo. W. Sillcox	Vice-consul.
Do	John H. Schnabel	Deputy consul.
Breslau	Henry Dithmar	Consul.
Do	Wm. H. Musselman	Vice-consul.
Brest, France	A. Pitel	Consular agent.
Bridgewater, Nova Scotia	William H. Owen	Do.
Brindisi, Italy	Edwd. Bedloe	Vice-consul.
Brisbane, New South Wales	Thos. E. White	Consular agent.
Bristol, England	Lorin A. Lathrop	Consul.
Do	Robert H. Symes	Vice-consul.
Brockville, Canada	Wm. A. Schofield	Consular agent.
Brunn, Austria	Gustavus Schoeller	Do.
Brunswick, Germany	Williams C. Fox	Consul.
Do	A. M. Simon	Vice-consul.
Brussels, Belgium	John Wilson	Consul.
Do	A. J. Stein	Vice-consul.
Bucaramanga, Colombia	Charles Keller	Consular agent.
Bucharest	Fulton Paul	Consul-general.
Do	Wm. G. Boxshall	Vice-consul-general.
Buenaventura	Charles L. Belden	Commercial agent.
Buenos Ayres, Argentine Republic	Thomas O. Osborn	Consul-general.
Do	Edward L. Baker	Consul.
Burtscheid	Wm. Brugmann	Consular agent.
Bushire, Persia	T. G. Malcolm	Do.
Cadiz, Spain	E. L. Oppenheim	Consul.
Do	Benjamin Haynes	Vice-consul.
Cagliari, Italy	Alphonse Dol	Consular agent.
Cairo, Egypt	N. D. Comanos	Vice-consul-general.
Calais, France	J. P. Vendroux	Consular agent.
Calcutta, Bengal	J. A. Leonard	Consul-general.
Do	Andrew J. Cobb	Vice and dep. con. gen.
Caldera, Chili	John C. Morong	Consular agent.
Callao, Peru	H. M. Brent	Consul.
Do		Vice-consul.
Camargo, Mexico	Julian Lacaze	Consular agent.
Campeachy, Mexico	Geo. T. Gaumer	Do.
Cannes, France	Theo. de Valcourt	Do.
Canton, China	Chas. Seymour	Consul.
Do	Gideon Nye	Vice-consul.
Cape Canso	Thos. C. Cook	Consular agent
Cape Coast Castle, Liberia	George Amizang	Do.
Cape Haytien, Hayti	Stanislas Goutier	Consul.
Do	Oscar B. Lüders	Vice-consul.
Cape Palmas, Liberia	A. M. Miller	Consular agent.
Cape Town	Jas. W. Siler	Consul.
Do	Edward R. Norton	Vice-consul.
Caracas, Venezuela	Jehu Baker	Consul-general.
Cardenas, Cuba	James A. Nunez	Commercial agent.
Do	Joseph H. Washington	Vice-commercial agent.
Cardiff, Wales	Evan R. Jones	Consul.
Do	Wm. B. Lovie	Vice and deputy consul.
Carini, Italy	Casinisro Schiro	Consular agent.

Consular offices.	Consular officers.	Rank.
Carlisle, England	J. Hewetson Brown	Consular agent.
Carrara, Italy	Ulisse Boccacci	Do.
Carril, Spain	Louis Pou	Do.
Carthagena, United States of Colombia	Edmund W. P. Smith	Consul.
Do	Abram Henriquez	Vice-consul.
Carthagena, Spain	C. Molina	Consul.
Do	Alberto Molina	Vice-consul.
Carupano, Venezuela	Robert Quesnel	Consular agent.
Casa-Blanca, Morocco	John Cobb	Do.
Castelamare, Italy	Alfred M. Wood	Commercial agent.
Do	James Drinkwater	Vice-commercial agent.
Catania, Italy	Albert Woodcock	Consul.
Do	Augustus Peratoner	Vice and deputy consul.
Cayenne	Pascal Decomis	Consul.
Do	Leon Warongne	Vice-consul.
Ceara, Brazil	George Holderness	Acting consular agent.
Cebu, Philippine Islands	Cornelius R. B. Pickford	Do.
Cephalonia, Greece	John Saunders	Do.
Cerro de Pasco, Peru	M. C. McNulty	Do.
Cette, France	L. S. Nahmens	Do.
Ceylon, India	William Morey	Consul.
Do	Edward Aitken	Vice-consul.
Champerico, Guatemala	Florentin Souza	Consular agent.
Charleroi	Charles Vander-Elst	Do.
Charlottetown, P. E. I	W. A. Worden	Consul.
Do	F. W. Hyndman	Vice and deputy consul.
Chatham, Ontario	H. C. Buffington	Commercial agent.
Do	Robert O. Smith	Vice-commercial agent.
Chaux de fonds (Switz)	O. A. Peeyere	Consular agent.
Che Foo, China	A. R. Platt	Consul.
Chemnitz, Saxony	John L. Parish	Do.
Do	Otto Reichold	Vice and deputy consul.
Cherbourg, France	Emil Postel	Consular agent.
Chihuahua, Mexico	Louis H. Scott	Consul.
Do	John C. Huston	Vice-consul.
Chimbote, Peru	James H. Hayball	Consular agent.
Chin Kiang, China	Enoch J. Smithers	Consul.
Do	L. A. Bergholtz	Vice-consul.
Chittagong, India	Clement C. Ellis	Consular agent.
Christ Church, N. Z		Do.
Christiania, Norway	Gerhard Gade	Consul.
Do	Lauritz F. Brown	Vice-consul.
Christiansand, Norway	Ferdinand Reinhardt	Consular agent.
Christianstad, Sweden	Ludwig Ahlberg	Do.
Cienfuegos, Cuba	William P. Pierce	Consul.
Do	Juan B. Carbo	Vice-consul.
Ciudad Bolivar	George F. Underhill	Consul.
Do	William Henderson	Vice-consul.
Civita Vecchia, Italy	G. Marsanick	Consular agent.
Clarenceville, Canada	Edmund Macomber	Do.
Clifton, Canada	James Low	Consul.
Do	John Hancock	Vice and deputy consul.
Coaticook, Canada		Consul.
Do	Joseph T. Woodward	Vice and deputy consul.
Coatzacoalcas, Mexico	Jos. D. Hoff	Consular agent.
Cobija	Frank B. McDonald	Commercial agent.
Do		Vice-commercial agent.
Cobourg, Canada	George J. Stephens	Consular agent.
Cockburn Harbor, West Indies	John W. Tatem	Do.
Cognac, France	Joseph E. Irish	Consul.
Do	William Coates	Vice-consul.
Collo, Algeria	Marius Eyme	Consular agent.

Consular offices.	Consular officers.	Rank.
Cologne, Germany	Samuel Spackman	Consul.
Do	Frederick A. Herbertz	Vice-consul.
Collingwood, Canada	Chas. A. Boush	Commercial agent.
Do	John P. Fluent	Vice-commercial agent.
Colon (Aspinwall)	Robert K. Wright, jr	Consul.
Do	Walter J. Field	Vice and deputy consul.
Colonia, Uruguay	B. D. Manton	Consul.
Do		Vice-consul.
Constantinople, Turkey	G. Harris Heap	Consul-general.
Do	D. Stamatiades	Vice-consul-general.
Copenhagen, Denmark	Wickham Hoffman	Consul-general.
Do	Henry B. Ryder	Consul.
Do	Olof Hansen	Vice-consul.
Coquimbo, Chili	Joseph Grierson	Consul.
Corcubion, Spain	H. Villanueva	Consular agent.
Cordoba		Consul.
Do	John M. Thome	Vice-consul.
Corfu, Ionian Isles	T. Woodley	Consular agent.
Cork (Queenstown), Ireland	John J. Piatt	Consul.
Do	Geo. B. Dawson	Vice and deputy consul.
Corn Island, Nicaragua		Consular agent.
Cornwall, Canada	Henry W. Weber	Do.
Cornwallis, Nova Scotia	Ebenezer Rand	Do.
Coro, Venezuela	Ramon Seigas	Do.
Corunna, Spain	José de Carricarte	Consul.
Do	Eduarto de Carricarte	Vice-consul.
Coteau Landing, Canada	John A. D. Simpson	Consular agent.
Courtwright (Ont.)	Frederick W. Baby	Do.
Cow Bay, Nova Scotia	Charles Archibald	Do.
Crefeld, Prussia	Joseph F. Potter	Consul.
Do	Rudolph Schneider	Vice-consul.
Cronstadt, Russia	Peter Vigius	Consular agent.
Cucuta, United States of Colombia	Christian Anderson	Do.
Cumana, Venezuela	José G. N. Romberg	Do.
Curaçao, West Indies	Leonard B. Smith	Consul.
Do	Jacob Winster	Vice-consul.
Damascus, Syria	N. Meshaka	Consular agent.
Dantzig, Germany	Peter Collas	Do
Dardanelles, Turkey	Frank Calvert	Do.
Dartmouth, England	Richard Kingston	Do.
Demerara, British Guiana	Philip Figyelmesy	Consul.
Do	James Thomson	Vice-consul.
Denia, Spain	John D. Arquimbau	Consul.
Do	Ambrose Bordehore	Vice-consul.
Derby, England	Chas. Kirk Eddowes	Consular agent.
Deseronto, Canada	Roderick C. Carter	Do.
Desterro, Brazil		Do.
Dieppe, France	Raoul le Bourgeois	Do.
Digby, Nova Scotia	William B. Stewart	Do.
Dominica, West Indies	William Stedman	Do.
Dover, England	Pierre Sisco	Do.
Dresden, Saxony	Joseph T. Mason	Consul.
Do	William Knoop	Vice and deputy consul.
Drontheim, Norway	Claus Berg	Consular agent.
Dublin, Ireland	Benjamin H. Barrows	Consul.
Do	A. McKenzie	Vice-consul.
Dundee, Scotland	Willard B. Wells	Consul.
Do	Wm. McIntyre	Vice and deputy consul.
Dunedin, New Zealand	Henry Driver	Consular agent.
Dunfermline	H. Ray Myers	Commercial agent.
Dunfermline	James Penman	Vice-commercial agent.
Dunkirk, France	Benjamin Morel	Consular agent.
Dunmore Town, Bahamas	Henry S. Higgs	Do.

Consular offices.	Consular officers.	Rank.
Hoikow, China	Octavius Johnson	Consular agent.
Holyhead	John Jones	Do.
Honda, Colombia	William S. Crane	Do.
Honfleur, France		Do.
Hong-Kong, China	John S. Mosby	Consul.
Do	Beverly Clarke Mosby	Vice and deputy consul.
Honolulu, Hawaiian Islands	David A. McKinley	Consul.
Do	Frank P. Hastings	Vice and deputy consul.
Horgen, Switzerland	Wm. T. Rice.	Consul.
Do	Christian Anderegg	Vice-consul.
Huddersfield, England	C. W. Whitman	Consular agent.
Huelva, Spain	John Broadfoot	Do.
Hull, England	Edward Howard	Commercial agent.
Do	Marks Feldman	Vice-commercial agent.
Huntingdon, Canada	John Dinneen	Consular agent.
Ichang, China		Do.
Iloilo, Philippine Islands		Consul.
Do	John G. Austin	Vice-consul.
Iquique, Peru	Joseph W. Merriam	Consul.
Do	Maximo Rosenstock	Vice-consul.
Jacmel, Hayti	Jean Vital	Consular agent.
Jaffa	E. Hardegg	Do.
Jaffna, Ceylon	Frederick Mortimer	Do.
Jaluit, Marshall Islands	A. Capelle	Do.
Jeremie, Hayti	L. Trebaud Rouzier	Do.
Jerez de la Frontera, Spain	R. D. Macpherson	Do.
Jersey Island	Thomas Renouf	Do.
Jerusalem, Syria	Selah Merrill	Consul.
Do	Frank C. Clark	Vice-consul.
Kahului, Hawaiian Islands	August Frederic Hopke	Consular agent.
Kanagawa, Japan	Thomas B. Van Buren	Consul-general.
Do	George E. Rice	Vice-consul-general.
Kehl	Frank W. Ballow	Consul.
Do	Charles Schwarzmann	Vice-consul.
Kempt, Nova Scotia	Fred. A. Hobart	Consular agent.
Kidderminster, England	James Morton	Do.
Kiel, Germany	August Sartori	Do.
Kingston, Canada	Marshall H. Twitchell	Consul.
Do	Mathew H. Folger	Vice and deputy consul.
Kingston, Jamaica	George E. Hoskinson	Consul.
Do	W. P. Forwood	Vice-consul.
Kirkcaldy, Scotland	Andrew Innes	Consular agent.
Kiu-Kiang, China		Do.
Kiungchow	J. N. Jordan	Do.
Königsberg, Germany	Conrad H. Gadeke	Do.
La Colle, Quebec	Henry Hoyle	Do.
Laguayra, Venezuela	Winfield S. Bird	Consul.
Do	Thomas D. Golding	Vice-consul.
La Libertad, San Salvador	Alonzo D. Ahuja	Consular agent.
Lambayeque, Peru	William H. Fry	Consul.
Do	Alfred Lapoint	Vice-consul.
Langen Schwalbach	Earnest Grebert	Consular agent.
Lanzarotte, Canary Islands	J. T. Topham	Do.
La Paz, Mexico	James Viosca	Consul.
Do	William Silver	Vice-consul.
La Paz, Bolivia	Richard Gibbs	Consul-general.
Do	S. Alexander	Vice-consul-general.
Laraiche, Morocco	M. Abecasis	Consular agent.
Latakia, Syria	A. J. Dodds	Do.
La Union, San Salvador	Emelie Courtade	Consul.
Do	John B. Courtade	Vice-consul.
Leeds, England	Alfred V. Dockery	Consul.

Consular offices.	Consular officers.	Rank.
ds, England	William Ward	Vice and deputy consul.
horn, Italy	Charles P. Barnard	Consul.
Do	Emilio Masi	Vice-consul.
cester, England	Joseph Barber Haxby	Consular agent.
psic, Saxony	James T. Du Bois	Consul.
Do	Frederick Nachod	Vice and deputy consul.
th, Scotland	Oscar Malmros	Consul.
Do	Hugh C. Peacock	Vice-consul.
uka, Fiji	Samuel E. Belford	Commercial agent.
Do	William H. Bruce	Vice-commercial agent.
ata, Italy		Consular agent.
e, France	C. D. Gregoire	Do.
ıa, Peru	Chas. S. Rand	Do.
ıerick, Ireland	John R. Tinsley	Do.
ıoges, France	A. Jouhannaud	Do.
eboro', Canada	H. S. Beebe	Do.
gan, Nova Scotia	Frederick E. Leaver	Do.
bon, Portugal	Lewis Richmond	Consul-general.
Do	J. B. Wilbor	Vice and dep. con. gen.
erpool, England	Stephen B. Packard	Consul.
Do	F. Paul	Vice and deputy consul.
erpool, Nova Scotia	James N. S. Marshall	Consular agent.
ingston, Central America	James F. Sarg	Do.
nelly, Wales	Benj. Jones	Do.
ıos de Afuera, Peru		Do.
ıdon, Canada	William H. McCutcheon	Do.
don, England	Edwin A. Merritt	Consul-general.
Do	Libbeos H. Mitchell	Vice and dep. con. gen.
Do	E. J. Moffat	Deputy consul-general.
Do	Edwin Albert Merritt	Do.
ıdonderry, Ireland	Arthur Livermore	Consul.
Do	James Stewart	Vice-consul.
rient, France	L. Sellier	Consular agent.
isburg, Nova Scotia	Wm. H. McAlpine	Do.
ıeck, Germany	Jacob Meyer, jr	Do.
ıenburg, Nova Scotia	Daniel M. Owen	Do.
gan, Ireland	Frederick W. Magahan	Do.
ıor, Egypt	Aly Mourad	Do.
ns, France	Benjamin F. Peixotto	Consul.
Do	George D. M. Peixotto	Vice-consul.
Do	Mark P. Peixotto	Deputy consul.
ceio, Brazil	Theodore Braasch	Consular agent.
coris, San Domingo	J. W. Mellor	Do.
dras, British India	James Rose Hunter	Do.
gdalen Islands, Canada	James K. Ogilvie	Do.
gdalena Bay, Mexico	James C. Hale	Do.
hé, Seychelles Islands	Evelyn P. Mussey	Consul.
Do	Charles Dupuy	Vice-consul.
ıukona, Hawaiian Islands	Chas. L. Wight	Consular agent.
onga, Madagascar	Robert F Andrew	Do.
aga, Spain	Henry C. Marston	Consul.
Do	Edward Loring	Vice-consul.
mo, Sweden	Peter M. Flensburg	Consular agent.
ta, Malta Island	John Worthington	Consul.
Do	Charles B. Eynaud	Vice-consul.
aos, Brazil	F. G. Alden	Consular agent.
ıagua, Nicaragua	Humphrey H. Leavitt	Consul.
Do		Vice-consul.
ıchester, England	Albert D. Shaw	Consul.
Do	John T. Doyle	Vice and deputy consul.
ıila, Philippine Islands	Julius G. Voigt	Consul.
Do	R. D. Tucker	Vice-consul.

Consular offices.	Consular officers.	Rank.
Mannheim, Germany	Rudolph W. Wolffsohn	Consul.
Do	William Köster, jr	Vice-consul.
Manta, Ecuador	Pedro Gualberto	Consular agent.
Manzanillo, Cuba	W. Stakeman	Do.
Manzanillo, Mexico	Emil Mahlo	Consul.
Do	Augustus Koch	Vice and deputy consul.
Maracaibo, Venezuela	Eugene H. Plumacher	Consul.
Do	Leoncio Julia	Vice-consul.
Do	Henry Bremerman	Deputy consul.
Maranhao, Brazil	J. J. Tavares	Consular agent.
Marash, Turkey	Henry Marsden	Do.
Marsala, Italy	George Rayson	Do.
Marseilles, France	Frank H. Mason	Consul.
Do	John S. Martin, jr	Vice and deputy consul.
Martinique, West Indies	Walter H. Garfield	Consul.
Do	Frank E. Barentzen	Vice-consul.
Matamoros, Mexico	Warner P. Sutton	Consul-general.
Do	John F. Valls	Vice and dep. con. gen.
Matanzas, Cuba	David Vickers	Consul.
Do	Geo. L. Washington	Vice-consul.
Mathewtown, Bahamas	John I. Sargent	Consular agent.
Mayaguez, Porto Rico	Gorham E. Hubbard	Commercial agent.
Do	Max Eisenlohr	Vice-commercial agent.
Mayence, Germany	James H. Smith	Commercial agent.
Do	Rudolph Kraussé	Vice-commercial agent.
Mazagan, Morocco	Alfred Redman	Consular agent.
Mazatlan, Mexico	Edward G. Kelton	Consul.
Do	A. H. McHatton	Vice-consul.
McAdam Junction, New Brunswick	James W. Green	Consular agent.
Medellin, Colombia	E. R. Esmond	Consul.
Do	L. S. Maria	Vice-consul.
Melbourne, Australia	O. M. Spencer	Consul-general.
Do	John Kane Smyth	Vice-consul-general.
Mentone, France	Nicolas Viale	Consular agent.
Merida, Mexico		Consul.
Do	Wm. B. Tappan	Vice and deputy consul.
Messina, Italy	George H. Owen	Consul.
Do	Letterio Pirrone	Vice-consul.
Mexico, Mexico	David H. Strother	Consul-general.
Do	B. T. Leuzarder	Vice-consul-general.
Mier, Mexico	Henry Vizcayo	Consular agent.
Milan, Italy	James M. Wilson	Consul.
Do	Anthony Richman	Vice-consul.
Milazzo, Italy	Pietro Siracusa	Consular agent.
Milford Haven, Wales	Henry Kelmay	Do.
Milk River, Jamaica	Wm. G. Price	Do.
Minatitlan, Mexico	Wm. A. Ketchum	Do.
Miragoane, Hayti	Francis W. Mitchell	Do.
Mogador, Morocco	Abraham Corcos	Do.
Mollendo, Peru	John Jefferson	Do.
Monaco, France	Emile de Loth	Do.
Monganui, New Zealand	Robert Wyles	Do.
Monrovia, Liberia	James H. Smyth	Consul-general.
Do	M. A. Anmey	Vice-consul-general.
Montego Bay, Jamaica	S. G. Corinaldi	Consular agent.
Monterey, Mexico	Robert C. Campbell	Consul.
Do		Vice-consul.
Montevideo, Uruguay	Alexander L. Russell	Consul.
Do	Thos. W. Howard	Vice-consul.
Montreal, Canada	Seargent P. Stearns	Consul-general.
Do	B. Courlaender, jr	Vice and dep. con. gen.
Montserrat, West Indies	Richard Hannam	Consular agent.
Morrisburg, Canada	James Redington	Commercial agent.

Consular offices.	Consular officers.	Rank.
rrisburg, Canada	James P. Whitney	Vice and dep. com. agt.
scow, Russia	E. G. Van Riper	Consul.
Do		Vice-consul.
ssel Bay, Africa		Consular agent.
ulmein, India	S. G. Hedderwick	Do.
zambique, Africa		Consul.
nich, Germany	Jas. W. Harper	Do.
Do	Wm. Hummel	Vice-consul.
scat, Arabia	Louis S. Maguire	Consul.
Do	Archibald Mackirdy	Vice-consul.
tilene, Turkey	M. M. Fottion	Consular agent.
gasaki, Japan	Alex. C. Jones	Consul.
Do	William G. Furber	Vice-consul.
guabo, Porto Rico	W. Haddock	Consular agent.
ntes, France	H. A. Shackelford	Consul.
Do	Hiram D. Bennett	Vice-commercial agent.
panee, Canada	Walter S. Williams	Consular agent.
ples, Italy	Frank G. Haughwout	Consul.
Do	Robt. O'N. Wickersham	Vice and deputy consul.
sau, West Indies	Thomas J. McLain, jr	Consul.
Do	Samuel P. Saunders	Vice-consul.
al, Brazil	Lyle Nelson	Consular agent.
ris, West Indies	Henry B. Hughes	Do.
wcastle-upon-Tyne, England	Robinson Locke	Consul.
Do	Herbert Davy	Vice-consul.
wcastle, Australia	Alexander Brown	Consular agent.
wcastle, Canada	Robert R. Call	Do.
w Chwang, China		Consul.
Do	Frederick Bandinel	Vice and deputy consul.
wport, Wales	Wm. E. Heard	Consular agent.
e, France	Thomas Wilson	Consul.
Do	Alexander Vial	Vice-consul.
ngpo, China	Edwin Stevens	Consul.
Do	Marcellus A. Churchill	Vice-consul.
gales, Mexico	F. H. Goodwin	Consular agent.
rrkoping, Sweden	S. C. Mobeck	Do.
rth Sydney, Nova Scotia	Wm. Purves	Do.
ttingham, England	Jasper Smith	Commercial agent.
Do	F. G. Rawson	Vice-commercial agent.
remberg, Germany	G. H. Horstmann	Consul.
Do	S. Dunkelsbühler	Vice-consul.
evitas, Cuba	Joaquin Sanchez	Consular agent.
evo Laredo, Mexico	Stephen H. Smith	Consul.
Do	Joseph Sielski	Vice-consul.
essa, Russia	George Scott	Consul.
Do	John H. Volkmann	Vice-consul.
l Hartlepool, England	Christian Nielson	Consular agent.
orto, Portugal	William Stuve	Do.
ktava	Peter S. Reid	Do.
un, Algeria	Isidore Castel	Do.
llia, Canada	Charles Carbould	Do.
ka and Hiogo, Japan	T. McF. Patton	Consul.
Do	George H. Scidmore	Vice-consul.
end, Belgium	A. J. Neuts	Consular agent.
awa, Canada	Richard B. Robbins	Commercial agent.
Do	Ed. King	Vice-commercial agent.
en Sound, Canada	Edward Todd	Consular agent.
asmayo, Peru	B. H. Kauffman	Do.
lang, Sumatra	Alfred H. Eilbracht	Vice-consul.
o Pago, Samoa	Matthew Hunkin	Consular agent.
hoi, China		Do.
ermo, Italy	Philip Carroll	Consul.
Do	C. G. Lagana	Vice-consul.

Consular offices.	Consular officers.	Rank.
Palma Majorca, Spain	Ernesto Canut	Consular agent.
Panama, Colombia	Thomas Adamson	Consul-general.
Do	Joseph W. Adamson	Vice-consul-general.
Panillac, France	John B. Averons	Consular agent.
Para, Brazil	Robert T. Clayton	Consul.
Do	Richard F. Saers	Vice-consul.
Paraiba, Brazil	Aaron Cahn	Consular agent.
Paramaribo, Dutch Guiana		Consul.
Do	Henry Barnett	Vice-consul.
Paris, Canada	E. M. Sharp	Consular agent.
Paris, France	George Walker	Consul-general.
Do	Robert M. Hooper	Vice and dep. con. gen.
Do	Edward P. McLean	Deputy consul-general.
Parsboro', Canada	Jonathan Stickney	Consular agent.
Paso del Norte, Mexico	Eugene O. Fechet	Consul.
Do	Barker Burnell	Vice-consul.
Paspebiac, Canada	William T. Meagher	Consular agent.
Patras, Greece	Edward Hancock	Consul.
Do	Frederick B. Wood	Vice-consul.
Pau, France	Geo. de M. Clay	Consular agent.
Paysandu, Uruguay	J. G. Hufnagle	Do.
Payta, Peru	R. M. Columbus	Do.
Penang, India	Joseph Heim	Do.
Penedo, Brazil	Luiz Cravo	Do.
Pernambuco, Brazil	Henry L. Atherton	Consul.
Do	Thomas N. Swift	Vice-consul.
Pesth, Hungary	Henry Sterne	Consul.
Do	Louis Gerster	Vice-consul.
Petit Goâve, Hayti	E. Merantie	Consular agent.
Philipopolis, Turkey		Do.
Picton, Canada	Robert Clapp	Do.
Pictou, Canada	Edmund Johnson	Consul.
Do	John R. Noonan	Vice-consul.
Piedras Negras, Mexico	Bolivar J. Pridgen	Consul.
Do		Vice-consul.
Piræus, Greece		Consular agent.
Piura, Peru	Emilio Clark	Do.
Plymouth, England	Thomas W. Fox	Consul.
Do		Vice-consul.
Point de Galle, India	Alfred B. Scott	Consular agent.
Point Levi, Canada	Louis A. Farmer	Do.
Ponce, Porto Rico		Commercial agent.
Do	Felix W. Preston	Vice-commercial agent.
Port Antonio, Jamaica	Peter A. Moodie	Consular agent.
Port au Prince, Hayti	John M. Langston	Consul-general.
Do	John B. Terres	Vice-consul-general.
Port de Paix, Hayti	Hugo Kainer	Consular agent.
Port of Marbella, Spain	Miguel Calzado	Do.
Port Elizabeth, South Africa	John W. Philip	Do.
Port Hastings, Nova Scotia	W. M. Clough	Do.
Port Hope, Canada	J. C. Dutcher	Commercial agent.
Do	John T. Montgomery	Vice-commercial agent.
Port Joggins, Canada	William Moffat	Consular agent.
Port Limon, Costa Rica	Warren C. Uncles	Do.
Port Louis, Mauritius	Thomas T. Prentiss	Consul.
Do	A. Povah Ambrose	Vice-consul.
Port Mahon, Spain	P. B. Valls	Consular agent.
Port Morant	Lorenzo D. Baker	Do.
Port Natal, South Africa	Geo. C. Cato	Do.
Port Rowan, Canada	Henry M. Janes	Commercial agent.
Do	Alexander Ferguson	Vice-commercial agent.
Port Said, Egypt	R. Broadbent	Consular agent.
Port Sarnia, Canada	Samuel D. Pace	Consul.

Consular offices.	Consular officers.	Rank.
Sarnia, Canada	John Chester	Vice and deputy consul.
ımouth, England	C. E. McCheane	Consular agent.
ımouth, Dominica	Alexander Riviere	Do.
Stanley, Falkland Islands	Henry S. Lasar	Consul.
Do	Geo. M. Dean	Vice-consul.
Stanley, Canada	Allen Francis	Consul.
Do	William H. King	Vice-commercial agent.
of Sydney, Canada	Fred'k E. Leaver	Consular agent.
si, Bolivia	H. A. Desmond	Do.
on, Canada	Julius S. Dorman	Do.
:uoli, Italy	Ferdinand Burns	Do.
;ue, Austria	Charles A. Phelps	Consul.
Do	Leo Sekeles	Vice-consul.
;cott, Canada	Harry L. Slaght	Consul.
Do	James Buckley	Vice and deputy consul.
;idio del Norte, Mexico	Joseph Richardson	Commercial agent.
Do		Vice-commercial agent.
gresso, Mexico	Alfredo Aguero	Consular agent.
:rto Cabello, Venezuela	Edward E. White	Consul.
Do	Richard Kolster	Vice-consul.
rto Cortez, Central America	J. Benjamin	Consular agent.
:rto Perez	Herman Wigger	Do.
:rto Plata, San Domingo	Thomas Simpson	Consul.
Do	William Lithgow	Vice-consul.
ıta Arenas, Costa Rica	Luis Hernandez	Consular agent.
ebec, Canada	John N. Wasson	Consul.
Do	Charles P. Champion	Vice-consul.
bat, Morocco	Moses Bentar	Acting consular agent.
ngoon, Burmah	Charles W. Robertson	Consular agent.
dditch, England	H. C. Browning	Do.
ichenberg, Austria	Gustav Herrmann	Do.
nnes, France	Charles D. Huret	Do.
vel, Russia	E. von Glehn	Do.
eims, France	John L. Frisbie	Consul.
Do	Frank Jaunay	Vice-consul.
ga, Russia	Niles P. A. Bornholdt	Consular agent.
ɔ de Janeiro, Brazil	C. C. Andrews	Consul-general.
Do	Jas. H. Murray	Vice and dep. con. gen.
o Grande, Brazil	Beckford Mackey	Consul.
Do	Wm. August Preller	Vice-consul.
o Hacha, Colombia	George N. Illidge	Consular agent.
tzebüttel and Cuxhaven, Germany	Heinrich Tönnies	Do.
di, Italy	T. del Giudice	Do.
ıme, Italy	S. H. M. Byers	Consul-general.
Do	Charles M. Wood	Vice and deputy con. gen.
ınne, Denmark	Charles Bistrup	Consular agent.
sario, Argentine Republic	Willis E. Baker	Consul.
Do	William Perkins	Vice-consul.
stoff and Taganrog, Russia	John Martin	Consular agent.
tterdam, Netherlands	John F. Winter	Consul.
Do	A. A. Wambersie	Vice-consul.
ubaix, France	César Piat	Consular agent.
uen, France	Charles P. Williams	Consul.
Do	John A. Wright	Vice-consul.
atan and Truxillo, Central America	Wm. C. Burchard	Consul.
Do	Philip S. Burchard	Vice-consul.
ssell, New Zealand	Henry Stephenson	Consular agent.
tschuk, Turkey		Do.
fi, Morocco	Jacob Benzacar	Acting consular agent.
;ua la Grande, Cuba	Clarence C. Ford	Commercial agent.
Do	J. J. M. Mesa	Vice-commercial agent.
, Cape Verde Islands	J. J. Vera Cruz	Consular agent.

Consular offices.	Consular officers.	Rank.
Salonica, Turkey	P. H. Lazaro	Cansular agent.
Salt Cay, West Indies	Alexis W. Harriott	Do.
Saltillo, Mexico		Consul.
Samana, San Domingo		Commercial agent.
Do	Gregorio Rivas	Vice-commercial agent.
San Andrés, Colombia	Brooks Carnes	Consular agent.
San Blas, Mexico	Richard Lambert	Consul.
Do	James W. Stephens	Vice-consul.
San Cristobal, Venezuela	E. F. C. Henckel	Consular agent.
SanDomingo, West Indies	Henry C. C. Astwood	Consul.
Do	John W. Farrand	Vice-consul.
San José, Costa Rica	John Schroeder	Consul.
Do	Joseph L. Livingston	Vice-consul.
San José and Cape St. Lucas, Mexico	Abraham Kurnitzky	Consular agent.
San José de Gautemala	John Stuart	Do.
San Juan de los Remedios, Cuba	Woodbury G. Polleys	Commercial agent.
Do	James H. Springer	Vice-commercial agent.
San Juan del Norte, Nicaragua	William A. Brown	Consul.
Do		Vice-consul.
San Juan del Sur, Nicaragua	Edward R. Deshon	Commercial agent.
San Juan, Porto Rico	Edward Conroy	Consul.
Do	Andres Crosas	Vice-consul.
San Luis Potosi	George B. Clark	Consul.
Do		Vice-consul.
San Pedro Sula, Honduras		Consular agent.
San Remo, Italy	Albert Ameglio	Do.
Santa Cruz, Cuba	John C. Henke	Do.
Santa Cruz Point, Mexico	Conrad Cloetta	Do.
Santa Cruz, West Indies	Joseph W. Willard	Do.
Santa Martha, Colombia	M. J. Mier	Do.
San Salvador	J. M. Duke	Consul.
Do		Vice-consul.
San Sebastian, Spain	José M. de Brunet	Consular agent.
Santander, Spain	Clodoniro Perez	Consul.
Do	Modesto Pineiro	Vice-consul.
Santiago, Cape Verde Islands	Henry Pease	Consul.
Do	José P. Borjas	Vice-consul.
Santiago, Cuba	John C. Landreau	Consul.
Do	Joaquin Viosca	Vice-consul.
Santos, Brazil	William T. Wright	Consul.
Do	Henry Broad	Vice-consul.
Sault St. Marie, Canada	John A. Colwell	Consular agent.
Savannah la Mar, Jamaica	Charles S. Farquharson	Do.
Schiedam, Netherlands	Wm. P. Atwell	Do.
Scilly Islands, England	John Banfield, jr	Do.
Seoul, Corea	L. H. Foote	Consul-general.
Seville, Spain	W. C. Anderson	Consular agent.
Setubal, Portugal	Joaquim T. O'Neil	Do.
Shanghai, China	Julius Stahel	Consul-general.
Do		Vice-consul-general.
Do	John J. Coffey	Deputy consul-general.
Sheffield, England	C. B. Webster	Consul.
Do	Chas. A. Branson	Vice-consul.
Shelburne, Canada	N. W. White	Consular agent.
Sherbrook, Canada	Benjamin S. Parker	Consul.
Do	W. B. McCutcheon	Vice-commercial agent.
Sidon, Syria	S. Abela	Consular agent.
Sierra Leone, West Africa	Judson A. Lewis	Consul.
Do	Alexander R. Yates	Vice-consul.
Simonstown, South Africa	J. R. Black, jr	Consular agent.
Singapore, India	Adolph G. Studer	Consul.
Do	John Anderson	Vice-consul.
Sligo, Ireland	John Tigue	Consular agent.
Smith's Falls, Canada	W. M. Keith	Do.

Consular offices.	Consular officers.	Rank.
Smyrna, Turkey	Wm. E. Stevens	Consul.
Do	Ezra J. Davee	Vice-consul.
Soderhamn, Sweden	Pehr Sundh	Consular agent.
Sonneberg, Germany	Geo. F. Mosher	Consul.
Do	George Ortelli	Vice-consul.
Sonsonate, Salvador	Joaquin Mathé	Consul.
Do	James Geddes	Vice-consul.
Soerabaya, Java	Thomas W. Auten	Consular agent.
Sorel, Canada	Harry P. Dill	Commercial agent.
Do	E. Pelletier	Vice and dep. com. agt.
Souris, Canada	Caleb C. Carleton	Consular agent.
Southampton, England	William Thomson	Consul.
Do	John H. Cooksey	Vice-consul.
Spezia, Italy	John Greenham	Consular agent.
St. Ann's Bay, Jamaica	Michael Solomons	Do.
St. Andrews, Canada	Geo. F. Stickney	Do.
St. Bartholomew, West Indies	R. Burton Dinzey	Commercial agent.
Do	J. Oscar Florandin	Vice-commercial agent.
St. Catharines, Canada	Leonard H. Collard	Consular agent.
St. Christopher, West Indies	Emile S. Delisle	Commercial agent.
St. Denis, Isle of Réunion	Anatole Langlois	Do.
Do	Alcide Baran	Vice-commercial agent.
St. Etienne, France	Theodore Hertzberg	Commercial agent.
Do	Edward F. Hertzberg	Vice-commercial agent.
St. Eustatius, West Indies	George Doyle	Consular agent.
St. Galle, Switzerland	E. P. Beauchamp	Consul.
Do	L. L. Brettauer	Vice and deputy consul.
St. George, Azores	J. J. Cardoza	Consular agent.
St. George, Canada	Hugh Ludgate	Do.
St. George's, Bermuda		Commercial agent.
Do	James A. Atwood	Vice-commercial agent.
St. Helena (Island of)		Consul.
Do	Chas. A. Carrol	Vice-consul.
St. Helen's, England	John Hammill	Consular agent.
St. Hyacinthe, Canada	Allen Fish	Commercial agent.
Do	Francis Bartels	Vice-commercial agent.
St. John's, Quebec, Canada	Silas P. Hubbell	Consul.
Do	John Donaghy	Vice-consul.
St. John's, Newfoundland	Thomas N. Molloy	Consul.
Do	Wm. L. Donnelly	Vice-consul.
St. John, New Brunswick, Canada	Darius B. Warner	Consul.
Do	Ezra W. Gale	Vice and deputy consul.
St. Lucia, West Indies	William Peter	Consular agent.
St. Malo, France	Raymond Moulton	Do.
St. Marc, Hayti	Evan Lloyd	Vice-commercial agent.
St. Martin, West Indies	D. C. Van Romondt	Consul.
Do	Lewis H. Percival	Vice-consul.
St. Michael's, Azores	Richard Seemann	Consular agent.
St. Nazaire, France	Henry P. Sutton	Do.
St. Paul de Loando, West Africa	Robert H. Davis	Consul.
Do	F. M. Swart	Vice-consul.
St. Pierre, Miquelon	J. P. Frecker	Commercial agent.
Do	William F. McLaughlin	Vice-commercial agent.
St. Petersburg, Russia	Edgar Stanton	Consul-general.
Do	G. M. Hutton	Vice and dep. con. gen.
St. Stephen, Canada	Paul Lange	Consul.
Do	Willard B. King	Vice and deputy consul.
St. Thomas, West Indies	V. V. Smith	Consul.
Do	W. M. Simmons	Vice and deputy consul.
St. Vincent, Cape Verde Islands	John Randall, jr	Consular agent.
St. Vincent, West Indies	William E. Hughes	Do.
Stanbridge, Canada	Frank Harmon	Commercial agent.
Do	G. M. Hastings	Vice and dep. com. agent.
Stanley's Bridge, Prince Edward Island	Samuel H. Brown	Consular agent.

Consular offices.	Consular officers.	Rank.
Stanstead, Canada	Austin T. Foster	Consular agent.
Stavanger, Norway	Thomas Falck	Dc.
Stettin, Germany		Consul.
Do	Julius Dittmer	Vice and deputy consul.
Stockholm, Sweden	Nere A. Elfwing	Consul.
Do	Lars H. Horngren	Vice-consul.
Stratford, Canada	J. S. Benedict	Consular agent.
Stuttgart, Germany	Charles Einstein	Consul.
Do	Theodore Abenheim	Vice-consul.
Suez, Egypt	M. Minotto	Consular agent.
Summerside, Canada	Fairlay McNeill	Do.
Sunderland, England	James Horan	Do.
Sundsvall, Sweden	Per A. A. Liljeqvist	Do.
Sutton, Canada	Lester Rounds	Do.
Swansea, Wales	J. A. Thomas	Do.
Swatow, China	E. von Seckendorff	Do.
Sydney, Australia	Gilderoy W. Griffin	Consul.
Do	George M. Slate	Vice-consul.
Syra, Greece	Basil Padova	Consular agent.
Syracuse, Italy	N. Stella	Do.
Tahiti, Society Islands	Dorence Atwater	Consul.
Do	James J. Young	Vice-consul.
Talcahuano, Chili	John F. Van Ingen	Consul.
Do		Vice-consul.
Tamatave, Madagascar	William W. Robinson	Consul.
Do	Richard M. Whitney	Vice-consul.
Tampico, Mexico	Augustus J. Cassard	Consul.
Do	Neill E. Pressly	Vice-consul.
Tamsui and Keelung, China	Wilfred Christy	Consular agent.
Tangier, Morocco	F. A. Mathews	Consul.
Tarragona, Spain	Geo. D. Arzmüller	Consular agent.
Tegucigalpa, Honduras	George C. Tanner	Consul.
Do		Vice-consul.
Teheran, Persia	S. G. W. Benjamin	Consul-general.
Do	W. W. Torrence	Vice-consul-general.
Tehuantepec and Salina Cruz, Mexico	Albert Langner	Consular agent.
Teneriffe, Canary Islands	Harrison B. McKay	Consul.
Do	Philibert Lallier	Vice-consul.
Terceira, Azores	Henrique de Castro	Consular agent.
Terranova, Italy	Antonias Nocera	Do.
Tetuan, North Africa	Judah S. Levy	Commercial agent.
Three Rivers, Canada	Fred'k F. Farmer	Consul.
Do	Alexander Houliston	Vice-consul.
Tien-Tsin, China	George T. Bromley	Consul.
Do	Wlli am N. Pethick	Vice-consul.
Toronto, Canada	Walter E. Howard	Consul.
Do	C. A. Hirschfelder	Vice-consul.
Torrevieja, Spain	Ceferino Talavera	Consular agent.
Toulon, France	Alfred Reynaud	Do.
Trapani, Italy	L. Marrone	Do.
Trebizond, Turkey	Jean Baptiste Marengo	Do.
Trieste, Austria	F. W. Hossfeld	Consul.
Do	Alexander Cesare	Vice and deputy consul.
Trinidad, West Indies	John Towler	Consul.
Do	Julian H. Archer	Vice-consul.
Trinidad, Cuba	José P. y Magdaleno	Consular agent.
Tripoli, Syria	George Yanni	Do.
Truxillo, Honduras	W. L. Hammond	Do.
Tumbez, Peru	James Faulkner	Do.
Tunstall, England	Edwd. E. Lane	Consul.
Do	Fredric W. Tomkinson	Vice and deputy consul.
Turin, Italy		Consul.
Do	A. J. De Zeyk	Vice and deputy consul.
Turk's Island, Bahamas	N. K. Sawyer	Consul.

Consular offices.	Consular officers.	Rank.
:k's Island, Bahamas	John W. Darrell	Vice-consul.
Do	Alfred A. Darrell	Deputy consul.
lla, Central America	Robert Woodville	Consular agent.
lera, Venezuela	Carl Colsman	Do.
paraiso, Chili	David M. Dunn	Consul.
Do	August Möller, jr	Vice-consul.
aice, Italy	McWalter B. Noyes	Consul.
Do	Wm. H. De Wolf Budd	Vice-consul.
ra Cruz, Mexico	Bruno Tzschuck	Consul.
Do	Edward de la Torre	Vice-consul.
rviers and Liege, Belgium	Gilbert D. Robertson	Consul.
Do	Adolph Mullender	Vice-consul.
rey, Switzerland	Phileppe Genton	Consular agent.
toria, British Columbia	Robert J. Stevens	Consul.
Do	Edgar Marvin	Vice-consul.
quez, Porto Rico	Lane Garben	Consular agent.
nna, Austria	James Riley Weaver	Consul-general.
Do	William Herz	Vice-consul-general.
Do	Clarence M. Hyde	Deputy consul-general.
o, Spain	Camilo Molins	Consular agent.
ero, Spain	Joaquin Muñiz	Do.
koka, Manitoba	Clarence W. Williams	Do.
llaceburg, Canada	D. C. Huntoon	Do.
lton, Canada	Alex. McN. Parker	Do.
rsaw, Russia	Joseph Rawicz	Consul.
terford, Ireland	William H. Farrell	Consular agent.
terloo, Quebec	Thos. M. Johnston	Do.
ubaushene, Canada	Charles P. Fisher	Do.
llington, New Zealand	H. W. Levin	Do.
ymouth, England	William Smith	Do.
hitby, Canada	George B. Yule	Do.
ndsor, Ontario, Canada	Charles Ewers	Consul.
Do	John W. Holton	Vice-consul.
indsor, Nova Scotia, Canada	Daniel K. Hobart	Consul.
Do	Charles E. Hobart	Vice and dep. consul.
innipeg, Manitoba	James W. Taylor	Consul.
Do	Saml. J. Van Rensselaer	Vice-consul.
odstock, N. B	Walter T. Townshend	Commercial agent.
Do	Robert B. Sloat	Vice-commercial agent.
olfville, Canada	John W. Hamilton	Consular agent.
olverhampton, England	John Neve	Do.
yborg, Russia	Alexander Sesemann	Do.
rmouth, Canada	Joseph R. Kinny	Do.
scaran, Honduras	H. W. N. Cole	Do.
nzibar, East Africa	Frederic M. Cheney	Consul.
Do	Edward D. Roper, jr	Vice-consul.
catecas, Mexico		Consul.
Do		Vice-consul.
nte, Greece	A. L. Crowe	Consular agent.
za, Cuba	Sinesio Ballesta	Do.
rich, Switzerland	George L. Catlin	Consul.
Do	Ed. von Orelli	Vice-consul.

CONSULAR CLERKS.

Authorized by the act of Congress approved June 20, 1864.

ert J. De Zeyk.....Turin.
. A. Springer.....Havana.
s. F. Thirion.....Marseilles.
. P. MacLean.....Paris.
rles M. Wood.....Rome.
rge H. Scidmore.....Osaka and Hiogo.
Frank P. Hastings.....Honolulu.
Samuel P. Brown.....Belfast.
G. Harrison Smith.....Berlin.
Denning Duer, jr.....Lisbon.
St. Leger A. Touhay.....Rome.
William W. Butler.....Bordeaux.

THE DISTRICT GOVERNMENT.

COMMISSIONERS.

President.—James B. Edmonds, 1625 K street, N. W.
Joseph R. West, 815 Fifteenth street, N. W.
Garrett J. Lydecker, Major of Engineers, U. S. A., 1412 Twentieth street, N. W.
Secretary.—William Tindall, corner Oakland avenue and Connecticut avenue extended.

THE DISTRICT OFFICERS.

Assistant to Engineer Commissioner.—Capt. F. V. Greene, U. S. A., 1915 G st., N. W.
Assistant to Engineer Commissioner.—Lieut. C. McD. Townsend, 1906 G st., N. W.
Attorney.—A. G. Riddle, 1116 Thirteenth street, N. W.; office, 460 Louisiana avenue.
Assistant Attorney.—Francis Miller, 460 Louisiana avenue; residence, Sandy Springs, Md.
Collector of Taxes.—John F. Cook, 1005 Sixteenth street, N. W.
Assessor.—Robert P. Dodge, 1534 Twenty-eighth street, West Washington.
Auditor.—I. S. Tichenor, 1311 M street, N. W.
Coroner.—De Witt C. Patterson, M. D., 919 I street, N. W.
Surveyor.—William Forsyth, 1707 G street, N. W.
Inspector of Buildings.—Thomas B. Entwisle, 1709 H street, N. W.
Supt. of Public Schools.—J. Ormond Wilson, 1439 Massachusetts avenue, N. W.

THE POLICE COURT.

Judge.—William B. Snell, 937 H street, N. W.
Clerk.—Howard L. Prince, 419 Spruce street, Le Droit Park.
Deputy.—Joseph Harper, 113 Third street, N. E.
Assistant U. S. Attorney.—E. H. Thomas, 447 O street, N. W.
Special Assistant Attorney for D. C.—J. E. Padgett, 460 Louisiana avenue.
Messenger.—N. C. Harper, 113 Third street, N. W.

THE METROPOLITAN POLICE.

Major and Superintendent.—William McE. Dye, 1301 T street, N. W.
Captain and Inspector.—Charles R. Vernon, 469 F street, S. W.
Secretary and Property Clerk.—Richard Sylvester, 422 Fifth street, N. W.
Clerk.—J. Arthur Kemp, 630 A street, S. E.
Detailed Clerk.—J. J. Gorman, 210 Massachusetts avenue, N. W.
Police Surgeons.—Dr. S. A. H. McKim, corner Fifth and A streets, S. E.; Dr. G. L. Magruder, 815 Vermont avenue; C. H. A. Kleinschmidt, 3113 N street, N. W.; and J. W. Bayne, 210 B street, S. E.
Sanitary Officer.—D. H. Teeple.
Hack Inspector.—M. W. Quinlan.
Police Headquarters.—501 D street, N. W.
Station Houses.—*First precinct*, E street, between Four-and-a-half and Sixth streets, S. W.
Second precinct, U street, between Ninth street and Vermont avenue, N. W.
Third precinct, High street, West Washington, N. W.
Fourth precinct, K street, between Twentieth and Twenty-first streets, N. W.
Fifth precinct, Twelfth street, between C and D streets, N. W.
Sixth precinct, Massachusetts ave., between Ninth and Tenth streets, N. W.
Seventh precinct, First street, corner of F street, N. W.
Eighth precinct, South Carolina ave., between Fifth and Sixth streets, S. E.

THE FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Chief Engineer.—Martin Cronin, 404 H street, N. W.
Assistant Chief Engineer (acting).—George Spilman, 2803 M street, N. W.
Assistant Chief Engineer (acting).—Charles Merillatt, 12 I street, N. W.
Secretary.—Otto C. Reinecke, 428 M street, N. W.
Fire Marshal.—Wm. O. Drew, 1337 Thirtieth street, N. W.
Engine House.—No. 1, K, between Sixteenth and Seventeenth streets, N. W.
No. 2, D, near Twelfth street, N. W.
No. 3, Delaware avenue and C streets, N. E.
No. 4, Virginia avenue, between Four-and-a-half and Sixth streets, S. W.
No. 5, High street, near Bridge, West Washington.
No. 6, Massachusetts avenue, between Fourth and Fifth streets, N. W.
No. 7, R street, between Ninth and Tenth streets, N. W.
Truck A, North Capitol, near C street, N. E.
Truck B, New Hampshire avenue and M street, N. W.

THE FIRE-ALARM TELEGRAPH.

First District.

12. Second and D streets, N. W.
13. Second and B streets, N. W.
14. Third and G streets, N. W.
15. Mass. av. bet. 4th and 5th sts., N. W.
16. Sixth and B (B. and P. depot) sts., N. W.
17. 4½ bet. Pa. av. and C st., N. W.
18. Pa. av. between 3d and 4½ sts., N. W.
19. Police station, 1st and F sts., N. W.
121. Headquarters, Fifth and D.
123. Sixth and G streets, N. W.
124. Seventh and Louisiana avenue, N. W.
125. Seventh and E streets, N. W.
126. General post-office.
127. Seventh and I streets, N. W.
129. Ninth and D streets, N. W.
131. Ninth and F streets, N. W.
132. Ninth and H streets, N. W.
134. Medical Museum, 10th street, N. W.
135. Eleventh and G streets, N. W.
136. Twelfth and L streets, N. W.
137. Police station, Mass. av. bet. 9th and 10th.
141. Pension Office, Pa. av. and 21st st.
142. Thirteenth and F streets, N. W.
143. Thirteenth and I streets, N. W.
145. Ebbitt House.
146. Riggs House.
147. Fifteenth and I streets, N. W.
148. Fourteenth and Vermont av., N. W.
149. L bet. 15th and 16th streets, N. W.
151. D bet. 12th and 13th streets, N. W.
152. Tenth and C streets, N. W.
153. Thirteenth and B streets, N. W.
154. Fifteenth and E streets, N. W.

Second District.

21. New Jersey av. and K street, N. W.
23. Fourth st. and New York av., N. W.
24. Fourth and O streets, N. W.
25. Sixth st. and New York avenue, N. W.
26. Fifth and N streets, N. W.
27. Fifth st. and Rhode Island av., N. W.
212. Seventh and M streets, N. W.
213. Seventh and R streets, N. W.
214. Seventh and Boundary streets, N. W.
215. Ninth and L streets, N. W.
216. Tenth and N streets, N. W.
217. Ninth and P streets, N. W.
218. Police station, W bet. 9th and 10th, N. W.
236. Eleventh and O streets, N. W.
237. Twelfth and Q streets, N. W.
238. Twelfth and S streets, N. W.
239. Twelfth and V streets, N. W.
241. Fourteenth st. and R. I. av., N. W.
243. Fourteenth and Corcoran streets, N. W.
245. Fourteenth and U streets, N. W.
246. Fourteenth and Boundary streets, N. W.
247. Sixteenth and P streets, N. W.
249. Fifteenth near S street, N. W.
251. R bet. 16th and 17th streets, N. W.
253. Sixteenth and T streets, N. W.
254. Nineteenth and R streets, N. W.
256. Columbia road and Oakland avenue.

Third District.

31. Seventeenth, bet. F and G streets, N. W.
32. G, between 17th and 18th streets, N. W.
34. K, between 16th and 17th streets, N. W.
35. Sixteenth and M streets, N. W.
36. Nineteenth and F streets, N. W.
37. Nineteenth st. and Penn. ave., N. W.
38. Police station, K, near 20th street, N. W.
39. Nineteenth and L streets, N. W.
312. Twenty-second and E streets, N. W.
314. Twenty-first and H streets, N. W.
315. New Hampshire ave. and M sts., N. W.
318. N, between 17th and 18th streets, N. W.
319. Twentieth and P streets, N. W.
321. Twenty-fourth and G streets, N. W.
324. Penn. ave., bet. 23d and 24th sts., N. W.
325. United States Observatory.
327. Twenty-sixth and I streets, N. W.
328. Twenty-fifth and M streets, N. W.

Fourth District.

41. Maryland avenue and 4½ street, S. W.
42. Virginia ave., bet. 4½ and 6th sts., S. W.
43. Four-and-a-half and H streets, S. W.
45. Four-and-a-half and N streets, S. W.
46. Arsenal guard-house.
47. Police station, E, near 4½ street, S. W.
412. Seventh street and Maryland ave., S. W.
413. Seventh and F streets, S. W.
415. Seventh and K streets, S. W.
416. Twelfth and Water streets, S. W.
417. Fourteenth and C streets, S. W.
421. National Museum.
423. Eleventh st. and Maryland ave., S. W.
425. C, between Second and Third sts., S. W.
426. First and N streets, S. W.
427. Sixth, near M street, S. W.
431. Thirteenth and C streets, S. W.
432. Fourteenth and B streets, S. W.
435. Ninth and H streets, S. W.
436. Tenth street and Virginia avenue, S. W.

Fifth District.

51. U. S. Coast Survey, N. J. avenue, S. E.
52. Second and East Capitol streets, S. E.
53. Second and C streets, S. E.
54. Third and L streets, S. E.
56. Police Station, Fifth and S. C. ave., S. E.
512. Seventh and East Capitol streets, S. E.
513. Seventh and Pennsylvania avenue, S. E.
514. Navy-yard gate, S. E.
516. Third and B streets, S. E.
517. Third and D streets, S. E.
521. Eleventh and B streets, S. E.
523. Eleventh and I streets, S. E.
524. Thirteenth and E streets, S. E.
526. Eleventh and M streets, S. E.
527. Almshouse.
528. Insane Asylum.

Sixth District.

61. No. 3 Eng. H., Del. ave. and C sts., N. E.
62. Government Printing Office.
63. Delaware avenue and K street, N. E.
64. Deaf and Dumb Asylum.
65. Truck A House, North Capitol st., N. E.
67. H, between Second and Third sts., N. E.
612. Fourth and C streets, N. E.
613. Sixth and H streets, N. E.
621. Tenth and H streets, N. E.
623. North Capitol and F streets, N. E.
625. North Capitol and P streets, N. E.
627. Eighth and Maryland avenue, N. E.
631. Sixth and A streets, N. E.
632. Ninth and A streets, N. E.

Seventh District.

71. Thirtieth and M sts., W. Washington.
72. Thirty-eighth and O sts., W. Wash.
73. Thirty-second and Q sts., W. Wash.
76. Industrial Home School, W. Wash.
712. Thirty-fourth and O streets, W. Wash.
713. Frederic and Seventh sts., W. Wash.
714. Thirty-first and O streets, W. Wash.
721. No. 5 Engine, M near 32d, W. Wash.
731. Thirtieth and K streets, W. Wash.
732. Water and Potomac streets, W. Wash.
735. P street car stables, West Washington.

THE HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

(Office, Department Building, 503 D street, N. W.)

Health Officer.—Smith Townshend, M. D., 221 Four-and-a-half street, N W.
Chief Clerk.—J. C. McGinn, 225 Four-and-a-half street, N. W.
Sanitary Inspectors.—W. A. Short, 720 Thirteenth street, N. W.
John N. Dickson, 428 Third street, N. W.
Thomas M. Shepherd, 609 Sixth street, N. W.
L. A. Douglass, 1606 Fifteenth street, N. W.
A. J. Heird, 503 D street, N. W.
B. G. Pool, 1422 Eleventh street, N. W.
Food Inspectors.—George P. Bohrer, 326 Virginia avenue, S. E.
James McV. Mackall, 503 D street, N. W.
Inspector of Marine Products.—Gwynn Harris, 218 Eighth street, S. W.
Pound Master.—Samuel Einstein, 422 New Jersey avenue, N. W.
Physicians to the Poor.—R. A. Pyles, Anacostia, D. C.
Henry Darling, Brightwood, D. C.
Henderson Suter, 1207 Thirty-first street, N. W.
R. A. Neale, 1909 Pennsylvania avenue N. W.
Peter Goolrick, 718 Twelfth street, N. W.
Louis K. Beatty, 128 Eleventh street, S. E.
A. E. Johnson, 101 B street, S. E.
R. T. Holden, 802 Sixth street, S. W.
B. M. Beall, 1740 Fourteenth street, N. W.
A. A. Marsteller, 304 C street, N. W.
George Lee, 1319 Vermont avenue, N. W.

PLACES OF AMUSEMENT.

National Theatre.—E street, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth streets.
Ford's Opera House.—Ninth street, below Pennsylvania avenue.
Washington Theatre Comique.—Eleventh street west and C street north.
Odd-Fellows' Hall.—Seventh street west, between D and E streets north.
Masonic Hall.—Corner F street north and Ninth street west.
Lincoln Hall.—Northeast corner D street north and Ninth street west.
Willard Hall.—F street, rear of Willard's Hotel.
Talmadge Hall.—F street, between Ninth and Tenth streets.
Knights of Honor Hall.—Corner of Ninth and F streets.
Albaugh's Opera House.—Fifteenth street, between Pennsylvania avenue and D street.

THE DISTRICT JUDICIARY.

SUPREME COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

CRIMINAL COURT—DISTRICT COURT—COMMON-LAW COURT—EQUITY COURT.

Chief-Justice David K. Cartter, 1505 H street, N. W.
Associate Justice Andrew Wylie, 1205 Fourteenth street, N. W.
Associate Justice Arthur MacArthur, 1201 N street, N. W.
Associate Justice Alexander B. Hagner, 1818 H street, N. W.
Associate Justice Walter S. Cox, 1636 I street, N. W.
Associate Justice Charles P. James, 1824 Massachusetts avenue.
Clerk.—R. J. Meigs, 302 New Jersey avenue, S. E.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE.

U. S. District Attorney.—Aug. S. Worthington, 411 Hazlewood avenue, Le Droit Park.
Assistant U. S. Dist. Att.—Hugh T. Taggart, 1237 Twenty-ninth street, N. W.
Assistant U. S. Dist. Att.—Randolph Coyle, 1405 Twenty-ninth street, N. W.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S OFFICE.

United States Marshal.—Clayton McMichael, 1918 Farragut square, N. W.
U. S. Deputy Marshal—J. Barclay Fassitt, 1715 H street.

REGISTER OF WILLS' OFFICE.

Register of Wills.—H. J. Ramsdell, 2013 Q street, N. W.
Assistant.—M. J. Griffith, 1401 Fifth street, N. W.

RECORDER'S OFFICE.

Recorder of Deeds.—Frederick Douglass, Cedar Hill, Anacostia, D. C.
Deputy Recorder of Deeds.—George F. Schayer, — Washington street, Georgetown.

DISTRICT BENEVOLENT INSTITUTIONS.

Children's Hospital, Thirteenth and W streets, N. W.
Columbia Hospital for Women, Pennsylvania avenue and Twenty-fourth street, N. W.
Columbia Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, at Kendall Green.
Emergency Hospital and Free Dispensary, Tenth street near D, N. W.
Epiphany Church Home, H near Thirteenth street, N. W.
Freedman's Hospital, Seventh street near Boundary, N. W.
Garfield Memorial Hospital, Fourteenth street and Boundary, N. W.
German Orphan Asylum.
Home for the Aged, Third and H streets, N. E.
Home for Destitute Colored Women and Children, Eighth street and Boundary, N. W.
Homeopathic Free Dispensary, G street near Seventh, N. W.
Homeopathic Hospital, 520 Third street, N. W.
Hospital for the Insane, on the banks of the Eastern Branch.
Industrial Home School, West Washington.
Louise Home for reduced gentlewomen, Sixteenth street and Massachusetts avenue, N. W.
Providenue Hospital, Second and D street, S. E.
Reform School, about 3 miles northeast of the Capitol.
Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Animals.
St. Ann's Infant Asylum, Twenty-fourth and K streets. N. W.
St. John's Male Orphan Asylum, Ninth and H streets, N. W.
St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum, Tenth and G streets, N. W.
Washington City Orphan Asylum, S and Fourteenth streets, N. W.
Women's Christian Association, 1016 Eleventh street, N. W.

THE SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION.

Presiding officer, ex officio.—CHESTER A. ARTHUR, President of the United States.
Chancellor.—Morrison R. Waite, Chief-Justice of the United States, 1415 I street.
Secretary, or Director of the Institution.—Spencer F. Baird, 1445 Massachusetts avenue.
Chief Clerk.—William J. Rhees, Spring street, near Fourteenth street, Mount Pleasant.
Corresponding Clerk.—Daniel Leech, 1802 G street, N. W.
Editor.—William B. Taylor, 306 C street, N. W.
Bookkeeper.—W. W. Karr, 1009 Thirteenth street, N. W.
Exchange Clerk.—G. H. Boehmer, 1318 V street, N. W.
Executive Committee.—John Maclean, Princeton, New Jersey.
William T. Sherman, Saint Louis, Missouri.
James C. Welling, of Washington.

REGENTS OF THE INSTITUTION.

Morrison R. Waite, Chief-Justice of the United States.
George F. Edmunds, President *pro tempore* of the United States Senate.
J. S. Morrill, member of the Senate of the United States.
Nathaniel P. Hill, member of the Senate of the United States.
Samuel B. Maxey, member of the Senate of the United States.
O. R. Singleton, member of the House of Representatives.
W. L. Wilson, member of the House of Representatives.
W. W. Phelps, member of the House of Representatives.
John Maclean, citizen of New Jersey. (Princeton.)
Asa Gray, citizen of Massachusetts. (Cambridge.)
Henry Coppée, citizen of Pennsylvania. (Bethlehem.)
Noah Porter, citizen of Connecticut. (New Haven.)
James C. Welling, citizen of Washington.
William T. Sherman, citizen of Missouri (Saint Louis).

MEMBERS EX OFFICIO OF THE INSTITUTION.

Chester A. Arthur, President of the United States.
George F. Edmunds, President *pro tempore* of the United States Senate.
Morrison R. Waite, Chief-Justice of the United States.
Frederick T. Frelinghuysen, Secretary of State.
Hugh McCulloch, Secretary of the Treasury.
Robert T. Lincoln, Secretary of War.
W. E. Chandler, Secretary of the Navy.
Henry M. Teller, Secretary of the Interior.
Frank Hatton, Postmaster-General.
Benjamin H. Brewster, Attorney-General.
B. Butterworth, Commissioner of Patents.

THE NATIONAL MUSEUM.

(Near the Smithsonian Institution.)

Director.—Spencer F. Baird, 1445 Massachusetts avenue.
Assistant Director.—G. Brown Goode, 1620 Massachusetts avenue.
Curators.—Tarleton H. Bean, C. Bendire, H. G. Beyer, F. W. Clarke, J. W. Collins, W. H. Dall, F. P. Dewey, R. E. Earll, Romyn Hitchcock, W. H. Holmes, O. T. Mason, G. P. Merrill, Richard Rathbun, Charles Rau, Robert Ridgway, C. V. Riley, R. E. C. Stearns, F. W. True, L. F. Ward, Charles A. White, C. D. Walcott, H. C. Yarrow.
Librarian.—Frederick W. True.
Registrar.—S. C. Brown.
Superintendent of Buildings.—H. Horan.

UNITED STATES FISH COMMISSION.

(Office, 1443 Massachusetts avenue.)

Commissioner.—Spencer F. Baird, 1445 Massachusetts avenue.
Assistant Commissioner.—T. B. Ferguson, 1435 Massachusetts avenue.
Disbursing Clerk.—Herbert A. Gill, 1608 Q street, N. W.
Superintendent of Carp Pond.—Rudolph Hessel, 718 Tenth street, N. W.
In Charge of Distribution.—Marshall McDonald, 1515 R street, N. W.
Secretary.—Edward Hayes, 107 I street, N. W.

THE CORCORAN GALLERY OF ART.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

President.—James C. Welling, President of Columbian University, 1302 Connecticut avenue
Vice-President.—Charles M. Matthews, 1403 Thirtieth street, West Washington.
Secretary and Treasurer.—Anthony Hyde, 1319 Thirtieth street, West Washington.
J. C. McGuire, 614 E street, N. W.
Walter S. Cox, Associate Judge of the Supreme Court, D. C., 1636 I street, N. W.
Spencer F. Baird, Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution.
Edward Clark, Architect of the United States Capitol.
Samuel H. Kauffmann, 1000 M street, N. W.
Frederick B. McGuire, 614 E street.

CURATOR.

William MacLeod, 1223 Thirteenth street.

ASSISTANT CURATOR AND LIBRARIAN.

F. S. Barbarin, 1312 Thirty-first street, West Washington.

ENGINEER OFFICE, WASHINGTON MONUMENT.

(612 Seventeenth street, N. W.)

Engineer in Charge.—Col. Thos. Lincoln Casey, Corps of Engineers, 1419 K st., N. W.
Assistant Engineer.—Capt. George W. Davis, Fourteenth Infantry, 1209 Q street, N. W.
Clerks.—James B. Dutton, Laurel, Md.
F. L. Harvey, jr., 1123 Seventeeth street, N. W.

THE BUREAU OF ETHNOLOGY.

(Office, in the Hooe Building, 1330 F street.)

Director.—John W. Powell, 910 M street, N. W.
Chief Clerk.—James C. Pilling, 918 M street, N. W.

THE WASHINGTON OBSERVATORY.

(Twenty-fourth and E streets.)

Superintendent.—Commodore S. R. Franklin, 1222 Connecticut avenue.
Acting Assistant Superintendent.—Commander Allan D. Brown, at the Observatory.
Clerk.—Thomas Harrison, 2723 N. street.

For a full list of officers, see Navy Department.

PLACES OF DIVINE WORSHIP.

HEBREW SYNAGOGUE.

Washington Hebrew Congregation, Eighth street, between H and I north. Service Friday evening at sundown, and Sabbath [Saturday] morning at 9 o'clock. L. Stern, minister.

Adas Israel Congregation (orthodox), 602 Sixth street. Services Friday evening at sunset, and Saturdays at 8 o'clock a. m.

CATHOLIC.

St. Patrick's Church, F street north, corner of Tenth street west, one square west from the Patent-Office edifice. Rev. J. A. Walter, pastor; C. F. Thomas, assistant.

St. Peter's Church, Capitol Hill, corner of Second and C streets, S. E. Rev. J. O'Sullivan, pastor; Revs. Sullivan and Donahue, assistants.

St. Matthew's Church, corner of Fifteenth and H streets. Rev. P. L. Chapelle, D. D., pastor; Rev. John D. Boland, assistant.

St. Mary's Church (German), Fifth street, near H. Rev. Francis Tewes, pastor.

St. Dominic's Church, on the Island, Sixth street west and F street south. Rev. P. C. Coll, O. P., pastor; Rev. A. Rotchford, O. P., Rev. James N. Edelin, O. P., Rev. William Spencer, O. P., Rev. William A. Horgan, O. P., assistants.

St. Aloysius Church, North Capitol and I streets. Rev. John J. Murphy, Rev. James Noonan S. J., and others, assistants.

Church of the Immaculate Conception, Eighth and N streets. Rev. S. Ryan, pastor; Rev. P. Ryan, D. D., assistant.

St. Stephen's Church, Pennsylvania avenue and Twenty-fifth street. Rev. John McNally, pastor; Revs. Ahern and Dunn, assistants.

St. Augustine's Church (for colored people), Fifteenth street, near L street north. Rev. M. T. Walsh, pastor; Rev. Father D. Hurley, assistant.

St. Joseph's Church (German). Rev. J. P. M. Schleuter, S. J., pastor; Rev. James Busam, S. J., assistant.

Trinity Church, Georgetown. Rev. Stephen Kelly, pastor; Rev. A. Roccofort, assistant.

St. Teresa's Church, Anacostia. Rev. Thomas M. Hughes, pastor.

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL.

St. Paul's Church, Twenty-third street, south of Washington Circle. Rev. W. M. Barker

St. Mark's Church, Third street, near A street, S. E. Rev. A. Floridus Steele.

Christ Church, G street, bet. Sixth and Seventh streets, S. E. Rev. Charles D. Andrews.

St. John's Church, H street, opposite the White House. Rev. William A. Leonard; Rev. F. B. Reazor and Rev. C. J. Curtis, assistants.

Trinity Church, Third and C streets, N. W. Rev. Thomas G. Addison, D. D.

Church of the Epiphany, G street, near Fourteenth street, N.W. Rev. William Paret, D. D., Rev. I. McElroy, and Rev. C. C. Griffith.

Epiphany Chapel and Mission House, 1216 Maryland avenue, S. W.

Church of the Ascension, Massachusetts avenue and Twelfth street, N. W. Rev. John H. Elliott, S. T. D., and the Rev. Edward H. Ingle.

Church of the Incarnation, N street, corner of Twelfth, N. W. Rev. I. L. Townsend.

Grace Church, D and Ninth streets, S. W. Rev. F. C. Lee, rector.

St. Paul's Church, Rock Creek Parish, near Soldiers' Home. Rev. James A. Buck.

St. Luke's Church (for colored people), Fifteenth and Samson streets. Rev. Alexander Crummell, D. D.

Church of the Holy Cross, Massachusetts avenue, N. W. Rev. J. A. Harrold, M. D.

St. Andrew's Church, corner of Fourteenth and Corcoran streets. Rev. J. B. Perry.

Christ's Church, Georgetown, corner Congress and Beall streets. Rev. Albert R. Stuart.

St. John's Church, Georgetown, corner Second and Potomac streets. Rev. John S. Lindsay.

Grace Church, High street, north of Georgetown, Rev. Robert M. Baker.

St. Albans Church, Georgetown, Rev. Neilson Falls.

St. John's Chapel, Twenty-third street and Virginia avenue.

St. Mary's Chapel (St. John's parish), Twenty-third street, near G.

St. James' Church, Rev. J. W. Clark, Eighth street, between B and C streets, N. E.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.

Bishop Edward G. Andrews, D. D., LL. D., Richmond Flats.

Rev. J. S. Deale, D. D., Presiding Elder, Washington District, 1321 Eleventh street, N.W.

Metropolitan, corner of Four-and-a-half and C streets. Rev. E. D. Huntley, D. D.

Fourth Street Church, Fourth street southeast. Rev. Joseph France, D D.

Foundry Church, corner of G and Fourteenth streets. Rev. H. R. Naylor, D. D.
Wesley Chapel, corner Fifth and F streets. Rev. R. Norris.
McKendree Chapel, Massachusetts avenue, near Ninth street. Rev. W. S. Edwards, D. D.
Fletcher Chapel, corner New York avenue and Fourth street. Rev. W. H. Laney, M. D.
Union Chapel, Twentieth street, near Pennsylvania avenue. Rev. W. T. L. Weech.
Ryland Chapel, Tenth street, corner of D, Island. Rev. W. H. Chapman.
Gorsuch Chapel, L street south, corner of Four-and-a-half street. Rev. E. D. Owen, D. D.
Waugh Chapel, A street north, corner of Fourth street east. Rev. R. N. Baer.
North Capitol street church, corner K street, N. E. Rev. J. C. Hagey.
Hamline Church, corner of Ninth and P streets north. Rev. J. A. Price.
Grace Church, corner Ninth and S streets, N. W. Rev. H. S. France.
Mount Zion, corner Sixteenth and R streets, N. W. Rev. J. F. Ockerman.
Twelfth Street Church. Rev. J. H. Ryland.
Dunbarton Street, Georgetown. Rev. W. I. McKenney.
West Georgetown. Rev. D. Haskell.
Anacostia, Uniontown. Rev. W. H. Reed.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL, SOUTH.

Mount Vernon Place Church, corner of Ninth and K streets. Rev. Dr. Cox.

METHODIST PROTESTANT.

Methodist Protestant Church, Ninth street, between E and F. Rev. J. L. Mills, D. D. Sunday services 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday-school 9.15 a. m. Young people's meeting on Tuesday; prayer meeting, Thursday; each at 7.30 p. m.
Methodist Protestant Church, Virginia avenue, near navy-yard. Rev. J. W. Gray.
Methodist Protestant Church, North Carolina avenue, near navy-yard. Rev. J. W. Trout.
Methodist Protestant Church, Georgetown. Rev. F. T. Tagg.

CONGREGATIONAL.

First Congregational Church, corner of Tenth and G. Rev. J. E. Rankin, D. D. Services at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sabbath-school, 9.45 a. m. Mission schools, 3 p. m. Weekly meeting, Thursday evening. Young people's meeting, Tuesday, 6.45 p. m.
Lincoln Memorial, Eleventh street, corner of R, N. W. Rev. G. W. Moore. Services at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Mission Sunday-school, 3.30 p. m.
Plymouth, Catholic Hall, Eighteenth street, N. W., between L and M streets. Rev. W. T. Peel. Services at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday-school, 9.45 a. m.

BAPTIST.

First Church, Thirteenth street, between G and H. Rev. J. H. Cuthbert, D. D.
Second Church, Virginia avenue, corner Fourth street, S. E. Rev. E. H. Swem.
E Street Church, a square east from the General Post-Office. Rev. D. W. Faunce, D. D.
Fifth Church, D street south. Rev. C. C. Meador.
Calvary Church, corner of H and Eighth streets. Rev. S. H. Greene.
North Church, Fourteenth street, between R and S streets. Rev. N. J. Wheeler.
Metropolitan Church, corner of Sixth and I streets, N. E.
Gay Street Church, Georgetown. Kev. J. L. Lodge, D. D.
Anacostia Church, Uniontown. Rev. O. Ellyson.

CHRISTIAN.

Christian Church, Vermont avenue, between N and O streets, N. W. Rev. Frederick D. Power. Services on Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. and Thursdays at 7.30 p. m.

PRESBYTERIAN.

First Church, Four-and-a-half street, between C and D. Rev. Byron Sunderland, D. D., 328 C street, N. W.
New York Avenue Church, New York ave. and H street, N. W. Rev. W. A. Bartlett, D. D.
Fourth Church, Ninth street, N. W., between G and H. Rev. J. T. Kelly.
Assembly Church, corner of Fifth and I streets, N. W. Rev. George O. Little.
Sixth Church, Sixth street, S. W., near Maryland avenue. Rev. F. K. Burdick.
Western Church, H street, N. W., near Nineteenth. Rev. T. S. Wynkoop.
Metropolitan Church, Fourth and B streets, S. E. Rev. John Chester, D. D.
Westminster Church, Seventh street, S. W., between D and E. Rev. B. F. Bittinger, D. D.
North Church, N street, N. W., between Ninth and Tenth. Rev. C. B. Ramsdell.
Fifteenth Street Church, Fifteenth street, N. W., between I and K. Rev. F. J. Grimke.
Eastern Church, Eighth street, N. E., between F and G. Rev. Eugene Peck.
Central Church, Third and I streets, N. W. Rev. A. W. Pitzer, D. D.
West Street Church, P street, near Thirty-first. Rev. Thos. Fullerton, D. D.
Unity Church, corner Fourteenth and R streets, N. W. Rev. George B. Patch.

UNITARIAN.

All Souls Church, Fourteenth street, corner of L street. Morning services at 11 o'clock; vespers at 7½ p. m. Rev. Rush R. Shippen, 1722 Thirteenth street.

UNIVERSALIST.

Church of Our Father, 13th and L streets, N. W. Services at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m Sunday-school, 9.45 a. m. Rev. Alex. Kent, pastor.

FRIENDS' MEETING-HOUSE.

Meeting-House (Hicksite), 1811 I street. Meeting at 11 o'clock a. m.
(Orthodox) lecture-room of the Y. M. C. A. Meeting at 11 o'clock a. m.

NEW JERUSALEM.

Temple on North Capitol street, between B and C streets. Services at 11 o'clock a. m. Rev. Jabez Fox.

LUTHERAN.

German Evangelical Congregation of Trinity, Unaltered Augsburg Confession, Fourth street west, corner of E street north. Rev. W. C. H. Luebkert.
German Evangelical, St. John's Church, Four-and-a-half street. Rev. Leanardt.
St. Paul's Church, corner of Eleventh and H streets, N. W. Rev. Samuel Domer, D. D.
Memorial Church, corner of N and Fourteenth streets. Rev. J. G. Butler, D. D.
Church of the Reformation, Pennsylvania avenue and Second, S. E. Rev. W. E. Parson.
Church of the Fatherland, Sixth and P streets, N. W. Rev. A. Homrighaus.
Church at Georgetown. Rev. George A. Nixdorf.

GERMAN INDEPENDENT CHURCH.

Concordia, G street north, corner of Twentieth. Rev. Martin Kratt.

GERMAN REFORMED CHURCH.

First Reformed Church, corner of Sixth and N streets, N. W. Rev. A. Guenther. German service on Sunday morning at 11 o'clock.
Grace Reformed Church, corner of Fifteenth and O streets, N. W. Rev. Charles F. Sontag. Services every Sunday at 11 o'clock a. m., and 7.30 p. m.

RELIGIOUS ASSOCIATIONS.

Carroll Institute, 602 F street, N. W. Free reading-room open every night, and free musical and literary entertainments every Thursday at 8 p. m. A free night school for boys is connected with the Institute. President, E. J. Hannan; Recording Secretary, H. W. Sohon; Corresponding Secretary, J. W. Reily; Treasurer, Thos. J. King. Librarian, M. W. Saxton. Editor, Frank McNerhany.

The Washington City Bible Society. Organized in 1828. The board of managers consists of the pastors of the several churches of the city *ex officio;* life directors and ministers of the gospel who are life members; and the following gentlemen elected at the last annual meeting: President, Rev. A. W. Pitzer, D. D.; Secretary, J. V. A. Shields; Treasurer and Depositary, William Ballantyne, 428 Seventh street, N. W.

The Sunday School Union of the District of Columbia meets the last Monday of every month in the Chapel of the Y. M. C. A. President, A. H. Nelson, Department of the Interior; Secretary, Henry K. Simpson, 505 Thirteenth street, N. W.

Women's Christian Association. Home on Thirteenth street, between R and S, N. W. President, Mrs. Justice Strong; Secretary, Mrs. C. A. Weed; Treasurer, Miss Josephine Chester; Register, Mrs. C. B. Jewell; Medical Advisers: Consulting, Dr. Jos. Tabor Johnson; attending, Dr. Mary Parsons, Mrs. Dr. Spachman; Matron, Miss C. R. Bent.

Young Men's Christian Association. Organized June, 1852. 1409 and 1411 New York avenue, N. W. Open daily from 9 a. m. to 10 p. m. President, John G. Ames; Recording Secretary, J. L. Ewin; General Secretary, T. A. Harding; Treasurer, E. B. Barnum.

Women's Christian Temperance Union, District of Columbia. Headquarters, Masonic Temple, 907 F street, N. W. Meeting, Sabbath, 3 p. m. President, Mrs. Clara L. Roach; Corresponding Secretary, Mrs. R. E. Hartwell; Recording Secretary, Mrs. Lydia Tilton; Treasurer, Mrs. Sarah D. La Fetra. Business headquarters, Temple Hotel, Ninth street.

WASHINGTON CITY POST-OFFICE.

Postmaster.—FRANK B. CONGER, 1746 N street, N. W.
Assistant Postmaster.—Henry Sherwood, 1017 East Capitol street.
Cashier.—Seymour W. Tullock, 940 French street, N. W.
Superintendent of Miscellaneous Division.—George H. Plant, jr., 918 M street, N. W.
Assistant Supt. of Miscellaneous Division.—William B. Turpin, 1106 Sixth street, N. W.
Superintendent of Mailing Division.—Horace P. Springer, 730 Eighth street, N. W.
Assistant Superintendent of Mailing Division.—Robert C. Griffin, 1018 M street, S. E.
Superintendent of City Delivery Division.—James E. Bell, 330 C street, N. W.
Assistant Supt. of City Delivery Division.—Charles E. Hartung, 1016 Mass. avenue N. W.
Superintendent of Registry Division.—H. J. Hanford, 1203 Rhode Island avenue, N. W.
Assistant Superintendent of Registry Division.—James H. Parish, 114 Maryland avenue, N. E.
Superintendent of Money-Order Division.—Simeon H. Merrill, 916 P street, N. W.
Supt. of Branch Office at Georgetown Station.—Huldah W. Blackford, 3156 P st., N. W.
Supt. of Branch Office, East Capitol Station.—J. Gillenwater, 2234 Thirteenth street, N. W.
Supt. of Branch Office, Station D.—George A. Bentley, Corcoran street, N. W.
Supt. of Branch Office, Station C.—Thomas A. Brown, jr., 1413 F street, N. W.
Supt. of Branch Office, Station E.—Charles S. Price, 426 Seventh street, S. W.

CITY DELIVERY.

Main Office, Louisiana Avenue, near Seventh Street.

Delivery by carriers on five-trip routes, 7.30 and 10 a. m., 12 m., 2 and 4 p. m.
Delivery by carriers on four-trip routes, 7.30 a. m., 12 m., 2 and 4 p. m.
Delivery by carriers on three-trip routes, 7.30 a. m., 12 m., and 4 p. m.
Delivery by carriers on two-trip routes, 7.30 a. m. and 3 p. m.
Delivery by carriers to the Departments, 7.30 a. m., 12 m., and 3 p. m.
Delivery by carriers to hotels, 7.30 and 10 a. m., 12 m., 4, 7, and 10 p. m.
Collections commence at 5 and 8 a. m., 4 and 7 p. m., and on each delivery trip by carriers. Sundays at 5 p. m.

Georgetown Station.

Mail received at 5.55, 7.10, and 10.30 a. m., 1 and 6.30 p. m. Mail closes at 6 and 9 a. m., 12 m., 4.15 and 8 p. m.
Delivery by carriers on three-trip routes, 8 and 11 a. m., 1.25 p. m.
Delivery by carriers on two-trip routes, 8 a. m. and 1.25 p. m.
Collections commence at 4 a. m. and 6 p. m., and on each delivery trip by carriers. Sundays at 5 p. m.

East Capitol Station.

Mail received at 6.05, 7.20, and 10.20 a. m., 12.20, 4.10, and 6.40 p. m. Mail closes at 6.10, 8, and 11 a. m., 12.20, 3.30, 6, and 8 p. m.
Delivery by carriers on four-trip routes, 8 and 11 a. m., 1 and 4.15 p. m.
Delivery by carriers on three-trip routes, 8 a. m., 1 and 4.15 p. m.
Collections commence at 5 and 9.15 a. m., 7 p. m., and on each delivery-trip by carriers. Sundays at 5 p. m.

Station C (No. 1413 F Street, N. W.).

Mail closes at 9, 9.15, and 10.15 a. m., 12.05, 1.15, 2.15, 3.10, 4.30, and 6 p. m.

Station D (Fourteenth and Corcoran Streets).

Mail closes at 8 and 9.45 a. m., 2, 4.45, 3.45, and 7 p. m.

Station E (No 426 Seventh Street, S. W.).

Mail closes at 10.45 a. m., 1, 4.30, 6.30, and 7 p. m.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

Alexandria.—Close, 5.30, 8.40, 10.30 a. m., 4.15 p. m. Arrive, 8.25, 10.30 a. m., 1.20, 5.35, 7.30, 9.50 p. m.
Annapolis.—Close, 6.10, 11.40, a. m., 4.10 p. m. Arrive, 8.50 a. m., 1.50, 6.37 p. m.
Atlanta, Northern Georgia, and Alabama.—Close, 8.40 a. m., 10.10 p. m. Arrive, 8 a. m., 10.25 p. m.
Augusta, Savannah, and Eastern Georgia.—Close, 5.30, 10.30 a. m., 4.15 p. m. Arrive, 10.30 a. m., 11 p. m.

Baltimore.—Close, 4.30, 6.10, 8, 9.10, 10.30 a. m., 1.30, 2.10, 4.10, 5, 9.30, 10.45 p. m. Arrive, 5.40, 8.40, 10.30 a. m., 12.55, 4.05, 6.37, 8.30, 10 p. m.

Boston.—Close, 10.30 a. m., 1.30, 3.30, 5.30, 9.30, 10.45 p. m. Arrive, 5.40, 8.05, 10.50 a. m, 4.95, 10.20 p. m.

California, Minnesota, Nevada, and Manitoba.—Close, 9,10 a. m., 12.35, 8.10, 9.40, p. m. Arrive, 6.20 a. m., 2.30, 6.20, 7.30 p. m.

Charleston and Eastern South Carolina.—Close, 5.30, 10.30 a. m., 4.15 p. m. Arrive, 10.30 a. m., 11 p. m.

Cleveland and Northern Ohio.—Close, 9.10 a. m., 8.10 p. m. Arrive, 7.50 a. m., 6.20 p. m.

Cincinnati and Southern Ohio.—Close, 8.30 a. m., 12.35, 9.40 p. m. Arrive, 6.20 a. m., 2.30, 7.30 p. m.

Columbia and Western South Carolina.—Close, 8.40 a. m., 10.10 p. m. Arrive, 8 a. m., 10.25 p. m.

Columbus and Western Ohio.—Close, 4.30 a. m., 7.10, 9.30 p. m. Arrive, 8.50 a. m., 6.20, 8.45 p. m.

Eastern Tennessee, via *Virginia Midland Railroad.*—Close, 8.40 a. m., 10.10 p. m. Arrive, 8 a. m., 10.25 p. m.

Lexington.—Close, 8.30 a. m., 12.35, 4.40, 9.40 p. m. Arrive, 6.20 a. m., 2.30, 7.30, 9.50 p. m.

New Orleans.—Close, 8.40, 10.30 a. m., 10.10 p. m. Arrive, 8 a. m., 10.25, 11 p. m.

New York City.—Close, 6.45, 9.10, 10.30 a. m., 1.30, 3.30, 5.30, 9.30, 10.45 p. m. Arrive, 5.40, 8.05, 10.50 a. m., 4.05, 8.45, 10.20 p. m.

Philadelphia.—Close, 6.45, 9.10, 10.30 a. m., 1.30, 3.30, 9.30, 10.45 p. m. Arrive, 5.40, 8.05, 10.50 a. m., 1.40, 4.05, 10.20 p. m.

Raleigh, Eastern North Carolina and Florida.—Close, 5.30, 10.30 a. m., 4.15 p. m. Arrive, 10.30 a. m., 11 p. m.

Richmond.—Close, 5.30, 10.30 a. m., 4.15 p. m. Arrive, 10.30 a. m., 3.40, 11 p. m.

Western North Carolina.—Close, 8.40 a. m., 10.10 p. m. Arrive, 8 a. m., 10.25 p. m.

Western Tennessee.—Close, 8.30 a. m., 12.35, 9.40 p. m. Arrive, 6.20 a. m., 2.30, 7.30 p. m.

RATES OF COMMISSION CHARGED FOR DOMESTIC MONEY-ORDERS.

On orders not exceeding $10	$0 08	Over $50 and not exceeding $60	$0 30
Over $10 and not exceeding $15	10	Over $60 and not exceeding $70	35
Over $15 and not exceeding $30	15	Over $70 and not exceeding $80	40
Over $30 and not exceeding $40	20	Over $80 and not exceeding $100	45
Over $40 and not exceeding $50	25		

UNITED STATES POSTAL REGULATIONS.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

First-Class Matter.—Letters, matter wholly or partly in writing, drawings, and matter which is sealed against inspection, are first-class matter, and subject to the postage rate of *two cents for each half ounce* or fraction thereof.

On local or drop letters *two cents for each half ounce* or fraction thereof.

Postal cards having anything attached, or having writing or printing on the face, other than the address, are subject to letter rates of postage.

Second-Class Matter.—Embraces all newspapers and other periodical publications which are issued at stated intervals, and as frequently as four times a year. On newspapers and periodical publications of the second class, when sent by others than the publisher or news agent, the postage shall be prepaid at the rate of one cent for each four ounces or fractional part thereof.

Third-Class Matter.—Embraces books, circulars, proof-sheets, corrected proof-sheets with manuscript copy accompanying the same, and postage shall be paid thereon at the rate of one cent for each two ounces or fractional part thereof.

Fourth-Class Matter.—Embraces labels, patterns, photographs, playing cards, visiting cards, ornamented paper, and all other matter of the same general character, the printing upon which is not designed to instruct, amuse, cultivate the mind or taste, or impart general information. This class also includes merchandise, and samples of merchandise, models, samples of ores, metals, minerals, seeds, etc., and any other matter not included in the first, second, or third classes, and which is not liable to destroy or otherwise damage the contents of the mail bag. Postage rate thereon, one cent for each ounce or fractional part thereof.

WASHINGTON CITY DIRECTORY.

Executive Mansion.—Pennsylvania avenue, between Fifteenth and Seventeenth streets.
State Department.—Corner Seventeenth street and New York avenue.
Treasury Department.—Fifteenth street west, opposite F street north.
Navy Department.—Seventeenth street west, opposite F street north.
War Department.—Seventeenth street, opposite F street north.
Interior Department.—F street north, between Seventh and Ninth streets.
Post-Office Department.—E street north, between Seventh and Eighth streets.
Department of Justice.—Freedman's Bank building, 1507 Pennsylvania avenue.
Department of Agriculture.—South Washington, opposite Thirteenth street.
Commissioner of Public Buildings.—Office corner of Seventeenth street and Pennsylvania ave.
Government Printing Office.—Corner of North Capitol and H street north.
Supreme Court of the United States.—At the Capitol, in the old Senate Chamber.
Court of Claims.—1509 Pennsylvania avenue.
Criminal Court.—At the City Hall, Four-and-a-half street.
District Court.—At the City Hall, Four-and-a-half street.
Common Law Court.—At the City Hall, Four-and-a-half street.
Equity Court.—At the City Hall, opposite Four-and-a-half street.
Probate Court.—At the City Hall, opposite Four-and-a-half street.
National Observatory.—E street north, opposite Twenty-third street west.
Navy-Yard.—On the Eastern Branch, three-fourths of a mile southeast of the Capitol.
Arsenal.—Southern extremity of Four-and-a-half street west.
Coast Survey Buildings.—New Jersey avenue, south of the Capitol.
Smithsonian Institution.—South Washington, opposite Tenth street.
National Museum.—South Washington, near the Smithsonian Institution.
Congressional Cemetery.—One mile east of the Capitol.
Washington Monument.—On the Mall, near the Potomac.
United States Botanic Garden.—Between First and Third streets west.
Masonic Hall.—Corner of Ninth and F streets.
Scottish Rite Masonic Hall.—Corner of Seventh and D streets.
Supreme Council Headquarters.—Corner of Third and E streets.
Odd-Fellows' Hall.—Seventh street west, between D and E streets north.
Odd-Fellows' Hall (Navy Yard).—Eighth street east, south of Pennsylvania avenue
Providence Hospital.—Corner of Second street east and D street south.
Children's Hospital.—Corner of Thirteenth and W streets.
Columbia Hospital for Women.—Pennsylvania avenue, corner of Twenty-fifth street.
Columbian Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind.—Kendall Green.
Government Hospital for the Insane.—Across the Navy-Yard Bridge.
Reform-School for Boys.—On the turnpike to Bladensburg.
Young Men's Christian Association.—New York avenue.
Grand Army of the Republic Halls.—Ninth and D and Seventh and L streets.
Corcoran Art Building.—Corner of Seventeenth street west and Pennsylvania avenue.
Washington Gas-Light Company.—Office, 472 Tenth street west.
Arlington Hotel.—Vermont avenue, between H and I streets.
Willard's Hotel.—Corner of Fourteenth street west and Pennsylvania avenue.
Ebbitt House.—F street north, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth streets west.
Riggs House.—Corner of G and Fifteenth streets.
Metropolitan Hotel.—Pennsylvania avenue, between Sixth and Seventh streets west.
National Hotel.—Corner of Sixth street west and Pennsylvania avenue.
Hamilton House.—Corner of Fourteenth and K streets.
St. James Hotel.—Corner of Pennsylvania avenue and Sixth street west.
Chamberlin's Restaurant.—825 Ffteenth street.
Wormley's Hotel.—Corner of H and Fifteenth streets.
Portland Flats.—Corner of Fourteenth street and Vermont avenue.
Lexington Hotel.—Corner of New York avenue and Fifteenth street.
St. Marc Hotel.—Corner of Pennsylvania avenue and Seventh street west.
Welcker's Hotel.—727 Fifteenth street.
Congressional Hotel.—Capitol Hill, southeast of Capitol.
Cleveland House.—Bridge street, Georgetown.

UNOFFICIAL LIST

OF THE

SENATORS, REPRESENTATIVES, AND DELEGATES

IN THE

FORTY-NINTH CONGRESS,

WITH THEIR HOME POST-OFFICE ADDRESSES.

[The Democrats are marked, *D;* the Republicans, *R;* the Greenbackers, *G;* and the Readjusters, *Read.* Those marked (*) are members of the present Congress, and those marked (†) have been members of a preceding Congress.]

SENATORS.

ALABAMA	John T. Morgan, *D**	Selma.
	James L. Pugh, *D**	Eufaula.
ARKANSAS	Augustus H. Garland, *D**	Little Rock.
	James Kimbrough Jones, *D* [*H. R.]	Washington.
CALIFORNIA	John F. Miller, *R**	San Francisco.
	Leland Stanford, *R*	San Francisco.
COLORADO	Thomas M. Bowen, *R**	Del Norte.
	Henry M. Teller, *R**	Central City.
CONNECTICUT	Orville H. Platt, *R**	West Meriden.
	Joseph R. Hawley, *R**	Hartford.
DELAWARE	Thomas Francis Bayard, *D**	Wilmington.
	Eli Saulsbury, *D**	Dover.
FLORIDA	Charles W. Jones, *D**	Pensacola.
	Wilkinson Call, *D**	Jacksonville.
GEORGIA	Joseph E. Brown, *D**	Atlanta.
	Alfred Holt Colquitt, *D**	Atlanta.
ILLINOIS	Shelby M. Cullom, *R*	Springfield.
INDIANA	Daniel W. Voorhees, *D**	Terre Haute.
	Benjamin Harrison, *R**	Indianapolis.
IOWA	William B. Allison, *R**	Dubuque.
	James F. Wilson, *R**	Fairfield.
KANSAS	John James Ingalls, *R**	Atchison.
	Preston B. Plumb, *R**	Emporia.
KENTUCKY	James B. Beck, *D**	Lexington.
	Joseph C. S. Blackburn, *D* [*H. R.]	Versailles.
LOUISIANA	Randall Lee Gibson, *D**	New Orleans.
	James B. Eustis, *D*†	New Orleans.
MAINE	Eugene Hale, *R**	Ellsworth.
	William P. Frye, *R**	Lewiston.
MARYLAND	Arthur P. Gorman, *D**	Laurel.
	E. K. Wilson, *D*	Snow Hill.
MASSACHUSETTS	Henry L. Dawes, *R**	Pittsfield.
	George F. Hoar, *R**	Worcester.
MICHIGAN	Omar D. Conger, *R**	Port Huron.
	Thomas Witherell Palmer, *R**	Detroit.
MINNESOTA	Samuel J. R. McMillan, *R**	Saint Paul.
	Dwight May Sabin, *R**	Stillwater.
MISSISSIPPI	Lucius Q. C. Lamar, *D**	Oxford.
	James Z. George, *D**	Jackson.

MISSOURI	Francis Marion Cockrell, *D**	Warrensburg.
	George Graham Vest, *D**	Kansas City.
NEBRASKA	Charles H. Van Wyck, *R**	Nebraska City.
	Charles F. Manderson, *R**	Omaha.
NEVADA	John P. Jones, *R**	Gold Hill.
	James Graham Fair, *D**	Virginia City.
NEW HAMPSHIRE	Austin F. Pike, *R**	Franklin.
	[Vacant.]	
NEW JERSEY	John Rhoderic McPherson, *D**	Jersey City.
	William J. Sewell, *R**	Camden.
NEW YORK	Warner Miller, *R**	Herkimer.
	William M. Evarts, *R*	New York.
NORTH CAROLINA	Mat. W. Ransom, *D**	Weldon.
	Zebulon B. Vance, *D**	Charlotte.
OHIO	John Sherman, *R**	Mansfield.
	Henry B. Payne, *D*	Cleveland.
OREGON	Joseph M. Dolph, *R**	Portland.
PENNSYLVANIA	James Donald Cameron, *R**	Harrisburg.
	John I. Mitchell, *R**	Wellsborough.
RHODE ISLAND	Nelson W. Aldrich, *R**	Providence.
	Jonathan Chace, *R**	Providence.
SOUTH CAROLINA	Matthew C. Butler, *D**	Edgefield.
	Wade Hampton, *D**	Columbia.
TENNESSEE	Isham G. Harris, *D**	Memphis.
	Howell Edmunds Jackson, *D**	Jackson.
TEXAS	Samuel Bell Maxey, *D**	Paris.
	Richard Coke, *D**	Waco.
VERMONT	George F. Edmunds, *R**	Burlington.
	Justin S. Morrill, *R**	Strafford.
VIRGINIA	William Mahone, *Read**	Petersburg.
	Harrison H. Riddleberger, *Read**	Woodstock.
WEST VIRGINIA	Johnson N. Camden, *D**	Parkersburg.
	John E. Kenna, *D**	Kanawha.
WISCONSIN	Philetus Sawyer, *R**	Oshkosh.
	John C. Spooner, *R*	Hudson.

REPRESENTATIVES.

ALABAMA	1. James T. Jones, *D**	Demopolis.
	2. Hilary A. Herbert, *D**	Montgomery.
	3. William C. Oates, *D**	Abbeville.
	4. A. C. Davidson, *D*	Uniontown.
	5. T. W. Sadler, *D*	Prattville.
	6. J. M. Martin, *D*	Tuscaloosa.
	7. W. H. Forney, *D**	Jacksonville.
	8. Joseph Wheeler, *D*	Wheeler.
ARKANSAS	1. Poindexter Dunn, *D**	Forest City.
	2. Clifton R. Breckinridge, *D**	Pine Bluff.
	3. James K. Jones, *D**	Washington.
	4. J. H. Rogers, *D**	Fort Smith.
	5. Samuel W. Peel, *D**	Bentonville.
CALIFORNIA	1. Barclay Henley, *D**	Santa Rosa.
	2. J. A. Loutitt, *R*	Stockton.
	3. Joseph McKenna, *R*	Suisun.
	4. W. W. Morrow, *R*	San Francisco.
	5. Charles N. Felton, *R*	San Mateo.
	6. H. H. Markham, *R*	Los Angeles.
COLORADO	1. George D. Symes, *R*	Denver.

CONNECTICUT	1. John R. Buck, *R*	Hartford.
	2. Charles L. Mitchell, *D**	New Haven.
	3. John T. Wait, *R**	Norwich.
	4. Edward W. Seymour, *D**	Litchfield.
DELAWARE	1. Charles B. Lore, *D**	Wilmington.
FLORIDA	1. R. H. M. Davidson, *D**	Quincy.
	2. Charles Dougherty, *D*	Daytona.
GEORGIA	1. Thomas M. Norwood, *D*	Savannah.
	2. Henry G. Turner, *D**	Quitman.
	3. Charles F. Crisp, *D**	Americus.
	4. Henry R. Harris, *D*	Greenville.
	5. N. J. Hammond, *D**	Atlanta.
	6. James H. Blount, *D**	Macon.
	7. Judson C. Clements, *D**	La Fayette.
	8. Seaborn Reese, *D**	Sparta.
	9. Allen D. Candler, *D**	Gainesville.
	10. George T. Barnes, *D*	Augusta.
ILLINOIS	1. R. W. Dunham, *R**	Chicago.
	2. Frank Lawler, *D*	Chicago.
	3. James D. Ward, *D*	Chicago.
	4. George E. Adams, *R**	Chicago.
	5. Reuben Ellwood, *R**	Sycamore.
	6. R. R. Hitt, *R**	Mount Morris.
	7. Thomas J. Henderson, *R**	Princeton.
	8. Ralph Plumb, *R*	Streator.
	9. Lewis E. Payson, *R**	Pontiac.
	10. Nicholas E. Worthington, *D**	Peoria.
	11. William H. Neece, *D**	Macomb.
	12. James M. Riggs, *D**	Winchester.
	13. William M. Springer, *D**	Springfield.
	14. J. H. Rowell, *R**	Bloomington.
	15. Joseph G. Cannon, *R**	Danville.
	16. S. Z. Landes, *D*	Mount Carmel.
	17. John R. Eden, *D*	Sullivan.
	18. William R. Morrison, *D**	Waterloo.
	19. Richard W. Townshend, *D**	Shawneetown.
	20. John R. Thomas, *R**	Metropolis.
INDIANA	1. John J. Kleiner, *D**	Evansville.
	2. Thomas R. Cobb, *D**	Vincennes.
	3. Jonas G. Howard, *D**	Jeffersonville.
	4. William S. Holman, *D**	Aurora.
	5. C. C. Matson, *D**	Greencastle.
	6. Thomas M. Browne, *R**	Winchester.
	7. William D. Bynum, *D*	Indianapolis.
	8. James T. Johnson, *R*	Rockville.
	9. T. B. Ward, *D**	La Fayette.
	10. W. D. Owen, *R*	Logansport.
	11. George W. Steele. *R**	Marion.
	12. Robert Lowry, *D**	Fort Wayne.
	13. George Ford, *D*	South Bend.
IOWA	1. Benton J. Hall, *D*	Burlington.
	2. J. H. Murphy, *D**	Davenport.
	3. D. B. Henderson, *R**	Dubuque.
	4. W. E. Fuller, *R*	West Union.
	5. B. T. Frederick, *D*	Marshalltown.
	6. J. B. Weaver, *G.-D*	Bloomfield.
	7. E. H. Conger, *R*	Adel.
	8. W. P. Hepburn, *R**	Clarinda.
	9. Joseph Lyman, *R*	Council Bluffs.
	10. A. J. Holmes, *R**	Boone.
	11. Isaac S. Struble, *R**	Le Mars.
KANSAS	1. E. N. Morrill, *R**	Hiawatha.
	2. E. H. Funston, *R**	Iola.
	3. B. W. Perkins, *R**	Oswego.
	4. Thomas Ryan, *R**	Topeka.
	5. John A. Anderson, *R**	Manhattan.

ANSAS—Continued.	6.	Lewis Hanback, *R**	Osborne City.
	7.	S. R. Peters, *R**	Newton.
ENTUCKY	1.	W. J. Stone, *D*	Eddyville.
	2.	Polk Laffoon, *D*	Madisonville.
	3.	John E. Halsell, *D**	Bowling Green.
	4.	Thomas A. Robertson, *D**	Hodgensville.
	5.	A. S. Willis, *D**	Louisville.
	6.	John G. Carlisle, *D**	Covington.
	7.	W. C. P. Breckinridge, *D*	Lexington.
	8.	J. B. McCreary, *D*	Richmond.
	9.	W. H. Wadsworth	Maysville.
	10.	W. P. Taulbee, *D*	Salyersville.
	11.	Frank L. Wolford, *D**	Columbia.
OUISIANA	1.	Louis St. Martin, *D*	New Orleans.
	2.	M. Hahn, *R*	New Orleans.
	3.	Edward J. Gay, *D*	Plaquemine.
	4.	N. C. Blanchard, *D**	Shreveport.
	5.	J. Floyd King, *D**	Vidalia.
	6.	Alfred B. Irion, *D*	Marksville.
AINE	1.	Thomas B. Reed, *R**	Portland.
	2.	N. Dingley, jr., *R**	Lewiston.
	3.	Seth L. Milliken, *R**	Belfast.
	4.	Charles A. Boutelle, *R**	Bangor.
ARYLAND	1.	Charles H. Gibson, *D*	Easton.
	2.	Frank T. Shaw, *D*	Westminster.
	3.	William H. Cole, *D*	Baltimore.
	4.	J. V. L. Findlay, *D**	Baltimore.
	5.	Barnes Compton, *D*	Annapolis.
	6.	L. E. McComas, *R**	Hagerstown.
ASSACHUSETTS	1.	R. T. Davis, *R**	Fall River.
	2.	John D. Long, *R**	Hingham.
	3.	A. A. Ranney, *R**	Boston.
	4.	P. A. Collins, *D**	Boston.
	5.	Ed. D. Hayden, *R*	Woburn.
	6.	H. B. Lovering, *D**	Lynn.
	7.	E. F. Stone, *R**	Newburyport.
	8.	Charles H. Allen, *R**	Lowell.
	9.	Fred D. Ely, *R*	Dedham.
	10.	W. W. Rice, *R**	Worcester.
	11.	William Whiting, *R**	Holyoke.
	12.	F. W. Rockwell, *R**	Pittsfield.
ICHIGAN	1.	William C. Maybury, *D**	Detroit.
	2.	N. B. Eldredge, *D**	Adrian.
	3.	James O'Donnel, *R*	Jackson.
	4.	J. C. Burrows, *R*	Kalamazoo.
	5.	C. C. Comstock, *D*	Grand Rapids.
	6.	E. B. Winans, *D**	Hamburg.
	7.	E. C. Carleton, *D**	Port Huron.
	8.	T. E. Tarsney, *D*	East Saginaw.
	9.	B. M. Cutcheon, *R**	Manistee.
	10.	S. O. Fisher, *D*	West Bay City.
	11.	S. C. Moffit, *R**	Grand Traverse.
INNESOTA	1.	Milo White, *R**	Chatfield.
	2.	J. B. Wakefield, *R**	Blue Earth City.
	3.	H. B. Strait, *R**	Shakopee.
	4.	J. B. Gilfillan, *R*	Minneapolis.
	5.	Knute Nelson, *R**	Alexandria.
ISSISSIPPI	1.	J. B. Allen, *D*	Tupelo.
	2.	J. B. Morgan, *D*	Hernando.
	3.	Thomas C. Catchings, *D*	Vicksburg.
	4.	F. G. Barry, *D*	West Point.
	5.	O. R. Singleton, *D**	Forest.
	6.	H. S. Van Eaton, *D**	Woodville.
	7.	Ethelbert Barksdale, *D**	Jackson.

MISSOURI	1.	William H. Hatch, *D**	Hannibal.
	2.	John B. Hale, *D*	Carrollton.
	3.	A. M. Dockery, *D**	Gallatin.
	4.	James N. Burnes, *D**	Saint Joseph.
	5.	William Warner, *R*	Kansas City.
	6.	John T. Heard, *D*	Sedalia.
	7.	John E. Hutton, *D*	Mexico.
	8.	John J. O'Neil, *D**	Saint Louis.
	9.	John M. Glover, *D*	Saint Louis.
	10.	M. L. Clardy, *D**	Farmington.
	11.	R. P. Bland, *D**	Lebanon.
	12.	William J. Stone, *D*	Nevada.
	13.	William H. Wade, *R*	Springfield.
	14.	William Dawson, *D*	New Madrid.
NEBRASKA	1.	A. J. Weaver, *R**	Falls City.
	2.	James Laird, *R**	Hastings.
	3.	G. W. E. Dorsey, *R*	Fremont.
NEVADA	1.	William Woodburn, *R*	Virginia City.
NEW HAMPSHIRE	1.	M. A. Haynes, *R**	Lake Village.
	2.	G. H. Gallinger, *R*	Concord.
NEW JERSEY	1.	George S. Hires, *R*	Salem.
	2.	James Buchannan, *R*	Trenton.
	3.	R. S. Green, *D*	Elizabeth.
	4.	James W. Pidcock, *D*	White House Station.
	5.	William W. Phelps, *R**	Englewood.
	6.	H. Lehlbach, *R*	Newark.
	7.	William McAdoo, *D**	Jersey City.
NEW YORK	1.	Perry Belmont, *D**	Babylon.
	2.	Felix Campbell, *D**	Brooklyn.
	3.	D. R. James, *R**	Brooklyn.
	4.	Peter P. Mahoney, *D*	Brooklyn.
	5.	A. M. Bliss, *D*	Brooklyn.
	6.	N. Muller, *D**	New York.
	7.	J. J. Adams, *D**	New York.
	8.	S. S. Cox, *D**	New York.
	9.	Joseph Pulitzer, *D*	New York.
	10.	A. S. Hewitt, *D**	New York.
	11.	T. A. Merriman, *D*	New York.
	12.	Abram Dowdney, *D*	New York.
	13.	Egbert L. Viele, *D*	New York.
	14.	W. G. Stahlnecker, *D*	Yonkers.
	15.	Lewis Beach, *D**	Cornwall.
	16.	J. H. Ketcham, *R**	Dover Plains.
	17.	J. G. Lindsley, *R*	Rondout.
	18.	H. G. Burleigh, *R**	Whitehall.
	19.	John Swinburne, *R*	Albany.
	20.	George West, *R*	Ballston.
	21.	F. A. Johnson, *R**	Glens Falls.
	22.	A. X. Parker, *R**	Potsdam.
	23.	J. Thomas Spriggs, *D**	Utica.
	24.	John S. Pindar, *D*	Cobleskill.
	25.	Frank Hiscock, *R**	Syracuse.
	26.	S. C. Millard, *R**	Binghamton.
	27.	S. E. Payne, *R**	Auburn.
	28.	John Arnot, *D**	Elmira.
	29.	Ira Davenport, *R*	Bath.
	30.	Charles S. Baker, *R*	Rochester.
	31.	John G. Sawyer, *R*	Albion.
	32.	John M. Farquhar, *R*	Buffalo.
	33.	John B. Weber, *R*	West Seneca.
	34.	Walter L. Sessions, *R*	Jamestown.
NORTH CAROLINA	1.	T. G. Skinner, *D**	Hertford.
	2.	J. E. O'Hara, *R**	Enfield.
	3.	W. J. Green, *D**	Fayetteville.
	4.	W. R. Cox, *D**	Raleigh.
	5.	J. W. Reid, *D*	Wentworth.

NORTH CAROLINA— Continued.	6.	R. T. Bennett, *D**	Wadesborough.
	7.	John S. Henderson, *D*	Salisbury.
	8.	W. H. H. Cowles, *D*	Wilkesborough.
	9.	Thomas J. Johnson, *D*	Asheville.
OHIO	1.	Benjamin Butterworth, R	Cincinnati.
	2.	Charles E. Brown, *R*	Cincinnati.
	3.	J. E. Campbell, *D**	Hamilton.
	4.	Charles M. Anderson, *D*	Greenville.
	5.	Benjamin Le Fevre, *D**	Maplewood.
	6.	W. D. Hill, *D**	Defiance.
	7.	George E. Seney, *D**	Tiffin.
	8.	John Little, *R*	Xenia.
	9.	William C. Cooper, *R*	Mount Vernon.
	10.	Jacob Romeis, *R*	Toledo.
	11.	William W. Ellsbery, *D*	Georgetown.
	12.	A. C. Thompson, *R*	Portsmouth.
	13.	J. H. Outhwaite, *D*	Columbus.
	14.	C. H. Grosvenor, *R*	Athens.
	15.	Beriah Wilkins, *D**	Urichsville.
	16.	George W. Geddes, *D**	Mansfield.
	17.	A. J. Warner, *D**	Marietta.
	18.	Isaac H. Taylor, *R*	Carrollton.
	19.	E. B. Taylor, *R**	Warrenton.
	20.	William McKinley, jr., *R*	Canton.
	21.	M. A. Foran, *D**	Cleveland.
OREGON	1.	Binger Herman, *R*	Roseburg.
PENNSYLVANIA		E. S. Osborne (at large), *R*	Wilkesbarre.
	1.	Henry H. Bingham, *R**	Philadelphia.
	2.	Charles O'Neill, *R**	Philadelphia.
	3.	Samuel J. Randall, *D**	Philadelphia.
	4.	William D. Kelley, *R**	Philadelphia.
	5.	A. C. Harmer, *R**	Philadelphia.
	6.	J. B. Everhart, *R**	West Chester.
	7.	I. Newton Evans, *R**	Hatborough.
	8.	Daniel Ermentrout, *D**	Reading.
	9.	John A. Hiestand, *R*	Lancaster.
	10.	W. H. Sowden, *D*	Allentown.
	11.	John B. Storm, *D**	Stroudsburg.
	12.	J. A. Scranton, *R*	Scranton.
	13.	Charles N. Brumm, *G.-R**	Minersville.
	14.	Franklin Bound, *R*	Milton.
	15.	F. C. Bunnell, *R*	Tunkhannock.
	16.	William W. Brown, *R**	Bradford.
	17.	J. M. Campbell, *R**	Johnstown.
	18.	L. E. Atkinson, *R**	Mifflintown.
	19.	[Vacancy.]	
	20.	A. G. Curtin, *D**	Bellefonte.
	21.	Charles E. Boyle, *D**	Uniontown.
	22.	James S. Negley, *R*	Pittsburgh.
	23.	Thomas M. Bayne, *R**	Robella.
	24.	Oscar L. Jackson, *R*	New Castle.
	25.	A. C. White, *R*	Brookville.
	26.	George W. Fleeger, *R*	Butler.
	27.	William L. Scott, *D*	Erie.
RHODE ISLAND	1.	H. J. Spooner, *R**	Providence.
	2.	William A. Pierce, *R*	Olneyville.
SOUTH CAROLINA	1.	Samuel Dibble, *D**	Orangeburg.
	2.	George D. Tillman, *D**	Edgefield.
	3.	D. Wyatt Aiken, *D**	Cokesbury.
	4.	W. H. Perry, *D*	Greenville.
	5.	J. J. Hemphill, *D**	Chester.
	6.	George W. Dargan, *D**	Darlington.
	7.	Robert Smalls, *R**	Beaufort.
TENNESSEE	1.	Augustus H. Pettibone, *R**	Greenville.
	2.	L. C. Houk, *R**	Knoxville.
	3.	J. R. Neal, *D*	Rhea Springs.

TENNESSEE—Cont'd.	4.	Benton McMillin, *D**	Carthage.
	5.	J. D. Richardson, *D*	Murfreesboro.
	6.	Andrew J. Caldwell, *D**	Nashville.
	7.	Jno. G. Ballentine, *D**	Pulaski.
	8.	Jno. M. Taylor, *D**	Lexington.
	9.	P. T. Glass, *D*	Ripley.
	10.	Zachary Taylor, *R*	Covington.
TEXAS	1.	Charles Stewart, *D**	Houston.
	2.	John H. Reagan, *D**	Palestine.
	3.	James H. Jones, *D**	Henderson.
	4.	D. B. Culberson, *D**	Jefferson.
	5.	J. W. Throckmorton, *D**	McKinney.
	6.	Olin Wellborn, *D**	Dallas.
	7.	W. H. Crain, *D*	Cuero.
	8.	James F. Miller, *D**	Gonzales.
	9.	R. Q. Mills, *D**	Corsicana.
	10.	Joseph D. Sayers, *D*	Bastrop.
	11.	Samuel W. T. Lanham, *D**	Weatherford.
VERMONT	1.	John W. Stewart, *R**	Middlebury.
	2.	W. W. Grout, *R*	Barton.
VIRGINIA	1.	Thomas Croxton, *D*	Tappahannock.
	2.	Harry Libbey, *R**	Norfolk.
	3.	George D. Wise, *D**	Richmond.
	4.	J. D. Brady, *R*	Petersburg.
	5.	George C. Cabell, *D**	Danville.
	6.	John W. Daniel, *D*	Lynchburg.
	7.	Charles T. O'Ferrall, *D**	Harrisonburg.
	8.	John S. Barbour, *D**	Alexandria.
	9.	Connolly F. Trigg, *D*	Abington.
	10.	J. Randolph Tucker, *D**	Lexington.
WEST VIRGINIA	1.	Nathan Goff, *R**	Clarksburg.
	2.	W. L. Wilson, *D**	Charleston.
	3.	Charles P. Snyder, *D**	Charleston.
	4.	Eustace Gibson, *D**	Huntington.
WISCONSIN	1.	L. B. Caswell, *R*	Fort Atkinson.
	2.	Edward S. Bragg, *D*	Fond du Lac.
	3.	R. M. La Follette, *R*	Madison.
	4.	I. W. Van Schaick, *R*	Milwaukee.
	5.	Joseph Rankin, *D**	Manitowoc.
	6.	Richard Guenther, *R**	Oshkosh.
	7.	O. B. Thomas, *R*	Prairie du Chien.
	8.	William T. Price, *R**	Black River Falls.
	9.	Isaac Stephenson, *R*	Marinette.

TERRITORIAL DELEGATES.

ARIZONA	Curtis C. Bean, *R*	Prescott.
DAKOTA	Oscar S. Gifford, *R*	Canton.
IDAHO	John Hailey, *D*	Boisé City.
MONTANA	Joseph K. Toole, *D*	Helena.
NEW MEXICO	Antonio Joseph, *D*	Ojo Caliente.
UTAH	John T. Caine ("People's Ticket")*	Salt Lake City.
WASHINGTON	Charles S. Voorhees, *D*	Colfax.
WYOMING	Joseph M. Carey, *R*	Cheyenne.

POLITICAL ESTIMATE.

THE SENATE.

Republicans	37	To be chosen in Illinois, Oregon, and New Hampshire	
Democrats	34		
Re-adjusters	2	Total	

THE HOUSE.

Democrats	182	Greenback-Republican	
Republicans	140	To be chosen	
Greenback-Democrat	1	Total	

THE NEW ORLEANS EXPOSITION.

on the part of the United States, upon the recommendation of the Executive Committee National Cotton Planters' Association of America, to the World's Industrial Centennial Exposition.

ıd.	S. H. Buck.
ı.	E. M. Hudson.
leman, jr.	R. M. Patton.

United States Executive Departments, under the act of Congress approved July 7, 1884.

;. C. Lyford, War Dep't, *Pres.*	Benj. Butterworth, Interior Dep't.
ll, Dep't of State.	Cecil Clay, Dep't of Justice.
luckingham, U. S. Navy Dep't.	William Saunders, Dep't of Agriculture.
ennan, Treasury Dep't.	Prof. G. Brown Goode, Smithsonian Inst.
Post-Office Dep't.	
Vm. A. De Caindry.	

on the part of the United States, upon the recommendation of the majority of to the enterprise in the city where it is to be located, to the World's Industrial and ennial Exposition.

e.	W. B. Schmidt.
.	A. Baldwin.
enner.	Gus. A. Breaux.

and Alternates to represent the States and Territories at the World's Industrial and Cotton Centennial Exposition to be held at New Orleans.

er Pratt, *Commissioner.*
. Stoutz, *Alternate Com.*

I. Taylor, *Commissioner.*
R. Cockrill, *Alternate Com.*

ws, *Commissioner.*
arroll, *Alternate Com.*

kles, *Commissioner.*
y, *Alternate Com.*

F. Plunkett, *Commissioner.*
E. Mallory, *Alternate Com.*

Dean, *Commissioner.*
I. Treat, *Alternate Com.*

H. Sebring, *Commissioner.*
D. Chipley, *Alternate Com.*

. Bacon, *Commissioner.*
H. Smith, *Alternate Com.*

lbert, *Commissioner.*

Carnahan, *Commissioner.*
F. Nisbet, *Alternate Com.*

IOWA:
Herbert S. Fairall, *Commissioner.*
John S. Ely, *Alternate Com.*

KANSAS:
Frank Bacon, *Commissioner.*
Geo. Y. Johnson, *Alternate Com.*

KENTUCKY:
Geo. T. Perkins, *Commissioner.*
E. Polk Johnson, *Alternate Com.*

LOUISIANA:
Charles J. Barrow, *Commissioner.*
William I. Hodgson, *Alternate Com.*

MAINE:
J. B. Ham, *Commissioner.*
Henry S. Howe, *Alternate Com.*

MARYLAND:
George W. Bishop, *Commissioner.*
J. Thomas Scharf, *Alternate Com.*

MASSACHUSETTS:
J. Howard Nichols, *Commissioner.*
Edward S. Bradford, *Alternate Com.*

MICHIGAN:
Alfred P. Swineford, *Commissioner.*
Frank M. Carroll, *Alternate Com.*

MINNESOTA:
Oliver Gibbs, jr., *Commissioner.*
Samuel E. Adams, *Alternate Com.*

MISSISSIPPI:
S. A. Jonas, *Commissioner.*
A. B. Hurt, *Alternate Com.*

MISSOURI:
F. F. Hilder, *Commissioner.*
C. P. Ellerbe, *Alternate Com.*

NEBRASKA:
Robert W. Furnas, *Commissioner.*
Albinus Nance, *Alternate Com.*

NEVADA:
Charles C. Thomas, *Commissioner.*
George Russell, *Alternate Com.*

NEW HAMPSHIRE:
Gilbert P. Whitman, *Commissioner.*
Daniel W. Johnson, *Alternate Com.*

NEW JERSEY:
Caleb H. Barney, *Commissioner.*
Joseph H. Reynolds, *Alternate Com.*

NEW YORK:
David John Johnson, *Commissioner.*
Ephraim Chamberlain, *Alternate Com.*

NORTH CAROLINA:
George Howard, *Commissioner.*
J. Turner Morehead, *Alternate Com.*

OHIO:
Homer Hamilton, *Commissioner.*

OREGON:
Jacob Mayer, *Commissioner.*
T. B. White, *Alternate Com.*

PENNSYLVANIA:
A. E. Lewis, *Commissioner.*
R. H. Thomas, *Alternate Com.*

RHODE ISLAND:
Arnold B. Chace, *Commissioner.*
Hezekiah Conant, *Alternate Com.*

SOUTH CAROLIN :
A. P. Butler, *Commissioner.*
W. L. Mauldin, *Alternate Com.*

TENNESSEE:
A. J. McWhister, *Commissioner.*
John Slack, *Alternate Com.*

TEXAS:
T. T. Gamage, *Commissioner.*
H. C. Cook, *Alternate Com.*

VERMONT:
John B. Mead, *Commissioner.*
Henry G. Root, *Alternate Com.*

VIRGINIA:
J. M. Blanton, *Commissioner.*
J. B. Pace, *Alternate Com.*

WEST VIRGINIA:
Philip Pendleton, *Commissioner.*
Alexander Campbell, *Alternate Com.*

WISCONSIN:
Edward D. Holton, *Commissioner.*
J. M. Smith, *Alternate Com.*

ARIZONA TER.:
Frank M. Murphy, *Commissioner.*
Douglas Gray, *Alternate Com.*

DAKOTA TER.:
Alexander McKenzie, *Commissioner.*
John A. Gaston, *Alternate Com.*

IDAHO TER.:
Geo. L. Shoup, *Commissioner.*
Thomas Donaldson, *Alternate Com.*

MONTANA TER.:
John S. Harris, *Commissioner.*
William A. Clark, *Alternate Com.*

NEW MEXICO TER.:
Paul Langhammer, *Commissioner.*
Fletcher A. Blake, *Alternate Com.*

UTAH TER.:
Joab Lawrence, *Commissioner.*
Wm. Graham Galligher, *Alternate Com*

WASHINGTON TER.:
E. C. Ferguson, *Commissioner.*
A. P. Sharpstein, *Alternate Com.*

WYOMING TER.:
Homer Merrill, *Commissioner.*
George C. Rafter, *Alternate Com.*

1880. THE PRESIDENTIAL ELECTIONS. 1884.

States.	1884.				1880.	
	Cleveland.	Blaine.	St. John.	Butler.	Garfield.	Hancock.
.....	92,973	59,444	610	762	56,221	91,185
.....	72,927	50,895	.....	1,844	42,436	60,775
.....	88,307	100,816	2,640	1,975	80,378	80,417
.....	27,627	36,277	759	1,957	27,450	24,647
it	67,199	65,923	2,305	1,088	67,071	64,415
.....	17,054	12,778	55	6	14,133	15,275
.....	31,769	28,039	74	.....	23,632	27,922
.....	94,567	47,964	184	125	54,086	102,470
.....	312,355	337,474	12,074	10,910	318,037	277,321
.....	244,992	238,480	3,018	8,716	292,164	225,522
.....	*177,286	197,089	1,472	.....	183,927	105,845
.....	90,030	153,396	4,273	17,044	121,549	59,801
.....	152,757	118,674	3,106	1,655	106,306	149,068
.....	62,450	46,347	366	110	38,016	65,067
.....	52,140	72,209	2,160	3,953	74,039	65,161
.....	96,932	85,609	2,794	531	78,515	94,706
etts	122,352	146,724	9,923	24,382	165,205	111,960
.....	*189,361	192,669	18,403	763	185,341	131,597
.....	70,144	111,923	4,691	3,587	93,903	53,315
.....	78,547	42,774	.....	.....	34,854	75,750
.....	235,972	*202,261	1,506	.....	153,567	208,609
.....	54,354	76,877	2,858	.....	54,979	28,523
.....	7,189	5,573	.....	.....	10,445	11,215
pshire	39,166	43,166	1,573	552	44,852	40,794
y.....	127,784	123,432	6,155	3,494	120,555	122,565
.....	563,154	562,005	25,006	17,004	555,544	534,511
olina	142,071	124,397	.....	.....	115,874	124,208
.....	368,280	400,082	11,269	5,170	375,048	340,821
.....	24,593	26,852	488	723	20,619	19,855
nia.	393,510	474,268	15,306	16,992	444,704	407,428
ınd	12,438	19,029	941	425	18,195	10,779
olina.....	69,890	21,733	.....	.....	58,071	112,312
.....	133,270	124,090	1,131	957	107,677	129,569
.....	223,208	88,353	3,511	3,321	53,208	156,528
.....	17,331	39,514	1,752	785	45,567	18,316
.....	145,497	139,356	143	.....	84,020	128,586
inia	67,317	*63,096	939	.....	46,243	57,391
.....	146,454	161,147	7,649	4,597	144,400	114,649
l	4,913,247	4,840,825	150,134	134,028	4,450,921	4,447,888

* Fusion.

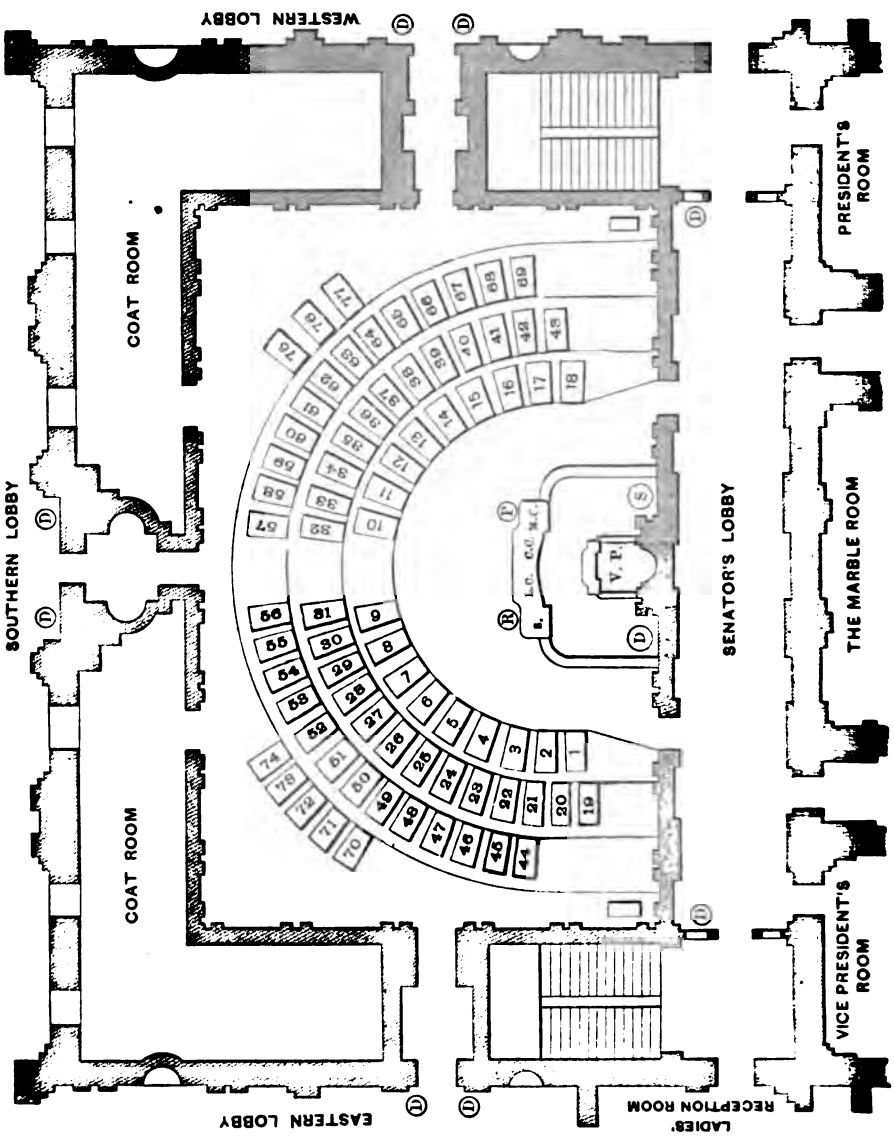
CENSUS OF THE UNITED STATES.

....	3,929,328	6th.	1840	17,069,453
....	5,305,925	7th.	1850	23,191,876
.....	7,239,814	8th.	1860	31,443,321
....	9,638,131	9th.	1870	38,558,371
.....	12,866,026	10th.	1880	50,152,866

THE TERRITORIES.

ritories.	Organized.	Square miles.	Territories.	Organized.	Square miles.
co.....	1850	121,201	Montana.....	1864	143,776
.....	1850	84,476	Wyoming...	1868	97,833
n	1853	69,994	Indian	1834	68,991
.....	1861	150,932	Alaska.....	1868	577,390
....	1863	113,916	District of Columbia.....	1790	64
.....	1863	86,294			

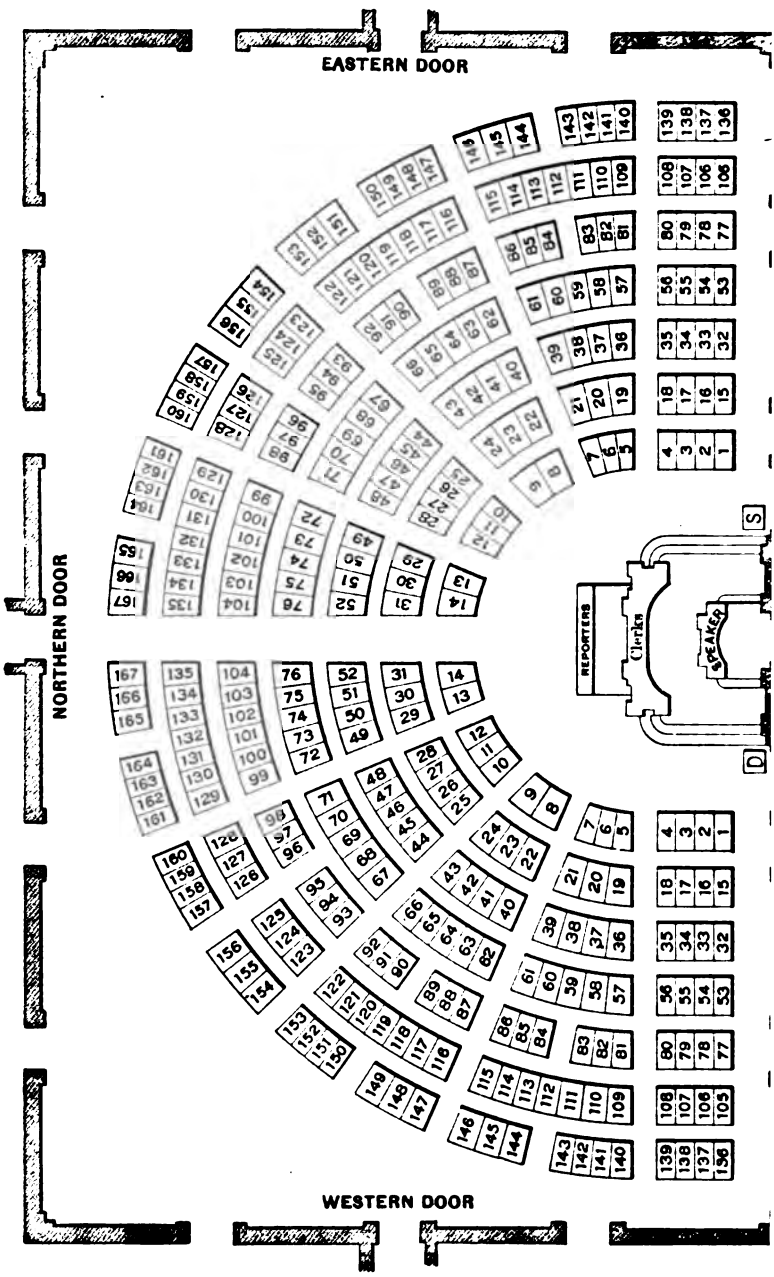
le area of the States and Territories, including water surface of lakes and rivers, is nearly ur millions of square miles.


WESTERN LOBBY
COAT ROOM
SOUTHERN LOBBY
COAT ROOM
EASTERN LOBBY
SENATOR'S LOBBY
LADIES' RECEPTION ROOM
PRESIDENT'S ROOM
THE MARBLE ROOM
VICE PRESIDENT'S ROOM
V. P.

DIRECTORY OF THE SENATE.

[V. P., *Vice-President.* S., *Secretary.* L. C., *Legislative Clerk.* C. C., *Chief Clerk.* M. C., *Minute Clerk.* S., *Sergeant-at-Arms.* D., *Doorkeeper and Assistants.* R., *Official Reporters.*]

51. Aldrich, N. W., Rhode Island.
30. Allison, W. B., Iowa.
36. Bayard, Thomas F., Delaware.
37. Beck, James B., Kentucky.
28. Blair, Henry W., New Hampshire.
71. Bowen, Thomas M., Colorado.
10. Brown, Joseph E., Georgia.
42. Butler, M. C., South Carolina.
39. Call, Wilkinson, Florida.
68. Camden, J. N., West Virginia.
31. Cameron, Angus, Wisconsin.
4. Cameron, J. D., Pennsylvania.
48. Chace, Jonathan, Rhode Island.
13. Cockrell, Francis Marion, Missouri.
14. Coke, Richard, Texas.
76. Colquitt, Alfred H., Georgia.
48. Conger, Omar D., Michigan.
74. Cullom, Shelby M., Illinois.
52. Dawes, Henry L., Massachusetts.
44. Dolph, Joseph N., Oregon.
7. Edmunds, George F., Vermont.
57. Fair, James G., Nevada.
59. Farley, James T., California.
9. Frye, William P., Maine.
17. Garland, Augustus H., Arkansas.
38. George, James Z., Mississippi.
69. Gibson, Randall Lee, Louisiana.
35. Gorman, Arthur P., Maryland.
12. Groome, James B., Maryland.
21. Hale, Eugene, Maine.
77. Hampton, Wade, South Carolina.
15. Harris, Isham G., Tennessee.
25. Harrison, Benjamin, Indiana.
2. Hawley, Joseph R., Connecticut.
23. Hill, Nathaniel P., Colorado.
27. Hoar, George F., Massachusetts.
29. Ingalls, John James, Kansas.
41. Jackson, Howell Edmunds, Tennessee.
60. Jonas, Benjamin F., Louisiana.
33. Jones, Charles W., Florida.
50. Jones, John P., Nevada.
40. Kenna, John E., West Virginia.
67. Lamar, Lucius Q. C., Mississippi.
46. Lapham, Elbridge G., New York.
8. Logan, John A., Illinois.
6. Mahone, William, Virginia.
24. McMillan, S. J. R., Minnesota.
61. McPherson, John Roderic, New Jersey.
73. Manderson, Charles F., Nebraska.
16. Maxey, S. B., Texas.
22. Miller, John F., California.
54. Miller, Warner, New York.
49. Mitchell, John I., Pennsylvania.
11. Morgan, John T., Alabama.
5. Morrill, Justin S., Vermont.
70. Palmer, Thomas W., Michigan.
34. Pendleton, George H., Ohio.
72. Pike, Austin F., New Hampshire.
3. Platt, Orville H., Connecticut.
56. Plumb, Preston B., Kansas.
66. Pugh, James L., Alabama.
32. Ransom, Matt. W., North Carolina.
53. Riddleberger, H. H., Virginia.
20. Sabin, Dwight M., Minnesota.
65. Saulsbury, Eli, Delaware.
47. Sawyer, Philetus, Wisconsin.
19. Sewell, William J., New Jersey.
26. Sherman, John, Ohio.
62. Slater, James H., Oregon.
64. Vance, Zebulon B., North Carolina.
55. Van Wyck, Charles H., Nebraska.
75. Vest, George Graham, Missouri.
18. Voorhees, Daniel W., Indiana.
63. Walker, James D., Arkansas.
58. Williams, John S., Kentucky.
1. Wilson, James F., Iowa.


EASTERN DOOR
NORTHERN DOOR
WESTERN DOOR
REPORTERS
Clerks
SPEAKER
S
D

WEST SIDE.

69 Adams, George E.
10 Anderson, John A.
86 Atkinson, Louis E.
157 Barr, Samuel F.
74 Bayne, Thomas M.
17 Beach, Lewis.
155 Belford, James B.
18 Bingham, H. H.
159 Bisbee, Horatio, jr.
49 Boutelle, C. A.
128 Bowen, Henry S.
89 Brainerd, . M.
165 Breitung, Edward.
129 Brents, Thomas H.
19 Brewer, Francis B.
143 Brewer, J. Hart.
51 Browne, T. M.
50 Brown, W. W.
31 Brumm, Charles N.
166 Budd, James H.
16 Burleigh, Henry G.
147 Burnes, James N.
136 Campbell, J. E.
35 Campbell, J. M.
98 Cannon, J. G.
13 Cassidy, G. W.
230 Chalmers, J. R.
201 Cook, John C.
113 Craig, G. H.
45 Culbertson, W. W.
96 Cullen, William.
147 Cutcheon, B. M.
93 Davis, George R.
64 Davis, Robert T.
6 Dingley, N., jr.
148 Dockery, A. M.
96 Dunham, R. W.
34 Eldredge, N. B.
156 Ellwood, Reuben.
54 Evans, I. Newton.
92 Everhart, James B.
3 Finerty, John F.
152 Funston, E. H.
78 Garrison, E.
131 George, Melvin C.
57 Gibson, E. W.
82 Glascock, John R.
100 Goff, Nathan, jr.
108 Greenleaf, H. S.
102 Guenther, Richard.
22 Hammond, N. J.
125 Hanback, Lewis.
154 Hancock, John.
15 Harmer, Alfred C.
24 Hart, Alphonso.
120 Hatch, Herschel H.
134 Haynes, Martin A.
132 Henderson, D. B.
12 Henderson, T. J.
133 Hepburn, W. P.
58 Hill, William D.
111 Hiscock, Frank.
151 Hitt, Robert R.
68 Holmes, A. J.
116 Holton, Hart B.
21 Hooper, B. S.
140 Horr, Roswell G.
95 Houk, Leonidas C.
150 Howey, B. F.
44 James, Darwin R.
115 Jeffords, Elza S.
55 Johnson, F. A.
8 Kean, John, jr.
160 Keifer, J. Warren.
48 Kelley, W. D.
149 Kellogg, W. P.
53 Ketcham, John H.
163 Lacy, Edward S.
39 Laird, James.
80 Lamb, John E.
87 Lawrence, G. V.
11 Le Fevre, B.
7 Libbey, Harry.
73 Long, John D.
105 Lovering, Henry B.
52 Lyman, Theodore.
111 Manzanares, F. A.
167 McCold, Moses A.
117 McComas, L. E.
40 McCormick, J. W.
103 Millard Stephen C.
29 Miller, Samuel H.
122 Milliken, Seth L.
81 Mills, Roger Q.
126 Morrill, Edmund N.
4 Muldrow, Henry L.
5 Murphy, J. H.
85 Nelson, Knute.
90 Nutting, N. W.
135 Ochiltree, T. P.
119 O'Hara, James E.
91 O'Neill, Charles.
112 Oury, Granville H.
27 Parker, A. X.
121 Payne, Sereno E.
59 Payson, Lewis E.
33 Pierce, Rice A.
123 Perkins, Bishop W.
124 Peters, Samuel R.
30 Pettibone, A. H.
9 Phelps, W. W.
47 Poland, Luke P.
14 Potter, Orlando B.
41 Price, William T.
32 Rankin, Joseph.
72 Ranney, A. A.
42 Ray, George W.
88 Ray Ossian.
138 Raymond, John R.
70 Reed, Thomas B.
106 Reid, James.
20 Rice, William W.
146 Rockwell, F. W.
97 Rowell, J. H.
158 Russell, William A.
76 Ryan, Thomas.
1 Shaw, Aaron.
83 Shiveley, B. F.
153 Singiser, T. F.
43 Skinner, Charles R.
60 Slocum, Henry W.
139 Smalls, Robert.
142 Smith, A. Herr.
141 Smith, Hiram Y.
67 Spooner, Henry J.
164 Steele, George W.
144 Stephenson, Isaac.
114 Stewart, John W.
38 Stone, Eben F.
62 Strait, Horace B.
63 Struble, Isaac S.
23 Taylor, Ezra B.
71 Taylor, Joseph D.
46 Thomas, J. R.
2 Townshend, R. W.
99 Valentine, E. K.
107 Vance, Robert B.
161 Wadsworth, J. W.
28 Wait, John T.
61 Wakefield, J. B.
79 Wallace, J. H.
25 Washburn, W. D.
56 Weaver, A. J.
75 Weller, Luman H.
162 White, John D.
109 White, Milo.
65 Whiting, William.
145 Wilson, James.
37 Wise, John S.
36 Woodward, G. M.
104 York, Tyre.

EAST SIDE.

164 Adams, John J.
76 Aiken, D. Wyatt.
112 Alexander, A. M.
16 Arnot, John.
4 Bagley, John H., jr.
11 Ballantyne, John G.
94 Barbour, John S.
47 Barksdale, E.
136 Belmont, Perry.
62 Bennett, Risden T.
44 Blackburn, J. C. S.
134 Blanchard, N. C.
50 Bland, Richard P.
71 Blount, James H.
72 Boyle, Charles E.
68 Breckenridge, C. R.
158 Broadhead, J. O.
167 Buchanan, Hugh.
12 Buckner, Aylett H.
81 Cabell, George C.
143 Caine, John T.
160 Caldwell, A. J.
130 Campbell, Felix.
100 Candler, Allen D.
61 Carleton, Ezra C.
121 Clardy, Martin L.
138 Clay, James F.
166 Clements, J. C.
64 Cobb, Thomas R.
140 Collins, P. A.
22 Connolly, D. W.
152 Converse, G. L.
38 Cosgrove, John.
88 Covington, G. W.
49 Cox, Samuel S.
148 Cox, William R.
13 Crisp, Charles F.
119 Culberson, D. B.
118 Curtin, Andrew G.
51 Dargan, G. W.
56 Davidson, R. H. M.
162 Davis, Lowndes H.
5 Deuster, Peter V.
117 Dibble, Samuel.
77 Dibrell, George G.
129 Dorsheimer, W.
82 Dowd, Clement.
30 Dunn, Poindexter.
95 Eaton, William W.
96 Elliott, M. F.
78 Ellis, E. John.
133 English, W. E.
55 Ermentrout, D.
157 Ferrell, Thomas N.
41 Fiedler, W. H. F.
28 Findlay, John V. L.
125 Follett, John F.
37 Foran, Martin A.
53 Forney, William H.
107 Fyan, Robert W.
67 Geddes, George W.
145 Graves, Alexander.
106 Green, Wharton J.
90 Halsell, John E.
97 Hardeman, T.
142 Hardy, John.
154 Hatch, William H.
33 Hemphill, John J.
59 Henley, Barclay.
69 Herbert, Hilary A.
2 Hewitt, A. S.
42 Hewitt, G. W.
48 Hoblitzell, F. S.
20 Holman, W. S.
124 Hopkins, James H.
60 Houseman, Julius.
54 Hunt, Carleton.
108 Hurd, Frank H.
110 Hutchins, Waldo.
103 Jones, Burr W.
155 Jones, James H.
15 Jones, James K.
75 Jones, James T.
32 Jordan, Isaac M.
131 King, J. Floyd.
139 Kleiner, John J.
127 Lanham, S. W. T.
24 Lewis, Edward T.
23 Lore, Charles B.
120 Lowry, Robert.
21 McAdoo, William.
46 McMillin, Benton.
70 Maginnis, Martin.
92 Matson, C. C.
86 Maybury, W. C.
153 Miller, James F.
115 Mitchell, C. L.
79 Money, H. D.
113 Morgan, C. H.
43 Morrison, W. R.
8 Morse, Leopold.
144 Moulton, S. W.
109 Muller, Nicholas.
7 Murray, Robert M.
57 Mutchler, William.
27 Neece, William H.
19 Nicholls, John C.
45 Oates, William C.
150 O'Ferrall, C. T.
6 O'Neill, John J.
34 Paige, David R.
93 Patton, John D.
87 Peel, Samuel W.
9 Post, George A.
151 Post, Morton E.
10 Pryor, Luke.
123 Pusey, W. H. M.
40 Randall, Samuel J.
132 Reagan, John H.
98 Reese, Seaborn.
102 Riggs, James M.
31 Robertson, T. A.
151 Robinson, W. E.
80 Rogers, John H.
101 Rogers, William F.
91 Rosecrans, W. S.
105 Seney, George E.
114 Seymour, E. W.
150 Shelley, Charles M.
111 Singleton, Otho R.
63 Skinner, T. G.
142 Smith, A. Herr.
126 Snyder, C. P. W.
73 Spriggs, J. T.
1 Springer, W. M.
29 Stevens, Robert S.
128 Stewart, Charles.
89 Stockslager, S. M.
25 Storm, John B.
58 Sumner, Charles A.
147 Sumner, Daniel H.
141 Talbott, J. F. C.
165 Taylor, John M.
137 Thompson P. B.
99 Throckmorton J. W.
52 Tillman, George D.
135 Tucker, John R.
18 Tulley, Pleasant B.
14 Turner, Henry G.
17 Turner, Oscar.
85 Van Alstyne, T. J.
161 Van Eaton, H. S.
66 Ward, Thomas B.
36 Warner, A. J.
146 Warner, Richard.
65 Wellborn, Olin.
74 Wemple, Edward.
122 Williams, Thomas.
26 Willis, Albert S.
39 Wilkins, B.
156 Wilson, William L.
84 Winans, Edwin B.
104 Winans, John.
35 Wise, George D.
149 Wolford, Frank L.
116 Wood, Thomas J.
163 Worthington, N. E.
83 Yaple, George L.
3 Young, Casey.

ALPHABETICAL LIST

OF

SENATORS, REPRESENTATIVES, AND DELEGATES,

WITH THEIR HOME POST-OFFICES AND RESIDENCES IN WASHINGTON.

The * designates those whose wives accompany them; the § designates those whose daughters accompany them; the ‖ designates those having other ladies with them.

SENATORS.

Name.	Post-office.	City address.	Page.
EDMUNDS, G. F., *Pres. pro tem.*	Burlington, Vt	1411 Massachusetts ave	89
*Aldrich, Nelson W	Providence, R. I	Arlington Hotel	79
‖ Allison, William B	Dubuque, Iowa	1124 Vermont avenue	26
*§§ Bayard, Thomas F	Wilmington, Del	1413 Massachusetts avenue	13
*§ Beck, James B	Lexington, Ky	1414 K street, N. W	31
* Blair, Henry W	Manchester, N. H	201 East Capitol street	54
* Bowen, Thomas M	Del Norte, Colo	Riggs House	11
*§ Brown, Joseph E	Atlanta, Ga	Metropolitan Hotel	15
*§ Butler, M. C	Edgefield, S. C	1822 I street, N. W	80
*‖ Call, Wilkinson	Jacksonville, Fla	1753 P street, N. W	14
*§ Camden, Johnson N	Parkersburg, W. Va	827 Vermont avenue	93
*‖ Cameron, Angus	La Crosse, Wis	5 B street, N. W	95
* Cameron, James Donald	Harrisburg, Pa	Scott Circle	73
Chace, Jonathan	Providence, R. I	1213 N street, N. W	79
* Cockrell, Francis Marion	Warrensburg, Mo	1310 Nineteenth street	49
Coke, Richard	Waco, Tex	419 Sixth street, N. W	86
Colquitt, Alfred H	Atlanta, Ga	Metropolitan Hotel	15
*§ Conger, Omar D	Port Huron, Mich	1321 M street	42
*§ Cullom, Shelby M	Springfield, Ill	Willard's Hotel	18
*§ Dawes, Henry L	Pittsfield, Mass	1632 Rhode Island avenue	38
*‖ Dolph, Joseph N	Portland, Oreg	1340 Vermont avenue	72
Fair, James Graham	Virginia City, Nev	Wormley's Hotel	53
* Farley, James Thompson	Jackson, Cal		9
* Frye, William P	Lewiston, Me	Hamilton House	36
‖ Garland, Augustus H	Little Rock, Ark	1232 Massachusetts ave	7
* George, James Z	Jackson, Miss	206 New Jersey avenue	47
*‖ Gibson, Randall L	New Orleans, La	1723 Rhode Island avenue	33
* Gorman, Arthur P	Laurel, Md	1409 Massachusetts ave	37
* Groome, James B	Elkton, Md	Willard's Hotel	37
* Hale, Eugene	Ellsworth, Me	1501 H street	36
Hampton, Wade	Columbia, S. C	Metropolitan Hotel	80
Harris, Isham G	Memphis, Tenn	209 East Capitol street	83
* Harrison, Benjamin	Indianapolis, Ind	1013 Fifteenth street	22
*‖ Hawley, Joseph R	Hartford, Conn	312 C street, N. W	12
Hill, Nathaniel P	Denver, Colo	Arlington Hotel	11
* Hoar, George F	Worcester, Mass	1325 K street	39
Ingalls, John James	Atchison, Kans	1 B street, N. W	29
*§ Jackson, Howell Edmunds	Nashville, Tenn	1016 Vermont avenue	83
*§ ‖ Jonas, Benjamin Franklin	New Orleans, La	The Portland	33
Jones, Charles W	Pensacola, Fla	1705 G street	14
* Jones, John P	Gold Hill, Nev	The Arlington	53
* Kenna, John E	Charleston, W Va	813 Twelfth street, N. W	93
Lamar, Lucius Q. C	Oxford, Miss	109 First street, N. W	46
* Lapham, Elbridge G	Canandaigua, N. Y	920 Fifteenth street, N. W	57
* Logan, John A	Chicago, Ill	4 Iowa Circle	18
McMillan, Samuel J. R	Saint Paul, Minn	920 Fifteenth street	45
* McPherson, John Rhoderic	Jersey City, N. J	1014 Vermont avenue	55
Mahone, William	Petersburg, Va	Welcker's Hotel	90
*‖ Manderson, Charles F	Omaha, Nebr	The Portland	52
* Maxey, Samuel B	Paris, Tex	413 Fourth street, N. W	86
*§ *Miller*, John F	San Francisco, Cal	1218 Connecticut avenue	9

ıme.	Post-office.	City address.	Page.
ırner	Herkimer, N. Y	1303 K street, N. W	57
I	Wellsboro', Pa	708 Eleventh street	73
John T	Washington, D. C	113 First street, N. E	5
tin S	Strafford, Vt	1 Thomas Circle	89
as W	Detroit, Mich	1705 N street, N. W	42
n F	Franklin, N. H	Hamilton House	54
, George H	Cincinnati, Ohio	1313 Sixteenth street, N. W.	67
I	Meriden, Conn	Arlington Hotel	12
on B	Emporia, Kans	1407 F street, N. W	29
ıes L	Eufaula, Ala	1513 Rhode Island avenue	5
W	Weldon, N. C	Metropolitan Hotel	64
H. H	Woodstock, Va	611 Louisiana avenue	91
ıt M	Stillwater, Minn	1323 Thirteenth street	45
	Dover, Del	610 Fourteenth street	13
iletus	Oshkosh, Wis	1829 I street, N. W	95
m J	Camden, N. J	1500 I street	55
P	Newport, R. I	134 B street, N. E	80
John	Mansfield, Ohio	1319 K street	67
I	La Grande, Oreg	910 F street, N. W	72
ılon B	Charlotte, N. C	1627 Massachusetts ave	64
Charles H	Nebraska City, Nebr	S. W. cor. 18th and Mass. av.	52
G	Kansas City, Mo	Del. av., cor. C st., N. E	49
Daniel W	Terre Haute, Ind	1324 Nineteenth st., N. W.	22
D	Fayetteville, Ark	1318 G street	8
ohn S	Mount Sterling, Ky	1327 F street	31
ımes F	Fairfield, Iowa	623 Thirteenth street	26

REPRESENTATIVES.

ıme.	Post-office.	City address.	Page.
HN G., *Speaker*	Covington, Ky	Riggs House	32
ge E	Chicago, Ill	Arlington Hotel	19
	New York, N. Y	Willard's Hotel	59
Wyatt	Cokesburg, S. C	National Hotel	81
mstead M	Paris, Mo	467 C street, N. W	49
n A	Manhattan, Kans	1333 G street, N. W	30
	Elmira, N. Y	Arlington Hotel	63
ıuis E	Mifflintown, Pa	932 K street, N. W	77
ın H., jr	Catskill, N. Y	National Hotel	61
ohn G	Pulaski, Tenn	Ebbitt House	85
hn S	Alexandria, Va	144 B street, N. E	93
ıelbert	Jackson, Miss	944 K street, N. W	48
F	Harrisburg, Pa	222 First street, S. E	76
ıas M	Robella, Pa	Riggs House	78
ris	Cornwall, N. Y	The Portland	60
nes B	Denver, Colo	327 Pennsylvania av., S. E.	11
r	Babylon, N. Y	1701 Rhode Island avenue	57
en T	Wadesborough, N. C	Metropolitan Hotel	64
ıry H	Philadelphia, Pa	1019 Connecticut avenue	73
Horatio, jr	Jacksonville, Fla	1714 N street, N. W	14
oseph C. S	Versailles, Ky	National Hotel	32
Newton C	Shreveport, La	Metropolitan Hotel	35
ırd P	Lebanon, Mo	1329 Eleventh street, N. W	51
es H	Macon, Ga	National Hotel	17
arles A	Bangor, Me	Hamilton House	36
	Tazewell C. H., Va	Metropolitan Hotel	93
arles E	Uniontown, Pa	Willard's Hotel	78
ıuel M	Erie, Pa	617 Thirteenth street	79
	White Oak, S. C	816 Seventeenth st., N. W.	82

Name.	Post-office.	City address.	Page.
*‖ Breckenridge, Clifton R	Pine Bluff, Ark	918 New York ave., N. W.	8
Breitung, Edward	Negaunee, Mich	920 Fourteenth street	45
*Brewer, Francis B	Westfield, N. Y	Willard's Hotel	64
*Brewer, J. Hart	Trenton, N. J	Willard's Hotel	56
*§ Broadhead, James O	Saint Louis, Mo	911 Sixteenth st., N. W	51
*§ Brown, William Wallace	Bradford, Pa	Hamilton House	76
Browne, Thomas M	Winchester, Ind	610 Fourteenth st., N. W	24
Brumm, Charles N	Minersville, Pa	510 Thirteenth st., N. W	76
Buchanan, Hugh	Newnan, Ga	Metropolitan Hotel	16
Buckner, Aylett H	Mexico, Mo	Metropolitan Hotel	50
*‖ Budd, James H	Stockton, Cal	218 A street, S. E	10
Burleigh, Henry G	Whitehall, N. Y	1511 L street, N. W	61
§ Burnes, James N	Saint Joseph, Mo	Willard's Hotel	50
*§ Cabell, George C	Danville, Va	Metropolitan Hotel	92
Caldwell, Andrew J	Nashville, Tenn	National Hotel	85
§§ Campbell, Felix	Brooklyn, N. Y	Arlington Hotel	58
Campbell, Jacob M	Johnstown, Pa	612 Fourteenth st., N. W	77
Campbell, James E	Hamilton, Ohio	1504 Q street, N. W	69
Candler, Allen D	Gainesville, Ga	Metropolitan Hotel	17
*§ Cannon, Joseph G	Danville, Ill	Willard's Hotel	21
*§ Carleton, Ezra C	Port Huron, Mich	Ebbitt House	44
*Cassidy, George W	Eureka, Nev	Welcker's Hotel	54
Chalmers, James Ronald	Sardis, Miss	419 New Jersey ave., S. E	47
Clardy, Martin L	Farmington, Mo	Willard's Hotel	51
Clay, James F	Henderson, Ky	715 Ninth street, N. W	31
Clements, Judson C	La Fayette, Ga	Metropolitan Hotel	17
Cobb, Thomas R	Vincennes, Ind	Metropolitan Hotel	23
*Collins, Patrick A	Boston, Mass	Riggs House	40
*Connolly, Daniel W	Scranton, Pa	National Hotel	76
Converse, George L	Columbus, Ohio	Arlington Hotel	70
*§ Cook, John C	Newton, Iowa	13 First street, N. E	27
Cosgrove, John	Boonesville, Mo	Willard's Hotel	50
Covington, George W	Snow Hill, Md	1333 F street, N. W	37
*‖ Cox, Samuel S	New York, N. Y	1 Dupont Circle	58
*Cox, William R	Raleigh, N. C	Riggs Annex	65
Craig, George H	Selma, Ala	800 Eleventh street	6
Crisp, Charles F	Americus, Ga	Metropolitan Hotel	16
Culberson, David B	Jefferson, Tex	Metropolitan Hotel	87
*Culbertson, William W	Ashland, Ky	Ebbitt House	32
§§ Cullen, William	Ottawa, Ill	726 Eleventh street, N. W	20
*§ ‖ Curtin, Andrew G	Bellefonte, Pa	1518 K street, N. W	77
*Cutcheon, Byron M	Manistee, Mich	1115 I street, N. W	44
Dargan, George W	Darlington, S. C	622 E street, N. W	82
Davidson, Robert H. M	Quincy, Fla	National Hotel	14
*Davis, George R	Chicago, Ill	1333 F street, N. W	19
*Davis, Lowndes H	Jackson, Mo	608 Fourteenth st., N. W	52
*Davis, Robert T	Fall River, Mass	1325 K street, N. W	39
Deuster, Peter V	Milwaukee, Wis	National Hotel	96
Dibble, Samuel	Orangeburg, S. C	Metropolitan Hotel	81
*Dibrell, George G	Sparta, Tenn	Metropolitan Hotel	84
*§ Dingley, Nelson, jr	Lewiston, Me	Hamilton House	36
Dixon, Nathan F	Westerly, R. I		80
*Dockery, Alexander M	Gallatin, Mo	Willard's Hotel	49
*Dorsheimer, William	New York, N. Y	1515 H street, N. W	59
Dowd, Clement	Charlotte, N. C	Metropolitan Hotel	66
*Dunham, Kansom W	Chicago, Ill	Riggs House	18
*§ ‖ Dunn, Poindexter	Forest City, Ark	National Hotel	8
*Eaton, William W	Hartford, Conn	1121 Fourteenth st., N. W	12
*Eldredge, Nathaniel B	Adrian, Mich	52 B street, N. E	43
*Elliott, Mortimer F	Wellsboro', Pa	Arlington Hotel	73
*Ellis, E. John	New Orleans, La	The Portland	34
Ellwood, Reuben	Sycamore, Ill	Willard's Hotel	19
*English, W. E	Indianapolis, Ind	National Hotel	24

Name.	Post-office.	City address.	Page.
trout, Daniel	Reading, Pa	25 Lafayette Square	75
s, I. Newton	Hatboro', Pa	702 Tenth street, N. W	75
t, James B	West Chester, Pa	1027 Vermont avenue	74
Thomas M	Glassborough, N. J	National Hotel	55
r, William H. F	Newark, N. J	National Hotel	56
y, John V. L	Baltimore, Md	Baltimore, Md	38
ty, John F	Chicago, Ill	National Hotel	18
ett, John F	Cincinnati, Ohio	1017 Fourteenth st., N. W	67
ran, Martin A	Cleveland, Ohio	712 Tenth street	72
William H	Jacksonville, Ala	1116 G street	7
n, E. H	Iola, Kans	17 Grant Place	30
obert W	Marshfield, Mo	1333 F street, N. W	51
, George T	Accomac, Va	Harris House	91
s, George W	Mansfield, Ohio	523 Sixth street, N. W	70
Melvin C	Portland, Oreg	426 Eleventh street, N. W.	73
Eustace	Huntington, W. Va	653 East Capitol street	94
ock, John R	Oakland, Cal	Hamilton House	9
Nathan, jr	Clarksburg, W. Va	Ebbitt House	94
Alexander	Lexington, Mo	Willard's Hotel	50
n, Wharton J	Fayetteville, N. C	1601 Sixteenth street, N. W.	65
eaf, Halbert S	Rochester, N. Y	334 C street, N. W	63
r, Richard	Oshkosh, Wis	National Hotel	96
l, John E	Bowling Green, Ky	115 Maryland avenue, N. E.	31
nd, Nathaniel J	Atlanta, Ga	Metropolitan Hotel	17
ck, Lewis	Osborne, Kans	National Hotel	29
ock, John	Austin, Tex	National Hotel	89
eman, Thomas	Macon, Ga	Metropolitan Hotel	15
John	New York, N. Y	National Hotel	59
Alfred C	Philadelphia, Pa	1329 G street, N. W.	74
Alphonso	Hillsborough, Ohio	702 Tenth street, N. W.	70
Herschel H	Bay City, Mich	611 Thirteenth street, N. W.	44
William H	Hannibal, Mo	1322 G street, N. W	49
, Martin A	Lake Village, N. H	52 B street N. E	54
l, John J	Chester, S. C	Metropolitan Hotel	82
on, David B	Dubuque, Iowa	Riggs House	27
derson, Thomas J	Princeton, Ill	52 B street, N. E	19
, Barclay	Santa Rosa, Cal	1310 Connecticut avenue	10
urn, William P	Clarinda, Iowa	901 Sixteenth st., N. W	28
t, Hilary A	Montgomery, Ala	Metropolitan Hotel	6
Abram S	New York, N. Y	1730 H street, N. W	59
Goldsmith W	Birmingham, Ala	Metropolitan Hotel	7
William D	Defiance, Ohio	1729 F street, N. W	68
k, Frank	Syracuse, N. Y	Arlington Hotel	62
obert R	Mount Morris, Ill	1507 K street, N. W	19
ll, Fetter S	Baltimore, Md	National Hotel	38
man, William S	Aurora, Ind	Hamilton House	23
Adoniram J	Boone, Iowa	910 I street, N. W	28
Hart B	Powhatan, Md	1340 Vermont ave., N. W	38
Benjamin S	Farmville, Va	Metropolitan Hotel	92
kins, James H	Pittsburgh, Pa	1324 Eighteenth st., N. W.	78
r, Roswell G	East Saginaw, Mich	1103 G street, N. W	43
Leonidas C	Knoxville, Tenn	421 Sixth street, N. W	84
n, Julius	Grand Rapids, Mich	National Hotel	43
ey, Benjamin F	Columbia, N. J	513 Sixth street N. W	56
Carleton	New Orleans, La	The Portland	34
rank H	Toledo, Ohio	Wormley's	69
, Waldo	Kingsbridge, N. Y	Willard's Hotel	60
es, Darwin R	Brooklyn, N. Y	1412 I street, N. W	58
Elza	Mayersville, Miss	Arlington Hotel	48
n, Frederick A	Glen's Falls, N. Y	Hamilton House	61
Burr W	Madison, Wis	601 E street, N. W	96
ames H	Henderson, Tex	Metropolitan Hotel	87

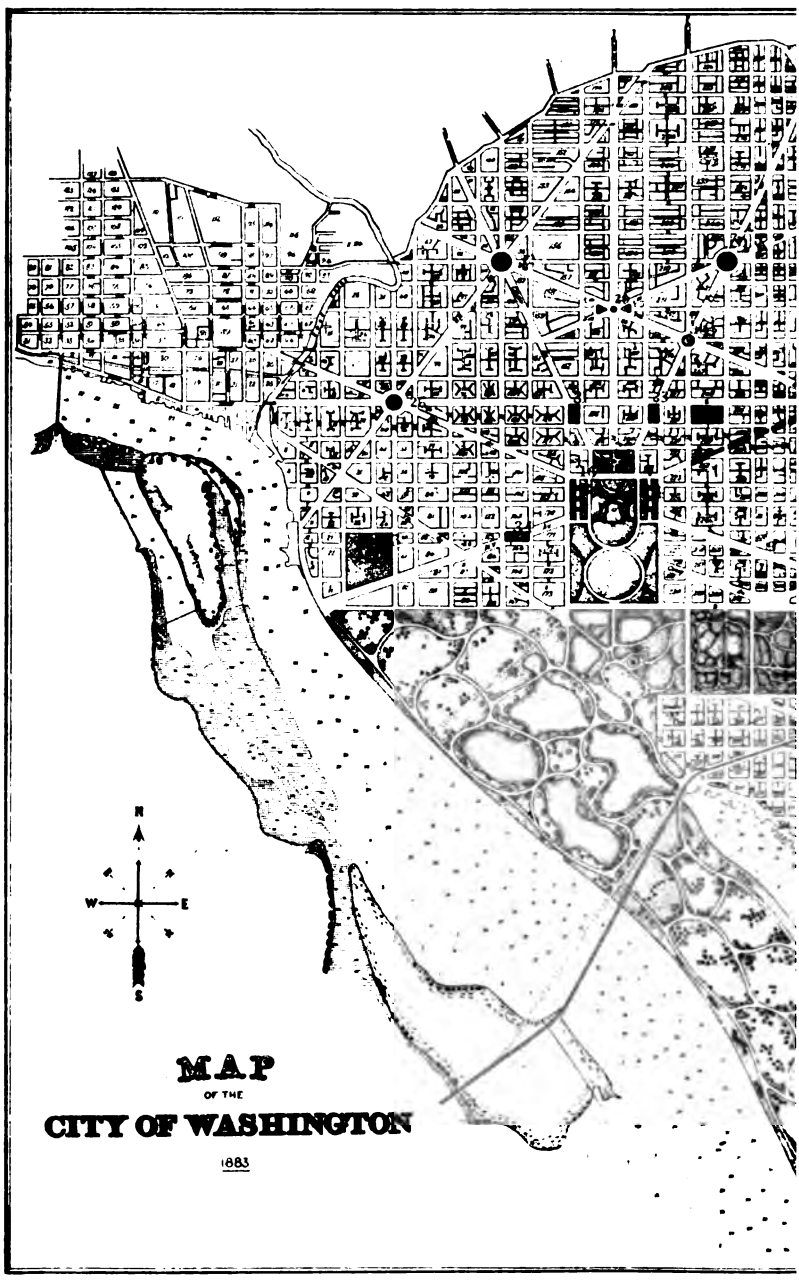
Name.	Post-office.	City address.	Page.
‡ Jones, James K	Washington, Ark	621 Thirteenth st., N. W	8
* Jones, James T	Demopolis, Ala	623 Penna. ave., N. W	5
*‡‡‖ Jordan, Isaac M	Cincinnati, Ohio	1718 Rhode Island avenue	68
Kean, John, jr	Elizabeth, N. J	Wormley's	56
*‡‖ Keifer, J. Warren	Springfield, Ohio	Ebbitt House	69
Kelley, William D	Philadelphia, Pa	612 Fourteenth st., N. W	74
* Kellogg, William P	New Orleans, La	Willard's Hotel	34
* Ketcham, John H	Dover Plains, N. Y	1329 K street, N. W	60
King, J. Floyd	Vidalia, La	Arlington Hotel	35
Kleiner, John J	Evansville, Ind	913 G street, N. W	23
*‡‡‖ Lacey, Edward S	Charlotte, Mich	1537 P street, N. W	43
Laird, James	Hastings, Nebr	524 Second street, N. W	53
Lamb, John E	Terre Haute, Ind	1815 G street, N. W	24
Lanham, Samuel W. T	Weatherford, Tex	Metropolitan Hotel	89
Lawrence, George V	Monongahela City, Pa	1015 L street, N. W	78
Le Fevre, Benjamin	Sidney, Ohio	Wormley's	68
Lewis, Edward T	Opelousas, La	407 Fourth street, N. W	35
Libbey, Harry	Norfolk, Va	717 Fourteenth st., N. W	91
‡‡‖ Long, John D	Hingham, Mass	Hamilton House	39
* Lore, Charles B	Wilmington, Del	7 B street, N. W	13
Lovering, Henry B	Lynn, Mass	1225 F street, N. W	40
*‡ Lowry, Robert	Fort Wayne, Ind	210 North Capitol street	25
* Lyman, Theodore	Brookline, Mass	1407 Massachusetts avenue	41
* McAdoo, William	Jersey City, N. J	919 H street. N. W	56
McCoid, Moses A	Fairfield, Iowa	Congressional Hotel	26
*‖ McComas, Louis E	Hagerstown, Md	Riggs House	36
*‡ McCormick, John W	Gallipolis, Ohio	715 Ninth street, N. W	70
‖ McMillin, Benton	Carthage, Tenn	Riggs House	85
*‡ Matson, Courtland C	Greencastle, Ind	109 C street, N. E	23
Maybury, William C	Detroit, Mich	National Hotel	42
* Millard, Stephen C	Binghamton, N. Y	Arlington Hotel	63
*‡ Miller, James F	Gonzales, Tex	Metropolitan Hotel	88
*‖ Miller, Samuel H	Mercer, Pa	Ebbitt House	79
Milliken, Seth L	Belfast, Me	1421 K street, N. W	37
* Mills, Roger Q	Corsicana, Tex	1115 G street, N. W	89
* Mitchell, Charles L	New Haven, Conn	3 Du Pont Circle	12
*‡ Money, Hernando D	Winona, Miss	Metropolitan Hotel	48
* Morgan, Charles H	Lamar, Mo	916 Sixteenth street, N. W	51
Morrill, Edmund N	Hiawatha, Kans	1310 G street, N. W	29
* Morrison, William R	Waterloo, Ill	Willard's Hotel	21
* Morse, Leopold	Boston, Mass	Wormley's Hotel	40
Moulton, Samuel W	Shelbyville, Ill	1013 Fifteenth street, N.W	21
*‡ Muldrow, Henry L	Starkville, Miss	Ebbitt House	47
Muller, Nicholas	New York, N. Y	Welcker's Hotel	58
*‡ Murphy, Jeremiah H	Davenport, Iowa	1304 F street, N. W	26
* Murray, Robert M	Piqua, Ohio	918 Fourteenth st., N. W	68
Mutchler, William	Easton, Pa	Metropolitan Hotel	75
Neece, William H	Macomb, Ill	318 C street, N. W	20
Nelson, Knute	Alexandria, Minn	704 Fourteenth st., N. W	46
* Nicholls, John C	Blackshear, Ga	1520 Connecticut avenue	16
* Nutting, Newton W	Oswego City, N. Y	312 Indiana avenue, N. W	62
* Oates, William C	Abbeville, Ala	Metropolitan Hotel	6
Ochiltree, Thomas P	Galveston, Tex	Chamberlin's	88
* O'Ferrall, Charles Triplett	Harrisonburg, Va	222 Third street, N. W	92
* O'Hara, James E	Enfield, N. C	1532 Fifteenth street, N. W	65
O'Neill, Charles	Philadelphia, Pa	1326 New York avenue	74
O'Neill, John J	Saint Louis, Mo	The Portland	50
* Paige, David R	Akron, Ohio	1406 G st. (Riggs annex)	72
Parker, Abraham X	Potsdam, N. Y	209 East Capitol street	61
*‡ Patton, John D	Indiana, Pa	708 Tenth street, N. W	79
* Payne, Sereno E	Auburn, N. Y	The Portland	62
* Payson, Lewis E	Pontiac, Ill	1115 G street, N. W	20
Peel, Samuel W	Bentonville, Ark	Mades' Hotel, Penn. ave	9

Name.	Post-office.	City address.	Page.
ns, Bishop W	Oswego, Kans	27 Grant Place	30
s, Samuel R	Newton, Kans	27 Grant Place	29
ne, Augustus H	Greenville, Tenn	414 Sixth street, N. W	84
s, William Walter	Englewood, N. J	1777 Massachusetts ave	56
, Rice A	Union City, Tenn	1007 G street, N. W	86
d, Luke P	Saint Johnsbury, Vt	Ebbitt House	90
George A	Susquehanna, Pa	1127 Tenth street, N. W	76
tter, Orlando B	New York, N. Y	1414 H street, N. W	60
William T	Black River Falls, Wis	1320 Vermont ave., N. W	97
, Luke	Athens, Ala	Metropolitan Hotel	7
y, William H. M	Council Bluffs, Iowa	807 Twelfth street, N. W	28
dall, Samuel J	Philadelphia, Pa	120 C street, S. E	74
in, Joseph	Manitowoc, Wis	Ebbitt House	96
nney, Ambrose A	Boston, Mass	Arlington Hotel	40
George W	Norwich, N. Y	19 Grant place	62
Ossian	Lancaster, N. H	138 Pennsylvania ave, S. E.	55
, John H	Palestine, Tex	Metropolitan Hotel	87
, Thomas B	Portland, Me	Hamilton House	36
Seaborn	Sparta, Ga	Metropolitan Hotel	17
ames W	Wentworth, N. C	Metropolitan Hotel	66
William W	Worcester, Mass	Hamilton House	41
James M	Winchester, Ill	National Hotel	20
son, Thomas A	Hodgensville, Ky	601 Thirteenth st., N. W	32
inson, William E	Brooklyn, N. Y	2201 Fourteenth st., N. W	57
ell, Francis W	Pittsfield, Mass	Riggs House	42
ers, John H	Fort Smith, Ark	1317 Eleventh street, N. W	8
s, William F	Buffalo, N. Y	1337 K street, N. W	63
rans, William S	San Francisco, Cal	1 B street, N. W	10
ll, Jonathan H	Bloomington, Ill	1103 G street, N. W	21
, William A	Lawrence, Mass	Wormley's Hotel	41
Thomas	Topeka, Kans	Ebbitt House	30
, George E	Tiffin, Ohio	1338 G street, N. W	68
our, Edward W	Litchfield, Conn	Arlington Hotel	13
Aaron	Olney, Ill	National Hotel	21
, Benjamin F	South Bend, Ind	210 North Capitol street	26
on, Otho R	Forest, Miss	1307 F street, N. W	48
r, Charles R	Watertown, N. Y	1213 H street, N. W	62
r, Thomas Gregory	Hertford, N. C	1223 H street, N. W	65
um, Henry W	Brooklyn, N. Y	817 Fifteenth street, N. W	57
Robert	Beaufort, S. C	1433 L street, N. W	83
A. Herr	Lancaster, Pa	Willard's Hotel	75
, Hiram Y	Des Moines, Iowa	716 Thirteenth street, N. W	28
r, Charles P	Charleston, W. Va	National Hotel	94
er, Henry J	Providence, R. I	Arlington Hotel	80
ggs, J. T	Utica, N. Y	1224 Seventeenth st., N. W	62
nger, William M	Springfield, Ill	National Hotel	21
le, George W	Marion, Ind	Riggs House	25
tephenson, Isaac	Marinette, Wis	1325 F street, N. W	97
ens, Robert S	Attica, N. Y	The Portland	63
rt, Charles	Houston, Tex	1114 G street, N. W	87
rt, John W	Middlebury, Vt	The Arlington	90
slager, Strother M	Corydon, Ind	816 Fifteenth street, N. W	23
me, Eben F	Newburyport, Mass	1321 N street, N. W	40
John B	Stroudsburg, Pa	National Hotel	75
, Horace B	Shakopee, Minn	305 C street, N. W	46
, Isaac S	Le Mars, Iowa	1312 G street	28
mner, Charles A	San Francisco, Cal	206 A street, S. E	9
r, Daniel H	Waukesha, Wis	1005 G street, N. W	95
e, John A	Gettysburg, Pa	Willard's Hotel	77
tt, J. Frederick C	Towson, Md	306 C street, N. W	37
r, Ezra B	Warren, Ohio	Hamilton House	71
ior, John M	Lexington, Tenn	Metropolitan Hotel	85
r, Joseph D	Cambridge, Ohio	933 G street, N. W	71

Name.	Post-office.	City address.	Page.
*‖ Thomas, John R	Metropolis, Ill	1342 Vermont ave, N. W	22
Thompson, Philip B., jr	Harrodsburg, Ky	1013 E street, N. W	32
Throckmorton, James W	McKinney, Tex	525 Sixth street, N. W	88
Tillman, George D	Clark's Hill, S. C	412 Sixth street	81
*Townshend, Richard W	Shawneetown, Ill	221 4½ street, N. W	22
*§ Tucker, John Randolph	Lexington, Va	McPherson House	92
§ Tully, Pleasant B	Gilroy, Cal	National Hotel	11
Turner, Henry G	Quitman, Ga	523 Thirteenth st., N. W	16
*§ Turner, Oscar	Woodlands, Oscar P.O., Ky	Willard's Hotel	31
*Valentine, Edward K	West Point, Nebr	National Hotel	53
Van Alstyne, Thomas J	Albany, N. Y	3 B street, N. W	61
*§ ‖ Vance, Robert B	Asheville, N. C	230 First street, N. E	67
*Van Eaton, Henry S	Woodville, Miss	917 Sixteenth street, N. W.	48
*Wadsworth, James W	Genesee, N. Y	821 Fifteenth street, N. W	63
Wait, John T	Norwich, Conn	Hamilton House	12
Wakefield, James B	Blue Earth City, Minn	704 Fourteenth st., N. W	45
Wallace, Jonathan H	New Lisbon, Ohio	Ebbitt House	71
Ward, Thomas B	La Fayette, Ind	7 Grant Place	24
Warner, A. J	Marietta, Ohio	18 Grant Place	70
Warner, Richard	Lewisburg, Tenn	410 Sixth street, N. W	85
*Washburn, William D	Minneapolis, Minn	Arlington Hotel	46
Weaver, Archibald J	Falls City, Nebr	304 Indiana avenue	52
*Wellborn, Olin	Dallas, Tex	1706 L street, N. W	88
Weller, L. H	Nashua, Iowa	230 First street, N. E	27
*§ Wemple, Edward	Fultonville, N. Y	1408 N street, N. W	61
*‖ White, John D	Manchester, Ky	1014 Seventeenth st., N. W.	33
White, Milo	Chatfield, Minn	National Hotel	45
*Whiting, William	Holyoke, Mass	Riggs House	42
*Wilkins, Beriah	Urichsville, Ohio	Welcker's Hotel	71
Williams, Thomas	Wetumpka, Ala	Metropolitan Hotel	6
*Willis, Albert S	Louisville, Ky	Metropolitan Hotel	32
Wilson, James	Traer, Iowa	National Hotel	27
Wilson, William L	Charlestown, W. Va	1008 N street, N. W	94
Winans, Edwin B	Hamburg, Mich	52 B street, N. E	43
*§ ‖ Winans, John	Janesville, Wis	1408 H street	95
Wise, George D	Richmond, Va	1327 G street, N. W	91
*Wise, John S	Richmond, Va	Arlington Hotel	91
Wolford, Frank L	Columbia, Ky	915 G street	33
Wood, Thomas J	Crown Point, Ind	310 Indiana avenue	25
Woodward, Gilbert M	La Crosse, Wis	513 Thirteenth street, N.W.	96
Worthington, Nicholas E	Peoria, Ill	National Hotel	20
Yaple, George L	Mendon, Mich	52 B street, N. E	43
York, Tyre	Trap Hill, N. C	National Hotel	66
Young, Casey	Memphis, Tenn	606 Thirteenth street, N. W	86

DELEGATES.

Name.	Post-office.	City address.	Page.
*Brents, Thos. H	Walla Walla, Wash	911 G street, N. W	99
*§ Caine, John T	Salt Lake City, Utah	715 Twelfth street, N. W	98
Manzanares, F. A	Las Vegas, N. Mex	Welcker's Hotel	98
*Maginnis, Martin	Helena, Mont	Willard's Hotel	98
*§ Oury, Granville H	Florence, Ariz	1007 G street, N. W	97
*Post, Morton E	Cheyenne, Wyo	Riggs House	99
*Raymond, John B	Fargo, Dak	1322 L street, N. W	97
*‖ Singiser, Theodore F	Boise City, Idaho	National Hotel	98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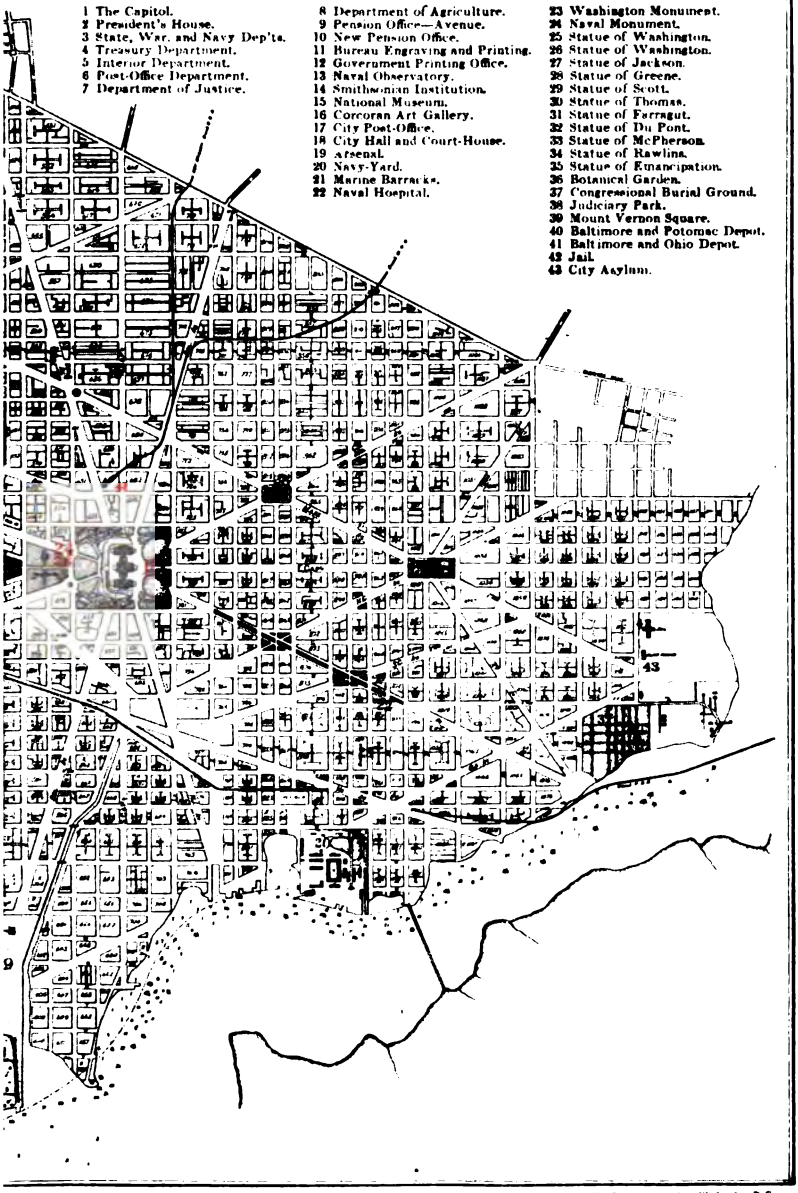
MAP
OF THE
CITY OF WASHINGTON
1883

REFERENCES.

1 The Capitol.
2 President's House.
3 State, War, and Navy Dep'ts.
4 Treasury Department.
5 Interior Department.
6 Post-Office Department.
7 Department of Justice.
8 Department of Agriculture.
9 Pension Office—Avenue.
10 New Pension Office.
11 Bureau Engraving and Printing.
12 Government Printing Office.
13 Naval Observatory.
14 Smithsonian Institution.
15 National Museum.
16 Corcoran Art Gallery.
17 City Post-Office.
18 City Hall and Court-House.
19 Arsenal.
20 Navy-Yard.
21 Marine Barracks.
22 Naval Hospital.
23 Washington Monument.
24 Naval Monument.
25 Statue of Washington.
26 Statue of Washington.
27 Statue of Jackson.
28 Statue of Greene.
29 Statue of Scott.
30 Statue of Thomas.
31 Statue of Farragut.
32 Statue of Du Pont.
33 Statue of McPherson.
34 Statue of Rawlins.
35 Statue of Emancipation.
36 Botanical Garden.
37 Congressional Burial Ground.
38 Judiciary Park.
39 Mount Vernon Square.
40 Baltimore and Potomac Depot.
41 Baltimore and Ohio Depot.
42 Jail.
43 City Asylum.



N. PETERS, Photo-Lithographer, Washington, D.C.

48TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 15.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

DECEMBER 15, 1884.—Ordered to lie on the table and be printed.

Mr. MORRILL submitted the following

RESOLUTION:

Whereas the Legislature is the department of Government by which commerce should be regulated and laws of revenue passed, the Constitution in terms communicates the power to regulate commerce and to impose duties to that department. It communicates it in terms to no other. The representatives of the people, sitting in their legislative capacity, with open doors, under the eye of the country, communicating freely with their constituents, may exercise this power more intelligently, more discreetly, may acquire more accurate and more minute information concerning the employment and interests on which this description of measures will press, and may better discern what true policy prescribes or rejects, than is within the competence of the executive department of the Government: Therefore,

Resolved, That so-called reciprocity treaties, having no possible basis of reciprocity with nations of inferior population and wealth, involving the surrender of enormously unequal sums of revenue, involving the surrender of immensely larger volumes of home trade than are offered to us in return, and involving constitutional questions of the gravest character, are untimely, and should everywhere be regarded with disfavor.

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48TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 16.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

DECEMBER 16, 1884.—Ordered to be printed.

Mr. HOAR submitted the following

RESOLUTION:

Resolved, That when the Calender of Bills and Resolutions is next taken up for consideration under Rule 8, measures from the House of Representatives shall first be considered in their order subject to said rule.

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48TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 17.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

DECEMBER 16, 1884.—Referred to the Committee on the District of Columbia and ordered to be printed.

Mr. MORGAN submitted the following

RESOLUTION:

Resolved by the Senate, That the Secretary of War be directed to inform the Senate whether, in the construction of the new reservoir in the District of Columbia, under the act approved July 15, 1882, any serious natural difficulties have been encountered not contemplated or adequately provided for in the plans for said work as approved; also, whether any changes or modifications in or of the said plans have been made at any time during the progress of said construction; and if so, on whose recommendation and for what causes were such changes or modifications made?

2. That the Secretary of War be directed to furnish, at the earliest practicable date, for the use and information of the Senate, a topographical map of said reservoir, embracing as much of the contiguous terrain as may be rendered liable to the process of filtration through permeable strata by the establishment of a water-head such as is contemplated by the existing plans; the map to embody shadings and indices showing the location, area, and soundings of the several deposits of decayed vegetable matter, ooze, or quicksand known to exist within the flow-limits of the reservoir; and also a report of chemical analyses of specimens of soil taken from each of said deposits; and also a report from the Chief of Engineers U. S. A. stating whether the existing plans for constructing the reservoir afford adequate expedients to deal with the said natural difficulties, and if not, what modifications of the said plans are required to guarantee purity in the water to be supplied from the reservoir when completed and security from leakage by filtration through permeable strata in the contiguous earth.

3. That the Secretary of War also send to the Senate an estimate of the cost of making any changes in the plan of constructing the reservoir that may be needed to make it more secure and to give greater purity to the water-supply.

O

48TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 18.

MEMORIAL

OF

J. A. DONALDSON, OF MICHIGAN,

RELATIVE TO

The pre-emption and timber-culture laws.

DECEMBER 16, 1884.—Referred to the Committee on Public Lands and ordered to be printed.

SAINT JOSEPH, MICH., *December* 11, 1884.

SIR: The pre-emption and timber culture acts having been repealed by the House of Representatives since my communication to you last winter, I beg leave to address you once more upon the subject, taking a more general view. It appears to me that the friends of the bill do not take a practical view of the question.

One hundred and sixty acres of land as near the Atlantic coast as the State of Illinois would, perhaps, be a liberal allowance to the settler, but in a country from 500 to 800 miles farther west the condition of the farmer would be very different. The greater cost of transportation makes a great difference in the value of the products of the farm between these points. At this moment there must be an average difference in value of $300 on 100 acres of wheat between the most distant settlements west and the country bordering on the Mississippi River. This difference must continue as long as the present rates of transportation continue. To enable the wheat-grower of the frontier to derive as much income from the business as the farmer of Illinois or Iowa, he must—other conditions being equal—cultivate more acres, when prices are high enough for the business to afford him any profit. But other conditions are not equal.* The prairie country now being settled is very deficient in rainfall. It has only about half of the spring and summer rainfall of the Mississippi River country. If we except the extreme northern part of the public lands, within easy reach of Lake Superior, where the winter frosts penetrate so deeply that it lasts to almost midsummer, compensating to some extent for the lack of rainfall by holding moisture through part of the growing season, the growing of wheat will probably not be extensively engaged in, except when prices are high.

On account of the heavy transportation tax, the frontier farmer will be obliged to concentrate as much value in as little weight as possible; and stock-growing will undoubtedly become his chief business. A deficiency of rainfall will make it necessary to have a greater area of grass land to sustain his stock.

Taking into consideration these disadvantages—to which may be added the greater cost of farm implements, lumber, fuel, and family

* See map 26, vol. 1, Population, Census 1880.

supplies—I believe that 320 acres is the least that the settler should be restricted to. It would be much better to allow him to have more than he needs, than less.

The social and educational advantages of being thickly settled must be admitted, but the individual must prosper or the community cannot carry on public enterprises satisfactorily. It is true that, in course of time, this question will settle itself. When experience demonstrates that the farmer has too small an amount of land to satisfy his ambition the result will be a thinning out of the population and an increase in the size of the farms. Would it not be better for the Government to save the emigrant this trouble, expense, and disappointment by giving or selling him that amount of land which experience, in the settlements near the public lands, proves to be necessary for the farmer's prosperity.

In regard to timber culture, the objection has been urged that parties could hold them long enough to speculate on without improvement. If people were allowed to enter timber claims only after entering a homestead, and were restricted to 80 acres or less, this objection, in my opinion, would to a great degree be obviated. It has been my experience that enterprising settlers do not care to part with their timber claims when holding other claims, unless they sell all.

Very respectfully,

J. A. DONALDSON.

Hon. O. D. CONGER, *United States Senate,*
Washington, D. C.

48TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. } SENATE. { MIS. DOC. No. 19.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

DECEMBER 18, 1884.—Ordered to be printed.

MEMORIAL

OF

ARNOLD A. RAND AND ALBERT ORDWAY

RELATIVE TO

A collection of photographic negatives illustrating the war of the rebellion.

To the honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the United States:

The undersigned, Arnold A. Rand and Albert Ordway, respectfully represent:

That we are the owners of a collection of about four thousand photographic negatives, taken during the war of the rebellion, illustrating the campaigns, sieges, battle-fields, fortifications, camps, regiments, and incidents of the war.

The Government some years ago purchased what is generally known as the "Brady collection" of photographic negatives.

These two collections, now owned respectively by the Government and ourselves, embrace not only all that is now in existence, but all the negatives that were taken during the war, with the exception of a few duplicate stereoscopic views that were taken by Brady, and the few negatives that may have been taken by itinerant photographers.

The collection owned by the Government is made up principally of views that were taken during the first year of the war in the vicinity of Washington, and during the last year of the war in and about Petersburg and Richmond, together with a small series of views taken in and about Chattanooga and Atlanta, and a large number of portraits. The value of the collection is considerably diminished by the fact that, the original catalogue being lost, a very large number of the views and portraits are unknown.

Our collection is not only very much larger than that of the Government, but contains much more valuable material and is in perfect condition in every respect. Included in our collection are over two thousand negatives that were taken by the late Alexander Gardner while he was attached to the headquarters of the Army of the Potomac, which illustrate all the active campaigns of that army, and cover the whole period lacking in the "Brady collection." The balance of the collection covers fields of operations of which no other illustrations are in existence, and includes about one thousand portraits of distinguished officers.

It is apparent that the Government's collection and our own are each incomplete, the one without the other, while together they would make a collection not only of great interest but also of unique and inestimable historical value.

Believing that our collection, as a part of the records of the war of the rebellion, is of too great value to remain in private hands, with the liability of being scattered or lost in future years, we deem it proper to call your attention to its existence and to offer it to the Government on such terms as may be mutually agreed upon.

If the Government should find it desirable to avail itself of our offer we would also undertake to restore the value of its present collection by identifying and labeling it, as we are probably the only persons who can do it, so that the consolidated collection might be made immediately available, or put in proper shape for preservation in the archives of the Government for future use.

We append a catalogue of our collection.

ARNOLD A. RAND.
ALBERT ORDWAY.

WASHINGTON, D. C., *December* 10, 1884.

E OF PHOTOGRAPHIC NEGATIVES OF BATTLE-FIELDS, ?ORTIFICATIONS, CAMPS, REGIMENTS, INCIDENTS, IN-LS, ETC., TAKEN DURING THE WAR OF THE REBELL-

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prefix "1" to the number of the negative indicates a large plate, gener-es.
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In April, 1865.

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Note.—Many of these portraits being taken in early part of the war are catalogued with much lower rank than officers subsequently attained and are generally known by.

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Marvin, Major, s. 1919.
Mastin, Maj. W. J., s. 1970.
Mather, Col. Thomas A., s. 3742.
Mathon, Maj. I. C., s. 1522.
Matt, Maj. T. P., s. 1726.
Maxwell, Lieut. Col. W. C., s. 1365.
May, Maj. J. M., 1819.
Meade, General George G., s. 1467.
Meade, General George G., and staff, l. 98, l. 99, l. 330, l. 367, l. 518.
Meagher, General T. F., s. 1638.
Mecher, General, s. 2008.
Meigs, Capt. M. C., s. 1333.
Meredith, Col. S., s. 2182.
Merrill, Lieut. Col. Charles B., s. 1360.
Merritt, General Wesley, s. 1830, s. 1865.
Merrow, Maj. J. M., s. 3846.
Miles, Colonel, s. 2241.
Miles, General Nelson A., s. 1879, s. 2044.
Milroy, General Robert H., s. 2225.
Mitchell, General, s. 2207.
Mitchell, General R. B., s. 1680.
Mix, Colonel, s. 2120.
Monford, Col. W. E., s. 1433.
Monroe, Col. H. H., s. 1505.
Moore, Lieutenant-Colonel, s. 1358.
Morehead, Col. T. G., One hundred and sixth Pennsylvania, s. 586.
Morell, General G. W., s. 1516.
Morford, Capt. W. E., s. 1821.
Morgan, Major, s. 3834.
Morris, Colonel, s. 1596.
Morris, General, s. 3769.
Morris, General, s. 2212.
Morrison, Sergt. J. J., s. 1486.
Morrison, Colonel, s. 1896.
Morrell, Maj. John A. S., s. 3839.
Morrow, Col. Henry A., s. 1853.
Morrow, General, s. 2037.
Morse, Major, s. 2157.
Morton, Lieut. Col. Lloyd, s. 1357.
Moses, Lieutenant-Colonel, s. 1798.
Mott, Captain, s. 2100.
Mott, General, s. 2172.
Mulford, General John E., s. 2110, s. 3374.
Mulick, Lieutenant-Colonel, s. 1840.
Mulligan, Colonel, s. 2087.
Munday, Maj. C., s. 1524.
Munesly, Maj. C. H., s. 1946.
Murphy, Col. M., s. 1679.
Murphy, Col. J. McLeod, s. 1614.
Negar, Lieutenant-Colonel, s. 1805.
Negley, General, s. 2223.
Nelson, General William, s. 2063.
Newby, Major, s. 1531.
Newton, General John, s. 1557.
Nichols, Captain, s. 1701.
Nichols, Maj. G. F., s. 1397.
Nichols, Maj. George S., s. 1942.
Nichols, Maj. H. H., s. 1618.
Norton, Lieutenant-Colonel, l. 200.
Norton, Lieut. Col. C. B., s. 1352.
Nugent, Col. Robert, Sixty-ninth New York Infantry, s. 3856.
Nugent, General Robert, and staff, l. 400.
O'Connor, Maj. E., s. 3863.
Oglesby, General R. J., s. 1755.
Olcott, Maj. E., s. 1410.
Oliphant, Lieut. Col. S. D., s. 3796.
Opdyke, General Emerson, s. 1965.
Ord, General E. O. C., s. 2084, s. 3384.
Ord, General E. O. C., and family, s. 2081.
Ord, Colonel, s. 3387.
Osterhaus, General Peter J., s. 1871.

ven, Lieut. Col. S. W., Third Pennsylvania Cavalry, s. 625.
ge, Captain, l. 90, l. 91, l. 274, l. 289.
mler, Captain, s. 2198.
lmer, General I. N., s. 1823.
ngborn, Lieut. Col. L. K., s. 1697.
rke, General J. G., s. 1403.
rmalee, Adjt. L. C., s. 1825.
rsons, Lieut. Col. J. B., s. 1341.
than, Lieut. Col. Charles, s. 1342.
trick, General M. R., l. 1, s. 1693.
trick, General M. R., and staff, l. 75, l. 238, l. 588.
ttens, Lieut. Col. A. G., s. 1750.
tten, William, s. 1668.
ard, Col. A. C., s. 1717.
ase, Assistant Surgeon, s. 2205.
ck, General, s. 1954.
ck, General, and staff, s. 1907.
ndergrast, Captain, s. 1492.
nrose, General W. H., s. 2050.
rkins, Maj. S., s. 1436.
rley, Col. T. F., s. 2163.
rry, Col. J. H., s. 1778.
rry, General A. S., s. 3721.
ttus, Lieutenant-Colonel, s. 2145.
erce, General, and staff, l. 365.
aisted, Lieut. Col. H. M., s. 3722.
asonton, General Alfred, l. 317, s. 342, s. 2215.
asonton, General Alfred, and staff, l. 69, l. 369, l. 603.
, General O. M., s. 1953.
llock, Lieut. A., s. 2200.
re, Maj. Benjamin Perley, s. 1426.
pe, General John, s. 2136.
tter, Col. Burr, s. 3754.
tter, General Andrew, s. 3825.
tter, General Fitz-John, s. 2062.
t, Col. H. A. V., s. 3731.
tter, Surgeon, Fiftieth New York Volunteers, s. 3852.
tter, Major, s. 2193.
tter, General, s. 1729.
well, Lieut. Col. J. H., s. 1343.
att, Colonel, s. 1719.
att, Col. George, s. 1843.
entice, General, s. 2173.
eston, Lieutenant, s. 3836.
eston, Surg. A. W., s. 3854.
eston, Col. A. W., s. 1752.
ice, Captain, s. 1533.
ice, Col. E. L., s. 1388.
ice, Col. F., s. 1751.
ide, Colonel, s. 2260.
es, Surgeon, s. 3840.
nce, General Henry, s. 2222.
nce, General Henry, and staff, l. 331, s. 281.
ne, Lieutenant, s. 2199.
leston, Lieut. Col. J. H., s. 1957.
lman, Captain, s. 1705.
inn, Chaplain, s. 1780.
irk, Surg. L., s. 3838.
msay, Col. George D., s. 1331.
ndall, Capt. A. W., s. 1660.
ndall, Col. F. V., s. 1445.
Ransom, General, s. 1581.
Rathborn, Sergt. Maj. H. C., s. 1472.
Rawe, Major, s. 1847.
Rawlins, General John A., s. 1758.
Rawlins, General John A., wife, and child, s. 3616.
Repetti, Lieutenant-Colonel, s. 1544.
Revere, Colonel, s. 1718.
Richardson, Lieut. Col. R. H., s. 3724.
Richardson, Col. W. P., s. 1510.
Richardson, General, s. 3766.
Richmond, Lieut. Col. C. P., s. 1485.
Richmond, Lieut. Col. Lewis, s. 1351.
Richmond, Colonel, s. 1549.
Ricketts, General James B., s. 3714.
Rickell, Col. J., s. 1971.
Ricker, Colonel, s. 2129.
Rile, Lieut. R. P., s. 1689.
Riley, Captain, s. 2197.
Riley, Col. E. J., s. 1898.
Ripley, General, s. 1988.
Roberts, Col. C. H., s. 3791.
Roberts, Col. Charles W., s. 3758.
Roberts, Col. F. A., s 3761.
Roberts, General Benjamin S., s. 2083.
Robinson, Adjutant H. F., s. 1832.
Robinson, Surgeon J. W., s. 1434.
Robinson, Col. J. S., s. 3756.
Robinson, General H. S., s. 2082.
Robinson, General John C., s. 1465.
Robinson, General, s. 1529.
Rogers, Surgeon James, s. 3784.
Rogers, Lieut. Col. L. D., s. 1441.
Rosecrans, General W. S., s. 2001.
Rougham, Surgeon, s. 3855.
Rousseau, General L. H., s 2025.
Rowley, Colonel, s. 3792.
Runkle, Col. Benjamin P., s. 1762.
Runyon, Maj. N. M., s. 1984.
Runyon, General Theodore, s. 1887.
Rush, Surgeon D. E., s. 2244.
Russell, General, s. 1746.
Ruzer, Col. F. H., s. 1673.
Ryder, Sergt. S. Oscar, s. 1488.
Ryerson, Colonel, s. 2238.
Sabine, Maj. J. A., s. 1435.
Sackett, Col. D. B., s. 1387, s. 1670.
Sackett, Lieut. Col. William, s. 1363.
St. Clair, Col. William, s. 1540.
Salm Salm, Col. Felix, s. 3785.
Sanderson, Lieutenant-Colonel, s. 1515.
Sanford, General N. Y. S. M., s. 1319.
Sanford, General, and staff, s. 1503.
Satterlee, General Richard S., s. 1925.
Satterlee, Surgeon, s. 3864.
Savage, Major, s. 2007.
Saxton, General Rufus, s. 3715.
Sayres, Surgeon, s. 1532.
Scheffer, Captain, s. 2085.
Schenck, General R. C., s. 2000.
Schoff, Maj. Leopold, s. 1473.
Schofer, Captain, s. 2196.
Schwarts, Captain (the sharpshooter), s. 2423.
Schwenk, Lieut. Col. S. K., 50th Pa., l. 668.
Scofield, General J. M., s. 1944.

Scott, General Robert K., s. 2032.
Scott, General Winfield, s. 1313.
Scott, General Winfield, and staff, s. 2094.
Scully, Chaplain Rev. Father T., s. 2192.
Sedgwick, General John, s. 2177.
Selfridge, Lieutenant-Colonel, s. 1461.
Sellers, Captain, l. 658.
Sewall, Col. T. D., s. 3753.
Sewell, Colonel, s. 1772.
Sewell, Col. W., s. 1474.
Shaler, General Alexander, s. 1667.
Shank, General, s. 1399.
Sharp, Col. Jacob, s. 3730.
Shaw, Maj. W. M., s. 2188.
Shepley, General George F., s. 2236.
Sherley, Capt. Z. M., 1574.
Sherman, General T. W., s. 1626.
Sherman, General W. T., s. 2002, s. 2017.
Sherman, General, and his generals, s. 1999.
Shields, Lieut. Col. J. S., s. 1869.
Shields, General James, s. 2069.
Shreve, Maj. J. E., s. 1440.
Shriver, Lieut. Col. R. O., s. 1346.
Shumway, Capt. E., s. 1590.
Sickles, General Daniel E., s. 1702.
Sickles, General D. E., and staff, s. 1754.
Sigel, General Franz, s. 1512.
Simmond, Surgeon M. E., s. 1442.
Simpson, Surgeon George O., s. 3805.
Simpson, Major, s. 1993.
Sleeper, Capt. J. H., 10th Mass. Battery, l. 85, l. 86, l. 583.
Slemmer, Major, s. 1536.
Slocum, General H. W., s. 1876.
Slough, General John B., s. 2226.
Smalley, Col. H. A., s. 3729.
Smith, Lieutenant, l. 606.
Smith, Lieut. J. B., s. 1822.
Smith, Maj. M. W., s. 2190.
Smith, Lieut. Col. C. F., s. 1369.
Smith, Lieut. Col. T. C. H., s. 1347.
Smith, General, s. 2160.
Smith, General, s. 1783.
Smith, Maj. Gen. G. W., s. 2098.
Smith, General Thomas Kilby, s. 1870.
Smith, General W. F., s. 2243.
Sneider, Lieut. Col. S. W., s. 1455.
Snodgrass, Major, s. 3800.
Spaight, Capt. William A., s. 1572.
Spaulding, Maj. E., s. 1396.
Spofford, Lieut. Col. J. P., s. 1348.
Sprague, General J. W., s. 1934.
Stafford, Lieut. Col. S. H., s. 2144.
Stahl, Lieutenant-Colonel, s. 1564.
Stakes, Colonel, s. 1443.
Starkweather, General J. C., s. 1682.
Starr, Col. F. H., s. 2140.
Starring, Col. F. A., s. 1577.
Stebbins, Maj. E. N., s. 3822.
Steedman, General, s. 2024.
Sterling, Lieut. C. R., s. 1803.
Stevens, Col. W. O., s. 1506, s. 1845.
Stevens, General I. I., s. 1183, s. 164.
Stevens, General I. I., and staff, s. 163.
Stewart, Colonel, s. 2143.
Stewart, Colonel, s. 1846.
Stiles, Col. J. W., s. 1499.
Stone, General, s. 1380.
Stoneman, General George, s. 437, s. 1562, s. 3815.
Stoneman, General George, and staff, s. 436 s. 438, s. 445, s. 696.
Storm, General, N. Y. S. M., s. 1322.
Stoughton, Lieut. Col. H. R., s. 1620.
Stoughton, Col. Edwin H., s. 2139.
Streight, Col. A. D., s. 1760.
Strong, Major, s. 2210.
Strong, General, s. 1480.
Strother, Colonel, s. 3723.
Stryker, Maj. W. S., s. 1631.
Sturgis, General S. D., s. 3842.
Sullivan, Colonel, s. 3744.
Sullivan, Col. T., s. 1810.
Sully, Chaplain Father Thomas, s. 1990.
Sumner, General E. V., l. 203, s. 2227, s. 2345.
Sumner, General E. V., and staff, l. 211.
Sutton, Chaplain A. F., s. 2189.
Swaine, Col. J. B., s. 1401, s. 3752.
Sweeney, General Thomas W., s. 2127.
Sweet, Lieut. B. J., s. 1733.
Sweitzer, Lieutenant-Colonel, s. 1721.
Sykes, Gen. George, s. 1417.
Talley, Col. William C., s. 1539.
Tapley, Col. R. P., s. 1422.
Tappan, Lieut. Col. S. F., s. 1858.
Tarraine, Col. J. Egbert, s. 1385.
Taylor, Col. George W., s. 1828.
Taylor, Col. Nelson, s. 1806.
Telford, Col. W. H., Fiftieth Pennsylvania, l. 281.
Tennelle, Maj. Louis, s. 1528.
Terry, Maj. C. L., s. 1981.
Thomas, Capt. D. K., l. 693.
Thomas, Colonel, s. 1330.
Thomas, General, s. 1563, s. 2022.
Thorn, Lieut. Col. L., s. 2147.
Thorp, Colonel, s. 2245.
Tilton, Maj. W. S., s. 1785.
Titus, Lieut. Col. H. B., s. 1345.
Todd, Captain, s. 1336.
Todd, Maj. J. G., s. 1941.
Tompkins, Colonel, s. 1402.
Torbert, Col. A. T. A., s. 1904.
Torbert, General A. T. A., s. 1424.
Totten, General, s. 1554.
Townsend, Lieut. Col. Charles, s. 1659.
Townsend, Col. E. D., s. 3765.
Townsend, General E. D., s. 1860.
Townsend, General, s. 2213.
Tracy, Col. B. F., s. 1507.
Trobridge, Maj. S. S., s. 1394.
Tucker, Lieut. Col. J. M., s. 2131.
Tuthill, Assistant Surgeon, s. 1584.
Tuttle, Major, s. 1802.
Tyler, General, s. 1629.
Tyler, General E. B., s. 1437.
Tyler, General R. O., s. 1383.
Tyler, General R. O., and staff, l. 377, l. 504.
Ullman, General Daniel, s. 1530.
Underwood, General A. B., s. 2045.
Upham, Maj. Charles L., s. 1411.
Vallee, Lieutenant-Colonel, s. 2146.
Van Allen, Colonel, s. 2122.

Lieutenant, s. 2250.
tenant, l. 150, l. 385.
Maj. Solomon, s. 3831.
er, Major, s. 1935.
ıisa, Major, s. 1786.
Lieutenant, s. 2251.
Capt. W. W., s. 1924.
ılaer, Colonel, s. 3803.
General Stewart, s. 2206.
l, Adjt. Carl, s. 1836.
l. G., s. 3802.
. W , s. 1850.
ral E. L., s. 1675.
lstein, Major, s. 1882.
ehr, Col. Adolph, s. 2128.
ehr, General Adolph, s. 1415.
)lonel, s. 1829.
ı, General James S., s. 2064.
eneral, s. 1928.
eneral C. C., and staff, l. 2.
eneral, s. 2211.
J. H., s. 1878.
ıtenant-Colonel, s. 1661.
eral J. H. Hobart, s. 1593.
neral, s. 1757.
Col. Charles, s. 1849.
ı, Col. Peter G., s. 1739.
aj. A. B., s. 1931.
t. Col. William, s. 1339.
. Moses F., s. 2191.
eral, s. 1933.
ol. Fletcher, s. 2185.
. E. M., s. 1771.
ıtenant, s. 2261.
ıtenant-Colonel, s. 1537.
neral Godfrey, s. 2030.
Maj. A. J., s. 1804.
ıt. Col. G. D., s. 1364.
R. W., s. 2152.
Lieut. Col. C. D., s. 1354.
ıaplain J. H., s. 1674.
)tain, s. 2248.
utenant-Colonel, s. 2214.
ut. Col. A., s. 1338.
ıeral Julius, s. 2221.
ıeral Julius, and staff, l. 562.
ıeral Daniel, and staff, l. 845.
Iajor, s. 1416.
General, s. 2040.
, Major, s. 1945.
Lieut. J. J., s. 1666.
lonel, s. 1409.
neral, s. 2153.
neral O. B., and staff, l. 67, l. 527, s. 2440.
j. William M., s. 3837.
olonel, s. 1722.
Lieut. Col. S. S., s. 1742.
)lonel, s. 1525.
l. J. H., s. 1833.
Col. D. A., s. 1795.
Col. S. J., s. 1478.
General A. S., s. 2179.
ı, Captain, s. 2252.
ajor, s. 1452.
Lieutenant, l. 344.
lonel, s. 1868.
Wilson, Col. James G., s. 1815.
Wilson, Col. William, s. 1382.
Wilson, General, s. 1966.
Wilson, Gen. James H., s. 2074.
Winchester, Quartermaster, s. 1594.
Winslow, Chaplain, s. 1592.
Winslow, Captain, s. 1788.
Winslow, Major, s. 2257.
Winthrop, General Frederick, s. 1927.
Wisewell, Col. W. N., s. 3747.
Wolsey, Lieutenant, l. 103.
Wood, Captain, s. 1695.
Wood, Maj. W. H. s. 3830.
Wood, Colonel, s. 2133.
Woodbury, Chaplain, s. 1639.
Woodbury, Col. D. A., s. 3786.
Woodruff, Colonel. s. 2249.
Woodwood, Lieutenant-Colonel, s. 1405.
Wool, General John E., s. 1318.
Worth, General, s. 1316.
Worthington, Maj. W. H., s. 3841.
Wright, Colonel, s. 3799.
Wright. Col. D. R., s. 3750.
Wright, General H. G., s. 1781.
Wyndham, Colonel, s. 1905.
Wyndham, Col. P., s. 3762.
Wynkoop, Colonel, s. 1818.
York, Captain (Duryea's Zouaves), s. 1699.
Young, Lieutenant, s. 1615.
Zagony, Major, s. 3858.
Zetman, General Napoleon, s. 1801.
Zook, Maj. P. J., s. 1622.
Zook, Colonel, s. 1500.

XXII. PORTRAITS OF NAVY OFFICERS.

Bailey, Capt. Theodorus, s. 2231.
Bankhead, Commander John P., s. 2118.
Barrett, Lieut. Commander Edward, s. 3415.
Bell, Commodore David N., s. 2121.
Bennett, s. 2256.
Blodgett, Lieutenant, s. 2201.
Boggs, Capt. C. S., s. 3764.
Bruce, Commodore Henry, s. 1610.
Bullus, Capt. Oscar, s. 1632.
Campbell, Surgeon, s. 2204.
Collins, Commander N., s. 1930.
Conroy, Lieutenant, s. 1657.
Cushing, Lieut. W. B., s. 1864.
Dahlgren, Commodore John A., s. 1862.
Dahlgren, Admiral John A., s. 3416, s. 3417, s. 3418.
Dahlgren, Admiral John A., and staff, s. 3413.
Drayton, Capt. Percival, s. 1633.
Farragut, Admiral David G., s. 1561.
Faunce, s. 2134.
Foote, Capt. A. H., s. 1600.
Freeman, s. 2202.
Goldsborough, Capt. L. M., s. 2119.
Gregory, Master S. B., s. 2003.
Gregory, Admiral F. H., s. 1812.
Gwinn, Lieut. Commander John, s. 1408.

Haxtum, Lieut. Commander Milton, s. 2235.
Howard, s. 1603.
Hughes, Lieutenant, s. 2247.
Hull, Commodore J. B., s. 1636.
Isherwood, Engineer B. F., s. 1890.
Jeffers, Lieut. Commander W. N., s. 492.
Jones, Surg. S. J., s. 3860.
Kershner, Surg. Edward, s. 3810.
Livingston, Commodore John W., s. 2068.
Maury, Lieutenant, s. 1335.
Meade, Lieutenant, s. 1579.
Meade, Captain, s. 1656.
Montgomery, Commodore John B., s. 2078.
Morris, Lieut. George W., s. 1826.
Morris, Commodore H. W., s. 1328.
Nichols, s. 3857.
Palmer, Commodore J. S., s. 1571.
Parker, Lieutenant, s. 2240.
Paulding, Capt. Hiram, s. 1324.
Perry, Commodore, s. 1317.
Porter, Lieut. B. H., s. 1893.
Porter, Capt. W., s. 1940.
Porter, Captain, s. 1334.
Porter, Commodore, s. 2242.
Porter, Admiral D. D., and staff, l. 244, l. 227, l. 541.
Ringgold, Captain, s. 1407.
Rogers, Commander C. R. P., s. 1875.
Rogers, Commodore John, s. 1936.
Rowan, Commodore S. C., s. 1766.
Salstonstall, Lieutenant, s. 2259.
Schoonmaker, Lieutenant, s. 3415.
Shubrick, Capt. W. B., s. 1598.
Smith, Admiral, s. 2176.
Stewart, Commodore, s. 1332.
Storer, Admiral George W., s. 1774.
Stringham, Capt. S. H., s. 1768.
Trenchard, Lieutenant, s. 3865.
Walke, Capt. Henry, s. 1576.
Ward, Captain, s. 2004.
Wheelwright, Surgeon, s. 2258.
Wilkes, Captain, s. 1371.
Wise, Capt. Henry A., s. 1844, s. 1991.
Wright, W. G., s. 1587.
Wyatt, s. 1550.
Wyman, Captain, s. 1994.

XXIII. PORTRAITS OF CONFEDERATE OFFICERS.

Anderson, General, s. 2073.
Beauregard, General G. T., s. 1685.
Breckenridge, General J. C., s. 1325.
Bridgford, Maj. D., s. 1967.
Buchanan, Com. Franklin, s. 1428.
Clingman, General T. L., s. 2151.
Cheatham, General B. F., s. 1975.
Deas, General Z. C., s. 1977.
Dumar, Col. J. B., s. 2070.
Finnegan, General Joseph, s. 2108.
Gilmer, Col. Harry, s. 1650.
Gordon, General John B., s. 1986, s. 2059.
Greenwall, S., s. 3726.
Henningsen, General, s. 2105.
Huger, General Benjamin, s. 1978.
Hursdal, Colonel, s. 2072.
Imboden, General J. D., s. 2142.
Jackson, General T. J., s. 2077.
Johnston, General J. E., s. 2109.
Lee, General, s. 1609.
Lee, General Robert E., s. 2015, s. 2088, s. 2089, s. 2090.
Longstreet, General James, s. 2014.
Lovell, General M., s. 2010.
Marmaduke, General John S., s. 1979.
Maury, General, s. 1608.
Meve, Col. S. H., s. 2071.
Mitchell, Colonel, s. 1980.
Ochiltree, Col. Thomas P., s. 1969, s. 2102.
Polk, General Leonidas, s. 1320.
Robertson, General Beverly, s. 1997, s. 2009.
Sibley, General H. H., s. 1976.
Smith, General, s. 1607.
Smith, General Kirby, s. 2013.
Stokes, Colonel, s. 1972, s. 1989, s. 2103.
Taylor, General Richard, s. 2113.
Wheeler, General Joseph, s. 1974.
Withers, General J. M., s. 2016.
Zollicoffer, General F. K., s. 2058.

XXIV. PORTRAITS OF EXECUTIVE OFFICERS OF UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.

Abraham Lincoln, President, s. 1312.
Hannibal Hamlin, Vice-President, s. 1429.
William H. Seward, Secretary of State, s. 1431.
Salmon P. Chase, Secretary of Treasury, s. 1747.
Simon Cameron, Secretary of War, s. 1599.
Edwin S. Stanton, Secretary of War, s. 2208.
Charles A. Dana, Assistant Secretary of War, s. 2430.
Gideon Welles, Secretary of Navy, s. 1175, s. 1375.
John P. Usher, Secretary of Interior, s. 1708.
Edward Bates, Attorney-General, s. 1741.
James Speed, Attorney-General, s. 2080.

XXV. PORTRAITS OF EXECUTIVE OFFICERS OF CONFEDERATE STATES GOVERNMENT.

Jefferson Davis, President, s. 1453.
Alexander H. Stephens, Vice-President, s. 1430.
R. M. T. Hunter, Secretary of State, s. 1740.
Stephen R. Mallory, Secretary of Navy, s. 1743.
John H. Reagan, Postmaster-General, s. 1996.

XXVI. GRAND REVIEW OF THE ARMY.

WASHINGTON, D. C., MAY 22 AND 23, 1865.

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48TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 20.

MEMORIAL

OF

ALPHEUS HARDY AND OTHERS, MERCHANTS OF BOSTON AND NEW YORK,

RELATING

To the distribution of the Geneva award.

DECEMBER 19, 1884.—Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary and ordered to be printed.

To the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled:

Your memorialists respectfully represent:

First. That during the war of the rebellion, they, in common with many others similarly engaged in business, paid large sums of money to insurance companies for insurance of vessels, cargoes, &c., against war risks, commonly known as war premiums, the aggregate of the premiums thus paid amounting probably to the sum of $17,000,000.

Second. The amount awarded by the Geneva tribunal, $15,500,000, was invested in a bond of the United States of like amount, at interest at the rate of 5 per centum per annum.

Third. Under the act approved June 23, 1874, judgments were rendered for losses on account of property destroyed by inculpated cruisers (to losses by which class of cruiser that act was limited) to the amount, principal and interest, of $9,315,753.19, which amount was paid from the proceeds of said bond.

Fourth. The residue of this bond was on the 30th of June, 1877, including accumulated interest (making a total of $9,703.904.89) and premiums on bonds sold ($385,100.07), covered into the Treasury, aggregating the sum of $10,089,004.96, which amount was, on the 30th day of June, 1877, available for such future disposition as Congress might see fit to make thereof thereafter.

Fifth. The act of June 5, 1882, provided for payment out of this fund of two classes of claims:

(A). Losses by acts of exculpated cruisers mainly.

(B). Premiums paid for insurance against war risks.

The first of the above-named consisted largely of cases in which the owners of property did not insure, and therefore contributed nothing directly or indirectly to the fund in question.

The second are cases where the parties did insure and thereby contributed to the balance of the fund. It is susceptible of demonstration that but for the payment of war premiums by your memorialists and those who stand in the same position, no fund would have remained

after the distribution provided by the said act of 1874. Yet notwithstanding the superior merit of this class of losers over the other, the latter were accorded priority of payment.

Sixth. At the time the act of 1882 was passed granting this priority, it was supposed that the fund would be sufficient to pay both classes, the losses by acts of exculpated cruisers being then estimated to be about $1,200,000; but the judgments already rendered by the present court show that this class of claims will amount in the aggregate to a much larger sum, and will not leave available for the "war premium" claimants an amount to exceed $5,830,000, exclusive of interest on the fund.

Seventh. It is now apparent from the records of the present court that these war-premium judgments will aggregate about the sum of $13,500,000, including interest. So that if no interest is allowed on the fund that was covered into the Treasury, then the most meritorious of these claimants will not be paid to exceed 50 per cent. of their judgments.

Eighth. It is also demonstrated by the records of the court that (although only about $13,500,000, including interest, will be adjudged) in fact over $17,000,000 were actually paid by merchants and ship-owners as war premiums in support of commerce in American ships.

Ninth. It was for the purpose of reimbursing them for this enormous tax upon their business that the act under which the court is now acting was passed.

By the act of 1874 it was contemplated that the balance, after satisfying judgments rendered under the act, should remain a fund out of which future distribution should be made, but instead of permitting the same to remain on interest as a separate fund, the bond was disposed of, and on the 30th of June, 1877, the amount was covered into the Treasury. The Government has had the benefit of the interest on it ever since, through the use of it in the redemption of its bonded debt.

In view of these facts your memorialists most respectfully pray for such legislation as will authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to allow interest on said fund from the date it was covered into the Treasury, and to that end present herewith a bill which they pray may be enacted into law.

ALPHEUS HARDY.
T. W. PEIRCE.
BAKER & MORRILL.
GIDDEN & WILLIAMS, in liquidation.
SAM'L STEVENS & CO.
D. G. & W. B. BACON, in liquidation.
G. B. BACON.
NICHOLAS REGGIO & CO., in liquidation.
S. ENDICOTT PEABODY, for self and others.
SILSBEE & RICKMAN.
YOUNG & EMMONS, in liquidation.
JOHN S. EMERY & CO.
EDW. D. PETERS & CO.
WM. C. CODMAN.
HOWEL & CROWELL.
GEO. C. LORD & CO.
NICKERSON & CO.
WM. H. GOODWIN, for self and J. G. WELD.
GEO. B. UPTON.
H. C. BROOKS.
NESMITH & SONS.
A. A. LOW & BROTHERS.
SNOW & BURGESS.
CROCKER, WOOD & CO.
BUCKLIN, CRANE & CO.
E. D. MORGAN & CO., in liquidation.
BROWN, BROTHERS & CO.
H. J. BAKER & BRO.

[H. R. 7608, Forty-eighth Congress, second session.]

Mr. STONE introduced the following bill:

A BILL relating to Alabama claims.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That for the purpose of ascertaining the amount of money to be applied to the payment of judgments of the Court of Commissioners of Alabama Claims, interest shall be computed on the balance of the Geneva award fund remaining in the Treasury on the thirty-first day March, Anno Domini eighteen hundred and seventy-seven, for future disposition, namely, nine million five hundred and eighty thousand five hundred and ninety-nine dollars, from that date to the date of the payment of the judgments of the second class rendered and to be rendered under the act approved June fifth, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, entitled "An act re-establishing the Court of Commissioners of Alabama Claims, and for the distribution of the unappropriated balance of the Geneva award," making the usual deductions in said calculations on account of payments that may have been from time to time made in satisfaction of judgments in cases of the first class since said date; and the amount, principal and interest, so ascertained, together with the sum of three hundred and eighty-five thousand one hundred dollars and seven cents, amount of premium received on account of sales of balance of bond, seven million one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, shall be applicable to the payment of the judgments of the second class rendered by said court under the provisions of the said act; and the said aggregate, after deducting the expenses of the court, shall be paid by the Secretary of the Treasury, out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, on account of said judgments of the second class, according to the provisions of the said act approved June fifth, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, applicable to said judgments.

O

48TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 21.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

JANUARY 8, 1885.—Ordered to be printed.

Mr. HAWLEY submitted the following

RESOLUTION:

Resolved, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, requested, if in his opinion it be not incompatible with the public interest, to communicate to the Senate a historical statement concerning the public policy of the executive department of the Confederate States during the late war of the rebellion, reported to have been lately filed in the War Department by General William T. Sherman.

O

48TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 22.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

JANUARY 12, 1885.—Referred to the Committee on Privileges and Elections and ordered to be printed.

Mr. HOAR submitted the following

RESOLUTION:

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That the two houses of Congress shall assemble in the Hall of the House of Representatives the 11th of February, 1885, at 12 o'clock, noon, pursuant to the requirement of the Constitution and laws relating to the election of President and Vice-President of the United States, and the President of the Senate shall be the presiding officer; that two persons be appointed tellers on the part of the Senate, and two on the part of the House of Representatives, to make a list of the votes as they shall be declared; that the result shall be delivered to the President of the Senate, who shall announce the state of the vote, and the persons elected, to the two houses assembled as aforesaid, which shall be deemed a declaration of the persons elected President and Vice-President of the United States; and, together with a list of the votes, be entered on the Journals of the two houses.

48TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 23.

LETTER

FROM

THE SECRETARY OF WAR

TO THE

ACTING CHAIRMAN OF THE COMMITTEE ON MILITARY AFFAIRS, UNITED STATES SENATE,

IN RELATION TO

The bill to prevent the discharge from the military service of the United States of graduates from the Military Academy.

JANUARY 17, 1885.—Ordered to be printed (to accompany bill S. 2492).

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington City, January 10, 1885.

SIR: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 7th instant, inclosing Senate bill 2492, and asking for any information in my possession touching the subject-matter of the bill, and also requesting my views as to the propriety of enacting the bill into a law.

The bill is undoubtedly framed to repeal section 3 of the act of Congress approved June 11, 1878. The description of that section in the proposed bill is incorrect, as the chapter, 181, in which it is found is not chapter 181 of the "Supplement to the Revised Statutes," but a chapter bearing that number in the volume of laws passed by the Forty-fifth Congress, being the act of June 11, 1878, and the bill should at least be amended in that particular.

My only objection to the bill is that it does not go far enough. My opinion is that both sections 2 and 3 of that act should be repealed, and also section 3 of the act approved June 18, 1878, and a new enactment made covering the subject matter of those sections, and I have the honor to inclose a draft of such a proposed law.

The actual bill under consideration repeals that provision of law which requires the discharge from the military service of all graduates of the Military Academy for whom there may not be available vacancies upon their graduation. An amendment, which I have the honor to submit herewith, affects the same purpose, and I have designed to accomplish certain other purposes which I will explain.

First. The change limiting the law to the Corps of Engineers and the line of the Army avoids a conflict with a law relating to the appointment of second lieutenants in the Signal Corps who are by law appointed from non-commissioned officers of the Signal Corps.

Second. The proposed change fixes a date—July 1 in each year—for the beginning of the reservation of vacancies into which any civilian appointment shall be made until the next graduating class at the Military Academy and the annual selection of meritorious non-commissioned officers are appointed, thus preventing any of that class of persons being excluded by appointments from civil life made in the year.

Third. The proposed change abolishes the provision of the act of June 11, 1878, requiring the discharge from the service of graduates of the Military Academy for whom no vacancies may be existing at the time of their graduation. It is possible that the provision of the act of June 11, 1878, requiring such discharge was enacted under a misapprehension of the facts and under a supposition that the number of graduates at the Military Academy exceeded the requirements of the service. This is not correct. Inclosed herewith is a table showing the number of vacancies in the Corps of Engineers and in the line of the Army, for filling which graduates of the Military Academy are available, which occurred in the ten years preceding July 1, 1884, and also a table of appointments to such places in the same period. From an inspection of this table it will be seen that the aggregate number of vacancies, not including those made by transfers, occurring in the ten years beginning July 1, 1874, was 702, or an annual average of 70. In the same time 502 graduates of the Military Academy were appointed, or an annual average of 50, so that the Military Academy graduates were in number five-sevenths of the young men required to fill the position of second lieutenant in the Corps of Engineers and the line of the Army. It may be observed that during a period of nearly four years no appointments from civil life into the grade of second lieutenant have been made except to fill vacancies occurring prior to July 1 in each year, and remaining after the appointment of graduates of the Military Academy, and of all non-commissioned officers who met the requirements of the law and the regulations. At the present time all vacancies which have occurred since June 30, 1884, are upon a list reserved for the next class to be graduated at the Military Academy. In short, the Department, under the direction of the President, has, during a period of nearly four years, rigidly adhered to an administrative system in dealing with the subject of civilian appointments, which it is recommended should be made obligatory by the proposed legislation. Under it the yearly list of vacancies reserved from July 1 in each year is filled by Military Academy graduates, non-commissioned officers, and civilian appointees in the order named. Such an order is thought to be best for the public interests, and to insure the fulfillment of all reasonable expectations entitled to consideration in that order.

As I have said, I regard the whole of the proposed changes in the legislation upon the subject as quite important. I think the acts of 1878 were framed with similar intentions, but by the omission of the fixing of any particular date at which vacancies should commence to be reserved, the act was left in an unsatisfactory condition. The repeal of the law requiring the discharge of the graduates of the Military Academy I regard as particularly important. Unless it is repealed, it is almost inevitable that a considerable number of the class which will be graduated in 1886 will have to be discharged from the service. The class to be graduated in 1885 numbers forty members. That to be graduated in June, 1886, numbers eighty-three members—a number larger than the average annual number of vacancies in the service. The subject was called to my attention by the superintendent of the Academy

in a communication of October 13, 1884, of which a pertinent extract is herewith inclosed.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

ROBERT T. LINCOLN,
Secretary of War.

Hon. J. D. CAMERON,
Acting Chairman Committee on Military Affairs,
United States Senate.

LEGISLATION PROPOSED BY THE SECRETARY OF WAR.

SECTION 1. That hereafter all vacancies in the grade of second lieutenant in the Corps of Engineers and in the regiments of the Army shall be filled by appointment from the graduates of the United States Military Academy so long as any such remain in service unassigned. Meritorious non-commissioned officers of the Army recommended on or before June 30, in each year, under the provisions of section 4 of the act of Congress approved June 18, 1878, and the general regulations made thereunder, shall be promoted into vacancies thereafter remaining, and any such vacancies remaining after such promotion of non commissioned officers and the appointment of graduates of the Military Academy as aforesaid, and which may have occurred on or prior to the last day of the month in which the Military Academy class may be graduated in each year, may be filled by appointment of persons in civil life, but appointments of persons in civil life to be second lieutenants of the Corps of Engineers or in any of the regiments of the Army shall, in time of peace, be made only into vacancies which occurred on or prior to the last day of the month in each year in which the last class at the Military Academy was graduated, and which have remained unfilled after the appointment of graduates of the Military Academy in service, unassigned, and the promotion of non-commissioned officers recommended according to law and regulations.

Sections 2 and 3 of the act of Congress approved June 11, 1878, and section 3 of the act of Congress approved June 18, 1878, are hereby repealed.

[Extract from the Annual Report, 1884, of the Superintendent of the U. S. Military Academy.]

HEADQUARTERS UNITED STATES MILITARY ACADEMY,
West Point, N. Y., October 13, 1884.

SIR: * * * I desire to call the attention of the proper authority to the present strength of the second class and the numbers that will probably graduate and be recommended for commissions in the Army in 1886. The class has now 83 members. Of these, making the usual allowances for casualties, from 75 to 80, probably the latter number, will graduate and be for promotion. Unless something is done to hold open the vacancies in the Army from this time forward for the graduates of the Academy, a number of the class of 1886 will be required to go into civil life. If this were usual or necessary every year, it could scarcely be considered a hardship, but occurring as it does once in a great length of time, through no fault of the class, but rather owing to ability, energy, and continuous application on the part of its members,

something should be done to prevent their being unjustly affected by the law. A law permitting them to be attached to the Army as additional second lieutenants, provided that vacancies cannot be reserved for them, would mitigate this hardship of the case. I earnestly recommend such action in this matter as will give to the members of this class appointments in the Army.

* * * * * * *

W. MERRITT,
Colonel Fifth Cavalry, Brevet Major-General.

The ADJUTANT-GENERAL
United States Army, Washington, D. C.

Official copy.

R. C. DRUM,
Adjutant-General.

Statement showing the number of vacancies existing in the grade of second lieutenant in the Corps of Engineers and line of the Army on July 1, 1874, and the number occurring in each year from July 1, 1874, to June 30, 1884, including vacancies made by transfers.

	Corps of Engineers.	Cavalry.	Artillery.	Infantry.	Total.
Vacancies existing July 1, 1874	4	1	.....	13	18
From July 1, 1874, to June 30, 1875	1	24	25	36	86
From July 1, 1875, to June 30, 1876	1	29	8	30	68
From July 1, 1876, to June 30, 1877	1	18	8	45	72
From July 1, 1877, to June 30, 1878	3	26	7	52	88
From July 1, 1878, to June 30, 1879	3	31	7	60	101
From July 1, 1879, to June 30, 1880	3	22	12	37	74
From July 1, 1880, to June 30, 1881	3	14	9	30	56
From July 1, 1881, to June 30, 1882	6	13	15	29	63
From July 1, 1882, to June 30, 1883	7	18	9	40	74
From July 1, 1883, to June 30, 1884	5	16	8	34	63
	37	212	108	406	763

The appointments equal the number of vacancies occurring prior to July 1, 1884, but the discrepancy of one between the vacancies in the Engineers and Infantry, and the appointments therein, is explained by the substitution of one engineer vacancy occurring prior to June 30, 1884, for which no one was available, into the present reserved list of vacancies in lieu of an Infantry vacancy occurring since June 30, 1884, and for which a civilian designation has been made.

The actual number of vacancies reserved for the next class is the same, as appears by the following table:

Vacancies occurring since July 1, 1884—	
Engineers	1
Cavalry	9
Artillery	4
Infantry	18
Total	32
Vacancies reserved for next class—	
Engineers	2
Cavalry	9
Artillery	4
Infantry	17
Total	32

ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE, *January* 10, 1885.

48TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. } SENATE. { MIS. DOC. No. 24.

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

PUBLIC PRINTER,

SHOWING THE CONDITION OF

THE PUBLIC PRINTING, BINDING, ETC.,

FOR THE

FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1884.

JANUARY 19, 1885.—Referred to the Committeen on Printing and ordered to be printed.

WASHINGTON:
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE.
1885.

ANNUAL REPORT

OF

THE PUBLIC PRINTER.

OFFICE OF THE PUBLIC PRINTER,
Washington, December 4, 1884.

SIR: I have the honor to transmit to Congress, through you, the annual report of this office for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884.

I am, sir, with respect, your obedient servant,

S. P. ROUNDS,
Public Printer.

HON. GEO. F. EDMUNDS,
President of the Senate pro tempore.

In obedience to the requirements of the statute, I have the honor to report the condition, the amount and cost of the public printing, binding, lithographing, and engraving; the amount and cost of all papers purchased for the same; a statement of the contracts entered into for the purchase of paper; all payments made during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884, including those for material and labor for the Congressional Record; the amount of work ordered and done, with a general classification thereof, for each Department; the number of persons employed in the Government Printing Office, and the time each has been employed, and the amount each has received.

The law also provides that the Public Printer shall report "such further information touching all matters connected with the Printing Office as may be in his possession."

In my report last year, I called attention at length to several important matters in connection with the economical management of the Government Printing Office, and with the experience of another year I should enlarge upon them, but at the last session of Congress the Joint Committee on Public Printing was authorized by legislation—

"To examine into the numbers printed of the various documents, reports, bills, and other papers published by order of Congress, or of

either House thereof, and of the Congressional Record, and to report a bill in December next, making such reductions in the numbers and cost of printing, and such changes and reductions in the distribution of said publications, as they may deem expedient, with a report giving their reasons therefor; and that the said committee is also instructed to investigate the printing and binding for the Executive Departments, executed at the Government Printing Office and at the branch printing offices and binderies in the various Departments, and report a bill in December next making such reductions in expenses and imposing such checks as they may deem expedient, with a report giving their reasons therefor; and said committee is further instructed to make any other investigations calculated, in their opinion, to reduce the cost of the public printing, and report the result thereof; and the said committee is hereby authorized to summon and to examine experts and witnesses, and to call upon the heads of Executive Departments and the Public Printer for such information regarding the preceding matters as they may desire; and any expenses necessarily incurred in making the investigations aforesaid shall be defrayed equally from the contingent funds of the two Houses of Congress."

In the organization of the Government Printing Office it is apparent that the wants of both Houses of Congress were first to be considered, although it was also intended that work for the various Executive Departments should be executed at this office. The Public Printer is required to report direct to Congress, and is not connected with any of the Executive Departments. The work of the office has grown from year to year, and Congress has recognized the necessity for some additional legislation, looking to a better and more complete organization of this department.

In view of the above enactment it would not seem proper to anticipate the action of the committee in this report.

CONGRESSIONAL PRINTING AND BINDING.

During the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress, up to and including the 30th day of June, 1884, there were ordered printed for the Senate 3,837 bills and joint resolutions, 201 executive documents, 118 miscellaneous documents, 820 reports of committees, 63 resolutions, and 29 confidential documents. For the House there were ordered printed 9,109 bills and joint resolutions, 173 executive documents, 59 miscellaneous documents, 2,023 reports of committees, and 72 resolutions. During the first session of the Forty-seventh Congress up to and including June 30, 1882, the Senate ordered 3,234 bills and joint resolutions as against 3,837 at the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress. During the same period the House ordered 7,898 as against 9,109. These two items will show the increase and constant fluctuation of orders made by Congress.

The amount of printing completed by order of the Senate during the year was $149,143.62 as against $64,464.77, and for the House $276,333.40 as against $175,267.39 for the previous year.

THE CONGRESSIONAL RECORD.

Under the joint resolution of Congress approved June 20, 1874, the Congressional Printer is directed to keep a separate and exact account, in detail, of all expenditures for printing, mailing, and binding the Congressional Record, &c., and publish the amounts thus yearly expended in his next succeeding annual report, and each succeeding report, separately from the other disbursements of his office. This information is given in Table No. 6. The Record for the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress, including index, made seven volumes, comprising 7,508 pages. The number of copies of each volume printed and bound was 6,000, aggregating 42,000 volumes. These have been disposed of as shown by Table 24.

Not unfrequently at the close of the session it requires one, two, or three issues of the Record to publish speeches held for revision. It would be an easy matter to give all of them in one issue if members filed them with the Public Printer within five days after adjournment. I would suggest also that, after such adjournment, revised speeches be transmitted through the President of the Senate or Speaker of the House, respectively, as otherwise the Public Printer has no discretion, and must print and publish as the permanent record of Congress any matter that may be filed by a member withholding his speech for revision. While it is true that this question is one that belongs especially to Congress, still the Public Printer should have some protection in the premises.

EXECUTIVE PRINTING.

Work executed for the Executive Departments shows a slight increase. On account of the insufficient allotment made several of the Departments, it was necessary during May and June to almost wholly suspend orders from three of the Executive Departments.

CENSUS WORK.

During the year the census work completed amounted to $293,009.12 as against $134,006.35 the previous fiscal year. The office responded promptly to all calls made upon it by the Census Bureau, and no delays of any kind have been caused by or can be justly attributed to it, as the records of the office will clearly demonstrate, although delays have occurred in the return of proofs, which I am advised was not the fault of the Census Office, but of various parties throughout the country to whom the proofs were referred. There has been some delay in the publication of these reports, and without desiring to reflect upon any one, it is due to this office to make this statement. So long as the Government employs agents engaged in other occupations to investigate and report upon the special topics referred to, these delays may be expected. The facilities of the Government Printing Office are such as to justify the statement that Congress can always depend upon prompt service in the printing of these reports.

REBELLION RECORD.

This office was authorized to sell volumes 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, of the Rebellion Record. Volume 6 and subsequent volumes are to be sold by the Hon. Secretary of War. Volumes 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5, are out of print. The stereotype plates are in possession of this office, and, in order that the public may obtain complete sets, I recommend that authority be given to print 2,000 copies of each volume for sale, under the law.

SCIENTIFIC REPORTS.

The scientific publications printed by this office for the Geological and other Bureaus have received marked commendation for their typographical appearance from both foreign critics and those in our own country. These reports are very valuable, and I have endeavored to bring the letter press up to a higher standard of excellence. In order to meet the demands for this class of cut-work I have added three of the latest improved stop-cylinder presses, which will turn out a finer grade of work than that heretofore printed. In the production of these books very much depends upon first-class presswork, and it is my purpose to have this class of printing especially creditable to the Government.

PAPER CONTRACTS.

The system of contracting with the lowest bidder for paper is not, in my judgment, the best method for obtaining such supplies. Past experience has shown that bids have been submitted much lower than the cost of production, and the consequence is, in too many cases, that there is throughout the year a contest between the office and the contractor as to the proper grade and quality.

It is advisable that the Government have a higher grade of paper, and I have no doubt that the business between the office and the contractors would be more satisfactory if the law governing the award of contracts for paper was changed so as to give the Joint Committee on Printing more discretion. The joint committee could then at any time relieve the office of delays and embarrassments, which are frequently very vexatious and a hinderance to the public service.

I am advised that imported rags are largely used by contractors who annually supply this office with paper. The question having been officially considered by the Treasury Department and an order issued prohibiting the importation of these rags from cholera-infected countries, I deem it my duty to bring the subject to the attention of Congress. If there is danger in the use of these rags at the mills, it would seem that the disease might be communicated in bundles, packages, and paper (likely to come in contact with such rags), which are daily received at this office. In view of the expected approach of cholera, and in the name of the 2,300 people under my charge, many of whom come directly in contact with these bundles and packages of paper, I respectfully submit that this is a proper question for the consideration of Congress.

REDUCTION OF ESTIMATES.

It is difficult to estimate intelligently for the annual appropriations for the year in advance, for the reason that there is no limit upon the amount of printing that may be ordered by Congress. The amount that may be expended by the Public Printer per quarter and the allotments of the various Departments are limited, but the office can never anticipate the orders of Congress.

The estimates for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885, were $3,014,000. By reason of the improved press facilities, the introduction of more modern machinery, and the application of some well-accepted business principles in the management of the department, I have no doubt that in the future the Government Printing Office can turn out a larger volume of work at reduced cost. Therefore the estimates for the next fiscal year have been cut down $339,000 under the preceding year, making a total of $2,675,000, as against $3,014,000 for the previous year.

As far as possible, I have continued the policy outlined in my former report of substituting improved modern fast presses, capable of printing 19,000 to 22,000 single sheets per day at the same expense as many of the old badly-worn presses I found in use that were printing but 5,000 during the same period of time. The saving alone on press-work will, within a very short time, justify a still further reduction in the annual appropriations. These improvements have been made without decreasing the volume of business done, nor was it necessary to ask for any special appropriation. The following showing, taking 14 presses for comparison, will illustrate the saving:

Fourteen Adams presses, 27x41 inches, each making 5,000 impressions, or 20 tokens, per day of 8 hours, will, in 309 working days, give 86,520 tokens per annum.

Fourteen two-revolution fast cylinder presses, each double the size, say 35x54, can be run at a speed of 1,500 per hour, or 48 tokens per day; but call it double the speed and *same size* sheet, will give 173,040 tokens.

But as they print a sheet twice the size, or two sheets to one and twice as fast, they have four times the capacity, and would give a product of 346,080 tokens.

And as most of the time these presses are run from 12 to 16 hours or even longer per day, the saving would be increased in the same proportion.

By the adoption of other improvements under consideration, it is safe to say that in the following year a still further reduction can be made in the cost of the public printing, but the quantity is under control of Congress.

RECEIPTS FROM SALES OF WASTE PAPER, ETC.

During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884, there was received from sales of documents, Records, waste paper, &c., the sum of $175,825.75, which has been deposited in the Treasury.

EMPLOYÉS.

The number of employés is regulated by the demands for work upon the office. The average number at the dates mentioned during the four quarters of the fiscal year was as follows:

Number of employés September 30, 1883	2,128
Number of employés December 31, 1883	2,230
Number of employés March 31, 1884	2,319
Number of employés June 30, 1884	2,331

LEAVES OF ABSENCE.

I desire to renew my recommendation of last year for fifteen days' leave of absence annually for the employés of the Government Printing Office. In speaking upon this subject I then said:

"In view of the fact that the clerks in the various Departments, working a less number of hours per day, are entitled to thirty days' leave of absence each year, I submit that as a matter of right and justice to the employés of the Government Printing Office, who have ever been faithful day and night, it would seem proper that at least to some extent the law should be so modified that they too can be favored with a leave of absence. A more faithful and devoted class of employés cannot be found in any Department; and I respectfully call the attention of Congress to this question, and express the hope that some provision may be made for them in the direction indicated."

A bill making a specific appropriation for this purpose (as was done in the case of the letter-carriers of the Post-Office Department at the last session) would be an act of justice to those who work more hours for less pay than any other class of Government employés. When unfortunately stricken down by sickness, their pay at once ceases, while in almost every other branch of the Government under such circumstances employés continue to draw their pay. Leading members of the most important committees in both houses of Congress can bear testimony to the fact that the prompt, efficient, and faithful work of this office, especially during the last session, advanced legislation in a very gratifying degree.

Believing that such a deserved and just law would be recognized by a still more efficient service, and, above all, on account of the equity in the request, I earnestly recommend that a special appropriation of $85,000 be made for the purpose of granting the employés of this office fifteen days' leave with pay. This recommendation is made in lieu of any proposed legislation for leave on account of sickness, as it is well understood that furloughs granted on account of sick leave might result in much abuse of the privilege. Under all the circumstances, in my judgment, fifteen days' annual leave will be more satisfactory.

CIVIL SERVICE.

In my last annual report attention was called to the subject of appointments, and reference was made to some of the new regulations adopted which it was hoped would relieve the Public Printer in a measure from the heavy tax upon his time in the consideration of this subject to the detriment of the more important practical operations of the office. As shown by the present report, the pay-roll for the year amounts to $1,767,362.64, or an average per day of $5,646.52. The Government Printing Office is and should be practically a work-shop—a manufactory—and the standard required of its employés should only be that of skill and efficiency, and as in all successful private establishments of the kind, employés, after a fair trial, falling below the average, should give place to others better qualified. In this way only can this office be kept in its proper state of efficiency.

It was the recognition of this policy at the outset that induced me to consider as the main qualifications, in the selection and retention of my assistants—the various foremen and assistant foremen—true merit, practical workmanship, and a thorough knowledge of the duties to be performed. These officers, generally without political influence, have by faithful and devoted service contributed largely to the success that has been accredited the Government Printing Office under my administration, and I cheerfully bear testimony to that fact. With a life-long experience, thoroughly trained in the line of their particular duty, that success for which I have constantly labored was more easily attained. Thus have I endeavored to introduce and encourage a practical civil service. It is proper to state that there is not a single officer throughout the building who could not, if necessary, perform any portion of the practical labors he assigns to those under his charge. I am confident if it was possible to extend this same rule to the appointment and retention of employés generally, that the Public Printer could make a record for actual work done that could not be equaled by any private establishment working the same number of hours per day.

NO FURLOUGHS.

The appropriations were sufficient to keep the force regularly employed during the fiscal year. The action of Congress in restricting the expenditures per quarter was wise legislation, and if carried out in spirit as in the letter of the law, will prevent large expenditures during the first half and a partial suspension of work during the last half of the year. The restrictions imposed, when properly observed, will also obviate the necessity for an unusual suspension of employés for want of funds during the closing months of the year.

STORAGE ROOM.

Under a special act of Congress the Public Printer executed leases for additional storage room. This fund will become exhausted during this session, and it will be necessary to make another appropriation. In this connection I desire to say that the want of room is a serious embarrassment to the prompt and economical management of the office. A great quantity of folded sheets are subjected to hydraulic pressure, tied up, and removed to the store room fully half a mile away. When required to collate the books these packages must be hauled back to the main office, involving much additional expense and loss on account of frequent handling and exposure. I urge upon Congress the necessity for more room, and respectfully request that the Joint Committee on Printing be authorized to consider the matter in all its bearings. It cannot be questioned that the expense of the public printing could be materially reduced if a building were provided specially adapted to the wants of the service. A private firm, handling this large volume of printing, would look upon this question as one involving much loss unless corrected.

SANITARY CONDITION.

With about 2,300 working people on the rolls, the sanitary condition of the building becomes a matter of great importance, both from a humanitarian standpoint and from the further fact that the amount of service rendered must depend more or less upon the health of the employés. In response to my urgent appeal, Congress made a special appropriation for this important work, and I have to report a radical improvement for the better during the past year. There has been a marked decrease, both in the sick-roll and death-rate, among the employés, and the entire force feel gratified at the change, and as a consequence are prepared to render much more efficient service.

This most satisfactory result was brought about by the introduction of new water-closets throughout, careful attention to cleanliness and a more rigid enforcement of hygienic regulations.

ELECTRIC LIGHT.

The Edison system of electric light, which was introduced in the Record room by my predecessor, has been extended to the press and document rooms, with very gratifying results. The light produced is cheaper than gas, far superior in all respects, and is much preferred by the employés. Connection has also been made between the eletric-light engine and the press-room, so that in case of accident to the main engine there would not be a suspension of work in the press room.

CONFIDENTIAL PRINTING.

There has been an increased amount of confidential printing executed both for Congress and the Executive Departments during the past year.

The regulations referred to in my former report have been sufficient to protect the confidence reposed, and in no single instance has there been a complaint that confidential matter was given out from this office. With the care given this class of work, I am confident that the record of the past year will be maintained in the future.

S. P. ROUNDS,
Public Printer.

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No. 1.—*Statement showing the estimated cost of printing, binding, &c., documents printed by authority of law, joint or concurrent resolutions, or by order of either house of Congress, during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884, and how distributed.*

[Of the number of copies printed, those marked (*) embrace the usual or regular number (1,900 copies), which are not included in the general distribution of the public documents.]

Title of document.	By what authority printed.	Number of pages.	Number of copies.	Cost of lithographing and engraving.	Cost of composition, stereotyping, press-work, folding, inserting plates, &c.	Cost of paper.	Cost of binding.	Total cost.	How distributed.
PRINTED BY AUTHORITY OF LAW, JOINT OR CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS.									
Report of the Secretary of the Interior—Report of the Commissioner of Education for 1881 (H. Ex. Doc. No. 1, part 5, vol. 4, 1st session 47th Congress).	Sec. 3798 R. S., and concurrent resolution of Mar. 3, 1883.	1,118	*34,900	$75 00	$11,838 59	$9,161 28	$5,940 00	$27,014 87	7,000 Senate, 14,000 House, and 13,000 Commissioner of Education.
Report of the Secretary of War, 1882—Report Chief of Ordnance (H. Ex. Doc. No. 1, part 2, vol. 2, 2d session 47th Congress).	Sec. 3798 R. S	544	*4,900	315 82	2,325 26	1,058 76	600 00	4,299 84	1,000 Senate, 2,000 House.
Report of the Secretary of War, 1882—Report Chief Signal Officer (H. Ex. Doc. No. 1, part 2, vol. 4, parts 1 and 2, 2d session 47th Congress).	.....do	1,386	*4,900	1,223 00	9,406 16	2,135 41	1,020 00	13,784 57	Do.
Report of the Secretary of the Interior, 1882—Third annual report of the United States Geological Survey (H. Ex. Doc. No. 1, part 5, vol 3, 2d session 47th Congress).	Sec. 3798 R. S., and joint resolution Aug. 5, 1882.	584	*15,900	12,437 50	6,906 57	8,718 56	7,128 00	35,190 63	3,500 Senate, 7,000 House, 2,500 Geological Survey, 1,000 for sale by Public Printer.
Report of the Secretary of the Navy, 1883 (H. Ex. Doc. No. 1, part 3, vol. 1, 1st session 48th Congress).	Sec. 3798 R. S	436	*4,900	115 00	1,649 09	568 93	450 00	2,783 02	1,000 Senate, 2,000 House.
Report of the Secretary of the Navy, 1883—Report Surgeon-General (H. Ex. Doc. No. 1, part 3, vol. 1, 1st session 48th Congress).	.....do	624	*4,900	123 26	3,414 16	819 54	480 00	4,836 96	Do.
Report of the Postmaster-General, 1883 (H. Ex. Doc. No. 1, part 4, 1st session 48th Congress).	.....do	784	*4,900	8 25	4,546 02	901 08	480 00	5,935 35	Do.

Report of the Secretary of the Interior, 1883—Report of Commissioner of the Land Office, Commissioner of Pensions, and Auditor of Railroad Accounts (H. Ex. Doc. No. 1, part 5, vol. 1, 1st session 48th Congress).	.....do.....	794	*4,900	.....	3,618 69	930 71	480 00	5,024 40	Do.
Report of the Secretary of the Interior, 1883—Report of Commissioner of Indian Affairs (H. Ex. Doc. No. 1, part 5, vol. 2, 1st session 48th Congress).	.....do.....	774	*4,900	399 25	3,184 61	1,158 39	540 00	5,282 25	Do.
Report of the Secretary of the Interior, 1883—Fourth annual report of the United States Geological Survey (H. Ex. Doc. No. 1, part 5, vol. 3, 1st session 48th Congress).	.....do.....	506	*4,900	4,041 00	2,553 42	2,054 73	1,478 00	10,127 15	Do.
Report of the Superintendent of the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey, 1882 (S. Ex. Doc. No. 77, 2d session 47th Congress).	Sec. 3792 R. S., and concurrent resolution Feb. 9, 1883.	590	*4,900	1,213 50	5,544 40	2,406 44	1,900 00	11,064 34	3,000 Superintendent Coast and Geodetic Survey.
Report of the Commissioner of Fish and Fisheries, 1880 (S. Mis. Doc. No. 29, 3d session 46th Congress).	Sec. 3792 R. S., and concurrent resolution of Jan. 14, 1881.	1,106	*11,500	336 00	5,106 25	3,334 14	1,920 00	10,696 39	2,000 Senate, 6,000 House, 1,500 Fish Commissioner, 100 for sale by Public Printer.
Report of the Commissioner of Fish and Fisheries, 1881 (S. Mis. Doc. No. 110, 1st session 47th Congress).	Sec. 3792 R. S., and concurrent resolution June 21, 1882.	1,218	*11,900	150 25	6,696 19	3,563 76	2,111 00	12,521 20	2,000 Senate, 6,000 House, 1,500 Fish Commissioner, 500 for sale by Public Printer.
Congressional Directory, 1st edition (S. Mis. Doc. No. 27, part 1, 1st session 48th Congress).	Sec. 3801 R. S	200	*15,400	217 08	1,143 23	803 87	256 92	2,421 10	For the Committee on Printing.
Congressional Directory, 2d edition (S. Mis. Doc. No. 27, part 2, 1st session 48th Congress).	.....do.....	200	*15,400	106 82	797 05	844 31	279 48	2,027 66	Do.
Report of the National Academy of Sciences, with appendices, part 1 (S. Mis. Doc. No. 85, 1st session 48th Congress).	Sec. 3792 R. S., and concurrent resolution Apr. 28, 1884.	146	*6,400	.....	597 15	224 24	18 00	839 39	1,000 Senate, 2,000 House, 1,500 National Academy of Sciences.
Tariff Compilation for 1884 (S. Rept. No. 12, 1st session 48th Congress).	Sec. 3792 R. S., and concurrent resolution Feb. 25, 1884.	418	*25,900	.....	4,167 88	2,594 24	3,360 00	10,122 12	8,000 Senate, 16,000 House.
Report of the Secretary of the Treasury on the Commerce and Navigation of the United States, 1881 (H. Ex. Doc. No. 7, part 2, 2d session 47th Congress).	Sec. 3798 R. S.....	418	*10,050	477 03	2,366 66	1,563 38	2,117 50	6,524 57	2,000 Senate, 6,150 House.
Report of Lieut. John T. Sullivan—Interoceanic Communication (H. Ex. Doc. No. 107, 2d session 47th Congress).	Sec. 3792 R. S., and concurrent resolution Feb. 9, 1883.	222	*6,900	1,160 00	2,012 79	1,131 20	2,000 00	6,303 99	1,500 Senate, 3,000 House, 500 Navy Department.

No. 1.—*Statement showing the estimated cost of printing, binding, &c.*—Continued.

Title of document.	By what authority printed.	Number of pages.	Number of copies.	Cost of lithographing and engraving.	Cost of composition, stereotyping, pressework, folding, inserting plates, &c.	Cost of paper.	Cost of binding.	Total cost.	How distributed.
PRINTED BY AUTHORITY OF LAW, &c.—Con'd.									
Report of the Secretary of the Treasury, 1883—Finance, vol.—(H. Ex. Doc. No. 2, 1st session 48th Congress).	Sec. 3798 R. S.....	830	*4,900	$334 28	$4,430 03	$1,073 84	$540 00	$6,378 15	1,000 Senate, 2,000 House.
Report of the Secretary of the Treasury on the Commerce and Navigation of the United States, 1883 (H. Ex. Doc. No. 7, 1st session 48th Congress).	.....do	990	*10,050	50 00	7,630 80	2,372 49	1,630 00	11,683 29	2,000 Senate, 6,150 House.
Report of the Attorney-General, 1883 (H. Ex. Doc. No. 8, 1st session 48th Congress).	.....do	172	*4,900	.....	685 13	206 21	450 00	1,341 34	1,000 Senate, 2,000 House.
Geology of the Comstock Lode, vol. 3, with atlas—Becker (H. Mis. Doc. No. 50, 1st session 47th Congress).	Sec. 3792 R. S., and act of Mar. 3, 1879.	442	*4,900	22,681 50	2,536 22	2,220 31	6,806 00	34,244 03	3,000 Geological Survey.
History of the Comstock Lode, vol. 4—Lord (H. Mis. Doc. No. 51, 1st session 47th Congress).	.....do	466	*4,600	633 00	1,688 65	1,592 05	1,406 00	5,319 70	Do.
Copper-Bearing Rocks of Lake Superior, vol. 5—Irving (H. Mis. Doc. No. 52, 1st session 47th Congress).	.....do	480	*4,900	7,893 50	4,273 90	2,679 18	1,406 00	16,252 58	Do.
Eulogies on the late Hon. M. P. O'Connor (H. Mis. Doc. No. 59, 1st session 47th Congress).	Sec. 3792 R. S, and joint resolution Mar. 15, 1882.	52	*13,900	38 00	351 01	492 45	2,880 00	3,761 46	3,000 Senate, 9,000 House.
Second Annual Report of the Director of the Bureau of Ethnology (H. Mis. Doc. No. 61, 1st session 47th Congress).	Sec. 3792 R. S., and concurrent resolution Feb. 19, 1881.	518	*16,900	14,302 08	10,650 64	9,321 99	6,878 00	41,152 66	3,000 Senate, 7,272 House, 4,728 Bureau of Ethnology.
Report of Board on behalf of the United States Executive Departments at the Centennial Exhibition, 1876 (H. Mis. Doc. No. 20, parts 1 and 2, 2d session 47th Congress).	Sec. 3792 R. S., and joint resolution Mar. 3, 1884.	1,444	*6,900	2,365 00	5,093 91	3,553 52	3,192 00	14,204 43	1,000 Senate, 3,000 House, 500 president Centennial Commission, 300 members Centr'l Board, 200 Smithsonian Institution.

Annual Report of the Smithsonian Institution, 1882 (H. Mis. Doc. No. 26, 2d session 47th Congress).	Sec. 3792 R. S., and concurrent resolution Mar. 2, 1883.	876	*17,460	119 00	4,471 36	3,600 65	2,800 80	10,991 81	2,500 Senate, 6,060 House, 7,000 Smithsonian Institution.
Eulogies on the late Hon. William M. Lowe (H. Mis. Doc. No. 30, 2d session 47th Congress).	Sec. 3792 R. S., and joint resolution Feb. 23, 1883.	40	*13,900	38 00	286 47	320 19	2,880 00	3,524 66	3,000 Senate, 9 000 House.
Eulogies on the late Hon. John T. Updegraff (H. Mis. Doc. No. 31, 2d session 47th Congress).	Sec. 3792 R. S., and joint resolution Feb. 27, 1883.	48	*13,900	38 00	295 12	383 64	2,880 00	3,596 76	Do.
Eulogies on the late G. S. Orth (H. Mis. Doc. No. 32, 2d session 47th Congress).	Sec. 3792 R. S., and joint resolution Feb. 24, 1882.	64	*13,900	38 00	356 97	477 69	2,880 00	3,752 66	Do.
Eulogies on the late Hon. R. M. A. Hawk, (H. Mis. Doc. No. 33, 2d session 47th Congress).	.....do	48	*13,900	38 00	395 00	392 72	2,880 00	3,705 72	Do.
Eulogies on the late Hon. J. W. Shackelford (H. Mis. Doc. No. 34, 2d session 47th Congress).	Sec. 3792 R. S., and joint resolution Mar. 2, 1883.	34	*13,900	38 00	248 74	288 36	2,880 00	3,455 10	Do.
Third Annual Report of the Entomological Commission (H. Mis. Doc. No. 44, 2d session 47th Congress).	Sec. 3792 R. S., and joint resolution Feb. 26, 1881.	466	*31,900	4,269 41	4,155 54	5,854 73	4,800 00	19,079 68	7,000 Senate, 20,907 House, 2,093 Interior Department.
Codified Land Laws (H. Mis. Doc. No. 45, part 1, 2d session 47th Congress).	Sec. 3792 R. S., and joint resolution Aug. 7, 1882.	372	*10,400	.....	895 28	927 18	1,190 00	3,012 46	2,000 Senate, 5,000 House, 1,500 Interior Department.
Codified Land Laws (H. Mis. Doc. No. 45, part 2, 2d session 47th Congress).	.....do	810	*10,400	.....	1,544 02	1,984 68	1,360 00	4,888 70	Do.
Codified Land Laws (H. Mis. Doc. No. 45, part 3, 2d session 47th Congress).	.....do	632	*10,400	.....	1,408 19	1,553 84	1,360 00	4,322 03	Do.
Codified Land Laws (H. Mis. Doc. No. 45, part 4, 2d session 47th Congress).	.....do	1,356	*10,400	2,280 00	6,347 87	4,072 71	1,844 00	14,544 58	Do.
Biennial Register, vol. 1 (H. Mis. Doc. No. 4, 1st session 48th Congress.	Sec. 3800 R. S., and acts Dec. 15, 1877, and June 16, 1880.	854	*4,400	.....	7,739 71	1,865 10	1,796 70	11,401 51	2,500 Interior Department.
Biennial Register, vol. 2 (H. Mis. Doc. No. 4, 1st session 48th Congress).	.....do	1,000	*4,400	.....	9,621 39	2,182 17	1,796 70	13,600 26	.....do .....
Bulletin of the United States Fish Commission, vol. 3, 1883 (H. Mis. Doc. No. 11, 1st session 48th Congress).	Sec. 3792 R. S., and joint resolution Feb. 14, 1881.	508	*6,900	.....	1,668 15	828 62	794 00	3,290 77	1,000 Senate, 2,500 House, 1,500 Fish Commission.
American Ephemeries and Nautical Almanac, 1887, first edition (H. Mis. Doc. No. 35, 1st session 48th Congress).	Sec. 3792 R. S., and joint resolution Feb. 11, 1880.	536	*3,400	181 00	3,099 86	832 43	375 00	4,488 29	100 Senate, 400 House, 1,000 Navy Department.

No. 1.—*Statement showing the estimated cost of printing, binding, &c.*—Continued.

Title of document.	By what authority printed.	Number of pages.	Number of copies.	Cost of lithographing and engraving.	Cost of composition, stereotyping, press-work, folding, inserting plates, &c.	Cost of paper.	Cost of binding.	Total cost.	How distributed.
PRINTED BY AUTHORITY OF LAW, &C.—Con'd.									
American Ephemeries and Nautical Almanac, 1884.	Sec. 3792 R. S., and joint resolution Feb. 11, 1880.	516	300	$40 00	$118 78	$75 89	$78 00	$312 67	250 for sale by the Navy Department, 50 Library of Congress.
American Coaster's Nautical Almanac (H. Mis. Doc. No. 41, 1st session 48th Congress).	.....do	160	*3,400	.....	817 58	270 87	90 00	1,178 45	100 Senate, 400 House, 1,000 Navy Department.
Imports and Duties, 1867–1883, by Chas. H. Evans (H. Mis. Doc. No. 49, 1st session 48th Congress).	Sec. 3792 R. S., and joint resolution Apr. 23, 1884.	938	*6,600	.....	6,641 71	1,449 33	846 00	8,937 04	1,500 Senate, 3,000 House, 100 Ways and Means Committee, 100 Senate Committee on Finance.
Decisions of the First Comptroller of the Treasury, vol. 4 (H. Mis. Doc. No. 56, 1st session, 48th Congress).	Sec. 3792 R. S., and joint resolution Aug. 3, 1882.	896	*9,417	.....	3,385 67	1,989 33	9,417 00	14,792 00	See Stats. at Large, vol. 22, page 391.
Mineral Resources of the United States....	Joint resolution Mar. 3, 1879.	836	3,000	.....	2,909 70	592 02	540 00	4,041 72	3,000 Geological Survey.
Abridgment of Message and Documents, 1st session 48th Congress.	Sec. 3798 R. S	1,032	35,000	.....	6,715 05	8,496 83	6,300 00	21,511 88	10,000 Senate, 25,000 House.
Senate Journal, 1st session 48th Congress..	Secs. 3792, 3798, and 3799 R. S.	1,604	3,194	.....	3,245 14	1,193 76	1,440 00	5,878 90	1,550 Interior Department.
Pamphlet Laws, 1st session 48th Congress..	Sec. 3807 R. S., and act of June 20, 1874.	560	26,691	.....	5,671 34	7,455 16	2,669 10	15,795 60	3,000 Senate, 10,000 House, 13,691 State Department.
Report of the Health Officer of the District of Columbia, 1882.	Joint resolution Mar. 3, 1883.	202	2,500	200 00	178 99	205 84	375 00	959 74	100 Senate, 300 House, 2,100 Health Officer.
Report of the Health Officer of the District of Columbia, 1883.	Joint resolution Feb. 15, 1884.	200	2,500	220 00	158 75	225 61	375 00	979 36	Do.
Bulletin No. 2 of the United States Geological Survey.	Joint resolution, Mar. 3, 1879.	10	3,000	.....	57 84	11 87	9 00	78 71	3,000 Geological Survey.

Bulletin No. 3 of the United States Geological Survey.	.....do	38	3,000	.....	100 52	33 07	9 00	142 59	Do.
Bulletin No. 4 of the United States Geological Survey.	.....do	40	3,000	887 00	141 11	58 50	9 00	1,095 61	Do.
Bulletin No. 5 of the United States Geological Survey.	.....do	328	3,000	.....	1,511 65	237 51	15 00	1,764 16	Do.
Bulletin No. 6 of the United States Geological Survey.	.....do	52	3,000	.....	211 61	41 02	9 00	261 63	Do.
Bulletin No. 7 of the United States Geological Survey.	.....do	186	3,000	.....	501 73	134 19	15 00	650 92	Do.
Public resolutions, 1st session 48th Congress, Nos. 1 to 38, inclusive (1,550 each, regular number).	Sec. 3805 R. S.....	76	66,500	.....	130 66	31 14	.....	161 80	200 each for Department of State.
Public acts, 1st session 48th Congress, Nos. 1 to 40, 44 to 66, 68 to 73, inclusive (1,550 each, regular number).	.....do	150	120,650	.....	254 21	61 33	.....	315 54	Do.
Public acts, 1st session 48th Congress, Nos. 41, 42, 43, and 67 (1,550 each, regular number).	.....do	16	8,200	.....	31 64	7 64	.....	39 28	500 each Department of State.
Private resolutions, 1st session 48th Congress, Nos. 1, 2, 3, and 4 (1,550 each, regular number).	.....do	8	6,800	.....	16 72	3 32	.....	20 04	200 each Department of State.
Private acts, 1st session 48th Congress, Nos. 1 to 60, inclusive (1,550 each, regular number).	.....do	120	105,000	.....	158 73	48 96	.....	207 69	Do.
Treaties, Conventions, &c., 1st session 48th Congress (1,550 each, regular number).	Secs. 210, 3803, and 3805 R. S.	36	14,700	.....	81 16	17 53	.....	98 69	500 each Department of State.
Total cost of printing, binding, &c., done by authority of law, joint or concurrent resolution.	.....	33,110	882,612	79,082 48	190,733 33	115,690 44	112,460 20	497,966 45	
PRINTED BY ORDER OF THE SENATE.									
1st session 48th Congress.									
Testimony in relation to protection of fish and fisheries on Atlantic coast.	Resolution July 26, 1882	384	80	.....	14 81	7 13	.....	21 94	Committee on Foreign Affairs.
Testimony on the subject of relations between capital and labor.	Resolution Feb. 26, 1883	96	100	.....	4 00	2 42	.....	6 42	Committee on Education and Labor.
Testimony, &c., taken before Committee on Education and Labor. Vol. 1.	.....do	1,200	300	.....	2,085 76	83 45	.....	2,169 21	Do.
Testimony, &c., taken before Committee on Education and Labor. Vol. 2.	.....do	1,412	300	.....	2,496 56	98 18	.....	2,594 74	Do.

No. 1.—*Statement showing the estimated cost of printing, binding, &c.*—Continued.

Title of document.	By what authority printed.	Number of pages.	Number of copies.	Cost of lithographing and engraving.	Cost of composition, stereotyping, press-work, folding, inserting plates, &c.	Cost of paper.	Cost of binding.	Total cost.	How distributed.
PRINTED BY ORDER OF THE SENATE—Cont'd.									
1st session 48th Congress—Continued.									
Testimony, &c., taken before Committee on Education and Labor. Vol. 3.	Resolution Feb. 26, 1883	730	300	$50 50	$1,304 33	$51 59	.....	$1,406 42	Committee on Education and Labor.
Testimony, &c., taken before Committee on Education and Labor. Vol. 4.	.....do	864	300	.....	1,487 60	60 09	.....	1,547 69	Do.
Testimony, &c., on Condition of Sioux Indians.	Resolution Dec. 4, 1883	336	100	70 00	14 34	9 69	.....	94 03	Select committee.
Testimony on the Mississippi River Improvement.)	.....do	106	500	.....	12 99	12 28	.....	25 27	Senate.
El Corte del Presidio. (S. Rept. No. 1, 1st session 48th Congress.)	Resolution Dec. 10, 1883	12	100	.....	20 27	29	.....	20 56	Committee on Public Lands.
Report Committee on Rules. (S. Rept. No. 2, 1st session 48th Congress.)	.....do	74	200	.....	265 00	7 02	.....	272 02	Senate.
Report of Commissioner of Freedman's Savings and Trust Company.	Resolution Dec. 19, 1883	58	500	.....	7 70	6 74	.....	14 44	Commissioner of Freedman's Savings and Trust Company.
Army Register, 1884.....	Resolution Jan. 11, 1884	392	1,000	.....	82 50	93 21	$10 00	185 71	Senate.
Navy Register, 1884	.....do	216	1,000	....	53 27	51 85	10 00	115 12	Do.
Rules of the Senate	.....do	48	1,050	.....	113 27	21 44	3 15	137 86	1,000 Senate, 50 Library of Congress.
Testimony, &c., on construction of steel vessels.	Resolution Jan. 17, 1884	118	300	.....	14 55	8 21	.....	22 76	Committee on Naval Affairs.
Memorial of Naval Advisory Board to Secretary of the Navy.	.....do	16	300	.....	33 40	1 12	.....	34 52	Do.
Statement of John. J. Knox	Resolution Jan. 25, 1884	16	500	.....	30 96	1 88	.....	32 84	Committee on Finance.
Senate Bills Nos. 697 and 698.....	Resolution Jan. 31, 1884	10	925	.....	16 33	4 53	.....	20 86	Senate.
Hearings and testimony in relation to S. bill No. 855—Vinegar factories.	..... do	98						115 37	Committee on Finance.

[illegible]	[illegible]								
Bill for committee	....do	16	50		15 98	23	[illegible]	16 09	Do.
Bill for committee	....do	16	100		17 16	81		17 97	Do.
Report of committee	....do	20	200		2 07	94		3 01	Do.
Investigation of outrages in Mississippi	Resolution Feb. 4, 1884	732	25		34 03	5 94		39 97	Committee on Privileges and Elections.
Investigation of outrages in Mississippi and Virginia.	....do	1,372	25		52 78	11 14		63 92	Do.
Senate Bill No. 140	Resolution Feb. 5, 1884	4	925		6 76	1 83		8 59	Senate.
Bill to establish a uniform system of bankruptcy.	....do	36	3,000		80 58	25 02		105 60	Do.
House Ex. Doc. No. 32	Resolution Feb. 11, 1884	176	5,000		153 70	203 94		357 64	Do.
Report of the Librarian of Congress	....do	8	500		4 60	1 68	1 50	7 78	Librarian of Congress.
Report of Select Committee on Mississippi River Improvement.	Resolution Feb. 15, 1884	136	1,000		31 26	31 54		62 80	Senate.
Admission of Washington and part of Idaho Territories as a State.	Resolution Feb. 25, 1884	10	200		20 28	47		20 75	Committee on Territories.
Senate Report No. 161	....do	126	300		12 45	8 79		21 24	Senate.
House Ex. Doc. No. 101	Resolution Feb. 26, 1884	294	1,000	20 00	61 06	74 11		155 17	800 Senate, 200 Committee on Finance.
Senate Report No. 267	Resolution Mar. 7, 1884	4	1,000		9 67	94		10 61	Senate.
Senate Bill No. 1448	....do	16	925		25 77	7 32		33 09	Do.
Papers, &c., relative to prohibition against importation of American meats.	Resolution Mar. 10, 1884	576	50		20 52	6 66		27 18	Committee on Foreign Relations.
Senate Bill No. 398	....do	16	925		25 77	7 32		33 09	Senate.
Senate Report No. 12	Resolution Mar. 11, 1884	418	200		20 57	19 37		39 94	100 Senate, 100 Committee on Finance.
Report Treasury Cattle Commission, parts 1 and 2.	Resolution Mar. 13, 1884	24	1,500		39 60	8 36		47 96	Senate.
Bill relative to Indians in Montana and Dakota.	Resolution Mar. 14, 1884	20	1,000		34 31	9 89		44 20	Do.
Report and accompanying documents relative to Indians in Montana and Dakota.	....do	450	1,000	145 00	102 40	118 67		366 07	Do.
Letter from Secretary of the Navy to committee.	Resolution Mar. 17, 1884	48	300		95 92	3 35		99 27	Committee on Appropriations.
Testimony before committee	Resolution Mar. 18, 1884	36	250		51 85	2 09		53 94	Committee on Patents.
Remarks of committee of the Grand Army of the Republic before the Committee on Pensions.	....do	16	250		16 46	94		17 40	Senate.

No. 1.—*Statement showing the estimated cost of printing, binding, &c.*—Continued.

Title of document.	By what authority printed.	Number of pages.	Number of copies.	Cost of lithographing and engraving.	Cost of composition, stereotyping, press-work, folding, inserting plates, &c.	Cost of paper.	Cost of binding.	Total cost.	How distributed.
PRINTED BY ORDER OF THE SENATE—Cont'd.									
1st session 48th Congress—Continued.									
Standing Rules of the Senate	Resolution Mar. 19, 1884	48	550		$18 61	$11 30	$1 65	$31 56	500 Senate, 50 Library of Congress.
Senate Bill No. 247	Resolution Mar. 24, 1884	4	925		6 76	1 83		8 59	Senate.
Bridges over Great Kanawha River	Resolution Apr. 2, 1884	2	100		5 65	08		5 73	Committee on Commerce.
Senate Report No. 393	Resolution Apr. 4, 1884	128	1,000		27 57	29 67		57 24	Senate.
Reprinting Senate Bill No. 1115, and House Bills Nos. 3925 and 3934.	Resolution Apr. 5, 1884	12	925		15 16	5 48		20 64	Do.
Senate Bill No. 393	Resolution Apr. 9, 1884	8	925		12 98	3 68		16 66	Senate.
Bill relating to bankruptcy	Resolution Apr. 29, 1884	74	925		112 38	33 79		146 17	Do.
Statistical table showing the incidence of yellow fever, &c.	do	4	500		18 16	47		18 63	Committee on Epidemic Diseases.
Correspondence respecting the Ward claims and claim of C. E. Hill.	Resolution May 14, 1884.	90	600		171 77	12 53		184 30	Senate.
Memorial showing names of officers in Revenue Marine Service.	Resolution May 19, 1884.	8	300		34 32	58		34 90	Committee on Commerce.
Report of subcommittee on retirement and recoinage of trade dollar.	Resolution May 20, 1884.	8	50		9 71	11		9 82	Committee on Finance.
Reprinting Senate Report No. 512	Resolution May 28, 1884.	776	1,900		1,413 91	341 72		1,755 63	Senate.
Alleged outrages in Virginia, with views of minority and testimony.	Resolution June 11, 1884.	1,374	1,900		2,655 12	605 02		3,260 14	Do.
Senate Bill No. 1793	Resolution June 19, 1884.	48	100		60 64	94		61 58	Committee on Commerce.

Senate Mis. Doc. No. 111	Resolution June 21, 1884.	34	500		8 66	4 86	1 50	15 02	[illegible]
Senate Report No. 579	Resolution June 23, 1884.	76	15,000		235 79	264 21		500 00	Senate.
Senate Report No. 512	do	72	16,000		227 00	266 98		493 98	Do.
Senate Bill No. 5667	Resolution June 26, 1884.	8	925		12 98	3 63		16 61	Do.
EXECUTIVE DOCUMENTS (OF WHICH ONLY THE USUAL NUMBER, 1,900, WERE PRINTED).									
Second session 47th Congress	Sec. 3792 R. S	4,648	7,648	$1,185 00	33,728 50	2,491 89	270 00	37,675 39	See table on page 126.
First session 48th Congress	do	4,858	391,400	7,445 47	16,861 37	3,480 88		27,787 72	Do.
MISCELLANEOUS DOCUMENTS (OF WHICH ONLY THE USUAL NUMBER, 1,900, WERE PRINTED).									
First session 48th Congress	do	778	229,900	100 00	2,745 69	354 66		3,200 35	See table on page 126.
REPORTS OF COMMITTEES (OF WHICH ONLY THE USUAL NUMBER, 1,900, WERE PRINTED).									
First session 48th Congress	do	5,332	1,571,300	322 00	14,244 18	2,404 72		16,970 90	See table on page 126.
MISCELLANEOUS PRINTING.									
Confidential matter, 1st session 48th Congress.	By order of the Senate.	136	3,625		174 17	4 63		178 80	Senate document room.
Bills and joint resolutions, 1st session 48th Congress (925 copies each).	Sec. 3791 R. S	13,160	3,549,225		18,758 76	5,999 13		24,757 89	See table on page 126.
Blanks, blank books, calendar, &c	Requisition from the Secretary.	5,686	1,619,620		5,462 16	384 29	6,930 86	12,777 31	For the Secretary's office.
Binding reserve work, special and 1st session 47th Congress.			1,820				1,437 00	1,437 00	See table on page 126.
Binding reserve work, 1st session 47th Congress.			1,820				1,437 00	1,437 00	Do.
Binding reserve work, 2d session 47th Congress.			7,280				5,748 00	5,748 00	Do.
Total cost of printing, binding, &c., done by order of the Senate.		48,410	7,455,043	9,382 97	106,109 30	17,800 69	15,850 66	149,143 62	
PRINTED BY ORDER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.									
1st session 48th Congress.									
[illegible] files of bills, &c	Resolution Feb. 4, 1880						1,660 00	1,660 00	House Library.
[illegible]	Resolution Jan. 8, 1884	4	50		9 65	08		9 73	Committee on Appropriations.

No. 1.—*Statement showing the estimated cost of printing, binding, &c.*—Continued.

Title of document.	By what authority printed.	Number of pages.	Number of copies.	Cost of lithographing and engraving.	Cost of composition, stereotyping, press-work, folding, inserting plates, &c.	Cost of paper.	Cost of binding.	Total cost.	How distributed.
PRINTED BY ORDER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES—Continued.									
1st session 48th Congress—Continued.									
Letters and papers from Secretary of the Navy.	Resolution Jan. 8, 1884	8	25	.....	$29 16	$0 08	.....	$29 24	Committee on Appropriations.
Substitute of Judiciary for certain matter in sundry civil bill.	.....do	18	50	.....	19 18	1 12	.....	20 30	Do.
Letter of the Secretary of War.....	.....do	4	30	.....	4 45	4	.....	4 49	Do.
Letter of the Secretary of the Treasury	.....do	2	30	.....	12 25	4	.....	12 29	Do.
The solution of the ordnance problem—a bill.	.....do	4	30	.....	3 67	8	.....	3 75	Do.
Letter of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia.	.... do	8	30	.....	14 22	8	.....	14 30	Do.
Amendment to post-office salary law	.....do	8	25	.....	6 84	12	.....	6 96	Do.
History of the fourteen appropriation bills .	.....do	.....	25	.....	3 10	38	$1 50	4 98	Do.
Table of appropriations	.....do	2	400	.....	7 00	22	.....	7 22	Do.
Table of appropriations	.....do	2	200	.....	50	11	.....	61	Do.
Bill for committee.....	Resolution Jan. 10, 1884	8	200	.....	9 30	81	.....	10 11	Committee on Ways and Means.
Bill to reduce internal-revenue taxation....	.....do	8	50	.....	8 92	23	.....	9 15	Do.
Miscellaneous industries; hearings, &c	.....do	514	150	$19 00	1,098 00	18 90	.....	1,130 90	Do.
Alaska fur seal fisheries; hearings.....	.....do	40	150	.....	87 96	1 44	.....	89 40	Do.
Tariff bill	.....do	28	100	.....	32 09	1 42	.....	33 51	Do.
Bill to reduce duty on imports and war tariff taxes.	.....do	8	100	.....	6 94	43	.....	7 37	Do.
Amendment to bill—Hewitt's	.....do	32	50	.....	2 44	81	.....	3 25	Do.
Reprint of the Hewitt bill.....	.....do	34	50	.....	5 37	1 04	.....	6 41	Do.

Report on the McGarrahan case by Mr. Tucker.	Resolution Mar. 19, 1884	68	20	.....	2 70	33	.....	3 03	ciary.
Argument before committee on proposed 16th amendment.	Resolution Mar. 20, 1884	16	50	.....	20 20	22	.....	20 42	Do.
Views of Mr. Poland on claim of Virginia and Maryland.	Resolution Apr. 18, 1884	4	50	.....	4 45	8	.....	4 53	Do.
Reports of committee	Resolution Apr. 28, 1884	72	50	.....	172 87	98	.....	173 85	Do.
Report of subcommittee on bill for relief of heirs of Yturbide.	Resolution Mar. 28, 1884	8	25	.....	7 05	8	.....	7 13	Do.
Papers connected with House resolutions Nos. 198 and 199, and House bill No. 2241.	Resolution Apr. 18, 1884	24	50	.....	27 32	33	.....	27 65	Do.
Expenditures of Department of Justice (H. Mis. Doc. No. 38).	Resolution Feb. 23, 1884	2, 132	100	4 00	95 92	53 62	.....	153 54	Committee on Expenditures, Department of Justice.
House Report No. 1779	Resolution June 5, 1884	16	100	.....	90	40	.....	1 30	Do.
Testimony in Boynton investigation	Resolution Feb. 21, 1884	438	50	.....	19 65	5 94	.....	25 59	Select Committee.
Testimony in Jeannette inquiry	Resolution Apr. 15, 1884	1, 096	50	.....	38 43	14 94	.....	53 37	Committee on Naval Affairs.
Testimony in English investigation	Resolution June 21, 1884	102	50	.....	4 69	1 34	.....	6 03	Select Committee.
Skinner *vs.* Poole, views of minority	Resolution Jan. 18, 1884	8	62	.....	1 15	15	.....	1 30	Committee on Elections.
Wood *vs.* Peters, report of Mr. Elliott	....do	4	25	.....	55	4	.....	59	Do.
O'Farrell *vs.* Paul, report	....do	24	50	.....	33 12	33	.....	33 45	Do.
Campbell *vs.* Morey, index	....do	24	50	.....	44 17	33	.....	44 50	Do.
Garrison *vs.* Mayo	....do	8	50	.....	60	11	.....	71	Do.
Craig *vs.* Shelley	....do	8	50	.....	16 20	11	.....	16 31	Do.
Frederick *vs.* Wilson, minority report	....do	18	50	.....	1 26	22	.....	1 48	Do.
List of duplicate names	Resolution Feb. 26, 1884	4	50	.....	3 15	20	.....	3 35	Committee on Rules.
Amendment to Rule 16	....do	.....	1, 500	.....	8 10	.....	.....	8 10	Do.
Arguments before the Committee on Commerce.	Resolution Jan. 22, 1884	176	500	.....	18 76	20 42	.....	39 18	Committee on Commerce.
Bill for committee	....do	8	25	.....	6 30	16	.....	6 46	Do.
Letter from Emory A. Storrs	....do	2	25	.....	4 45	4	.....	4 49	Do.
Bill to regulate inter-State commerce, &c.	....do	8	100	.....	9 02	43	.....	9 45	Do.
Testimony of Captain Eads and others	Resolution June 25, 1884	40	400	.....	56 90	3 71	.....	60 61	Committee on Rivers and Harbors.
Statement, &c., in investigation of Pacific National Bank of Boston, Mass.	Resolution Mar. 31, 1884	100	50	.....	199 11	1 37	.....	200 48	Committee on Banking and Currency.
[illegible] Mis. Doc. No. 44	....do	8	200	.....	92	40	.....	1 32	Do.

No. 1.—*Statement showing the estimated cost of printing, binding, &c.*—Continued.

Title of document.	By what authority printed.	Number of pages.	Number of copies.	Cost of lithographing and engraving.	Cost of composition, stereotyping, press-work, folding, inserting plates, &c.	Cost of paper.	Cost of binding.	Total cost.	How distributed.
PRINTED BY ORDER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES—Continued.									
1st session 48th Congress—Continued.									
House Report No. 109, with exhibits, &c...	Resolution Mar. 28, 1884	50	1,900	.....	$141 39	$46 37	.....	$187 76	Committee on Foreign Affairs.
Certain arguments, &c., before Committee on Coinage, Weights and Measures.	Resolution May 14, 1884	40	500	.....	63 19	4 61	.....	67 80	Committee on Coinage, Weights and Measures.
Digest of the Rules, &c., of the House of Representatives.	Resolution Dec. 5, 1883	478	2,550	.....	627 92	291 82	$2,500 00	3,419 74	2,500 House, 50 Library of Congress.
Digest of the Rules, &c., of the House of Representatives.	Resolution Feb. 5, 1884.	478	250	.....	42 63	28 62	250 00	321 25	House.
House Report No. 5	Resolution Jan. 15, 1884	6	1,900	.....	14 89	2 67	.....	17 56	Do.
House Bill No. 2228	.....do	14	925	.....	24 53	6 40	.....	30 93	Do.
House Report No. 1	Resolution Jan. 25, 1884	16	1,900	.....	32 10	7 06	.....	39 16	Do.
House Bill No. 1015.....	.....do	4	925	.....	6 76	1 83	.....	8 59	Do.
House Bill No. 4416.....	Resolution Feb. 6, 1884.	6	10,000	.....	50 20	39 45	.....	89 65	Do.
House Bill No. 5893.....	Resolution Mar. 20, 1884	8	2,000	.....	15 44	7 89	.....	23 33	Do.
House Report No. 792	.....do	8	2,000	.....	7 16	3 71	.....	10 87	Do.
Tables on reduction of import duties, &c...	.....do	28	2,000	.....	29 16	25 96	.....	55 12	Do.
House Mis. Doc. 43, with additions and corrections.	Resolution Mar. 31, 1884	42	1,900	.....	110 14	18 51	.....	128 65	Do.
Descriptions of plans for a new Congressional Library Building.	Resolution Apr. 3, 1884.	12	500	.....	14 74	1 44	.....	16 18	Do.
House Report No. 1256	Resolution Apr. 14, 1884	32	1,900	.....	61 63	14 08	.....	75 71	Do.
House Report No. 495	Resolution Apr. 15, 1884	56	1,900	.....	162 51	24 66	.....	187 17	Do.

Tariff hearings, &c	Resolution Apr. 16, 1884	514	1,000		288 10	119 13		407 23	152 Senate, 666 House, 182 Committee on Ways and Means.
House Ex. Doc. No. 86	Resolution Apr. 17, 1884	90	1,900	$185 00	329 02	56 84		520 86	House.
House Report No. 1788	Resolution June 7, 1884.	2	1,000		2 15	47		2 62	Do.
House Report No. 1351	Resolution June 10, 1884	58	3,800		150 38	51 09		201 47	Do.
House Report No. 1848	Resolution June 26, 1884	32	1,900	135 00	28 62	31 84		195 46	Do.
Sundry civil bill	Resolution Jan. 8, 1884.	134	50		9 84	3 91		13 75	Senate Committee on Appropriations.
Appropriation Laws	....do	222	30		10 72	2 16		12 88	Committee on Appropriations.
Petition and papers in case of J. R. Haskell.	Resolution June 23, 1884	24	50	70 00	46 73	1 02		117 75	Committee on Military Affairs.
Annual Message of the President	Resolution Jan. 17, 1884	24	25,000		243 45	181 20	75 00	499 65	House.
EXECUTIVE DOCUMENTS (OF WHICH ONLY THE USUAL NUMBER, 1,900, WERE PRINTED).									
First session 47th Congress	Sec. 3792 R. S.	416	1,900		1,929 87	183 17		2,113 04	See table on page 126.
Second session 47th Congress	....do	120	1,900	1,143 50	396 61	196 31	40 00	1,776 42	Do.
First session 48th Congress	....do	12,988	324,900	3,211 79	61,966 78	7,252 78	336 00	72,767 35	Do.
MISCELLANEOUS DOCUMENTS (OF WHICH ONLY THE USUAL NUMBER, 1,900, WERE PRINTED).									
Second session 47th Congress	....do	1,510	20,240		1,682 32	675 80		2,357 62	Do.
First session 48th Congress	....do	15,812	95,000	645 00	32,739 05	6,415 13		39,799 18	Do.
REPORTS OF COMMITTEES (OF WHICH ONLY THE USUAL NUMBER, 1,900, WERE PRINTED).									
First session 48th Congress	....do	7,350	3,800,700	734 00	19,584 93	3,443 20		23,762 13	Do.
MISCELLANEOUS PRINTING.									
Bills and joint resolutions, 1st session 48th Congress (925 each).	Sec. 3791 R. S.	16,852	8,425,825		37,701 77	12,260 60		49,962 37	Do.
Blanks, blank-books, calendars, &c	Requisition from the Clerk.	5,764	8,715,310		11,383 98	958 51	8,225 17	20,567 66	For the Clerk's office.
Binding reserve work, 1st session 46th Congress.			1,039				988 50	988 50	See table on page 126.
Binding reserve work, 2d session 46th Congress.			2,078				1,977 00	1,977 00	Do.

No. 1.—*Statement showing the estimated cost of printing, binding, &c.*—Continued.

Title of document.	By what authority printed.	Number of pages.	Number of copies.	Cost of lithographing and engraving.	Cost of composition, stereotyping, press-work, folding, inserting plates, &c.	Cost of paper.	Cost of binding.	Total cost.	How distributed.
MISCELLANEOUS PRINTING—Continued.									
1st session 48th Congress—Continued.									
Binding reserve work, 3d session 46th Congress.	.....	.....	5,195	.....	.....	.....	$5,485 25	$5,485 25	See table on page 126.
Binding reserve work, 1st session 47th Congress.	.....	.....	25,046	.....	.....	.....	25,334 10	25,334 10	Do.
Binding reserve work, 2d session 47th Congress.	.....	.....	17,743	.....	.....	.....	18,819 45	18,819 45	Do.
Total cost of printing, binding, &c., done by order of the House of Representatives.	.....	68,338	21,510,183	$6,097 29	$172,052 69	$32,491 45	65,691 97	276,333 40	
LIBRARY OF CONGRESS.									
Miscellaneous documents ordered by Executive Departments, furnished the Library of Congress.	Sec. 3796 R. S.	.....	32,500	196 14	522 87	501 40	141 03	1,361 44	For Library of Congress.
Binding miscellaneous reserve work	.....	.....	3,450	.....	.....	.....	3,182 50	3,182 50	See table on page 126.
Total	.....	.....	35,950	196 14	522 87	501 40	3,323 53	4,543 94	

RECAPITULATION.

	Number of pages.	Number of copies.	Cost of lithographing and engraving.	Cost of composition, stereotyping, pressework, folding, inserting plates, &c.	Cost of paper.	Cost of binding.	Total cost.
Total cost of printing, binding, &c., done by authority of law, joint or concurrent resolutions	33,110	882,612	$79,082 48	$190,733 33	$115,690 44	$112,460 20	$497,966 45
Total cost of printing, binding, &c., done by order of the Senate	48,410	7,455,043	9,382 97	106,109 30	17,800 69	15,850 66	149,143 62
Total cost of printing, binding, &c., done by order of the House	68,338	21,510,188	6,097 29	172,052 69	32,491 45	65,691 97	276,333 40
Total cost of printing, binding, &c., done by authority of law for the Library of Congress		35,950	196 14	522 87	501 40	3,323 53	4,543 94
Total cost of printing, binding, &c., done on extra copies on private orders	5,830	339,729	570 92	31,206 93	15,672 06	9,445 24	56,895 15
Total cost of paper used in printing speeches					12,218 06		12,218 06
Total cost of printing-paper delivered to the bindery for waste leaves					4,061 73		4,061 73
Total cost of paper used for proofs, &c., by composing, stereotype, and press rooms					1,060 85		1,060 85
Aggregate	155,688	30,223,517	95,329 80	500,625 12	199,496 68	206,771 60	1,002,223 20

No. 1.—*Statement showing the estimated cost of printing, binding, &c.*—Continued.

WORK ORDERED BY CONGRESS IN HAND JUNE 30, 1884, WITH AN ESTIMATE OF THE COST THEREOF.

Title.	Number of copies.	Estimated cost.
Acts of Continental Congress	5,000	No copy.
Medical and Surgical History of the Rebellion, vol. 1, part 3	10,000	$30,000 00
Report on Fish and Fisheries, 1882	11,900	12,000 00
Report on Fish and Fisheries, 1883	11,900	12,000 00
Report on Fish and Fisheries, 1884	11,900	12,000 00
History of Food Fishes and Fisheries of the United States	11,900	14,800 00
Fourth Report Entomological Commission	31,900	20,000 00
Contributions to North American Ethnology, vol. 2, in two parts	4,900	12,000 00
Contributions to North American Ethnology, vol. 6	7,900	9,000 00
Contributions to North American Ethnology, vol. 7	7,900	12,000 00
Contributions to North American Ethnology, vol. 8	7,900	10,000 00
Contributions to North American Ethnology, vol. 9	7,900	10,000 00
Contributions to North American Ethnology, vol. 10	7,900	10,000 00
Final Report Geological and Geographical Survey, vol. 3, Hayden	6,100	44,235 00
Final Report Geological and Geographical Survey, vol 4, Hayden	6,100	7,000 00
Final Report Geological and Geographical Survey, vol. 8, Hayden	6,100	27,500 00
Final Report Geological and Geographical Survey, vol. 13, Hayden	6,100	20,000 00
Final Report Geological and Geographical Survey, vol. 14, Hayden	6,100	12,000 00
Report on Transit of Venus, 1874, parts 2, 3, and 4	6,450	4,000 00
Astronomical Papers, vol. 3, part 2	3,400	1,000 00
American Ephemeris and Nautical Almanac	3,400	4,540 00
Report of Smithsonian Institution, 1883	17,460	10,900 00
Third Annual Report of the Director of the Bureau of Ethnology	16,900	41,000 00
Husbandry of the Angora Goat	10,000	1,100 00
Orange-Tree Culture	6,900	4,800 00
Economic Entomology	2,900	1,350 00
Decisions of the First Comptroller of the Treasury, vol. 5	9,417	14,790 00
Report of the Superintendent of the Coast and Geodetic Survey, 1883	4,900	11,000 00
Eulogies on the late Hon. D. C. Haskell	14,400	3,750 00
Eulogies on the late Hon. Thomas Allen	13,900	3,500 00
Eulogies on the late Hon. T. H. Herndon	14,400	3,750 00
Report of the Commissioner of Education, 1883	39,900	31,000 00
Flora of Virginia, vol. 6	4,900	6,000 00
Production of Precious Metals	10,900	7,500 00
Report Bureau of Animal Industry	51,900	19,800 00
Report National Board of Health, 1880	1,000	1,350 00
Report National Board of Health, 1881	1,000	1,000 00
Report National Board of Health, 1882	1,000	1,600 00
Rebellion Records (under Secretary of War), 16 vols., 11,900 each	190,400	122,300 00
Agricultural Report, 1884	401,900	200,000 00
Reports of the Tenth Census	.....	251,609 14
	996,727	1,022,174 14

NOTE.—A large amount of work has been done on the above during the year. It is not charged up until completed.

No. 2.—*Statement showing the approximated cost of printing, and paper for same, and of blank books, binding, ruling, &c., for the Executive and Judicial Departments of the Government during the fiscal year ending June* 30, 1884.

Department.	Printing and paper for same.		Total of printing and paper.	Blank books, binding, ruling, &c.	Aggregate of printing, paper, and binding.
	Printing.	Paper.			
Navy	$38,045 10	$6,967 95	$45,013 05	$21,095 97	$66,109 02
War	59,361 59	23,416 84	82,778 43	71,205 51	153,983 94
Interior	241,743 72	49,050 25	290,793 97	69,804 28	360,598 25
Treasury	118,103 40	42,558 38	160,661 78	127,461 75	288,123 53
Post-Office	54,463 52	63,212 38	117,675 90	75,025 00	192,700 90
Agriculture	11,686 72	5,763 19	17,449 91	2,255 88	19,705 79
State	2,084 91	1,188 84	3,273 75	7,234 86	10,508 61
Justice	3,690 68	403 79	4,094 47	3,777 42	7,871 89
Supreme Court of the United States	23,738 92	167 55	23,906 47	454 01	24,360 48
Supreme Court of District of Columbia	694 60	34 55	729 15	267 83	996 98
Court of Claims	7,660 40	97 67	7,758 07	238 29	7,996 36
Library of Congress	266 94	42 02	308 96	11,107 42	11,416 38
National Board of Health	336 35	.....	336 35	.....	336 35
Office of Public Printer	2,905 60	513 82	3,419 42	3,121 81	*6,541 23
Total	564,782 45	193,417 23	758,199 68	393,050 03	1,151,249 71

* Includes $1,781.26 for books and blanks for Congressional Record.

No. 3.—*Statement showing the disbursements on account of Salaries and Contingent Expenses in the Office of the Public Printer during the fiscal year ending June* 30, 1884.

Salary of Public Printer	$4,500 00	
Salary of Chief Clerk	2,400 00	
Salary of four clerks, at $1,800 each	7,200 00	
Salary of one clerk	1,200 00	
		$15,300 00
Contingent expenses of the office		1,637 98
Total		16,937 98

No. 4.—*Statement showing the disbursements on account of the Public Printing and Binding (except Congressional Record) for the fiscal year ending June* 30, 1884.

Pay of employés:

July (earned in June)	$102,147 83
August (earned in July)	122,565 87
September (earned in August)	122,223 92
October (earned in September)	114,661 36
November (earned in October)	119,864 68
December (earned in November)	123,376 61
January (earned in December)	128,258 40
February (earned in January)	133,818 00
March (earned in February)	129,943 71
Carried forward	1,096,860 38

Brought forward	$1,096,860 38		
April (earned in March)	136,975 62		
May (earned in April)	128,531 34		
June (earned in May)	139,771 08		
			$1,502,138 42
Improvements and repairs to building:			
Plumbing and gas-fitting	483 68		
Repairs	2,495 48		
Lumber	1,636 11		
Glass	55 24		
Paint, &c	319 28		
Awnings, curtains, and fixtures	330 32		
			5,320 11
Machinery, tools, implements, &c.:			
9 printing-presses	27,825 00		
Fixtures to presses	605 45		
1 ruling-machine	650 00		
4 ruling-machines, at $550	2,200 00		
Fixtures to ruling-machines	2,478 14		
3 thread book-sewing machines, at $1,200	3,600 00		
Fixtures to sewing-machines	148 65		
1 backing-machine	900 00		
Fixtures to backing-machine	17 40		
Fixtures to pressing-machines	110 30		
1 skiving-machine	800 00		
1 book-sawing machine	125 00		
12 circular saws	6 00		
1 power stabbing-machine	200 00		
Fixtures to calendering-machine	14 40		
5 power case-smoothers with pulleys, at $60	300 00		
1 embossing and inking press	1,400 00		
1 smashing-machine	1,000 00		
1 apparatus for drawing printers' rollers	65 00		
1 machine for inserting bands	65 00		
2 machines for punching and riveting eyelets	60 00		
1 perforating-machine	600 00		
1 stitching-machine	850 00		
Fixtures to stitching-machines	75 85		
Fixtures to folding-machines	30 00		
4 cutting-machines	3,325 00		
1 rotary card-cutter	950 00		
2 pamphlet trimmers	500 00		
Fixtures to cutting-machines	315 60		
4 cutting-knives, at $17	68 00		
24 cutting-knives, at $10.50	252 00		
4 cutting-knives, at $9.50	38 00		
7 cutting-knives	104 10		
12 cutting-presses, at $9	108 00		
2 dozen cutting-sticks, at $3.60	7 20		
2 dozen cutting-sticks, at $3.50	7 00		
12 plows, at $4	48 00		
5 plow-knives, at $12	60 00		
6 press-pins, at 75 cents	4 50		
12 sewing-benches, at $2	24 00		
Carried forward	49,937 59		1,507,458

Brought forward	$49,937 59	$1,507,458 53
ess-boards, at $100 per M	1,000 00	
ss-boards, at $106.66⅔ per M	320 00	
ss-boards, at $80 per M	160 00	
-boards	407 40	
ards	232 00	
boards	25 00	
ıt $3.50	10 50	
ın links, at 2 cents	98 50	
ınds rope	275 19	
ınnds iron castings, at 5 cents	80 88	
ead machine	450 00	
g-press	550 00	
ype mold-press	225 0	
ıolding-plates	119 00	
ıe-planed slip irons	25 ⁸0	
ng-pans	265 81	
:able	240 00	
ng-irons	2 30	
to dynamo-machine	53 97	
raph stones, at $2	24 00	
ınds copper battery plates, at 28.5 cents	324 90	
t belting	634 54	
ds cotton-waste, at 10½ cents	35 88	
s felting, at 3 cents	9 93	
ls wire, at 50 cents	11 50	
nds wire, at 40 cents	69 40	
ls wire, at 25 cents	9 75	
ınds wire, at 24 cents	233 33	
, at 10 cents	4 00	
ls packing, at 38 cents	29 26	
ones, at $3.50	10 50	
one frames, at $15	30 00	
ook-binder's hammers, at $21	84 00	
hammer-handles, at 75 cents	2 25	
oilers	15 60	
ilers, at $4	12 00	
cators, at 5 cents	15 00	
llets, at $1.25	62 50	
llets, at 50 cents	15 00	
ds lacing-leather, at 70 cents	30 45	
ls lacing-leather, at 62 cents	21 08	
cing-leather	3 33	
le-leather	6 90	
ıg pallets, at $10	60 00	
ıash-tools, at $3.50	31 50	
aste-piggins, at $6	24 00	
ıt	1 25	
:rimmers, at $8	24 00	
:rimmers, at $7.50	37 50	
burnishers	21 00	
itches, at $1.50	12 00	
olders	2 75	
Carried forward	55,388 04	1,507,458 53

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Brought forward	$56,388 04	$1,507,458 53
2 dozen folders, at $2.50	5 00	
7½ dozen folders, at $3	21 75	
6 finishing stands, at $5	30 00	
6 finishing stands, at $3	18 00	
2 double stands with racks, at $4.50	9 00	
1 dozen plyers	36 00	
4 pairs plyers	3 00	
4 pairs scissors	1 95	
2 pairs shears, at 65 cents	1 30	
2½ dozen screw-drivers	7 35	
26⅝ dozen files	61 41	
44 dozen shoe-knives, at $1.25	55 00	
10 dozen paring-knives, at $1.75	17 50	
3 dozen dividers, at $9	27 00	
4 dozen dividers, at $5.50	22 00	
7 pairs dividers	3 90	
1 dozen wrenches	11 30	
1 dozen tweezers	4 00	
1 dozen awls	1 50	
100 awls, at 50 cents	50 00	
96 awls, at 10 cents	9 60	
50 oil-stones, at 25 cents	50	
50 sand-stones, at 25 cents	12 50	
6 punches	1 50	
12 heating burners for gas furnace, at $6	72 00	
160½ pounds valve gum-tires, for truck-wheels, at 90 cents.	144 22	
1 extra dormant scale	170 00	
1 scale	51 10	
1 truck	30 00	
2 hand-trucks, at $12.25	24 50	
1 type-writer	125 00	
50 A lamps, at $1	50 00	
Electric call-bells	28 75	
Making 118 prepared rubbers, at $1	11 0	
6 beverteen cloths, at $18	108 0.	
6 beverteen cloths, at $13	78 00	
1 beverteen cloth	21 00	
1 dozen spatulas	7 25	
1 horizontal miter-machine	16 00	
1 lead and rule cutter	11 00	
Type, various kinds	20,998 21	
1,512 feet rule, at 14 cents	211 68	
1,000 feet rule, at 12 cents	120 00	
100 feet rule, at 10 cents	10 00	
542 feet rule, at 8 cents	43 36	
16,126 feet rule, at 6 cents	967 56	
16 column rules	4 65	
81 chases	315 90	
50 brass galleys	146 25	
2 dozen mallets, at $2.40	4 80	
30 composing-sticks	33 48	
96 shooting-sticks, at 5 cents	4 80	
Carried forward	80,987 61	1,507,458 53

Brought forward	$80,987 61	$1,507,458 53	
2,000 quoins	11 50		
3 dozen Hempel's quoins, at $2.50	7 50		
2 keys, at 50 cents	1 00		
60 pairs cases, at $1.60	96 00		
6 book-binders' cases, at $15	90 00		
16 stereotype blocks, at $2.82	45 12		
80 stereotype blocks, at $2.90	232 00		
32 stereotype blocks, at $3.25	104 00		
20½ dozen lye brushes, at $3.39	70 06		
3½ dozen pick brushes, at $3.99	14 63		
13 dozen glue brushes, at $29.50	383 50		
9 dozen glue brushes, at $24	216 00		
9 dozen glue brushes, at $16.75	150 75		
2 dozen glue brushes, at $8.50	17 00		
4 dozen dust brushes, at $4.50	18 00		
2 dozen dust brushes	10 50		
2 dusters, at $1	2 00		
1 dozen paste brushes	16 75		
34 scrubbing brushes	12 20		
9 whitewash brushes	22 0		
Miscellaneous brushes	79 13		
5 dozen brooms, at $2.65	13 25		
36 dozen brooms, at $2.35	84 60		
2 dozen brooms, at $3	6 00		
2 dozen brooms	8 55		
Chairs, stools, &c	152 00		
29 dozen crocks, at $1.50	43 50		
1,000 feet fire-hose, at 85 cents	850 00		
150 feet engine-hose, at 50 cents	75 00		
25 feet hose, at 15 cents	3 75		
2 iron wash-basins	20 00		
2 water-coolers	28 00		
Clocks and repairs	316 00		
Iron, steel, tools, &c	712 40		
Shaftings, pulleys, &c	382 37		
			85,283 67
Material, &c.:			
1,565 reams ledger cap, at $2.432	$3,806 07		
900 reams ledger cap, at $3.021	2,718 89		
200 reams ledger cap, at $2.544	508 80		
200 reams ledger cap, at $2.53	506 00		
64 reams ledger medium, at $6.42	410 88		
1,110 reams ledger medium, at $6.042	6,706 62		
1,487 reams ledger medium, at $4.864	7,232 77		
459 reams ledger medium, at $4.77	2,189 43		
224 reams ledger medium, at $3.87	866 88		
60 reams ledger double-medium, at $8	480 00		
50 reams ledger super-royal, at $9.62	481 00		
454 reams ledger super-royal, at $9.12	4,140 48		
100 reams ledger blue demy, at $4.90	490 00		
100 reams ledger demy, at $4.89	489 00		
1,796 64/100 reams ledger demy, at $4.524	8,125 67		
Carried forward	39,152 49	1,592,741 20	

	Brought forward	$39,152 49	$1,592,741 20
50	reams ledger demy, at $3.94	197 00	
216	reams ledger demy, at $3.744	808 70	
2,156	reams ledger demy, at $3.712	8,003 06	
200	reams ledger imperial, at $12	2,400 00	
250	reams ledger double-cap, at $6.678	1,669 50	
450	reams ledger double-cap, at $6.042	2,718 90	
923 120/100	reams ledger double-cap, at $4.49	4,560 80	
1,004	reams ledger double-cap, at $3.744	3,758 98	
100	reams ledger double-demy, at $13.125	1,312 50	
150	reams ledger double-demy, at $7.632	1,144 80	
50	reams ledger royal, at $7.76	388 00	
430	reams ledger royal, at $7.36	3,164 80	
250	reams ledger royal, at $5.60	1,400 00	
136	reams ledger, 23 by 36–50 pounds, at $8	1,088 00	
79 168/100	reams ledger, 17½ by 27–48 pounds, at $7.68	612 37	
108	reams ledger, 17 by 28–38 pounds, at $4.94	533 52	
350	reams ledger, 16 by 20½–28 pounds, at $4.48	1,568 00	
209 88/100	reams ledger, 16 by 20½–24 pounds, at $3.12	654 51	
209	reams ledger, 16 by 20½–20 pounds, at $2.60	43 40	
262	reams ledger, 13 by 16–16 pounds, at $2.08	544 96	
27	reams manila, at $10.92	294 84	
29 124/100	reams manila, at $9.48	281 08	
296 100/100	reams manila, at $9.18	2,724 62	
50	reams manila, at $4.73	236 50	
400 176/100	reams manila, at $4.59	1,839 44	
106 88/100	reams manila, at $2.73	289 93	
49 144/100	reams hardware, at $3.92	195 41	
10	reams blotting, at $10.60	106 00	
45	reams French folio-post, at $1.40	63 00	
55	reams comb-lining, at $9.74	535 70	
30	reams comb-lining, at $10.49	367 15	
136	reams marble, at $6.14	798 20	
20 133/100	reams plaid, at $9.58	193 96	
32 112/100	reams plaid, at $8.40	276 56	
100	reams copying, at $1.75	175 00	
200	reams copying, at $1.15	230 00	
16	reams copying, at $2.75	44 00	
1,082	reams tissue, at $2.22	2,402 04	
22	reams manifold, at $1.40	30 80	
2	quires black glazed paper	45	
269	sheets bristol-board, at 14¾ cents	40 01	
			87,348 9
Twine, 2,729	pounds, at 34 cents	927 86	
144	pounds, at 33 cents	47 52	
3,567	pounds, at 12 cents	428 04	
1,114	pounds, at 11 cents	122 54	
125¼	pounds cord, at 18 cents	22 55	
			1,548 5
Thread, 75	pounds, at 94 cents	70 50	
300	pounds, at 92 cents	276 00	
1,870	pounds, at 89 cents	1,682 10	
102	pounds, at 80 cents	81 60	
702	pounds, at 70 cents	491 40	
	Carried forward	2,601 60	1,681,628 6

Brought forward		$2,601 60	$1,681,638 69
Thread, 279 pounds, at 67 cents		186 93	
601 pounds, at 66.2 cents		397 86	
105 dozen, machine, at $1.20		126 00	
			3,312 39
Page cord, 426 pounds, at 26 cents			110 76
Binding cloth, 54 pieces, at $6.87		370 98	
175 pieces, at $6.54		1,144 50	
775 pieces, at $6.19		4,797 25	
100 pieces, at $4.59		459 00	
1,300 pieces, at $4.02		5,226 00	
			11,997 73
Russia leather, 1,639¾ feet, at 20 cents		327 95	
45,042 feet, at 18 cents		8,107 56	
19¼ feet, at 16 cents		3 12	
			8,438 63
Turkey morocco, 7½ dozen, at $30		212 50	
7⅛ dozen, at $28		200 67	
5 dozen, at $22.95		114 75	
100¼ dozen, at $22.50		2,261 25	
173 dozen, at $22.24		3,847 44	
			6,636 61
Title leather, 34 dozen, at $12.75		433 50	
130 dozen, at $11.24		1,461 20	
22 dozen, at $10.85		238 70	
200 dozen, at $9.95		1,990 00	
			4,123 40
Law-calf, 25¼ dozen, at $38		969 00	
572½ dozen, at $34.50		19,751 25	
12⅛ dozen, at $24.70		300 52	
9 dozen, at $22.23		200 07	
			21,220 84
Law-sheep, 1,857 dozen, at $11.50		21,355 50	
1 dozen, at $9.50		9 50	
½ dozen, at $6		3 00	
			21,368 00
Roans, 45½ dozen, at $8.75		398 13	
50 dozen, at $8.50		425 00	
75 dozen, at $8.45		633 75	
			1,456 88
Skivers, 326 dozen, at $9.94		3,243 70	
20 dozen, at $8.95		179 00	
450 dozen, at $8		3,600 00	
150¼ dozen, at $6		903 00	
			7,925 70
Cow-hide buffing, 2,528 feet, at 8.7 cents		219 95	
239¼ feet, at 8.5 cents		20 38	
19 feet, at 7.7 cents		1 46	
			241 79
Fleshes, 900 dozen, at $4.25			3,825 00
Parchment, 10 dozen, at $10			100 00
Gold leaf, 50 packs, at $6.60		330 00	
1,850 packs, at $6.49		12,006 50	
Carried forward		12,336 50	1,772,396 42

Brought forward	$12,336 50	$1,772,396 42
Gold leaf, 200 packs, at $5.75	1,150 00	
800 packs (imitation), at $1.32	1,056 00	
		14,542 50
Binder's board, 2,039 pounds, at 6 cents	122 34	
315,500 pounds, at 4.8 cents	15,144 00	
10,000 pounds, at 3.5 cents	350 00	
98,300 pounds, at 3.2 cents	3,145 60	
500 pounds, at 3 cents	15 00	
133,050 pounds, at 2.9 cents	3,858 45	
48,750 pounds, at 2 cents	975 00	
		23,610 39
Glue, 706 pounds, at 14⅞ cents	105 02	
23,644 pounds, at 14½ cents	3,431 31	
30 pounds, at 35 cents	10 50	
		3,546 83
Cotton, 388½ yards, at 22 cents	85 47	
1,374 yards, at 17½ cents	240 45	
2,511½ yards, at 12 cents	301 38	
529½ yards, at 7½ cents	39 71	
5,528¾ yards, at 7 cents	387 02	
		1,054 03
Crash, 3,600 yards, at 12 cents	432 00	
682 yards, at 7 cents	47 74	
		479 74
Gingham, 235 yards, at 9½ cents	22 33	
52 yards	5 20	
		27 53
Muslin, 66 yards, at 8 cents		5 28
Paper cambric, 1,130½ yards, at 6 cents		67 82
Tape, 144 yards, at 1½ cents		2 16
Canvas, 777½ yards, at 23 cents	178 83	
3,065½ yards, at 18.4 cents	564 01	
		742 84
Flannel, 21½ yards, at 75 cents	16 12	
11 yards, at 70 cents	7 70	
53¾ yards, at 18 cents	9 67	
		33 49
Gray super, 12,040 yards, at 3.7 cents		445 48
Jeweler's cotton, 20 pounds, at $1.50		30 00
Silk braid, 144 pieces, at 15 cents	21 60	
1,076 pieces, at 12½ cents	134 50	
45 pieces, at 10 cents	4 50	
		160 60
Braid, 13,530 yards, at 1¼ cents	169 13	
1 piece	1 15	
		170 28
Stay-binding, 15 gross, at 75 cents		11 25
Head-bands, 60 pieces, at 80 cents	48 00	
101 pieces, at 71 cents	71 71	
200 pieces, at 67 cents	134 00	
250 pieces, at 56 cents	140 00	
200 pieces, at 48 cents	96 00	
		489 71
Flour, 7 barrels, at $5.99	41 93	
98 barrels, at $5.86	574 28	
		616 21
Carried forward		1,818,432 56

Brought forward		$1,818,432 56
Beeswax, 437½ pounds, at 41½ cents		181 57
Sirup, 25 gallons, at 60 cents		15 00
Alcohol, 380 gallons, at $2.32		881 60
Benzine, 1,169½ gallons, at 8½ cents		99 43
Oils, 837½ gallons sperm, at $1.20	$1,005 00	
102½ gallons linseed, at 57 cents	58 43	
2 dozen olive, at $9.75	19 50	
30 dozen sweet, at $1.37½	41 25	
		1,124 18
Soap, 7,351½ pounds, at 6.1 cents	448 46	
1 dozen	1 30	
6 bars castile	2 90	
		452 66
Roller composition, 9,146 pounds, at 45 cents		4,115 70
Lubricating compound, 178 pounds, at 20 cents		35 60
Glycerine, 15 pounds, 40 cents	6 00	
477 pounds, 28 cents	133 56	
463 pounds, 25 cents	115 75	
4 quarts	4 25	
		259 56
Potash, 524 pounds, at 6½ cents	34 06	
5,393 pounds, at 6¼ cents	337 07	
		371 13
Printing ink, 20 pounds, at $5	$100 00	
170 pounds, at $4	680 00	
5 pounds, at $3	15 00	
110½ pounds, at $2	221 00	
460 pounds, at $1.50	690 00	
220 pounds, at $1	220 00	
115 pounds, at $1.25	143 75	
15 pounds (varnish), at 80 cents	12 00	
4,059 pounds, at 60 cents	2,435 40	
3,470 pounds, at 50 cents	1,735 00	
2,633 pounds, at 40 cents	1,053 20	
2,941 pounds, at 30 cents	882 30	
		8,187 65
Stereotype metal, 103,905 pounds, at 9.1 cents		9,455 35
Clay, 20 barrels, at $2.75		55 00
Plaster Paris, 47 barrels, at $2.25		105 75
Kaolin, 4 barrels, at $9		36 00
Flower of soapstone, 1 barrel		7 50
Barytes earth, 1 barrel	33 52	
720 pounds, at 3 cents	21 60	
		55 12
Tinfoil, 300 pounds, at 25 cents		75 00
Zinc, 40 pounds, at 9 cents		3 60
Antimony, 303 pounds, at 14 cents		42 42
Bar tin, 1,300 pounds, at 24.5 cents		318 50
Bar lead, 5,000 pounds, at 5.2 cents		260 00
Black lead, 40 pounds, at 65 cents		26 00
Electrotyper's filings, 654 pounds, at 6 cents		39 24
Bonnet boards, 5,040 sheets, at 3½ cents		176 40
Carried forward		1,844,812 52

Brought forward		$1,844,812 52
Blocking wood, 2,074 feet, at 28.8 cents		597 30
Blanketing, 10 yards felt, at $9.50		95 00
Emery cloth		13 35
Emery, 660 pounds, at 5½ cents		36 63
Stereotype paper, 2 reams		27 20
Sponge, 34¼ pounds, at $2.50	$86 88	
2 pounds, at $2.15	4 30	
90 pounds, at $1.85	166 50	
		257 68
Wax tapers, 20 dozen boxes, at $3		60 00
Shoe laces, 4 gross		4 20
Needles, 148 papers, at 15 cents	22 20	
685 papers, at 10 cents	68 50	
50 papers, at 6 cents	3 00	
50 papers, at 5½ cents	2 75	
6 dozen	50	
		96 95
Pins, 8 packages, $1.50	12 00	
4 packages, 90 cents	3 60	
		15 60
Eggs		41 37
Vinegar		15 05
Ice		790 66
Coal		3,077 38
Gas		9,920 17
Sawdust		137 90
Washing towels		1,152 39
Telephone		935 24
Telegraphing		92 99
Carpets, matting, &c		288 70
Stationery		657 19
Boxing, cartage, and freight		1,643 50
Perforating-tables		253 50
Van Nostrand's Magazine		50
Lippincott's Gazetteer		12 00
Hayden's Dictionary of Dates		6 00
Dunglison's Medical Dictionary		7 50
United States Dispensatory		8 00
Rand & McNally's Atlas		27 00
Miscellaneous items		604 72
Dyes, gums, &c.:		
Carmine, 50 ounces, at 50 cents	25 00	
50 ounces, at 40 cents	20 00	
		45 00
Chrome yellow, 108 pounds, at 35 cents		37 80
Egg albumen, 250 pounds, at 77 cents		192 50
Blood albumen, 100 pounds, at 75 cents	75 00	
25 pounds, at 50 cents	12 50	
		87 50
Alum, 671 pounds, at 6 cents		40 26
Ultramarine blue, 5 pounds, at 40 cents	2 00	
Carried forward	2 00	$1,866,091 25

Brought forward	$2 00	$1,866,091 25
Ultramarine blue, 28 pounds, at 35 cents	9 80	
1 pound	30	
		12 10
Oxalic acid, 75 pounds, at 25 cents		18 75
Pearlash, 200 pounds, at 15 cents		30 00
Gum-hog, 195½ pounds, at 55 cents		107 53
Beef-galls, 100, at 25 cents		25 00
Sulphate copper, 759 pounds, at 6½ cents		49 34
Ammonia, 96 pounds, at 20 cents		19 20
Gum arabic, 120 pounds, at 19 cents		22 80
Muriate of tin, 2 pounds, at 25 cents		50
Orange shellac, 100 pounds, at 30 cents		30 00
Red-lake, 85 pounds, at 55 cents		46 75
Soluble blue, 25 pounds, at 70 cents		17 50
Borax, 102 pounds, at 20 cents		20 40
Turpentine, 20 pounds, white, at 12 cents	2 40	
2 gallons, at 50 cents	1 00	
		3 40
Creosote, 1 pound	1 25	
19 pounds, at $1	19 00	
		20 25
Whiting, 10 pounds, at 3 cents		30
Varnish, 48 quarts, French, at $1.50		72 00
Calsomine, 274 pounds, at 8 cents		21 92
Dextrine, 125 pounds, at 15 cents		18 75
Dubbins, 98 pounds, at 25 cents		24 50
Detergent, 6,779 pounds, at 7½ cents		508 39
Tallow, 370 pounds, at 10 cents		37 00
Sulphuric acid, 1 carboy		5 00
Insect powder, 50 pounds, at 65 cents	32 50	
50 pounds, at 45 cents	22 50	
18 boxes roach paste	11 00	
		66 00
Eosene, 3 pounds, at $8.50	25 50	
1 pound	6 00	
		31 50
Horses, wagons, &c.:		
1 mare	175 00	
1 mare	200 00	
Horse feed	2,393 66	
Shoeing	427 00	
Wagons and repairs	938 80	
Harness and repairs	514 00	
10 horse buckets	9 00	
2 stable brooms, at $1.75	3 50	
4 cans neat's-foot oil	5 75	
Veterinary services, &c	64 35	
Pasturage	18 00	
		4,749 06
Total		1,872,049 19
Value of bindery stock on hand, exclusive of machinery and tools, on June 30, 1883		32,130 05
Value of bindery stock on hand, exclusive of machinery and tools, on June 30, 1884		61,662 68

No. 5.—*Statement showing the disbursements on account of Paper for the Public Printing (except Congressional Record) for the fiscal year ending June* 30, 1884.

PRINTING PAPER.

802	reams and 10 quires calendered, 40 pounds, 20½ by 29 inches, at $3.28	$2,632 20
658	reams calendered, 40 pounds, 20½ by 29 inches, at $2.96	1,947 68
674	reams and 10 quires calendered, 40 pounds, 22¼ by 31½ inches, at $3.24	2,185 38
376	reams calendered, 40 pounds, 22¼ by 31½ inches, at $2.90	1,112 96
1,122	reams and 7 quires calendered, 42 pounds, 22¼ by 31½ inches, at $3.444	3,865 38
1,035	reams calendered, 42 pounds, 22¼ by 31½ inches, at $3.108	3,216 78
4,760	reams calendered, 45 pounds, 24 by 32 inches, at $3.645	17,350 21
1,930	reams calendered, 45 pounds, 24 by 32 inches, at $3.285	6,340 04
57,086	pounds uncalendered, 45 pounds, 24 by 38 inches, at 7.2 cents	4,110 20
215,128	pounds uncalendered, 45 pounds, 24 by 38 inches, at 7.1 cents	15,274 09
5	reams uncalendered, 35 pounds, 24 by 38 inches, at $2.485	12 42
20,194	reams uncalendered, 48 pounds, 24 by 38 inches, at $3.408	68,821 17
7,908	reams uncalendered, 48 pounds, 24 by 38 inches, at $3.456	27,330 05
3,166	reams uncalendered, 48 pounds, 24 by 38 inches, at $3.024	9,573 99
332	reams uncalendered, 48 pounds, 24 by 38 inches, at $2.976	988 03
4,989	reams uncalendered, 48 pounds, 24 by 38 inches, at $2.928	14,607 79
4,694	reams uncalendered, 48 pounds, 24 by 38 inches, at $2.88	13,518 72
1,166	reams and 7⅔ quires calendered, 50 pounds, 22¼ by 31½ inches, at $4.15	4,840 48
696	reams calendered, 50 pounds, 22¼ by 31½ inches, at $3.70	2,575 20
612	reams and 16 quires calendered, 50 pounds, 24 by 38 inches, at $4	2,451 20
662	reams calendered, 50 pounds, 24 by 38 inches, at $3.70	2,449 40
1,557	reams calendered, 60 pounds, 24 by 32 inches, at $4.92	7,660 44
816	reams calendered, 60 pounds, 25 by 38 inches, at $4.44	3,623 04
207	reams and 10 quires calendered, 70 pounds, 24 by 38 inches, at $5.74	1,191 05
	Carried forward	217,677 90

	Brought forward	$217,677 90	
204	reams calendered, 70 pounds, 24 by 38 inches, at $5.18	1,056 72	
821	reams calendered, 70 pounds, 24 by 38 inches, at $5.11	4,195 31	
1,003	reams uncalendered, 90 pounds, 32 by 48 inches, at $7.47	7,492 41	
321	reams and 10 quires uncalendered, 96 pounds, 38 by 48 inches, at $6.912	2,222 22	
1,006	reams uncalendered, 96 pounds, 38 by 48 inches, at $5.856	5,891 14	
613	reams and 10 quires tinted, 70 pounds, 24 by 38 inches, at $5.74	3,521 49	
332	reams and 16 quires tinted, 60 pounds, 24 by 32 inches, at $4.50	1,497 60	
594	reams tinted, 60 pounds, 24 by 32 inches, at $4.44	2,637 36	
830	reams and 15 quires tinted, 60 pounds, 24 by 32 inches, at $4.92	4,087 29	
642	reams and 5 quires tinted, 40 pounds, 22¼ by 31½ inches, at $3.24	2,080 89	
206	reams tinted, 40 pounds, 24 by 38 inches, at $4	824 00	
206	reams tinted, 40 pounds, 21½ by 29 inches, at $3.28	675 68	
			$253,860 01
	WRITING AND OTHER PAPERS.		
224	reams quarto-post, 9 pounds, at 96.3 cents	215 71	
484	reams quarto-post, 10 pounds, at 92 cents	445 28	
404	reams quarto-post, 10 pounds, at $1.07	432 28	
213	reams quarto-post, 12 pounds, at $1.284	273 49	
630	reams cap, 14 pounds, at $1.372	864 36	
899	reams cap, 16 pounds, at $1.568	1,409 63	
492	reams cap, 16 pounds, at $1.504	739 97	
1,123	reams and 10 quires demy, 20 pounds, at $2	2,247 00	
323	reams demy, 20 pounds, at $1.80	581 40	
335	reams and 15 quires demy, 25 pounds, at $2.50	839 37	
261	reams demy, 25 pounds, at $2.25	587 25	
394	reams folio, 16 pounds, at $1.578	617 80	
504	reams folio, 16 pounds, at $1.44	725 76	
565	reams folio, 23 pounds, at $2.254	1,273 51	
228	reams medium, 20 pounds, at $1.96	446 88	
663	reams medium, 26 pounds, at $2.548	1,689 33	
1,160	reams and 15 quires royal, 28 pounds, at $2.80	3,250 10	
50	reams royal, 45 pounds, at $4.50	225 00	
529	reams super-royal, 35 pounds, at $3.85	2,036 65	
107	reams super-royal, 56 pounds, at $6.16	659 12	
914	reams imperial, 40 pounds, at $3.92	3,582 88	
277	reams imperial, 40 pounds, at $3.60	997 20	
500	reams double-cap, 23 pounds, at $2.254	1,127 00	
507	reams double-cap, 23 pounds, at $2.07	1,049 49	
1,034	reams double cap, 24 pounds, at $2.352	2,431 97	
1,708	reams double-cap, 28 pounds, at $2.744	4,686 76	
511	reams double-cap, 28 pounds, at $2.88	1,471 68	
570	reams double-cap, 28 pounds, at $2.52	1,436 40	
2,804	reams double-cap, 32 pounds, at $3.136	8,793 35	
285	reams double-cap, 36 pounds, at $3.528	1,005 48	
	Carried forward	46,142 10	253,860 01

	Brought forward	$46,142 10	$253,860 01
1,540	reams double-demy, 34 pounds, at $3.332	5,131 27	
2,059	reams double-demy, 40 pounds, at $3.92	8,071 28	
653	reams double-demy, 40 pounds, at $3.60	2,350 80	
306	reams and 14 quires double-demy, 50 pounds, at $4.90	1,502 83	
220	reams double-demy, 50 pounds, at $4.50	990 00	
1,268	reams and 10 quires double-folio, 40 pounds, at $3.80	4,820 30	
527	reams double-folio, 40 pounds, at $3.60	1,897 20	
209	reams double-folio, 55 pounds, at $5.225	1,092 02	
295	reams special, 32 pounds, at $3.136	925 12	
201	reams special, 32 pounds, at $2.88	578 88	
1,155	reams special, 35 pounds, at $3.43	3,961 65	
498	reams special, 35 pounds, at $3.15	1,568 70	
45	reams special, 35 pounds, at $2.59	116 55	
34	reams special, 46 pounds, at $4.508	153 27	
107	reams special, 46 pounds, at $4.14	442 98	
146	reams blue demy, 20 pounds, at $2.46	359 16	
377	reams blue medium, 26 pounds, at $3.198	1,207 09	
213	reams and 13 quires blue double-cap, 32 pounds, at $3.936	840 93	
195	reams and 3 quires yellow double-cap, 32 pounds, at $3.36	655 70	
271	reams and 10 quires yellow double-cap, 32 pounds, at $3.616	981 75	
214	reams buff double-cap, 32 pounds, at $3.616	773 82	
444	reams and 15 quires buff double-cap, 32 pounds, at $3.36	1,494 36	
225	reams and 10 quires green double-cap, 32 pounds, at $3.36	757 68	
168	reams and 8 quires green double-cap, 32 pounds, at $3.616	608 94	
127	reams and 15 quires pink double-cap, 32 pounds, at $3.616	461 95	
98	reams lilac double-cap, 32 pounds, at $3.616	354 37	
141	reams blue double-folio, 32 pounds, at $3.84	541 44	
177	reams blue double-folio, 40 pounds, at $4.80	84 60	
248	reams blue double-folio, 40 pounds, at $4	992 00	
160	reams cover-paper, 32 pounds, at $3.616	578 56	
752	reams and 7 quires cover-paper, 36 pounds, at $3.168	2,383 44	
288	reams and 14 quires cover-paper, 36 pounds, at $2.988	862 64	
133	reams and 4 quires cover-paper, 50 pounds, at $4.15	552 78	
272	reams and 17 quires cover-paper, 50 pounds, at $4.20	1,145 97	
82	reams cover-paper, 50 pounds, at $4.10	360 80	
3	reams manila-paper, at $27	81 00	
14,704	pounds manila-paper, at 6.6 cents	970 46	
21,042	pounds manila-paper, at 7.3 cents	1,536 07	
500	reams tissue-paper, at 95 cents	475 00	
	Carried forward	99,570 46	253,8[illegible]

	Brought forward	$99,570 46	$253,860 01
4	pounds map-paper, at 8.9 cents	8,196 36	
3	pounds map-paper, at 8.3 cents	502 40	
0	sheets parchment deed-paper, at 3.5 cents	175 00	
3	sheets parchment deed-paper, at 1.5 cents	475 85	
0	sheets parchment deed-paper, at 1.4 cents	140 00	
1	pounds plate-paper, at 8.6 cents	4,878 01	
0	pounds plate-paper, at 8.3 cents	14 94	
0	sheets imitation parchment, at 1.1 cents	220 00	
0	sheets imitation parchment, at 9 mills	108 00	
8	sheets imitation parchment, at 1.5 cents	506 37	
0	sheets artificial parchment, at 5.5 cents	2,530 00	
7	sheets bristol-board, at 2 cents	4,886 14	
5	sheets bristol-board, at 1.8 cents	2,123 37	
1	sheets bristol-board, at 2.1 cents	3,732 56	
2	sheets bristol-board, at 2.2 cents	8,988 15	
0	sheets bristol-board, at 2.3 cents	568 10	
8	sheets bristol-board, at 2.4 cents	278 11	
7	sheets bristol-board, at 2.5 cents	1,892 92	
0	sheets bristol-board, at 2.6 cents	712 40	
3	sheets bristol-board, at 2.8 cents	2,531 56	
5	sheets bristol-board, at 2.054 cents	729 72	
6	sheets R. R. board, at 4.8 cents	792 29	
8	sheets card-board, at 4.2 cents	298 96	
2	sheets card-board, at 4 cents	375 68	
9	sheets card-board, at 3.8 cents	195 28	
0	sheets glazed bond-paper, at $28 per M	280 00	
0	sheets glazed bond-paper, at $24.30 per M	1,336 50	
0	sheets glazed bond-paper, at $19.926 per M	1,095 93	
0	sheets glazed bond-paper, at $17.496 per M	174 96	
0	sheets glazed bond-paper, at $15.50 per M	1,467 29	
5	sheets glazed bond-paper, at $12.71 per M	720 60	
0	sheets glazed bond-paper, at $12.636 per M	1,238 33	
2	sheets glazed bond-paper, at $11.78 per M	125 55	
8	sheets glazed bond-paper, at $11.16 per M	264 27	
4	sheets glazed bond-paper, at $10.85 per M	1,210 09	
0	sheets glazed bond-paper, at $10.50 per M	32 55	
0	sheets glazed bond-paper, at $9.92 per M	588 07	
7	sheets glazed bond paper, at $9.30 per M	279 62	
1	sheets glazed bond-paper, at $8.68 per M	483 38	
0	sheets glazed bond-paper, at $8.525 per M	25 58	
9	sheets glazed bond-paper, at $8.06 per M	769 88	
7	sheets glazed bond-paper, at $6.975 per M	630 71	
0	sheets glazed bond-paper, at $6.355 per M	95 32	
			$156,241 26
	Total		410,101 27

Inventory showing the quantity of paper on hand June 30, 1884.

01⅛ reams of printing-paper, costing	$27,949 16
66/10 reams of tinted paper, costing	6,316 77
25⅛ reams of writing-paper, costing	20,015 69
76/10 reams of cover-paper, costing	3,457 93
Carried forward	57,739 55

...ght forward	511 17
...s of post-office paper, costing	413 21
...s of tissue-paper, costing	64 99
...s of golden envelope-paper, costing	1,422 45
...ns of manila-paper, costing	207 30
...ms of map-paper, costing	19 56
...ms of bank-note paper, costing	405 03
...eets of imitation parchment, costing	146 58
...eets of parchment deed, costing	2,932 98
...heets of bond-paper, costing	3,415 83
...sheets of bristol-board, costing	689 40
...sheets of card-board, costing	160 02
...pounds of plate-paper, costing	68,123 07

...—Of the above amount, $1,267.78 was not paid until after the 30th day ...f 1884.

...ers issued to the bindery for general use during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884.

...o reams printing-paper, costing	$2,054 07
...o reams writing-paper, costing	316 04
... reams manila-paper, costing	89 70
...3/10 reams cover-paper, costing	2 27
	2,462 08

PAPER ACCOUNT.

Paper on hand June 30, 1877	$48,153 57
Purchased July 1, 1877, to June 30, 1878	352,080 22
Purchased July 1, 1878, to June 30, 1879	328,992 29
Purchased July 1, 1879, to June 30, 1880	475,456 51
Purchased July 1, 1880, to June 30, 1881	456,803 14
Purchased July 1, 1881, to June 30, 1882	523,901 19
Purchased July 1, 1882, to June 30, 1883	439,839 46
Purchased July 1, 1883, to June 30, 1884	437,732 83
	3,062,959 21

The work completed and delivered within the same periods shows—

Amount consumed July 1, 1877, to June 30, 1878	$350,969 73
Amount consumed July 1, 1878, to June 30, 1879	344,761 71
Amount consumed July 1, 1879, to June 30, 1880	405,558 08
Amount consumed July 1, 1880, to June 30, 1881	492,802 43
Amount consumed July 1, 1881, to June 30, 1882	475,530 93
Amount consumed July 1, 1882, to June 30, 1883	478,833 10
Amount consumed July 1, 1883, to June 30, 1884	420,545 47
On hand June 30, 1884	68,128 07
	3,037,129 52

...arrive at an exact balance on this account, for the rea... ...tinually going through the press on works ...t charged in above account.

No. 6.—*Statement showing the disbursements on account of the Congressional Record for the fiscal year ending June* 30, 1884.

	Pay of employés:		
	July (earned in June)	$1,606 26	
	August (earned in July)	1,547 70	
	September (earned in August)	2,182 71	
	October (earned in September)	1,089 82	
	November (earned in October)	1,130 92	
	December (earned in November)	1,343 45	
	January (earned in December)	5,264 04	
	February (earned in January)	9,610 12	
	March (earned in February)	9,677 17	
	April (earned in March)	11,647 63	
	May (earned in April)	15,667 70	
	June (earned in May)	13,902 44	
			$74,669 96
	Material, &c.:		
150	reams and 8 quires printing-paper, 96 pounds, at $6.912	21,775 56	
000	reams printing-paper, 96 pounds, at $5.856	5,856 00	
875	feet imitation Russia leather, at 18 cents	3,037 50	
14	dozen law-sheep, at $11.50	161 00	
	¾ dozen title leather, at $11.24	1 88	
	¾ dozen title leather, at $9.95	1 66	
850	pounds binder's boards, at 3.2 cents	731 20	
75	packs gold-leaf, at $6.49	486 75	
506	pounds glue, at 14½ cents	73 37	
30	pounds egg-albumen, at 77 cents	23 10	
24	reams marble-paper, at $6.14	147 36	
3	barrels flour, at $5.86	17 58	
20	pounds gum-arabic, at 19 cents	3 80	
1,225	yards crash, at 12 cents	147 00	
150	pounds wire, at 50 cents	75 00	
200	pounds wire, at 25 cents	50 00	
458	pounds wire, at 24 cents	109 92	
319	pounds twine, at 34 cents	108 46	
770	pounds twine, at 12 cents	92 40	
582	pounds twine, at 11 cents	64 02	
65	pounds page-cord, at 26 cents	16 90	
5	pounds thread, at 94 cents	4 70	
278½	yards cotton, at 17½ cents	48 65	
2,000	yards cotton, at 7 cents	140 00	
2	papers needles, at 15 cents	30	
4	reams pink printing-paper, at $2.25	9 00	
323	gallons benzine, at 8½ cents	27 46	
120	gallons oil, at $1.20	144 00	
4	dozen sweet-oil, at $1.37½	5 50	
180	pounds potash, at 6¼ cents	11 25	
35	feet belting, at 47 cents	16 45	
25,344	pounds stereotype metal, at 9.1 cents	2,306 30	
4,527	pounds ink, at 40 cents	1,810 80	
1,350	pounds roller composition, at 45 cents	607 50	
	Carried forward	38,112 37	74,669 96

	Brought forward	$38,112 38	$74,669 96
14	pounds sponge, at $2.50	35 00	
60	composing sticks, at $1.10	66 00	
86	feet rule at 12 cents	10 32	
1,400	quoins	14 00	
100	patent side-sticks, at 75 cents	75 00	
7	dozen crocks, at $1.50	10 50	
1	dozen Z brushes	12 00	
1	dozen paste-brushes	10 00	
2¼	dozen lye-brushes, at $3.39	7 91	
1½	dozen pick-brushes, at $3.99	5 32	
2	dozen shoe-knives, at $1.25	2 50	
2	dozen shoe-knives, at $1.37½	2 75	
1	dozen shears	8 00	
1	wringer	7 88	
1	gas-heat stove	20 00	
2	dozen argand chimneys, at 75 cents	1 50	
Type		1,844 97	
Electric-light fixtures, repairs, &c		653 03	
Telephone rent		82 50	
Sawdust		3 00	
Gas		358 50	
Stationery		60 77	
Freight, &c		31 15	
Ice		36 45	
Coal		786 69	
Car-tickets		10 00	
Engraving diagrams to accompany Congressional Record		36 00	
Clerical services indexing Congressional Record		6,138 64	
One mare		200 00	
Feed		299 20	
Shoeing		18 00	
Halter		3 00	
Wagon repairs		10 75	
Miscellaneous		1 82	
			$48,975
Total			123,645

NOTE.—The clerk in charge of the Congressional Record account is paid out of t appropriation for "Salaries, Office of Public Printer."

No. 7.—*Statement showing the disbursements on account of Lithographi and Engraving (except Congressional Record) during the fiscal year en ing June* 30, 1884.

1,175 copies of 11 illustrations, 16,650 copies of 15 illustrations, and 4,900 copies of 9 illustrations for Third Annual Report of the United States Geological Survey		$11,376
5,675 copies of illustrations for Fourth Annual Report of the United States Geological Survey		845
4,900 copies of illustrations for Emmons's volume of the Reports of the United States Geological Survey		27,955
Carried forward		40,176

Brought forward	$40,176 75
3,000 copies of 38, 1,900 copies of 53, and 1,850 copies of 52 illustrations for Marsh's volume of the Reports of the United States Geological Survey	15,061 50
4,900 copies of illustrations for Newberry's volume of the Reports of the United States Geological Survey	1,200 00
1,900 copies of illustrations for Becker's volume of the Reports of the United States Geological Survey	125 00
For printing 21 extra colors, 4,900 copies, of 13 atlas sheets for Hague's volume of the Reports of the United States Geological Survey	1,186 50
5,000 copies of illustration for Bulletin No. 1, United States Geological Survey	40 25
11,900 copies of illustration for Twelfth Annual Report of the Geological and Geographical Survey of the Territories	3,993 92
4,550 copies of illustrations for Cope's volume of the Final Reports of the Geological and Geographical Survey of the Territories	5,950 00
16,900 copies of illustrations for Third Annual Report of the Director of the Bureau of Ethnology	660 00
31,900 copies of illustrations for Revised Bulletin No. 3, United States Entomological Commission	2,324 60
31,925 copies of illustrations for Third Report of the United States Entomological Commission	1,390 00
110 copies of 6, and 220 copies of 1, illustrations for Third Report of the United States Entomological Commission	5 28
5,550 copies of 137, 2,700 copies of 41, and 2,500 copies of 96 illustrations for Annual Report of Chief of Ordnance for 1883	1,677 25
900 copies of illustration for Report of United States Coast and Geodetic Survey for 1880	15 00
50 copies of illustrations for Report of United States Coast and Geodetic Survey for 1881	23 25
4,900 copies of illustrations for Report of United States Coast and Geodetic Survey for 1882	1,198 50
12,675 copies of 1, 6,675 copies of 1, and 6,150 copies of 7 illustrations for the Report of the Secretary of the Interior for 1883	535 00
7,400 copies of illustrations for the Report of the Secretary of the Navy for 1882	936 00
14,850 copies of 17, and 6,925 copies of 19 illustrations for the Report of the Secretary of the Navy for 1883	334 00
6,050 copies of illustration for Annual List of Merchant Vessels	165 00
1,000 copies of illustrations for General Order No. 34, Navy Department.	140 00
1,050 copies of illustrations for Naval Professional Papers No. 13	140 00
1,050 copies of illustrations for Naval Professional Papers No. 15	100 00
5,550 copies of 116, 7,200 copies of 49, 7,400 copies of 45, 1,650, copies of 108, 2,100 copies of 9, and 2,000 copies of 1 illustration for Annual Report of the Chief of Engineers for 1883	1,559 63
8,400 copies of illustrations for Annual Report of the Secretary of the Treasury for 1883	573 00
4,900 copies of 71, 2,000 copies of 10, 3,224 copies of 22, 3,500 copies of 1, and 200 copies of 2 illustrations for the Report of the Chief Signal Officer for 1882	1,290 00
9,850 copies of illustrations for Danger, Distress, and Weather Signals.	460 00
1,525 copies of illustrations for the Report of the Supervising Surgeon-General of the Marine Hospital Service	305 00
Carried forward	81,565 43

	Brought forward	$81,565 43
11,900	copies of illustrations for Consular Report No. 35	190 00
6,900	copies of illustration for Consular Report No. 37	70 00
3,400	copies of illustrations for American Ephemeris for 1887	145 00
5,850	copies of illustrations for the Report of the Quartermaster-General for 1883	67 50
7,750	copies of 2, and 150 of 1, illustration for the Report of the General of the Army for 1883	317 55
1,050	copies of illustrations for the Report of the Naval and Military Operations in Egypt	980 00
3,050	copies of illustrations for Report on Uniform Regulations, United States Army	200 00
1,550	copies of illustrations for Report on Lamps and Mineral Oil for Army	60 00
1,050	copies of illustrations for report on Translations relative to Fortifications	60 00
3,050	copies of illustrations for Customs Regulations	64 00
5,750	copies of illustrations for Report of Yorktown Monument Commission	115 05
1,200	copies of illustration for Government request for Transportation	120 00
1,050	copies of illustrations for National Museum Bulletin No. 26	604 00
1,050	copies of illustration for Report of Journey from Asia to the United States	100 00
350	copies of illustration for New Method of Measuring Heights	36 00
7,400	copies of illustrations for Tri-Daily Meteorological Record	225 00
550	copies of illustrations for Current-Meter Observations	400 00
2,500	copies of illustrations for Report of the Health Officer of the District of Columbia for 1883	220 00
1,108	copies of illustrations for Report on Electrical Exhibition	340 00
1,100	copies of illustrations for Report on Exhibition of Electricity in Paris	160 00
6 000	copies of illustrations for Report of Board on behalf of United States Executive Departments International Exhibition 1876	345 00
1,900	copies of illustrations for Report of the Commissioner of Agriculture for 1883	9 53
325	copies of illustrations for Report of Proceedings of the Court of Inquiry of the Greely Relief Expedition	250 00
100	copies of illustration for Testimony in relation to Sioux Indians	70 00
500	copies of illustrations for Introduction to Study of Indian Languages	50 00
1,000	copies of 7 portraits, 80 portraits and vignettes, and 60 portraits for Memorial Addresses by Hon. S. S. Cox	183 60
11,800	portraits for Memorial Addresses	236 00
311	cards for Memorial Address on Life and Character of the late President Garfield	10 89
38,500	copies of illustration for Congressional Directory	355 00
5,050	copies of illustrations for Rules and Practice United States Patent Office	130 00
150	copies of 17,452 pages of Specifications of Patents	26,178 00
5,850	copies of illustration for Senate Report No. 283	423 00
1,925	copies of illustrations for Senate Ex. Doc. No. 5, Forty-seventh Congress	500 00
2,565	copies of illustrations for Senate Ex. Doc. No. 5, Forty-eighth Congress	60 00
	Carried forward	114,840 55

Brought forward	$114,840 55
2,125 copies of illustrations for Senate Ex. Doc. No. 6	185 00
1,925 copies of illustration for Senate Ex. Doc. No. 7	65 00
1,925 copies of illustrations for Senate Ex. Doc. No. 12	90 00
1,925 copies of illustrations for Senate Ex. Doc. No. 13	125 00
1,925 copies of illustration for Senate Ex. Doc. No. 18	95 00
2,175 copies of illustrations for Senate Ex. Doc. No. 25	365 00
1,925 copies of illustrations for Senate Ex. Doc. No. 31	375 00
1,925 copies of illustration for Senate Ex. Doc. No. 34	80 00
1,925 copies of illustration for Senate Ex. Doc. No. 36	190 00
2,325 copies of illustrations for Senate Ex. Doc. No. 38	145 00
2,125 copies of illustrations for Senate Ex. Doc. No. 44	140 00
2,125 copies of illustrations for Senate Ex. Doc. No. 50	135 00
1,925 copies of illustrations for Senate Ex. Doc. No. 54	110 00
2,225 copies of illustrations for Senate Ex. Doc. No. 55	715 00
1,925 copies of illustrations for Senate Ex. Doc. No. 56	120 00
2,125 copies of illustrations for Senate Ex. Doc. No. 57	80 00
2,125 copies of illustration for Senate Ex. Doc. No. 59	28 00
2,125 copies of illustration for Senate Ex. Doc. No. 61	30 00
1,925 copies of illustration for Senate Ex. Doc. No. 62	75 00
2,125 copies of illustration for Senate Ex. Doc. No. 63	60 00
2,125 copies of illustrations for Senate Ex. Doc. No. 64	125 00
2,125 copies of illustrations for Senate Ex. Doc. No. 65	120 00
1,925 copies of illustration for Senate Ex. Doc. No. 70	145 00
2,125 copies of illustrations for Senate Ex. Doc. No. 74	130 00
2,125 copies of illustrations for Senate Ex. Doc. No. 76	40 00
2,125 copies of illustrations for Senate Ex. Doc. No 77	145 00
2,125 copies of illustrations for Senate Ex. Doc. No. 80	60 00
2,125 copies of illustrations for Senate Ex. Doc. No. 81	50 00
1,925 copies of illustrations for Senate Ex. Doc. No. 91	300 00
2,125 copies of illustration for Senate Ex. Doc. No. 92	35 00
1,925 copies of illustrations for Senate Ex. Doc. No. 93	225 00
2,225 copies of illustrations for Senate Ex. Doc. No. 100	700 00
1,925 copies of illustration for Senate Ex. Doc. No. 113	40 00
2,225 copies of illustrations for Senate Ex. Doc. No. 115	185 00
2,125 copies of illustration for Senate Ex. Doc. No. 118	45 00
1,925 copies of illustrations for Senate Ex. Doc. No. 126	75 00
1,950 copies of illustrations for Senate Ex. Doc. No. 130	180 00
1,925 copies of illustrations for Senate Ex. Doc. No. 152	85 00
2,125 copies of illustration for Senate Ex. Doc. No. 164	55 00
2,225 copies of illustration for Senate Mis. Doc. No. 22	115 00
1,925 copies of illustrations for House Report No. 735	175 00
1,925 copies of illustration for House Report No. 762	60 00
2,625 copies of illustrations for House Report No. 806	270 00
1,925 copies of illustration for House Report No. 1543	75 00
1,925 copies of illustrations for House Report No. 1778	40 00
10,400 copies of illustrations for House Mis. Doc. No. 47, Forty-sixth Congress	2,280 00
1,925 copies of illustrations for House Mis. Doc. No. 36	265 00
2,475 copies of illustration for House Mis. Doc. No. 38	110 00
3,955 copies of illustrations for House Ex. Doc. No. 105, Forty-seventh Congress	1,921 95
6,925 copies of illustrations for House Ex. Doc. No. 107, Forty-seventh Congress	1,165 00
Carried forward	127,265 50

Brought forward	$127,265 50
1,925 copies of illustrations for House Ex. Doc. No. 1	490 00
1,925 copies of illustrations for House Ex. Doc. No. 9	36 00
1,925 copies of illustrations for House Ex. Doc. No. 12	180 00
1,925 copies of illustrations for House Ex. Doc. No. 15	245 00
1,925 copies of illustrations for House Ex. Doc. No. 22	80 00
1,925 copies of illustration for House Ex. Doc. No. 29	40 00
1,925 copies of illustrations for House Ex. Doc. No. 30	165 00
3,225 copies of illustrations for House Ex. Doc. No. 37	1,330 00
1,925 copies of illustrations for House Ex. Doc. No. 42	76 00
1,925 copies of illustrations for House Ex. Doc. No. 45	100 00
1,925 copies of illustration for House Ex. Doc. No. 69	65 00
1,925 copies of illustration for House Ex. Doc. No. 71	18 00
3,825 copies of illustration for House Ex. Doc. No. 86	270 00
1,925 copies of illustrations for House Ex. Doc. No. 89	135 00
3,025 copies of illustrations for House Ex. Doc. No. 101	140 00
3,925 copies of illustration for House Ex. Doc. No. 163	85 00
30 copies of illustrations for United States Supreme Court records	1,164 00
35 copies of illustrations for United States Supreme Court records	9 00
30 copies of illustrations for Court of Claims cases	246 00
Photolithographing and transferring to stone one illustration for weather proverbs	15 00
Engraving illustrations for Second Annual Report of the Director of the Bureau of Ethnology	87 50
Engraving illustrations for Third Annual Report of the Director of the Bureau of Ethnology	3,765 00
Engraving illustrations for Revised Bulletin No. 3 of the United States Entomological Commission	1,050 00
Engraving illustrations for Third Report of the United States Entomological Commission	2,835 50
Engraving illustrations for Report of the Board on behalf of the United States Executive Departments at the International Exhibition of 1876	2,020 00
Engraving illustrations for Fourth Annual Report of the Director of the United States Geological Survey	3,391 00
Engraving illustration for Irving's volume of the Reports of the United States Geological Survey	2 50
Engraving illustrations for Bulletin No. 5, United States Geological Survey	12 00
Engraving illustrations for Report of Commissioner of Fish and Fisheries for 1881	150 25
Engraving illustrations for Report of United States Fish Commission for 1882	408 50
Engraving illustrations for Report upon Food-Fishes and Fisheries of the United States	274 50
Engraving illustrations for Smithsonian Report for 1882	119 00
Engraving illustrations for Report on Naval and Military Operations in Egypt	145 00
Engraving illustrations for Report on Electrical Exhibition	21 00
Engraving illustrations for Report on International Exhibition of Electricity	450 00
Engraving illustrations for Report of Chief Signal Officer for 1882	113 00
Engraving illustrations for Annual Report of the Commissioner of Education for 1881	75 00
Carried forward	147,074 25

Brought forward	$147,074 25
Engraving illustrations for Circular of Information No. 2, Bureau of Education	150 00
Engraving illustrations for Circular of Information No. 3, Bureau of Education	155 00
Engraving illustrations for Report Chief of Engineers for 1883	87 50
Engraving illustration for Report on Commerce and Navigation	50 00
Engraving illustrations for Report of Secretary of the Navy for 1883	14 00
Engraving illustrations for Report Chief of Ordnance for 1883	5 00
Engraving illustrations for Proceedings of National Museum for 1883	30 00
Engraving illustration for Proceedings of National Museum for 1884	2 00
Engraving illustration for Bulletin National Museum No. 26	5 50
Engraving illustration for Circular relating to Marine Hospital Service Uniform	15 00
Engraving illustration for Report of Supervising Surgeon-General Marine Hospital Service	2 00
Engraving illustration for Report on Coasts and Islands of the Mediterranean	1 50
Engraving illustration for Report on Lamps and Mineral Oil for Army	1 50
Engraving illustration for Report of Observations on a Journey from Asia to the United States	3 50
Engraving illustration for Report of Second Assistant Postmaster-General for 1883	8 25
Engraving diagrams for Areas of Physical Signs	10 00
Engraving diagrams for Encouragement of the Sorghum and Beet Industry	13 00
Engraving diagrams for Treatise on the Military Shoe	9 00
Engraving diagrams for Steam Engineering Papers No. 1	6 00
Engraving diagrams for Consular Report No. 31	19 00
Engraving diagram for Contagious Diseases of Domestic Animals	4 00
Engraving diagrams for Construction of Steam Vessels	7 00
Engraving diagrams for Vinegar Manufacture	45 00
Engraving diagrams for Speech of Hon. C. C. Washburn	12 00
Engraving diagrams for Consular Report on Fruit Culture	6 00
Engraving diagrams for Nautical Almanac, 1887	36 00
Engraving diagrams for Report of Officers on Greely Expedition	2 00
Engraving diagrams for Arguments before Committee on Ways and Means	19 00
Engraving diagrams for Letter from Secretary of the Treasury to Senate Committee on Claims	15 00
Engraving diagrams for Testimony before Senate Committee on Education and Labor	50 50
Engraving diagrams for Congressional Directory	30 00
Engraving diagram for Letter-Head, Library of Congress	10 00
Engraving diagram for Testimony relating to Danville outrages	27 00
Engraving diagrams for Testimony Jeannette Inquiry. House Committee on Naval Affairs	33 00
Engraving diagram for Ordnance Notes No. 260	16 00
Engraving diagrams for Ordnance Notes No. 307	5 00
Engraving diagram for Ordnance Notes No. 309	2 00
Engraving diagram for Ordnance Notes No. 315	1 00
Engraving diagram for Ordnance Notes No. 321	20 00
Engraving diagram for Ordnance Notes No. 323	5 00
Engraving diagram for Ordnance Notes No. 329	7 00
Carried forward	148,014 50

Brought forward	$148,014 50
Engraving diagram for Ordnance Notes No. 330	9 00
Engraving diagrams for Ordnance Notes No. 337	2 00
Engraving diagrams for Ordnance Notes No. 342	12 75
Engraving diagram for Construction Notes No. 23	3 00
Engraving diagrams for Construction Notes No. 24	4 00
Engraving diagrams for Professional Papers No. 13	136 00
Engraving diagrams for Professional Papers No. 14	12 50
Engraving diagram for Professional Papers No. 15	125 00
Engraving diagram for House Bill No. 4241	3 00
Engraving diagram for House Report No. 1053	7 00
Engraving diagram for House Report No. 1351	3 00
Engraving diagram for House Report No. 1573	7 00
Engraving diagram for House Mis. Doc. No. 19	7 50
Engraving diagrams for House Mis. Doc. No. 25	42 00
Engraving diagrams for House Mis. Doc. No. 27	18 00
Engraving diagrams for House Mis. Doc. No. 36	9 00
Engraving diagrams for House Mis. Doc. No. 38	8 00
Engraving diagrams for House Mis. Doc. No. 50	3 50
Engraving diagrams for House Ex. Doc. No. 1	20 00
Engraving diagrams for House Ex. Doc. No. 35	75 00
Engraving diagrams for House Ex. Doc. No. 37	30 00
Engraving diagrams for House Ex. Doc. No. 89	10 00
Engraving diagram for House Ex. Doc. No. 106	132 00
Engraving diagram for House Ex. Doc. No. 159	9 00
Engraving diagram for Senate Report No. 125	13 00
Engraving diagram for Senate Report No. 562	5 00
Engraving diagram for Senate Report No. 1003	10 00
Engraving diagrams for Senate Ex. Doc. No. 5, Forty-seventh Congress	986 00
Engraving diagrams for Senate Ex. Doc. No. 30	5 00
Engraving diagram for Senate Ex. Doc. No. 59	1 50
Engraving diagram for Senate Ex. Doc. No. 93	4 50
Engraving diagram forSenate Ex. Doc. No. 123	8 00
Engraving diagram for Senate Ex. Doc. No. 154	8 00
Engraving diagram for Official Records War of the Rebellion	205 10
Engraving diagrams for Official Gazette United States Patent Office	43 00
Engraving diagrams for United States Supreme Court Records	191 00
Engraving diagrams for Court of Claims Cases	46 00
Total	150,228 85

No. 8.—*Statement showing the disbursements on account of Printing Annual Report* (1881) *of Commissioner of Agriculture during the fiscal year ending June* 30, 1884.

Pay of employés:		
July (earned in June)	$2,853 16	
August (earned in July)	10,937 94	
September (earned in August)	2,742 33	
October (earned in September)	190 21	
November (earned in October)	423 13	
		$17,146 77
Carried forward		17,146 77

	Brought forward		$17,146 77
	Material, &c.:		
70,291	pounds printing-paper, uncalendered, 45 pounds, 24 by 38 inches at 7.2 cents	$5,060 95	
439	reams and 5 quires tissue paper, at 95 cents	417 29	
7,100	pounds binder's boards, at 3¼ cents	230 75	
15,000	pounds binder's boards, at 2 cents	300 00	
835 9/16	pounds wire, at 25 cents	208 88	
855 1/16	pounds wire, at 24 cents	205 41	
1,635	pounds printing-ink, at 50 cents	817 50	
29	gallons alcohol, at $2.36	68 44	
			7,309 22
	Total		24,455 99

No. 9.—*Statement showing the disbursements on account of Printing Annual Report* (1883) *of Commissioner of Agriculture during the fiscal year ending June* 30, 1884.

	Pay of employés:		
	September (earned in August)	$576 00	
	October (earned in September)	1,550 06	
	November (earned in October)	1,023 64	
	December (earned in November)	1,497 27	
	January (earned in December)	2,103 81	
	February (earned in January)	5,743 20	
	March (earned in February)	3,865 54	
	April (earned in March)	5,431 40	
	May (earned in April)	9,150 43	
	June (earned in May)	3,136 72	
			$34,078 07
	Material, &c.:		
435,728	pounds uncalendered printing-paper, 45 pounds, 24 by 38 inches, at 7.1 cents	30,936 69	
300	reams uncalendered printing-paper, 48 pounds, 24 by 38 inches, at $2.88	864 00	
975	reams and 10 quires tinted printing-paper, 50 pounds, 24 by 38 inches, at $4	3,898 00	
636	reams tinted printing-paper, 50 pounds, 24 by 38 inches, at $3.70	2,353 20	
26,362	pounds map-paper, at 8.9 cents	2,346 13	
21,269	pounds plate-paper, at 8.6 cents	1,829 13	
15	reams hardware-paper, at $3.92	58 80	
12	reams manila-paper, at $9.18	110 16	
73,900	pounds binders' boards, at 3.2 cents	2,364 80	
1,000	pieces binding cloth, at $4.02	4,020 00	
6,008¼	yards crash, at 7 cents	420 61	
1,579½	pounds wire, at 24 cents	379 08	
40¼	yards cotton, at 25 cents	10 13	
1,548	yards cotton, at 6.6 cents	102 17	
325	packs imitation gold-leaf, at $1.32	429 00	
100	pounds orange shellac, at 30 cents	30 00	
2,434	pounds glue, at 14¼ cents	352 93	
	Carried forward	50,504 83	34,078 07

	Brought forward	$50,504 83	$34,078 07
288	pounds twine, at 34 cents	97 92	
300	pounds thread, at 89 cents	267 00	
30	dozen machine-thread, at $1.20	36 00	
6	dozen sweet-oil, at $1.37½	8 25	
4	barrels flour, at $5.86	23 44	
10,000	octavo pressing-blocks, at $73.33⅓ per thousand	733 33	
1,435	pounds printing-ink, at 30 cents	430 50	
1,231	pounds printing-ink, at 40 cents	492 40	
613	pounds roller-composition, at 45 cents	275 85	
10	pounds sponge, at $2.50	25 00	
106	gallons benzine, at 8½ cents	9 01	
46	gallons alcohol, at $2.32	106 72	
1	rubber blanket	18 50	
Lithographing and engraving		2,328 97	
Boxing and cartage		2 75	
			55,360 47
	Total		89,438 54

No. 10.—*Statement showing the disbursements on account of Publication of the Tenth Census Reports during the fiscal year ending June* 30, 1884.

	Pay of employés:		
July (earned in June)		$12,014 52	
August (earned in July)		9,189 33	
September (earned in August)		9,465 15	
October (earned in September)		9,286 16	
November (earned in October)		11,725 89	
December (earned in November)		16,466 89	
January (earned in December)		13,271 43	
February (earned in January)		11,623 86	
March (earned in February)		9,956 86	
April (earned in March)		5,780 91	
May (earned in April)		4,126 09	
June (earned in May)		5,903 37	
			$118,810 46
	Material, &c.:		
32,551	pounds uncalendered printing-paper, 45 pounds, 24 by 38 inches, at 7.2 cents	2,343 67	
1,310	pounds uncalendered printing-paper, 45 pounds, 24 by 38 inches, at 7.1 cents	93 01	
1,152	reams uncalendered printing-paper, 48 pounds, 24 by 38 inches, at $3.456	3,981 31	
222	reams uncalendered printing-paper, 96 pounds, 38 by 48 inches, at $5.856	1,300 03	
6,991	reams and 18 quires uncalendered printing-paper, 96 pounds, 38 by 48 inches, at $6.912	48,328 02	
102,147	pounds plate-paper, at 8.6 cents	13,944 65	
9,337½	pounds map-paper, at 8.9 cents	831 04	
82	reams manifold-paper, at $3	246 00	
635	reams manifold-paper, at $1.38	876 30	
10	reams manila-paper, at $9.18	91 80	
	Carried forward	72,035 83	118,810 46

	Brought forward	$72,035 83	$118,810 46
20	reams hardware-paper, at $3.92	78 40	
1,050	pieces binding cloth, at $4.02	4,221 00	
75,000	pounds binders' boards, at 3½ cents	2,625 00	
58,400	pounds binders' boards, at 2.9 cents	1,693 60	
400	packs imitation gold-leaf, at $1.32	528 00	
1,900	yards crash, at 12 cents	228 00	
4,000	yards gray super, at 3.7 cents	148 00	
894	pounds thread, at 66.2 cents	591 83	
300	pounds thread, at 89 cents	267 00	
432	pounds twine, at 34 cents	146 88	
631½	pounds wire, at 25 cents	157 78	
1,000	pounds wire, at 24 cents	240 00	
70	pounds orange shellac, at 30 cents	21 00	
70	papers needles, at 15 cents	10 50	
6	dozen sweet oil, at $1.37½	8 25	
9	barrels flour, at $5.86	52 74	
10	pounds sponge, at $2.50	25 00	
2,974½	pounds glue, at 14½ cents	431 30	
140	gallons alcohol, at $2.32	324 80	
4	gallons alcohol, at $2.36	9 44	
201½	gallons sperm oil, at $1.20	241 80	
53	gallons benzine, at 9 cents	4 77	
207	gallons benzine, at 8½ cents	26 10	
1,300	pounds potash, at 6¼ cents	81 25	
3,400	pounds printing-ink, at 40 cents	1,360 00	
1,055	pounds roller-composition, at 45 cents	474 75	
4	dozen lye-brushes, at $3.39	13 56	
2	dozen lye brushes, at $3.75	7 50	
5,000	pressing-blocks, at $106.66⅔ per M	533 33	
3	printing-presses, at $5,200	15,600 00	
3	printing-presses, at $5,300	15,900 00	
2	pairs feed-guides and tongues, at $10	20 00	
2	rotary cutters, at $10	20 00	
2	pulleys, at $21	42 00	
Type		8 22	
Lithographing and engraving		55,782 80	
Gas		12 78	
Washing towels		12 50	
Freight-cartage, &c		212 95	
			174,198 66
	Total		293,009 12

No. 11.—*Statement showing the disbursements on account of Removal and Storage of certain property, Government Printing Office, during the fiscal year ending June* 30, 1884.

Rent	$1,041 29
Hauling	776 47
150 feet manila rope	2 70
1 6-inch double block	1 50
1 6-inch triple block	1 90
Total	1,823 86

No. 12.—*Statement showing the disbursements on account of Repairs Government Printing Office, 1884, during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884.*

WATER-CLOSETS.

Pay of employés:		
October (earned in September)	$585 20	
November (earned in October)	508 76	
December (earned in November)	463 77	
January (earned in December)	574 96	
February (earned in January)	443 51	
March (earned in February)	451 16	
April (earned in March)	162 39	
		$3,189 75
Material, &c.:		
Plumbing material	3,183 84	
Labor and material in bricking up door	12 00	
Labor and material in bricking up recess	6 00	
Cementing floors, 2 water-closets	181 50	
Cutting, setting, and fitting slate-work	115 00	
Graining	15 00	
Lumber	286 82	
Cupboard lock	70	
4 barrels cement, at $3.90	15 60	
5 barrels cement, at $1.50	7 50	
1 barrel sand	1 00	
6 loads sand, at 90 cents	5 40	
12 marble posts	28 00	
45 square feet American marble, at 35 cents	15 75	
Advertising	68 16	
For preparation of plans and specifications for remodeling the plumbing	333 00	
		4,275

REFLOORING.

Pay of employés:		
July (earned in June)	1,236 86	
August (earned in July)	790 85	
October (earned in September)	1 50	
		2,029
Material:		
118,135½ feet Georgia pine flooring, at $32.50 per M	2,766 90	
31 kegs nails, at $3.09	95 79	
1 keg nails	3 25	
		2,865
Total		12,360

No. 13.—*Table showing a recapitulation of the actual expenditures on account of the printing, binding, engraving, lithographing, &c., of the Government of the United States, for the year ending June* 30, 1884, *as executed at the Government Printing Office, and the appropriations out of which they were made.*

For Salaries and Contingent Expenses in the Office of Public Printer ..	$16,937 98
For the Public Printing and Binding	1,872,049 19
For Paper for the Public Printing	410,101 27
For the Congressional Record	123,645 48
For Lithographing and Engraving	150,228 85
For Printing Report of Commissioner of Agriculture, 1881	24,455 99
For Printing Report of Commissioner of Agriculture, 1883	89,438 54
For Publication of the Tenth Census Reports	293,009 12
For Removal and Storage of certain property	1,823 86
For Repairs Government Printing Office, 1884	12,360 17
	2,994,050 45

And they were made out of the following appropriations:

Salaries, Office of Public Printer, 1884	$15,300 00
Contingent Expenses, Office of Public Printer, 1883 *	123 78
Contingent Expenses, Office of Public Printer, 1884	1,514 20
Public Printing and Binding, 1882 *	9,042 02
Public Printing and Binding, 1883 *	276,382 03
Public Printing and Binding, 1884	2,270,600 74
Printing Annual Report (1881) of Commissioner of Agriculture	24,455 99
Printing Annual Report (1883) of Commissioner of Agriculture	89,438 54
Publication of the Tenth Census Reports	293,009 12
Removal and Storage of certain property, Government Printing Office..	1,823 86
Repairs Government Printing Office, 1884	12,360 17
	2,994,050 45

No. 14.—*Table showing the persons with whom contracts were entered into (by direction of the Joint Committee on Printing) for supplying the required quantities of the various kinds of paper for the public printing from March* 1, 1884, *to February* 28, 1885.

Name of contractor	Description of paper.	Size.	Weight per ream.	Quantity.	Price.
	PRINTING-PAPER.	*Inches.*	*Lbs.*	*Reams.*	*Per pound.*
Essex Paper Company, Philadelphia, Pa.	Uncalendered, best machine-finish.	24 by 38.....	48	5,000	6 cents.
Do	....do	....do	48	5,000	6.1 cents.
Do	....do	....do	48	5,000	6.2 cents.
Jessup & Moore Paper Company, Philadelphia, Pa.	....do	....do	48	2,500	6.3 cents.
Joseph G. Ditman, Philadelphia, Pa.	....do	....do	48	2,500	6.3 cents.

*These amounts were paid on liabilities incurred during the fiscal years named.

Paper for the public printing—Continued.

Name of contractor.	Description of paper.	Size.	Weight per ream.	Quantity.	Price.
	PRINTING-PAPER—Cont'd.	*Inches.*	*Lbs.*	*Reams.*	*Per pound.*
Jessup & Moore Paper Company, Philadelphia, Pa.	Uncalendered, best machine-finished.	24 by 38.....	45	11,250	6.3 cents.
Essex Paper Company, Philadelphia, Pa.	.....do	....do	45	3,750	6.3 cents.
Do.....	.....do	38 by 48.....	96	8,000	6.1 cents.
Jessup & Moore Paper Company, Philadelphia, Pa.	.....do	Any size not enumerated above, and not exceeding 38 inches in width.	.....	1,000	6.4 cents.
Alexander Balfour, Philadelphia, Pa.	Sized and super-calendered.	24 by 38	48	10,000	7.3 cents.
Do.....	.....do	... do	53	10,000	7.3 cents.
Do.....	.....do	38 by 48.....	96	5,000	7.3 cents.
Do.....	.....do	22 by 34..... ..	44	500	7.3 cents.
Do.....	.....do	24 by 38.....	70	3,000	7.3 cents.
Do.....	.....do	24 by 32.....	60	2,000	7.3 cents.
Do.....	.....do	Any size, not enumerated above, and not exceeding 38 inches in width.	.....	1,000	7.4 cents.
Do.....	.....do	24 by 32.....	45	6,000	7.3 cents.
Do.....	.....do	32 by 48.....	90	2,000	7.3 cents.
Do.....	Sized and super-calendered, white or tinted.	22⅜ by 31¼.....	50	2,500	7.4 cents.
Do.....	.....do	....do	42	2,000	7.4 cents.
Do.....	.....do	....do	40	1,200	7.4 cents.
Do.....	.....do	Any size not enumerated above, and not exceeding 32 inches in width.	.....	1,000	7.4 cents.
Do.....	.....do	21½ by 29.....	40	1,000	7.4 cents.
Do.....	.....do	22 by 28½.....	40	500	7.4 cents.
Do.....	.....do	24 by 38.....	70	500	7.4 cents.
Do.....	.....do	....do	50	3,000	7.4 cents.
Do.....	.....do	Any size not enumerated above, and not exceeding 28 inches in width.	.....	1,000	7.5 cents.
	WRITING-PAPER, TO BE OF ANY REQUIRED WEIGHT.				
Winona Paper Company, Holyoke, Mass.	White quarto-post.....	10 by 16.....	.....	3,000	9.2 cents.
Seymour Paper Company, New York, N. Y.	Blue quarto-post.....	....do	.....	200	10.4 cents.
Winona Paper Company, Holyoke, Mass.	White cap	13 by 16½ or 14 by 17.	.....	2,000	9.4 cents.
Joseph G. Ditman, Philadelphia, Pa.	Laid or wove double-cap, of any required color or colors.	16½ by 26 or 17 by 28.	.....	1,500	10.5 cents.

Paper for the public printing—Continued.

Name of contractor.	Description of paper.	Size.	Weight per ream.	Quantity.	Price.
	WRITING-PAPER—Cont'd.	*Inches.*	*Lbs.*	*Reams.*	*Per pound.*
Alexander Balfour, Philadelphia, Pa.	White double-cap	16½ by 26 or 17 by 28.		8,000	9 cents.
Joseph G. Ditman, Philadelphia, Pa.	Blue double-cap	do		200	10.2 cents.
Alexander Balfour, Philadelphia, Pa.	White demy	16 by 20½		3,000	9 cents.
Joseph G. Ditman, Philadelphia, Pa.	Blue demy	do		300	10.2 cents.
Alexander Balfour, Philadelphia, Pa.	White double-demy	20½ by 32		7,000	9 cents.
Alexander Balfour, Philadelphia, Pa.	White folio-post	17 by 22		2,000	9.0 cents.
Joseph G. Ditman, Philadelphia, Pa.	Blue folio-post	do		500	10.2 cents.
Alexander Balfour, Philadelphia, Pa.	White double folio-post	22 by 34		4,000	9.0 cents.
J. B. Sheffield & Son, Saugerties, N. Y.	Blue double folio-post	do		1,000	10.4 cents.
Alexander Balfour, Philadelphia, Pa.	White medium	18 by 23		1,500	9.0 cents.
Joseph G. Ditman, Philadelphia, Pa.	Blue medium	do		500	10.2 cents.
Alexander Balfour, Philadelphia, Pa.	White royal	19 by 24		1,500	9.0 cents.
J. B. Sheffield & Son, Saugerties, N. Y.	Blue royal	do		200	10.4 cents.
Alexander Balfour, Philadelphia, Pa.	White super-royal	20 by 28		1,000	9.0 cents.
Joseph G. Ditman, Philadelphia, Pa.	Blue super-royal	do		100	10.4 cents.
J. B. Sheffield & Son, Saugerties, N. Y.	do	do		100	10.4 cents.
Alexander Balfour, Philadelphia, Pa.	White imperial	22½ by 31		2,000	9.0 cents.
J. B. Sheffield & Son, Saugerties, N. Y.	Blue imperial	do		200	10.4 cents.
Alexander Balfour, Philadelphia, Pa.	White, of any required size not enumerated above, and not exceeding 28 inches in width.			3,000	9.0 cents.
Seymour Paper Company, New York, N. Y.	Colored, of any required size not enumerated above, and not exceeding 28 inches in width.			500	10.9 cents.
Megargee Brothers, Philadelphia, Pa.	Golden envelope	19 by 24	28	100	10.0 cents.
	COVER-PAPER.				
Seymour Paper Company, New York, N. Y.	Any required color or colors.	20 by 25		1,000	8.3 cents.
Tileston & Hollingsworth, Boston, Mass.	do	22½ by 32	50	200	8.0 cents.

Paper for the public printing—Continued.

Name of contractor.	Description of paper.	Size.	Weight per ream.	Quantity.	Price.
	PLATE-PAPER.			*Pounds.*	
Bulkley, Dunton & Co., New York, N. Y.	Sized or unsized, and of any required size, weight, or tint.	.....	.....	100,000	8.3 cents.
Alexander Balfour, Philadelphia, Pa.	.....do	.....	.....	100,000	8.3 cents.
	MAP-PAPER.			*Reams.*	
Alexander Balfour, Philadelphia, Pa.	Sized and super-calendered.	19 by 24.....	21	5,000	8.3 cents.
	MANILA-PAPER.				
Morrison, Bone & Cass, Pittsburgh, Pa.	Any required size and weight.	.....	.....	800	6.6 cents.
	TISSUE-PAPER.				*Per ream.*
Joseph G. Ditman, Philadelphia, Pa.	.....	20 by 30.....	.....	300	89 cents.
Robert O. Moorhouse, Philadelphia, Pa.	.....	....do	.....	300	89 cents.
	GLAZED BOND-PAPER.			*Sheets.*	*Per pound.*
Conrow Brothers, New York, N. Y.	Any required size and weight.	.....	.....	500,000	24.3 cents.
	IMITATION PARCHMENT.				*Per sheet.*
Alexander Balfour, Philadelphia, Pa.	.....	21 by 24.....	94	10,000	1.3 cents.
Do	.....	17 by 22.....	70	20,000	1.0 cent.
Do	.....	15¾ by 18½.....	54	15,000	.8 cent.
	PARCHMENT DEED.				
Alexander Balfour, Philadelphia, Pa.	.....	22¾ by 31½.....	96	50,000	1.4 cents.
	BRISTOL AND CARD BOARD.				
Alexander Balfour, Philadelphia, Pa.	Thin bristol board	22 by 28.....	120	75,000	2.3 cents.
Do	Thick bristol board.....	....do	140	75,000	2.6 cents.
Tileston & Hollingsworth, Boston, Mass.	Heavy railroad board.....	22½ by 28½.....	280	10,000	4.3 cents.
Do	White China board.....	....do	210	5,000	3.7 cents.
Joseph G. Ditman, Philadelphia, Pa.	.....do	....do	210	5,000	3.7 cents.
Tileston & Hollingsworth, Boston, Mass.	Colored card board	....do	210	20,000	4.0 cents.
Woolworth & Graham, New York, N. Y.	Pearl gray bristol board ..	21 by 31.....	130	300,000	1.8 cents.
Do	Melon bristol board.....	....do	130	150,000	2.0 cents.
Alexander Balfour, Philadelphia, Pa.	.....do	....do	130	150,000	2.0 cents.
Do	Golden bristol board.....	....do	130	10,000	2.1 cents.
Do	Yellow bristol board.....	....do	130	2,500	2.0 cents.
Woolworth & Graham, New York, N. Y.	.....do	....do	130	2,500	2.0 cents.
Do	Colored bristol, any required size and weight.	.....	.....	10,000	*Per pound.* 7.9 cents.

No. 15.—*Table showing the allotments and the approximate cost of the work executed for the various Executive Departments, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884.*

Department.	Amount.
Navy	$70,000 00
War	185,000 00
Interior	380,000 00
Treasury	300,000 00
Post-Office	180,000 00
Agriculture	20,000 00
State	15,000 00
Supreme Court of the United States	25,000 00
Supreme Court of District of Columbia	1,000 00
United States Court of Claims	8,000 00
Department of Justice	10,000 00
Library of Congress	19,000 00

Amounts (in addition to the above) deposited in the Treasury to the credit of the publ t ing and binding, by the Departments named, respectively.

Navy Department (for Nautical Almanac and miscellaneous)	$3,620 26
Interior Department (for Census work)	168 78
Post-Office Department (for Money Order Office work)	12,704 81
War Department (for miscellaneous)	12,421 00
National Board of Health	336 35

RECAPITULATION.

Department.	Amount available.	Approximated cost of work delivered.
Navy	$73,620 26	$66,109 02
War	197,421 00	153,983 94
Interior	380,168 78	360,598 25
Treasury	300,000 00	288,123 53
Post-Office	192,704 81	192,700 90
Agriculture	20,000 00	19,705 79
State	15,000 00	10,508 61
Supreme Court of the United States	25,000 00	24,360 48
Supreme Court of the District of Columbia	1,000 00	996 98
Court of Claims	8,000 00	7,996 36
Justice	10,000 00	7,871 89
Library of Congress	19,000 00	11,416 38
National Board of Health	336 35	336 35
Office of Public Printer	6,541 23	6,541 23
Total	1,248,792 43	1,151,249 71

No. 16.—*Table showing the amount of work executed during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884.*

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENTS.

Department.	Blanks, envelopes, &c.	Pamphlets and documents.		Blank books.	Miscellaneous binding.	Memorandum blocks.
		Number of copies.	Number of pages.			
Treasury	33,059,222	540,608	32,414	145,938	5,598	43,982
War	6,776,804	1,464,950	52,522	31,576	17,910	27,252
Navy	1,152,772	241,139	15,019	4,323	1,978	1,861
Interior	24,452,629	745,297	110,297	18,898	15,430	56,915
Post-Office	65,039,665	138,952	6,004	126,034	3,211	22,871
Agriculture	3,431,390	270,453	3,104	134	823	.....
State	274,910	25,500	3,974	407	2,401	.....
Judiciary	225,796	36,382	23,977	377	1,545	93
Total	134,413,188	3,463,281	247,311	326,687	48,896	152,924

FOR CONGRESS.

	Blanks, envelopes, &c.	Pamphlets and documents.		Blank books.	Miscellaneous binding.	Memorandum blocks.
		Number of copies.	Number of pages.			
Congress	.....	882,612	33,110	.....	.....	.....
Senate	1,594,684	5,856,170	48,410	85	4,104	2,339
House	8,669,456	12,825,902	68,338	1,525	3,482	9,791
Library of Congress	275,120	32,500	27,156	12	9,237	.....
Public Printer	1,070,478	2,050	304	170	2	2,892
Private Orders	.....	331,729	5,830	.....	.....	.....
Total	11,609,738	19,938,963	183,148	1,792	16,825	15,023

RECAPITULATION.

Executive Departments	134,413,188	3,463,281	247,311	326,687	48,896	152,924
Congress	11,609,738	19,938,963	183,148	1,792	16,825	15,023
Total	146,022,926	23,402,244	430,459	328,479	65,721	167,947

The following recapitulation exhibits the amount of work executed during the fiscal years ending June 30, 1878–'79–'80–'81–'82–'83:

1878.

	Blanks, envelopes, &c.	Pamphlets and documents.		Blank books.	Miscellaneous binding.
		Number of copies.	Number of pages.		
Executive Departments	69, 388, 336	949, 761	120, 797	120, 150	31, 631
Congress	5, 569, 317	17, 908, 510	114, 100	580	12, 474
Total	74, 957, 653	18, 858, 271	234, 897	120, 730	44, 105

1879.

Executive Departments	98, 097, 933	3, 451, 086	119, 201	246, 564	16, 289
Congress	7, 714, 653	15, 250, 312	110, 749	677	9, 987
Total	105, 812, 586	18, 701, 398	229, 950	247, 241	26, 276

1880.

	Blanks, envelopes, &c.	Pamphlets and documents.		Blank books.	Miscellaneous binding.	Memorandum blocks.
		Number of copies.	Number of pages.			
Executive Departments	122, 713, 897	4, 331, 299	122, 888	340, 708	27, 794	311, 744
Congress	8, 553, 575	12, 802, 500	108, 722	728	11, 344	17, 265
Total	131, 267, 472	17, 133, 799	231, 610	341, 436	39, 138	329, 009

1881.

Executive Departments	210, 162, 624	4, 554, 793	461, 104	292, 748	28, 374	284, 046
Congress	12, 001, 632	5, 185, 691	75, 514	599	11, 050	1, 962
Total	222, 164, 256	9, 740, 484	531, 618	293, 347	39, 424	286, 008

1882.

Executive Departments	124, 297, 282	8, 466, 333	502, 801	251, 399	41, 664	100, 702
Congress	6, 375, 973	18, 578, 443	193, 981	2, 207	52, 520	3, 851
Total	130, 673, 255	27, 044, 776	696, 782	253, 606	94, 184	104, 553

1883.

Executive Departments	207, 861, 040	6, 063, 788	366, 289	324, 651	67, 787	151, 253
Congress	8, 587, 589	6, 831, 158	160, 852	1, 515	11, 450	7, 877
Total	216, 448, 629	12, 894, 946	527, 141	326, 166	79, 237	159, 130

No. 17.—*Table showing the disbursements of the Office of the Public Printer during the years* 1863 *to* 1876, *inclusive, ending September* 30, *each year, for the nine months ending June* 30, 1877, *and for the fiscal years ending June* 30, 1878, 1879, 1880, 1881, 1882, 1883, *and* 1884.

Year.	Office of the Public Printer.	Public printing.	Paper for the public printing.	Litho-graphing and engraving.	Public binding.	Mapping for the United States Supreme Court.	Congress-ional Record.	Printing report of im-peachment trial of W. W. Belknap.	Printing Reports of the Commis-sioner of Ag-riculture for 1874 and 1875.	Printing Report of the Commis-sioner of Ag-riculture for 1876.
1863	$13,210 97	$285,664 80	$830,802 06	$64,126 38	$223,945 80					
1864	14,148 87	328,249 34	713,481 16	75,391 79	302,947 19	$9,415 75				
1865	14,869 54	439,856 14	1,258,959 51	96,907 04	387,288 09	2,279 00				
1866	13,545 10	400,541 00	896,929 71	112,272 05	445,009 57	1,081 92				
1867	13,769 43	452,998 24	635,106 09	108,624 75	386,203 98	2,515 92				
1868	13,941 98	454,502 56	385,440 97	105,356 77	346,723 82	3,102 75				
1869	16,596 20	559,218 56	399,798 51	145,370 51	385,219 41	1,037 50				
1870	14,188 44	632,690 82	418,974 21	64,929 21	477,603 74	1,473 50				
1871	12,514 00	615,021 41	483,108 50	16,270 67	508,442 53	1,421 70				
1872	12,514 00	705,596 21	498,989 25	42,257 90	541,663 16	1,331 75				
1873	12,864 00	741,673 62	536,968 21	12,960 30	604,249 05	2,821 00				
1874	14,214 00	791,941 35	381,426 07	19,899 87	549,078 20	1,209 97				
1875	16,617 24	695,097 70	387,471 26	11,879 24	478,071 60	725 62	$88,959 80			
1876	15,956 29	745,147 05	249,285 54	13,952 91	402,069 72	2,858 74	188,198 84			
1877	10,939 73	536,458 87	227,170 03	5,124 94	312,780 78		85,476 49	$5,028 59		
1878	15,795 97	693,021 12	279,215 42	15,673 49	405,752 55		125,173 41		$16,613 14	$87,456 43
1879	15,485 69	778,338 26	301,603 60	52,019 11	422,242 24		140,205 71			
1880	15,180 27	852,125 04	435,730 95	140,507 06	455,593 39		130,741 29			
1881	15,662 55	885,607 39	433,549 37	219,984 98	539,430 91		117,765 44			
1882	16,051 91	1,105,104 23	492,527 80	274,154 99	580,510 33		150,902 19			
1883	16,446 71	1,189,725 64	*389,705 43	154,344 10	627,520 49		193,828 80			
1884	16,937 98	†1,872,049·19	*410,101 27	150,228 85			123,645 48			

*[illegible] purchased for Agricultural Report [illegible] Congress having made a separate appropriation therefor.

Year.	Catalogue Library of Congress.	Fire-escape ladders.	Telephone connection.	Fire extinguishers.	Index to Centennial Reports.	Hayden's Atlas of Colorado.	Printing Report of Committee on Transportation Routes to the Seaboard.	Printing Annual Report (1881) of Commissioner of Agriculture.	Publication of the Tenth Census Reports.	Removal and storage of certain property, Government Printing Office.	Printing Annual Report (1883) of Commissioner of Agriculture.	Repairs, Government Printing Office, 1884.	Total.
1863													$1,417,750 01
1864													1,443,634 10
1865													2,200,159 32
1866													1,869,379 35
1867													1,599,218 41
1868													1,309,068 85
1869													1,507,240 69
1870													1,609,859 92
1871													1,636,778 81
1872													1,802,352 27
1873													1,911,536 18
1874													1,757,769 46
1875													1,678,822 46
1876													1,617,469 09
1877													1,182,979 43
1878													1,638,701 53
1879	$3,725 62	$2,244 00	$147 86										1,716,012 09
1880	3,215 74	503 30	153 84	$1,000 00									2,034,750 88
1881	3,233 63		405 00		$300 00								2,215,939 27
1882	2,470 16		58 25			$10,500 00	$2,879 22						2,635,159 08
1883	335 52							$154,634 65	$134,006 35	$726 75			2,861,274 42
1884								24,455 99	293,009 12	1,823 86	$89,438 54	$12,360 17	2,994,050 45

No. 18.—*Statement showing the unexpended balances of appropriations June 30, 1883; the appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884; the amounts drawn during the year, and the unexpended balances of appropriations at the end of the year.*

Appropriations.	Balances of appropriations at commencement of fiscal year 1883–'84.	Appropriations for fiscal year 1883–'84.	Amounts added for printing, and sales of waste paper, repayments, &c., during fiscal year 1883–'84.	Aggregate amount available.	Amount of requisitions and paper certificates drawn during fiscal year 1883–'84	Balances of appropriations at end of fiscal year 1883–'84.
Salaries, Office of Public Printer, 1884	.....	$15,300 00	.....	$15,300 00	$15,300 00	.....
Contingent Expenses, Office of Public Printer, 1883	$200 00	.....	.....	200 00	197 95	$2 05
Contingent Expenses, Office of Public Printer, 1884	.....	3,000 00	.....	3,000 00	2,000 00	1,000 00
Public Printing and Binding, 1882	69,767 01	.....	.....	69,767 01	8,083 30	61,683 71
Public Printing and Binding, 1883	208,780 31	.....	$50,678 79	259,459 10	225,058 40	34,400 70
Public Printing and Binding, 1884	.....	2,500,000 00	127,257 75	2,627,257 75	2,321,153 43	306,104 32
Printing Annual Report (1881) of Commissioner of Agriculture	62,744 62	.....	804 52	63,549 14	23,478 24	40,070 90
Printing Annual Report (1883) of Commissioner of Agriculture	.....	220,000 00	.....	220,000 00	92,227 15	127,772 85
Publication of the Tenth Census Reports	537,179 32	.....	.....	537,179 32	292,890 08	244,289 24
Removal and storage of certain property, Government Printing Office	4,000 00	.....	.....	4,000 00	2,000 00	2,000 00
Repairs, Government Printing Office, 1884	.....	12,500 00	.....	12,500 00	12,360 17	139 83

No. 19.—*Table showing the number and distribution of the bound volumes of the Congressional Record for the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress.*

	Volumes.
Delivered to Senate folding-room	16,352
Delivered to House folding-room	22,680
Delivered to Library of Congress	364
Delivered to House library	700
Delivered to officers of the House	63
Delivered to justices and officers of the Supreme Court of the United States	98
Delivered to Official Reporter of the Senate	35
Delivered to State and Territorial libraries	350
On hand	1,358
Total	42,000

The number of copies of the Record authorized by law to be printed and bound, is as follows:

	Copies.
For Congress	10,675
For Library of Congress	52
For officers of the House	9
For Official Reporter of the Senate	5
For distribution to each State and Territorial library	50
For justices and officers of the Supreme Court of the United States	14
Total	10,805

Of the copies authorized by law to be printed and bound for Congress, 5,099 were delivered unbound upon the orders of Members of Congress.

The cash receipts on account of Congressional Record for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884, were as follows:

From sales of Record	$3,181 85
From sales of paper shavings (estimated)	982 38
The amount received for speeches printed from matter contained in the Record	19,895 47
Total	24,059 70

This sum has been deposited in the United States Treasury.

No. 20.—*Statement showing the number of persons employed in the public printing and binding (except Congressional Record) during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884, with the length of time each has been employed and the amount each has received.*

PUBLIC PRINTING.

Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.	Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.
	Days.	Hours.			Days.	Hours.	
H. T. Brian	.....	.....	$2,100 00	O. Shaw	.....	3,106	$1,342 [illegible]
J. M. A. Spottswood	313	.....	1,799 75	C. P. Brown	.....	2,445	978 [illegible]
D. W. Beach	313	.....	1,669 34	Sam'l Wehrly	.....	2,609	1,043 [illegible]
J. M. Maloney	233	629	1,567 84	C. W. Schell	.....	2,638	1,055 [illegible]
M. C. Foss	.....	3,247	1,720 91	Jas. B. Mahan	.....	2,162	864 [illegible]
F. U. Stitt	.....	2,504	1,402 24	Jno. J. Higgins	.....	2,453	981 [illegible]
Ed. M. Spedden	.....	2,504	1,402 24	Frank A. Baxter	.....	2,885	1,154 [illegible]
A. Thomson	.....	904	479 12	D. C. Leahy	.....	1,687	674 [illegible]
Wm. Barnum	.....	2,748	1,456 44	T. F. Hering	.....	1,537	614 [illegible]
J. Osborne	.....	2,489	1,319 17	Alexander Colhoun	.....	823	329 [illegible]
C. M. Robinson	.....	3,146	1,824 68	C. A. Edelen	.....	2,538	1,015 [illegible]
I. Fuller	.....	2,464	1,305 92	Lloyd Prather, jr	.....	2,361	915 [illegible]
F. B. Stitt	.....	2,166	1,147 98	John P. Wilver	.....	1,501	600 [illegible]
C. A. Waterman	.....	2,805	1,486 65	Theo. P. White	.....	2,536	1,014 [illegible]
Benjamin Drew	.....	2,765	1,465 45	W. L. Pierce	.....	2,180	872 [illegible]
John Furlong	.....	1,458	772 74	W. C. Henry	.....	2,641	1,056 [illegible]
E. M. Wheat	.....	1,723	913 19	C. T. Johnson	.....	3,123	1,249 [illegible]
J. A. Scott	.....	2,464	1,305 92	James F. Scaggs	.....	2,332	932 [illegible]
Henry N. Boernstein	.....	2,693	1,427 29	Wallace Brewer	.....	2,592	1,036 [illegible]
Chas. W. Otis	.....	1,667	883 51	G. H. Ackerman	.....	2,384	953 [illegible]
Geo. Burklin	.....	2,623	1,390 19	Jos. V. Murray	.....	2,561	1,024 [illegible]
S. J. Phillips	.....	2,526	1,338 78	W. H. Brock	.....	2,387	954 [illegible]
H. All. Foresman	.....	2,481	1,314 93	W. H. Fisher	.....	2,731	1,092 [illegible]
W. R. Ramsey	.....	2,567	1,360 51	Edw. J. Fallon	.....	2,531	1,012 [illegible]
John H. Boner	.....	2,565	1,359 45	H. L. Davison	.....	2,523	1,009 [illegible]
Sidney T. Bates	.....	2,636	1,397 08	E. S. Wiler	.....	2,618	1,047 [illegible]
C. E. Etchberger	.....	2,684	1,393 01	Chas. Lustig	.....	2,496	998 [illegible]
W. E. Chase	.....	2,967	1,566 27	H. McElfresh	.....	1,969	787 [illegible]
Henry W. Vail	.....	2,183	1,156 99	O. V. Shomo	.....	2,017	806 [illegible]
H. A. Nothnagel	.....	2,361	1,103 26	M. Barringer	.....	2,584	1,033 [illegible]
J. J. Heron	.....	2,657	1,184 87	A. E. Riddle	.....	2,080	832 [illegible]
Ed. Morgan	.....	3	1 59	Wm. F. Reed	.....	1,789	715 [illegible]
Geo. Gregory	.....	847	448 91	John Weber	.....	2,117	846 [illegible]
A. F. Bloomer	.....	1,260	667 80	Benj. Franklin	.....	2,408	963 [illegible]
A. T. Cavis	.....	1,256	665 68	C. L. Minor	.....	2,258	903 [illegible]
M. Noyes	.....	1,046	554 38	James Kane	.....	2,652	960 [illegible]
John W. Thomas	.....	979	518 87	A. B. Proctor	.....	2,567	1,026 [illegible]
F. B. Wallace	.....	265	140 45	A. Stiarwalt, jr	.....	2,265	906 [illegible]
W. F. Dunn	.....	514	272 42	Otis S. Eastman	.....	807	322 [illegible]
W. W. Deloe	.....	2,838	1,504 14	T. M. Mace	.....	2,482	992 [illegible]
J. L. Slentz	.....	2,051	1,087 03	Frank Lewis	.....	1,932	772 [illegible]
John F. Connolly	.....	2,757	1,461 21	F. C. Kemon	.....	1,985	794 [illegible]
M. R. Woodward	.....	3,428	1,785 43	C. T. Harding	.....	2,386	954 [illegible]
J. N. Hall	.....	2,213	885 20	Geo. W. Cox	.....	2,714	1,085 [illegible]
A. S. Griggs	.....	2,564	1,025 60	G. W. Sargent	.....	2,709	1,083 [illegible]
Wm. Flinn	.....	2,768	1,107 20	Chas. W. Metzgar	.....	2,239	895 [illegible]
O. F. Dunlap	.....	2,489	1,051 84	R. F. Chisolm	.....	2,200	880 [illegible]
W. H. Harrison	.....	2,340	936 00	J. F. Chipley	.....	2,535	1,014 [illegible]
John W. Shotwell	.....	2,202	880 80	Seward Beall	.....	2,579	1,031 [illegible]
D. M. Hamlin	.....	2,456	982 40	Albert E. Ingalls	.....	1,922	768 [illegible]
B. M. Winters	.....	1,827	730 80	Augustus L. Roberts	.....	2,014	805 [illegible]
G. H. Engelman	.....	2,516	1,006 40	J. M. Smith	.....	1,051	420 [illegible]
Geo. E. House	.....	3,089	1,235 60	Geo. W. Howard	.....	2,469	98 [illegible]
W. J. Fowler	.....	1,046	418 40	W. B. Greene	.....	2,289	915 [illegible]
Rémy Lefranc	.....	2,401	844 50	Aug. R. Holden	.....	2,546	1,018 [illegible]
F. H. Hall	.....	305	122 00	B. C. Wright	.....	2,578	1,031 [illegible]
Geo. M. Johnston	.....	2,877	1,438 50	C. P. Thomson	.....	2,666	1,066 [illegible]
H. W. Gray	.....	3,052	1,526 00	M. V. B. Stevens	.....	2,361	94 [illegible]
H. F. J. Drake	.....	3,080	1,540 00	Wm. C. Sefton	.....	2,586	1,034 [illegible]
C. F. Gilmore	.....	2,505	1,252 50	S. M. Davis	.....	2,703	1,081 [illegible]
W. McFarlane	.....	3,013	1,506 50	L. Woodward	.....	2,700	1,080 [illegible]
J. M. Craig	.....	2,408	1,110 30	R. E. Logan	.....	2,401	96 [illegible]
C. J. Alexander	.....	2,865	1,315 20	H. F. McArdle	.....	1,880	75 [illegible]
W. H. Hickman	.....	1,158	579 00	R. O. Shaut	.....	2,584	1,033 [illegible]
James Bawn	.....	423	211 50	Zidon E. Ross	.....	2,308	92 [illegible]
F. M. Dodge	.....	2,502	1,125 90	L. Petrie	.....	2,631	1,052 [illegible]
A. F. Randolph	.....	2,585	1,163 25	H. Clay Evans	.....	2,484	99 [illegible]
P. H. Smith	.....	2,671	1,201 95	Samuel E. Mullan	.....	2,476	99 [illegible]
J. S. Burnside	.....	2,974	1,338 30	E. C. Smith	.....	2,908	1,163 [illegible]
M. Brosnahan	.....	2,921	1,314 45	C. D. McPherson	.....	2,439	97 [illegible]
T. J. Southworth	.....	3,039	1,367 55	Henry Webb	.....	2,371	94 [illegible]
W. H. Norton	.....	2,986	1,389 65	Rich'd W. Claxton	.....	2,209	88 [illegible]

No. 20.—*Persons employed in the public printing, &c.*—Continued.

Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.	Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.
	Days.	Hours.			Days.	Hours.	
Boss		2,488	$995 20	A. H. Taylor		1,974	$789 60
an		2,577	1,030 80	D. I. Towers		1,674	669 60
t A. Irwin		2,578	1,031 20	William Floyd		2,470	988 00
rans		2,412	964 80	Daniel McCallum		2,630	1,052 00
[cCormick		2,021	808 40	James Greenwood		2,580	1,032 00
. Dickerson		2,625	1,050 00	Dan. L. Sansom		2,684	1,073 60
. Robinson		2,496	998 40	T. S. Slentz		3,032	1,212 80
Ashby		2,301	920 40	Will M. Edmunds		2,799	1,119 60
k		2,857	1,142 80	B. F. Barrows		2,864	1,145 60
Dierken		2,519	1,007 60	L Simmonds		3,037	1,214 80
ffin		2,662	1,064 80	C. K. Weller		3,051	1,220 40
e		2,625	1,050 00	Chas. Spencer		2,864	1,145 60
oepf		2,303	921 20	J C. Quein		2,718	1,087 20
re		2,722	1,088 80	James H. Platt		2,788	1,115 20
inans		2,284	913 60	Charles H. Leeds		3,223	1,295 00
oss		2,723	1,089 20	T. McMahon		2,921	1,168 40
iser		2,580	1,032 00	W. H. Dexter		2,927	1,170 80
rington		1,149	459 60	H. B. Denny		3,248	1,299 20
awden		2,389	955 60	E. W. Hall		2,406	962 40
aley		1,373	549 20	W. O. Begley		3,084	1,233 60
lson		2,124	849 60	John C. Shirk		3,078	1,231 20
Grath		2,322	928 80	B. H. Baxter		2,907	1,162 80
Myers		2,295	918 00	W. P. Chew		2,885	1,154 00
. Clarke		2,078	831 20	H. C. Surguy		2,250	900 00
lenn		2,348	939 20	Lillie Vaughan		1,755	702 00
ant		2,514	1,005 60	Caleb N. Huse		1,645	658 00
err, jr		1,282	412 45	Robt. F. Simms		1,899	759 60
rchinson		2,467	986 80	W. O. Smith		2,552	1,020 80
Beatty		2,262	904 80	D. R. Doyle		1,393	557 20
erley		2,172	868 80	Geo. Spencer		1,836	734 40
tit		1,980	792 00	C. K. Carmean		1,526	610 40
Bosley		2,808	1,123 20	Henry A. Peed		205	82 00
f. Blake		2,335	934 00	Charles Wright		1,120	448 00
Dunbar		2,458	983 20	A. G. Allison		956	382 40
mstrong		2,664	1,065 60	J. W. Barnes		754	301 60
ll		2,501	1,000 40	W. S. Baker		555	222 00
Rogers		1,395	558 00	M. H. Kendig		856	342 40
John		2,894	1,157 60	F. B. Wallace		795	318 00
len		1,643	657 20	C. M. Cyphers		1,056	422 40
Byington		2,665	1,066 00	W. F. Dunn		434	176 59
ans		2,560	1,024 00	W. S. Brooks		1,044	417 60
Coheane		2,659	1,063 60	J. R. McBride		174	69 60
son		2,119	847 60	J. T. Nicholson		497	198 80
nson		2,616	1,046 40	May M. Grove		820	328 00
Jack		800	320 00	E. S. Nichols		444	177 60
tterson		2,653	1,061 20	C. W. Rempp		450	180 00
enshaw		2,776	1,110 40	John W. Lancaster		56	22 40
mp		2,764	1,105 60	E. Nott		209	83 60
ltzell		2,276	910 40	D. W. Morrison		192	76 80
atson		2,623	1,049 20	George S. Chase		202	80 80
lleck		2,209	883 60	R. E. Beall, jr		1,004	125 49
Fennell		1,962	784 80	Harry E. French		1,342	167 74
ebbetts		1,709	683 60	George B. Van Keuren		1,549	194 14
ss		2,362	944 80	James Polk		1,741	217 60
mo		2,994	1,197 60	James G. Woodward		1,733	216 61
ggett		2,323	929 20	M. D. Sanderson		1,944	242 97
rrier		2,602	1,076 80	Axel T. Johnson		2,227	278 36
audby		2,283	913 20	G. M. McFarland		1,314	164 23
erman		2,870	1,148 00	John H. Cook		1,197	149 62
fcDermott		3,041	1,216 40	Jno. A. Behrle		1,123	140 36
Dummer		1,040	416 00	E. W. Smith		830	103 75
g		1,327	530 80	David Moore		608	75 99
McFadden		2,264	905 60	Gustave Warnke		620	77 50
oward		2,106	874 25	Wm. Skeen		344	43 00
ilden		2,274	909 60	J. G. Croggon		1,097	134 86
rdermilk		2,184	873 60	H. D. Beach		1,214	151 73
Rourke		1,873	749 20	F. W. Muhlhofer		793	99 12
mons		2,323	929 20	Arthur F. Maher		319	39 87
alert		2,062	824 80	Philip Nachman		203	25 37
rman		2,504	1,001 60	E. F. Morrison		204	25 50
reeney		2,506	1,002 40	John A. Bayly	372		930 00
ling		383	153 20	John W. Pomeroy	372		930 00
tterson		2,017	806 80	John Talbert	372		839 75
. Major		2,125	850 00	James A. Patterson	367		825 75
dly		1,958	783 20	A. M. Sprague	365		821 25
lton		2,396	958 40	J. R. Francis	332		747 00
omas		2,168	867 20	Thomas Mullen	359		807 75

No. 20.—*Persons employed in the public printing, &c.*—Continued.

Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.	Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.
	Days.	Hours.			Days.	Hours.	
C. F. Wurdemann	360		$810 00	S. S. Bowman		2,462	$984 80
W. H. Thompson	57		128 25	J. B. Trudgian		409	163 60
William H. Scribner	31		69 75	F. E. Burnside		2,259	903 60
John A. Hyman	15		33 75	Chas. W. Summers		2,033	813 20
Thos. B. Hyatt	15		33 75	Frank J. Reilly		2,407	708 25
C. H. Wilson		3,421	855 25	A. O. Silvey		2,561	1,024 40
Amos Irving		2,985	746 25	G. W. Howland		2,535	1,014 00
John Buckman		3,097	774 25	A. G. Tuohy		2,687	1,074 80
John Waller		2,766	691 50	W. E. Sadtler		2,610	1,044 00
Wm. Crawford		2,963	740 75	W. H. Ells		2,412	964 80
James Jackson		3,091	772 75	G. B. Atkinson		2,449	1,021 65
Emanuel Thomas		1,974	493 50	Frank Pritchard		2,348	939 20
G. L. Milton		3,067	766 75	A. Bennett		605	242 00
Thos. Kearney		3,058	764 50	W. C. Dewar		2,261	904 40
John C. Wright		3,046	761 50	Jno. P. Murphy		2,294	917 60
J. H. B. Smallwood		2,523	630 75	J. C. Mellis		2,663	1,065 20
Geo. W. Banks		2,440	610 00	Geo. M. Depue		2,359	943 60
Robt. Clark		2,448	612 00	Will Way		2,059	823 60
William I. Ryan		2,522	630 50	Louis C. Johnson		2,397	958 80
Stephen Caldwell		1,155	288 75	J. E. Hogan		2,694	1,077 60
Herbert S. Flynn		2,610	489 36	J. E. Keefe		2,559	1,023 60
Edward F. Evans		935	175 30	H. M. Armisted		2,490	996 00
J. F. Mitchell		1,695	317 82	W. E. Clegg		2,492	996 80
Chas. F. Ford		118	22 12	Jno. H. Whitaker		1,678	671 20
D. G. Myers		2,482	465 38	James A. Perry		1,171	468 40
Geo. E. Patten	313		1,460 66	C. J. Miles		1,693	677 20
Robert Wilson	313		939 00	D. W. Bruce		1,416	566 40
John N. Dorster	359		897 50	Frank Davies		1,468	587 20
Wm. E Winston	131	32	270 00	L. M. Cady		1,487	594 80
John Larcombe	313		2,003 20	Chas. H. Miles		1,136	454 40
M. W. Chollar	348		1,590 26	W. Y. Clarke		742	296 80
J. G. Day	313		1,799 75	F. C. O'Niell		503	201 20
E. L. Richmond	313		1,565 00	Frank I. Stewart		1,895	413 85
David Nicholson	313		1,408 50	T. P. Woodward		2,382	486 60
M. W. Mitchell	313		1,408 50	Fillmore Donaldson		2,445	468 60
A. A. Allison	313		1,252 00	Martin N. Evans		2,230	368 30
W. L. Crounse	313		1,252 00	J. Howard Fishback		2,257	352 12
W. A. Smith	131		524 00	James G. Woodward		750	111 04
A. H. Post	25		100 00	Samuel Robinson		2,518	629 50
I. A. Powell	8		32 00	Cornelius S. Twine		922	230 50
H. K. Collins	313		1,095 50	S. W. Baxter		809	202 25
Geo. W. Hinman	298	42	970 40	G. D. Cox		1,405	234 16
J. H. Butcher	313		782 50	Alex. Elliott, jr	313		1,7[illegible] 75
James H. Roberts	178	1,504	732 00	Geo. S. King		2,375	1,2[illegible] 00
D. H. Castello, jr	302		966 40	W. B. Daly		2,174	1,021 78
Harry McGowan	182		273 00	H. C. Cowell		944	41[illegible] 36
Chas. C. Allen	40		80 00	W. B. Kelly		903	3[illegible] 12
H. Groshon	313		1,799 75	S. L. Rowzee		805	3[illegible] 20
J. E. Bright		3,228	1,710 84	Perry Brown		880	4[illegible] 20
L. D. Hatch		2,469	1,308 57	Paul Livingston		1,288	5[illegible] 82
Jno. W. Work		2,433	1,289 49	John E. Parker		1,348	5[illegible] 12
G. W. Bowen		2,532	1,341 96	George Recar		1,713	7[illegible] 72
Rob't H. White		2,222	1,118 72	David Leonard		1,587	6[illegible] 28
D. M. Covey		2,524	1,262 00	Frank Coburn		1,924	846 56
John Goodrick		2,493	1,121 85	W. A. Brown		1,584	6[illegible] 96
J. R. Mickle		2,655	1,194 75	T. W. Shomo		2,173	8[illegible]
B. F. Wright		2,462	1,107 90	J. S. Smith		2,696	1,072 [illegible]
E. Coburn		588	264 60	W. S. Whitmore		2,230	8[illegible]
J. K. Peabody		2,336	934 40	Geo. S. Perrie		2,446	9[illegible]
W. C. Talley		2,518	1,007 20	Byron Waters		2,438	8[illegible]
John P. Tyrrell		2,508	1,003 20	Thad Baden		2,813	7[illegible]
W. B. Donaldson		2,524	1,009 60	W. M. Laporte		2,568	7[illegible]
H. C. Underwood		2,302	920 80	L. E. Etchison		2,532	7[illegible]
Jeff. Smith		2,307	922 80	H. W. Chase		3,267	9[illegible]
W. R. Baum		2,440	1,007 07	George Gayle		2,840	7[illegible]
W. H. Shomo		2,314	925 60	Thomas Byrd		2,731	7[illegible]
P. M. Becker		2,411	964 40	Wm. J. Boyd		2,544	7[illegible]
Thos. J. Alleger		2,699	1,079 60	Edward T. Mathews		2,743	7[illegible]
W. H. Hutchinson		2,399	959 60	J. C. Russell		2,118	5[illegible]
A. C. Francisco		2,300	920 00	Charles Russell		2,362	6[illegible]
O. N. Lanning		2,709	1,083 60	Martin Mangold		2,510	7[illegible]
B. D. Fleet		2,316	926 40	E. R. Baptist		2,707	7[illegible]
F. A. Cogswell		1,841	736 40	Chas. A. Krause		2,467	6[illegible]
C. A. Howle		2,351	940 40	Wm. H Baker		2,570	7[illegible]
F. A. Marsh		2,379	951 60	W. T. Detweiler		924	2[illegible]
J. H. Fletcher		2,490	996 00	Edward S. Green		451	1[illegible]
Benj. Fugitt		2,473	989 20	Horace Berry		1,456	2[illegible]

No. 20.—*Persons employed in the public printing, &c.*—Continued.

Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.
	Days.	Hours.	
haefer		2,245	$280 61
Lincoln		2,579	1,444 24
obinson		3,247	1,729 91
. Hughes		1,322	700 66
Carrier		2,560	1,024 00
s D. Bennett		2,672	1,068 80
Scott		2,382	952 80
Myers		2,399	959 60
hew		2,564	1,025 60
Tixon		2,424	969 60
lughes		1,959	783 60
imonds		2,365	946 00
S. Gayle		1,738	695 20
Bundy		2,377	950 80
Cing		2,138	855 20
Kibbey		448	179 20
Boulter		288	115 20
ck Tilp		885	389 40
m H. Corcoran		28	12 32
eynolds		1,149	459 60
T. Jewett		2,513	1,005 20
awson		961	384 40
Whitaker	371		1,113 00
Fletcher	371		1,113 00
Hall	367		1,101 00
Bush	355		887 50
el Dougherty	367		794 25
. Lamb		2,759	1,241 55
Simmons		2,572	1,157 40
Holl		875	393 75
nes		1,035	360 85
Randolph		1,891	630 34
Clark		864	270 00
s Pitchlynn		2,493	747 90
der Douglas		2,870	767 15
A. Davis		835	208 75
. Jones		2,695	673 75
B. Hyatt		1,838	459 50
Morrison		2,379	523 85
. Glick		2,207	551 75
Miner		1,020	255 00
Evans		1,018	254 50
T. Jones		1,024	256 00
wson		832	208 00
O'Brien		1,017	254 75
ll Bowie		1,033	258 25
olvin		1,063	265 75
itchell		489	120 75
Williams		2,531	632 75
Waters		1,352	338 00
n Robinson		2,618	654 50
s Fletcher		2,817	704 25
m Bell		2,496	624 00
Robinson		2,500	625 00
d E. Jordan		93	23 25
. Price		1,538	384 50
Shryock		536	134 00
ross		789	197 25
t M. Lewis		49	12 25
IECEWORK.			
Randolph			139 28
Glick			100 62
itchell			101 13
TIMEWORK.			
s Rodier	313		1,799 75
tkins	313		1,669 34
m H. Bushnell		2,616	1,386 48
rgan		2,570	1,362 10
don		2,575	1,287 50
lmons		2,402	960 80
Griffin		2,550	857 25
. Huntsberry		2,449	979 60
Yard		2,581	1,032 40
W. F. Nabers		2,552	$1,020 80
Frank McDermot		2,255	902 00
Glendour Medairy		2,557	1,022 80
Wm. L. Jones		2,416	966 40
Wm. E. Morcoe		2,592	1,036 80
H. Allen Ison		2,456	982 40
Jed. Shaw		2,565	1,026 00
D. H. Hunter		2,502	1,000 80
J. W. Rowan		2,492	996 80
George R. Boone		2,454	981 60
W. Allison		2,480	992 00
Wm. M. Belt		2,591	1,036 40
C. B. Hough		2,505	1,002 00
Henry Taylor		2,576	1,030 40
Wm. J. Harris		2,488	995 20
J. H. Lowrey		2,451	980 40
E. M. Kerrott		2,199	879 60
Jno. G. Anderson		2,258	903 20
W. W. McCollum		2,318	927 20
F. M. Lewis		2,558	1,023 20
E. T. Toner		1,813	725 20
John B. Heath		458	183 20
Mark H. Maher		627	250 80
F. M. Stuart		476	190 40
O. H. Nealy		21	8 40
L. E. Kearney		80	32 00
E. L. Marriott		79	31 60
C. B. Ward		80	32 00
E. J. Klopfer		79	31 60
Clem. C. Hipkins		56	22 40
Edward C. Belt		2,553	562 60
C. D. Watkins		719	143 80
Thomas J. Blackwood		578	115 60
Harry T. Parker		1,754	292 34
E. D. Klopfer		2,576	500 27
Arthur F. Maher		537	89 50
Robert L. Potee		2,409	298 60
H. D. Beach		1,280	176 14
F. P. Lewis		1,464	183 00
E. R. Hendley		1,386	173 24
J. L. Penicks		267	33 37
Wm. Skeen		808	101 00
Howell L. Brumm		295	36 87
Alex. T. Borland		2,538	1,015 20
W. S. Scott		2,498	1,249 00
John T. Nicholson		2,246	898 40
M. Hunt		2,371	948 40
P. S. Sprightley		2,329	931 60
C. E. Meacham		2,434	973 60
Wm. E. Cruit		1,534	287 62
C. C. Gibbons		2,466	462 37
C. A. Hopkins		2,093	392 43
M. A. Foley		2,537	475 67
Sallie J. Cooke		2,110	395 62
Bettie Pumphrey		2,515	471 55
M. E. Swain		2,531	474 56
Lulie Laskey		2,201	412 68
Ella S. Kidwell		2,067	387 56
M. A. Proctor		2,385	447 18
Charlotte Heatley		2,156	404 25
Mary F. Hughes		2,387	447 56
A. E. Pope		2,252	422 24
Kate L. Schlegel		2,510	470 62
Alice R. Vance		2,453	459 93
Ardella Huseman		2,505	469 67
Emma Mollere		2,120	400 06
Mary Martin		377	70 68
Maggie Nicodemus		504	94 50
Hattie V. Tenley		1,931	362 06
J. W. Busey		2,405	901 86
W. W. Harvey		2,599	974 60
Vincent Lemmon		2,760	690 00
Edw. G. Pleasants		2,610	652 50
Henry Lehman		2,580	645 00
Charles J. Bogan		2,357	589 25
Jesse Smith		2,592	648 00
G. H. Thompson		2,301	575 25

No. 20.—*Persons employed in the public printing, &c.*—Continued.

Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.	Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.
	Days.	Hours.			Days.	Hours.	
John T. Pursell	.....	2,566	$641 50	James Gray	.....	266	$106 40
R. L. Gaines	.....	2,224	556 00	J. H. Furbershaw	.....	236	94 40
Walter S. Smith	.....	1,352	338 00	John F. Clarkson	.....	490	196 00
J. W. Creed	.....	670	167 50	C. E. Meacham	.....	28	11 20
Lewis Criseman	.....	2,252	563 00	John Metcalf	.....	204	81 60
James A. Claxton	.....	934	233 50	A. E. Sardo, jr	.....	2,724	591 55
Geo. W. Fields	.....	220	55 00	J. H. Hughes	.....	2,562	504 33
Fremont Allen	.....	56	14 00	B. A. Champion	.....	2,817	555 23
George Oyster	.....	88	22 00	W. W. Conkling	.....	2,696	364 00
R. B. Holloway	.....	71	17 75	Mary E. Adams	.....	2,268	425 26
J. B. Montgomery	.....	32	8 00	Martha Allison	.....	2,889	541 68
F. J. Waters	.....	2,504	1,252 00	S. M. Antrim	.....	1,820	341 25
C. A. Moran	.....	2,504	1,001 60	C. B. Appler	.....	2,639	538 32
John R. Boss	.....	2,496	998 40	Bessie Aulick	.....	2,347	440 04
H. N. Goff	.....	2,264	905 60	Eller Barnes	.....	2,652	497 23
J. G. Croggon	.....	1,360	195 99	Bettie Bartlett	.....	990	185 62
Mary Cunningham	.....	296	55 50	Jennie Baylis	.....	856	160 50
Edmund Shaw	.....	136	27 20	Fannie Beamer	.....	1,967	413 07
John T. Heck	313	.....	1,669 34	Ida M. Bemis	.....	1,028	192 75
C. E. Hall	.....	2,547	1,018 80	Cora H. Best	.....	1,923	403 83
John T. Brewster	.....	2,103	841 20	N. Blair	.....	1,603	300 55
J. W. Clark	.....	2,537	1,014 80	Mary S. Blush	.....	2,145	411 31
Louis Bass	.....	2,494	997 60	B. C. Bickford	.....	527	98 81
J. W. Lancaster	.....	2,415	966 00	Anna Bolinstarck	.....	2,003	375 56
R. H. Yates	.....	1,986	794 40	R. M. Burche	.....	1,137	213 19
O. H. Reed	.....	2,510	1,004 80	Edella Burdette	.....	2,384	493 99
Fred. W. Cole	.....	2,344	468 80	Catharine Burke	.....	2,231	468 51
Maurice D. Wagner	.....	2,448	372 62	Josephine Carlisle	.....	858	160 87
Frank F. Hoffman	.....	2,356	589 00	Rose Carrothers	.....	2,519	472 29
James W. Keck	.....	1,285	321 25	Louise Carstens	.....	2,265	424 67
John T. Kearney	.....	1,147	286 75	Mary Callaghan	.....	2,764	518 23
A. B. Auer	313	.....	1,799 75	Annie Carpenter	.....	1,134	238 14
A. J. Donaldson	313	.....	1,669 34	Annie Chapman	.....	666	124 87
A. E. Sardo	.....	1,272	737 76	M. I. Chaney	.....	728	136 50
W. P. Martin	.....	2,279	1,139 50	Effie Clarke	.....	1,902	356 61
D. H. Denham	.....	1,503	601 20	Cecilia Clements	.....	2,400	449 99
A. W. Graham	.....	1,943	777 20	Victoria Clark	.....	2,441	457 68
W. S. Cameron	.....	2,538	1,015 20	Joanna Corridon	.....	2,706	568 26
Jno. H. Robb	.....	2,725	1,090 00	Alice Corcoran	.....	244	45 75
Squire A. Cameron	.....	2,486	994 80	Emma Cox	.....	2,724	510 75
J. A. Dawson	.....	2,853	1,141 20	Delia Cremen	.....	1,067	224 07
Jeremiah Donovan	.....	1,291	516 40	Amelia E. Cromelien	.....	1,802	337 86
Sam'l Hurley	.....	2,650	1,035 70	Mary Cunningham	.....	2,454	460 12
James R. McCoach	.....	2,749	1,099 60	Maggie Curtis	.....	510	95 61
Cephas C. Nyce	.....	1,190	476 00	M. F. Cushley	.....	2,551	478 30
J. A. Lee	.....	691	276 40	Elizabeth Davis	.....	2,161	405 17
Richard P. Thomas	.....	2,561	1,024 40	Mable Davis	.....	410	76 88
Edward Duff	.....	2,616	1,046 40	M. Dellamico	.....	2,337	438 18
William Donaldson	.....	2,322	802 50	E. J. De Lorme	.....	1,958	367 11
D. C. Reeves	.....	2,179	871 60	Elizabeth Dement	.....	2,465	462 18
A. J. Preall	.....	1,202	480 80	Lizzie M. Donohue	.....	2,710	508 11
Wm. Farrington	.....	1,238	495 20	Nellie Donohue	.....	853	159 94
Thomas F. Maher	.....	2,820	1,128 00	Maggie Duffy	.....	1,696	338 01
Michael Friery	.....	2,648	1,059 20	Sallie D. Durham	.....	36	6 75
John G. Hudson	.....	2,385	954 00	Carrie Fields	.....	164	30 75
R. A. Porter	.....	2,733	1,093 20	Libbie A. Flahavhan	.....	2,760	579 60
John Burnside	.....	2,907	1,162 80	Alice A. Fon Narbutt	.....	2,254	422 61
Wm. C. Riley	.....	2,402	960 80	Annie Fuller	.....	407	76 31
W. G. Dunne	.....	2,467	986 80	Mollie Garthwait	.....	2,467	462 54
J. D. Lydick	.....	2,796	1,118 40	Lizzie M. Garvey	.....	718	134 62
John A. Noel	.....	2,818	1,127 20	Annie Gaughran	.....	1,947	346 31
A. H. Jones	.....	2,780	1,112 00	L. V. Godey	.....	1,951	409 71
Frank Fraser	.....	2,953	1,181 20	A. Gormley	.....	224	42 00
S. T. Brown	.....	2,086	834 40	Margaret Gormley	.....	218	40 87
H. Evans	.....	2,918	1,167 20	A. D. Goss	.....	2,121	397 67
Columbus Hall	.....	1,831	732 40	Ada M. Greenwood	.....	1,225	229 69
Ira E. Cole	.....	2,313	925 20	Laura L. Grimes	.....	524	98 25
Jno. N. Wright, jr	.....	2,828	1,131 20	Rose A. Hart	.....	2,265	424 69
F. J. Robinson	.....	2,841	1,136 40	Mary Hayes	.....	2,804	525 72
Edw'd C. Maher	.....	2,680	1,072 00	Johanna Hickey	.....	1,619	302 63
J. E. Corning	.....	2,812	1,124 80	Mary Hill	.....	2,416	507 36
E. L. Winne	.....	2,647	1,058 80	Nellie Hopper	.....	2,749	515 42
J. L. Harrigan	.....	2,540	1,016 00	Mollie A. Hunter	.....	2,699	566 79
John F. Hutcherson	.....	366	146 40	Mary A. Hurdle	.....	2,810	526 87
Thomas H. Owings	.....	260	104 00	John F. Hutcherson	.....	2,270	425 61
T. H. Fitnam	.....	637	254 80	Lola C. Hutton	.....	2,588	485 23
Thos. C. Maher	.....	230	92 00	A. Ingersoll	.....	1,188	222 75

No. 20.—*Persons employed in the public printing, &c.*—Continued.

Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.	Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.
	Days.	Hours.			Days.	Hours.	
ckson		340	$63 75	N. T. Ellsworth		2,449	$816 84
kson		239	44 81	R. A. Gray		2,735	765 80
Jewett		1,907	357 56	Adolphe Guillot		2,727	681 75
nson		1,806	338 62	Alanson Kelsey		1,499	374 75
hnson		1,501	281 42	W. D. Hobbein		2,586	387 90
ohnston		2,340	438 73	Geo. W. Cole		3,142	981 88
ies		1,519	316 74	Chas. F. Davis		2,614	615 18
enan		999	187 31	Geo H. Foskey		3,099	774 75
Kelly		754	141 37	Robert J. Houck		2,191	547 75
medy		2,512	470 98	W. T. Benjamin		2,540	635 00
		1,885	359 08	Jas. W. Bode		2,578	644 50
angley		2,479	464 81	William Hutchison		2,832	708 00
ee		2,160	405 00	John Ryan		2,911	727 75
Litsinger		2,106	394 88	John Roberts		2,602	650 50
Long		750	140 61	Lewis Thomas		3,015	753 75
ng		2,720	509 98	Frank Dial		2,872	718 00
McNamara		152	28 50	Washington Leftrich		3,099	774 75
fcNamara		2,768	581 28	L. A. Iardella		2,519	629 75
McNamara		2,876	539 25	William Lang		2,697	674 25
raw		2,182	425 95	G. Coakley		3,100	775 00
Carty		681	143 01	W. T. Hall		2,551	637 75
fcCullip		2,102	394 09	Thomas Shelton		2,812	703 00
fcCormick		2,584	484 50	James E. Young		3,117	779 25
McKie		2,922	547 85	Edward Campbell		2,777	694 25
McKinzie		589	110 44	C. C. Haddock		2,281	570 25
Marcey		2,597	486 94	Daniel C. Ray		1,916	479 00
hia Mayer		93	17 44	Benjamin Coakley		2,604	651 00
ills		2,122	397 87	Douglas Reid		2,262	565 50
linor		2,193	411 18	Jno. A. Bryan		1,737	434 25
Mitchell		88	16 50	Thom. Daniel		2,041	510 25
A. Moore		2,713	508 68	John Better		1,413	353 25
orrison		52	9 75	David Touzalin		1,222	305 50
urrell		2,057	385 68	H. C. Bolden		996	249 00
ally		2,819	528 56	Wm. E. Sanders		1,162	290 50
Nestor		1,892	354 74	Wm. S. Seymour		1,068	267 00
ficholson		2,384	447 00	J. E. Smith		1,208	302 00
oonan		150	28 12	Robert Boulden		1,235	308 75
ber		2,378	445 86	Moses Smith		44	11 00
'Brien		517	96 94	C. H. Robinson		44	11 00
'Brien		2,712	508 49	Josiah S. Green		1,773	443 25
'Prey		164	30 75	Michael O'Connell		504	126 00
ice		2,510	470 61	James Roche		391	97 75
Potter		2,446	458 61	Emanuel Thomas		1,218	304 50
roctor		536	100 50	P. R. Noone		1,091	272 75
Ragan		1,432	268 50	Alex. Gould		621	155 25
Reese		2,766	518 63	G. L. Gordon		363	90 75
ne Schermer-				John Dice		866	216 50
		667	125 06	Edwin T. Botts		625	156 25
chiller		458	85 88	J. H. Burch, jr		228	57 00
Sinon		1,272	267 12	Sylvester Jordan		2,505	626 25
son		243	45 56	C. L. Freeman		109	27 25
Stevens		164	30 75	G. W. Mulloy		1,453	363 25
f. Slentz		2,324	435 74	Robt. C. Langley		1,905	476 25
ele		2,447	458 80	Lewis Russell		2,453	613 25
Sullivan		2,204	462 84	J. B. Stoops		1,048	262 00
Swain		2,507	470 05	C. C. Woodward		2,462	716 92
et Sweeney		2,067	387 54	James A. Prosperi		2,099	524 75
H. Taylor		330	61 87	Frank J. Wilson		2,481	620 25
ta Tompkins		1,277	268 17	J. M. Edmunds Brown		2,558	582 13
ravers		2,466	462 36	J. K. McDonald		2,659	664 75
Trunnell		2,457	460 68	Robert C. McGill		2,429	409 01
urner		2,810	526 85	William M. Gerard		2,420	363 00
yler		503	103 24	E. S. McDonald		1,542	237 60
Arsdale		2,392	448 48	August Seitz		1,030	154 50
Varner		2,680	502 50	Ellen Sheahan	250	208	276 00
Weser		2,294	430 11	Cy. D. Fletcher	85		488 75
Wheeler		112	21 00	Wm. H. Miller	313		1,758 42
Wise		2,523	473 06	W. A. Dodge		2,499	1,324 47
Winckelman		1,908	400 68	Theo. Hodes		2,464	1,305 92
W. Louis		2,449	1,224 50	John R. Bradley		2,487	1,318 11
Yarsons		2,628	981 89	E. T. Barrett		2,441	1,293 73
Stebbins		1,962	735 75	A. D. Brock		1,871	991 63
Carr		2,928	1,097 96	Thos. K. Heath		2,478	1,313 34
N. Keck		2,653	994 87	B. F. Mann		2,039	1,080 67
Williams		2,644	826 24	L. H. Jullien		2,406	1,275 18
oules		2,771	923 66	W. A. Lavalette		1,628	862 84

No. 20.—*Persons employed in the public printing, &c.*—Continued.

Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.	Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.
	Days.	Hours.			Days.	Hours.	
John S. Mills		2,357	$1,249 21	Wm. C. Heck		2,379	$95[illegible]
A. P. Marston		2,303	1,220 59	Daniel C. McGivern		2,631	1,05[illegible] 80
C. X. Martin		2,363	1,252 39	Will P. Reese		2,555	1,02[illegible] 40
A. T. Foxwell		1,316	697 48	Jake Reiher		532	21[illegible] 80
J. S. Zeigler		115	60 95	John Walsh		587	23[illegible] 80
J. P. Morse		2,324	1,231 72	D. W. March		2,844	1,08[illegible] 48
Chas. W. Baker		2,454	1,227 00	Wm. H. Mickle, jr		3,058	1,14[illegible] 72
George R. Brandon		2,191	1,095 50	Geo. W. Bates		2,808	954 72
L. L. Burke		2,497	1,248 50	Geo. W. Folck		2,057	699 38
Byron A. Ford		2,495	1,247 50	John A. Tafe	365		912 50
E. L. Scott		2,103	1,051 50	A. J. Houghton		1,497	467 80
Jas. Austin		2,483	1,027 35	H. C. Moran		2,248	702 48
Daniel V. Fenton		2,363	1,074 90	Charles J. Ortlip		2,197	686 56
Edw. Y. Fisher		2,505	1,127 25	G. L. Pearson		1,944	607 50
W. Marden King		2,423	1,090 35	Hod Reynolds		1,761	550 30
Jos. W. Palmer		2,491	1,120 95	E. A. Sikken		2,596	811 00
F. P. Snyder		2,495	1,122 75	J. L. Venable		2,037	611 10
Jos. C. Kauffman		697	319 10	D. McCathran		2,377	713 10
E. St. L. Babson		2,343	937 20	Chas. F. Burch		1,475	442 50
M. W. Barr		2,514	1,005 60	S. K. Coster		2,343	702 90
W. Carlisle		2,394	957 60	J. W. Dutton		1,396	418 80
R. T. Meany		2,501	1,000 40	Luther R. Frank		1,796	538 80
W. F. Ryan		2,512	1,004 80	Harry A. Gwin		1,914	574 20
E. D. Stimson		328	131 20	James F. Lacey		2,249	674 70
J. V. R. Towers		2,399	959 60	D. A. Neal		1,831	549 30
G. H. Tousey		2,472	988 80	Edward H. Parlin		2,275	682 50
J. L. C. Kerr		600	240 00	C. A. Rice		664	199 20
Thos. McCrea		675	270 00	Henry C. Watson		1,151	345 30
Willis W. Tew		234	93 60	John Weckerly		2,062	618 60
W. E. Post		2,385	954 00	W. D. Anderson		1,366	341 50
J. C. Bonsall		22	4 40	Alpha B. Beall		2,951	737 75
Wm. M. Boyd		1,075	484 40	James R. Bell		162	40 50
A. J Boyer		1,316	526 40	Wm. H. Berry		2,246	561 50
Louise Bryant		119	47 60	Geo. M. Bond		1,485	371 25
F. H. Barnhart		74	29 60	Edward Brown		308	77 00
W. A. De Groot		2,325	930 00	C. N. Buckland		3,152	788 00
Edward Eberbach		2,509	1,003 60	Thomas J. Burke		1,220	305 00
S. S. English		1,205	484 15	I. N. Butler		904	226 00
J. W. Fletcher		2,090	836 00	M. Clark		2,096	524 00
G. W. Fowler		2,405	1,052 61	W. S. Clarke		1,144	286 00
J. L. Garrett		2,312	924 80	John Collins		1,109	277 25
J. S. Gourlay		2,472	988 80	J. W. Creed		238	59 50
H. B. Grigg		2,495	1,098 00	Frank F. De Lea		1,670	417 50
G. W. Hall		2,487	994 80	Jas. Doyle		622	155 50
C. H. Hay		1,955	782 00	Patrick Doyle		2,453	613 25
John Hoynes		482	592 80	Robert Fearson		1,165	291 25
H. H. Humble		447	178 60	Geo. W. Fields		1,083	270 75
Simeon Johnston		1,638	655 20	William D. Foos		2,420	605 00
Wm. J. Johnston		405	162 00	J. W. Freeman		190	47 50
F. B. Mercer		839	335 60	G. L. Gordon		245	61 25
H. C. Martin		104	41 60	James A. Hewes		1,501	375 25
C. W. Mander		170	68 00	John F. Hogan		1,904	476 00
W. T. Priddy		2,458	1,083 20	J. B. Holderby		896	224 00
Geo. J. Schley		2,487	994 80	U. S. G. Jarvis		2,333	583 25
H. C. Shearer		2,013	805 20	John Johnson		1,287	321 75
Wm. M. Stuart		2,490	996 00	J. C. Johnson		124	31 00
F. P. Wilkins		2,420	968 00	Owen Keefe		2,706	676 50
T. B. Wood		860	344 00	N. M. D. Lathrop		2,578	644 50
L. K. Zook		13	5 20	John Lee		1,682	420 50
Geo. W. Duvall		2,303	575 75	F. R. Lloyd		1,358	339 50
S. P. Heinline		1,345	336 25	J. W. Lomex		440	110 00
Jno. T. Lewis		2,555	638 75	D. P. Lynch		1,968	492 00
Henry McCoy		2,544	636 00	James McKenna		3,094	773 50
Lafayette Torrey		2,354	588 50	Patrick McNamee		755	188 75
Alex. McCullip		577	144 25	C. S. Mills		2,140	535 00
Hugh D. Nealy		2,496	374 40	John Murphy		2,407	601 75
L. F. Fletcher		1,709	213 61	B. F. Oder		3,022	755 50
Thos. B. Penicks	313		1,799 75	Simon Pocher		3,228	807 00
George Fordham	313		1,669 34	George M. Raub		3,195	798 75
F. Munson	313		1,869 34	A. J. Rock		2,127	531 75
Wm. B. Evans		2,504	1,252 00	W. E. W. Rowe		1,412	353 00
Richard Berry		822	411 00	R. E. Scott		744	186 00
J. Paul Chambers		785	408 20	Wm. Shepherd		1,730	432 50
W. H. Moran		2,159	1,049 18	Noble Spates		1,805	451 25
John W. Maxwell		1,682	672 80	Rush C. Steele		2,261	565 25
M. A. Du Bois		2,496	998 40	R. L. Todd		2,088	522 00
R. B. Harford		2,401	960 40	James M. Toy		1,269	317 25

No. 20.—*Persons employed in the public printing, &c.*—Continued.

Name.	Time employed. Days.	Hours.	Amount received.
Van Lew.		1,320	$330 00
J. Wall		1,476	369 00
shburn		2,520	630 00
Athen		2,398	599 50
Watson		1,286	321 50
Webster		1,860	465 00
tehurst		371	92 75
itehurst		97	24 25
lliams		726	181 50
chins		472	78 67
ore		1,950	276 58
enhower	313		1,799 75
lis		3,066	1,624 98
flattingly		2,831	1,500 43
ell		2,748	1,456 44
derick		2,629	1,393 37
zzell		2,672	1,416 16
ter		2,121	1,124 13
malhoff		2,536	1,258 02
tingly		2,616	1,218 78
rs		938	497 14
ele		1,037	549 61
rermore		2,873	1,522 69
iwan		2,391	1,267 23
anfield		42	21 00
Thompson		2,836	1,307 35
chett		2,885	1,298 25
pbell		2,806	1,262 70
orpe		2,654	1,072 91
erkins		2,878	1,151 20
livan		2,851	1,140 40
st		1,590	636 00
k		2,754	1,101 60
lsmith		3,125	1,513 50
leiter		1,474½	589 80
iss		2,054	821 60
Wright		5	2 50
el		2,532	1,012 80
n		2,483½	993 40
r Dercourt		777	310 80
Hughes		783	313 20
ier		14	5 60
ham		160½	64 20
t		128	51 20
dge		81	32 40
haway		16	6 40
rnside		362	144 80
rooks		781	312 40
gers		18	7 20
nick		101	40 40
ugherty		863½	345 40
Smith		18	7 20
wles		137	54 80
t		125	50 00
Boone		25	10 00
Fealy		104	41 60
Dermot		192	76 80
urray		190	76 00
bbetts		83	33 20
ourke		77	30 80
and		25	10 00
Donald		85	34 00
r Graham		29	11 60
ver		937	234 25
skey		2,881	720 25
ole		2,937	734 25
faxwell		1,670	417 50
ames		211	52 75
y Ford		1,358	339 50
ylor		1,095	273 75
nlay		204	51 00
olden		64	16 00
Bliss		200	50 00
per		2,530	474 36

Name.	Time employed. Days.	Hours.	Amount received.
PIECE-WORK.			
F. N. Barnhart			$1,070 65
S. H. Bell			1,428 00
J. C. Bonsall			602 50
James G. Boss			1,039 45
Castleman P. Boss			940 56
W. M. Boyd			584 90
A. J. Boyer			320 55
F. A. Brashears			1,121 25
F. E. Buckland			1,381 50
J. F. Campbell			961 80
R. H. Campbell			1,113 30
J. W. Carter			1,130 05
A. Clauson			594 40
Wm. M. Connell			1,091 55
Edward W. Day			401 20
W. A. De Groot			62 95
L. C. Dillon			937 15
A. L. Ferry			779 20
Geo. I. Ford			977 05
J. G. Forney			1,116 95
A. T. Foxwell			536 75
Jas. E. Frost			971 85
J. L. Garrett			16 00
Daniel Grady			1,131 95
E. C. Grumley			1,050 90
Arthur J. Hall			1,096 70
Fred. A. Hall			852 40
J. P. Hamilton			905 55
G. F. Hammar			938 35
Sam'l C. Hanlon			1,193 00
J. Fisher Hauer			1,328 55
C. H. Hay			215 40
Theo. Hodes			6 05
C. Ed. Hodgkin			1,220 35
Harry Houghtaling			935 50
John Hoynes			105 05
H. H. Humble			672 70
G. J. S. Hunnicutt			1,139 70
Thos. T. Hurdle			80
Geo. S. Johnson			1,005 75
Simeon Johnston			304 40
Samuel G. Kirby			1,524 10
Jos. C. Kauffman			753 45
Aug. M. Laing			1,273 80
Clarence Lewis			1,413 90
W. A. Linton			703 55
W. A. Lavalette			437 45
F. T. Maloney			1,145 60
C. W. Mander			960 80
J. F. Maupin			997 40
J. R. McBride			847 45
J. A. McCabe			1,382 70
H. H. McKeever			1,293 85
F. B. Mercer			595 50
Jas. M. Montgomery			1,359 50
John R. Morrison			1,005 85
Chas. A. Morgan			441 00
G. W. Newell			813 20
William H. Nelson			750 00
Jeremiah O'Connell			1,079 35
A. R. Platt			911 70
Theo. P. Reid			814 95
J. M. Richards			1,392 27
W. F. Rodrick			1,601 60
W. E. Shields			175 65
J. L. Sinn			1,296 10
M. J. Sherk			1,226 05
P. R. Summers			906 55
Samuel Taylor			612 73
J. L. Thompson			897 25
Richd. B. Topham			813 60
Charles N. Warren			1,014 50

No. 20.—*Persons employed in the public printing, &c.*—Continued.

Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.	Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.
	Days.	Hours.			Days.	Hours.	
A. W. Webb			$559 70	W. N. Croggon			[illegible] 20
O. S. Webster			1,055 15	J. W. Cross			[illegible] 15
Geo. A. Webster			1,080 40	J. A. Crow			6-12 65
T. G. Williams			653 00	Geo. A. Crump			827 40
R. C. Wilson			1,244 60	Geo. D. Cunningham			26 00
T. B. Wood			745 05	H. W. Davis			19 15
S. K. Young			1,205 05	Hector Davidson			32 00
J. S. Ziegler			1,182 65	E. W. Davidson			672 90
L. K. Zook			694 80	E. De Caindry			563 60
James H. Alburtis			1,175 75	Fred. Decker			26 35
C. O. Alexander			199 60	James Deau			13 50
Oscar Alexander			712 55	D. C. DeKnight			360 55
O. S. Allen			717 15	John Delahunty			304 25
W. R. Atwell			762 45	W. H. Dennesson			641 20
C. W. Aughinbaugh			7 45	Alexander Dercourt			338 15
W. R. Barbour			498 53	O. Devantier			19 40
F. M. Barnes			877 30	C. J. Devaughn			815 65
J. W. Barnes			106 10	John B. Dickman			735 10
M. F. Barrett			686 81	O. W. Doughty			44 80
R. H. Bealer			1 80	James Dougherty			605 20
R. E. Beall, jr			202 50	T. M. Donn			175 30
C. A. Beers			1 65	Geo. P. Dowell			355 56
Sam'l K. Behrend			309 50	Geo. E. Dummer			321 05
Louis N. Bender			58 80	Jas. Q. Dutrow			328 85
John R. Berg			168 50	W. D. Egbert			75 10
George Berry			601 71	Samuel W. Edmunds			470 70
W. O. Birmingham			923 75	J. M. Eggleston			771 30
C. F. T. Blett			21 50	J. E. Ellegood			608 60
W. A. Bohn			774 15	Jacob Eitel			87 10
J. C. Bonsall			198 70	C. F. Eise			23 15
Sam'l J. Boone			278 90	Thomas Ellis			59 05
Byron Bond			57 90	Henry Ellsworth			685 80
Thomas Coke Bosworth			42 35	Warren B. Esty			178 45
A. J. Boyer			89 55	A. L. Etter			459 85
Wilbur G. Brawner			42 05	Thomas Fealy			249 05
R. T. Bray			300 05	Pat. Feehan			586 25
Joseph Brennan			23 80	Jos. Ferguson			102 06
U. P. Breazeale			1 75	A. L. Ferry			2 50
J. E. Brister			415 70	R. P. Fithian			113 05
John J. Bresnahan			754 55	Edward Flagg, jr			489 75
H. Y. Brooke			34 25	J. F. Fleury			25 75
Jas. H. Brooks			841 75	D. W. Fleming			342 07
C. C. Brodie			1,024 90	Wm. H. Francis			124 85
Chas. H. Brucker			8 30	Harry E. French			249 27
Harry W. Burnham			83 84	Henry L. Frazier			526 08
R. W. Burnside			882 70	J. J. Fullerton			126 60
W. R. Burgess			937 80	E. N. Fussell			49 85
N. Buxmeyer			67 55	Wm. J. Galbraith			619 25
Galen Byron			24 50	Geo. W. Gardner			75 80
W. J. Caldwell			74 70	J. P. Garner			765 50
Thos. G. Callen			32 85	Lewis A. Garrett			1,004 10
G. A. Calvert			97 55	Jas. C. Gawler			110 20
J. F. Campbell			279 05	J. G. Gibbs			745 [illegible]
S. R. Cameron			227 40	W. G. Glenn			24 [illegible]
W. R. Carrigan			640 55	K. S. Goodloe			456 [illegible]
J. W. Carter			275 55	E. B. Gordon			13 [illegible]
W. R. Chipley			471 05	Geo. H. Gordon			660 [illegible]
R. F. Chisolm			84 50	Jas. O. Gorman			974
J. Jerome Clark			309 40	G. Wilmer Graham			422
B. F. Clark			434 05	H. A. Graham			1,018
W. Y. Clarke			741 95	Geo. H. Green			960
F. A. Cogswell			245 15	Wm. E. T. Greenfield			25
T. M. Cogswell			216 55	F. C. Griffith, jr			1,082
Alexander Colhoun			92 15	W. S. Griffith			1,087
Hillis K. Colkitt			5 25	W. E. Grimes			257
A. P. Coder			841 00	W. A. Griswold			517
A. G. Cook			1,042 30	Moses Grooms			16 [illegible]
I. F. Cooley			536 95	Annie L. Grove			444 [illegible]
Chase W. Conway			90 15	Wm. P. Gruber			[illegible]
E. Cornman, jr			671 25	George Gulick			342 [illegible]
A. E. Corning			830 50	Fred. A. Hall			28 [illegible]
Louis W. Cornwell			879 50	Geo. B. Hall			7 [illegible]
J. D. Cosby			120 95	F. M. Hamaker			38 [illegible]
R. D. Coxe			64 75	J. A. Handiboe			88 [illegible]
W. H. Craig			956 00	W. T. Haner			[illegible]
Wm. M. Crawford			407 65	C. R. Hanleiter			4 [illegible]
				T. C. Hannum			1 [illegible]

No. 20.—*Persons employed in the public printing, &c.*—Continued.

Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.
	Days.	Hours.	
rbaugh			$838 10
. Harper			72 60
N. Harper			363 45
ys			256 95
t, jr			86 25
arrison			326 90
haway			842 30
rvie			952 90
Henry			31 90
mick			1,031 00
iggs			656 95
dges			450 80
loughtaling			120 80
uck			47 05
ynes			239 45
dson			620 90
Hughes			432 03
ot			362 75
Jack			52 19
rvis			24 15
kins			13 00
hns, jr			393 50
Johnson			42 72
nson, jr			883 95
ohnson			302 10
es			462 50
dge			509 75
Juno			375 80
auffman			412 35
Kavanaugh			168 80
. Kearney			85 13
efer			601 50
ly			408 00
Kennedy			937 90
Kennedy			672 35
rr, jr			237 44
Kirkland			1,071 00
opfer			413 50
Knauer			479 00
Knapp			628 75
owles			1,154 50
riegner			45 95
ord			30 95
ncaster			81 20
combe			143 95
valette			842 80
Chevalier			74 70
eper			24 55
enaghan			7 95
enaghan, jr			166 05
nard			252 65
wis			422 20
vis			217 30
ewis			289 65
ht			832 00
ley			40 00
Lindenberg			8 55
les			30 20
McAuliffe			757 55
Carthy			414 85
Cown			3 55
Cracken			264 85
Donald			454 05
Gill			10 20
Gowan			629 25
Keon			698 53
cLeod			815 85
McNeir			16 25
lly			290 15
Mace			5 85
. Maher			253 26
one			472 99
rchand			49 10
rks			48 00
Mathews			57 80
. Mathers			601 10
Martin			902 00
Owen J. Mealy			$22 60
W. A. Mellis			414 10
E. E. Mendenhall			1,089 75
D. G. Miller			216 65
J. W. Miller			394 65
Lemuel E. Miller			217 35
A. L. Mishler			540 10
M. M Mitchell			252 95
Orlando S. Monts			110 30
Chas. A. Morgan			208 70
John F. Moore			24 60
T. P. Moore			25 80
E. F. Morrison			226 26
A. E. Moynahan			4 85
F. W. Muhlhofer			331 11
Albert K. Mundheim			74 00
Edw. P. Murray			26 95
Chas. M. Myers			557 40
Philip Nachman			436 59
Edward G. Nalle			687 75
G. W. Neill			56 25
Horace Noah			382 30
E. Nott			105 45
Al. H. Nutting			13 50
Wm. A. Ogle			620 80
J. F. O'Connor			144 59
Chas. C. O'Neill			383 60
John O'Neill			63 30
Chas. R. Parsons			57 15
Chas. P. Peake			13 85
M. F. Peake			812 40
Chas. E. Pearson			1,026 40
Henry A. Peed			11 45
W. L. Pierce			67 80
J. Polk			145 22
H. M. Pomeroy			274 70
P. E. Porter			544 50
A. H. Potts			743 35
H. D. Pryor			791 85
A. Purcell			318 20
J. A. Ragsdale			131 35
W. J. Randolph			8 50
James E. Reese			458 00
Edw. Redfield			374 83
Joseph M. Ridgaway			91 35
G. A. Rinehart			261 35
J. R. Risdon			149 55
G. Rockwood			224 35
Wm. M. Robinson			978 10
Frank M. Roberts			175 00
A. A. Roland			536 60
Franklin Rogers			198 05
Jas B. Rogers			1,037 65
James W. Ross			1,029 95
Emmett B. Russell			240 65
D. P. Rowell			324 65
W. S. Sampson			12 25
M. D. Sanderson			33 54
D. S. Sandoe			357 15
Wm. A. Sacrey			432 75
Martin Schram			76 25
E. E. Scott			853 65
W. H. Scott			422 55
J. Franklin Sewell			525 47
Jno. A. Shade			38 60
David Shaw			676 95
John H. Shaw			113 85
R. R. Shane			2 85
John P. Sheehan			106 05
T. W. Shiel			38 30
Jas. H. Sherwood			713 00
Elmer E. Shott			196 70
Thos. C. Simpson			12 55
J. M. Smith			63 35
W. H. Smith			29 30
W. H. H. Smith			677 30
E. D. Smoot			629 60

No. 20.—*Persons employed in the public printing, &c.*—Continued.

Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.
	Days.	Hours.	
Chas. H. Snyder			$529 00
H. K. Southland			1,285 40
T. C. Spurgeon			819 45
J. B. Stahl			431 20
Clayton Stanford			383 95
W. W. Stanford			724 45
F. M. Stuart			648 15
Thos. D. Stewart			22 70
H. W. Stevens			418 78
L. C. Stevens			1,021 70
S. C. Stevenson			14 95
Monticello Stoddard			541 96
John R. Sturgis			77 50
John R. Sullivan			712 30
T. J. Swander			7 50
Arthur J. Symonds			1,108 30
L. V. Taft			567 15
J. T. Taylor			566 25
Samuel W. Taylor			47 49
Chas. O. Thompson			458 50
A. Thomson, jr			485 00
James B. Tierney			85
Geo. W. Toland			82 50
E. S. Thompkins			38 50
H. F. Thompkins			731 40
Wien Torney			14 45
H. M. Towner			38 25
J. B. Trudgian			47 60
Lewis M. Turner			555 89
Alfred Turner			213 15
Andrew Turnbull			186 65
George B. Van Keuren			138 78
J. Leslie Vansant			147 70
Thos. R. Venable			11 95
G. F. Vought			1,139 75
Henry Walker			661 65
J. C. Walker			238 15
John Walkup			719 90
Edward Warren			868 00
Jno. F. Weber			347 85
James Webster			5 95
M. E. Webster			809 70
W. J. Weiss			47 90
M. P. Weller			1,003 80
James L. Welty			1,031 15
Fred. L. Wensel			15 70
W. J. White			57 25
M. T. Whittaker			26 00
A. C. Wilkinson			2 25
A. Williams			104 80
F. A. Williams			40
Thomas A. Williams			28 00
T. G. Williams			46 75
Chas. T. Wood			93 40
John P. Woods			23 00
Chas. E. Young			481 30
Frank M. Young			30 90
W. Young			293 81
W. L. Young			67 50
L. K. Zook			155 10
H. Zucker			47 05
A. W. Adam			530 67
A. S. Adams			210 30
Ella Ahern			407 03
M. Ambrose			416 07
L. L. Andrews			294 75
A. Atchison			531 51
A. W. Bacon			215 25
J. Bahlman			165 19
F. Baker			424 62
Bettie Baker			211 71
R. V. Baker			390 00
E. E. Banks			363 20
Isabella Ball			190 99
Mary Baptista			340 46
A. P. Barrington			273 34
J. Barry			373 65
M. A. Bayliss			$365 17
A. Barrett			250 13
Jane Beatty			679 56
L. Billings			379 27
Mary A. Black			327 57
M. J. Bowie			376 05
A. Boyce			399 83
M. Boyle			392 07
S. K. Bauman			271 22
S. C. Brawner			330 80
C. Brelsford			301 64
J. Breslin			685 45
Mary Brick			549 44
D. C. Brooke			236 21
L. C. Brown			144 98
Carrie Bryan			396 21
Bessie Bryant			119 62
E. M. Brumagim			2 00
Belle Burgess			382 94
M. A. Burgess			214 51
Fannie E. Burke			356 89
J. A. Burr			255 73
Mollie E. Burrows			405 83
O. K. Burwell			356 22
Mary E. Buete			79 12
Sarah C. Butler			236 01
A. Butler			211 00
Kate J. Brintnall			235 92
Winifred Cahill			244 92
Julia Callahan			315 06
Emma L. Carrico			274 04
Belle Carter			322 96
Elizabeth Casper			316 63
M. C. Chapman			159 14
S. A. Chapman			59 02
F. Chase			230 02
B. L. Chritzman			586 10
E. Clagett			195 84
M. A. Clancy			524 16
E. N. Clark			803 90
M. Clarkson			193 74
Ella F. Clements			222 86
Catherine Clone			244 33
A. Collins			438 25
A. Columbus			160 79
S. Collins			247 00
M. Connelley			239 63
Alice V. Collins			247 48
J. Connor			383 87
F. W. Conover			286 50
M. Corbin			212 86
B. A. Cotti			318 68
M. Courtney			285 03
Ann Cowan			268 71
Janie Cox			377 87
M. M. Coberth			201 [illegible]
Georgie E. Crawford			198 [illegible]
Nellie Cronin			529 50
M. A. Crooker			114 [illegible]
Ada M. Cross			378 [illegible]
L. M. Cross			184 [illegible]
K. Cunningham			256 [illegible]
Rosie Connell			100 [illegible]
Mattie Cook			310 [illegible]
Lucy R. Crupper			168 [illegible]
A. Daly			346 [illegible]
Alice V. Daly			497 [illegible]
C. Daily			451 [illegible]
H. Daily			326 [illegible]
M. Darby			452 [illegible]
L. J. Dart			66 [illegible]
E. Davis			43 [illegible]
L. H. Davis			57 [illegible]
Maggie B. Davis			50 [illegible]
M. Dawson			22 [illegible]
E. A. Dickinson			3 [illegible]
S. Dickson			4 [illegible]

No. 20.—*Persons employed in the public printing, &c.*—Continued.

	Time employed.		Amount received.	Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.
	Days.	Hours.			Days.	Hours.	
.....	.....	.....	$392 72	L. Hays.....	.....	.....	$449 85
.....	.....	.....	346 64	Mary E. Head	.....	.....	221 46
id.....	.....	.....	205 27	Minnie Healey.....	.....	.....	180 43
.....	.....	.....	194 36	E. Heffell	.....	.....	635 25
.....	.....	.....	178 94	Georgie Heinline	.....	.....	475 86
.....	.....	.....	354 24	J. Hellings.....	.....	.....	350 97
ie	.....	.....	411 57	V. Henrick	.....	.....	350 00
.....	.....	.....	365 34	Katie Hensan	.....	.....	339 05
.....	.....	.....	362 71	S. Hess	.....	.....	712 25
.....	.....	.....	184 64	Edith A. Hicks	.....	.....	312 88
.....	....	.....	238 75	A. Higgins.....	.....	.....	375 17
.....	.....	.....	333 05	L. Hill	.....	.....	298 69
.....	.....	.....	471 09	J. Hitchcox	.....	.....	539 63
.....	.....	.....	150 90	F. A. Hitchcock	.....	.....	9 42
.....	.....	.....	64 50	A. Hodge	.....	.....	366 07
.....	.....	.....	199 73	M. V. Hoffman.....	.....	.....	422 44
.....	.....	.....	495 11	Lucy Horton	.....	.....	171 52
ds.....	.....	.....	309 87	M. N. Hopkins.....	.....	.....	536 42
on	.....	.....	679 35	Ella House	.....	.....	402 95
.....	.....	.....	279 00	C. Howard.....	.....	.....	389 15
tt.....	.....	.....	349 17	J. Howlin.....	.....	.....	692 72
.....	.....	.....	435 51	M. C. Huber	.....	.....	200 40
d	.....	.....	262 40	A. Hughes.....	.....	.....	315 50
rorth....	.....	.....	199 69	S. Husted.....	.....	.....	320 75
.....	.....	.....	634 01	Mary L. Hullings	.....	.....	300 39
r.....	.....	.....	179 07	Sarah E. Jackson.....	.....	.....	424 16
.....	.....	.....	439 72	S. Jack	.....	.....	138 62
.....	.....	.....	311 04	B. F. Jeffries	.....	.....	304 74
.....	.....	.....	298 79	H. V. Jeffries	.....	.....	519 38
er.....	.....	.....	307 97	M. A. Johnson	.....	.....	363 37
ey	.....	.....	116 67	L. H. Johnson	.....	.....	240 03
.....	.....	.....	370 32	H. Johnson	.....	.....	291 13
.....	.....	.....	449 36	E. Jones	.....	.....	346 82
.....	.....	.....	467 69	V. A. Jones	.....	.....	694 94
rald	.....	.....	103 80	M. W. Jones	.....	.....	279 75
.....	.....	.....	364 00	Katie A. Keefe	.....	.....	370 61
r.....	.....	.....	144 71	Jennie Kaufman.....	.....	.....	335 12
.....	.....	.....	133 14	T. Keefe.....	.....	.....	102 00
.....	.....	.....	179 65	Maggie Keefe	.....	.....	352 78
.....	.....	.....	344 18	B. Kennelly.....	.....	.....	151 68
.....	.....	.....	315 51	Ella Kelly	.....	.....	400 46
.....	.....	.....	315 41	S. E. Kerper	.....	.....	297 28
.....	.....	.....	263 50	M. J. Kersey.....	.....	.....	310 16
.....	.....	.....	220 67	Maria Keys.....	.....	.....	204 80
.....	.....	.....	337 88	Julia King.....	.....	.....	303 44
.....	.....	.....	335 63	M. Kirsch	.....	.....	323 76
.....	.....	.....	341 41	R. Korts.....	.....	.....	403 60
.....	.....	.....	318 55	Emma M. Kroger	.....	.....	402 35
ow.....	.....	.....	193 82	M. La Bille	.....	.....	279 41
.....	.....	.....	51 03	E. Lackey	.....	.....	634 75
.....	.....	.....	664 77	Rosa La Covey	.....	.....	397 63
.....	.....	.....	300 31	Ellen Landvoigt.....	.....	.....	422 33
man	.....	.....	165 24	E. Laporte	.....	.....	491 55
.....	.....	.....	368 72	Mary Larman	.....	.....	242 64
.....	.....	.....	535 00	A. V. Lee	.....	.....	327 82
nheimer.	.....	.....	86 85	Fannie Littleton.....	.....	.....	209 69
.....	.....	.....	347 92	Annie M. Loomis.....	.....	.....	67
.....	.....	.....	616 37	M. F. Long.....	.....	.....	650 92
rbin.....	.....	.....	46 17	D. Lord	.....	.....	221 56
.....	.....	.....	55 12	C. Lusby	.....	.....	531 93
.....	.....	.....	403 58	Florence Lusby	.....	.....	285 27
tett.....	.....	.....	145 60	Mary E. Lynch.....	.....	.....	246 33
grove ...	.....	.....	147 93	H. Macnamee	.....	.....	284 76
grave ...	.....	.....	23 16	A. R. Mallory	.....	.....	365 51
r.....	.....	.....	208 92	Jennie E. Manning ...	.....	.....	300 80
rleston ..	.....	.....	90 42	J. E. Mansfield	.....	.....	450 50
ier	.....	.....	339 93	M. E. Marceron	.....	.....	191 24
.....	.....	.....	405 29	E. Marche	.....	.....	436 51
.....	.....	.....	295 60	E. Marsh	.....	.....	421 44
.....	.....	.....	261 76	A. Martin	.....	.....	300 58
.....	.....	.....	330 26	Alice Martin	.....	.....	200 82
.....	.....	.....	330 12	S. Martin	.....	.....	349 89
.....	.....	.....	440 49	Lula M. Mason	.....	.....	379 84
.....	.....	.....	215 50	C. Maus	.....	.....	600 50
.....	.....	.....	186 46	Sarah J. May.....	.....	.....	426 87
.....	.....	.....	518 92	M. H. Mapes	.....	.....	193 18
.....	.....	.....	357 80	Lizzie Martin.....	.....	.....	28 37

No. 20.—*Persons employed in the public printing, &c.*—Continued.

Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.
	Days.	Hours.	
Semmie Martin			$52 35
Hattie McCabe			191 42
Nettie L. McCampbell			399 62
Annie S. McCarter			370 75
A. McCarthy			402 34
M. M. McCarthy			381 41
Mamie McClelland			231 86
F. M McCristal			326 33
A. McDowell			497 95
M. G. Meals			273 87
Sallie Mills			330 69
S. Moens			454 37
Bessie S. Mohun			289 17
B. Mooney			334 62
Laura A. Moore			182 86
M. M. Morrow			297 19
Mary McGinnell			391 95
Mamie F. McGowan			325 94
E. V. McGraw			366 55
Belle J. McIntyre			371 21
A. C. McKelden			243 02
L. A. McKenney			356 03
M. J. McLeod			384 13
M. McNamara			522 82
Mary A. McNamara			370 65
Amelia McNulty			327 12
Lizzie A. Morrow			394 53
H. H. Morse			444 00
M. Morris			301 27
Maggie Morgan			18 73
Mattie R. Morgan			214 23
Dollie Moxley			118 96
Lizzie C. Murphy			341 41
Josephine Murphy			39 04
M. E. Murray			508 33
Susie Mylan			307 07
Jenny Myerberg			119 59
L. M. Nash			88 52
A. M. Nash			286 21
R. Nelson			377 65
M. B. Norbeck			220 91
Annie O'Brien			530 68
Margaret O'Brien			26 88
Mary C. O'Brien			337 47
M. T. O'Connor			482 41
Maggie O'Connell			284 65
Lena M. O'Leary			288 95
M. O'Leary			291 65
Mary A. O'Neill			561 12
Mary A. Orme			441 29
M. E. Owner			286 75
M. Page			100 24
C. Palmer			355 92
J. T. Parham			201 73
S. Partridge			535 47
Ella Patterson			213 66
M. V. Pemberton			154 18
E. C. Phillips			535 44
Odessa Pierce			166 52
A. Piggott			517 34
Julia E. Plant			362 30
A. Pleasants			377 18
F. Pope			382 76
Sarah E. J. Porter			159 59
E. J. Proctor			423 03
Emma Pumphrey			245 16
M. V. Purdy			597 75
I. E. Rabbitt			538 47
Ella Randolph			356 61
K. Reapsomer			342 75
M. Reid			217 81
D. Reilly			401 38
Mary Riley			282 77
Agnes Renehan			301 52
E. R. Richards			635 95
Dora C. Riecks			387 24
Effa J. Ritchie			270 20
Kate Richmond			$102 08
Julia Robinson			155 16
Josie G. Robinson			326 51
Marion Robison			269 74
Louise Rockfellow			170 75
A. Rogers			388 75
M. A. Ross			220 04
L. Russell			532 75
H. Ryder			626 78
L. Rogier			422 69
M. A. Ryan			552 04
M. A. Sayres			214 76
Rose E. Schneider			256 05
H. Schreiner			484 50
J. E. Segerson			356 65
L. Selvey			404 06
L. Shepherd			442 48
N. Sheiry			110 75
M. A. Sibley			325 88
Mary Sierenberg			282 27
Annie L. Smart			277 75
M. J. Smith			437 73
Maggie K. Smith			386 65
Katie Snee			532 81
Mattie G. Sollers			439 43
O. J. Somerville			567 40
S. D. Soper			404 77
M. T. Spalding			536 61
M. E. Speisser			704 10
Mary M. Sprandel			161 39
Lucy W. Stone			61 62
Ada G. Stewart			179 65
Mamie Stetson			300 49
Laura B. Stewart			297 83
Katie Stong			271 48
Laura F. Suit			115 77
E. C. Sullivan			232 65
M. Sullivan			510 08
A. Sullivan			393 86
Josie M. Summers			263 34
E. J. Sydnor			526 35
Frances Szegedy			325 70
A. Taylor			519 86
Ada T. Tennyson			15 42
Georgie E. Tennysen			271 84
A. O Talbot			106 60
E. Thomas			352 70
M. A. Thompson			381 15
Augusta Thompson			117 50
Rhoda M. Thorn			518 71
D. C. Toole			286 43
D. Ella Trumbo			35 [illegible]
Mary E. Twomey			198 [illegible]
Maggie E. Toomey			427 [illegible]
Florence B. Towers			110 [illegible]
A. E. Tyrrell			578 [illegible]
Mary L. Town			167 [illegible]
Lottie B. Tyson			524 [illegible]
Mollie Vannattar			[illegible]
E. V. Walker			192 [illegible]
Ida Walker			376 [illegible]
M. Walsh			534 [illegible]
Katie Walsh			32[illegible]
Mary E. Walsh			40[illegible]
M. Ward			37[illegible]
Nannie Wathen			24[illegible]
Annie Waters			16[illegible]
J. E. Watson			26[illegible]
L. D. Walker			13[illegible]
G. Webster			27[illegible]
H. Webster			25[illegible]
E. Wells			4[illegible]
Sophia L. Wells			3[illegible]
Minnie Wetzel			[illegible]
Emma L. Wilke			[illegible]
J. Wilson			[illegible]
Fannie Wilson			[illegible]

). 20.—*Persons employed in the public printing, &c.*—Continued.

	Time employed.		Amount received.	Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.
	Days.	Hours.			Days.	Hours.	
ı	.....	.....	$243 59	Fannie Woodward....	.....	.....	$329 46
sor	.....	.....	37 74	Emma Woolsey.....	.....	.....	197 89
.....	.....	.....	215 84	Margrett Wilson	.....	.....	136 01
.....	.....	.....	146 49	Sarah M. Wyatt	.....	.....	45 23
.....	.....	.....	263 57	J. I. Yates	.....	.....	514 38
.....	.....	.....	505 05	C. L. Young	.....	.....	186 76
.....	.....	.....	540 89	K. Zell	.....	.....	685 74

PUBLIC BINDING.

.....	.....	.....	$2,100 00	G. Rosewag.....	.....	2,431	$972 40
.....	313	.....	1,799 75	H. Sage...	.....	2,043	817 20
.....	313	.....	1,669 34	W. P. Slater	.....	1,686	674 40
.....	313	.....	1,669 34	Thomas Songster....	.....	2,751	1,100 40
·y	182	983	1,462 17	Chas. W. Sparks.....	.....	2,692	1,076 80
.....	93½	1,399	1,008 62	Thos. F. Stewart.....	.....	1,843	737 20
ın	.....	120	56 40	W. Edw. Stockett.....	.....	1,767	706 80
gt	.....	2,616	1,308 00	Richard Sweetman....	.....	2,695	1,078 00
.....	.....	1,845	922 50	Geo. L. Tracy.....	.....	2,225	890 00
.....	.....	2,496	1,248 00	James Thomson	.....	2,705	1,082 00
›y	.....	2,658	1,329 00	C. H. Welsh	.....	2,504	1,001 60
.....	.....	24	9 60	Geo. H. Whitford	.....	2,504	1,001 60
.....	.....	2,658	1,063 20	Ferd. F. Bogia	.....	2,582	1,032 80
.....	.....	52	20 80	Jos. E. Casey.....	.....	2,583	1,033 20
.....	.....	2,665	1,066 00	A. S. Davidson.....	.....	2,403	961 20
.....	.....	2,063	825 20	H. C. Dobbs	.....	2,563	1,025 20
.....	.....	2,704	1,081 60	T. W. Dutcher.....	.....	1,306	522 40
.....	.....	2,753	1,001 20	C. R. Eckloff.....	.....	2,525	1,010 00
.....	.....	2,715	1,086 00	Edwd. T. Eckloff.....	.....	2,572	1,028 80
.....	.....	2,787	1,114 80	C. Thos. Elwood	.....	2,682	1,072 50
.....	.....	2,734	1,093 60	T. J. Hardester	.....	2,547	1,018 80
.....	.....	2,463	985 20	F. S. Metcalf.....	.....	2,581	1,032 40
le	.....	2,465	818 60	Frank Morrison	.....	1,807	722 80
.....	.....	1,308	523 20	J. W. Pyemont.....	.....	2,163	865 20
.....	.....	2,504	1,001 60	J. L. Ratcliff	.....	2,426	970 40
bee....	.....	2,231	892 40	R. H. Rathvon	.....	2,380	952 00
.....	.....	2,731	1,092 40	Jas. M. Stockett	.....	2,554	1,021 60
.....	.....	2,740	1,096 00	T. M. Triplett	.....	2,415	966 00
.....	.....	2,271	908 40	H. L. Wells.....	.....	2,350	940 00
.....	.....	2,550	1,020 00	A. L. Wood	.....	2,453	981 20
.....	.....	3,275	1,310 00	John Adams.....	.....	2,696	1,078 40
.....	.....	2,821	1,128 40	James O. Amoss	.....	1,817	726 80
.....	.....	2,410	964 00	Mary Anderson.....	.....	2,048	819 20
.....	.....	2,789	1,115 60	R. T. Anderson	.....	2,144	857 60
.....	.....	2,271	908 40	Arthur E. Baker.....	.....	2,110	844 00
.....	.....	1,189	475 60	Jas. K. Baily.....	.....	2,685	1,074 00
.....	.....	3,250	1,300 00	G. O. Barnes.....	.....	2,187	874 80
ı	.....	2,777	1,110 80	J. W. Beall	.....	2,046	818 40
.....	.....	2,514	1,005 60	Jno. L. Bentzler	.....	1,742	696 80
.....	.....	2,667	1,066 80	Reinhard Biehl	.....	2,574	1,029 60
.....	.....	2,588	1,035 20	Geo. W. Bilyew.....	.....	1,485	594 00
.....	.....	1,802	720 80	Jas. T. Blakeney.....	.....	2,499	999 60
.....	.....	953	381 20	Geo. H. Bodensick ...	.....	2,492	996 80
.....	.....	1,504	601 60	Geo. R. P. Britt	.....	2,668	1,067 20
ı	.....	2,615	1,046 00	Wm. M. Britton	.....	367	146 80
.....	.....	2,483	993 20	J. J. Brunor.....	.....	1,613	645 20
sil....	.....	1,606	642 40	Dennis Buckley	.....	689	275 60
.....	.....	2,741	1,096 40	A. J. Buehler	.....	2,090	836 00
;ey....	.....	2,635	1,054 00	Jas. E. Bullock	.....	2,444	977 60
.....	.....	2,479	991 60	Geo. D. Burch	.....	2,125	850 00
s.....	.....	2,524	906 00	W. B. Burger	.....	2,691	1,076 40
.....	.....	2,624	1,049 60	Peter Byrne	.....	2,645	1,058 00
r	.....	1,007	402 80	John J. Byrnes.....	.....	2,616	1,046 40
ı.....	.....	2,711	1,084 40	Wm. R. Caffrey	.....	1,283	513 20
llus...	.....	2,747	1,098 80	P. J. Caldwell.....	.....	1,669	667 60
.....	.....	2,662	1,064 80	John P. D. Caton.....	.....	2,649	1,059 60
.....	.....	2,731	1,092 40	F. H. Chaffee	.....	1,980	792 00
.....	.....	2,740	1,096 00	Wm. Chedal	.....	2,733	1,093 20
.....	.....	2,802	1,120 80	W. F. Clarkson.....	.....	2,023	809 20
on....	.....	2,651	1,060 40	James Clinton	.....	2,678	1,071 20
ner ...	.....	2,749	1,099 60	Robt. A. Connell.....	.....	2,665	1,066 00
›n	.....	2,720	1,088 00	J. C. Cobb	.....	2,309	923 60
.....	.....	2,556	1,022 40	Joseph Colignon.....	.....	1,259	503 60
.....	.....	2,641	846 90	Frank L. Cornwell....	.....	1,941	776 40

No. 20.—*Persons employed in the public printing, &c.*—Continued.

Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.	Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.
	Days.	Hours.			Days.	Hours.	
Jas. D. Conner		1,668	$667 20	Thos. Meushaw		1,514	$605 60
C. C. Colné		1,353	540 40	Chas. F. Miller		1,620	648 00
R. F. Cunningham		1,764	705 60	Frank Miller		2,375	950 00
Arthur C. Delevingne		1,561	624 40	R. W. Moore		1,824	729 60
L. W. Denham		2,148	859 20	Wm. S. Moore		1,880	752 00
John Doherty		2,691	1,076 40	J. C. Motherhed		1,794	717 60
W. P. Dowden		1,118	447 20	D. J. Munn		2,555	1,022 00
Horace C. Dowling		1,812	724 80	D. A. Murphy		2,060	824 00
Jas. E. Duvall		1,434	573 60	C. K. Nalley		1,619	647 60
Colin S. Eastwood		574	229 60	W. W. Nalley		2,210	884 00
H. T. Eckart		2,576	1,030 40	E. Nash		2,361	944 40
Geo. W. Engel		2,069	827 60	Wm. M. Nicholson		2,285	914 00
H. C. Espey		2,542	1,016 80	George A. O'Donnell		1,705	682 00
J. A. B Espey		2,690	1,076 00	John O'Reilly		2,112	844 80
W. G. Evans		2,595	1,038 00	George W. Orem		2,549	1,019 60
George Finch		2,137	854 80	T. F. Pendel		1,671	668 40
H. C. Fish		2,577	1,030 80	Milton Phillips		1,362	544 80
Geo. W. Fisher		2,730	1,092 00	F. C. Philpitt		2,221	888 40
Chas. Fowler		952	380 80	Wm. Poplowsky		1,296	518 40
J. W. Fox		2,484	993 60	Joseph Portch		1,151	460 40
Robt. T. Frailey		2,271	908 40	John Pridgeon		1,068	427 20
C. Franz		2,477	990 80	Edwin F. Price		2,461	984 40
John M. Gantley		2,326	930 40	Geo. G. Prior		312	124 80
J. W. Gibson		782	312 80	Ed. P. Pumphrey		1,914	765 60
Wm. Gilliard		1,715	686 00	James Read		724	289 60
Joseph F. Glenn		783	313 20	Jake Reiher		1,919	767 60
Wm. M. Glover		2,633	1,053 20	William B. Reilly		45	18 00
M. B. Gordon		2,574	1,029 60	A. Reybert		2,189	875 60
W. L. Griggs		2,296	918 40	Richard Roberts		1,566	626 40
George Griffith		2,492	996 80	Jas. A. Ryan		1,917	766 80
Edward Grimes		1,788	715 20	W. S. Sheaff		2,442	976 80
Harry H. Haff		296	1,118 40	Gale Sherman		1,382	552 80
Joseph A. Handley		2,603	1,041 20	C. P. Shettle		2,441	976 40
Augustus Hartmann		2,566	1,026 40	Frank Siebert		2,746	1,098 40
Wilson Harvey		2,505	1,002 00	Geo. Siggers		2,395	958 00
J. William Haslett		1,912	764 80	William Scott		2,652	1,060 80
John C. Helff		1,920	768 00	A. A. Smith		2,452	980 80
Wm. L. Hettinger		1,576	630 40	Bernard J. Smith		1,037	414 80
J. C. Hodges		2,441	976 40	Fred. P. Smith		1,182	472 80
Henry T. Houck		1,647	658 80	Jas. B. Smith		2,527	1,010 80
Wm. Howlett		2,620	1,048 00	Jas. A. Stockman		2,059	823 60
Theo. K. Hynicka		1,408	563 20	S. E. Stratton		1,747	698 80
J. Kane		982	392 80	Peter Swift		1,735	694 00
L. P. Keech		2,454	981 60	Andrew Taff		2,678	1,071 20
Thomas Keegan		2,402	960 80	Alfred Thomas		2,192	876 80
Henry J. Kehr		1,732	692 80	David A. Thompson		1,808	723 20
Wm. H. Kelly		2,099	839 60	Dennis Toomey		2,178	871 20
T. J. Kelly		2,468	987 20	Chas. E. Tretler		2,526	1,010 40
Fred. P. Kimmell		2,213	885 20	John F. Van Horn		2,635	1,054 00
John F. King		1,383	553 20	R. W. Wade		1,662	664 80
Jno. E. Knight		1,920	768 00	Fred. Wagner		2,129	851 60
C. M. Knott		2,402	960 80	John Walde		1,585	634 00
Igns M. Knott		2,504	1,001 60	Chas. H. Walker		2,725	1,090 00
C. H. Koehler		2,606	1,042 40	John E. Walsh		1,621	648 40
Augustus Kuhner		2,681	1,072 40	E. Wakeling		1,517	606 80
Jno. A. Landvoigt		2,601	1,040 40	Edwin R. Waters		2,593	1,037 20
Gustave Lancer		1,894	757 60	Chas. W. Wells		1,794	717 60
D. P. Leach		2,518	1,007 20	Geo. K. White		1,703	681 20
J. I. Leitch		2,664	1,065 40	Geo. M. White		2,237	894 80
H. S. Linker		1,100	440 00	John White		2,136	854 40
R. G. Lowey		2,478	991 20	H. Wiese		2,157	862 80
G. A. Lyon		2,638	1,055 20	Chas. A. Williams		2,363	945 20
E. McCarter		1,794	717 60	Chas. S. Willis		2,458	983 20
J. H. McCormick		2,035	814 00	W. E. Wright		2,550	1,020 00
J. F. McDonald		1,829	731 60	Chas. P. P. Wroe		2,638	1,055 20
Wm. McLanahan		1,870	748 00	Rob't H. Zimmerman		746	298 40
Wm. McLane		2,384	953 60	William Maloney		2,441	527 45
Chas. A. McNamee		1,384	553 60	John Morris		2,578	569 65
R. H. McPherson		2,504	1,001 60	John K. Bush		2,627	549 10
J. S. Maddren		2,612	1,044 80	John A. Flather		2,611	499 23
Wm. Marshall		2,423	969 20	Chas. S. West		2,620	500 27
John Masterson		1,678	671 20	Chas. Daly		2,518	480 63
George H. Maurer		2,417	966 80	Richard Murphy		2,597	475 53
John W. Maxwell		69	27 60	George B. Harleston		2,059	376 56
Thos. O. May		2,664	1,065 60	George B. Bury		2,646	484 67
J. Meehan		1,556	622 40	Frank Donn		2,519	455 64
Andrew Melville		1,305	522 00	Clinton Groshon		2,426	439 74

No. 20.—*Persons employed in the public printing, &c.*—Continued.

Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.	Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.
	Days.	Hours.			Days.	Hours.	
A. Lammond		2,320	$411 15	M. E. Dow		361	$112 81
A. Kennedy		2,541	452 32	Alice M. Embrey		207	47 61
[. Burns		2,605	434 17	Isabel English		2,196	505 08
e Keyser		2,573	407 32	L. C. Estabrooks		443	101 89
Mack		2,336	379 34	Ida E. Evans		197	61 56
M. Langston		1,175	174 03	M. Falconer		2,559	588 57
[. Walde		2,578	394 17	S. K. Feltham		1,914	440 22
m J. Flynn		1,961	293 20	Ella M. Ferguson		1,016	233 68
Villiss		2,427	354 77	Jennie H. Fitch		591	135 93
ihea		2,522	359 03	Mary H. Fitz Patrick		2,454	564 42
[. Pettibone		2,040	278 64	Katie A. Gallaher		278	86 86
F. Holden		2,238	298 43	H. A. Gambrill		2,315	540 91
is Brennan		2,579	342 19	L. Gaughran		2,013	469 23
Webster		2,439	324 53	Jennie Gates		2,275	523 25
K. Clark		1,626	203 23	Annetta E. Gibson		153	35 19
ish A. Connell		1,894	236 73	Jennie Goss		2,449	563 27
r Simmons, jr		1,575	196 86	Josie Goszler		2,213	508 99
il N. Friel		1,532	191 49	Mary S. Gordon		2,459	565 57
Lee		1,362	170 22	Annie E. Gross		1,395	320 85
[. Kearney		1,316	164 49	E. N. Haines		546	125 58
. Faherty		1,112	138 99	M. R. Hendley		2,368	551 86
rd White		724	90 49	Christena Hendrick		1,572	361 56
s B. Fellows		36	6 00	S. E. Henning		2,363	543 49
Adams		2,496	576 46	Lida Henry		943	216 89
Adams		492	113 16	M. Henry		2,272	522 56
Alexander		2,472	568 56	Mary C. Hines		16	3 68
Anderson		651	149 73	Florence Hoffman		678	155 94
Andrews		1,037	238 51	Winonie Holland		2,357	542 11
Ashton		2,505	576 15	E. J. Holohan		2,363	543 49
Atwell		2,240	515 20	E. J. Hooper		2,057	473 11
Barker		2,237	514 51	L. L. Hoover		276	63 48
Barnes		367	84 41	Marion Hough		2,106	514 34
D. Baird		2,426	557 98	Elizabeth Huntress		622	143 06
Barrett		381	119 06	L. A. Hyde		2,433	579 59
E. Barry		1,358	312 34	Maggie B. Hyde		377	86 71
E. Barry		2,208	507 84	M. Kate Hynes		2,173	499 79
Bartlett		432	99 36	Lula Hyson		2,258	519 34
Bartlett		2,421	556 83	F. M. Jacobsen		2,407	553 61
hine E. Bennett		2,489	580 95	Kate Jacobs		2,169	498 87
Bennett		1,358	312 34	Jennie A. Jenkins		1,910	439 30
Berry		1,707	392 61	Mary M. Jenkins		2,290	534 21
Berry		1,123	258 29	Mary E. Jenkins		710	163 30
Booth		423	97 29	Ella A. Johnston		2,218	510 14
A. Booth		2,074	477 02	E. E. Johnston		2,369	544 87
A. Bowen		2,466	567 18	Isabella Johnston		612	140 76
A. Boyd		2,171	499 33	Kate Kelly		2,491	581 31
Boyer		1,021	234 83	E. Kepner		2,265	520 95
ie Bryerton		2,363	604 14	Rose Kleiber		2,430	566 74
a Buchanan		2,327	535 21	B. Knott		2,325	594 71
Burkholder		1,460	335 80	B. F. Leach		2,430	595 10
Burse		2,411	664 02	M. V. Leckron		2,275	525 25
e Burns		717	164 91	M. E. Lenman		2,045	511 25
hée		887	204 01	E. A. Leonard		2,513	616 93
llahan		2,586	594 78	Ida M. Leslie		484	111 32
nia Cammack		1,067	245 41	Lillie Lewis		2,323	534 29
Calvo		1,434	336 80	Kate H. Locke		436	134 60
Cantine		1,453	334 19	M. J. Lovell		2,100	535 52
Carpenter		2,434	559 82	P. M. Lineaweaver		2,294	527 62
Carter		2,339	599 77	Ellen Lynch		2,363	543 49
Caulk		2,392	550 16	Ida E. Lyons		2,492	573 16
le Colbert		2,459	565 57	Nettie McCabe		1,284	295 32
E. Coleman		771	192 75	E. McCarthy		2,357	542 11
llison		2,343	538 89	Innocentia McGill		2,175	500 22
Connell		2,117	486 91	M. A. McGraw		353	110 31
Cowling		2,454	564 42	Carrie B. McKnight		250	78 12
a Cowling		2,125	488 75	E. S. McLain		2,450	563 50
Chapman		1,716	452 37	Katie McNally		1,726	396 98
Clagett		2,198	505 54	Katie McNamara		1,955	449 65
oks		2,482	647 00	Jennie McPherson		233	53 59
ie Curtis		690	158 70	Annie McRae		995	248 75
Cushing		396	123 75	A. L. Macomber		307	95 93
Darcy		2,377	546 71	M. Markham		2,508	585 40
Davis		1,976	518 36	Florence Massey		2,190	503 70
ie Devlin		148	34 04	Maggie A. Meehan		1,244	286 12
kins		1,012	232 76	Anna I. Meloy		2,484	608 70
F. Dove		2,348	540 04	Sallie Micheal		2,470	617 50

No. 20.—*Persons employed in the public printing, &c.*—Continued.

Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.	Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.
	Days.	Hours.			Days.	Hours.	
Emma Miller		588	$135 24	M. E. Flaherty		2, 507	$417 85
Jane E. Minor		2, 475	618 75	Reginia Handley		693	115 50
Margaret Mitchell		2, 320	533 60	Annie Hohbein		2, 465	410 83
Rittie Mitchell		2, 345	539 35	Annie M. Humes		2, 563	427 18
Kate H. Montfredy		2, 248	575 55	Mary F Keys		2, 501	416 84
Gertrude Moore		1, 786	410 78	Annie M. Loomis		1, 184	197 32
Sallie Morgan		2, 182	501 86	Rebecca M. Lowe		168	28 00
D. A. Mortimer		961	221 03	M. McArdle		2, 546	424 36
Katie A. Murphy		934	214 82	Marguerite McCutchen		87	14 50
Minnie Norfleet		1, 634	395 46	Albert W. McGill		2, 414	402 32
Rebecca Orr		2, 395	550 85	Mary McGoldrack		2, 506	417 68
Minnie Osborne		16	3 68	H. McGowan		1, 047	174 50
S. E. Perley		492	119 88	Eliza J. McElfresh		2, 447	407 84
L. Piggott		2, 500	583 96	Elizabeth Mangan		2, 525	420 82
Lydia J. Pixley		1, 255	288 65	Mary C. Manning		2, 343	390 48
Beatrice Prather		2, 416	555 68	Maggie Miles		2, 500	416 68
E. G. Proctor		2, 473	577 09	C. F. Morrison		2, 385	397 49
Agnes H. Reid		2, 029	466 67	Nora Noonan		2, 332	388 66
Lillie B. Rees		382	119 37	Kate O'Connor		2, 557	426 18
Annie Reilly		2, 440	599 64	Nellie O'Prey		2, 215	369 17
M. Louise Reily		2, 350	540 50	Nannie G. Perkins		914	164 87
Ella Riley		2, 138	546 35	H. A. Pettit		60	22 50
L. E. Robinson		286	71 50	Ella Popkins		2, 066	344 33
Amelia T. Ritter		2, 463	574 91	Ida Popkins		96	16 00
Lou Rogers		2, 373	545 79	Sadie Pruette		953	195 38
Laura L. Rugers		1, 554	357 42	Cora A. Pumphrey		2, 229	371 48
I. M. Rutherford		1, 277	293 71	Sarah F. Rhoades		48	8 00
H. E. Ryan		1, 866	476 28	Josie W. Robinson		2, 530	421 68
E. V. Sanderson		2, 079	478 17	Florence Smith		2, 505	417 49
E. J. Schafer		2, 409	554 07	Spencer A. Searle		1, 616	269 85
Bettie Schiller		1, 872	488 90	Blanche Stevens		2, 166	361 01
Josephine Schwartz		1, 728	397 44	Annie Walters		2, 473	412 16
Mary Shock		2, 340	538 20	M. E. Walmsley		2, 562	427 01
L. A. Shepherd		536	123 28	Chr. Wustenfeld		2, 572	1, 337 44
M. V. Shettle		2, 591	595 93	E. A. Holl		1, 605	722 25
Eva P. Simmons		1, 560	358 80	W. W. Clarke		1, 507	402 81
S. E. Sisson		1, 364	313 72	O. S. Sanford		2, 493	1, 121 85
Fannie R. Smith		64	14 72	C. G. Worthington		2, 295	1, 032 75
Fannie C. Smith		2, 185	510 33	H. A. Pettit	12	2, 134	836 22
Mary Snow		368	84 64	C. R. Sherwood		2, 525	883 75
Maggie E. Spriggs		2, 121	532 29	J. J. Jones		1, 609	563 15
Nellie C. Stinson		174	40 02	W. T. Kelly		2, 603	911 05
Rosie H. Stoll		2, 109	485 07	J. E. Hammond		2, 651	853 52
Frances Straub		2, 480	578 90	R. M. Campbell		1, 901	491 05
J. M. Sullivan		2, 417	555 91	Geo. L. Ready		2, 330	699 00
Mary Sullivan		520	119 60	Hiram Spear		2, 419	725
Victoria Sweeney		2, 504	575 92	S. D. Skeen		2, 424	727
Maggie H. Taylor		1, 826	439 69	John T. Ferguson		2, 132	643
B. B. Throckmorton		1, 606	369 38	W. H. Mills		2, 302	644
Mary J. Topham		2, 437	560 51	S. W. Baxter		1, 263	353
Jennie Torney		555	127 65	Thomas Allen		2, 382	595
S. E. Twitchell		2, 420	565 04	O. D. Ambrose		1, 707	426
E. A. Vose		867	199 41	Russell Barnes		357	803
Eva Walker		2, 495	582 33	John A. Bayly	8		20
A. M. Washington		2, 051	471 73	R. L. Beatty		2, 376	594
E. E. Wernwag		262	60 26	R. B. Billings		2, 690	672
Maggie Whaley		2, 448	563 04	J. H. Caldwell	360½		810
Belle Williams		1, 026	235 98	S. G. Cannon		2, 463	615
M. C. Williams		2, 297	528 31	Michael Carroll		2, 858	714
Katie M. Whitney		500	117 18	James Cavanaugh		1, 789	447
C. L. Wirt		1, 613	428 00	H. D. Coleman		2, 306	576
Dollie Waller		2, 241	515 43	George Coleman		3, 054	763
Kate Wootton		1, 782	409 86	James R. Craerin		194	48
Beulah Wright		236	54 74	Eugene Crist		269	67
E. M. Yerger		2, 389	610 50	William Cruso		2, 912	728
Horace Berry		824	137 33	D. J. Cunningham		2, 764	691
Clara E. Carter		1, 983	330 49	Robt. E. Cunningham		2, 243	560
Jennie A. Carter		200	33 33	W. Dawson		1, 334	333
Mary J. Catlin		2, 091	348 51	T. J. Dawson		256	64
S. A. Chapman		1, 940	323 34	John A. Davis		1, 613	403
Kate Chase		2, 432	405 33	N. Dillard		2, 307	576
Emily T. Coke		2, 539	423 16	C. P. Dowden		2, 280	57
Laura Crider		2, 351	391 84	E. F. Evans		432	8
M. A. Dodson		2, 571	428 51	W. D. Evans		1, 506	3
Sallie D. Durham		2, 473	412 16	Chas. F. Ford		664	1
Jas. F. Faherty		1, 337	222 84	John A. Gleeson		2, 196	5
Carrie Fields		2, 391	398 51	G. L. Gordon		382	

No. 20.—*Persons employed in the public printing, &c.*—Continued.

Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.
	Days.	Hours.	
an R. Green		256	$64 00
l		2,019	504 75
Iendley		248	62 00
Hilton	368		828 00
nin Holmes		2,426	606 50
Iyatt	49	144	146 25
A. Hyman	299		672 75
T. Jones		1,652	413 00
oy		834	208 50
Kibbey		1,946	486 50
Lee		2,865	716 25
. Lee		2,552	638 00
eissering	338		760 50
Lazelle		2,577	644 25
Logan		2,504	626 00
ucas		2,307	576 75
Luce		2,373	593 25
e Luskey		1,413	353 25
Devitt		2,604	651 00
S. McDonald		767	191 75
McKenna	5½		12 37
Kinlay		629	157 25
k McNamee		1,478	369 50
F. Maginnis		2,526	631 50
Merchant		979	244 75
. Miller	359½		809 16
Miner		1,674	418 50
Montgomery		164	41 00
N. Moss		2,488	622 00
. Murphy	313		939 00
Nally	55	3,033	881 99
hon Peck	350		875 00
W. Pomeroy	8		20 00
. Price		944	236 00
Ritchie	42½	2,519	725 37
Robinson		2,968	742 00
H. Roberts		33	8 25
Rowe		2,545	636 25
Rutzer		222	55 50
tus Schwartz		136	34 00
Smith		804	201 00
Smith, jr	361		812 25
Smith		2,616	654 00
Snapp		2,106	526 50
Stewart		2,040	510 00
r Summers		2,420	605 00
Thomas		2,747	686 75
Tilley		2,502	625 50
West		1,733	433 25
e Williams		2,571	642 75
J. Wilver		2,282	570 50
PIECEWORK			
asia Ahern			25 76
C. Alexander			30 13
Anderson			96 08
F. Ashburn			269 90
chison			95 31
Ball			275 51
E. Bailey			252 92
Barker			7 49
Barnett			292 77
eth A. Bell			29 88
ie Blankman			271 40
V. Bowler			91 01
Brannon			40 33
E. Brown			229 36
V. Browne			47 99
Burdette			18 83
e E. Burford			282 38
Burr			300 34
Burr			203 51
Burse			2 80
ahée			87 47
Cassell			9 13
M. Cavanagh			291 63
Mary Chamberlin			$137 14
Julia F. Clokey			298 58
A. A. Colclesser			303 23
Sarah Collins			295 34
M. A. Connell			4 60
Alice Corcoran			241 84
E. A. Cox			250 61
F. F. Crupper			247 32
Isabella Cunningham			282 67
Maggie Curtis			25 21
Mary Daniels			291 68
Nannie Daniel			200 70
S. C. Darby			290 49
E. D. Davis			1 62
Maggie Devlin			201 23
Ella Donaldson			297 25
M. E. Dow			115 82
Kate Dowden			286 02
P. Dubant			257 14
C. Durham			291 95
Ronie Elms			203 02
Alice M. Embrey			62 64
Anna Erb			296 60
M. M. Farrar			272 87
M. Farrell			282 42
Jennie H. Fitch			125 64
Katie Flemming			285 44
S. W. Folk			47 21
Emma V. Ford			241 81
Mary A. Ford			45 88
Kate Fox			262 07
A. C. Francis			298 64
Katie A. Gallaher			100 58
G. Gantt			296 58
Minnie Georges			279 53
L. Gibney			279 34
Frances Graves			298 88
Katie Greer			15 72
Susan Guerin			35 53
Belle Halliday			270 41
Julia Hanlan			76 41
Kate E. Harrington			267 21
Carrie F. Hartwell			279 69
S. G. Hayden			297 31
Louisa Henry			300 11
Mary E. Hill			283 99
Mary C. Hines			231 46
W. J. Hodson			236 17
Mary Honan			291 49
Susan Houck			37 20
Marion Hough			25 33
Ora E. Hubler			263 85
M. Kate Hynes			15 28
Emma Jeffries			297 22
Annie E. Johnston			282 01
Mary Joyce			225 83
Annie R. Kealey			243 03
A. B. Kleinbenn			248 92
Amanda Klotz			293 88
Delia C. Lang			281 07
Ellie S. Lane			51 99
Harriet Lane			2 80
Susan Lemmon			15 85
Fannie E. Levy			16 99
Carrie Lewis			135 19
M. J. Lenihan			299 27
M. G. Lillie			295 21
Annie E. Long			186 58
Ella F. Long			293 86
Mary Lynch			18 37
Kate Lyons			302 85
Johanna Lyons			281 30
M. A. McGraw			165 82
Katie McNalley			47 12
Mattie Mace			14 18
Lizzie Mack			16 38
Sallie H. Macnichol			262 60

No. 20.—*Persons employed in the public printing, &c.*—Continued.

Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.	Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.
	Days.	Hours.			Days.	Hours.	
Blanche Magruder			$41 10	Anna V. Shaw			$292 47
G. M. Martin			4 62	Kate G. Smith			77 00
M. V. Martin			280 60	Mary A. Smith			285 35
Amelia Moreno			259 44	Mary Snow			192 38
Katie Morris			274 15	Lizzie Soper			28 50
L. T. Morris			291 88	Sarah Sorrell			230 92
Mary A. Murray			266 45	Ella M. Springer			274 42
Mary Nasser			280 67	M. J. Stanley			259 65
Mary Nolan			300 29	S. V. Stansbury			40 76
Kate O'Gorman			259 56	C. Stanton			294 67
Minnie Osborne			133 46	K. Stevens			181 65
M. E. Owen			81 48	Sue Stevens			269 11
Millie Parker			81 36	Ellen Sullivan			15 79
Martha K. Payne			293 16	Maggie Sullivan			291 31
Lou M. Pemberton			283 86	Rosa Sullivan			231 67
W. A. Plant			205 33	Cheney Swain			289 89
Josephine Plumer			436 43	E. J. Tenley			40 46
Kate M. Price			291 36	Bertie Tibbetts			15 94
Sadie Pruette			179 44	Rebecca Tolson			35 07
M. Purcell			295 48	Ella Torrey			344 89
Julia Ready			300 13	Maria Van Alstine			18 80
Mary A. Rearden			271 05	E. A. Vose			48 19
Ella M. Ridgely			162 30	L. F. Walker			120 22
M. J. Richards			170 87	E. E. Wernwag			173 06
Nellie P. Richardson			145 82	Mary R. Westhorpe			25 58
Clara J. Robinson			299 20	Martha Wilkins			223 25
E. L. Rollins			252 19	M. T. Williams			111 16
Lucy V. Ruby			59 74	L. E. Windsor			235 30
Laura Rugers			79 97	C. L. Wirt			60 52
H. Sherwood			181 04	Julia A. Wolff			299 06
Margaret Shields			256 24	Kate Wootton			74 86
S. E Sisson			25 61	Josie Wright			273 25
Mary J. Sinclair			280 32	Isabella Young			11 04

No. 21.—*Statement showing the number of persons employed on the Congressional Record for the fiscal year ending June* 30, 1884, *with the length of time each has been employed and the amount each has received.*

Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.	Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.
	Days.	Hours.			Days.	Hours.	
Aven Pearson	313		$1,878 00	Stephen Caldwell	183		$549 00
W. H. Hickman	182		1,092 00	P. R. Noone	182		455 00
M. Noyes	182		1,092 00	G. A. Traylor	38	1,316	424 00
C. S. Myers	182		1,092 00	Chr. Wustenfeld		322	167 44
W. F. Dunn	180		1,080 00	A. T. Cavis		1,775	940 75
A. F. Bloomer	144		864 00	Ed. Morgan		643	340 79
F. B. Wallace	182		1,092 00	C. M. Robinson		5	2 90
W. R. Steele	181		1,086 00	I. Fuller		2	1 06
H. A. Coolidge	182		1,092 00	C. A. Waterman		4	2 12
A. W. Webb	140		840 00	Benjamin Drew		4	2 12
W. R. Chipley	23		135 00	J. A. Scott		3	1 59
John W. Thomas	158		948 00	Henry N. Boernstein		4	2 12
A. McNelly	180		1,080 00	Geo. Burklin		3	1 59
C. M. Cyphers	182		1,031 33	W. R. Ramsay		4	2 12
W. S. Brooks	182		1,031 69	John H. Boner		4	2 12
J. S. Burnside	1		5 67	Sidney T. Bates		3	1 59
A. G. Allison	144		720 00	H. W. Vail		3	1 59
Thomas Ellis	15		75 00	H. A. Nothnagel		4	2 12
W. J. Fowler	182		910 00	J. J. Heron		4	2 12
W. H. Kendig	167		841 00	E. M. Wheat		116	61 48
S. M. Gordon	176		880 00	W. W. Deloe		5	2 65
Thomas McCrea	149		745 00	J. L. Slentz		3	1 59
D. C. De Knight	9	18	52 20	John F. Connolly		5	2 65
James E. Reese	5		25 00	M. Noyes		8	4 24
W. A. Smith	182		728 00	W. F. Dunn		8	4 24
W. E. Winston	146½		439 00	Wm. Flinn		3	1 20
John F. Swiggard	181		472 00	W. H. Harrison		3	1 20
Ed. Reinmuth	182		273 00	D. M. Hamlin		4	1 60

No. 21.—*Persons employed on the Congressional Record, &c.*—Continued.

Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.	Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.
	Days.	Hours.			Days.	Hours.	
G. H. Engelman	4		$1 60	John E. Parker	450		$198 00
Rémy Lefranc	4		1 60	George Recar	422		185 68
F. H. Hall	4		1 60	W. A. Brown	320		140 80
W. H. Fisher	3		1 20	David Leonard	120		52 80
Geo. E. House	6		2 40	Frank Coburn	120		52 80
Charles Wright	1,347		673 50	T. W. Shomo	320		140 80
Chas. I. Canfield	1,319		659 50	J. S. Smith	170		68 00
W. H. Gray	3		1 50	W. S. Whitmore	170		68 00
H. F. J. Drake	4½		2 25	Geo. S. Perrie	170		68 00
J. S. Burnside	10		4 50	Richard Berry	965		482 50
T. J. Southworth	4⅛		2 02	J. Paul Chambers	208		108 16
H. A. McDonald	1,155		462 00	W. H. Moran	791		458 78
G. Wilmer Graham	398		159 20	John W. Maxwell	17		6 80
Chas. T. Bliss	1,353		340 75	R. B. Harford	535		214 00
John Buckman	205		51 25	Will P. Reese	205		82 00
Amos Irving	5		1 25	Geo. W. Folck	7		2 38
John Waller	5		1 25	A. J. Houghton	152		47 50
James Jackson	5		1 25	H. C. Moran	26		8 12
G. L. Milton	4½		1 12	Charles J. Orulip	36		11 24
Thos. Kearney	4½		1 12	G. L. Pearson	65		20 31
Edward F. Evans	5		94	Hod Reynolds	52		16 24
A. E. Sardo	1,667		966 86	Chas. F. Burch	116		34 80
Jas. W. Hughes	1,914		1,014 42	Luther R. Frank	6		1 80
D. H. Denham	1,242		496 80	James F. Lacey	57		17 10
A. W. Graham	603		241 20	Edward H. Parlin	114		34 20
J. H. Furbershaw	359		143 60	C. A. Rice	267		80 10
John F. Clarkson	312		124 80	Henry C. Watson	17		5 10
Thomas H. Owings	404		161 60	John Weckerly	7		2 10
T. H. Fitnam	364		145 60	M. D. Anderson	16		4 00
Wm. S. Cameron	230		92 00	Alpha B. Beall	37		9 25
Jno. H. Robb	110		44 00	James R. Bell	111		27 75
Squire A. Cameron	20		8 00	Wm. H. Berry	32		8 00
J. A. Dawson	10		4 00	George M. Bond	4		1 00
James R. McCoach	40		16 00	C. N. Buckland	52		13 00
Susie V. Sinon	1,470		308 70	Thos. J. Burke	147		36 75
Annie Carpenter	1,559		327 39	M. Clark	10		2 50
Henrietta Tompkins	1,534		322 14	W. S. Clarke	207		51 75
Delia Cremen	1,271		266 91	Frank F. De Lea	7		1 75
Cora H. Best	936		196 56	Robert Fearson	113		28 25
Adolph Winckelman	929		195 09	William D. Foos	20		5 00
Fannie Beamer	769		161 49	J. W. Freeman	24		6 00
Catharine Burke	611		128 31	G. L. Gordon	8		2 00
L. V. Godey	317		66 57	James A. Hewes	123		30 75
Maggie Sullivan	248		52 08	John F. Hogan	736		184 00
Mary Hill	250		52 50	U. S. G. Jarvis	20		5 00
Libbie A. Flahavhan	192		40 32	John Johnson	91		22 75
Jennie McNamara	110		23 10	John Lee	100		25 00
Joanna Corridon	70		14 70	F. B. Lloyd	1,054		263 50
Mollie A. Hunter	70		14 70	D. P. Lynch	57		14 25
C. B. Appler	40		8 40	James McKenna	29		7 25
M. T. Jones	30		6 30	Patrick McNamee	64		16 00
Jennie Baylie	329		61 69	John Murphy	10		2 50
Lizzie Garvey	180		33 75	B. F. Oder	19		4 75
Jennie Jackson	321		60 19	George M. Rock	10		2 50
Bridget McNamara	395		74 06	A. J. Rock	8		2 00
E. M. Proctor	349		65 43	W. E. W. Rowe	568		142 00
Josephine Carlisle	377		70 69	R. E. Scott	700		175 00
Annie Mitchell	424		79 49	Wm. Shepherd	51		12 75
Cath'n'e Schermerhorn	411		77 06	Noble Spates	5		1 25
M. V. Wheeler	408		76 50	Rush C. Steele	52		13 00
Mary O'Brien	327		61 31	R. L. Todd	629		157 25
Annie Fuller	264		49 49	James M. Toy	46		11 50
M. I. Chaney	379		71 06	John N. Van Lew	227		56 75
M. V. Keenan	317		59 44	Howard C. Wall	418		104 50
G. W. Mulloy	1,459		364 75	Clayton Webster	437		109 25
Robt. C. Langley	947		236 75	C. C. Whitehurst	121		30 25
Lewis Russell	28		7 00	J. M. Whitehurst	73		18 25
Josiah S. Green	148		37 00	W. P. Slater	885		354 00
John Dice	370		92 50	D. F. Fallon	1,104		441 60
J. B. Stoops	419		104 75	J. W. Harrison	1,185		474 00
Moses Smith	396		99 00	D. A. Murphy	246		98 40
C. H. Robinson	388		97 00	Geo. W. Kensil	1,098		439 20
H. C. Cowell	260		114 40	Adam Brandt	684		273 60
W. B. Kelly	500		220 00	J. Meehan	623		249 20
S. L. Rowzee	610		268 40	R. W. Wade	483		193 20
Perry Brown	610		268 40	W. R. Moore	71		28 40
Paul Livingston	375		165 00	Richard Roberts	482		192 80

No. 21.—*Persons employed on the Congressional Record, &c.*—Continued.

Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.	Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.
	Days.	Hours.			Days.	Hours.	
E. Wakeling		648	$259 20	Chas. R. Parsons			$306 80
C. C. Colné		88	35 20	Elmer E. Shott			571 50
Andrew Melville		1,081	432 40	E. De Caindry			442 90
J. C. Motherhed		72	28 80	Wm. E. T. Greenfield			198 15
Joseph Colignon		782	312 80	John A. Shade			214 20
John Pridgeon		1,125	450 00	J. J. Fullerton			355 55
Fred. P. Smith		913	365 20	J. C. Gawler			373 15
W. P. Dowden		593	237 20	J. D. Cosbey			414 00
Jas. E. Duvall		918	367 20	John F. Moore			135 25
T. F. Pendel		65	26 00	Wm. H. Francis			408 30
J. J. Brunor		396	158 40	Sam. K. Behrend			366 00
S. E. Stratton		723	289 20	Andrew Turnbull			509 55
W. Edw. Stockett		657	262 80	H. M. Towner			216 45
Thos. F. Stewart		251	100 40	John R. Berg			493 80
Varden Bishop		96	38 40	J. A. Ragsdale			317 70
W. T. Johnston		40	16 00	A. Williams			327 05
Jos. E. Galley		68	27 20	Wm. R. Le Chevalier			250 80
H. Sage		250	100 00	Martin Schram			288 75
Milton Phillips		263	105 20	Wien Torney			66 00
Wm. R. Caffrey		344	137 60	Chas. T. Wood			383 15
Theo. K. Hynicka		393	157 20	E. Nott			344 00
Frank L. Cornwell		96	38 40	W. J. Caldwell			241 55
A. S. Davison		212	84 80	Geo. B. Hall			230 25
Fred Wagner		8	3 20	Geo. W. Toland			236 80
Jno. E. Knight		65	26 00	Chase W. Conway			382 40
Wm. V. Bain		91	36 40	Joseph Brennan			93 25
J. F. Fuller		16	6 40	M. T. Whittaker			148 25
S. S. Barrett		4	1 60	Edwin Mathews			236 80
Geo. O. Morris		16	6 40	W. N. Croggon			247 65
H. W. Hobbs		16	6 40	W. L. Young			310 15
S. W. Lewis		8	3 20	F. M. Hamaker			210 70
John Matthews		8	3 20	Fred Decker			156 65
C. A. Knockey		8	3 20	J. W. Leeper			112 85
P. J. Caldwell		12	4 80	W. C. McCown			4 20
Geo. G. Prior		511	204 40	R. T. Bray			109 85
Florence Hoffman		791	181 93	H. A. Keefer			625 90
Mary Sullivan		923	212 29	John P. Woods			127 00
Lida Henry		316	72 68	J. W. Cross			235 00
D. A. Mortimer		413	94 99	W. H. Smith			90 15
M. E. Calvo		36	8 28	N. Buxmeyer			276 00
S. E. Perley		117	26 91	Albert K. Mundheim			282 75
M. L. Andrews		95	21 85	James L. Harper			295 65
Virginia Cammack		147	33 81	John O'Neill			313 75
H. C. Joy		535	133 75	W. J. Randolph			53 05
H. Hall		376	94 00	O. Devantier			154 45
R. L. Beatty		300	75 00	T. J. Swander			157 45
F. A. West		348	87 00	W. S. Sampson			101 55
Freeman R. Green		467	116 75	T. P. Moore			152 25
				E. S. Tompkins			212 75
PIECEWORK.				Chris. F. Eise			189 50
				U. P. Breazeale			30 20
Orlando S. Montz			349 60	E. P. Murray			152 10
Lemuel E. Miller			484 25	Chas. P. Peake			94 40
E. N. Lancaster			240 95	Moses Grooms			125 00
H. Zucker			190 60	J. W. Lilley			176 00
R. H. Lyles			99 30	H. Y. Brooke			137 95
D. C. De Knight			358 40	Thomas A. Williams			117 70
Wilbur G. Brower			189 70	Geo. D. Cunningham			116 50
Owen J. Mealy			119 55	Charles Lindenberg			119 05
James E. Reese			455 15	C. W. Aughinbaugh			110 25
John P. Sheehan			375 45	J. A. McCarthy			218 15
Thos. Coke Bosworth			164 60	McK. Jarvis			141 20
Thomas Ellis			241 65	A. T. Houck			187 65
Geo. S. Kauffman			337 35	Jacob Eitel			266 95
W. J. White			352 20	Wm. P. Gruber			29 45
T. C. Hannum			356 95	H. W. Davis			82 50
C. S. Stevenson			86 95	Lewis Kriegner			187 35
E. B. Gordon			103 50	C. A. Beers			49 80
R. P. Fithian			407 90	R. H. Bealer			16 00
Jas. E. Brister			436 70	Galen Byron			108 00
Charles Henry			173 50	Hillis K. Colkitt			98 80
T. M. Cogswell			347 05	Jas. Q. Dutrow			25 05
John Delahunty			460 70	A. T. Marks			234 55
G. A. Rinehart			475 55	C. F. T. Blett			145 90
W. D. Egbert			234 45	J. E. Jenkins			150 40
W. R. Chipley			265 05	Thos. K. McNeir			64 50
John H. Shaw			357 55	Thos. C. Simpson			70 45

No. 21.—*Persons employed on the Congressional Record, &c.*—Continued.

Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.	Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.
	Days.	Hours.			Days.	Hours.	
A. E. Moynahan			$60 55	Edw. J. Fallon			$2 45
A. W. Tebbetts			25	E. S. Wiler			2 25
Alexander Colhoun			178 20	O. V. Shomo			3 15
G. Wilmer Graham			262 20	A. E. Riddle			10 20
James Webster			40 50	A. Stiarwalt, jr			45
T. N. McGill			10 20	Henry Webb			30
Henry Lenghan			50 60	R. F. Chisholm			1 75
John R. Sturgis			221 30	Albert E. Ingalls			35
James B. Tierney			5 25	Augustus L. Roberts			3 55
R. R. Shane			14 05	Aug. R. Holden			55
Al. H. Nutting			109 20	B. C. Wright			2 70
Frank M. Young			124 05	S. M. Davis			20
J. E. Hart, jr			157 95	L. Woodward			4 50
J. B. Trudgian			144 15	R. E. Logan			2 05
J. Leslie Vansant			94 65	R. O. Shaut			3 50
Frank L. Chadwick			27 25	Zidon E. Ross			1 90
Thos. G. Callen			69 95	J. F. Griffith			30
A. J. Marchand			160 05	J. H. Schoepf			50
J. D. Simmons			40	E. L. Kaiser			2 90
E. E. Mendenhall			60	A. L. Watson			80
Joseph Dierken			45	Wm. H. Bosley			25
E. N. Fussell			106 30	S. R. Wall			50
O. W. Doughty			122 75	J. M. Smith			1 70
Hector Davidson			89 55	P. P. Glass			40
Chas. H. Brucker			21 90	U. S Lowdermilk			1 75
Thos. D. Stewart			44 45	S. McL. Byington			1 90
Wm. M. Crawford			182 80	Harry B. Major			40
James C. Walker			40 55	E. J. Handly			75
K. S. Goodloe			75 75	D. S. Walton			3 00
Geo. W. Gardner			153 80	A. H. Taylor			4 25
J. W. Miller			137 10	H. Clay Evans			40
J. M. Smith			116 90	Dan L. Sansom			50
J. A. Hays			91 05	John C. Coheane			20
R. D. Coxe			95 55	D. I. Towers			35
G. W. Neill			114 45	W. H. Ells			4 05
Theo. E. Mace			23 30	J. E. Hogan			20
Geo. E. Dummer			118 75	A. C. Francisco			70
L. Lankford			39 15	Frank Lewis			35
James Dean			28 10	Wm. J. Galbraith			60
A. C. Wilkinson			65	Thomas Hughes			40
F. A. Williams			4 60	James H. Alburtis			5 15
Warren B. Esty			1 05	H. K. Southland			3 80
John M. Jack			89 95	M. E. Webster			95
H. A. McDonald			153 50	F. M. Barnes			55
J. F. Fleury			43 50	Geo. A. Crump			45
John D. Kavanagh			30 70	L. O. Knowles			90
Henry A. Peed			12 70	R. W. McKeon			60
Wm. Flemming			4 20	Jas. B. Rogers			3 20
Thos. R. Venable			14 90	Chas. E. Pearson			65
N. M. Light			4 80	Henry Ellsworth			2 20
Seward Beall			2 15	John J. Bresnahan			1 70
G. H. Ackerman			1 45	W. R. Burgess			60
Chas. Lustig			6 15	James H. Ross			65
Benj. Franklin			2 40	John B. Dickman			40
James Kane			2 65	M. P. Weller			40
A. B. Proctor			2 75	A. E. Corning			1 15
F. C. Kemon			4 80	John W. Kennedy			2 30
C. T. Harding			3 20	J. E. Ellegood			40
Geo. W. Howard			1 30	Arthur J. Symonds			45
M. V. B. Stevens			1 35	Chas. C. O'Neill			1 80
Wm. C. Sefton			1 80	J. W. Miller			2 35
H. F. McArdle			1 80	Chas. M. Myers			40
W. H. Moss			1 60	H. M. Pomeroy			45
G. W. Sargent			2 40	A. A. Roland			35
J. G. McGrath			1 15	A. L. Mishler			* 3 00
J. F. Grant			2 75	Chas. V. Juno			65
C. T. Hutchinson			1 35	A. Purcell			35
Franklin Rogers			75	J. W. Carter			75
J. B. Nelson			3 90	Chas. A. Morgan			1 65
W. O. Smith			80	Fred. A. Hall			60
J. B. Moulden			1 80	M. Barringer			80
S. H. Herman			80	A. W. Adam			1 05
Daniel McCallum			2 20	L. L. Andrews			39 05
James Greenwood			1 90	A. W. Bacon			380 75
C. A. Edelen			1 65	F. Baker			1 72
Lloyd Prather, jr			3 00	Bettie Baker			18 20
W. C. Henry			65	R. V. Baker			6 25

No. 21.—*Persons employed on the Congressional Record, &c.*—Continued.

Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.	Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.
	Days.	Hours.			Days.	Hours.	
E. E. Banks			$14 02	Edith A. Hicks			90 48
Isabella Ball			16 01	A. Higgins			19 08
Mary Baptista			69	J. Hitchcox			180 04
D. P. Barrington			170 10	A. Hodge			32
M. A. Bayliss			180 03	M. V. Hoffman			180 03
A. Barrett			1 72	Lucy Horton			4 86
Jane Beatty			19 91	Ella House			7 37
L. Billings			21	C. Howard			11 00
Mary A. Black			50	J. Howlin			19 91
A. Boyce			7 82	M. C. Huber			6 29
M. Boyle			180 24	A. Hughes			225 75
S. K. Bauman			1 51	S. Husted			19 09
C. Brelsford			168 00	Mary L. Hullings			2 68
J. Breslin			19 91	Sarah E. Jackson			1 50
Carrie Bryan			1 71	S. Jack			50 45
Kate J. Brintnall			3 38	M. A. Johnson			195 02
Belle Burgess			14 23	H. Johnson			2 16
Mollie E. Burrows			21	E. Jones			22 52
Mary E. Buete			101 32	M. W. Jones			1 03
A. Butler			3 74	V. A. Jones			19 91
Winifred Cahill			104 16	T. Keefe			68 25
Belle Carter			4 92	Katie A. Keefe			82
Elizabeth Casper			1 72	B. Kennelly			69 00
F. Chase			175 77	S. E. Kerper			48
B. L. Chritzman			50	Julia King			17 90
E. Clagett			13 94	M. Kirsch			63
Ella F. Clements			3 86	R. Korts			33 90
Mattie Cook			6 13	Emma M. Kroger			27
M. Connelley			190 26	M. La Bille			50
J. Connor			230 00	Ellen Landvoigt			6 28
F. W. Conover			216 75	Mary Larman			11 24
Ada M. Cross			94 71	C. Lusby			154 02
L. M. Cross			169 57	Florence Lusby			43 22
S. Collins			250 00	A. V. Lee			45 78
K. Cunningham			1 71	Fannie Littleton			16 90
Lucy R. Crupper			38 51	M. F. Long			19 91
C. Daily			1 66	Mary E. Lynch			13 81
M. Darby			248 25	H. Macnamee			231 25
E. Davis			1 71	A. R. Mallory			19 06
L. J. Dart			19 91	J. E. Mansfield			14 00
Maggie B. Davis			8 40	M. E. Marceron			40 05
S. Dickson			1 72	E. Marche			147 36
E. A. Dickinson			7 98	A. Martin			50
N. Digge			16 64	Alice Martin			40
E. Donnelly			1 16	S. Martin			1 71
J. A. Downing			21 51	Lula M. Mason			19 06
O. Dwyer			175 77	Sarah J. May			1 72
S. Edelen			180 04	Hattie McCabe			45
Sarah Edmonds			50	Nettie L. McCampbell			1 73
L. T. Edmonston			19 91	A. McCarthy			1 72
J. Elliott			3 75	M. M. McCarthy			23 13
I. R. Ellis			1 71	Mamie McClelland			134 70
Minnie Elwood			1 13	A. McDowell			182 95
E. J. Essex			19 91	Minnie F. McGowan			8 63
Mary Evans			1 73	E. V. McGraw			27 75
A. Fisher			1 72	L. A. McKenney			1 73
Nellie E. Fish			187 97	M. J. McLeod			1 71
F. M. Fletcher			21 00	Belle J. McIntyre			6 04
J. B. Forbes			56 18	M. G. Meals			23 50
N. B. Franklin			160 23	Sallie Mills			21 74
M. Gibbs			92	S. Moens			1 72
I. C. Greene			6 00	B. Mooney			1 50
E. W. Godwin			19 91	M. M. Morrow			181 85
E. Gould			82	Lizzie A. Morrow			8 61
Elizabeth Gorman			50	H. H. Morse			10 75
Carrie Guggenheimer			4 42	Josephine Murphy			11 94
M. Hall			24 57	M. E. Murray			180 06
E. Handebeau			167 20	Susie Mylan			48
Ella C. Hardy			1 71	L. M. Nash			19 67
Mary A. Hackett			49 66	R. Nelson			1 50
Clara A. Harner			1 71	M. B. Norbeck			21 61
Delia Harper			1 72	Margret O'Brien			3 [illegible]
T. Harrison			7 59	Mary C. O'Brien			39 [illegible]
A. A. Hayes			131 50	M. T. O'Connor			225 [illegible]
M. E. Hayes			50	Lena M. O'Leary			16 1[illegible]
L. Hays			1 71	Mary A. O'Neill			[illegible]
J. Hellinga			19 16	Mary A. Orme			1 72

No. 21.—*Persons employed on the Congressional Record, &c.*—Continued.

Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.	Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.
	Days.	Hours.			Days.	Hours.	
M. E. Owner			$33 00	M. E. Speisser			$19 90
J. T. Parham			148 76	Ada G. Stewart			133 75
S. Partridge			180 04	Laura B. Stewart			31 08
Odessa Pierce			60	A. Sullivan			47 06
A. Piggott			19 91	Josie M. Summers			67
F. Pope			38 43	E. J. Sydnor			19 91
K. Reapsomer			1 00	Frances Szegedy			20 35
Mary Riley			75	A. Taylor			42
Dora C. Riecks			23	Georgie E. Tennyson			173 48
Marion Robinson			1 05	E. Thomas			78
A. Rogers			16 64	M. A. Thompson			16 65
L. Rogier			1 72	D. C. Toole			22 90
M. A. Ryan			19 91	Maggie E. Toomey			32
Rose E. Schneider			23 33	A. E. Tyrrell			75 51
H. Schreiner			100 50	M. Walsh			180 32
J. E. Sergerson			23 73	Katie Walsh			195 09
L. Selvey			1 71	J. E. Watson			133 21
M. A. Sibley			1 71	G. Webster			192 99
Annie L. Smart			286 38	E. Wells			225 46
M. J. Smith			1 72	Emma L. Wilke			1 68
Maggie K. Smith			1 72	J. Wilson			87 08
Katie Snee			53 96	N. M. Wingate			8 73
O. J. Somerville			54 18	M. Woodend			180 32
S. D. Soper			1 72	Emma Woolsey			24

No. 22.—*Statement showing the number of persons employed in printing Annual Report (1881) of Commissioner of Agriculture during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884, with the length of time each has been employed and the amount each has received.*

Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.	Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.
	Days.	Hours.			Days.	Hours.	
A. J. Preall		136	$54 40				
Wm Farrington		136	54 40				
Edwd. C. Maher		32	12 80	PIECEWORK.			
C. R. Ober		31	5 81	M. Ambrose			$24 21
M. I. Chaney		32	6 00	L. L. Andrews			11 24
Annie Gaughran		32	6 00	Ella Ahern			14 13
Wm. E. Saunders		136	34 00	Bettie Baker			5 76
Wm. S. Seymour		136	34 00	R. V. Baker			24 50
J. E. Smith		136	34 00	E. E. Banks			54 40
Richard Berry		114	57 00	J. Barry			21 64
J. Paul Chambers		75	39 00	Mary Baptista			80
Geo. W. Folck		123	41 82	Jane Beatty			19 35
A. J. Houghton		59	18 44	Mary A. Black			80
Charles J. Ortlip		2	62	M. J. Bowie			21 73
G. L. Pearson		165	51 56	A. Boyce			29 78
Hod Reynolds		105	32 81	Mary Brick			21 76
Chas. F. Bush		27	8 10	Kate J. Brintnall			5 17
S. K. Coster		80	24 00	Belle Burgess			51 55
J. W. Dutton		114	34 20	Sarah C. Butler			15 56
Luther R. Frank		149	44 70	Winifred Cahill			9 90
Harry A. Gwin		162	48 60	Belle Carter			23 75
James F. Lacey		6	1 80	F. Chase			5 70
D. A. Neal		71	21 30	Ella F. Clements			9 40
Edward H. Parlin		62	18 60	S. Collins			14 00
John Weckerly		161	48 30	Mattie Cook			34 58
M. D. Anderson		86	21 50	Ann Cowan			21 66
C. N. Buckland		16	4 00	Janie Cox			20 48
W. S. Clarke		80	20 00	Nellie Cronin			23 68
Robert Fearson		84	21 00	Ada M. Cross			34 77
James A. Hewes		58	14 50	L. M. Cross			9 40
Owen Keefe		166	41 50	Lucy R. Crupper			24 06
D. P. Lynch		118	29 50	H. Daily			24 83
R. E. Scott		36	9 00	L. J. Dart			31 72
Wm. Shepherd		120	30 00	Maggie B. Davis			31 72
James M. Toy		84	21 00	L. H. Davis			15 50
Howard C. Wall		106	26 50	E. A. Dickinson			34 42
H. S. Washburn		8	2 00	N. Diggs			56 34
				E. Donnelly			80

No. 22.—*Persons employed on the Agricultural Report* (1881), *&c.*—Continued.

Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.
	Days.	Hours.	
M. Donnelly			$24 73
Lucy Duffy			20 21
O. Dwyer			13 18
L. T. Edmonston			13 20
J. Elliot			19 25
Clara M. Elliott			17 26
E. J. Essex			32 74
M. Farrell			80
N. Felger			18 93
Nellie E. Fish			36 52
K. C. Foley			11 50
J. B. Forbes			34 63
S. Fordham			21 65
N. B. Franklin			70
Belle Gates			17 50
M. Gibbs			80
Louise Gibson			18 95
C. Godey			11 36
E. W. Godwin			31 74
E. Gould			85
I. C. Greene			34 74
Annie Graves			9 25
M. Hall			8 49
M. A. Harper			12 19
F. V. Harris			48 10
T. Harrison			35 71
M. E. Hayes			80
Minnie Healey			80
J. Hellings			44 09
A. Higgins			54 54
V. Henrick			19 00
S. Hess			20 00
Edith A. Hicks			80
M. V. Hoffman			80
Lucy Horton			1 33
Ella House			32 18
C. Howard			65 00
M. C. Huber			37 02
S. Husted			56 21
Sarah E. Jackson			38 53
M. W. Jones			18 99
E. Jones			33 17
Katie A. Keefe			80
Ella Kelly			24 23
B. Kennelly			14 61
M. J. Kersey			21 69
S. E. Kerper			80
Julia King			12 21
M. Kirsch			80
R. Korts			30 66
Rosa La Covey			53 27
Ellen Landvoigt			35 81
E. Laporte			21 81
Mary Larman			12 08
Fannie Littleton			10 54
M. F. Long			25 58
Florence Lusby			5 65
Mary E. Lynch			3 40
H. Macnamee			5 90
A. R. Mallory			53 98
Jennie E. Manning			21 73
J. E. Mansfield			9 75
M. E. Marceron			4 50
A. Martin			12 50
Lulu M. Mason			52 05
Mamie McClelland			12 18
Mary McGinnell			22 63
E. V. McGraw			36 09
Belle J. McIntyre			7 01
M. G. Meals			11 24
Mary Morris			7 52
Lizzie A. Morrow			55 41
H. H. Morse			26 50
Dollie Moxley			9 02
A. M. Nash			54 78
M. E. Owner			21 75
J. T. Parham			5 60
Julia E. Plant			$21 66
E. J. Proctor			80
I. E. Rabbitt			23 84
K. Reapsomer			6 00
D. Reilly			24 53
Agnes Renehan			21 16
Mary Riley			1 70
A. Rogers			55 39
L. Rogier			2 97
M. A. Ryan			13 19
H. Ryder			4 50
Rose E. Schneider			11 36
L. Shepherd			80
Mary Sierenberg			19 19
Maggie K. Smith			21 75
Katie Strong			19 22
E. C. Sullivan			53 34
Josie M. Summers			20 53
E. J. Sydnor			13 20
Georgie E. Tennyson			18 67
E. Thomas			80
M. A. Thompson			49 55
Rhoda M. Thorn			19 49
D. C. Toole			5 32
M. Ward			24 71
G. Webster			80
Minnie Wetzel			26 62
Emma L. Wilke			34 21
J. Wilson			21 80
N. M. Wingate			33 66
Mamie Wood			21 60
K. Zell			13 20
BINDING.			
James O. Amoss		128	59 40
R. T. Anderson		42	16 80
Arthur E. Baker		154	61 60
G. O. Barnes		205	82 00
Jno. L. Bentzler		152	60 80
Reinhard Biehl		26	10 40
Geo. W. Bilyew		196	74 40
J. J. Brunor		171	68 40
A. J. Buehler		167	66 80
Geo. D. Burch		45	18 00
Peter Byrnes		30	12 00
Wm. R. Caffrey		203	81 20
P. J. Caldwell		190	76 00
F. H. Chaffee		112	44 80
W. F. Clarkson		162	64 80
Joseph Colignon		76	30 40
C. C. Colné		147	58 80
Jas. D. Conner		185	74 00
Frank L. Cornwell		129	51 60
Arthur C. Delevingne		180	72 00
W. P. Dowden		22	8 80
Horace C. Dowling		21	8 40
T. W. Dutcher		28	11 20
Colin S. Eastwood		97	38 80
H. T. Eckart		50	20 00
C. Thos. Elwood		29	11 60
Geo. W. Engel		50	20 00
H. C. Espey		60	24 00
W. G. Evans		30	12 00
George Finch		121	48 40
H. C. Fish		7	2 80
Geo. W. Fisher		30	12 00
Chas. Fowler		216	86 40
J. W. Fox		54	21 60
John M. Gantley		4	1 60
Wm. Gilliard		175	70 00
P. C. Gillon		56	22 40
W. L. Griggs		39	15 60
Edward Grimes		178	71 20
J. William Haslett		8	3 20
Joseph A. Handley		26	10 40
John C. Helff		170	68 00

22.—*Persons employed on the Agricultural Report* (1881), *&c.*—Continued.

ame.	Time employed.		Amount received.	Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.
	Days.	Hours.			Days.	Hours.	
ettinger		164	$65 60	Mary H. Fitz Patrick		138	$31 74
es		30	12 00	Ella M. Ferguson		35	8 05
Houck		208	83 20	Jennie Goss		135	31 05
lett		16	6 40	Annie E. Gross		103	23 69
Kynicka		188	75 20	E. A. Haines		26	5 98
Keegan		26	10 40	C. Hendrick		5	1 15
Kelly		26	10 40	Lida Henry		135	31 05
ing		117	46 80	Florence Hoffman		16	3 68
night		190	76 00	E. J. Hooper		101	23 23
hler		48	19 20	Maggie B. Hyde		160	36 80
Kuhner		30	12 00	Jennie A. Jenkins		80	18 40
ancer		175	70 00	Nettie McCabe		90	20 70
andvoigt		30	12 00	Innocentia McGill		134	30 82
eitch		30	12 00	D. A. Mortimer		100	23 00
ter		168	67 20	Katie A. Murphy		127	29 21
Cormick		157	62 80	Lydia J. Pixley		100	23 00
onald		160	64 00	Beatrice Prather		60	13 80
anahan		171	68 40	Agnes H. Reid		143	32 89
McNamee		172	68 80	I. M. Rutherford		150	34 50
shall		162	64 80	Josephine Schwartz		20	4 60
terson		170	68 00	Mary Sullivan		16	3 68
May		30	12 00	Bessie B. Throckmorton		143	32 89
		38	15 20	E. E. Wernwag		163	37 49
delville		38	15 20	Belle Williams		147	33 81
nshaw		148	59 20	O. S. Sanford		130	58 50
diller		136	54 40	J. J. Jones		92	32 20
ore		175	70 00	W. T. Kelly		142	49 70
oore		190	76 00	Geo. L. Ready		74	22 20
nerhed		191	76 40	Hiram Spear		102	30 60
an		26	10 40	S. D. Skeen		80	24 00
ley		182	72 80	W. H. Mills		91	25 48
. O'Donnell		142	56 80	Thomas Allen		118	29 50
. Orem		50	20 00	R. B. Billings		124	31 00
del		35	14 00	R. M. Campbell		103	25 75
hillips		188	75 20	S. G. Cannon		114	28 50
pitt		171	68 40	James Cavanaugh		182	45 50
ortch		223	89 20	A. D. Coleman		115	28 75
mphrey		4	1 60	George Coleman		86	21 50
mont		49	19 60	Robt. E. Cunningham		208	52 00
ad		159	63 60	Burr Lucas		130	32 40
rt		30	12 00	W. Dawson		137	34 25
Roberts		136	54 40	N. Dillard		91	22 75
van		70	28 00	W. D. Evans		136	34 00
icott		48	19 20	John T. Furguson		115	28 75
man		133	53 20	John A. Gleeson		154	38 50
tle		138	55 20	H. Hall		91	22 75
th		20	8 00	Benjamin Holmes		111	27 75
. Smith		178	71 20	Lloyd T. Jones		136	34 00
ockman		222	88 80	H. H. Lazelle		138	34 50
ton		8	3 20	E. G. Luce		85	21 25
ift		184	73 60	C. McDevitt		126	31 50
Taff		28	11 20	Edwd. S. McDonald		113	28 25
Thompson		199	79 60	Patrick McNamee		92	23 00
oomey		167	66 80	John F. Maginnis		126	31 50
Van Horn		61	24 40	John Miner		136	34 00
de		107	42 80	J. B. Montgomery		48	12 00
gner		126	50 40	James Nally		10	2 50
ing		8	3 20	Frank Rowe		126	31 50
lde		187	74 80	Moses Smith		104	26 00
Walsh		201	80 40	W. T. Smith		136	34 00
White		226	90 40	J. H. Snapp		73	18 25
White		32	12 80	Arthur Summers		104	26 00
ite		53	21 20	F. A. West		168	42 00
		127	50 80	George Williams		94	23 50
lrews		145	33 35				
ies		144	33 12				
ry		139	31 97	PIECEWORK.			
Barry		193	44 39				
nett		178	40 94	Marion Hough			32 55
ner		23	5 29	M. J. Stanley			30 80
kholder		91	20 93	Cora Burr			16 10
vo		19	4 37	Bertie Tibbetts			37 10
Cammack		144	33 12	Mary E. Hill			36 73
tine		119	27 37	Johanna Lyons			35 70
owling		132	30 36	F. F. Crupper			32 55
s		176	40 48	Minnie Osborne			35 00
zler		71	16 33	Amelia Moreno			32 20

No. 22.—*Persons employed on the Agricultural Report* (1881), *&c.*—Continued.

Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.
	Days.	Hours.	
Mary A. Murray			$30 45
Ellen Sullivan			32 55
Kate Fox			33 95
Alice Corcoran			31 50
Mary A. Ford			23 80
Maria Van Alstine			29 40
Lizzie Mack			32 20
Josie Wright			30 80
Ronie Elms			30 10
Kate O'Gorman			29 75
Sue Stevens			32 90
Minnie Georges			33 60
Isabella Young			33 95
Ora E. Hubler			30 10
Annie E. Long			28 70
A. B. Kleinhenn			29 75
E. L. Rollins			33 25
Mary R. Westhorpe			25 90
Anna V. Shaw			28 70
Jennie H. Fitch			33 95
M. M. Farrar			33 60
Martha K. Payne			34 65
Belle Halliday			30 45
Anastasia Ahern			30 10
M. J. Richards			29 40
M. V. Martin			33 25
Ella Torrey			17 15
M. Purcell			30 45
Ellen Donaldson			31 50
Eugenie Blankman			31 15
Anna V. Brown			30 80
Cheney Swain			24 85
Kate Wootton			22 40
M. A. Lenihan			34 65
Julia A. Wolff			33 60
C. Durham			31 15
S. G. Hayden			32 20
Minnie E. Burford			31 85
M. T. Williams			31 50
L. Gibney			27 65
G. Gantt			28 70
Katie Brennan			29 75
Kate Dowden			36 40
Mary A. Smith			26 25
Maggie Sullivan			31 15
Katie Morris			31 15
Emma V. Ford			18 20
Mary J. Sinclair			31 15
Delia C. Lang			30 80
Nellie P. Richardson			17 50
M. G. Lillie			33 25
Ada Burr			29 75
Clara J. Robinson			34 30
Carrie F. Hartwell			25 90
L. T. Morris			31 15
Mattie Mace			14 00
Mary F. Ashburn			30 80
Frances Graves			33 95
Julia F. Clokey			$32 90
Emma Jeffries			30 80
Katie Flemming			31 50
Kate M. Price			32 20
Kate M. Lyons			33 15
Rebecca Tolson			32 90
E. A. Cox			25 20
Isabella Cunningham			24 15
Blanche Magruder			30 80
Laura L. Rugers			30 45
Amanda Klotz			29 75
Lizzie Soper			11 20
Mary C. Hines			32 55
Ella F. Long			32 90
S. C. Darby			29 40
P. Dubant			24 85
Mary Nolan			26 95
Sara Collins			34 30
Annie Cassell			18 90
M. Kate Hynes			21 35
Mary Daniels			31 15
Mary Joyce			29 75
Rosa Sullivan			30 80
Annie M. Cavanagh			28 00
Martha Wilkins			19 60
Lou M. Pemberton			19 95
Maggie Devlin			33 60
Josephine Plumer			31 15
K. Stevens			21 00
Katie Greer			19 95
Sallie H. Macnichol			5 60
Annie R. Kealey			31 50
Kate Ball			34 30
W. A. Plant			29 05
Mary A. Rearden			29 40
Ella M. Springer			33 95
H. Sherwood			24 15
Julia Ready			34 30
Louisa Henry			31 50
Annie E. Johnston			32 55
Fannie E. Levy			30 45
Mary Nasser			24 50
Anna Erb			31 15
Susan Houck			35 35
S. V. Stansbury			34 30
Mary Honan			35 00
Margaret Shields			34 30
C. Stanton			35 70
Susan Lemmon			11 20
Mary Lynch			35 00
A. C. Francis			36 75
M. Atchison			13 65
Mary Farrell			32 55
Susan Guerin			24 50
E. J. Tenley			33 95
A. A. Colclesser			36 40
May Barnett			23 10

No. 23.—*Statement showing the number of persons employed in printing Annual Report (1883) of Commissioner of Agriculture during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884, with the length of time each has been employed and the amount each has received.*

Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.	Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.
	Days.	Hours.			Days.	Hours.	
I. Fuller	.....	53	$28 09	S. L. Rowzee	.....	138	$60 72
J. A. Scott	.....	10	5 30	John E. Parker	.....	155	68 20
H. All Foresman	.....	61	32 33	W. S. Whitmore	.....	100	40 00
Henry N. Boernstein	.....	1	53	Richard Berry	.....	332	166 00
W. R. Ramsey	.....	25	13 25	J. Paul Chambers	.....	530	275 60
Chas. W. Otis	.....	3	1 59	W. H. Moran	.....	4	2 32
S. J. Phillips	.....	10	5 30	John W. Maxwell	.....	4	1 60
A. F. Bloomer	.....	2	1 06	M. A. Du Bois	.....	4	1 60
John H. Boner	.....	13	6 89	R. B. Harford	.....	4	1 60
Sidney T. Bates	.....	6	3 18	Wm. C. Heck	.....	4	1 60
W. L. Schmalhoff	.....	3	1 59	Daniel C. McGivern	.....	4	1 60
W. F. Dunn	.....	3	1 59	Will P. Reese	.....	16	6 40
T. W. Howard	.....	2	1 06	D. W. March	.....	4	1 50
W. S. Baker	.....	9	4 77	Wm. H. Mickle	.....	4	1 50
F. B. Wallace	.....	4	2 12	G. W. Bates	.....	4	1 36
W. W. Deloe	.....	13	6 89	Geo. W. Folck	.....	184	62 56
A. S. Griggs	.....	2	80	John A. Tafe	½	.....	1 25
Wm. Fliun	.....	6	2 40	A. J. Houghton	.....	516	161 25
O. F. Dunlap	.....	2	80	H. C. Moran	.....	163	50 93
W. H Harrison	.....	5	2 00	Charles J. Ortlip	.....	291	90 94
J. N. Hall	.....	10	4 00	G. L. Pearson	.....	449	140 30
John W. Shotwell	.....	61	24 40	Hod Reynolds	.....	150	46 87
D. M. Hamlin	.....	28	11 20	E. A. Sikken	.....	4	1 25
B. M. Winters	.....	5	2 00	J. L. Venable	.....	49	14 70
G. H. Engelman	.....	4	1 60	D. McCathran	.....	71	21 30
Geo. E. House	.....	1	40	Chas. F. Burch	.....	283	84 90
W. J. Fowler	.....	5	2 00	S. K. Coster	.....	62	18 60
C. F. Gilmore	.....	33	16 50	J. W. Dutton	.....	155	46 50
Jno. J. Higgins	.....	140	56 00	Luther R. Frank	.....	485	145 50
C. K. Weller	.....	50	20 00	Harry A. Gwin	.....	178	53 40
W. P. Chew	.....	112	44 80	James F. Lacey	.....	34	10 20
W. C. Henry	.....	4	1 60	D. A. Neal	.....	266	79 80
H. McElfresh	.....	38	15 20	Edward H. Parlin	.....	141	42 30
M. Barringer	.....	3	1 20	C. A. Rice	.....	7	2 10
Wm. F. Reed	.....	47	18 80	Henry C. Watson	.....	311	93 10
Benj. Franklin	.....	42	16 80	John Weckerly	.....	479	143 70
A. B. Proctor	.....	41	16 40	M. D. Anderson	.....	602	150 50
F. C. Kemon	.....	57	22 80	Alpha B. Beall	.....	26	6 50
J. J. Heron	.....	23	9 20	George M. Bond	.....	4	1 00
Augustus L. Roberts	.....	51	20 40	C. N. Buckland	.....	4	1 00
Geo. T. Howard	.....	31	12 40	Thomas J. Burke	.....	4	1 00
Zidon E. Ross	.....	31	12 40	I. N. Butler	.....	4	1 00
A. E. Riddle	.....	45	18 00	M. Clark	.....	49	12 25
A. L. Watson	.....	22	8 80	W. S. Clarke	.....	630	157 50
D. R. Johnson	.....	30	12 00	J. W. Creed	.....	14	3 50
J. B. Moulden	.....	13	5 20	Frank F. De Lea	.....	130	32 50
C. J. Alexander	.....	25	10 00	Jas. Doyle	.....	10	2 50
W. L. Pierce	.....	2	80	Patrick Doyle	.....	4	1 00
C. T. Hutchinson	.....	21	8 40	Robert Fearson	.....	568	142 00
J. B. Nelson	.....	13	5 20	Geo. W. Fields	.....	762	190 50
James Greenwood	.....	18	7 20	William D. Foos	.....	4	1 00
Theo. P. White	.....	8	3 20	James A. Hewes	.....	544	136 00
L. H. Patterson	.....	7	2 80	John F. Hogan	.....	34	8 50
E. H. Patterson	.....	2	80	U. S. G. Jarvis	.....	211	52 75
Jos. Dierken	.....	3	1 20	J. C. Johnson	.....	51	12 75
John Walter	.....	18	4 50	John Johnson	.....	27	6 75
A. J. Preall	.....	1,275	510 00	Owen Keefe	.....	15	3 75
Wm. Farrington	.....	1,258	503 20	N. M. D. Lathrop	.....	4	1 00
S. T. Brown	.....	1,101	440 40	John Lee	.....	4	1 00
Mary Mills	.....	484	90 75	F. B. Lloyd	.....	12	3 00
Maggie Duffy	.....	901	168 92	D. P. Lynch	.....	408	102 00
Elizabeth Davis	.....	196	36 75	James McKenna	.....	4	1 00
Amelia E. Cromelien	.....	504	94 50	C. S. Mills	.....	4	1 00
Elizabeth Litsinger	.....	36	6 75	John Murphy	.....	156	39 00
Alice A. Fon Narbutt	.....	247	46 31	B. F. Oder	.....	15	3 75
Mary E. Ragan	.....	244	45 75	Simon Pocher	.....	118	29 50
Annie Gaughran	.....	215	40 31	George M. Raub	.....	4	1 00
Wm. E. Saunders	.....	1,183	295 75	A. J. Rock	.....	4	1 00
Wm. S. Seymour	.....	1,176	294 00	W. E. W. Rowe	.....	292	73 00
J. E. Smith	.....	1,189	297 25	R. E. Scott	.....	475	118 75
Daniel C. Ray	.....	1,073	268 25	Wm. Shepherd	.....	81	20 25
Paul Livingston	.....	154	67 76	Noble Spates	.....	100	25 00
H. C. Cowell	.....	138	60 72	Rush C. Steele	.....	61	15 25
W. B. Kelly	.....	138	60 72	R. L. Todd	.....	116	29 00

No. 23.—*Persons employed on the Agricultural Report* (1883), *&c.*—Continued.

Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.
	Days.	Hours.	
James M. Toy		492	$123 00
John N. Van Lew		4	1 00
Howard C. Wall		399	99 75
H. S. Washburn		4	1 00
Daniel Wathen		447	111 75
Clayton Webster		347	86 75
C. C. Whitehurst		26	6 50
J. M. Whitehurst		59	14 75
E. W. Williams		32	8 00
David Moore		9	1 50
PIECEWORK.			
Oscar Alexander			60 05
F. C. Helmick			143 00
W. O. Birmingham			75 00
John L. Kennedy			100 30
Jas. H. Sherwood			79 15
John B. Dickman			54 80
Geo. Johnson, jr			79 10
Geo. H. Green			79 75
L. V. Taft			8 20
John J. Bresnahan			15 90
James H. Ross			40 80
John R. Sullivan			11 30
Sam'l J. Boone			10 85
F. A. Cogswell			36 90
R. W. McKeon			13 35
David Shaw			13 20
A. W. Adam			84
A. S. Adams			109 01
Ella Ahern			48 92
M. Ambrose			50 48
L. L. Andrews			100 35
A. Atchison			84
J. Bahlman			27 87
F. Baker			25 26
Bettie Baker			115 83
R. V. Baker			174 00
E. E. Banks			26 36
Isabella Ball			106 69
Mary Baptista			6 30
J. Barry			53 42
A. Barrett			25 27
Jane Beatty			2 48
L. Billings			14 88
Mary A. Black			6 50
M. J. Bowie			59 76
A. Boyce			28 75
M. Boyle			13 50
S. K. Bauman			6 47
Mary Brick			3 24
S. C. Brawner			33 75
D. C. Brooke			111 70
L. C. Brown			107 99
Carrie Bryan			24 21
Bessie Bryant			4 65
Mary E. Buete			9 01
Belle Burgess			91 27
M. A. Burgess			109 51
Fannie E. Burke			33 38
J. A. Burr			109 76
Mollie E. Burrows			19 93
O. K. Burwell			69 88
Sarah C. Butler			37 36
Kate J. Brintnall			29 57
Julia Callahan			54 66
Winifred Cahill			63 38
Emma L. Carrico			114 97
Belle Carter			23 04
Elizabeth Casper			44 33
F. Chase			57 60
B. L. Chritzman			1 00
E. Clagett			90 52
M. A. Clancy			84
E. N. Clarke			1 40
M. Clarkson			103 13

Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.
	Days.	Hours.	
Ella F. Clements			$24 92
Catherine Clone			30 68
A. Collins			33 00
A. Columbus			56 51
S. Collins			59 75
Alice V. Collins			57 61
F. W. Conover			45 00
M. Corbin			109 50
B. A. Cottie			4 00
M. Courtney			59 43
Ann Cowan			106 35
Janie Cox			60 86
M. M. Coberth			28 81
Georgie E. Crawford			108 75
Nellie Cronin			4 78
M. A. Crooker			72 34
Ada M. Cross			11 18
L. M. Cross			49 73
Rosie Connell			18 55
Mattie Cook			23 18
Lucy R. Crupper			61 83
K. Cunningham			2 30
A. Daly			13 45
Alice V. Daly			84
C. Daily			21 30
H. Daily			49 86
L. J. Dart			2 48
E. Davis			24 92
L. H. Davis			3 50
Maggie B. Davis			5 29
M. Dawson			109 00
E. A. Dickinson			32 85
S. Dickson			25 28
N. Diggs			109 51
Ida Dinger			66 27
Maggie L. Dodd			32 74
I. E. Doherty			27 82
Lillie J. Donn			32 67
M. Donnelly			47 40
E Donnelly			6 70
Katie Donohue			48 97
J. L. Dowling			33 58
Lizzie Downie			105 18
Kate Dunne			34 19
J. A. Downing			66 20
B. Duffy			63 00
A. Dutrow			3 83
O. Dwyer			43 15
Sarah Edmunds			8 13
J. Elliot			67 75
Clara M. Elliott			41 98
Minnie Elwood			14 1
I. R. Ellis			14
Mary E. Ellsworth			108
Laura V. Etter			105
E. J. Essex			2
V. M. Evans			77
Mary Evans			12
M. Farrell			11
Sallie Faulkner			53
Annie P. Farley			94
N. Felger			50
A. Fisher			25
M. Fleming			63
Minnie Fitzgerald			22
H. C. Flynn			37
K. C. Foley			83
N. B. Franklin			55
J. B. Forbes			29
S. Fordham			63
C. Fowler			33
M. Garttrell			102
Belle Gates			207
M. Gibbs			
Bell Gheen			
Louise Gibson			
Ellie C. Glasgow			1

No. 23.—*Persons employed on the Agricultural Report* (1883), *&c.*—Continued.

Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.	Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.
	Days.	Hours.			Days.	Hours.	
y			$38 99	M. E. Marceron			$5 60
odwin			2 49	A. Martin			79 75
d			4 90	Alice Martin			16 73
th Gorman			6 40	S. Martin			25 28
ffith			4 50	Lula M. Mason			94 55
eene			32 05	C. Maus			1 00
Guggenheimer			28 15	Sarah J. May			25 28
			8 43	Lizzie Martin			12 72
Hardy			25 30	Simmie Martin			28 07
I. Hargrove			92 24	Hattie McCabe			2 20
Harlow			64 63	Nettie L. McCampbell			10 92
G. Harleston			19 68	Annie S. McCarter			34 50
. Harner			25 27	A. McCarthy			18 60
Harper			25 21	M. M. McCarthy			15 85
Harper			80 40	Mamie McClelland			71 59
arper			65 14	F. M. McCristal			30 79
arper			1 00	Mary McGinnell			50 29
arris			36 64	Minnie F. McGowan			49 50
ison			32 48	E. V. McGraw			85 58
nner			106 25	Belle J. McIntyre			31 69
askell			94 03	A. C. McKelden			63 63
ayes			6 40	L. A. McKenney			24 35
			22 52	M J. McLeod			25 20
. Head			109 17	Mary A. McNamara			35 30
Healey			11 65	M. McNamara			3 42
ill			30 75	Amelia McNulty			62 58
ngs			89 91	M. G. Meals			97 92
Heinline			2 97	Sallie Mills	1		87 66
lensan			33 50	S. Moens	1		25 28
rick			210 00	Bessie S. Mohun			27 92
			2 25	B. Mooney			6 30
. Hicks			6 40	Laura A. Moore			97 06
gins			97 77	Lizzie A. Morrow			43 75
			70 94	H. H. Morse			27 25
ge			12 80	Mary Morris			8 20
orton			6 60	Mattie R. Morgan			12 80
Hopkins			1 00	Lizzie C. Murphy			33 16
use			20 87	Susie Mylan			14 35
ard			109 42	Josephine Murphy			7 75
ed			94 74	L. M. Nash			43 86
Hullings			3 30	A. M. Nash			37 20
			31 73	R. Nelson			24 47
effries			47 42	Mattie B. Norbeck			62 54
effries			3 33	Mary C. O'Brien			84
ohnson			112 63	Annie O'Brien			4 50
ison			14 98	Lena M. O'Leary			70 17
s			81 13	Maggie O'Connell			34 45
Jones			14 49	M. O'Leary			63 55
fe			11 50	Mary A. O'Neill			84
. Keefe			5 70	Mary A. Orme			24 45
Keefe			33 00	M. E. Owner			180 00
elly			9 50	J. T. Parham			26 88
Kauffman			35 48	C. Palmer			33 89
lly			52 47	Ella Patterson			106 47
erper			6 60	M. V. Pemberton			75 99
ersey			62 39	E. C. Phillips			4 05
leys			106 73	Julia E. Plant			48 17
ing			87 46	A. Pleasants			32 26
ich			6 65	F. Pope			31 36
M. Kroger			11 90	Sarah E. J. Porter			92 58
s			31 17	E. J. Proctor			1 76
Sille			88 00	Emma Pumphrey			115 08
ley			6 50	M. V. Purdy			6 75
Covey			41 04	I. E. Rabbitt			4 95
ndvoigt			30 55	Ella Randolph			58 58
rte			3 87	K. Reapsomer			173 25
arman			75 58	M. Reid			109 14
e			60 11	D. Reilly			50 79
Littleton			84 39	Mary Riley			10 51
ng			2 48	Agnes Renehan			43 52
			109 07	E. R. Richards			9 50
e Lusby			92 87	Effie J. Ritchie			57 70
. Lynch			113 73	Kate Richmond			12 35
namee			48 09	Dora C. Riecks			14 60
allory			82 76	Julia Robinson			6 70
E. Manning			60 33	Josie G. Robinson			55 67
ansfield			81 25	A. Rogers			68 23

No. 23.—*Persons employed on the Agricultural Report* (1883), *&c.*—Continued.

Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.	Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.
	Days.	Hours.			Days.	Hours.	
Louise Rockfellow			$106 93	David A. Thompson	303		$121 20
A. Rogers			41 15	W. F. Clarkson	276		110 40
L. Rogier			13 09	J. H. McCormick	277		110 80
M. A. Ross			108 24	R. W. Wade	153		61 20
L. Russell			72 00	R. W. Moore	280		112 00
H. Ryder			1 00	Jno. L. Bentzler	256		102 40
M. A. Sayres			105 76	Chas. A. McNamee	570		228 00
Rose E. Schneider			103 80	J. C. Motherhed	343		137 20
H. Schreiner			1 00	John Walde	256		102 40
J. E. Segerson			51 69	John C. Helff	437		174 80
L. Selvey			25 19	Wm. L. Hettinger	561		224 40
L. Shepherd			3 60	Henry T. Houck	354		141 60
N. Shelry			2 91	Peter Swift	426		170 40
M. A. Sibley			24 10	George Finch	138		55 20
Mary Sierenberg			64 01	Geo. A. O'Donnell	268		107 20
M. J. Smith			25 25	James Read	448		179 20
Maggie K. Smith			25 26	James O. Amoss	279		111 60
Katie Snee			84	Horace C. Dowling	260		104 00
Mattie G. Sollers			2 91	Thos. Meushaw	449		179 60
O. J. Somerville			84	Jas. D. Conner	358		143 20
S. D. Soper			25 27	C. K. Nalley	314		125 60
M. T. Spalding			3 60	Bernard J. Smith	342		136 80
Mary M. Sprandel			81 41	J. William Haslett	319		127 60
Mamie Stetson			9 30	T. F. Pendel	311		124 40
Ada G. Stewart			46 95	Joseph F. Glenn	482		192 80
Laura B. Stewart			54 38	Dennis Buckley	192		76 80
Lucy W. Stone			10 45	Arthur C. Delevingne	198		79 40
Katie Strong			37 94	Harry H. Haff	314		125 60
E. C. Sullivan			9 91	Geo. W. Bilyew	261		104 40
A. Sullivan			15 50	C. P. Shettle	122		48 80
M. Sullivan			3 69	Wm. Marshall	117		46 80
Josie M. Summers			6 00	C. Thos. Elwood	45		18 00
Laura F. Suit			37 52	J. W. Pyemont	419		167 60
Frances Szegedy			83 91	H. C. Espey	33		13 20
A. O. Talbott			28 80	A. J. Buehler	247		98 80
A. Taylor			84	J. F. McDonald	277		110 80
Georgie E. Tennyson			1 89	John Masterson	219		87 60
E. Thomas			5 70	Wm. McLanahan	333		133 20
M. A. Thompson			98 36	Gustave Lancer	317		126 80
Augusta Thompson			16 25	E. McCarter	293		117 20
Rhoda Thorn			4 95	Wm. R. Caffrey	89		35 60
D. C. Toole			124 38	Wm. Gilliard	261		104 40
Mary E. Twomey			58 15	Geo. M. White	86		34 40
Maggie E. Toomey			14 75	Wm. M. Nicholson	211		84 40
Mary L. Town			74 18	D. A. Murphy	173		69 20
A. E. Tyrrell			1 00	J. W. Beall	416		166 40
Lottie B. Tyson			3 92	Andrew Melville	204		81 60
E. V. Walker			88 69	W. L. Griggs	116		46 40
Ida Walker			42 00	Jas. A. Stockman	212		84 80
Mary E. Walsh			44 32	Geo. K. White	278		111 20
M. Ward			43 16	John Pridgeon	147		58 80
Nannie Wathen			31 79	R. T. Anderson	173		69 20
Annie Waters			32 77	Chas. Fowler	231		92 40
L. D. Walker			32 25	Wm. H. Kelly	136		54 40
H. Webster			33 73	Robt. H. Zimmerman	84		33 60
Sophia L. Wells			52 60	H. Wiese	83		33 20
Minnie Wetzel			49 00	Andrew Taff	20		8 00
Emma L. Wilke			29 64	John E. Walsh	86		34 40
J. Wilson			31 16	A. A. Smith	19		7 60
Mary E. Wilson			105 36	Robert T. Frailey	116		46 40
Fannie Wilson			3 60	Geo. W. Engel	143		57 20
Margrett Wilson			17 36	L. P. Keech	41		16 40
F. M. Withers			119 25	John White	8		3 20
E. J. Williams			34 83	Jas. M. Stockett	2		80
N. M. Wingate			40 55	E. Nash	56		22 40
C. L. Young			12 18	Fred. P. Smith	60		24 00
Minnie Wood			3 99	Richard Roberts	58		23 20
Fannie Woodward			33 01	P. J. Caldwell	370		148 00
Emma Woolsey			135 13	John I. Leitch	17		6 80
Sarah M. Wyatt			12 20	J. Meehan	241		96 40
J. I. Yates			9 00	Edward Grimes	68		27 20
				Frank L. Cornwell	161		64 40
BINDING.				W. P. Dowden	14		5 60
				Chas. F. Miller	175		70 00
Geo. D. Burch		176	70 40	John O'Reilly	208		83 20
Jas. A. Ryan		352	140 80	L. W. Denham	224		89 60
Dennis Toomey		223	89 20	C. M. Knott	6		2 40

No. 23.—*Persons employed on the Agricultural Report* (1883), *&c.*—Continued.

Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.
	Days.	Hours.	
Jno. E. Knight	260		$104 00
Fred. Wagner	210		84 00
Thomas Keegan	124		49 60
Ed. P. Pumphrey	112		44 80
William Scott	12		4 80
Jno. A. Landvoigt	24		9 60
Chas. H. Walker	20		8 00
G. O. Barnes	296		118 40
Joseph Colignon	127		50 80
Geo. W. Orem	8		3 20
J. W. Fox	20		8 00
John T. Van Horn	20		8 00
John M. Gantley	60		24 00
Wm. S. Moore	101		40 40
Theo. K. Hynicka	141		56 40
F. H. Chaffee	119		47 60
John F. King	170		68 00
S. E. Stratton	68		27 20
Milton Phillips	190		76 00
Edwin F. Price	25		10 00
Wm. Poplowsky	36		14 40
T. J. Kelly	39		15 60
Joseph Portch	32		12 80
H. Sage	66		26 40
F. C. Philpitt	104		41 60
J. J. Brunor	70		28 00
Jas. E. Duvall	10		4 00
Arthur Simmons	4		50
B. Basil N. Friel	24		3 00
W. E. Lee	40		5 00
John T. Kearney	36		4 50
Jas. F. Faherty	4		50
Bernard White	12		1 50
A. Dickens	450		103 50
Indiana Cowling	203		46 69
E. J. Hooper	239		54 97
Bessie B. Throckmorton	294		67 62
Jennie A. Jenkins	223		51 29
Kate Bennett	469		107 87
Jennie H. Fitch	522		120 06
Mamie E. Barry	427		98 21
I. M. Rutherford	471		108 33
Emma Miller	511		117 53
B. M. Bartlett	498		114 54
M. J. Burkholder	569		130 87
Annie E. Gross	568		130 64
Mary Barry	581		133 63
M. E. Calvo	547		125 81
Lydia J. Pixley	565		129 95
Katie A. Murphy	582		133 86
Ella M. Ferguson	466		107 18
Kate Cantine	578		132 94
Gertrude Moore	486		111 78
R. Bushee	499		114 77
Jennie McPherson	496		114 08
Maggie Devlin	514		118 22
Mary C. Hines	280		64 40
Minnie Osborne	269		61 87
Jennie Goss	84		19 32
Ella A. Johnston	185		42 55
Beatrice Prather	76		17 48
Mary H. Fitz Patrick	84		19 32
Innocentia McGill	76		17 48
Florence Hoffman	360		82 80
D. A. Mortimer	440		101 20
Lida Henry	425		97 75
Virginia Cammack	456		104 88
Mary Sullivan	285		65 55
M. L. Andrews	504		115 92
Nettie McCabe	272		62 56
C. Hendrick	24		5 52
Belle Williams	31		7 13
O. S. Sanford	24		10 80
W. T. Kelly	32		11 20
R. M. Campbell	286		79 50
Geo. L. Ready	17		5 10
Hiram Spear	34		$10 20
C. McDevitt	24		6 00
H. Hall	42		10 50
Frank Rowe	20		5 00
H. H. Lazelle	24		6 00
W. T. Smith	24		6 00
John F. Maginnis	24		6 00
A. D. Coleman	21		5 25
R. B. Billings	16		4 00
James Cavanaugh	367		91 75
Geo. R. Price	106		26 50
F. A. West	163		40 75
PIECEWORK.			
Mary A. Murray			42 70
Eugenie Blankman			18 90
M. J. Stanley			34 65
C. Durham			20 70
Amelia Moreno			40 60
Mary Nolan			22 75
A. A. Colclesser			25 20
Rosa Sullivan			22 75
Kate Dowden			22 45
M. M. Farrar			22 05
Mary E. Hill			86 05
M. Purcell			22 40
Kate Fox			46 90
Louisa Henry			22 75
Mary A. Rearden			22 05
Sara Collins			26 60
Mary A. Smith			19 95
Martha K. Payne			39 20
Johanna Lyons			39 20
Ella M. Springer			24 50
Frances Graves			21 70
Kate Ball			22 40
Mary F. Ashburn			18 90
Clara J. Robinson			25 20
Mary Joyce			23 45
Cora Burr			31 85
Lou M. Pemberton			22 40
Kate Lyons			26 95
Ella Torrey			10 50
Ellen Donaldson			22 40
Kate O'Gorman			42 00
Annie R. Kealey			23 10
Annie M. Cavanagh			22 05
Mary Daniels			23 10
W. J. Hodson			18 20
Minnie E. Burford			24 50
Anna V. Shaw			21 35
Katie Morris			22 05
Sue Stevens			45 15
Annie E. Long			24 85
L. T. Morris			23 10
M. G. Lillie			24 15
Mary J. Sinclair			21 70
L. Gibney			20 30
Cheney Swain			21 00
Delia C. Lang			22 05
F. F. Crupper			29 75
Maggie Sullivan			23 10
Nellie P. Richardson			19 25
P. Dubant			19 60
S. C. Darby			21 35
Ora E. Hubler			44 10
Amanda Klotz			23 80
Katie Flemming			22 75
M. A. Lenihan			24 85
G. Gantt			21 35
Kate M. Price			23 10
Julia A. Wolff			25 90
Julia F. Clokey			23 10
Emma V. Ford			20 66
Minnie Georges			47 55
Alice Corcoran			42 70

No. 23.—*Persons employed on the Agricultural Report* (1883), *&c.*—Continued.

Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.	Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.
	Days.	Hours.			Days.	Hours.	
Emma Jeffries			$21 70	S. W. Folk			$9 80
Carrie F. Hartwell			22 05	E. A. Cox			17 85
Ada Burr			22 40	Julia Ready			26 25
Martha Wilkins			14 85	S. G. Hayden			24 85
H. Sherwood			14 00	Isabella Cunningham			22 75
Sallie H. Macnichol			23 80	C. Stanton			23 80
Annie E. Johnston			25 90	Anna Erb			22 05
Mary C. Hines			23 45	Sarah Sorrell			22 05
Ella F. Long			23 45	A. C. Francis			25 55
Josie Wright			42 35	Nannie Daniel			10 50
May Barnett			22 75	Ella M. Ridgely			18 90
E. L. Rollins			4 90	Mary Nasser			20 30
Mary E. Brown			45 15	Katie E. Harrington			25 20
A. B. Kleinhenn			43 40	Mary E. Bailey			21 70
Belle Halliday			44 80	M. A. McGraw			11 55
Margaret Shields			24 50	L. E. Windsor			23 45
Mary Honan			82 20	E. E. Wernwag			14 00
M. Farrell			43 75	Sadie Pruette			24 85
Ronie Elms			41 30	Minnie Osborne			23 10
Mary Snow			34 65	Carrie Lewis			20 30
Kate G. Smith			21 00	Mary Chamberlin			17 85
Mary V. Bowler			19 60	Millie Parker			17 15
K. Stevens			39 90	G. M. Martin			7 70
M. E. Dow			30 10	E. A. Vose			18 20
M. E. Owen			21 00	Julia Hanlan			4 20
L. F. Walker			29 75	M. V. Martin			1 75
Mary Anderson			27 30	Elizabeth A. Bell			1 75

No. 24.—*Statement showing the number of persons employed in the publication of the Tenth Census Reports during the fiscal year ending June* 30, 1884, *with the length of time each has been employed and the amount each has received.*

Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.	Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.
	Days.	Hours.			Days.	Hours.	
C. M. Robinson		150	$87 00	Will M. Edmunds	106		$42 40
E. M. Wheat		1,513	801 89	I. Simmonds	477		190 80
Chas. W. Otis		1,345	712 85	A. G. Allison	228		91 20
S. J. Phillips		496	262 88	Chas. Spencer	272		108 80
H. All Foresman		10	5 30	J. C. Quein	146		58 40
W. R. Ramsey		107	56 71	T. M. Mace	164		65 60
C. E. Etchberger		144	74 76	Charles Wright	398		159 20
A. F. Bloomer		12	6 36	T. McMahon	440		176 00
B. W. Gillis		7	3 71	W. H. Dexter	542		216 80
J. Osborne		98	51 94	B. H. Baxter	518		207 20
J. W. Thomas		265	140 45	W. P. Chew	130		52 00
J. J. Heron		39	20 67	J. W. Barnes	286		114 40
W. W. Deloe		349	184 97	Frank A. Baxter	10		4 00
J. L. Slentz		169	89 57	Wallace Brewer	244		97 60
John F. Connolly		258	136 74	J. R. McBride	23		9 20
A. S. Griggs		135	54 00	M. H. Kendig	75		30 00
O. F. Dunlap		275	110 00	John C. Coheane	138		55 20
W. H. Harrison		355	142 00	C. M. Cyphers	334		133 60
D. M. Hamlin		52	20 80	Charles H. Leeds	483		193 20
G. H. Engelman		28	11 20	Aloy S. Fennell	296		118 40
John W. Shotwell		3	1 20	D. R. Doyle	16		640 00
B. M. Winters		886	354 40	C. W. Rempp	76		30 40
Geo. E. House		66	26 40	W. B. Greene	28		11 20
W. J. Fowler		9	3 60	W. S. Brooks	12		4 80
J. M. Maloney		331	165 50	E. H. Patterson	278		111 20
Chas. I. Canfield		1,067	533 50	W. McFarlane	19		9 50
H. W. Gray		26	13 00	H. F. J. Drake	106		63 00
C. J. Alexander		663	265 20	C. F. Gilmore	111		55 50
J. W. Sherman		89	35 60	J. M. Craig	215		97 00
H. A. Nothnagel		148	58 00	W. F. Walsmith	43		21 50
C. K. Weller		148	59 20	J. S. Burnside	601		270 45
W. L. Schmalhoff		727	298 00	T. J. Southworth	94		43 65
F. M. St. John		182	72 80	P. H. Smith	91		40 95

No. 24.—*Persons employed in the publication of the Tenth Census Reports, &c.*—Continued.

Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.	Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.
	Days.	Hours.			Days.	Hours.	
Seward Beall		198	$79 20	L. Woodward		7	$2 80
C. A. Edelen		351	140 40	C. W. Henshaw		56	22 40
Lloyd Prather, jr		409	163 60	H. L. Shomo		26	10 40
Theo. P. White		557	222 80	Saml. Ferrier		133	53 23
W. L. Pierce		381	152 40	J. W. O'Rourke		275	110 00
W. C. Henry		649	259 60	Wm. H. McFadden		180	72 00
Chas. Lustig		542	216 80	James H. Platt		241	96 40
H. McElfresh		1,018	407 20	H. B. Denny		383	153 20
M. Barringer		440	176 00	Amos Irving		500	125 00
A. E. Riddle		1,218	487 20	John Buckman		239	59 75
Wm. F. Reed		1,047	418 80	John Waller		453	113 25
John Weber		747	298 80	James Jackson		556	139 00
Benj. Franklin		505	202 00	Emanuel Thomas		176	44 00
C. L. Minor		154	61 60	Thos. Kearney		103	25 75
A. Stiarwalt		856	342 40	G. L. Milton		106	26 50
F. C. Kemon		1,255	502 00	C. H. Wilson		261	65 25
C. T. Harding		829	331 60	Clayton Webster		187	46 75
Geo. W. Cox		531	212 40	J. H. Furberhaw		2,325	930 00
G. W. Sargent		557	222 80	John F. Clarkson		1,808	723 20
R. F. Chisolm		180	72 00	Thomas H. Owings		2,183	873 20
J. F. Chipley		200	80 00	T. H. Fitnam		1,578	631 20
Robert E. Ingalls		290	116 00	Ira E. Cole		575	230 00
Augustus L. Roberts		1,461	584 80	Columbus Hall		1,086	434 40
J. M. Smith		38	15 20	James Gray		290	116 00
G. W. Howard		491	196 40	E. L. Winne		295	118 00
Aug. R. Holden		212	84 80	John G. Hudson		57	22 80
B. C. Wright		973	389 20	D. C. Reeves		40	16 00
M. V. B. Stevens		796	318 40	A. A. Porter		88	35 20
R. E. Logan		230	92 00	J. A. Dawson		58	23 20
H. F. McArdle		467	186 80	Saml. Hurley		48	13 80
Zidon E. Ross		1,161	464 40	Jennie Baylle		1,493	279 92
H. Clay Evans		667	266 86	Lizzie M. Garvey		1,159	217 31
Joseph Dierken		414	165 60	Jennie Jackson		2,031	280 81
W. V. Winans		365	146 00	Bridget McNamara		2,357	441 94
E. L. Kaiser		444	177 60	E. M. Proctor		1,652	309 72
R. J. Wilson		326	130 40	Josephine Carlisle		1,411	264 56
J. G. McGrath		383	153 20	Annie Mitchell		2,255	422 79
W. G. Glenn		458	183 60	Cath'ine Schermerhorn		1,527	286 32
R. W. Kerr, jr		33	13 20	M. V. Wheeler		2,278	427 12
Edwin M. Blake		827	130 80	Mary O'Brien		1,583	296 80
J. B. Nelson		413	165 20	Annie Fuller		1,354	253 86
D. R. Johnson		167	66 80	M. I. Chaney		1,316	246 74
E. C. Crump		408	163 20	M. V. Keenan		476	89 25
A. L. Watson		553	221 20	Mary E. Ragan		1,046	196 12
A. W. Tebbetts		295	118 00	Maggie Curtis		861	161 44
W. Young		243	97 20	Annie Gaughran		405	75 93
T. W. Howard		1,160	464 00	Mary S. Blush		420	78 74
J. B. Moulden		557	222 80	Amelia E. Cromelien		430	80 62
U. S. Lowdermilk		622	248 80	M. J. Nicholson		252	47 25
J. D. Simmons		375	150 00	Virgie Johnson		584	109 50
J. H. Kahlert		1,247	498 80	A. D. Goss		328	61 50
S. H. Herman		366	146 40	Julia Murrell		375	70 31
W. H. Sweeny		1,098	439 20	M. Dellamico		557	104 44
W. H. Duling		3,091	1,236 40	Mary E. Adams		395	74 06
E. J. Handly		1,063	425 20	Elizabeth Litsinger		500	93 75
D. S. Walton		536	214 40	Anna Bolinstarck		517	96 93
E. H. Thomas		577	230 80	Lizzie McCullip		445	83 44
A. H. Taylor		1,089	435 60	B. C. Bickford		441	82 68
D. I. Towers		209	83 60	E. J. DeLorme		375	70 31
Daniel McCallum		610	244 00	Elizabeth Dement		455	85 31
Dan L. Sansom		158	63 20	Johanna Hickey		778	145 88
T. S. Slentz		279	111 60	Mary Hill		186	39 06
C. P. Brown		35	14 00	Fannie Beamer		161	33 81
Wm. H. Fisher		2	80	Henrietta Tompkins		150	31 50
O. V. Shomo		741	296 40	Maggie Duffy		142	29 82
A. B. Proctor		198	79 20	Maggie Sullivan		150	31 50
Chas. W. Metzgar		290	116 00	Annie Carpenter		124	26 04
Robt. F. Simms		335	134 00	John Dice		1,592	398 00
Henry Webb		103	41 20	J. B. Stoops		1,428	357 00
Harry B. Major		308	123 20	Moses Smith		1,365	341 25
William Floyd		144	57 60	C. H. Robinson		503	125 75
C. T. Hutchinson		238	95 20	Alex. Gould		947	236 75
James Greenwood		285	114 00	C. C. Maddock		252	63 00
C. K. Carmean		496	198 40	Michael O'Connell		96	24 00
Frank Lewis		7	2 80	G. L. Gordon		161	40 25
J. J. Heron		411	164 40	Jno. A. Bryan		1,026	256 50
C. P. Thomson		9	3 60	S. W. Baxter		472	118 00

No. 24.—*Persons employed in the publication of the Tenth Census Reports, &c.*—Continued.

Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.
	Days.	Hours.	
Douglas Reid		481	$120 25
Josiah S. Green		474	118 50
Geo. S. King		200	104 00
W. B. Daly		202	94 94
H. C. Cowell		908	399 52
W. B. Kelly		899	395 56
S. L. Rowzee		899	395 56
Perry Brown		916	403 04
Paul Livingston		641	282 04
Frank Coburn		287	126 28
W. A. Brown		251	110 44
John E. Parker		322	141 68
George Recar		150	66 00
J. S. Smith		200	80 00
W. S. Whitmore		200	80 00
Geo. S. Perrie		200	80 00
Richard Berry		425	212 50
J. Paul Chambers		735	382 20
John W. Maxwell		4	1 60
W. H. Moran		4	2 32
M. A. Du Bois		29	11 60
R. B. Harford		4	1 60
Wm C. Heck		4	1 60
Daniel C. McGivern		4	1 60
Will P. Reese		29	11 60
D. W. March		4	1 50
Wm. H. Mickle, jr		4	1 50
G. W. Bates		8	2 72
Geo. W. Folck		383	130 22
John A. Tafe	½		2 25
A. J. Houghton		766	239 36
H. C. Moran		43	13 43
Charles J. Ortlip		123	38 41
G. L. Pearson		261	81 55
Hod Reynolds		551	172 18
E. A. Sikken		4	1 25
J. L. Venable		604	181 20
D. McCathran		160	48 00
Chas. F. Burch		589	176 70
S. K. Coster		25	7 50
J. W. Dutton		26	7 80
Luther R. Frank		119	35 70
Harry A. Gwin		131	39 30
James F. Lacey		155	46 50
D. A. Neal		317	95 10
Edward H. Parlin		169	50 70
C. A. Rice		1,532	459 60
Henry C. Watson		22	6 60
John Weckerly		12	3 60
M. D. Anderson		475	118 75
Alpha B. Beall		156	39 00
Wm. H. Berry		45	11 25
James R. Bell		11	2 75
George M. Bond		4	1 00
C. A. Buckland		8	2 00
Thomas J. Burke		899	224 75
I. N. Butler		4	1 00
M. Clark		660	165 00
W. S. Clarke		962	240 50
J. W. Creed		14	3 50
Frank F. De Lea		825	206 25
Patrick Doyle		4	1 00
Robert Fearson		655	163 75
Geo. W. Fields		4	1 00
William D. Foos		4	1 00
James A. Hewes		632	158 00
John F. Hogan		6	1 50
U. S. G. Jarvis		224	56 00
John Johnson		77	19 25
Owen Keefe		178	44 50
N. M. D. Lathrop		4	1 00
John Lee		1,473	368 25
F. B. Lloyd		633	158 25
D. P. Lynch		323	80 75
James McKenna		4	1 00
C. S. Mills		16	4 00
John Murphy		127	31 75
B. F. Oder		16	$4 00
Simon Pocher		169	42 25
George M. Raub		11	2 75
A. J. Rock		29	7 25
W. E. W. Rowe		125	31 25
R. E. Scott		586	146 50
Wm. Shepherd		465	116 25
Noble Spates		94	23 50
Rush C. Steele		207	51 75
R. L. Todd		129	32 25
James M. Toy		776	194 00
John N. Van Lew		4	1 00
Howard C. Wall		181	45 25
H. S. Washburn		7	1 75
Daniel Wathen		329	82 25
Henry C. Watson		29	7 25
Clayton Webster		289	72 25
C. C. Whitehurst		26	6 50
J. M. Whitehurst		59	14 75
David Moore		33	3 33
PIECEWORK.			
W. J. Galbraith			276 70
P. E. Porter			246 35
W. R. Carrigan			296 40
Geo. A. Crump			60 15
J. M. Eggleston			47 50
R. W. McKeon			320 55
I. F. Cooley			176 55
T. C. Spurgeon			81 00
L. V. Taft			165 50
N. M. Light			343 05
John J. Bresnahan			317 55
John L. Kennedy			361 10
John R. Sullivan			212 60
Sam'l J. Boone			290 75
John B. Dickman			232 65
John Walkup			290 65
Franklin Rogers			222 30
David Shaw			185 60
E. B. Kelly			34 95
James Dougherty			31 20
W. G. Glenn			46 65
Sam'l C. Hanlon			15 40
Chas. L. Crow			36 00
Geo. S. Kauffman			37 00
A. W. Adam			84
A. S. Adams			178 18
Ella Ahern			8 88
M. Ambrose			7 20
L. L. Andrews			189 20
A. Atchison			84
J. Bahlman			8 44
F. Baker			155 71
Bettie Baker			136 54
R. V. Baker			40 25
E. E. Banks			67 91
Isabella Ball			75 37
Mary Baptista			96 21
D. P. Barrington			37 42
J. Barry			4 00
A. Barrett			34 47
M. A. Bayliss			9 91
L. Billings			71 76
Mary A. Black			101 73
M. J. Bowie			46 38
A. Boyce			136 00
S. K. Bauman			101 72
M. Boyle			147 25
S. C. Brawner			52 37
C. Brelsford			39 34
Mary Brick			7 19
D. C. Brooke			187 95
L. C. Brown			63 34
Carrie Bryan			145 40
Bessie Bryant			36 87

—*Persons employed in the publication of the Tenth Census Reports, &c.*—Continued.

Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.	Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.
	Days.	Hours.			Days.	Hours.	
ırgess			$74 82	Laura V. Etter			$152 45
ırgess			187 10	V. M. Evans			68 39
E. Burke			55 32	Mary Evans			161 80
rr			122 88	M. Farrell			65 12
. Burrows			127 08	Sallie Faulkner			43 21
rwell			54 92	Annie P. Farley			28 24
. Buete			572 71	N. Felger			47 75
Brintnall			69 00	A. Fisher			132 88
›r			108 44	Nellie E. Fish			43 36
. Butler			6 96	Minnie Fitzgerald			7 04
d Cahill			88 26	M. Fleming			229 50
ıllahan			62 90	F. M. Fletcher			40 32
. Carrico			239 39	H. C. Flynn			135 61
ırter			115 67	K. C. Foley			232 56
ch Casper			161 29	J. B. Forbes			80 16
ıapman			17 22	S. Fordham			51 68
apman			6 59	C. Fowler			54 56
›			107 20	N. B. Franklin			64 46
ıritzman			1 00	M. Garttrell			175 65
ıtt			170 75	Belle Gates			22 25
ancy			84	Bell Gheen			56 55
ark			1 40	M. Gibbs			99 93
ıson			153 00	Louise Gibson			22 06
Clements			79 36	Ellie C. Glasgow			162 99
ıe Clone			49 28	C. Godey			52 30
ıingham			130 03	E. Gould			93 73
ns			211 75	Elizabeth Gorman			18 33
nbus			44 85	I. C. Greene			127 64
s			41 75	A. I. Griffith			52 30
elly			127 71	Carrie Guggenheimer			10 08
nnell			93	M. Hall			102 90
. Collins			46 06	Annie W. Harbin			14 83
nover			72 75	Ella C. Hardy			161 07
Cook			106 32	Blanche Hargrave			9 69
in			187 76	Mary A. Hackett			1 09
tti			209 68	Bettie M. Hargrove			25 75
tney			58 58	Fannie G. Harleston			7 04
wan			73 13	Nettie Harlow			44 50
›x			50 16	Clara A. Harner			145 79
oberth			40 48	Delia Harper			157 27
E. Crawford			186 87	E. J. Harper			277 95
Cross			72 23	M. A. Harper			17 20
oss			45 97	L. V. Harper			66 80
ronin			6 10	F. V. Harris			75 54
ooker			26 34	T. Harrison			122 86
Crupper			68 94	E. Havenner			185 43
			45 88	F. A. Haskell			179 41
Daly			84	A. A. Hayes			7 30
			148 44	M. E. Hayes			89 28
			7 50	L. Hays			144 79
			155 81	Mary E. Head			182 80
›vis			1 50	Minnie Healey			53 45
son			161 52	E. Heffell			34 25
ckinson			129 52	Georgie Heinline			19 86
on			129 95	J. Hellings			62 57
s			81 48	V. Henrick			27 75
ger			82 73	Katie Hensan			54 78
L. Dodd			1 79	S. Kess			1 00
ierty			27 43	Edith A. Hicks			85 71
Donn			11 08	A. Higgins			74 42
nohue			68 11	L. Hill			65 67
wling			55 48	A. Hodge			70 39
elly			101 32	M. V. Hoffman			62 83
ielly			7 27	Lucy Horton			54 97
ownie			164 93	M. N. Hopkins			1 95
›wning			116 86	Ella House			129 19
			21 64	C. Howard			76 80
iffy			7 39	M. C. Huber			95 49
nne			55 20	Mary L. Hullings			107 98
›w			12 25	S. Husted			32 96
r			53 66	S. Jack			4 29
dmonds			71 26	Sarah E. Jackson			55 67
			234 76	B. F. Jeffries			2 19
Elliott			7 86	H. V. Jeffries			13 09
la			159 47	L. H. Johnson			187 19
Elwood			63 87	H. Johnson			64 89
Ellsworth			174 54	M. W. Jones			5 88

No. 24.—*Persons employed in the publication of the Tenth Census Reports, &c.*—Continued.

Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.	Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.
	Days.	Hours.			Days.	Hours.	
E. Jones			$107 78	M. E. Owner			$97 00
Jennie Kauffman			55 91	Annie O'Brien			40 91
T. Keefe			439 50	Mary C. O'Brien			84
Katie A. Keefe			100 22	Maggie O'Connell			48 54
Maggie Keefe			119 79	M. T. O'Connor			7 31
B. Kennelly			346 70	Lena M. O'Leary			68 04
Ella Kelly			8 16	M. O'Leary			58 46
S. E. Kerper			86 74	Mary A. O'Niell			84
M. J. Kersey			46 48	Mary A. Orme			128 22
Maria Keys			167 27	M. Page			33 33
Julia King			66 70	C. Palmer			55 58
M. Kirsch			90 59	J. T. Parham			36 86
R. Korte			106 17	S. Partridge			7 30
Emma M. Kroger			68 47	Ella Patterson			187 96
M. La Bille			205 88	M. V. Pemberton			177 34
E. Lackey			1 50	Odessa Pierce			5 78
Rosa La Covey			93 65	E. C. Phillips			40 89
Ellen Landvoigt			126 76	Julia E. Plant			8 77
E. Laporte			3 75	A. Pleasants			56 07
Mary Larman			190 50	F. Pope			49 32
A. V. Lee			46 41	Sarah E. J. Porter			149 27
Fannie Littleton			109 01	E. J. Proctor			56 67
D. Lord			187 63	Emma Pumphrey			185 74
Florence Lusby			159 47	M. V. Purdy			86 25
Mary E. Lynch			131 12	I. E. Rabbitt			6 34
H. Macnamee			122 57	Ella Randolph			59 10
A. R. Mallory			72 57	K. Reapsomer			212 75
Jennie E. Manning			49 53	M. Reid			185 22
J. E. Mansfield			74 00	D. Reilly			7 95
M. A. Mapes			16 48	Mary Riley			62 05
M. E. Marceron			130 16	Agnes Renehan			5 18
E. Marsh			128 97	E. R. Richards			19 25
A. Martin			207 50	Kate Richmond			8 01
Alice Martin			112 73	Dora C. Riecks			72 04
S. Martin			169 00	Effa J. Ritchie			51 71
Lizzie Martin			1 53	Julia Robinson			62 22
Lula M. Mason			75 58	Josie G. Robinson			57 09
C. Maus			1 00	Marion Robinson			1 61
Sarah J. May			135 76	Louise Rockfellow			163 74
Semmie Martin			9 84	A. Rogers			78 75
Hattie McCabe			45	L. Rogier			144 17
Nettie L. McCampbell			31 02	M. A. Ross			184 98
Annie S. McCarter			56 06	L. Russell			74 00
A. McCarthy			140 91	H. Ryder			18 25
M. M. McCarthy			56 06	M. A. Sayres			186 51
Mamie McClelland			79 66	Rose E. Schneider			203 20
F. M. McCristal			41 93	H. Schreiner			1 00
Mary McGinnell			6 47	J. E. Segerson			84
Minnie F. McGowan			60 95	L. Selvey			153 51
E. V. McGraw			109 84	L. Shepherd			58 52
Belle J. McIntyre			102 07	N. Sheiry			5 32
A. C. McKelden			49 35	M. N. Sibley			133 65
L. A. McKenney			141 43	Mary Sierenberg			42 75
M. J. McLeod			142 40	M. J. Smith			160 24
M. McNamara			22 18	Maggie K. Smith			42 81
Mary A. McNamara			56 54	Katie Snee			84
Amelia McNulty			60 51	Mattie G. Sollers			14 26
M. G. Meals			164 21	O. J. Somerville			84
Sallie Mills			69 89	S. D. Soper			152 80
S. Moens			134 84	M. T. Spalding			51 24
Bessie S. Mohun			49 77	Mary M. Sprandel			61 33
B. Mooney			100 74	Ada G. Stewart			48 86
Laura A. Moore			168 89	Mamie Stetson			12 16
M. M. Morrow			36 38	Laura B. Stewart			51 89
Lizzie A. Morrow			99 30	Lucy W. Stone			5 14
H. H. Morse			118 00	Katie Strong			4 62
Dolley Moxley			5 18	Laura F. Suit			51 64
Mary Morris			9 77	E. C. Sullivan			59 00
Mattie R. Morgan			35 95	M. Sullivan			58 02
Lizzie C. Murphy			54 39	A. Sullivan			68 90
Josephine Murphy			1 37	Josie M. Summers			46 20
M. E. Murray			7 30	Frances Szegedy			75 90
Susie Mylan			67 62	A. O. Talbot			10 85
L. M. Nash			17 45	A. Taylor			84
A. M. Nash			64 88	Ada T. Tennyson			2 06
R. Nelson			171 25	Georgie E. Tennyson			4 85
M. B. Norbeck			78 12	E. Thomas			97 84

.—*Persons employed in the publication of the Tenth Census Reports, &c.*—Continued.

Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.	Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.
	Days.	Hours.			Days.	Hours.	
hompson			$71 89	J. W. Gibson		42	$16 80
a Thompson			35 17	C. Thos. Elwood		174	69 60
M. Thorne			7 56	H. C. Espey		182	72 80
ole			210 60	G. O. Barnes		233	93 20
. Twomey			45 44	E. McCarter		316	126 40
E. Toomey			68 26	J. F. McDonald		251	100 40
. Town			26 66	Wm. Marshall		223	89 20
Trumbo			89	J. E. Knight		176	70 40
B. Tyson			18 72	Andrew Melville		287	114 80
yrrell			1 00	George A. O'Donnell		444	177 60
Vannattar			7 60	James A. Amoss		433	173 20
alker			162 53	R. W. Moore		438	175 20
lker			112 12	Horace C. Dowling		413	165 20
Walsh			82 69	James Read		503	201 20
. Walsh			65 95	E. Wakeling		96	38 40
d			6 78	Robt. H. Zimmerman		80	32 00
Wathen			38 50	John O'Reilly		73	29 20
Waters			10 87	T. F. Pendel		124	49 60
atson			24 18	Chas A. McNamee		173	69 20
alker			10 91	J. William Haslett		213	85 20
ster			77 52	Thos. Meushaw		506	202 40
ster			44 60	Augustus Hartmann		195	78 00
s			7 31	W. P. Dowden		64	25 60
L. Wells			1 10	C. P. Shettle		192	76 80
Wetzel			7 66	Jas. E. Duvall		61	24 40
L. Wilke			107 04	C. M. Knott		8	3 20
on			100 47	D. A. Murphy		16	6 40
. Wilson			194 77	Thos. F. Stewart		40	16 00
Wilson			30 77	H. Sage		46	18 40
ly Windsor			16 44	D. F. Fallon		79	31 60
tt Wilson			3 27	J. W. Harrison		89	35 60
Wingate			50 55	Chas. Fowler		623	249 20
Withers			197 21	Edwin F. Price		119	47 60
Villiams			10 87	Richard Roberts		415	166 00
Wood			7 48	John Pridgeon		324	129 60
Woodward			54 54	J. J. Brunor		193	77 20
Woolsey			18 97	Thomas Keegan		179	71 60
ates			58 00	Frank L. Cornwell		308	123 20
oung			137 38	Theo. K Hynicka		794	317 60
				John F. King		719	287 60
BINDING.				H. Wiese		168	67 20
				P. A. Caldwell		396	158 40
Kingsbury		56	28 00	Fred. Wagner		370	148 00
Coon		37	14 80	W. H. Richardson		4	1 60
Slater		118	47 20	D. C. Ringgold		4	1 60
Tracy		40	16 00	James Thomas		4	1 60
r Jaeger		103	41 20	S. S. Barrett		4	1 60
Morgan		8	3 20	G. S. Britt		4	1 60
s Songster		8	3 20	Adam Brandt		4	1 60
. Patterson		8	3 20	Chas. G. Rogier		4	1 60
aisberg		8	3 20	Wm. McLanahan		438	175 20
Maddren		8	3 20	George Finch		190	76 00
ornwell		8	3 20	A. J. Buehler		285	114 00
E. Peissner		8	3 20	J. C. Motherhed		406	162 40
H. Marcellus		8	3 20	Fred. P. Smith		484	193 60
H. Eberle		12	4 80	Wm. Gilliard		751	300 40
Buehler		4	1 60	Geo. K. White		433	173 20
l Sweetman		8	3 20	John Masterson		515	206 00
l J. Smith		315	126 00	C. K. Nalley		532	212 80
ratton		95	38 00	John Walde		797	318 80
Colignon		443	177 20	John C. Helff		379	151 60
wift		114	45 60	Jas. A. Ryan		95	38 00
. Engel		290	116 00	David H. Thompson		569	227 60
l Grimes		427	170 80	W. F. Clarkson		491	196 40
. Moore		623	249 20	J. H. McCormick		493	197 20
T. Houck		636	254 40	Jno. L. Bentzler		551	220 40
haffee		258	103 20	Jas. D. Conner		616	246 40
F. Glenn		41	16 40	Arthur C. Delevingne		440	176 00
Buckley		58	23 20	Gustave Lancer		462	184 80
. Bilyew		787	314 80	W. L. Griggs		436	174 40
han		229	91 60	Milton Phillips		838	335 20
. Miller		736	294 40	Ed. P. Pumphrey		339	135 60
. Kelly		277	110 80	Robert T. Frailey		243	97 20
Smith		127	50 80	Harry H. Haff		47	18 80
. Hettinger		623	249 20	Harry Anderson		24	9 60
Pyemont		148	59 20	Geo. D. Burch		8	3 20
Anderson		212	84 80	Rienhard Biehl		132	52 80

No. 24.—*Persons employed in the publication of the Tenth Census Reports, &c.*—Continued.

Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.
	Days.	Hours.	
Wilson Harvey		90	$36 00
Wm. R. Caffrey		648	259 20
A. Reybert		94	37 60
Alfred Thomas		39	15 60
Arthur E. Baker		261	104 40
Joseph Portch		706	282 40
Wm. Poplowsky		250	100 00
Jno. A. Landvoigt		76	30 40
John M. Gantley		196	78 40
Andrew Taff		112	44 80
Geo. W. Kensil		16	6 40
Adam Brandt		16	6 40
Geo. M. White		238	95 20
John I. Leitch		77	30 80
H. C. Fish		180	72 00
J. W. Fox		188	75 20
F. C. Philpitt		316	126 40
John F. Van Horn		156	62 40
W. G. Evans		44	17 60
John E. Walsh		259	103 60
Geo. K. Jenvey		298	119 20
J. C. Hodges		44	17 60
Peter Byrne		28	11 20
Chas. P. P. Wroe		5	2 00
Joseph A. Handley		28	11 20
Chas. W. Wells		5	2 00
Thos. O. May		52	20 80
Geo. W. Fisher		48	19 20
Chas. H. Walker		132	52 80
Augustus Kuhner		48	19 20
Dennis Toomey		394	157 60
Wm. Chedal		60	24 00
James Clinton		140	56 00
Jas. A. Stockman		255	102 00
Wm. Howlett		12	4 80
Geo. W. Orem		128	51 20
William Scott		74	29 60
C. H. Köehler		50	20 00
R. W. Wade		65	26 00
C. C. Colné		60	24 00
Colin S. Eastwood		79	31 60
P. C. Gillon		8	3 20
John White		47	18 80
Gale Sherman		113	45 20
H. T. Eckart		16	6 40
D. J. Munn		4	1 60
A. Dickens		350	80 50
Kate Bennett		676	155 48
Jennie H. Fitch		291	66 93
Mamie E. Barry		651	149 73
I. M. Rutherford		620	142 60
Emma Miller		126	28 98
B. M. Bartlett		115	26 45
Mary H. Fitz Patrick		171	39 33
Innocentia McGill		155	35 65
Indiana Cowling		198	45 54
Jennie Goss		123	28 29
Ella A. Johnston		158	36 34
Beatrice Prather		151	34 73
E. J. Hooper		310	71 30
Jennie A. Jenkins		357	82 11
Florence Hoffman		260	59 80
D. H. Mortimer		378	86 94
Lida Henry		400	92 00
Virginia Cammack		357	82 11
Nettie McCabe		303	69 69
Mary Sullivan		243	55 89
Mary Barry		365	83 95
M. E. Calvo		224	51 52
Lydia J. Pixley		282	64 86
Katie A. Murphy		357	82 11
Ella M. Ferguson		288	66 24
Belle Williams		222	51 06
M. L. Andrews		372	85 56
Bessie B. Throckmorton		452	103 96
Christena Hendrick		160	36 80
Annie E. Gross		162	$37 26
A. F. Boyer		28	6 44
Maggie B. Hyde		187	43 01
E. E. Wernwag		140	32 20
B. F. Barnes		122	28 06
Josephine Schwartz		16	3 68
M. J. Burkholder		92	21 16
E. N. Haines		53	12 19
Kate Cantine		93	21 39
Agnes H. Reid		121	27 83
O. S. Sanford		143	64 35
J. J. Jones		143	50 05
W. T. Kelly		285	99 75
Geo. L. Ready		4	1 20
J. T. Ferguson		55	16 50
Hiram Spear		4	1 20
W. H. Mills		56	15 68
Geo. Coleman		223	55 75
C. McDevitt		180	45 00
W. D. Evans		276	69 00
John Miner		116	29 00
Lloyd T. Jones		128	32 00
Frank Rowe		205	51 25
H. H. Lazelle		210	52 50
W. T. Smith		179	44 75
A. D. Coleman		247	61 75
O. D. Ambrose		280	70 00
R. M. Campbell		74	18 50
James Cavanaugh		485	121 25
Moses Smith		84	21 00
John A. Gleeson		176	44 00
D. E. Ritchie		28	7 00
Burr Lucas		4	1 00
H. Hall		4	1 00
Patrick McNamee		24	6 00
Robt. E. Cunningham		93	23 25
F. A. West		152	38 00
John F. Maginnis		40	10 00
Edwd. S. McDonald		28	7 00
R. B. Billings		44	11 00
PIECEWORK.			
Mary A. Murray			143 65
Eugenie Blankman			128 00
M. J. Stanley			135 64
C. Durham			135 45
Amelia Moreno			143 32
Mary Nolan			129 25
A. A. Colclesser			130 06
Rosa Sullivan			115 43
Kate Dowden			133 [illegible]
M. M. Farrar			122 [illegible]
Mary E. Hill			145 [illegible]
M. Purcell			129 [illegible]
Kate Fox			130 [illegible]
Louisa Henry			129 [illegible]
Mary A. Rearden			132 [illegible]
Sarah Collins			133 [illegible]
Mary A. Smith			132 [illegible]
Martha K. Payne			134 [illegible]
Johanna Lyons			145 [illegible]
Ella M. Springer			118 [illegible]
Frances Graves			132 [illegible]
Kate Ball			12 [illegible]
Mary F. Ashburn			126 [illegible]
Clara J. Robinson			13 [illegible]
Mary Joyce			7 [illegible]
Cora Burr			10 [illegible]
Lou M. Pemberton			13 [illegible]
Kate Lyons			12 [illegible]
Ella Torrey			1 [illegible]
Ellen Donaldson			12 [illegible]
Kate O'Gorman			1 [illegible]
W. A. Plant			[illegible]
Annie R. Kealey			[illegible]
Annie M. Cavanagh			[illegible]

rsons employed in the publication of the Tenth Census Reports, &c.—Continued.

e.	Time employed.		Amount received.	Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.
	Days.	Hours.			Days.	Hours.	
s			$130 74	Katie E. Harrington			$131 18
ı			125 31	Mary E. Bailey			128 09
ırford			134 20	M. A. McGraw			113 16
w			129 80	L. E. Windsor			127 42
ı			125 97	Ronie Elms			123 95
			138 09	E. E. Wernwag			114 08
ıg			77 68	Mary Snow			88 78
			132 58	Sadie Pruette			81 42
			135 47	Minnie Osborne			91 44
lair			130 61	Mary V. Bowler			67 16
			128 07	K. Stevens			51 52
n			129 69	Carrie Lewis			63 02
g			128 44	Mary Chamberlin			57 86
van			135 91	M. E. Dow			49 76
			132 91	M. E. Owner			27 60
			129 57	L. F. Walker			27 14
ır			134 72	Mary Anderson			26 68
tz			130 96	Millie Parker			15 64
ıing			130 31	Kate G. Smith			20 24
ın			132 82	E. A. Vose			28 52
			131 07	Julia Hanlan			17 94
e			133 13	Elizabeth A. Bell			19 78
ff			133 01	Lucy V. Ruby			5 52
ley			127 74	Nellie P. Richardson			101 66
rd			111 49	Maggie Devlin			118 21
ges			130 76	F. F. Crupper			127 22
an			125 13	Maggie Curtis			36 80
es			131 53	M. J. Richards			91 75
vell			144 31	Alice M. Embrey			47 38
			138 07	R. Bushée			88 32
			130 15	M. Atchison			44 09
tins			129 45	M. T. Williams			64 83
			71 60	Ellie S. Lane			39 78
nichol			123 76	Jennie H. Fitch			59 92
nston			132 60	Katie A. Gallaher			48 73
es			132 71	S. E. Sisson			33 58
			132 60	Mary A. Ford			36 38
t			129 58	Josephine Plumer			52 89
			127 65	E. D. Davis			8 74
			120 84	C. L. Wirt			42 78
wn			124 66	Nettie A. Alexander			8 28
			130 56	Bertie Tibbetts			11 90
			131 79	Kate Wootton			12 15
enn			106 52	Laura L. Rugers			14 14
ıy			127 42	Katie McNally			9 83
ı			129 71	Edella Burdette			1 38
ningham			130 61	Marion Hough			11 20
			129 36	Blanche Magruder			2 80
ields			113 50	Lizzie Mack			4 55
			132 12	Katie Brennan			2 10
			131 55	Anna V. Browne			7 70
			122 36	E. J. Tenly			3 15
s			132 36	S. V. Stansbury			3 15
			133 61	Ellen Sullivan			11 20
el			108 56	Maria Van Alstine			6 65
ely			115 04	Isabella Young			6 65
			135 56	M. Dawson			19 14

No. 25.—*Statement showing the number of persons employed in "Repairs, Government Printing Office, 1884," during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884, with the length of time each has been employed and the amount each has received.*

Name.	Time employed.		Amount received.
	Days.	Hours.	
REPAIRS TO FLOOR.			
Ellis Hughes	162		$64 80
R. E. Gayle	159		63 60
J. Berres	156		58 50
John W. Jones	159		59 62
H. Trine	159		59 62
D. R. Neall	159		59 62
Chas. T. Clark	149		55 87
G. W. Shryock	85		31 87
Joseph S. Martin	85		31 87
Chas. L. Pate	67		25 12
James T. Kersey	85		31 87
A. J. Hoskinson	85		31 87
John H. Gibson	8		3 00
T. Tiverny	45		16 87
Thos. B. Hyatt	173		43 25
John S. Waugh	103		25 75
B. H. Waters	167		41 75
Alexander Guild	158		39 50
Wm. Jordan	93		23 25
Henry Payne	93		$23 25
John F. Swiggard	6		1 50
REPAIRS TO WATER-CLOSETS.			
Wm. Reynolds	1,432		630 08
Richard A. O'Brien	871		383 24
Fredrick Tilp	512½		225 50
Wm. H. Corcoran	660		290 40
John McGrath	4		1 76
George Edmonds	469		175 87
H. Trine	1,072		428 80
Ellis Hughes	319		127 60
R. E. Gayle	567		226 80
N. L. King	17		6 80
R. C. Simonds	132		52 80
A. A. Bundy	140		56 00
Chas. E. Dawson	24		9 60
Thos. B. Hyatt	22		5 50
Richard E. Jordan	1,329		332 25
John S. Waugh	947		236 75

ORDERS FOR PRINTING.

The following orders were made during the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress for public documents, exclusive of the usual number:

BY ACTS, JOINT AND CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS.

REPORT OF THE HEALTH OFFICER OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Public Printer be, and he is hereby, authorized to print two thousand five hundred extra copies of the annual report of the Health Officer of the District of Columbia; one hundred for the use of the Senate, three hundred and fifty for the use of the House of Representatives, and two thousand and fifty for the use of the said Health Officer of the District.—*Sess. L., p.* 268, *Feb.* 15, 1884.

TARIFF COMPILATION FOR 1884.

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That the Public Printer be, and he is hereby, authorized to print and bind twenty-four thousand additional copies of the tariff compilation for eighteen hundred and eighty-four (Senate Report No. 12, Forty-eighth Congress, first session); eight thousand for the use of the Senate and sixteen thousand for the use of the House of Representatives.—*S. Feb.* 15, 1884, *H. R. Feb.* 25, 1884.

EULOGIES UPON THE LATE DUDLEY C. HASKELL.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be printed of the eulogies delivered in Congress upon the late Dudley C. Haskell, a Representative elect to the Forty-eighth Congress from the State of Kansas, twelve thousand five hundred copies, of which three thousand shall be for the use of the Senate and nine thousand five hundred for the use of the House of Representatives. And the Secretary of the Treasury be and he is hereby directed to have printed a portrait of the said Dudley C. Haskell to accompany said eulogies, and for the purpose of engraving or printing said portrait the sum of five hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.—*Sess. L., p.* 269, *March* 13, 1884.

REPORT OF COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY, 1883.

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That there be printed three thousand extra copies of the report of Julius E. Hilgard, Superintendent of the Coast and Geodetic Survey, showing the progress made in said survey during the year ending June 30, 1883, for distribution by said Superintendent.—*S. March* 3, 1884, *H. R. March* 28, 1884.

EULOGIES UPON THE LATE THOMAS ALLEN.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be printed of the eulogies delivered in Congress upon the late Thomas Allen, a member of the Forty-seventh Congress from the State of Missouri, twelve thousand copies, of which four thousand shall be for the use of the Senate and eight thousand for the use of the House of Representatives; and

the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby directed to have printed a portrait of said Thomas Allen to accompany said eulogies; and for engraving and printing said portrait the sum of five hundred dollars, or so much as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.—*Sess. L., p.* 10, *April* 10, 1884.

DOCUMENTS RELATING TO CUSTOMS REVENUES AND DOMESTIC EXPORTS.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Public Printer be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to print for the use of Congress four thousand seven hundred copies of Senate Miscellaneous Document Number Forty-six, first session Forty-sixth Congress, with additional data, to be furnished by the compiler of said document, showing the imports for the fiscal years ended June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and seventy-nine, eighteen hundred and eighty, eighteen hundred and eighty-one, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, and eighteen hundred and eighty-three, and a compilation of exports of the growth, produce, and manufacture of the United States from seventeen hundred and eighty-nine to eighteen hundred and eighty-three, inclusive (ninety-four years), in which the quantity, value, and value per unit of quantity of each article are given by fiscal years and decades, also the value exported to each country and value from each State, with other additional data prepared by Charles H. Evans, of the Treasury Department.

SEC. 2. That the documents described in the foregoing section be stitched and bound as one volume; that three thousand copies of the same be for the use of the House of Representatives and fifteen hundred copies for the use of the Senate, one hundred for the Ways and Means Committee, and one hundred for the Senate Committee on Finance.—*Sess. L., p.* 270, *April* 23, 1884.

REPORT OF NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES.

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That the report of the National Academy of Sciences, with its appendices, be printed in the usual octavo form, but that the four accompanying memoirs be printed in quarto form; and that one thousand additional copies of the report and memoirs be printed for the use of the Senate, two thousand copies for the use of the House of Representatives, and fifteen hundred copies for the use of the Academy of Sciences.—*S. March* 4, 1884, *H. R. April* 28, 1884.

EULOGIES UPON THE LATE THOMAS H. HERNDON.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be printed of the eulogies delivered in Congress upon the late Thomas H. Herndon, a Representative-elect in the Forty-eighth Congress from the State of Alabama, twelve thousand five hundred copies of which three thousand copies shall be for the use of the Senate, and nine thousand five hundred for the use of the House of Representatives. And the Secretary of the Treasury be and he is hereby directed to have printed a portrait of the said Thomas H. Herndon to accompany said eulogies, and for the purpose of engraving and printing said portrait the sum of five hundred

dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.—*Sess. L., p.* 271, *May* 3, 1884.

DISTRIBUTION OF THE CONGRESSIONAL GLOBE.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the public printer is hereby authorized and directed to deliver to the document-rooms of the Department of the Interior, the bound volumes of the Congressional Globe purchased from Messrs. Rives, and such other bound volumes of the Globe and Record, prior to the Forty-eighth Congress, as are in his charge; and the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized and directed, from said volumes to supply, as far as possible, existing deficiencies in the sets of these documents in the following libraries, in the order named:

First. The Library of the Executive Mansion, the library of each of the Executive Departments of the Government, the library of the Supreme Court, and the library of the Court of Claims.

Secondly. The State and Territorial libraries of the United States.

Thirdly. Such other libraries in the United States as contain more than five thousand volumes each.

And the Public Printer is hereby directed upon the requisition of the Secretary of the Interior, to deliver to him such volumes of the Globe now in his charge in unbound form as may be desired by any of the above named libraries for the completion of the set of the same, which shall be forwarded to said library upon receiving its assurance that it will cause the volumes thus supplied to be bound and placed upon its shelves: *Provided*, That before such distribution is made, the Public Printer shall deliver to the libraries of the Senate and House of Representatives such volumes as are required to complete fifty sets in each.

SEC. 2. That the Secretary of the Interior shall report to Congress the libraries to which these documents are forwarded, and the number of volumes delivered to each.—*Sess. L., p.* 272, *May* 16, 1884.

FISH AND FISHERIES, 1883.

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That the report of the Commissioner of Fish and Fisheries for the year 1883 be printed; and that there be printed ten thousand extra copies, of which two thousand shall be for the use of the Senate, six thousand for the use of the House of Representatives, one thousand five hundred for the use of the Commissioner of Fish and Fisheries, and five hundred for sale by the Public Printer, under such regulations as the Joint Committee on Printing may prescribe, at a price equal to the additional cost of publication and ten per cent. thereto thereon added, the illustrations to be obtained by the Public Printer under the direction of the Joint Committee on Public Printing.—*S. May* 13, 1884, *H. R. June* 5, 1884.

PROCEEDINGS RELATIVE TO UNVEILING STATUE OF JOHN MARSHALL, LATE CHIEF JUSTICE.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be printed and bound ten thousand five hundred extra copies of the Report of the Joint Committee on the Library respecting the erection of a statue to John Marshall,

late Chief Justice of the United States, three thousand five hundred of which shall be for the use of the Senate and seven thousand for the use of the House of Representatives. And the Joint Committee on Public Printing be and is hereby directed to procure an engraving of the statue of Chief Justice Marshall to accompany the report aforesaid, and for the purpose of engraving and printing said engraving, the sum of one thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.—*Sess. L., p.* 273. *June* 11, 1884.

ADDITIONAL COPIES OF CERTAIN PUBLICATIONS.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That whenever the Public Printer shall have received a sufficient number of orders for copies of the reports of the Tenth Census of the United States, or for the compendium of the Tenth Census; or for the "Medical and Surgical History of the Rebellion," or for the "Rebellion Record," or for the volumes already published or to be published hereafter of the Index Catalogue of the Library of the Surgeon General's Office, accompanied in each case by the cost price thereof, with 10 per cent. additional, to warrant, in his opinion, the expense of putting the plates to press, he shall cause an edition or editions thereof to be printed: *Provided*, That the number of copies, thus at any time printed shall not exceed the number ordered and paid for in advance of publication.—*Sess. L., p.* 274, *June* 20, 1884.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE COMMISSIONER OF EDUCATION.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That of the report of the Commissioner of Education for eighteen hundred and eighty-two and eighteen hundred and eighty-three there be printed six thousand copies for the use of the Senate, twelve thousand copies for the use of the House of Representatives, and twenty thousand copies for distribution by the Commissioner.—*Sess. L., p.* 274, *June* 20, 1884.,

SMITHSONIAN REPORT, 1883.

Resolved by the Senate of the United States (the House of Representatives concurring), That the annual report of the Smithsonian Institution for the year 1883 be printed; and that there be printed sixteen thousand and sixty extra copies, of which three thousand shall be for the use of the Senate, six thousand and sixty for the use of the House of Representatives, and seven thousand copies for the use of the Smithsonian Institution.—*S. June* 10, 1884, *H. R. June* 24, 1884.

REPORT ON PRECIOUS METALS, 1883.

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That nine thousand copies of the report of the Director of the Mint on the production of the precious metals in the United States for the year 1883 be printed; four thousand copies for the use of the House of Representatives, two thousand copies for the use of the Senate, and three thousand copies for the use of the Director of the Mint.—*H. R. June* 25, 1884, *S. June* 25, 1884.

ANNUAL REPORTS OF THE BUREAU OF ETHNOLOGY.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be printed at the Government Printing Office fifteen thousand five hundred copies of each of the Fourth and Fifth Annual Reports of the Director of the Bureau of Ethnology, with accompanying papers and illustrations, and uniform with the preceding volumes of the series; of which three thousand five hundred of each shall be for the use of the Senate, seven thousand for the use of the House of Representatives, and five thousand for distribution by the Bureau of Ethnology.—*Sess. L., p.* 275, *June* 26, 1884.

ANNUAL REPORTS OF THE UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be printed at the Government Printing Office, in addition to the number already ordered by law, fifteen thousand five hundred copies of each of the Fourth and Fifth Annual Reports of the Director of the United States Geological Survey, uniform with the preceding volumes of the series; of which three thousand five hundred of each shall be for the use of the Senate, seven thousand for the use of the House of Representatives, and five thousand for distribution by the Geological Survey.—*Sess. L., p.* 276, *June* 27, 1884.

REPORT OF PUBLIC LAND COMMISSION.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That joint resolution providing for the printing of additional copies of Codified Land Laws and History of the Public Domain of the United States, approved August seventh, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, be amended by the substitution of the word three in the place of two in the proviso of said resolution, so that it shall read "That all copies not ordered to be distributed within three years after the passage of this act shall be sold by the Secretary of the Interior, as provided in said act, and also that the regulations for the distribution of the official Records of the war of the Rebellion, in the act making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, be amended by striking out the words "until July first, eighteen hundred and eighty-four," and substituting therefor "until the expiration of their respective terms of congressional service."—*Sess. L., p.* 276, *June* 27, 1884.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE COMMISSIONER OF AGRICULTURE.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be printed four hundred thousand copies of the Annual Report of the Commissioner of Agriculture for the year eighteen hundred and eighty-four; three hundred thousand copies for use of members of the House of Representatives, seventy thousand copies for use of members of the Senate, and thirty thousand copies for the use of the Department of Agriculture.

SEC. 2. That the sum of two hundred thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated to defray the cost of the publication of said report.—*Sess. L., p.* 277, *July* 1, 1884.

FISH AND FISHERIES, 1884.

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That the report of the Commissioner of Fish and Fisheries for the year 1884 be printed; and that there be printed eleven thousand extra copies, of which three thousand shall be for the use of the Senate, six thousand for the use of the House of Representatives, one thousand five hundred for the use of the Commissioner of Fish and Fisheries, and five hundred for sale by the Public Printer, under such regulations as the Joint Committee on Printing may prescribe, at a price equal to the additional cost of publication and ten per cent. thereto thereon added, the illustrations to be obtained by the Public Printer under the direction of the Joint Committee on Public Printing.—*S. June* 26, 1884, *H. R. July* 2, 1884.

REPORTS OF THE NATIONAL BOARD OF HEALTH.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Public Printer be, and he is hereby, authorized to print and bind, for the use of the National Board of Health one thousand copies of each of its annual reports beginning with the year eighteen hundred and eighty.—*Sess. L., p.* 277, *July* 5, 1884.

FIRST ANNUAL REPORT OF THE BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be printed fifty thousand copies of the first annual report of the Bureau of Animal Industry of the Department of Agriculture, of which ten thousand shall be for the use of members of the Senate, thirty five thousand for the use of members of the House of Representatives, and five thousand for the use of the Commissioner of Agriculture; the illustrations to be executed under the supervision of the Public Printer, in accordance with directions of the Joint Committee on Printing, the work to be subject to the approval of the Commissioner of Agriculture.—*Sess. L., p.* 277, *July* 5, 1884.

CENSUS REPORTS.

And in addition to the number of printed copies of the reports of the tenth census authorized by the act entitled "An act to provide for the publication of the tenth census," approved August seventh, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, there shall be printed twenty-five thousand copies of the Compendium of the Tenth Census, of which eight thousand copies shall be for the use of the Senate, sixteen thousand copies for the use of the House, and one thousand copies for the use of the Department of the Interior; and there shall also be printed and separately bound in paper covers an edition of each of the following-named monograph reports, the number of copies of each edition to be as follows, namely: Of the reports on the seal-islands of Alaska, on ship-building, on the cereals, on the manufacture of glass, on the resources of Alaska, on tobacco culture, on the factory system, on wages paid in manufacturing industries, three thousand copies each; of the reports on the newspapers and publishing interests, on silk manufacture, on chemical products and salt, on flour milling, on meat production, on the production of petroleum, on the manufacture of coke, on the manufacture of tobacco, on the manufacture of shop-tools, two thousand five hundred

copies each; of the report on cotton culture in the United States, including reports on cotton fiber and cotton-seed oil, three thousand copies; of the report on cotton culture in Louisiana, in Mississippi, in Tennessee and Kentucky, in Missouri, in Arkansas, in Texas, in Alabama, in Georgia, in North Carolina, in South Carolina, in Virginia, in California, and in the Indian Territory, two thousand copies each: *Provided*, That of the above-named separate editions one-fourth shall be for the use of the Senate, one-half for the use of the House, and one-fourth for the use of the Census Office: *Provided also*, That the copies of the Compendium and monograph reports herein provided for shall be distributed through the Interior Department, according to the provisions of existing law: *Provided further*, That the changes or corrections necessitated by errata in former editions of the reports herein referred to shall first be made by the Superintendent of Census; and the sum of sixty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary to defray the expenses of printing and binding the publications herein provided for, shall be paid out of the appropriation made by the act of August seventh, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, entitled "An act to provide for the publication of the tenth census."—*Sess. L., p.* 212, 213, *July* 7, 1884.

SENATE RESOLUTIONS.

Ordered, That the Committee on Appropriations have authority to print for the use of said committee such papers and documents relating to the several appropriation bills as may be necessary for the proper consideration of said bills.—*S. March* 17, 1884.

Resolved, That the Committee on Finance be authorized to have printed all documents or papers, for the use of said committee, that they may deem necessary in connection with public business, being considered or to be considered by the said committee.—*S. May* 20, 1884.

Ordered, That the Committee on Naval Affairs be authorized to have printed for its use the testimony and views submitted on the subject of the bill (S. 698) to authorize the construction of additional steel vessels for the Navy.—*S. January* 17, 1884.

Ordered, That five hundred copies of a hearing before the Senate Committee on Finance, January 30, 1884, and the testimony to be submitted at any hearing hereafter in relation to S. 855, to repeal an act relating to vinegar factories, &c., be printed for the use of the committee.—*S. January* 31, 1884.

Resolved, That the Committee on Post-Offices and Post-Roads are hereby instructed to inquire whether the cost of telegraphic correspondence between the several States and Territories of the United States, or with foreign countries, has been injuriously affected by large stock dividends made by the Western Union Telegraph Company, by consolidations between different telegraph companies, by working contracts with cable or other companies, by the leasing of connecting or competing lines, or by other means. *Resolved*, That said committee further inquire whether the Western Union Telegraph Company directly, or through the Gold and Stock Telegraph Company, or any other company or association, have prescribed rules or regulations for the transmitting of press news, or made differential rates whereby discriminations are made restricting the free and independent use of the telegraph by the press. *Resolved*, That said committee be empowered to send for persons and papers, employ a stenographer, and report by bill or otherwise and in print.—*S. January* 31, 1884.

Ordered, That there be printed for the use of the Committee on Foreign Relations fifty copies of each of such papers and documents as have come or may come into the possession of said committee touching the subjects embraced in the resolution of the Senate adopted January 22, 1884, relating to the prohibitions against the importation of American meats adopted by certain foreign governments and discriminations by tariff laws, &c., against American exports, &c., &c.—*S. March* 10, 1884.

Ordered, That two hundred and fifty copies of certain testimony taken before the Committee on Patents at a hearing upon bills relating to patent suits be printed for the use of the committee.—*S. March* 18, 1884.

Resolved, That the testimony taken by the subcommittee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, relative to the protection of fish and fisheries, be printed for the use of the Committee on Foreign Relations and the Committee on Fish and Fisheries.—*S. January* 21, 1884, *p.* 195.

Resolved, That there be printed five hundred copies of the testimony taken by the Select Committee on the Mississippi River Improvements.—*S. December* 4, 1883.

Resolved, That one thousand additional copies of the report of the Select Committee of the United States Senate on the Mississippi River Improvements be printed for the use of the Senate.—*S. February* 15, 1884.

Resolved, That the testimony taken by the select committee, appointed March 2, 1883, to examine into the condition of the Sioux Indians upon their reservations, and into the grievances of the Indian tribes in the Territory of Montana, be printed for the use of the committee only.—*S. December* 4, 1883.

Resolved, That there be printed, for the use of the Senate, one thousand copies of the bill reported by the select committee of the Senate appointed to inquire into the condition of the Indians in Montana and Dakota, together with the report of the committee and accompanying documents.—*S. March* 14, 1884.

Ordered, That the bill (S. 1755) to divide a portion of the reservation of the Sioux Nation of Indians, in Dakota, into separate reservations, and to secure the relinquishment of the Indian title to the remainder, be reprinted.—*S. March* 19, 1884, *p.* 441.

Ordered, That two hundred copies of the report of the Committee on Rules relating to the rules of the Senate, the joint rules of the Senate and House of Representatives, and the Senate Manual be printed for the use of the Senate in the form presented.—*S. December* 10, 1883.

Ordered, That one thousand copies of the foregoing rules [*Rules of the Senate*] be printed in pamphlet form for the use of the Senate, and that the Secretary be directed to have prepared an index to accompany the same.—*S. January* 11, 1884.

Ordered, That the Committee on Rules be directed to prepare a new edition of the standing rules of the Senate for immediate publication, covering recent amendments, and that five hundred copies be printed.—*S. March* 19, 1884.

Ordered, That one hundred copies of the report of the Committee on Public Lands on the case of El Carte del Presidio be printed for the use of the Committee on Public Lands.—*S. December* 10, 1883.

Resolved, That five hundred copies of the report of the Commissioner of the Freedman's Savings and Trust Company be printed for the use of the Commissioner.—*S. December* 19, 1883.

Resolved, That one thousand copies of the latest Navy Register be printed for the use of the Senate.—*S. January* 11, 1884.

Resolved, That one thousand copies of the latest Army Register be printed for the use of the Senate.—*S. January* 11, 1884.

Ordered, That five hundred copies of the interview of the Committee on Finance with Hon. John Jay Knox, Comptroller of the Currency, on Senate bills 20, 1050, and 1155, be printed for the use of the committee.—*S. January* 25, 1884.

Ordered, That Senate bills 697 and 698 be reprinted for the use of the Senate, the usual number having been exhausted.—*S. January* 31, 1884.

Resolved, That the investigation into certain alleged occurrences in the States of Virginia and Mississippi, ordered by the Senate by its resolution of January 29, 1884, to be made by the Committee on Privileges and Elections, may be made by any subcommittee thereof, * * * and that the committee have authority to cause its proceedings and testimony taken to be printed from time to time, as it may see fit, exclusively for its use.—*S. February* 4, 1884.

Ordered, That the report (No. 512) of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, who were instructed by a resolution of the Senate of January 29, 1884, to inquire into certain alleged occurrences in the State of Mississippi, together with the views of a minority of the said committee, be reprinted, accompanied by the testimony taken.—*S. May* 28, 1884.

Ordered, That the report of the Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections in regard to the alleged outrages at Danville, in the State of Virginia, together with the views of the minority and the testimony taken therein, be reprinted for the use of the Senate.—*S. June* 11, 1884.

Ordered, That there be printed, for the use of the Senate, at a cost not to exceed five hundred dollars ($500), the majority report, together with the views of the minority, of the Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections in regard to the alleged election outrages at Danville, in the State of Virginia.—*S. June* 23, 1884.

Resolved, That there be printed for the use of the Senate, at a cost not to exceed five hundred dollars, the majority report, together with the views of the minority, by the Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections in regard to recent alleged occurrences in Copiah County, Mississippi.—*S. June* 23, 1884.

Resolved, That three thousand extra copies of the bill to establish a uniform system of bankruptcy, reported from the Judiciary Committee on the 4th day of February, 1884, be printed in pamphlet form for the use of the Senate.—*S. February* 5, 1884.

Ordered, That Senate bill number 140, to establish a Bureau of Statistics and Labor, be reprinted.—*S. February* 5, 1884.

Ordered, That the annual report of the Librarian of Congress for the calendar year 1883 be printed, and that five hundred additional copies be printed with covers for distribution by the Librarian.—*S. February* 11, 1884.

Resolved, That five thousand copies of the statistical abstract of the United States, being Executive Document No. 32, first session Forty-eighth Congress, in the House of Representatives, be printed for the use of the Senate.—*S. February* 11, 1884.

Ordered, That two hundred additional copies of Senate report No. 12, Forty-eighth Congress, first session, be printed and bound interleaved, of which one hundred shall be for the use of the Committee on Finance.—*S. March* 11, 1884.

Resolved, That the usual number of copies of the statements and testimony of the Committee of State Superintendents of Public Instruc-

tion at the joint hearing had on the seventh instant, before the Committee of the Senate on Education and Labor and the House Committee on Education, upon the subject of national aid to common schools, be printed for the use of the Senate.—*S. February* 19, 1884.

Ordered, That there be printed for the use of the Senate three hundred copies of the report on Senate bill 698, the usual number having been exhausted.—*S. February* 25, 1884.

Resolved, That six thousand copies of the journal of the joint committee of fifteen, appointed in December, 1865, of which William Pitt Fessenden was chairman on the part of the Senate, and Thaddeus Stevens on the part of the House, authorized "to inquire into the condition of the States which formed the so-called Confederate States of America, and report whether they or any of them are entitled to be represented in either house of Congress, with leave to report at any time, by bill or otherwise," be printed, two thousand copies for the use of the Senate and four thousand for the use of the House of Representatives.—*S. February* 26, 1884.

Ordered, That one thousand copies of Executive Document, H. R. 101, Forty-eighth Congress, first session, be printed for the use of the Senate, two hundred copies to be for the use of the Committee on Finance.—*S. February* 26, 1884.

Ordered, That Senate bill No. 1448, entitled "A bill to remove certain burdens on the American merchant marine, encourage the American foreign carrying trade, and for other purposes," be reprinted for the use of the Senate.—*S. March* 7, 1884.

Ordered, That one thousand additional copies of the report on S. 1309, entitled "A bill to provide statuary and historical tablets for the Saratoga monument," be printed for the use of the Senate.—*S. March* 7, 1884.

Ordered, That Senate bill No. 398, to aid in the establishment and temporary support of common schools, be reprinted.—*S. March* 10, 1884.

Ordered, That Senate bill, No. 398, to aid in the establishment and temporary support of common schools, as passed and engrossed, be reprinted for the use of the Senate.—*S. April* 8, 1884.

Ordered, That fifteen hundred copies of the report of the Treasury Cattle Commission, transmitted to the House of Representatives by the Secretary of the Treasury December 21, 1883 (Ex. Doc. No. 44, Forty-eighth Congress, first session, H. R.), be printed, the supply having been exhausted.—*S. March* 13, 1884.

Ordered, That two hundred and fifty copies of the remarks of the committee of the Grand Army of the Republic before the Committee on Pensions of the Senate on the 8th instant, in relation to proposed legislation on the subject of pensions, be printed for the use of the Senate.—*S. March* 18, 1884.

Ordered, That Senate bill No. 247, "A bill to extend the duration of the Court of Commissioners of Alabama Claims, and for other purposes," be reprinted for the use of the Senate.—*S. March* 24, 1884.

Ordered, That one hundred copies of a report of Lieut. Col. W. P. Craighill, Corps of Engineers, to the Chief of Engineers, in relation to the bill (S. 1441), for the construction of bridges over the Great Kanawha River, be printed for the use of the Committee on Commerce.—*S. April* 2, 1884.

Resolved, That one thousand additional copies of Senate Report No. 393, of the present session, together with document entitled "Africa, No. 3," be printed for the use of the Senate.—*S. April* 4, 1884.

Ordered, That Senate bill 1115 and House bills 3925 and 3934 be reprinted.—*S. April* 5, 1884.

Ordered, That the bill relating to the subject of bankruptcy be reprinted as amended and passed by the Senate.—*S. April* 29, 1884.

Ordered, That five hundred copies of a statistical table, showing the incidence of yellow fever cases and deaths, from 1870 to 1883, inclusive, be printed for the use of the Committee on Epidemic Diseases.—*S. April* 29, 1884.

Ordered, That six hundred copies of the correspondence respecting the Ward claims and the claim of Charles E. Hill against China, transmitted to the Senate by the President of the United States May 7, 1884, in response to Senate resolution of March 12, 1884, be printed for the use of the Senate.—*S. May* 15, 1884.

Ordered, That three hundred copies of the memoranda, showing the names of the officers of the several grades in the Revenue Marine Service and their length of service, respectively, in each grade, be printed for the use of the Committee on Commerce.—*S. May* 19, 1884.

Ordered, That one hundred copies of the bill (S. 1793) "to amend section forty-four hundred and thirty-four of title fifty-two of the Revised Statutes of the United States, concerning commerce and navigation and the regulation of steam-vessels," with notes of a hearing before a subcommittee of the Committee on Commerce relative to the said bill, be printed for the use of the Committee on Commerce.—*S. June* 19, 1884.

Resolved, That the Public Printer be, and he is hereby, authorized to furnish, for the use of the Treasury Department, five hundred (500) extra copies, in paper covers, of the report prepared by the Chief of the Bureau of Statistics in that Department in regard to the proposed improvement of the harbor of Galveston.—*S. June* 21, 1884.

Ordered, That H. R. bill 5667, granting pensions to soldiers and sailors of the war with Mexico, and for other purposes, be printed as amended by the Senate for the use of the Senate.—*S. June* 26, 1884.

Ordered, That there be printed, in pamphlet form, two thousand copies of House bill No. 5667, known as the Mexican Pension Bill, as it passed the Senate, and also two thousand copies of Senate Mis. Doc. No. 107, of this session, the same to be stitched together.—*S. July* 6, 1884.

Resolved, That there be printed, for the use of the Senate, three thousand copies of the message of the President of the United States, transmitting the report of the Secretary of State relative to the papers on file in the Department of State touching the unsettled claims of citizens of the United States against France prior to July 31, 1801, together with the papers accompanying the same.—*S. July* 5, 1884.

Resolved, That eight hundred and fifty copies of the Senate Manual, as prepared under the direction of the Committee on Rules, be printed and bound for the use of the Senate.—*S. July* 5, 1884.

HOUSE RESOLUTIONS.

Resolved, That the Committee on Appropriations be authorized to have printed or bound all documents, for the use of said committee, that they may deem necessary in connection with subjects in relation to appropriations being considered or to be considered by the said committee during the present Congress.—*H. R. January* 8, 1884.

Resolved, That the Committee on Ways and Means be authorized to have printed or bound such documents, for the use of said committee, as it may deem necessary in connection with subjects considered by the said committee during the present Congress.—*H. R. January* 10, 1884.

Resolved, That the Committee on Foreign Affairs be authorized to have such printing done at the Government Printing Office as it may deem proper and may order.—*H. R. January* 17, 1884.

Resolved, That the Committee on Elections be authorized to have printed such documents and papers, for the use of said committee, as it may deem necessary in connection with subjects considered by the said committee during the present Congress.—*H. R. January* 18, 1884.

Resolved, That the Committee on Commerce be authorized to have such printing done at the Government Printing Office as it may deem proper and may order.—*H. R. January* 22, 1884.

Resolved, That the Committee on Rules be authorized to have printed for its use such papers and documents as it may deem necessary.—*H. R. February* 26, 1884.

Ordered, That the manuscript reports of the members of the Committee on the Judiciary on the bill for the relief of William McGarrahan be printed for the use of said committee.—*H. R. March* 19, 1884, *p.* 873.

Ordered, That the Committee on the Judiciary have leave to print certain arguments made before it relating to a proposed sixteenth amendment to the Constitution of the United States.—*H. R. March* 20, 1884, *p.* 885.

Ordered, That the Committee on the Judiciary be allowed to have printed such reports, testimony, and hearings before said committee as may be necessary for the proper consideration of matters submitted to it by the House.—*H. R. April* 28, 1884.

Resolved, That there be printed, for the use of the Committee on the Judiciary, the report of the subcommittee on the bill for the relief of the heirs of Yturbide.—*H. R. March* 28, 1884.

Ordered, That there be printed, for the use of the Committee on the Judiciary, the papers connected with H. Res. 198 and 199 and H. R. 2241.—*H. R. April* 18, 1884.

Ordered, That the Committee on Coinage, Weights, and Measures be authorized to have printed certain arguments made before said committee, together with such documents as it may deem proper.—*H. R. May* 14, 1884.

Ordered, That there be printed, for the use of the Committee on Banking and Currency, the statements, records, and evidence in the investigation of the Pacific National Bank of Boston, Massachusetts.—*H. R. March* 31, 1884.

Resolved, That the subcommittee on Naval Affairs having in charge the inquiry into the Jeannette expedition have leave to print the testimony given before them from day to day, for the use of the House and the committee.—*H. R. April* 15, 1884.

Resolved, That the evidence taken by the Committee on Expenditures in the Department of Justice be printed, and that one hundred extra copies of such evidence be printed for the use of the committee.—*H. R. February* 23, 1884.

Resolved, That the report of the Committee on Expenditures in the Department of Justice in reference to the compensation of court officials be printed and recommitted, and that one hundred extra copies thereof be printed for the use of that committee.—*H. R. June* 5, 1884.

Resolved, That the testimony taken by the committee on alleged abuse of the privileges allowed ex-members under Rule 34 be printed for the use of said committee.—*H. R. June* 21, 1884.

Resolved, That there be printed, for the use of the Committee on Rivers and Harbors, testimony of Captain Eads and others given before it.—*H. R. June* 25, 1884.

Resolved, That all of the testimony, and all other papers, relating to the rights of members to hold seats on this floor in contested cases now on file with the Clerk of the House, or in his possession, and all memorials, petitions, and other papers now in the possession of the House, or under its control, relating to the same subjects, not otherwise referred, be, and the same are hereby, referred to the Committee on Elections and ordered to be printed.—*H. R. January* 9, 1884.

Ordered, That the Committee on Levees and Improvements of the Mississippi River have leave to have printed for the use of said committee certain testimony of members of the Mississippi River Commission taken before said committee.—*H. R. May* 2, 1884, *p.* 1171.

By unanimous consent leave was granted the Committee on Rivers and Harbors to have printed for the use of the committee certain testimony of members of the Mississippi River Commission taken before said committee.—*H. R. May* 3, 1884, *p.* 1175, 1176.

Resolved, That there be printed twenty-five thousand copies of the President's Annual Message for the use of the House.—*H. R. January* 17, 1884.

Resolved, That ten thousand additional copies be printed of the bill (H. R. 4416) to reduce import duties and war-tariff taxes, for the use of the House.—*H. R. February* 6, 1884.

Resolved, That there be printed, for the use of the House, two thousand copies of the bill H. R. 5893, to reduce import duties and war-tariff taxes, with the tables prepared, by the direction of the Committee of Ways and Means, by Charles H. Evans; also two thousand copies of Report No. 792 on H. R. 5893.—*H. R. March* 20, 1884.

Resolved, That the Committee on Foreign Affairs be authorized to cause four thousand copies of House Report No. 109, relative to French spoliation claims, together with the exhibits, to be printed. Exhibit A, message of President Polk; Exhibit B, message of President Pierce; Exhibit C, report of Charles Sumner; Exhibit D, number of committee reports; and the letter of the Secretary of State, addressed February 11, 1884, to General W. R. Cox, a member of the Committee on Foreign Affairs, marked as Exhibit E; also all veto messages sent to either House of Congress on bills in relation to French spoliations.—*H. R. March* 28, 1884.

Ordered, That there be reprinted Miscellaneous Document No. 43, with the additions and corrections made by the Committee on Payment of Pensions, Bounty, and Back Pay.—*H. R. March* 31, 1884.

Resolved, That the Committee on the Library be directed to cause to be printed, for the information of members of the House, five hundred copies of a description of the plans for a new Congressional Library building, referred to in Senate bill 1139, which was made a special order for April 3.—*H. R. April* 3, 1884.

Ordered, That the report (1256) of the Committee of Public Lands on the bill forfeiting the land-grant to the Northern Pacific Railroad Company, together with the views of the minority, be reprinted for the use of the House.—*H. R. April* 14, 1884.

Resolved, That there be printed, for the use of Congress, one thousand copies of the said hearings [*Tariff hearings*], two copies for each member of Congress and each Senator, and the remaining copies for the Committee on Ways and Means.—*H. R. April* 16, 1884.

Ordered, That House Executive Document No. 86, relating to "trade between the United States and Mexico," be reprinted.—*H. R. April* 17, 1884.

Ordered, That House bill H. R. 3967 be printed, with the amendments of the Senate thereto.—*H. R. May* 14, 1884.

Resolved, That the Public Printer be, and he is hereby, authorized to print, for the use of this House, one thousand additional copies of the adverse report of the Committee on Reform in the Civil Service on bills 3205 and 3509, for the repeal of the civil-service act.—*H. R. June* 7, 1884.

Ordered, That there be a reprint of double the usual number of Part 2 of Report 1351, from the Committee on Territories, on the reorganization of the legislative power of Utah Territory.—*H. R. June* 10, 1884.

Resolved, That House report No. 1848, relative to a convention between the United States and Mexico, be reprinted for the use of the House.—*H. R. June* 26, 1884.

Resolved, That two thousand five hundred copies of the Digest of the Rules and Practice of the House of Representatives for the present session be printed and bound for the use of the House.—*H. R. December* 5, 1883.

Resolved, That there be printed and bound, under the direction of the journal clerk, two hundred and fifty copies of the Digest for the present session, for the use of committees of the House, and officers of the two Houses, and heads of Departments and Bureaus.—*H. R. February* 5, 1884.

Resolved, That two thousand copies of the Digest for the second session of the Forty-eighth Congress be printed and bound for the use of the House at said session.—*H. R. July* 5, 1884.

Ordered, That the bill of the House (H. R. 2228) to remove certain burdens on the American merchant marine, and encourage the American foreign carrying trade, and the accompanying report (No. 5) be reprinted.—*H. R. January* 15, 1884, *p.* 315, 316.

Ordered, That the bill of the House (H. R. 2228) to remove certain burdens on the American merchant marine and encourage the American foreign carrying trade be reprinted.—*H. R. April* 25, 1884, *p.* 1133.

Ordered, That the bill of the House (H. R. 1015) for the relief of Fitz-John Porter, and Report No. 1, together with the views of the minority heretofore submitted, be reprinted.—*H. R. January* 25, 1884, *p.* 413.

Ordered, That the report (No. 115) to accompany the bill of the House (*H. R.* 3962) granting pensions to certain soldiers and sailors of the Mexican war and other wars therein named, and for other purposes, be reprinted for the use of the House.—*H. R. February* 21, 1884, *p.* 639.

Resolved, That the select committee appointed to investigate the charges against H. V. Boynton be authorized from time to time to print the testimony taken, for the use of the committee.—*H. R. February* 21, 1884, *p.* 640.

Ordered, That the bill of the House (H. R. 1017) relative to the Inspector-General's Department of the Army, and the accompanying report (No. 336), be reprinted.—*H. R. March* 6, 1884, *p.* 753.

Ordered, That the bill of the House No. 3670 be reprinted with certain corrections indicated by said committee.—*H. R. March* 15, 1884, *p.* 827.

Ordered, That the report of the House (No. 495) accompanying the bill of the House (H. R. 4980) to aid temporarily in the support of common schools be reprinted for the use of the House.—*H. R. March* 18, 1884, *p.* 853.

Ordered, That the report of the Committee on Education (No. 495) accompanying the bill of the House (H. R. 4980) to aid temporarily in the support of common schools, together with the views of the mi-

jority of said committee, be reprinted for the use of the House, with addenda to said views submitted by Mr. Joseph D. Taylor.—*H. R. April* 15, 1884, *p.* 1068.

Ordered, That the bill of the House (H. R. 2418) granting copyrights to citizens of foreign countries, reported from the Committee on the Judiciary with amendments on the 5th of February last, and now on the House Calendar, be reprinted with an amendment in the nature of a substitute, as recommended by the Committee on the Judiciary.—*H. R. April* 16, 1884, *p.* 1076.

Ordered, That the report (No. 1845) of the Committee on Elections upon the contested-election case of Campbell *vs.* Morey be reprinted with corrections.—*H. R. June* 17, 1884, *p.* 1468.

Ordered, That Part 2 of Report No. 1845, first session Forty-eighth Congress, being the views of the minority of the Committee on Elections upon the contested-election case of Campbell *vs.* Morey, be reprinted with certain corrections.—*H. R. June* 19, 1884, *p.* 1482.

Ordered, That the bill of the House (H. R. 5667) granting pensions to the soldiers and sailors of the Mexican war, and for other purposes, with amendments of the Senate thereto, now on the Speaker's table, be printed.—*H. R. June* 27, 1884, *p.* 1565.

DISTRIBUTION OF THE USUAL NUMBER.

The usual number of copies printed of the documents and reports of each house of Congress is 1,900, and of bills and joint resolutions 924; of the Senate Journal there are 3,194 copies and of the House Journal 3,128 copies printed. These are distributed as follows:

UNBOUND COPIES.

Where delivered.	SENATE.			HOUSE.		
	Documents.	Journal.	Bills.	Documents.	Journal.	Bills.
Document-room of the House	411	265	440	396	.....	440
Office of the Clerk of the House	20	20	20	149	149	308
Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate	243	.....	244	190	.....	134
Office of the Secretary of the Senate	6	6	15	6	.....	8
Folding-room of the Senate	190	115	170	.....	.....	.....
Department of State	30	30	15	30	30	15
Department of the Interior	.....	4	.....	.....	4	.....
War Department	.....	11	.....	.....	11	.....
Navy Department	.....	3	.....	.....	3	.....
Office of the Public Printer	4	4	4	4	4	4
File-copies	36	10	16	31	10	15
Total	940	468	924	806	211	924

BOUND COPIES.

Where delivered.	SENATE.		HOUSE.	
	Documents.	Journal.	Documents.	Journal.
Secretary of the Senate	.....	150	.....	150
Senate document-room	114	180	114	114
House document-room	313	313	416	416
Senate folding-room	43	43	.....	.....
Department of State	10	10	10	10
Department of the Interior	420	1,970	470	2,020
Clerk of the House of Representatives for Governors of States	.....	.....	.....	123
Library of Congress	52	52	52	52
Library of the House of Representatives	7	7	30	30
Library of the Court of Claims	.....	.....	2	2
Office of the Public Printer	1	1	.....	.....
Total	960	2,726	1,094	2,917

48TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. } SENATE. { MIS. DOC. No. 25.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

JANUARY 20, 1885.—Ordered to be printed.

Mr. PLUMB submitted the following

RESOLUTION:

Whereas the United States, in 1866, acquired from the Creek and Seminole Indians by treaty certain lands situate in the Indian Territory, a portion of which have remained unoccupied until the present time; and

Whereas a widely extended belief exists that such unoccupied lands are public lands of the United States, and as such subject to homestead and pre-emption settlement, and pursuant to such belief a large number of citizens of the United States have gone upon them claiming the right to settle and acquire title thereto under the general land laws of the United States; and

Whereas it is understood that the President of the United States does not regard said lands as open to settlement, and believes it to be his duty to remove all persons who go upon the same claiming the right to settle thereon, and for that purpose has directed the expulsion of the persons now on said lands by the use of military force, and there seems to be a probability of a conflict growing out of the attempt to expel said persons so claiming right and attempting to settle: Therefore,

Resolved, That the President be requested to advise the Senate as to the status of the lands in question as viewed by the Executive, the action taken, if any, to expel persons seeking to settle thereon, and the reason for the same, together with any other information in his possession bearing upon the existing controversy.

48TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 26.

PETITION

OF THE

KNIGHTS OF LABOR, DISTRICT ASSEMBLY NO. 66,

PROTESTING

Against the passage of the bill (S. 2507) to amend the law concerning mechanics' liens in the District of Columbia.

JANUARY 20, 1885.—Referred to the Committee on the District of Columbia and ordered to be printed.

To the Senate of the United States:

The undersigned, for and on behalf of District Assembly No. 66, Knights of Labor, representing the building trades of the District of Columbia, respectfully protest against the passage of Senate bill No. 2507, to amend the law concerning mechanics' liens in the District of Columbia, believing its enactment will be injurious to the interests of mechanics and laborers.

The mechanics' lien law has been in operation six months, and it is efficiently accomplishing the object of its enactment. But, in securing to mechanics the reward for their labor, it does, as might have been expected, occasion inconvenience to other parties whose interests conflict with ours, notably unscrupulous builders and contractors, and real-estate and money brokers. In exact proportion to the benefit we derive from the law will be the outcry of the parties who find our claims an obstacle to their schemes.

It is urged that the lien law was inconsiderately passed. This we deny, and we assert that the fact that the law is doing exactly what it was intended to do shows that it was sufficiently considered. We charge undue haste upon the proposed amendment which interested parties are seeking to rush through at a time and in a manner which forbid proper investigation and deliberation.

The proposed amendment will enable interested parties to defeat our claims by the preparation of secret mortgages, trusts, and liens, intended to be published and made operative only in case liens are filed under the lien law.

As the law stands our claims may be fairly enforced. As it is proposed to amend section 3 every claim for wages can be defeated except when our liens are filed day by day from the very commencement of the work. This is too absurd to be discussed. We should be allowed a reasonable time to collect our dues by application and importunity, and not be forced to use the courts except when necessary. The proposed amendment gives other creditors ample opportunity to perfect prior incumbrances between the time when our wages are due and the time

when we discover that there will be difficulty in collecting them. The law may as well be repealed as to be thus amended.

Money-lenders and real-estate dealers and others opposed to the lien law have every species of formality, public record, and legal safeguard to protect their interests and facilitate their operations. The mechanics have but this one, solitary, lien law, to secure the prompt payment of their dues. We have borne great inconvenience and loss, and we submit that in a conflict of interest between ourselves and the parties seeking the amendment of the lien law, our rights and wishes should have a preponderating influence with the Senate.

We ask that the law may have a fair trial as it now stands, and that it may not be emasculated because it is accomplishing its purpose, even though in giving security to the mechanic it causes inconvenience to those whose purposes would deprive him of his earnings.

The lien law holds the premises liable only to the extent of the value which has been added to them by labor performed and material furnished. All of the value which existed as the property of the owner prior to the improvement still exists, and is security for as large a loan as it ever was. When we have added value to a house and lot there is sound justice in giving us an exclusive hold upon that value until we have been compensated. There is no reason why that value should be used to augment the borrowing power of the owner or the security of a subsequent money-lender. Yet that is the object of the amendment.

It is with great difficulty that we can secure the enactment of a few laws that are ostensibly for our protection. It is with still greater difficulty that we can secure the enactment of a law that is really for our protection. Having secured such a one in the mechanics' lien law we hope that the Senate will not indicate, by the adoption of a debilitating amendment, that the vigor of the law was the result of a legislative inadvertence.

JAMES CONSIDINE,
President.

W. S. WAUDBY,
Secretary.

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48TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. } SENATE. { MIS. DOC. No. 27.

AMENDMENT

PROPOSED BY

MR. VEST TO RESOLUTION OF MR. PLUMB,

IN RELATION TO

Certain lands in the Indian Territory acquired by the United States from Creek and Seminole Indians.

JANUARY 21, 1885.—Ordered to be printed.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior is hereby directed and empowered to ascertain, by communication with the authorities of the Creek and Seminole Nations of Indians in the Indian Territory, upon what terms the said nations will relinquish and convey to the United States all the right, title, and interest in and to all that country described in article 3 of the treaty made between the United States and the Creek Nation on June 14, 1866, as "the west half of their entire domain, to be divided by a line running north and south," the lands so described in the treaty being now known as "Oklahoma," and being fully described in Senate Ex. Doc. No. 109, Forty-eighth Congress, first session, page 4, and the lands described in article 3 of the Seminole treaty of March 21, 1866. (14 Stat., 756.)

That the Secretary of the Interior shall communicate with the authorities of the Creek and Seminole Nations immediately, by special agent or otherwise, as he may deem necessary, and transmit the result to Congress.

48TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. } SENATE. { MIS. DOC. No. 28.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

JANUARY 23, 1885.—Ordered to be printed.

Mr. INGALLS, from the Committee on the District of Columbia, submitted the following:

LETTER FROM MAJ. G. J. LYDECKER, UNITED STATES ENGINEER, IN RELATION TO THE WATER SUPPLY OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

OFFICE OF WASHINGTON AQUEDUCT,
Washington, D. C., January 15, 1885.

SIR: In response to request contained in letter from your committee dated January 9, 1885, I have the honor to state that in the construction of the new reservoir near Howard University, no material difficulties have as yet been developed that were not contemplated by me as likely to arise in its progress, none that are not provided for in the act making appropriations for the work, or in the specifications under which the same is now being prosecuted.. I can see no necessity for the passage of the resolution in question nor imagine what good can be accomplished thereby.

In addition to this categorical answer to the questions submitted to me, I desire to add that it is unreasonable to presume that any engineer would not have foreseen the probability of a variation in the character of material, such as is suggested by the resolution, in the excavation of an area so extended as that included in the proposed reservoir. The existence of quicksand, muck, decaying vegetable matter, &c., has been known from the start, but it is also known that a stratum of compact, impermeable clay exists at the level of the proposed bottom of the reservoir throughout most of its extent.

To prepare such a map as is indicated would be a question of considerable time and expense, and would be of insignificant value in determining exactly what should be done at each point, as compared with the precise information that will be furnished when the general excavation is completed. At that time much of the existing quicksand area will have become drained, dried out, and easily removable.

Very respectfully,

G. J. LYDECKER,
Major of Engineers, United States Army.

Hon. J. J. INGALLS,
Chairman Senate Committee, District of Columbia.

48TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. } SENATE. { MIS. DOC. No. 29.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

JANUARY 24, 1885.—Ordered to be printed.

Mr. BAYARD submitted the following

RESOLUTION:

Resolved, That the Senate of the United States has heard with indignation and profound sorrow of the attempt to destroy the Houses of Parliament and other public buildings in London, and hereby expresses its horror and detestation of such monstrous crimes against civilization.

48TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. } SENATE. { MIS. DOC. No. 30.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

JANUARY 29, 1885.—Ordered to lie on the table and be printed.

CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES,
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
January 29, 1885.

Resolved by the House of Representatives (*the Senate concurring*), That the two Houses of Congress shall assemble in the Hall of the House of Representatives at 12 o'clock noon on the 11th of February, 1885, pursuant to the requirement of the Constitution and laws relating to the election of President and Vice-President of the United States, and the President of the Senate shall be the presiding officer; that one person be appointed teller on the part of the Senate and two persons appointed tellers on the part of the House of Representatives, to make a list of the votes as they shall be declared; that the result shall be delivered to the President of the Senate, who shall announce the state of the vote, and the persons elected, to the two houses assembled as aforesaid which shall be deemed a declaration of the persons elected President, and Vice-President of the United States, and, together with a list of the votes, be entered on the Journals of the two houses.

Attest:

JNO. B. CLARK, JR.,
Clerk.

48TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 31.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

JANUARY 29, 1885.—Ordered to be printed.

Mr. JONES, of Nevada, from the Committee to Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses of the Senate, reported the following

RESOLUTION:

Resolved, That the Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to employ three messengers at $1,440 each; two skilled laborers at $1,000 each; two laborers at $720 each; two firemen at $1,080 each; two janitors at $900 each. And the Secretary of the Senate is hereby authorized and directed to pay the above employés out of the miscellaneous items of the contingent fund of the Senate.

H CONGRESS, 2d Session. } SENATE. { MIS. DOC. No. 32.

LETTER

FROM

O. C. MARSH,

TRANSMITTING

The annual report of the National Academy of Sciences for 1884.

JARY 4, 1885.—Referred to the Committee on Printing and ordered to be printed.

THE NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES,
Washington, D. C., January 20, 1885.

R: In conformity with the requirements of the act of incorporation, oved March 3, 1863, I have the honor to submit herewith a report ie operations of the National Academy of Sciences during the past

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

O. C. MARSH,
President of the National Academy of Sciences.

ie PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE.

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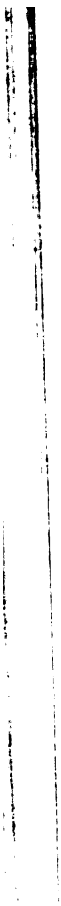

48TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 34.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

FEBRUARY 5, 1885.—Referred to the Committee on Printing and ordered to be printed.

Mr. BLAIR submitted the following

RESOLUTION:

Be it resolved by the United States Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That of the Report of the Commissioner of Education for 1883–'84, there be printed 6,000 copies for the use of the Senate, 12,000 copies for the use of the House of Representatives, and 20,000 copies for distribution by the Commissioner.

O

TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 36.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

FEBRUARY 6, 1885.—Ordered to be printed.

Mr. SHERMAN submitted the following

RESOLUTION:

Resolved, That on and after Monday, February 9th, the hour of meeting of the Senate shall be 11 o'clock a. m., unless otherwise ordered, and the morning hour shall expire at 1 o'clock.

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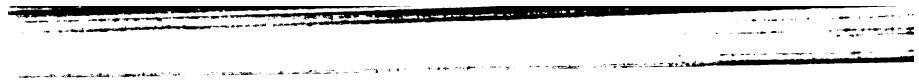

48TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 37.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

FEBRUARY 7, 1885.—Referred to the Committee to Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses of the Senate.

Mr. VOORHEES submitted the following

RESOLUTION:

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Senate be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to pay out of the contingent fund of the Senate the sum of $1,696 to James W. Tebbs, as the residue of his salary as messenger from May 5, 1879, to November 30, 1883.

C

H CONGRESS, } SENATE. { Cal. No. 1163.
2d Session. } { Mis. Doc. No. 38.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

FEBRUARY 7, 1885.—Ordered to be printed.

MILLER, of California, from the Committee on Foreign Relations, submitted the following

RESOLUTION:

ONCURRENT RESOLUTION, *authorizing the President to communicate to the Governments of all nations the resolutions adopted by the International Conference held at Washington, in October*, 1884, *for fixing a prime meridian, and to invite their accession thereto:*

Resolved by the Senate of the United States (the House of Representatives curring), That the President be authorized and requested to communicate to the Governments of all nations in diplomatic relations with United States the resolutions adopted by the International Conference held at Washington in October, 1884, for the purpose of fixing a ne meridian and a universal day, and to invite their accession to same.

48TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 39.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

FEBRUARY 11, 1885.—Ordered to be printed.

Mr. INGALLS submitted the following

RESOLUTION:

Resolved, That the Senate does not assent to the concluding declaration of the President of the Senate in the announcement of the vote for President and Vice-President of the United States made in the presence of the two houses of Congress this day.

O

48TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. } SENATE. { MIS. DOC. No. 40.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

FEBRUARY 11, 1885.—Ordered to be printed.

Mr. HOAR submitted the following

RESOLUTION:

Whereas the Senate having met the House of Representatives, in accordance with the fifth section of the act of 1st March, 1792, relative to the election of President and Vice-President of the United States, and the electoral votes having been opened by the President of the Senate, in the presence of the two houses of Congress, and counted by the tellers appointed on the part of the two houses, and it appearing that the whole number of electors appointed to vote for President and Vice-President of the United States is 401, of which a majority is 201; and it further appearing that Grover Cleveland, of New York, had received 219 votes for President of the United States, and that Thomas A. Hendricks, of Indiana, had received 219 votes for Vice-President of the United States, which number is a majority of the votes of the whole number of electors appointed, and the same having been duly declared by the President of the Senate in the presence of the two houses: Therefore

Resolved by the Senate of the United States, That the Senate is of opinion that the Constitution and laws have been duly executed, and that no further declaration of these facts is necessary.

O

48TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 41.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

FEBRUARY 11, 1885.—Ordered to be printed.

Mr. ALLISON, from the Committee on Appropriations, submitted the following

STATEMENT

[To accompany bill H. R. 8120],

showing the appropriations for 1885, *the estimates for* 1886, *the amounts of House bill, and the amounts recommended by Senate Committee on Appropriations for* 1886.

ARMY APPROPRIATION BILL, 1886.

Amount of estimates for 1886	$26,110,489 95
Amount of bill as passed the House	24,419,052 50
Reduction made by the Senate committee (net)	470,000 00
Amount as reported to the Senate	23,949,052 50
Amount of act for 1885	24,454,450 00
The bill as reported is less than the estimates	2,161,437 45
The bill as reported is less than the act for 1885	505,397 50

The changes made in the amounts of House bill by the Senate committee are as follows:

Increase:	
For the library of the Surgeon-General's Office	$5,000
Reduction:	
For subsistence of the Army	100,000
For purchase of horses for cavalry and artillery	20,000
For incidental expenses Quartermaster's Department	40,000
For transportation of the Army	100,000
For barracks and quarters	50,000
For quarters for quartermaster sergeants, commissary sergeants, ordnance sergeants, and veterinary surgeons	15,000
For clothing for the Army	150,000
Total reduction	475,000
Net reduction	470,000

The following table shows the appropriations for 1885, the estimates for 1886, the amounts provided by the House bill, and the amounts recommended by the Senate committee for 1886:

ARMY APPROPRIATIONS.

Comparative statement showing the appropriations for 1885, *the estimates for* 1886, *the amounts of House bill, and the amounts recommended by Senate Committee on Appropriations for* 1886.

Object.	Appropriations, 1885.	Estimates, 1886.	House bill, 1886.	Senate committee, 1886.
Expenses of Commanding General's Office	$1,750 00	$3,000 00	$1,750 00	$1,750 00
Expenses of recruiting, &c	110,000 00	107,302 50	107,302 50	107,302 50
Contingencies of Adjutant-General's Department	2,500 00	2,500 00	2,500 00	2,500 00
Expenses of Signal Service of the Army	5,000 00	9,950 00	5,500 00	5,500 00
Pay of the Army	12,150,000 00	12,594,321 70	13,205,000 00	12,205,000 00
Subsistence of the Army	1,900,000 00	2,147,415 75	1,900,000 00	1,800,000 00
Regular supplies, Quartermaster's Department	2,900,000 00	2,900,000 00	2,771,000 00	2,771,000 00
Horses for cavalry and artillery	200,000 00	200,000 00	200,000 00	180,000 00
Incidental expenses, Quartermaster's Department	675,000 00	700,000 00	690,000 00	650,000 00
Transportation of the Army, &c	3,000,000 00	3,000,000 00	3,000,000 00	2,900,000 00
Transportation by land-grant railroads	125,000 00	125,000 00	125,000 00	125,000 00
Barracks and quarters	700,000 00	740,000 00	715,000 00	650,000 00
Chapels, school-houses, and libraries	.....	20,000 00	.....	.....
Construction and repair of hospitals	100,000 00	140,000 00	100,000 00	100,000 00
Clothing and equipage	1,400,000 00	1,499,000 00	1,400,000 00	1,250,000 00
Contingencies of the Army	30,000 00	30,000 00	30,000 00	30,000 00
Medical and hospital supplies	225,000 00	250,000 00	225,000 00	225,000 00
Army Medical Museum	15,000 00	15,000 00	10,000 00	15,000 00
Engineer depot at Willets Point	5,200 00	17,000 00	6,000 00	6,000 00
Ordnance service, current expenses	100,000 00	150,000 00	100,000 00	100,000 00
Metallic ammunition for small-arms	100,000 00	150,000 00	100,000 00	100,000 00
Ammunition, &c., for target practice	25,000 00	50,000 00	30,000 00	30,000 00
Mounting guns, removing armament from forts, &c	25,000 00	30,000 00	25,000 00	25,000 00
Ordnance stores for troops	115,000 00	150,000 00	115,000 00	115,000 00
Infantry, cavalry, and artillery equipments	75,000 00	100,000 00	75,000 00	75,000 00
Horse equipments for cavalry, &c	40,000 00	100,000 00	40,000 00	40,000 00
Overhauling, &c., new ordnance stores at arsenals	20,000 00	30,000 00	20,000 00	20,000 00
Purchase of machine-guns for field service	.....	.....	20,000 00	20,000 00
Manufacture of arms at national armories	400,000 00	800,000 00	400,000 00	400,000 00
Manufacture of steel breech-loading rifled guns and carriages	.....	50,000 00	.....	.....
Expenses of United States testing machine	10,000 00	.....	.....	.....
Total for the Army	24,454,450 00	26,110,489 95	24,419,052 50	23,949,052 50

The following statement shows the amounts of the several Army appropriation acts for fiscal years 1870 to 1885, inclusive:

Years.	Amounts.	Years.	Amounts.
1870	$33,350,893 20	1879	25,503,486 00
1871	29,321,367 22	1880	26,788,300 00
1872	27,719,580 00	1881	26,425,800 00
1873	28,683,615 32	1882	26,687,800 00
1874	31,796,008 81	1883	27,258,000 00
1875	27,788,500 00	1884	24,681,250 00
1876	27,933,830 00	1885	24,454,450 00
1877	*25,987,167 90	1886 (as reported to the Senate)	23,949,052 50
1878	25,712,500 00		

*By the act of August 15, 1876, an appropriation of $1,634,700 additional to this amount was made to increase the cavalry force to aid in suppressing Indian hostilities.

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48TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 42.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

FEBRUARY 12, 1885.—Ordered to be printed.

Mr. HARRIS submitted the following

RESOLUTION:

Resolved, That after the call for concurrent and other resolutions has been concluded it shall be the duty of the President of the Senate to lay before the Senate, in their order, House bills on the calendar which have been favorably reported by a Senate committee, subject to the provisions of Rule 8, which shall continue until 1 o'clock each day until all of such bills shall have been considered.

Amendment proposed by Mr. Allison, viz: At the end of the resolution insert the following: *Provided that the pending order* (*S.* 1886) *shall not be interfered with.*

○

48TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. } SENATE. { MIS. DOC. No. 43.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

FEBRUARY 12, 1885.—Read, referred to the Committee on Privileges and Elections, and ordered to be printed.

[Forty-eighth Congress, second session.]

CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES,
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
February 11, 1885.

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That a committee of three members of the House of Representatives be appointed by the House, and two members of the Senate, to be appointed by that body, to wait on Grover Cleveland, of the State of New York, and to notify him that he has been duly elected President of the United States for four years, commencing with the 4th of March, 1885, and also to notify Thomas A. Hendricks, of the State of Indiana, that he has been duly elected Vice-President of the United States for four years, commencing with the 4th day of March, 1885.

Attest:

JNO. B. CLARK, JR., *Clerk.*

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48TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 44.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

FEBRUARY 12, 1885.—Referred to the Committee on Appropriations and ordered to be printed.

Mr. SHERMAN presented the following letters in relation to additional story to building at Columbus, Ohio, to accompany his amendment to bill (H. R. -) making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1886.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE SUPERVISING ARCHITECT,
January 22, 1885.

SIR: I have the honor to advise you that the plans for the public building now in course of construction, at Columbus, Ohio, call for a building two stories high, affording the greatest amonnt of accommodation possible within the present limit of cost. I am satisfied that the accommodation furnished is inadequate to the demands of the public service at Columbus, and that the interests of the Government would be best subserved by the addition of a third story to the building as at present designed. To do this an additional appropriation of $60,000 will be required. In order that work may proceed advantageously and economically, this additional appropriation should be made at the present session of Congress.

I have to request that this matter may be called to the attention of the chairman of the Committees on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and Senate.

Very respectfully,

M. E. BELL,
Supervising Architect.

Hon. HUGH MCCULLOCH,
Secretary of the Treasury.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,
Washington, D. C., January 22, 1885.

SIR: I have the honor to transmit herewith a communication of to-day's date, from the Supervising Architect of this Department, regarding the necessity of an additional appropriation of $60,000 to provide for the construction of a third story on the public building in course of construction at Columbus, Ohio.

I agree with the Supervising Architect as to the necessity of the construction of this additional story, and in my judgment an appropriation should be made therefor during the present session of Congress.

Very respectfully,

H. MCCULLOCH,
Secretary.

The SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, D. C.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,
Washington, D. C., February 11, 1885.

SIR: I have the honor to acknowledge receipt of yours of the 9th instant relative to an additional story to the public building at Columbus, Ohio.

I inclose herewith a copy of letter of January 22 last, from the Supervising Architect of this Department, which was forwarded to Congress with favorable recommendation by Department letter of same date. Copy also herewith.

Very respectfully,

H. MCCULLOCH,
Secretary.

Hon. JOHN SHERMAN,
United States Senate.

48TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. } SENATE. { MIS. DOC. No. 45.

LETTER

FROM

THE SECRETARY OF STATE,

TO THE

CHAIRMAN OF THE COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN RELATIONS.

REGARDING

Our trade relations with the several countries on this continent (except British North America).

FEBRUARY 13, 1885.—Referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations and ordered to be printed.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
Washington, February 12, 1885.

SIR: I have the honor to invite your attention to some commercial statistics submitted herein, showing our trade relations with the several countries on this continent, British North America excepted. These statistics and the subjoined considerations are suggested, in part, by a resolution introduced in the Senate by Mr. Morrill, of Vermont, on December 15, 1884, and read on the 7th ultimo, before the same honorable body, but which has not been adopted. This resolution appears to sum up the principal arguments brought forward in opposition to the conclusion of reciprocity treaties with "inferior nations." If not controverted it is calculated to excite the public fears by the assertion of inequalities so broadly made therein. A simple statement of statistics from facts may show the unproved character of the assertions that inequalities in wealth and population carry with them inequalities of trade, also, even under reciprocity.

Mr. Morrill's resolution reads as follows:

Whereas the legislature is the department of Government by which commerce should be regulated and laws of revenue passed; the Constitution in terms communicates the power to regulate commerce and to impose duties to that department. It communicates it in terms to no other. The representatives of the people, sitting in their legislative capacity, with open doors, under the eye of the country, communicating freely with their constituents, may exercise this power more intelligently, more discreetly, may acquire more accurate and more minute information concerning the employment and interests on which this description of measures will press, and may better discern what true policy prescribes or rejects, than is within the competence of the executive department of the Government; therefore,

Resolved, That so-called reciprocity treaties, having no possible basis of reciprocity with nations of inferior population and wealth, involving the surrender of enormously unequal sums of revenue, involving the surrender of immensely larger volumes of home trade than are offered to us in return, and involving constitutional questions of the gravest character, are untimely, and should everywhere be regarded with disfavor.

Waiving the constitutional questions involved in the negotiation of reciprocity treaties, and confining this communication to their commercial aspects and results, a survey of the field would seem to show that any increase of our trade with foreign countries, commensurate with our industrial development and requirements, especially in the matter of finding markets for our manufactures, can only come through our commercial relations with countries "inferior to us in population and wealth." Such countries, in fact, afford the only field for the development of natural resources and the consumption of foreign manufactures at the same time; and reciprocity treaties would seem to be the most effective medium through which such increase can be fostered. Further, it seems to me that such treaties are only profitable with such "inferior nations," as the simplest study of the trade conditions of the nations, our equal in wealth and population, will prove.

The few nations which are equal to the United States in wealth, population, and trade, are confined to Europe. As these nations, through abundance of capital and industrial appliances, not only supply their own wants in manufactures, for which we require foreign markets, but, through possession of the world's marts and perfect commercial communication, organized to the least detail, contribute in a large degree toward supplying the wants of the "inferior nations," it is not clear how we could enter into reciprocal trade relations therewith. The wants of Europe, in so far as we can supply the same, are confined chiefly to breadstuffs and provisions, cotton, kerosene, tobacco, timber, and other raw materials, of which the several nations already draw upon us for their principal supplies. As these nations are plethoric of manufactures, it is clear that if they could, even by reciprocity, purchase more of our products than they purchase at present, they would only do so by a reciprocity on our side which would admit their manufactures into the United States in larger quantities than they are admitted under existing conditions. But as we are seeking for enlarged foreign consumption for our manufactures, as well as for our raw materials, such "reciprocity" would be no reciprocity whatever, but would fully sustain the fears recited in the resolution, by "involving the surrender of enormously unequal sums of revenue and immensely larger volumes of home trade than would be offered to us."

It would seem, therefore, that we must look, if anywhere, to the nations "inferior to us in wealth and population" for any marked enlargement in our export trade.

A simple analysis of the conditions of our intercourse with such nations should dispel all fears in regard to "surrendering enormously unequal sums of revenue and immensely larger volumes of home trade than are offered to us."

It does not necessarily follow, because our markets are larger than any of the markets of the several nations "inferior to us in wealth and population," that under reciprocity treaties therewith we would have to surrender more revenue or any larger volumes of home trade than they would surrender to us.

Indeed, the main object of reciprocity treaties with "inferior nations" is the equalization of trade relations, to enable us to sell to such nations products and manufactures sufficient to equalize our imports therefrom, which is far from being the case at present.

It can be laid down as an economic axiom that the exports and the imports of the nations of the world "inferior to us in wealth and population"—and the more "inferior" they are the more applicable is this axiom—equalize each other. This fact alone should dispel any fears of

our having to "surrender enormously unequal sums of revenue, and immensely larger volumes of home trade than are offered to us" through reciprocity treaties with "inferior nations."

The following figures, bearing on this subject, are submitted as proofs of this axiom:

The total imports of the South American countries amount to $296.587,000, and their exports to $312,760,000—a difference of only $16,173,000 in this immense and diffused trade. Were exact figures obtainable there can be little doubt but that the imports and exports would be found of equivalent value.

The imports of the British West Indies, twenty-one islands, are estimated at $30,907,000, and the exports at $31,613,000.

The imports of Hayti and San Domingo amount to $7,742,000, and the exports to $9,654,000.

The imports of Mexico are estimated at $42,579,000, and the exports at $13,509,000. The exports of American productions and manufactures alone to Mexico during the year 1883 amounted to $14,371,000, or $862,000 more than the value of the total exports of that country.

The imports of Central America, British Honduras included, amount to $11,164,000, and the exports to $15,551,000.

The imports of Cuba and Porto Rico are estimated at $62,805,000, and the exports at $75,000,000.

The imports of the French West Indies are estimated at $11,903,000, and the exports at $13,384,000.

Summarizing the whole trade of the countries of the American continent (except the United States and British North America) we have: Imports, $463,687,000; exports, $471,471,000; leaving a difference of only $7,784,000.

This shows that the import and export trade of the "inferior nations" is in substantial equivalence, and in fact conforms to a well defined law of necessity, that any group of such nations must import very nearly the value of their exports, but cannot go beyond this with impunity.

The foregoing equilibrium being established, it does not appear how "reciprocity treaties" could stultify themselves by "involving the surrender of enormously unequal sums of revenue and immensely larger volumes of home trade than are offered to us in return." The sole aim of reciprocity treaties, it need hardly be said, is the removal of trade inequalities by special stipulations, so that, for concessions given we may receive equivalents, and in devising such equivalents, other considerations than customs revenue become factors in the problem. Reciprocity accomplishes this by guarding the carrying interests, and by protecting the consumer from enhanced price, for under treaty stipulations the imposition of burdensome duties on ships and export duties on the merchandise we favor can be forbidden.

In the absence of reciprocity treaties with any of the foregoing "inferior nations," our trade therewith stands as follows:

Imports therefrom, $170,488,000; exports thereto, $74,759,000, show a balance of trade against us of $95,729,000, which can only be equalized through reciprocity treaties in some form.

As our trade with Brazil and the Spanish West Indies shows the most pronounced inequalities, it is herewith taken for illustration in this connection:

Our imports from Brazil amount to $50,266,000, and our exports thither to only $8,695,000—nearly six to one against us.

Our imports from Cuba and Porto Rico amount to $64,092,000, and our exports thither to $13,135,000—nearly five to one against us.

The reciprocity treaty now before the Senate was prepared with a view to the equalization of our Spanish West Indian trade, and the amount of revenue surrendered through its adoption would necessarily imply a reduction in colonial revenue, approaching equality to our reduction as our exports thither increased. Besides, the nature of our exports, for the increase would occur chiefly in manufactures, would be of far greater trade-value, dollar for dollar, than the imports from the colonies, which would continue to be raw sugars and tobacco chiefly, articles which after importation would undergo manipulation enough to entitle them to rank as American manufactures.

Reciprocity is impossible unless associated in some form with the surrender of revenues on both sides, and the only question to be considered in this connection is whether the advantages gained, directly and indirectly, immediately and ultimately, are of more general importance than the loss of revenue which results from its adoption.

In the case of Cuba and Porto Rico, seeing that we already import more than three-fourths of their total exports, there does not seem to be much danger that reciprocity would "involve the surrender of immensely larger volumes of home trade than are offered to us in return;" on the contrary it would open a large field for the consumption of our products and manufactures, now closed to us and occupied by other nations, and the tendency would be toward equalization of the existing disparity.

While upon the question of surrendering revenue, for which we may be supposed to receive reciprocal consideration in the form of revenue also surrendered by the party to our treaty, as well as in the shape of an enlarged export trade, it may not be inappropriate to refer to the fact that the revenue surrendered to Brazil in the single article of coffee, without any reciprocal returns whatever, would, if the duty were then in force, have amounted to $10,500,000 for the year 1884. If in surrendering this large revenue we had concluded a treaty of reciprocity with Brazil, our exports to that Empire would now amount to from $30,000,000 to $40,000,000 per annum, composed principally of manufactures, instead of an annual export, as it is now, of $8,690,000, composed principally of natural products, while England and France export thereto manufactures to the annual value of $34,492,000 and $15,157,000, respectively.

Your attention may be here invited to the working of the reciprocity treaty with Hawaii, which may be taken as illustrative of what similar treaties would effect in our trade relations with the so-called "inferior nations."

The trade between the United States and Hawaii in 1876 and in 1884 was as follows:

Years.	Exports to Hawaii.	Imports from Hawaii.	Totals.
1876	$809,000	$1,383,000	$2,192,000
1884	3,523,000	7,926,000	11,449,000
Increase	2,714,000	6,543,000	9,257,000

Of the total commerce between the United States and Hawaii during the year 1884, about 95 per cent. was effected in American vessels, show-

ing that this trade, with all its profits, freights, insurance, commissions, &c., as well as the regular profits on the merchandise imported and the manufactures exported, is in American hands. In this connection it may be stated that the whole round of our trade relations presents no other such favorable conditions.

The latest Hawaiian returns at hand are for the calendar year 1883; according to these the total imports into the Kingdom amounted to $5,624,000. The imports of American goods admitted free under the reciprocity treaty amounted to $3,169,000.

The imports of Hawaii subject to duty amounted to $2,187,000, of which American goods constituted $813,000 and British goods $939,000.

The importation of free goods under the general treaty amounted to $267,000, in which American goods must have held their full share. It thus appears that out of a total import amounting to $5,624,000, American products and manufactures amount to $4,000,000.

The population of Hawaii is estimated at 70,000; our exports thither in 1884 amounted to $3,523,000; this shows a per capita consumption of American goods as they leave our ports of a fraction over $50.

The following statement shows the per capita consumption of American products and manufactures in the several countries on this continent, British North America excepted:

Countries.	Population.	Exports from the United States.	Amounts per capita.
Hawaii	70,000	$3,523,000	$50 00
Mexico	9,300,000	12,744,000	1 36½
Central America	2,600,000	3,608,000	1 36
United States of Colombia	3,000,000	6,380,000	2 09
Venezuela	2,075,000	2,427,000	1 17
The Guianas	295,320	2,306,000	7 82
Brazil	12,000,000	8,695,000	72½
Uruguay	500,000	1,368,000	2 74
Argentine Republic	2,500,000	5,075,000	2 03
Chili	2,500,000	3,267,000	1 31
Bolivia	2,000,000	.....	.....
Peru	2,700,000	1,071,000	40
Ecuador	1,000,000	629,000	63
Spanish West Indies	2,307,000	13,135,000	5 69
British West Indies	1,133,000	8,849,000	7 98½
French West Indies	384,000	1,821,000	4 75
Hayti	572,000	2,760,000	4 82
San Domingo	290,000	1,294,000	4 46
Total	45,216,320	75,389,000	1.668

In 1876 the consumption of American goods in Hawaii amounted to $12.66 per capita. The increase under the reciprocity treaty has, therefore, been $37.34 per capita.

It is not intended in this communication, even for illustrative purposes, to create the impression that any system of reciprocity treaties must produce such favorable results in the foregoing countries as has been produced in the case of Hawaii; although the stimulus which reciprocity treaties would give to the development of the resources of many of the smaller countries, and the consequent increase in the consumption of our products and manufactures, would, undoubtedly, result in a marked enlargement of the total volume of trade.

I may assume that a well devised system of reciprocity treaties with the foregoing countries would produce results at least one tenth as favorable as those produced under the Hawaiian treaty. This would give a consumption of $5 per capita (a per capita consumption exceeded at

present by the British and Spanish West Indies, and the Guianas, and nearly equaled by the French West Indies, Hayti, and San Domingo), which would give us an export trade amounting to $226,081,600, a gain on our present trade of $150,693,000.

Taking into further consideration the fact that of the total imports into the United States from the several countries under review, the goods entering free of duty amount to $75,882,000, against $94,814,000 subject to duty, it would seem as if the surrender of duty on our part would not equal that of the countries herein recited; neither does it appear to me that the home trade we would be called upon to surrender would be in "immensely larger volume than would be offered to us in return." Seeing that the trade which would be offered to us would be largely made up of manufactures, the benefits which would accrue would be simply what are contemplated in reciprocity treaties; that is, reciprocal.

The disparity in revenues surrendered is influenced by still another circumstance, growing out of the difference in the duties imposed in different countries. Sugar, for instance, in contrast with the general policy of treating raw materials with favor, is subject in the United States to a high duty.

The free admission into the United States of sugar to the value of one hundred millions releases more revenue than the free admission of one hundred millions of American manufactures into the several countries from which the sugar supply is derived; but, on the other hand, a reciprocity treaty prevents those countries from increasing their duties to the same proportion as the United States tariff.

The opening up of our markets to the natural products of the several countries would undoubtedly stimulate the development of their resources, as before asserted, but as this development would equally affect our exports thither, by creating markets therefor, and enabling and compelling the several countries to purchase more freely, as in the case of Hawaii, there need not be a single dollar or principle surrendered for which we would not receive much more than an equivalent.

It should be further borne in mind that any enlargement of our commerce under a system of reciprocity treaties would also stimulate our ship-building and shipping interests, for the special stipulations which would be advantageous to our general commerce would apply with equal advantage to our carrying trade. As in the case of Hawaii, our trade fostered and developed by reciprocity treaties would be largely in American hands, in the buying and selling, in the handling and shipping, as well as in the production and manufacture thereof—and it should be remembered that in international trade the handling, carrying, and shipping are secondary only to production, manufacture, and preparation—indeed, it may be questioned whether the commissionmen, handlers, and ocean carriers do not realize as much thereon as the producers.

I have thus sought to point out the impracticability of entering into reciprocal commercial interchanges with nations our equal in population and wealth, for the reason that the principal desire of such nations is to find markets for their manufactures, and that, at the best, they could only offer, even under the most favorable reciprocity treaties, a very little larger field for our natural products than their necessities give us under present conditions, in return for our surrender of revenue and home trade to make room for their manufactures.

On the other hand, all accessible conditions show that the nations which are inferior to us in population and wealth are those which can offer us new fields for the enlargement of our commerce through reci-

procity treaties, and that without such treaties we cannot hope for enlargement sufficient to relieve our over-production, no matter what efforts we put forth in other ways.

The question may be thus summed up:

Our markets are necessary for the consumption of the products of "inferior nations," indeed, are natural markets therefor. Their markets are necessary for the consumption of our manufactures, are equally natural markets therefor. Certain artificial conditions intervene which turn these trade channels from their natural courses and prevent free interchange, to the mutual loss of the nations concerned and the disarrangement of the commerce of a continent.

The rational conclusion is that a balance can only be restored by reciprocity treaties.

There is scarcely a product of the countries under consideration that cannot be consumed in the United States; indeed, some of their leading products can only find a profitable market in the United States.

The principal portion of the sugar and coffee products already comes to the United States. The development of the beet-root industry in Europe has reached that stage where it not only supplies home demand in many cases, but the product is being already exported. England is therefore the only market of consequence left in Europe for the import of American sugars.

Notwithstanding our high tariff on sugars as contrasted with admission thereof into England, the sugar imports from this continent into England amount to only $25,000,000 against $83,000,000 imported into the United States.

Our total imports from the countries under review amount to $170,488,000 against $116,182,000 and $115,867,000 as imported into England and France respectively. Our total exports to the same countries amount to only $74,759,000 against $127,788,000 and $84,929,000 from England and France respectively.

The balance of trade is against us to the amount of $95,729,000; against France to the amount of $30,938,000, and in favor of England to the amount of $11,606,000. The balance of trade against France is due to the large imports of wool and hides from the Argentine Republic. As these two articles enter into the leading manufactures of France the balance of trade here noted is of a profitable rather than of an unprofitable character.

The condition of our trade with this continent, as here cursorily reviewed, would seem to call for speedy adjustment. To my mind, the revenue collected on the imports from these several countries would be more than counterbalanced by even an increase in our exports thereto sufficient to bring them up to the English exports, and if such increase could be brought about by reciprocity it seems to me that the inauguration of a system of treaties to that end is worthy the immediate consideration of Congress.

The resources of the countries with which such treaties may be concluded are practically without limit, and their governments and people are fully alive to this fact. It follows that the superior nation which aids in such development can monopolize the greater portion of the import trade of each and all.

As before stated, the United States can consume, with profit to its industries, almost the entire product for export of these countries, the principal products being necessary to our industries, and secure for itself a large portion of the imports thereinto.

To attain such a consummation some revenue will have to be sur-

rendered, and, perhaps, some home trade displaced; but for every dollar of revenue surrendered, and for every dollar's worth of home trade displaced, we will receive equivalent in our enlarged exports, and the impetus given to our various industries from the field to the factory and from the foundry to the ship-yard.

I have the honor to be, sir, your obedient servant,

FRED'K T. FRELINGHUYSEN.

Hon. JOHN F. MILLER,
Chairman Committee on Foreign Relations.

48TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 46.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

FEBRUARY 13, 1885.—Ordered to be printed.

Mr. HARRIS submitted the following

NOTICE AND RESOLUTION:

I give notice that on to-morrow I will move to suspend, during the remainder of the present session of the Senate, that part of the eighth standing rule of the Senate which provides that—

The Senate will proceed to the consideration of the calendar of bills and resolutions, and continue such consideration until 2 o'clock.

And that the following be ordered for said remainder of said session:

The Senate will proceed to the consideration, in their order, of House bills and resolutions on the calendar favorably reported by a Senate committee, and continue such consideration until 1 o'clock each day, until all of such bills and resolutions have been considered.

Resolved, That that part of the eighth standing rule of the Senate which provides that "the Senate will proceed to the consideration of the calendar of bills and resolutions, and continue such consideration until 2 o'clock," be suspended during the remainder of the present session of the Senate.

And that the following be ordered for said remainder of said session:

The Senate will proceed to the consideration, in their order, of House bills and resolutions on the calendar favorably reported by a Senate committee, and continue such consideration until 1 o'clock each day, until all of such bills and resolutions have been considered.

NOTICE BY MR. ALLISON.

Amendment proposed by Mr. Allison, viz: At the end of the resolution insert the following: *Provided that the pending order (S. 1886) shall not be interfered with.*

O

Calendar No. 1236.

48TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. } SENATE. { MIS. DOC. No. 47.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

FEBRUARY 13, 1885.—Placed on the Calendar and ordered to be printed.

Mr. HOAR, from the Committee on Privileges and Elections, reported the following

RESOLUTION:

Resolved, That there be allowed and paid from the contingent fund of the Senate to George E. Spencer, formerly a Senator from the State of Alabama, the sum of seven thousand one hundred and thirty-two dollars, being the amount actually and necessarily expended by him in maintaining his title to his seat.

O

48TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. } SENATE. { MIS. DOC. No. 48.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

FEBRUARY 19, 1885.—Ordered to be printed.

Mr. MORGAN submitted the following

RESOLUTION:

Resolved, That the Commissioners of the District of Columbia be directed to immediately inform the Senate of the causes that have prevented them from complying with the resolutions of the Senate, adopted on the 24th June, 1884, relating to the taxes collected from 1875 to 1884, and to receipts and disbursements on account of the water department, or water fund, for each year from 1875 to 1884.

48TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. } SENATE. { MIS. DOC. No. 49.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

FEBRUARY 20, 1885.—Referred to the Committee to Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses of the Senate and ordered to be printed.

Mr. HOAR submitted the following

RESOLUTION:

Resolved, That there be allowed and paid from the contingent fund of the Senate to George E. Spencer, formerly a Senator from the State of Alabama, the sum of $7,132, being the amount actually and necessarily expended by him in maintaining his title to his seat.

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)ONGRESS, } SENATE. { MIS. DOC.
Session. } { No. 50.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

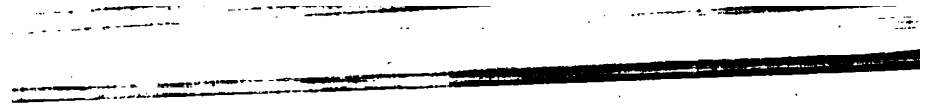
FEBRUARY 20, 1885.—Ordered to be printed.

Mr. LAPHAM submitted the following

RESOLUTION:

)lved, That there be allowed and paid out of the contingent fund
Senate, to Abia E. Underwood, executrix of the last will and
ıent of Maria G. Underwood, administratrix of John C. Under-
deceased, the sum of $5,000, in full compensation for the time
ɪpenses of the said John C. Underwood in prosecuting his claim
ɔat in the Senate as a Senator from the State of Virginia.

C



rH CONGRESS, 2d Session. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 51.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

BRUARY 20, 1885.—Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary and ordered to be printed.

tition of members of the bar of the State of Missouri for the appointment of a committe of Congress, or a commission outside of that body, to prepare a code of procedure for all Federal tribunals of every kind and jurisdiction.

) THE CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES:

The undersigned respectfully ask that a committee of Congress, or a mmission outside of that body, be appointed to prepare a code of prolure for all Federal tribunals of every kind and jurisdiction.

That Congress invite and provide for the voluntary co-operation of e several States and Territories in the work of the committee or comssion, and accompany such action with the declaration that, for the rpose of aiding in unifying and simplifying the practice and judicial ministration of law throughout the United States, it proposes to enact ch a code as will be most likely to meet the needs and wishes of the hole country, and then to compel its use in all courts subject to its thority; all with a view to its voluntary adoption by each of the ates and Territories.

In support hereof we respectfully refer to the memorial hereto atched.

SAML. B. GORDON.
FRANK J. DONOVAN.
CHESTER H. KRUM.
JAMES J. LINDLEY.
GEO. D. REYNOLDS.
R. S. MACDONALD.
PETER E. BLAND.
SEYMOUR D. THOMPSON.
R. GRAHAM FROST.
E. O. STANARD.
SILAS BENT.
NATHAN COLE.
GEO. A. MADELL.
B. GRATZ BROWN.
HENRY T. KENT.

Unification and simplification of legal practice.

f the practice and proceedings in all the courts of this country were the same; if y were, *in all the classes* of cases in each of these courts, as *nearly* the same as the ure of the proceedings would permit; and if, in addition, this uniform method of cedure were simplified to the wisest point of practical reform, the labor of lawyers learning practice and of both bench and bar in settling questions of practice uld be greatly lessened, because every lawyer, if he engages in business in various isdictions, must now learn several complicated systems, when he would then learn ly this one uniform and simplified practice; which, under the concentrated labors the bench and bar, of the whole country, would soon be cleared of ambiguity and come as nearly fixed and perfect as is permitted to human institutions to be; so at the works on practice and the books of reports, thus being divested largely of estions of practice, would then shrink to reasonable dimensions. This saving in ne, labor, and expense to the courts and to attorneys would inure to the immediate

benefit of litigants in a speedier, less costly and more satisfactory decision of their controversies.

But, there being no one legislative authority competent to prescribe a code of procedure and compel its use in all the Federal, State, and Territorial courts, such uniformity can be secured only by obtaining for it, as a reasonable improvement in the personal interests of the people, the approval of a majority in the several legislative bodies of the country and their favorable action thereon.

As a practical method of effecting this unification and simplification of legal practice in the entire country, it is proposed—

That Congress appoint a committee of its own members, or a commission outside of that body, to prepare a code of procedure for all Federal tribunals of every kind and jurisdiction, and invite and provide for the voluntary co-operation of the several States and Territories in the work of the commission; that Congress accompany such action by the declaration that, for the purpose of unifying and simplifying the judicial administration of law throughout the United States, it purposes to enact such a code as will be most likely to meet the needs and wishes of the whole country, and then to compel its use in all courts subject to its authority; all with the view to its voluntary adoption by each of the States and Territories.

The commission having prepared a Federal code of procedure, and Congress having made it the rule of action in all Federal courts, Federal authority could go no further in securing the desired end; but, so much wisely done, would secure the rest; and within a reasonably short time every State and Territory in the Union would, in its own interest, adopt it as its own. Public opinion tends strongly in that direction. Already the public judgment of a majority has been expressed in favor of such a simplified and unified code. It has already been adopted by eighteen States and by seven of the eight Territories. In substance and general methods these codes are the same and would almost to a certainty be the framework and model of the new Federal code, and thus would be secured in advance its adoption by twenty-five of the forty-six States and Territories. Add to this the influence of its compulsory use in all Federal courts in the non-code as well as in the code States and Territories as herein proposed, and no State or Territory could long withstand the demand of its people, both the bar and laity, to be placed in line with the rest.

But while the fundamental ideas, and, indeed, the salient provisions of these codes are the same, lack of concert of action in carrying them into detail has led to a diversity of form in many instances where the substance is the same, which diversity would mainly disappear when uniformity should become, as it then would, a common end sought by all. Absolute sameness in all details, could, perhaps, never be obtained in all jurisdictions, nor is it essential.

To the members of the legal profession nothing need be added to the brief statement already made to secure their assent to the desirableness of a simpler and more uniform practice. It must have occurred to all this absolute waste of educated labor is too great to longer escape attention and an effort for a remedy. There is constantly forced on the attention of each one the great disproportion in legal literature between the amount devoted to the exposition of legal principles and that required to settle the practice. In the law library at Saint Louis, Mo., which may be rightly assumed to be an average sample of law libraries and of legal literature in general, there are a few more than thirteen thousand volumes. Of these about twenty-seven hundred volumes are reports and other expositions of foreign laws; about 10,300 volumes are devoted to American law, and are divided as follows: On practice in the Federal and State courts, 180 volumes; Federal, State, and territorial reports, 3,629 volumes; digests, 362 volumes.

Some of these reports are exclusively Practice reports, and all are largely filled with discussions and decisions on practice. If it be assumed, as is believed to be correct, that one-third of the reports and digests are devoted to practice, we have, with 180 volumes on practice, a total of 1,510 volumes devoted to American practice out of a total of 10,282 volumes on American law. This large number is beyond its due proportion to meet the necessities of this branch of legal learning. The waste of labor shown by this disproportion in legal literature is a fair index of similar waste on the part of both bench and bar in the whole routine of practice. The time has arrived when the public judgment, both in and out of the profession, if it does not demand, will, at least, sustain an organized effort throughout the United States, to systematize legal labor, and, by a general movement, to discard cumbrous forms and methods and replace them with others that have the simplicity and directness of adaptation of means to ends that characterize modern labor, and thereby to make judicial administration the best possible means for the speedy and just decision of legal controversites.

Such a reform will, in the natural course of things and of necessity, be followed by a codification, little by little perhaps, of the great body of the law. To simplify forms and systematize administrative labor will crystallize principles into codes.

The substance of the suggestion herein made is to enable the States to indirectly prescribe their own system of legal proceeding for the Federal courts. Congress has

already, in section 914, United States Revised Statutes, requiring Federal courts in each State to use that State's practice, expressed its willingness to co-operate to that end; and the Supreme Court of the United States (91 U. S. 441), in commenting on this section, says: "The purpose of the provision is apparent on its face. It was to bring about uniformity in the law of procedure in the Federal and State courts of the same locality. It had its origin in the code enactments of many of the States. While in the Federal tribunals the common-law pleadings, forms, and practices were adhered to, in the State courts of the same district the simpler forms of the local code prevailed. This involved the necessity on the part of the bar of studyng two distinct systems of remedial law, and of practicing according to the wholly dissimilar requirements of both. The inconvenience of such a state of things is obvious. The evil was a serious one. It was the aim of the provision in question to remove it."

A majority of the States and Territories, as we have already seen, Congress, and the Federal judiciary are at one on this subject. It needs only that they act in concert. But it is a voluntary combination, and any dissenting State would be then, as now, free to retain its own peculiar practice.

Soon, much sooner than may now seem possible, the practical good sense of this active people would evolve from the complicated methods of the past a simple method composed of the excellences of all; and, from the brief and comprehensive rules of code pleading, would come forth a system quite as rational and far more easily applied than even the common-law system is claimed to be.

SAM'L B. GORDON,
Saint Louis, Missouri.

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48TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. } SENATE. { MIS. DOC. No. 52.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

FEBRUARY 24, 1885.—Ordered to be printed.

Mr. HILL submitted the following

RESOLUTION:

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Interior be directed to furnish the Senate copies of the reports of special agent of the Land Department, Wilson T. Smith, with accompanying affidavits and papers sent to the Commissioner of the General Land Office in August and September, 1883, which reports, affidavits, and papers referred to the illegal timber-land entries and fraudulent issuance of titles under the act of June 3, 1878, in the Humboldt land district, California, said entries being confined to townships 8, 9, 10, 11, and 12 north, ranges 1 and 2 east, Humboldt meridian, and townships 7 north, range 2 east, and 13 north, range 1 east, Humboldt meridian, and embracing over 100,000 acres of redwood timber land; also copies of the reports of Special Agents George D. Orner and W. H. Goucher, of the Land Department, sent to the Secretary of the Interior and Commissioner of the General Land Office, which refer to the same illegal timber-land entries in Humboldt County, California, and inform the Senate what action has been taken by the Commissioner and Secretary of the Interior as to the cancellation of the illegal timber-land entries in the above-described townships; and if any patents have been issued by the Commissioner since June 1, 1883, under the act of June 3, 1878, for timber lands in the above-enumerated townships, to give the date of their issuance, name of entrymen, and description of land.

rH CONGRESS, 2d Session. } SENATE. { MIS. DOC. No. 53.

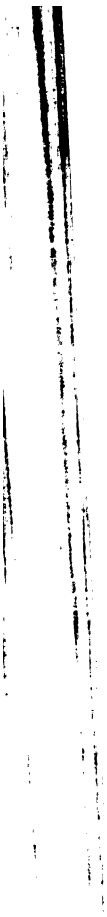
IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

FEBRUARY 24, 1885.—Ordered to be printed.

Mr. ALLISON submitted the following

RESOLUTION:

Ordered, That during the remainder of the present session of the nate it shall be in order to move at any time that debate on any endment, or all amendments, to any appropriation bill then before Senate be limited to five minutes for each Senator, and that no nator shall speak more than once on the same amendment in form or bstance. The question on such motion shall be determined without bate.



8TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 54.

MEMORIAL

OF

THE LOYAL CREEK INDIANS

WITH REFERENCE TO

The awards made to those Creeks who enlisted in the Federal Army, loyal refugees and freedmen, and asking the action of Congress upon that subject.

FEBRUARY 24, 1885.—Referred to the Committee on Indian Affairs and ordered to be printed.

To the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled:

The undersigned, loyal Creek Indians of the Creek Nation, are charged by those loyal Creeks who enlisted in the Federal Army, loyal refugees and freedmen, with the duty of presenting and urging upon the attention of Congress the claim of those individuals against the United States, by virtue of an award made to them by a commission composed of the agent of the Creeks and the superintendent of Indian affairs for the Southern superintendency, which award was duly approved by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs and the Secretary of the Interior. To accomplish that object, we beg leave to present this memorial, and thus respectfully, but earnestly, urge Congress to pay said awards and thereby not only do that justice promised by our treaties, but relieve our people and enable them to pursue their efforts of civilization and progress.

A short history of the Creek Nation becomes necessary to show the reasons for their views, to explain their conduct, and to show the security they felt in the treaty of 1856, that the legality of the claim shall be beyond controversy, and its equity be startlingly apparent.

While the Creek Nation was in Alabama it was divided into two bands and known as the Upper and Lower Creeks, but better known among the nation as the McIntosh and Ho-po-thle-ya ho-la bands. In the war of 1814 the McIntosh band joined the forces of the United States, and fought and conquered the Ho-po-thle-ya-ho-la band. At that time our nation was comparatively uncivilized, with no property save ponies and huts. Yet at the conclusion of that war the Congress of the United States paid the individuals of the McIntosh band $195,000 for the loss of property, which they sustained by reason of their joining the forces of the United States and making war upon the Ho-po-thle-ya-ho-la band; this, too, without any treaty stipulations requiring it. Our nation subsequently removed to their present locality. In the traditionary history of all their councils it is clearly shown that the subject which engaged their attention most was how to obtain guarantees from the United States for protection against domestic violence

upon them, committed by Indians.

The last clause of this article brings the Indians within the diction of the act of June 30, 1834, known as the intercourse law. law provides, in substance, that where a white person shall hav property stolen or destroyed by an Indian, such white person sha ceive full pay therefor out of the annuities of the nation of India which the Indian or Indians belong who stole or destroyed the erty; but if they have no annuity, then out of the Treasury o United States.

If, then, upon this principle and this rule the United States agre pay this indemnity to the Creeks and Seminoles, it must be paid o the Treasury of the United States. Or, if our people are to come u sections 2154 and 2155 of the Revised Statutes (compiled section of 1834), still it must be paid out of the Treasury of the United St For those sections provide, in substance, that where a white p shall be convicted of the commission of any offense against an In he shall be sentenced to pay double the value of any property s or destroyed; and if the person cannot be convicted the individu dian whose property has been stolen or destroyed shall receive therefor out of the Treasury of the United States. But such ind nal Indian shall not receive pay for such losses if he or any memb the tribe to which he belongs has committed any act of reven which his misfortune was the result. Those Creeks who enlisted i Federal Army, loyal refugees and freedmen, are clearly entitled t demnity within the provisions of these sections, for they lost property mostly by those white persons whose cause they have espo as will more clearly appear hereafter, none of the nation having mitted any act of hostility against the whites for revenge.

In 1861, contrary to the treaty stipulations, the United States drew all protection from the Creeks, and to obtain that protection w the United States had guaranteed, a part of the Creek Nation tre with the so-called Southern Confederacy; and this, too, was the M tosh band, which, in the war of 1814, joined their fortunes with the U States against the Ho-po-thle-ya-ho-la band, while the Ho-po-thl ho-la band, relying in good faith upon the guarantees of their t

e belief that the Indians will readily continue their dependence upon the United ates when persuaded that the Goverment is still maintained, and that it will not ıly give them all necessary protection, but faithfully perform all its treaties with ıem, and as soon as its agents can be established in their midst will in good faith conane their annuities; upon which last point especially you are requested to give them ıe strongest assurances. It is particularly desired that this belief should be impressed pon their minds in the most effectual manner, so that upon their return to their ·ibes they may report the facts. And it is believed that by this means the falsehood nd deception practiced upon them by the agents of the rebellious States may be sucessfully exposed. You will, of course, understand the importance of having this romptly done, because, if it is not, these deluded people may be induced to join the onfederate forces and take up arms against the United States. The President's conciousness of this fact has prompted him to indicate you as the most suitable person) do this; an opinion in which I fully concur. (See report of the Commissioner of ndian Affairs for the year of 1861, page —.)

Also the following:

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
OFFICE OF INDIAN AFFAIRS,
June 5, 1862.

SIR: I return herewith a resolution adopted by the House of Representatives, in ıe following words, calling for information from you relative to the Southern Refugee ıdians who are now in Kansas; which resolution was, on the 29th instant, referred y you to this office for the information sought.

I cannot, perhaps, better give the information desired than by reporting the action ' this office more or less in detail. On the 9th day of January last I received inırmation that the disloyal Indians in the territory west of Arkansas, aided by a conderable force of white troops from Texas and Arkansas, had attacked the Union or ıyal Indians of that territory.

The Union Indians, as nearly as I could ascertain, were composed of three-fourths f the Creeks, one-half or two-thirds of the Seminoles, and members from all other ·ibes in said Territory, except, perhaps, the Choctaws and Chickasaws, of whom very ıw, if any, adhered to the Government.

Notwithstanding the abandonment of all the forts of the Territory by the United tates troops, and treachery of the superintendent and agents first appointed by the resent administration, these Indians stood firmly to their treaty obligations with ıe United States, and under the renowned Ho po-thle-ya-ho-la met their opponents pon the battle-field. Twice they succeeded in repulsing the combined forces of whites nd Indians arrayed against them, but in the third battle, which took place early in anuary last, they were defeated and compelled to flee from the country with their ımilies, leaving everything in the way of property that would impede their flight. hey reached Kansas about the middle of that month. When in December last, and revious to any knowledge of their defeat, I learned of the noble struggle then being ıade by Ho-po-thle-ya-ho-la and the Creeks, Seminoles, and other Indians under im. I renewed through you my application to the War Department for troops ır their relief, which resulted in authority being given to General Hunter to organe and arm four thousand loyal Indians, to accompany the expedition then proposed o be sent into the Indian country under General Lane. On the 3d day of January ast I received your communication (copy herewith marked A), authorizing me to ssist General Hunter in the organization of these Indians. After advising with the 'resident and yourself I proceeded to Fort Leavenworth, in Kansas, which point I eached late in January last.

On my arrival I was informed by General Hunter that Ho-po-thle-ya-ho-la had been lefeated, and was, with five or six thousand of his people, in Southern Kansas in a nost deplorable condition—men, women, and children naked, starving, and without ıelter. Numbers of them had been wounded in battle, and very many being barefooted, and otherwise exposed, were badly frozen. The sick and feeble, the dead and lying, were scattered along their route for a hundred miles or more. I had no information until I reached Kansas of these disasters.

On the 6th day of February I received a communication from General Hunter, with ccompanying documents (copies herewith marked B, C, D), advising me that he ould only supply the people with provisions temporarily; that the provisions made by the officers under his command for their support would be exhausted by the 15th lay of February, and from that time I would be expected to make provision for them. I could but feel that the responsibility was great. The numbers had been accumulatng, until it was estimated that they amounted to eight thousand to be provided for, nd these lying upon the ground, which was covered with snow and ice; and the weather intensely cold. General Hunter advised me that he had no authority to furnish them clothing, but that Superintendent Coffin, acting under his advice, had purchased some $10,000 worth of blankets and other necessaries. It will be seen that

this purchase amounted to no more than $1.25 to $1.50 for each person, and left them about as destitute as before. They were, therefore, not only to be fed, but also clothed. I had no funds applicable to the purpose, and was powerless to relieve them except by purchases made on the faith of an appropriation to be at the discretion of Congress. The superintendent was in Southern Kansas, so that I could not consult or reach him with instructions as to the immediate wants of the Indians. I therefore appointed Dr. William Kile, of Illinois, who, being commissioned by the President to act upon General Lane's staff, was then in Kansas, and had been detailed by that officer as brigade quartermaster, as a special agent to act temporarily in supplying the necessities of these wards of the Government (see copy of instructions herewith, marked E). On the same day I telegraphed to you as follows: "C. B. Smith, Secretary of the Interior: Six thousand Indians driven out of Indian Territory naked and starving. General Hunter will only feed them until 15th. Shall I take care of them on the faith of an appropriation?" To which I received the following reply: "Go on and supply the destitute Indians. Congress will supply the means. War Department will not organize them." I was also advised by you that difficulties had arisen in the way of organizing Indians into the Army; that General Lane's expedition had been countermanded, but that it was not expected that it would be abandoned, but would go forward under command of General Hunter, with whom I arranged verbally for the protection of the Indians to their homes whenever it should proceed.

On my return to Washington I advised you fully as to the condition of these people, and then learned that Congress had authorized the application of their annuities to their relief. Still, being anxious that they should immediately return to their homes, in order to plant crops in season for their support during the coming year, I again, with your hearty concurrence, urged upon the War Department the propriety of arming a home guard of Indians, who, with a sufficient escort of white troops, should return with these people to their homes and protect them there while raising a crop. This resulted in an order from the War Department to General Halleck, directing him to detail two regiments of white troops to accompany two thousand Indians, to be armed for the purpose above stated. I also obtained an order upon the commandant at Fort Leavenworth for two thousand rifles, and suitable ammunition to arm the two thousand Indian home guards. That there might be no delay in the execution of these orders, Judge Steele was appointed a special messenger to bear them to their destination. What action was taken by General Halleck, under the order delivered to him, I am unable to say. The order for the rifles and ammunition was honored at Leavenworth, and on the 16th of April they were delivered to the superintendent in Southern Kansas.

For some time but little was heard of the expedition, but on the 16th day of May I received a communication from Colonel Furnas, of the First Indian Regiment, inclosing an order issued by General Sturgis, for the arrest of all officers and others engaged in executing the order of the War Department relating to Indian home guards. I mention these particulars to show that I had reason to consider these people as only temporarily in Kansas, and to expect from week to week that they would be on their way home.

After the order to arrest the officers engaged in organizing the Indian home guards, the changes in the command of the Kansas millitary department were so rapid that I have been unable to keep pace with the proceedings; but, from the best information I have, I believe the expedition, if not already started, will soon be en route for its destination.

Superintendent Coffin estimates the per diem expense of subsisting these Indians at 15 cents each. An estimate furnished to me by Captain Turner, chief of the commissary department at Fort Leavenworth, was the basis of my instructions to Agent Kile and Superintendent Coffin. (In this connection, see paper marked F.) Learning that Mr. Collamore was in this city, and had recently visited these Indians and made careful investigation as to their number and condition, and believing that information derived from him would be reliable, as at the commencement of the rebellion he was selected as State agent and quartermaster, to provide subsistence and forage for the Kansas troops, I have procured from him a report of the numbers and the various tribes comprising these refugees, and his estimate of the cost of clothing and subsistence necessary for a given time, a copy of which is herewith, marked G. I have no means other than the estimates to even approximate the daily expense of feeding and clothing these Indians. Some $25,000 of accounts for purchases have been forwarded here, examined, and paid. From $50,000 to $55,000 have been forwarded to Superintendent Coffin, but no account of his disbursements has yet reached me, though I learn by telegraph that his accounts for the past quarter are on the way. I have, as instructed by you, ordered the accounts for the present quarter to be forwarded to this office for examination before payment.

Special Agent Kile is still employed under his original instructions, as I have seen no reason to change them, and do not know what day the removal of the Indians will enable me to dispense with his services.

For your information I will state the mode of distributing the articles purchased, whether of clothing or provisions. Agent Kile makes no disbursements but turns over to Superintendent Coffin all purchases, taking his receipt therefor. No claims or account is allowed except such as are certified by Agent Kile and Superintendent Coffin. Mr. Culter, of Kansas, agent for the Creeks, Mr. Coleman, of Indiana, agent for the Choctaws and Chickasaws, Mr. Chatterton, of Illinios, agent for the Cherokees, Mr. Shaw, of Indiana, agent for the Seminoles, and Mr. Carruth, of Kansas, agent for the Wichitas, are upon the ground, acting as commissaries for their respective tribes, and to them the goods are delivered for distribution by Superintendent Coffin, he taking their receipts for the same. When funds are in the hands of Superintendent Coffin he may pay accounts; otherwise they are forwarded to the office for adjustment; and in this connection it is proper to state that all expenses incident to the support and relief of these Indians are paid from their annuities, under authority of the act of Congress above mentioned.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

WM. P. DOLE,
Commissioner.

Hon. C. B. SMITH,
Secretary of the Interior.

During the entire war none of the annuities were paid for any purpose designated by treaty, but all their annuities, with those of other Indian nations, were gathered into one vast sum and used for the purpose of feeding and clothing refugees from the Indian country. The Indians were poorly clothed and poorly fed, but they bore this without complaint. All that was done with reference to the diversion of annuities from 1861 to 1866, inclusive, was done without authority of treaty, and had to be remedied by treaty, which was made in 1866. The Creeks had been in their country for a long time, and in lieu of being uncivilized they were comparatively civilized. They had good houses, large farms, inclosed with good fences; they had immense herds of cattle and horses, and all the comforts and many of the luxuries of civilized life. They could have gone with the McIntosh band and saved all their property; but they chose obedience to their treaty obligations and loyalty to that Government which had guaranteed protection to them and indemnity for all losses of property which they might sustain by so doing. Remembering that the individuals of the McIntosh band were indemnified for their losses when they joined the United States against the Ho-po-thle-ya-ho-la band, when no law or treaty required it, they felt doubly secure when a positive treaty obligated the United States to do for the Ho-po-thle-ya-ho la band in this case that which they voluntarily did in 1814 for the McIntosh band.

Our houses were burned, our fences destroyed, and our fields laid waste by those who were hostile to us for going north, and our vast herds of cattle and horses were stolen and taken north and sold to feed and supply the Army of the United States, and to cattle-brokers to speculate upon our misfortunes. So extensive did this matter become that to read the report of Superintendent Sells, made to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs in 1865, you must conclude that in order to be respectable in those days men had to steal some Indian cattle. In that report he estimates the value of cattle stolen out of the Indian country and taken to be $4,500,000. With this amount of property stolen (although we know he did not approximate to the value of the property which was taken north) and with the vast sum of annuities which were diverted during the six years, it became necessary that some settlement should be made to do justice to the loyal Indians, &c.

The expedient of a treaty was resorted to, and in 1866 our nation was requested to meet a commission of the United States for the purpose of making a new treaty. Those who had been south had returned; they were the most learned and sagacious in all such matters; they were sus-

picious of wrong-doing and sensitive for the welfare of the whole nation, but their counsels and protests were unheeded by the commissioners of the United States, while those who had been loyal to their treaty stipulations, and had been in the Army of the United States, confiding implicitly in the good faith of the United States, selected three delegates to represent them in the council to make a new treaty—three men, neither of whom could speak one word of English, and for an interpreter a freedman who could neither read nor write. Under these circumstances and with these delegates the treaty of 1866 was made and explained and signed. They forced us to sell nearly one-half of our national domain for less than half per acre than was paid the Cherokees and Osages for land not half as good. When it was discovered a wrong had been committed against the Osages the whole power of the Government was brought into requisition to do them full justice, but not so with the loyal Creek Indians. The $100,000 to be paid to those who enlisted in the Federal Army, loyal refugees and freedmen, "proportionate to their losses," was explained to them to mean that it was only a payment in part; and the fourth article was explained to them to mean a manner by which their losses could be ascertained, and that they should be paid in full; that the eleventh article provided only a settlement of any controversy which might arise with reference to the annuities which had been diverted, or any kindred national claim; and that article 14 confirmed all their rights under article 18 of the treaty of 1856; under these circumstances they signed that treaty of 1866. Under article 4 of the treaty of 1866, the United States agent of the nation and the superintendent of Indian affairs for the southern superintendency made the investigation of the losses of the loyal Creek Indians. Those who had lost filed a statement of the precise property lost and its value, under oath, with these two officers. The amount of claims thus filed amounted to over $5,000,000, the agent and superintendent acting as a commission on the part of the United States.

After a careful scrutiny of each claim an award was made of the amount due each individual, the aggregate of which was $1,900,000. These awards were approved by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs and the Secretary of the Interior, and are now on file in the Department of the Interior. About 5 per cent. of this amount has been paid. The balance remains unpaid.

That the Ho-po-thle-ya-ho-la band of the Creek Nation were loyal to the United States is not denied; that they lost $1,900,000 is the verdict of a Commission composed of United States officers, and that verdict is approved by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs and the Secretary of the Interior. The United States owe these individuals that sum of money, or the treaty of 1866 was made to protect the respectable thieves (as Superintendent Sells calls them in his report of 1865), and to leave these Indians in poverty and distress because they were Indians. The young men of the Ho-po-thle-ya-ho-la band joined the Federal Army, not as scouts or Indians, but as soldiers, and did valiant service, many of them giving their lives to the cause. They were swindled out of most of their bounty and first payment of their pension by an agent of the United States, but no reparation is made to the soldier, or widow, or orphan.

This award is in no sense a national claim, but an individual claim of the "party or parties" referred to in Article 18 of the treaty of 1856, and there is nothing in the treaty of 1866 with which it conflicts. That their claim is legal there can be no question; that all the equity is with them is beyond the shadow of a doubt. Their poverty in consequence

of their losses is more than oppressive; civilization has been retarded for years, and they almost look upon their present condition as a penalty for their loyalty. Therefore we ask in their behalf your early and favorable action upon the subject, and a settlement of the whole matter. We beg at your hands action upon this matter now, that the suffering of those who have lost may be relieved, and that the claim may not lie dormant for years, until the real sufferers are dead, and the claim, like many others similar to it, will be met with the complaint that it has become stale and therefore cannot be considered.

Finally, at the close of the late war, and before the treaty of 1866 was made, the United States was obligated by treaty to pay to the "party or parties" whatever they had lost by the "aggression of other Indians and white persons." By the "aggressions of other Indians and white persons" the Ho-po-thle-ya-ho-la band of the Creek Nation lost houses, their fences, and their farming implements; by the aggression of white men from Kansas and other border States they lost their vast herds of cattle and horses, and the United States had agreed to pay them by article 18 of the treaty of 1856, and in which these Indians felt perfect security. Those individuals of the Ho-po-thle-ya-ho-la band of Indians had a vested right in that contract which could not have been treated away without their consent or the full payment. The treaty of 1866 does not interfere with those vested rights, but confirms them. Article 4 of the treaty of 1866 provides a means by which the exact amount each individual had lost could be ascertained and guarantees payment therefor. Article 14 of said treaty confirms the existence of article 18 of the treaty of 1856. Under article 4 of the treaty of 1866, a commission was created to examine the claims and make an award. They did so after a most critical examination, and made an award to each individual, the aggregate of which was $1,900,000. One hundred thousand dollars has been paid them out of the funds belonging to the nation; there is still due them $1,800,000 out of the Treasury of the United States.

The United States paid the McIntosh band $195,000 out of the Treasury for property lost, because of their loyalty in 1814. They had but little property to lose, and the United States were not required by law or treaty to pay them. The United States have paid the Ho-po-thle-ya-ho-la band only $100,000, and this out of the fund belonging to the Creek Nation, for their loyalty, notwithstanding the fact of a treaty in which it is stipulated that all such loss should be paid out of the Treasury of the United States; the United States have acknowledged that at the lowest possible estimate their losses were $1,900,000. Is the comparison a fair or just one? We in their behalf ask that it be paid and paid to the individuals who lost, or their legal representatives, a list of whose names is on file in the Department of the Interior, together with the amounts awarded.

That there may be early and favorable action is the prayer of your petitioners.

L. C. PERRYMAN,
FI E MAHT LA,
Representatives of the Loyal Creeks and Delegates of Creek Nation of Indians.

CONGRESS, } SENATE. { MIS. DOC.
Session. } { No. 55.

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

BRARIAN OF CONGRESS,

EXHIBITING

THE PROGRESS OF THE LIBRARY

DURING THE

CALENDAR YEAR 1884.

WASHINGTON:
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE.
1885.

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

LIBRARIAN OF CONGRESS.

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS,
Washington, February 14, 1885.

The Librarian presents herewith his annual report, summarizing the condition and recent growth of the Library of Congress, and the business of the copyright department, for the calendar year closing December 31, 1884.

The enumeration of the books and other publications in the Library has been attended with increasing difficulty, because of its overcrowded condition in every part, rendering a second count necessary in some divisions of the collection to verify the figures. As completed, it exhibits an aggregate of 544,687 volumes, and of 185,000 pamphlets. This is an increase of 31,246 volumes during the year 1884, derived from the following sources:

	Volumes.
From purchase	7,261
From copyright deposits	15,145
From deposit by the Smithsonian Institution	2,779
From exchanges	2,397
From donations	3,248
From increase of the Toner collection (presented)	416
Total	31,246

The enumeration in the law department of the Library gives a total of 63,265 volumes, included in this aggregate, and showing additions during the year of 2,546 volumes in the law library.

The copyright office still shows an increased business, both in the number of entries and in the publications deposited, notwithstanding the commercial and industrial depression. The number of copyright entries in the year 1884 was 26,893, showing an increase over 1883 of 1,620 entries. The fees received for copyright amounted to $21,773, being $874 more than in the year preceding.

The following table embraces the various classes and number of publications entered by their titles for copyright in 1884:

Number of articles entered in 1884.

Books	9,555
Periodicals	5,570
Dramatic compositions	587
Musical compositions	6,241
Photographs	836
Engravings and chromos	1,868
Maps and charts	1,622
Prints	42
Designs and drawings	436
Paintings	136
Total	26,893

The following statement exhibits the number of each class of publications deposited in the Library, and the additions thus made to the collection by the copyright law:

Number of copyright publications received in 1884.

Books	15,145
Periodicals	12,118
Dramatic compositions	196
Musical compositions	11,247
Photographs	1,509
Engravings and chromos	2,726
Maps and charts	2,452
Prints	85
Designs and drawings	129
Paintings	3
Total	45,610

As the law requires the deposit of two copies of each publication to be deposited in order to perfect the copyright, the net addition to the collections during the year embraced 22,805 separate articles, of which 7,573 were books and 6,059 were periodicals. The aggregate increase in the receipts of copyright publications in 1884 over those of 1883 was 2,172.

The various funds appropriated for the Library exhibit unexpended balances as follows on the 1st of January, 1885:

Fund for increase of the Library	$10,205 50
Fund for works of art	8,470 72
Fund for contingent expenses of Library	1,348 16
Fund for additional accommodations	2 90
Fund for purchase and printing of unpublished historical manuscripts relating to early French discoveries in America	3,160 04

Since the beginning of the year several important accessions of miscellaneous books and pamphlets have been received from the Department of State, including many duplicates from the library of that Department, as well as volumes not needed for the uses of that collection, but which help to fill gaps in the Library of far wider range at the Capitol. The continuations of newspaper serials deposited in the Library

of Congress by the Department of State have also been received, bound, and made available for immediate reference. The growing importance of periodical literature, both American and foreign, and the great and increasing demands upon public libraries for the freshest material for use and reference, render these acquisitions of special value. The same is to be said of the very considerable body of periodicals and serial reports, commercial, industrial, and financial, which have been deposited in this Library during the past year (as well as in previous years) by the Bureau of Statistics, which has inadequate room for rapidly-growing files of periodicals. These accessions, likely to be widely extended hereafter from various Departments and Bureaus of the Government which have room only for a carefully-selected working library of reference, while they are temporarily accommodated with storage in the rooms recently provided beneath the Library, add increased force to the urgent demand for a new building.

THE TONER COLLECTION.

The valuable collection of books, periodicals, and pamphlets presented to the Government in 1882 by Joseph M. Toner, M. D., has been further increased during the year just closed by the addition of 416 volumes of books, besides 2,284 pamphlets, purchased and presented by the original donor of the library; which, added to the original gift and annual additions, makes a total of books and pamphlets in this collection of 28,116 volumes of books, besides about 18,000 pamphlets. This collection, thus fostered and cared for, needs wider and more accessible space for its arrangement and preservation, and its acceptance by Congress, executed as it was in view of what was deemed the immediate prospect of the erection of a new and commodious National Library building, adds another to the many cogent arguments for the consummation of that object.

THE LIBRARY BUILDING QUESTION.

At the last session of Congress a bill was passed by the Senate, with practical unanimity, providing for the erection of an ample fire-proof building for the accommodation of the Congressional Library, on grounds immediately east of the Capitol, and separated therefrom by the eastern park and by the line of First street. This bill, unfortunately for the interests of the Library and the protection of the Government property, has not yet reached a consideration in the House of Representatives. It is quite unnecessary for the undersigned to add here any further statements to the suggestions urged in many former reports as to the pressing necessity for a permanent and adequate provision for the Library of the nation. There is no public want which has been more universally recognized, nor is there any object of expenditure which could be more unanswerably defended upon grounds

of public expediency, or which would receive a more hearty and general sanction at the hands of the people. It is earnestly hoped that the present Congress will give effect to the general desire by providing for this great collection the accommodation so indispensable and so long delayed.

AINSWORTH R. SPOFFORD,
Librarian of Congress.

Hon. JOHN SHERMAN,
Chairman of the Joint Committee on the Library.

48TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. } SENATE. { MIS. DOC. No. 57.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

FEBRUARY 26, 1885.—Ordered to be printed.

Mr. VOORHEES submitted the following

RESOLUTION:

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Treasury be directed to inform the Senate on what character of evidence the claims of naval officers for mileage (reported by him to Congress in House Executive Documents 55 and 153, of the present session) have been allowed by the accounting officers.

H CONGRESS, } SENATE. { MIS. DOC.
2d Session. } { No. 58.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

FEBRUARY 26, 1885.—Ordered to be printed.

Mr. FRYE submitted the following

RESOLUTION:

Resolved, That until otherwise ordered, the Senate take a recess each
r at 6 o'clock to 8 o'clock p. m.

o

48TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 59.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

FEBRUARY 28, 1885.—Ordered to be printed.

Mr. MITCHELL submitted the following

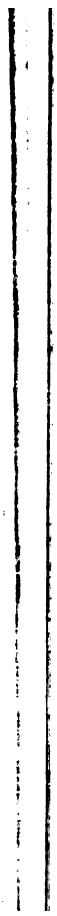
RESOLUTION:

Whereas the commercial value of silver has so far depreciated that the standard silver dollars coined under the act of 1878 are now worth but 82 cents in the open market; and

Whereas the continued coinage of such depreciated dollars, now amounting to nearly $200,000,000, seriously threatens a suspension of gold payments by the Government from necessity, and the consequent banishment of gold coin from active circulation: Therefore,

Resolved, That the Committee on Finance be, and hereby is, instructed forthwith to prepare and report to the Senate a proper bill to provide for the immediate suspension of the coinage of standard silver dollars, and for the resumption of such coinage whenever the commercial value of the standard dollars aforesaid shall rise to within 5 per cent. of par with the standard gold dollars of the United States.

O



48TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 60.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

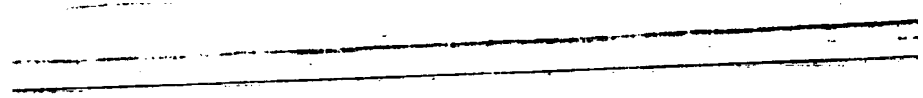
FEBRUARY 28, 1885.—Referred to the Committee on Public Lands and ordered to be printed.

Mr. HILL submitted the following

RESOLUTION:

Resolved, That it is the opinion of the Senate that no patents should issue to the assignee of the New Orleans, Baton Rouge and Vicksburg Railroad Company to the lands granted to the said company until the Senate has acted upon the pending bill relating to that subject.

O



3TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. } SENATE. { MIS. DOC. No. 61.

MEMORIAL OF J. C. ADAMS,

FOR AND IN BEHALF OF

HE STOCKBRIDGE AND MUNSEE TRIBE OF INDIANS.

:BRUARY 28, 1885.—Referred to the Committee on Indian Affairs and ordered to be printed.

› the honorable the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States in Congress assembled:

We are constrained to notice a memorial and protest against the ıssage of bill (H. R. 2889) claiming to be on behalf of the Stockbridge ation. (Senate Mis. Doc. 119, Forty-eighth Congress, first session.)

This memorial has been addressed to the Congress of the United tates, and contains sundry statements against the tribe which, if unnswered, would greatly mislead and attach gross injustice to a greater ortion of the tribe against whom it is made. It will be observed ıe memorial is long, and is framed to misrepresent facts, by one who ı either unacquainted with our tribal affairs, or else skilled in intriguery nd false accusation.

We wish it to be particularly noticed by your honorable body that efore we were made acquainted with the purports of said memorial we ıd submitted all our communication to the honorable Commissioner of ıdian Affairs, and that the honorable Committee on Indian Affairs of ıe House of Representatives had considered the subject-matter and ade a favorable report thereon and recommended the passage of bill 89. (H. R. Report No. 1054, Forty-eighth Congress, first session.)

And if the committee had been misled by misrepresentations of facts, which evidence could have been found, if we were acting under the fluence of which we are charged.

Without stating at length our grievances and reposing the fullest faith the justice and equity of our claim, we, for ourselves and in behalf the Stockbridge and Munsee tribe of Indians, beg leave to submit e following brief for your consideration:

In 1808 the Stockbridge and Munsee tribe of Indians, in conjunction ıth the Delawares, obtained a grant of land from the Miami Indians ı White River, Indiana. (P. 111, Appendix, Rep. Secretary War, 20.) The right to this land the Miamis subsequently recognized in ıe second article of the treaty of Fort Wayne, of 30th September, 1809. Stats., vol. 7, p. 113.)

On the 3d of October, 1818, the United States by treaty purchased f the Delawares this tract of land. (Stats., vol. 7, p. 188.)

The Stockbridge and Munsees claimed an equal interest in this land. he United States promised to aid them to make a purchase of lands om the Western tribes.

Under encouragement given by letter from the Hon. John C. Calhoun,

Secretary of War, of the 12th of February, 1816, and February 9, 1820, and of June 4 and 21, 1821. (Senate Doc. 189, pp. 10, 12, 13, Twenty-seventh Congress, second session.)

On the 18th day of August, 1821, the Stockbridge and Munsee tribe of Indians, in connection with the Six Nations, made a treaty with the Winnebagoes and Menomonees for the purchase of a tract of land near Green Bay, Wis. (Same document, 189, pp. 15, 16, 17, &c).

On the 23d of September, 1822, a second treaty was made with the same parties for another tract. (Same document 189), and part subsequently.

These treaties were approved by the President February 9, 1822, and March 13, 1823. (*Ib.*, 16, 21.)

The Stockbridge and Munsees took immediate possession of these lands, and continued upon them in peace until 1830, at which time the Menomonees alone became dissatisfied, and made application to the Government to adjust the "difficulties," which arose about the extent of the purchase of 1821 and 1822. The United States, on the 8th day of February, 1831 (without the consent of the Stockbridges, Munsees, or Winnebagoes), made a treaty with the Menomonees to settle the "difficulty." The location of the land in question was defined to be between the Fox River and Oconto Creek, and embracing an area of 500,000 acres. (Stats., vol. 7, p. 342.) In 1832, June 25, this location was further modified by a resolution of the Senate. (Stats., vol. 7, p. 347.)

In consequence of this a further treaty, with an appendix, was agreed to on the 27th day of October, 1832, and proclaimed March 13, 1833. (Stats., vol. 7, p. 405.)

By these treaties and modifications the Stockbridges and Munsees were secured two townships of land on the east side of Lake Winnebago, where they removed to in 1834.

On January 15, 1838, the United States, by treaty with the New York Indians, purchased all their lands in Wisconsin, except a small tract set apart and occupied by a portion of these Indians. (Stats., vol. 7, pp. 550, 551.)

By the 2d article of the treaty, the United States agreed to set apart a tract of land west of the Missouri as a permanent home for all the New York Indians, whether residing in the State of Wisconsin or elsewhere, being 320 acres for each of said Indians, as their numbers are at present computed, and the land to be held "*in fee simple.*"

And it was understood and agreed that the Stockbridges and Munsees were to be included, and the same is to be divided equally among them according to their respective numbers as mentioned in a Schedule, A, made at that time. (Stats., vol. 7, pp. 651–556.)

By the terms of the treaty, the Government was to have appropriated $400,000 to be applied from time to time, under the direction of the President, to aid them in removing and their support.

A portion of the Stockbridge tribe became dissatisfied and desired to remove to the tract set apart for the "New York Indians." Accordingly, a treaty was made the 3d of September, 1839, by which the United States purchased one township of land, and a portion of the tribe obligated itself to remove west of the Mississippi. (Stats., vol. 7, p. 580.)

After their removal west they lived upon the lands of the Delawares, in Missouri, until arrangements could be made to locate on the lands known as the "New York tract," in which they had a right in common with the Six Nations, but the "white squatters" would not let the Indians reside upon the "New York tract," and drove them off.

A few years afterward a number of the Indians returned back to the

tribe, but were not "readopted" as stated by the "memorialist." They were told that they could live with the tribe until a treaty could be made, and then provision would be made to bring them back into the tribe again.

And as the Government had not assigned these Indians any homes in the West; the Commissioner of Indian Affairs instructed the Superintendent of Indian Affairs that "arrangements ought therefore be made at once to provide them with a home to which they could be induced to remove."

In the preamble, and in article 6 of the treaty of February 5, 1856, their right is explicitly acknowledged. (See vol. 11, p. 663–665.) A few years afterwards dissention again arose in the tribe; a minority of the tribe desired to become "citizens of the United States." A petition was drawn up and signed by the minority of the tribe, praying that Congress might pass a law to make the Stockbridge Indians citizens of the United States.

The advocates of this measure were called the "citizen's party," and those who were opposed were called the "Indian party."

On March 3d, 1843, the prayer of the petition was granted, and the Stockbridges (but not Munsees) were declared to be citizens of the United States. (Stats., vol. 5, p. 645.)

The first section of the act authorizes the lands of the Stockbridges to be patented and divided among the different individuals composing the tribe, and the holding of those lands by them separately and severally "in fee simple."

The second section provides that commissioners are to make a just and fair partition and division of the lands among the members of the tribe.

The third section provides for the election of five commissioners from the individuals of the tribe by a majority of the whole number of such voters present.

The fourth section provides for the allotment and division of the lands.

The fifth section provides for the manner in which the commissioners shall make their returns, and in which appeals shall be received from the allotment.

The sixth section provides for the return of copies of the report of the commissioners.

The seventh section provides for the return of the reports and maps to the President, and confers the right of citizenship on the Stockbridges (but not on the Munsees). It expressly declares—

> That after the report and maps shall have been filed and transmitted to the President as aforesaid, the said Stockbridge tribe of Indians, and each and every of them, shall then be deemed to be citizens of the United States, to all intents and purposes, and shall be entitled to all the rights, privileges, and immunities of such citizens, and shall in all respects be subject to the laws of the United States and of the Territory of Wisconsin in the same manner as other citizens of said Territory; and the jurisdiction of the United States and of said Territory shall be extended over the said township or reservation now held by them in the same manner as over other parts of said Territory; and their rights as a tribe or nation, their power of making or executing their own laws, usages, or customs as such tribe, shall cease and determine.

There is also a proviso—

> That nothing in this act contained shall be so construed as to deprive them of their rights to any annuity now due them from the State of New York or the United States, but they shall be entitled to receive any such annuity in the same manner as though this act had not been passed.

This act was fully complied with on the part of the Stockbridge tribe, and the lands were allotted to each individual member of the said tribe, (see report of allotment of August 24, 1843), but on the part of the Government it was not complied with; patents remained to be issued to the several persons to whom lands had been allotted in conformity to law. (H. R. Rep. No. 447, pp. 3, 15, Twenty-ninth Congress, first session.)

And the "memorialist" is in error again when he says: "The citizen party took their allotments and exercised the rights, &c., and bore the burdens of citizens of the United States and of the Territory of Wisconsin."

The Commissioner of Indian Affairs, in relation thereto, says:

By the act of March 3, 1843, the tribal character of these Indians was taken away, and they were to become citizens of the United States on the filing of the report of the commissioners chosen to carry out its provision, and of a map showing the division and assignments required by it of the lands in severalty. These papers were duly executed and filed, and all the prerequisites to citizenship fulfilled, and the Stockbridges, therefore, to all intents and purposes, became citizens, with all the rights, privileges, and immunities of citizenship. (Ex. Doc. No. 1, p. 778, Thirtieth Congress, first session.)

They had accepted of the act of 1843, and confirmed the proceedings of the commissions chosen to carry it into effect. (Same document, pp. 775, 781.)

They had accepted of the act by voting at the elections and holding offices and buying and selling lands and attending as petit and grand jurors in the district courts, &c. (Ex. Doc. No. 1, pp. 742, 789, 790, 797, 798, 804 to 810, inclusive.)

Report commissioner, 1854 (pp. 38–9; H. R. Mis. Doc. No. 14, p. 2, Forty-sixth Congress, third session).

All these citations from the official reports disprove the "citizens' party" alone took their allotments and exercised the rights of citizenship.

A majority of the tribe refused to be governed by its provisions. Congress, satisfied of the impracticability of the law, that it was necessarily repealed, on August 6th, 1846. (Vol. 9, p. 55, Stats.)

And restored the whole tribe to their ancient form of government, with all powers, rights, and privileges held and exercised by them under their customs and usages as fully and completely as though the above-recited act (of 1843) had not been passed.

The repealing act required that the subagent of Indians affairs at Green Bay, under the direction of the governor of Wisconsin, who shall be commissioner for that purpose, shall be required to open a book for the enrollment of the names of such persons of the Stockbridge tribe of Indians as shall desire to become and remain citizens of the United States. Three months shall be allowed after the opening of the books for the enrollment, when all those desiring citizenship should come forward and enroll their names with that view, and the lands should then be divided into two districts, "Indian district" and "citizen district." The land in the "Indian district" was to be held in common and the lands in the "citizen district" are to be divided to each who becomes a citizen, and three copies of the division thus made; one shall be filed in the clerk's office of the district in which the land may be situated; one copy shall be filed in the land office at Green Bay, and the other shall be returned to the Secretary of War. And upon the receipt of said copy by the Secretary of War patents may be issued to the individual reservees who become citizens, upon the receipt of which a title in fee simple to the lot of land shall rest in the patentee, and all transfers and assignments of the land made previous to the issuance of the patent shall be null and void.

There is also a proviso in this act—

That those Indians who become citizens shall forfeit all rights to receive any portion of the annuity which may be, or may become, due the nation of the Stockbridges by virtue of any treaty heretofore entered into by this Government with said Stockbridges.

And it further provides—

That nothing in this act contained shall be construed to impair any claim which said nation may have upon the Delaware Nation to a share of the lands assigned to them west of the Missouri River.

There is no evidence of record, either in the General Land Office, or office of Indian Affairs, of this act ever being carried out, so that no member of the tribe ever became a citizen under it; therefore forfeited no rights under said act.

Albert G. Ellis, who was subagent at that time, in his report (F) of December 23, 1846, says:

That he assembled the tribe on the 6th of September at their residence and explained to them the act of August 6, 1846, after which a "book of enrollment" was opened for the entry of "the names of all such persons of the tribe as should desire to become and remain citizens of the United States," and such invited to come forward and enter their names. They refused. On the 16th day of December he again assembled the tribe, and invited such of them, if any there were, as "wished to become and remain citizens of the United States" to come forward and make their application for citizenship, and the books were closed. There appeared to me but one class of persons to be recognized among them, so far as the act of the 6th of August, 1846, is concerned, to wit, Indians. At least the proceedings to enroll applicants for citizenship had made no division of the tribe. (Ex. Doc. No. 1, pp. 770–1, Thirtieth Congress, first session.

Again he says:

Soon after the 16th of December last, when I closed the "books of enrollment," the sachem of the tribe, Mr. Austin Quinney, called on me to declare the tract occupied by them "Indian country," and to notify the white inhabitants to leave the boundaries of the same. This request was made by him on the grounds that no person of the tribe having applied for citizenship while the books of enrollment were kept open, the whole tribe was to be regarded as Indians, and, of course, the reservation as Indian country. (Ex. Doc. No. 1, p. 773.)

The Superintendent of Indian Affairs says:

Though none of them had enrolled their names as citizens in the manner prescribed by the same law. (P. 39, report of Commissioner, 1854.)

The Commissioner of Indian Affairs relative thereto, says:

Those intending to remain citizens having refused to enroll their names—we do not know how many there are—and there is, therefore, no rule by which to make the division and assignment of the lands required by the act of 1846. (Ex. Doc. No. 1, p. 779.)

The Commissioner of the General Land Office, Hon. John Wilson, in his last report to the honorable Secretary of the Interior, R. McClelland, relative thereo says:

Up to this time, however, a period of nine years, not a single member of the nation has availed himself of this privilege of the act of 1846, and enroll his name as a citizen. (Report of April 18, 1855, on file in General Land Office.)

It was found impracticable to carry into full effect the provisions of the act of August 6, 1846, without infringing upon private rights, acquired in good faith under the act of 1843. Therefore, in order to relieve both parties from their embarrassment and to secure to each their just rights, all of which is more fully stated in the preamble to the treaty, it was claimed the treaty of November 24, 1848, was made. (Stats., vol. 9, p. 955.)

The fourth article of that treaty requires patents to issue to those who have become

citizens of the United States, a list of whom is given. But none of them had in fact become citizens, and consequently no patents were to issue. (Same report.)

Article 6 provided for the payment of $14,504.85, for improvements of the tribe.

The seventh article authorized them to remain upon these lands one year, and to remove to the country set apart for them.

The ninth article stipulated that $16,500 should be invested for the rising generation; and by a supplemental article directed that they should be consulted as to the location of their next home, and the President of the United States should procure for them not less than seventy-two sections of land west of the Mississippi River, and $25,000 was granted as an indemnity for certain land on White River, in the State of Indiana, and for other lands in Wisconsin, which the Stockbridges and Munsees had been deprived of by treaties entered into with the Miamis and Delawares, and with the Menomonees and Winnebagoes, without their consent.

This treaty was made with the "Indian party," the band called the "citizens' party" not being permitted to sign, and the Munsees not being recognized at all. No one Munsee was consulted, nor did any agent or person accept or sign for them. This is admitted in "The Memorial to the Senate of the United States," made by the sachem and counselors of the tribe, of March 6, 1856. (Pp. 3, 4, 5, on file in the Senate.)

And it is not as the "memorialist" represents, that the "United States most manifestly endeavored to comply with the wishes of both parties, 'citizens' and 'Indian,' and was satisfactory to and accepted by both parties."

How could the "Indian party" legally sell out the Munsees and the "citizens' party," when they were not parties to the treaty of November 24, 1848, were ignorant of what took place, and were not bound by it? Nor could their title to those lands be impaired by such payments, not being parties to the contract. As a matter of law and fact, could the Munsees and "citizens' party" who were not parties to the contract or treaty, be bound or affected by the voluntary act of the Government with other parties?

What proof is there to show that the Munsees or "citizens' party" were ever parties to such an agreement? There is none. It is but a base fraud upon the majority of the tribe, and is a stigma upon the name of the commissioners who carried it out.

The treaty of 1848 was carried out as to the payments due at that time, but the removal of the Indians was delayed by the Government not succeeding, until in 1852, in purchasing lands of the Sioux.

This land was subsequently located in Minnesota. "When the lands in Minnesota were put at their disposal, these Stockbridges set up a claim against the Government for not removing them sooner, refused to remove, and applied for the township of Stockbridge to be ceded to them, which proposition was rejected, but a location offered to them in Wisconsin, near the Menomonee and Oneida Reservation, if they should prefer it to the location in Minnesota.

In the mean time the Stockbridges, who were parties to the treaty of 1848, have squandered the moneys paid to them under that treaty, and by the State of New York, the others have sold almost all their lots of land, and both are now poor and destitute, and it is not as the memorialist says: "those who had become citizens of the United States and taken their share in severalty had squandered it and were paupers,"

but the whole tribe were destitute. Hon. John Wilson, Commissioner of the General Land Office, in his report of July 14, 1855, says:

> The Indians, in most cases, have really no homes, are broken-spirited, and have fallen into habits of idleness, having no lands to cultivate and really nothing to do.

The township is governed by supervisors, justices of the peace, and other township officers, while the Indian organization (the nation) have their sachem and councilors, and the Indians contend, whenever it is their interest, that the courts and other authorities of the State have no jurisdiction over them. Tax titles have accrued on many lots, even on those held by the Government for taxes levied under the authority of the Territory, and the confused state of affairs existing is probably without a parallel anywhere. (Commissioner's Report, 1854, p. 39, 40.)

Such was the state of affairs in the tribe and the cause of our wretched condition. The Munsees and the "citizen party" had formed a confederacy in order to protect their rights, which were being absorbed by the "Indian party," and were annually sending delegates to the Indian Office, and to Congress, to obtain redress, and the "Indian party" resisting; while the whites who had purchased, and had become interspersed with us, by every annoyance were endeavoring to clean us out.

Application upon application was made by the Indians, when the matter was brought to the notice of the Government and the Department of the Interior, which resulted in the examination of the subject by Congress, and the passage of the general Indian appropriation bill of March 3, 1855 (Stat., vol. 10, p. 699), where there is appropriated—

> For the purpose of enabling the President to treat with and arrange the difficulties existing among the Stockbridge and Munsee Indians of Lake Winnebago, in the State of Wisconsin, arising out of the acts of Congress of the 3d March, 1843, and August 6, 1846, and under the treaty of 24th of November, 1848, in such manner as may be just to the Indians, and with their assent, and not inconsistent with the legal rights of the white persons who may reside on the Stockbridge reserve, and of the claim of the United States under the treaty of 1848, the sum of $1,500.

Hon. John Wilson, Commissioner of the General Land Office, by instruction of the Secretary of the Interior, was sent to Stockbridge to confer with Francis Huebschman, superintendent of Indian affairs at Stockbridge, in order, if possible, to settle the "difficulties" of the tribe. Thereupon a treaty was made, June 1, 1855, which was not approved by the Department, because it did not provide for the settlement of the white claimants, who it was alleged had purchased lands in good faith from the Indians. And by the honorable Secretary's direction it was referred back to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, who thereupon instructed the superintendent of Indian affairs that "arrangements ought therefore be made at once to provide them with a home, and it should be a home alike for the Stockbridges, whether known as "citizen" or Indians, and the Munsee parties to the treaty of September 3, 1839, wherever they may be." (See letter of the Commissioner of January 7, 1856, relative to Stockbridges, to the superintendent Indian affairs on file in Indian Department.)

And the "memorialist" is in error again when he alleges "it was determined to work up a new treaty as means for saddling back upon the tribe the pauper citizens."

And his abuse of the superintendent only shows his weakness in a bad cause. Under the instructions of January 7, a treaty was made, February 5, 1856 (11 Stats., p. 663), with the Stockbridges and Munsees:

> For the purpose of relieving these Indians from their complicated difficulties by which they are surrounded, and to establish comfortably together all such of the Stockbridges and Munsees, wherever they may be located, in Wisconsin, in the State of New York, or west of the Mississippi.

By the treaty the tribe ceded and relinquished to the United States all their remaining title to the lands at Stockbridge, the seventy-second section of land in Minnesota, the $20,000, the $16,500 invested, and all claims, &c.

For such cession the United States agreed to give the tribe a tract of land in Wisconsin, near the Menomonee Reservation, of sufficient extent to provide for each head of family, and others lots of land of 80 and 40 acres, and the sum of $41,100 and $20,550 to enable them to remove, and by amendment $18,000.

And by the treaty of February 11, 1856, with the Menomonees the United States purchased two townships of land for the Stockbridge and Munsee Indians. (11 Stat., p. 679.)

By the third article of the treaty of February 5, 1856, the lands were to be allotted among the individuals and families of the tribe "under the direction of the superintendent of Indian affairs," which was done immediately after their removal to Showano, and is on file in the agent's office at Keshena, Green Bay Agency. Again the "memorialist" is in gross error when he alleges, "such was not the case."

The United States was to hold the same in trust for such person, and a certificate should be issued guaranteeing to the holder their ultimate title to the land "should any of the heads of families die before the issuing of the certificate of patents provided for the same shall issue to their heirs."

By the fifth article it designates—

The persons to be included in the apportionment of land and money to be divided and expended under the provisions of this agreement shall be such only as are actual members of the said Stockbridge and Munsee tribes (a roll or census of whom shall be taken and appended to this agreement), their heirs and legal representatives, &c.

And is not, as the "memorialist" alleges—

It contemplated bringing back as members of the tribe all who had taken their share of the common country owned at the time of the passage of the act of 1843, and abandoned the tribe.

The treaty also provided—

That none of the said Stockbridges and Munsees shall be entitled to any of these lands or the money stipulated to be expended by these articles, unless they remove to their new location within two years from the ratification hereof.

The "memorialist," by his own admission, therefore, forfeited his right when he declares "the anti-1856 treaty party did not go to the new reservation gotten from the Menomonees till the fall of 1859," and it is equally certain all the tribe must have accepted of the treaty, as they all removed to the reservation and received its benefits, and indeed it is absurd to say "it was not satisfactory to the tribe, and the members of the tribe did not accept it as a settlement of former difficulties." (See memorial to the Senate by the sachem and councilors of the tribe relative to the treaty of February 5, 1856, of March 6, 1856, pp. 1–5, also letter of the sachem and councilors of the tribe relative to the same, of July 7, 1856, to the Commissioner, on file in Indian Department.)

Article 17 provides—

So much of the treaties of September 3, 1839, and of November 24, 1848, as is in contravention or in conflict with the stipulations of this agreement, is hereby abrogated and annulled.

Article 18 provides—

This instrument shall be binding upon the contracting parties whenever the same shall be ratified by the President and the Senate of the United States.

This treaty was approved by the Department, accepted by the tribe, as a settlement of former "difficulties," and was ratified by the Senate with certain amendments, April 18, 1856, and approved by the President September 8, 1856, and was not, as the memorialist alleges—

> Bribery and forgery were resorted to by Huetschman [and] the treaty so obtained was rushed to Washington City and ratified by the Senate * * * before those who were opposed to the treaty were able to prepare and present their statement of facts and objections to the treaty.

This assertion is a base fabrication of facts and would refer you to the letter of the superintendent to the honorable Commissioner of Indian Affairs of February 23, 1856. (Rev. Ind. Treaties, p. 963.)

To show that the treaty was publicly made, the senate and assembly of Wisconsin, by a joint resolution "that his excellency the President and the honorable Senate of the United States be respectfully requested speedily to ratify and carry into effect the said arrangement, approved March 31, 1856. (See p. 273, Res. No. 4, Laws of Wis., 1856.)

The sachem and councilors sent a "memorial to the Senate" in regard to the treaty of February 5, 1856, praying it may be "confirmed with amendments." (Memorial of March 6, 1856, on file in the Senate.)

To show that the Department accepted of the treaty, see Revised Indian Treaties, p. 962.

The senate and assembly of Wisconsin, by a joint resolution, assented to the locating of the Stockbridge and Munsee Indians on the lands of the Menomonees. (See Res. No. 5, p. 273, Laws of Wisconsin, 1856.)

The memorialist is in error again when he alleges:

> The one hundred and seventy-seven souls of the tribe, under the 1848 treaty, and their descendants could not and did not receive as much money under the 1856 treaty as the 1848 treaty secured to them.

The Commissioner of Indian Affairs, in 1852, in auditing John W. Quinney's claim in the Stockbridge Nation, directed an examination to be made in order to see how much he was entitled to.

> The result of this examination shows that the entire sum now due and invested for the Stockbridges, including all balances not yet paid over, the $30,000 per Senate amendment to the treaty of 1848, and the value of 72 sections of land, to which they are entitled under said amendment, estimated at $1.25 per acre, is $102,735. The census attached to the treaty 1848 gives the number of individuals composing the tribe as 177, making his interest in the above amount as in 177, or about $580. (Letter of Commissioner to J. W. Quinney, May 12, 1852.)

The memorialist's assertion was not based upon a clear and comprehensive knowledge of the facts, and it resulted from an imperfect acquaintance with the financial affairs of the tribe with the Government.

By the treaty of February 5, 1856, he received much more, and I do not see wherein it was not a benefit to the representatives of the one hundred and seventy seven souls; and it was accepted by all parties, which is evident.

Thus it appears that the treaty of February 5, 1856, was satisfactory to the tribe. They removed to the new reservation at Shawano, where they had lands allotted, as per treaty, and made improvements, built houses, and received their improvement and removal moneys, and cultivated the lands and resided there in peace until 1871, at which time a minority of the tribe, by distortion and gross misrepresentation, aided by outside parties, obtained the passage of a law through Congress, on the 6th of February, 1871, entitled, "An act for the relief of the Stockbridge and Munsee tribe of Indians in the State of Wisconsin. (Stats., vol. 16, 404.)

This act provided, "for the appraisement of the lands, sale, enrollment and the allotment, of lands," &c.

In accordance to this act, W. T. Richardson, then agent of the Stockbridge and Munsee tribe of Indians, was, on the 30th of August, 1871, appointed by the Commissioner to make the enrollment under the act, "but owing to the factious opposition manifested by the officers of the tribe, in unreasonable demands for enrollment of certain persons who were excluded by the terms of the act, and the refusal of such officers to sign the rolls unless prepared in accordance with their views, that it became necessary to suspend them from office and order a new election." (H. Mis. Doc. 14, Forty-sixth Congress, third session, p. 8.)

In the mean time Mr. Richardson was relieved from his task, because he went in conformity to the law.

On the 24th of March, 1874, H. R. Wells was appointed to make the enrollment. On the 1st of April, 1874, he assembled the tribe for the purpose of completing the enrollment, and stated that "his instructions were that he should go according to the law of '71," yet allowed persons to enroll whom the law prohibited from enrolling, and when his attention being called to these points, said: "The headmen and I have the power to make these rolls, the law gives us that power, and you have no right to dictate who shall go upon the rolls."

This overt act plainly showed that our rights were jeopardized. But we pass over the iniquitous conduct of the commissioner and so-called headmen, and the illegal and unjust proceedings under this law, whereby the majority were compelled to submit to the dictates of the minority.

On the 8th of April, 1874, Commissioner Wells made his report, accompanied by two "rolls" signed by the sachem and councilors (or rather usurpers) when in fact they were made the first of April and were certified by parties who were prohibited from enrolling as not being of "Stockbridge or Munsee descent."

These rolls, notwithstanding our protest, were approved the 3d of June following, and his supplemental report was approved the 29th of the same month.

Our first province seems to be to show that Mr. Wells did not go in accordance to the act of 1871, which provides, in the sixth section:

> Nor shall any person, or his or her descendants, be entered upon either of said rolls who may have heretofore separated from said tribe and received allotments of lands under the act of Congress for the relief of the Stockbridge tribe of Indians of March 3, 1843, and amendment of August 6, 1846, or under the treaty of February 5, 1856, or who shall not be of Stockbridge or Munsee descent.

Now, if this act was purely mandatory in its provision as regards the enrollment, the commissioner making the enrollment had no power but to execute the law as he found it. Has he done so? We emphatically answer no.

It will be seen that the act discriminates who are not to be enrolled.

1. Those who may have heretofore separated from said tribe and received allotments of lands under the act of March 3, 1843.
2. Under the amendment of August 6, 1846.
3. Under the treaty of February 5, 1856.
4. Who shall not be of Stockbridge or Munsee descent.

Therefore it is evident these parties under the act could not legally be enrolled, as it prohibits them from enrolling; yet they are enrolled, while a large portion of the tribe are rejected and denied their rights and privileges in the tribe, when they occupy the same status in the tribe as those who were permitted by favor to be enrolled. This is shown

the allotment made August 24, 1843 (on file in the General Land fice); all received allotment of lands.

The acts above recited clearly show the fallacy of the construction aced upon the act of February 6, 1871, by the commissioner appointed carry it out. When the enrollment was made a large portion of the ibe were arbitrarily and wrongfully denied enrollment, for reasons isting before the treaty of 1856, and which apply with equal force to ose who are enrolled under the law of 1871.

Now, if the act of 1846 repealed the act 1843 as to any of the tribe, it rtainly did as to the whole, and if the repealing act of 1846 restored e tribe to their "ancient form of government" at all, it must have reored the whole tribe, irrespective of party or faction, as wholly and mpletely as though the act of 1843 had not been passed. The tribe as thereby recomposed of the same members which before constituted to the exclusion of none. To be sure, the tribe appointed commisoners, who divided the lands in conformity to the act, but this proeding was rendered of non-effect by the Government of the United ates in neglecting to issue patents, and confirm these allotments as ovided for by the act of 1843; the repealing act of 1846 would necesrily render all such proceedings *utterly null and void* as to the whole ibe, and "justifies *in limene* the inquiry whether it was not inconsistt with the tribal rights of the Stockbridges, and consequently of nonfect from the beginning."

Hon. John Wilson, Commissioner of the General Land Office, in his port of April 18, 1854, says: "The Stockbridges at the passage of e latter act (1846) were, in my judgment, as fully reinstated in all eir Indian rights to these lands as if the law of 1843 had never exted."

The same opinion is expressed by the committee who repealed the t 1843 (Rep. 447, Twenty-ninth Congress, first session, p. 3).

The supposition of the commissioner making the enrollment of 1871, at the act of 1846 was amendatory of the act 1843, confirming the lotment made by the latter act, was utterly erroneous. The act of 46 provided for all to become "citizens," but none availed themlves of its provisions for the reason that the act provides, "Those ho become 'citizens,' should forfeit all rights to annuities from the overnment or other claims due them by treaties."

The same reference is made by Albert G. Ellis, subagent, in his reort to Governor Dodge, of the 16th of July, 1847 (Ex. Doc. No. 1, p. 2). And the same is alluded to by the Rev. Cutting Marsh (same ocument, p. 776).

Hon. E. C. Kemble, United States Indian inspector, in his report of ovember 12, 1877, says:

> But whatever their status during the three years which intervened before the ssage of the law of 1846, that act, repealing the law '43 and restoring the Stockidge tribe to their ancient form of government, with all powers, rights, and privieges, &c., would seem to have taken away their rights as citizens; while the refusal part of any member of the tribe to avail themselves of its provisions made in the w (of 1846) for their becoming citizens left them as they were before the act of 1843.

The same allusion is made in regard to "citizenship" by the Commisoner of the General Land Office in his report of the 18th, 1855.

> As to citizenship, which was alleged constituted a bar against their being enlled, it would be hard to show, nor can it be shown by any treaty or act they ever ere separated from the tribe finally and conclusively. If they were "citizens" to e full intent and meaning of the term, then were the other members of the tribe citizens" when they made the treaty of 1848. (Rep. E. C. Kemble, November 12, 77.)

The circumstances under which the law of 1871 was passed, and the proceedings under it were such as to justify the belief that misrepresentations and fraud were resorted to by those who urged the passage of the law and had charge of the enrollment under it and the manner in which its provisions were executed, constitute a flagrant wrong against the tribe which ought to be redressed as speedily as practicable. (*Ib.* report, also letter of E. C, Kemble to the Hon. Secretary of the Interior of March 16, 1882.) (*Ib.* report, also letter of E. C. Kemble to the Hon. Secretary of the Interior of March 16, 1882.)

Now, as to which party stood before the Government best, it does not require much acumen to discover.

The grants of two townships of land under treaty of 1831 (7 Stats., pp. 342 and 405), could not have been for half of the tribe; besides, the old claims referred to in the amendment of the 1848 treaty, wherein it says:

Whereas the Stockbridge and Munsee Indians, by their chiefs and agents, have continued to prosecute their said claims during the last twenty years at their own expense, &c.

Taking in consideration the last twenty years would necessary fetch it back to 1828, when not a scintilla of "citizenship" or separation of the tribe was perceptible; besides it was for lands sold by the Government which the tribe owned in Indiana in 1808, already referred to. For this the Government granted seventy-two sections of land and the $25,000 to wipe out old claims. This land was exchanged for lands at Shawano and "intended for a home for all, both 'citizens' and Indians, and the Munsees parties to the treaty of September 3, 1839."

The old claims referred to were also due the "old citizens," and their share of the annuities of the tribe, in consideration for which the grants were made by the treaty of 1856. Up to the ratification of this treaty they had received lands and money, their share of the $3,000, as part settlement of the claim against the Miami Indians, a share of the unpatented allotments, about 60 acres each of lands at Lake Winnebago, valued at $2.50 to $5 per acre, their share of the annuity payments being made only up to 1843, "because the act took away the authority of sachem and councilors, and there was no one to receive the money or no authority to pay it out." (See letter of Commissioner of Indian Affairs, April 16, 1847, p. 779, Ex. Doc. No. 1.)

It cannot be alleged that they sold out their lands. It appears by the Commissioner's report of November 30, 1847, "that both parties have sold the lands which were allotted to them." (Same document, pp. 441, 442, 789, 790, and 794 to 810, inclusive.)

Neither can it be alleged as a bar to their being recognized as "Indians" that they voted at the elections and held office, and therefore were citizens, when both parties held offices and voted at all the elections. (See same document, No. 1, pp. 789,790,797,798.)

Where is your criterion to exclude one party? Where is your line of demarkation to discriminate who are "citizens" and who are not? We are unable to see, when all the tribe occupy the same status in regard to "citizenship."

We offer the following consideration in support of bill 2889:

1. That the equity of our claim has been repeatedly reported favorably and uniformily recognized, notably to the Forty-fourth, Forty-seventh, and Forty-eighth Congresses, and the executive branch of Government upon the subject. We beg to refer you to Hon. E. C. Kemble, United States Indian inspector's report of November 12, 1877, and more especially to the report of the honorable Committee on Indian Affairs of the House of Representatives, Forty-eighth Congress, first session. (Report No. 1054.)

2. That the treaty of February 5, 1856, was satisfactory to the tribe, and accepted by the Interior Department, ratified by the Senate and proclaimed by the President.

3. That they are signers of said treaty, in conformity to article 5, and their names appear upon the rolls and census of said treaty.

4. That a treaty cannot be abrogated without the consent of both parties interested.

5. That the act of 1871, drawn in view of the '56 treaty, has no binding force.

6. That it cannot be taken as the repeal of the '56 treaty, as it is in conflict with said treaty, and with section 2029, Rev. Stat., p. 366.

7. That a treaty after being executed and ratified by the proper authority becomes the supreme law of the land, and the courts cannot go back of it for the purpose of annulling it, than it can an act of Congress. (1 Cranch., 103, 6 Pet., 735; 10 How., 442; 2 Pet., 307, 309, 314; 3 Story Const. Law, p. 695.)

8. That they have not separated from the tribe, but have resided upon the reservation and lands in peaceable possession for over twenty years, and they are "Indians" and not "citizens."

9. That the treaty of 1856 was not an illegal interference by the United States with the possession of the Stockbridge tribe.

10. That the Government is bound to carry out in good faith the treaty.

With these facts of law before you your "memorialists" leave the subject to the wisdom and discretion of your honorable bodies, and in doing so we do not approach you as beggars, but only ask what justice and equity demands for us, and we earnestly hope that Congress will act promptly in affording us relief from our grievances, and pass House bill No. 2889.

All of which is most respectfully submitted.

J. C. ADAMS,
For and in behalf of the Stockbridge and Munsee tribe of Indians.

STOCKBRIDGE, *February* 20, 1885.

S. Mis. 61——3

48TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 63.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

MARCH 2, 1885.—Ordered to be printed.

Mr. BLAIR submitted the following

RESOLUTION:

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Interior be directed to transmit to the Senate the report of the Commissioner of Education of the exhibition of education at the World's Industrial and Cotton Centennial Exposition at New Orleans, La.

O

18TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 64.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

MARCH 3, 1885.—Ordered to be printed.

Mr. MANDERSON submitted the following

RESOLUTION:

Resolved, That a select committee of five Senators be appointed by the Chair to proceed to Alaska during the recess of Congress and inquire into and investigate the operation of the act of May 17, 1884, "providing a civil government for Alaska;" whether the system of government established by said act is adequate for the maintenance of order, and the protection of the rights of persons and property; whether the said act is being properly executed by the officers appointed under the same; the condition of the natives or Indians of said Territory; their relations to the Government of the United States, and what legislation is required for their proper management; the condition and character of mines, mining claims, and mining titles; the character of land tenures, or possessions, or other titles to lands; the present condition and value of the public buildings belonging to the United States in said Territory; the manner in which the laws relating to customs, and other laws and regulations have been and are now being executed.

Also to inquire into and investigate the past and present condition of the seal fisheries of the Pribylov Islands; whether the Alaska Commercial Company has heretofore complied, and is now complying, with the terms of its lease from, and its agreement with, the United States, and the laws relating to said seal fisheries, or whether the said company has heretofore violated, or is now violating the same in any manner; whether the officers of the Government appointed to see that said laws and the conditions of said lease are executed, have been and are faithfully performing their duties, and whether the system in operation is adequate and proper for guarding and protecting the interests of the Government and the rights of said company in relation to said seal fisheries.

Also to inquire into the natural resources of said Territory, the character and value of its present and probable products; whether the general land laws, or laws relating to timber or mining lands should be extended over said Territory, and to examine, generally, into all matters relating to the development of the said Territory and to the prosperity and welfare of its people. Said committee shall have power to sit in the vacation of the Senate at any place in the United States, to send for persons and papers, to examine witnesses, to appoint a clerk and a stenographer, and shall make report with their recommendations in respect to future legislation to the Senate at the next regular session of Congress.

The expenses of said committee, of the clerk, stenographer, witnesses, &c., shall be paid out of the contingent fund of the Senate, to be certified by the chairman of the committee, and audited and allowed by the Committee to Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses of the Senate.

48TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 65.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

MARCH 3, 1885.—Ordered to be printed.

Mr. CULLOM, from the Committee on Transportation Routes to the Seaboard, submitted the following

RESOLUTION:

Resolved, That the Committee on Transportation Routes to the Seaboard be authorized to sit during the recess of Congress, by a sub-committee or otherwise, to employ a stenographer, and with the same authority given the committee under resolution of July 6, 1884.

O

48TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 68.

REPORT

OF THE

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES

FOR

THE YEAR 1884.

WASHINGTON:
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE.
1885.

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES,
Washington, D. C., January 20, 1885.

SIR: In conformity with the requirements of the act of incorporation approved March 3, 1863, I have the honor to submit herewith a report of the operations of the National Academy of Sciences during the past year.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

O. C. MARSH,
President of the National Academy of Sciences.

To the PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE.

REPORT

OF

THE NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES.

The National Academy of Sciences was established by act of Congress, in March, 1863, with power to frame its own constitution, select its own members, and provide in other respects for its continuance and successful operation.

The object of the Academy is to advance science, and especially to investigate, examine, experiment, and report on any subject of science or art, whenever called upon by any Department of the Government.

The Academy contains at present about one hundred members, and these have all been selected for their original researches in science. They represent within their ranks nearly every department of knowledge, and their services, in accordance with the charter of the Academy, are always at the disposal of the Government, without compensation.

SESSIONS OF THE NATIONAL ACADEMY.

During the past year, the Academy has held three sessions. The first was the regular annual meeting, held in Washington, D. C., April 15 to 18, 1884; the second was a scientific session, in Newport, R. I., October 14 to 17, 1884; and the third was a special session, in Newport, October 15, 1884.

STATED SESSION.

HELD IN WASHINGTON CITY, APRIL 15 TO 18, 1884.

The Washington session was held in the National Museum, the president, Prof. O. C. Marsh, presiding.

The following members were present during the session:

Abbe.	Gilbert.	Lesley.	Remsen.
Abbot.	Gill.	Lyman.	Rowland.
Baird.	Hall, A.	Marsh.	Schott.
Barker.	Hall, James.	Meigs.	Scudder.
Brewer.	Hayden.	Newcomb.	Silliman.
Brush.	Hilgard, J. E.	Newton.	Trowbridge, J.
Coffin.	Hill, G. W.	Packard.	Verrill.
Coues.	Hunt.	Powell.	Wright.
Ferrel.	Langley.	Pumpelly.	Young.

The following named gentlemen were invited to attend the meetings of the Academy, and to participate in the scientific proceedings: Baron Struvé, Russian minister at Washington; Mr. John A. Ryder, of the National Museum; Mr. H. M. Paul, of the National Observatory; Dr. E. M. Gallaudet, of Washington; Prof. F. W. Clark, of Washington; Mr. J. S. Diller, of Washington.

At this session, the following papers were read and discussed:

1. GILBERT, G. K.—The Sufficiency of Terrestrial Rotation to Deflect River Courses.
2. HUNT, T. STERRY.—The Origin of Crystalline Rocks.
3. VERRILL, A. E.—Zoölogical Results of the Deep-Sea Dredging Expedition of the United States Fish Commission Steamer Albatross. Discussed by Messrs. Gill and Brewer.
4. REMSEN, IRA.—The Quantitative Estimation of Carbon in Ordinary Phosphorus.
5. HILGARD, J. E.—On the Depth of the Western Part of the Atlantic Ocean and Gulf of Mexico, with an Exhibition of a Relief Model. Discussed by Messrs. Lesley, Silliman, Powell, and Hunt.
6. HILGARD, J. E.—On the Relative Levels of the Western Part of the Atlantic Ocean and Gulf of Mexico with Respect to the Gulf Stream. Discussed by Messrs. Meigs, Gilbert, and Coffin.
7. NEWCOMB, SIMON.—On the Photographs of the Transit of Venus taken at the Lick Observatory. Discussed by Messrs. Langley and Young.
8. REMSEN, IRA.—Reduction of Halogen Derivatives of Carbon Compounds.
9. LANGLEY, S. P.—The Character of the Heat Radiated from the Soil. Discussed by Messrs. Young and Newcomb.
10. COPE, E. D.—On the North American Species of Mastodon. Read by Mr. Gill.
11. GILL, THEO., and RYDER, JOHN A.—The Characteristics of Lyomerous Fishes.
12. BARKER, GEORGE F.—On the Fritts Selenium Cell. Discussed by Mr. Langley.
13. BARKER, GEORGE F.—On a Lantern Voltameter.
14. BRUSH, GEORGE J.—On the Occurrence of Mercury in Native Silver from Lake Superior. Discussed by Mr. Silliman.
15. SILLIMAN, B.—On the Existence of Tin Ore in the Older Rocks of the Blue Ridge. Discussed by Mr. J. E. Hilgard.
16. LOOMIS, ELIAS.—Reduction of Barometric Observations to Sea Level. Read by home secretary.
17. GALLAUDET, E. M. (by invitation of the Academy).—Some Recent Results of the Oral and Aural Teaching of the Deaf under the Combined System. Discussed by Messrs. Coues and Hilgard.
18. GILL, THEO.—On the Ichthyological Peculiarities of the Bassalian Realm. Discussed by Messrs. Verrill and Coues.
19. PAUL, H. M. (by invitation of the Academy).—The Krakatoa Atmospheric Waves and the Question of the Connection between Barometric Pressure and Atmospheric Electricity. Discussed by Mr. Brewer.
20. BILLINGS, JOHN S.—Memorandum on Composite Photographs in Craniology. Read by Mr. Powell.
21. WRIGHT, A. W.—Some Experiments upon the Spectra of Oxygen. Discussed by Mr. Langley.
22. COUES, ELLIOTT.—On the Application of Trinomial Nomenclature to Zoölogy. Discussed by Messrs. Gill and Brewer.
23. CLARKE, F. W. (by invitation of the Academy).—Jade Implements from Alaska.
24. ABBOT, H. L.—Recent Progress in Electrical Fuses.
25. HILGARD, J. E.—Account of Some Recent Pendulum Experiments in Different Parts of the World, made in Connection with the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey.
26. DILLER, J. S. (by invitation of the Academy).—Volcanic Sand that Fell at Unalaska October 20, 1883, and Considerations Concerning its Composition.

ELECTIONS.

The following members were selected for the council for the ensuing year: Messrs. S. F. Baird, W. Gibbs, J. E. Hilgard, M. C. Meigs, S. H. Scudder, and C. A. Young.

NEW MEMBERS.

The following new members were elected: Prof. Edward S. Dana, General C. B. Comstock, U. S. A., Prof. Sidney I. Smith, Capt. C. E. Dutton, U. S. A., and Prof. W. K. Brooks.

TREASURER'S REPORT.

The treasurer presented the following report, which had been examined by the auditing committee, Messrs. Scudder, Abbe, and Pumpelly, and approved:

1. *General account, April* 16, 1883, *to April* 14, 1884.

RECEIPTS.

Cash balance from last year		$230 67
Dues collected from members		471 50
Total assets		702 17

EXPENDITURES.

Stationery and printing	$128 63	
Postage and express	17 37	
Assistant to secretary, April and November	102 78	
Caterer, April meeting	100 00	
Rent of room for library	96 00	
Parchment for diplomas	40 00	
		484 78
Cash balance on hand April 14, 1884		217 39
Dues from members		35 00
District of Columbia 3.65 bond		1,000 00
Total assets		1,252 39

2. *The Bache trust fund.*

RECEIPTS.

Cash balance from last year	$1,414 27
Interest of United States bonds	2,212 72
Interest from other funds	96 00
Total	3,722 99

EXPENDITURES.

Taxes on Missouri land	$5 45	
E. S. Holden, for spectroscopic observations on zodiacal light and auroras	300 00	
		305 45
Balance of income fund, cash		3,417 54
Add District of Columbia loan, 3.65 per cent		4,500 00
Total		7,917 54

The fund itself, of $47,550, remains unchanged since the report in April, 1883.

3. *The Watson fund.*

RECEIPTS.

Cash balance from last year	$644 75
Interest on United States bonds	279 00
Dividend on stock of Michigan Mutual Life Insurance Company	469 00
	1,392 75

EXPENDITURES.

Account of solar eclipse of 1883	$100 00	
		100 00
Cash balance on hand April 14, 1884		1,292 75

The investments remain unchanged.

4. *The Henry Draper medal fund.*

RECEIPTS.

Received from Mrs. Draper, April 20, 1883	$6,000 00
Interest on $5,000 United States bond, 4 per cent	200 00
	6,200 00

EXPENDITURES.

Expended in purchase of $5,000 United States bond, 4 per cent., April 20, 1883	$6,000 00	
		6,000 00
Cash balance April 14, 1884		200 00

J. H. C. COFFIN,
Treasurer.

The following report of the committee to examine securities held by the Academy was read and approved:

Washington, D. C., April 12, 1884.

The committee, Messrs. Schott and Gilbert, appointed to examine the securities in the hands of the treasurer, report that they have examined said securities, and find they are as follows:

1. *General fund.*

District of Columbia 3.65 per cent	$1,000 00

2. *Bache trust fund.*

United States loan, 4½ per cent	$42,100 00
United States loan, 4 per cent	3,850 00
City of Davenport loan, 6 per cent., coupon	1,000 00
City of Philadelphia loan, 6 per cent	600 00
	47,550 00

Also for deed of 160 acres of Missouri lands, and three gold and one bronze medals.

3. *Income of the Bache fund.*

District of Columbia 3.65 per cent. ($500 of which are coupon)	$4,500 00

4. *Joseph Henry fund.*

An agreement with the Pennsylvania Company for the insurance on lives, and granting annuities, as to the final disposition of the Joseph Henry fund of $40,000 00

5. *Henry Draper medal fund.*

United States loan, 4 per cent $5,000 00

These are all, except where noted, registered in the name of the National Academy of Sciences.

Also the deed of Mrs. Henry Draper granting $6,000 for the Henry Draper medal fund.

6. *Watson trust fund.*

United States loan, 4 per cent	$6,200 00
Certificate for 134 shares of capital stock of the Michigan Mutual Life Insurance Company, par	6,700 00
	12,900 00

RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE TRUSTEES OF THE WATSON FUND.

The following recommendations of the trustees of the Watson fund were adopted by the Academy, upon the advice of the council (these recommendations are based on the present cash balance of $1,292.75, and the annual income of present investments, $748):

1. That the invested fund be increased by the addition of $850.25, so that its par value may equal, as near as may be, $13,750.25, the sum received from Professor Watson's estate.

2. That dies, with suitable designs, be prepared for a medal to be awarded from time to time to the person in any country who shall make any astronomical discovery or produce any astronomical work worthy of special reward and contributing to the progress of astronomy, in compliance with the expressed wishes of Professor Watson.

3. That there be set aside annually the sum of $500, or as much thereof as may be necessary and available, to commence work on tables of the small planets discovered by Professor Watson, as also expressly desired by him in his bequest to the Academy, such work to be under the direction of Mr. Newcomb.

DONATION BY MRS. J. LAWRENCE SMITH.

The president announced that the widow of Prof. J. Lawrence Smith, late an honored member of the Academy, intended to place at the disposal of the National Academy of Sciences the sum of $8,000, as a memorial fund to promote the study of meteoric bodies.

Upon recommendation of the council, the Academy adopted the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Academy hears with gratification the announcement that Mrs. J. Lawrence Smith intends to intrust to it a fund to promote the study of meteoric bodies, and hereby signifies its readiness to accept the trust.

The Academy also adopted the recommendation of the council "that the president be authorized to communicate with Mrs. J. Lawrence Smith, and make what arrangements are necessary."

DEATH OF MEMBERS.

The president announced the death of the following members who have died since the last meeting: General A. A. Humphreys, Chief of Engineers, U. S. A., and Prof. Arnold Guyot, of Princeton, N. J.

The following members were appointed to prepare obituary memoirs:

Of General Humphreys: General H. L. Abbot.

Of Professor Guyot: Professor J. D. Dana.

MEMORIAL MEETING.

On the evening of April 17, the Academy met in the lecture hall of the National Museum, for the reading of obituary memoirs, as follows:

Of General G. K. Warren, by General H. L. Abbot.

Of Prof. Stephen Alexander, by Prof. C. A. Young.

Of Prof. J. Lawrence Smith, by Prof. B. Silliman.

Of Dr. John L. Le Conte, by Mr. S. H. Scudder.

Of Prof. Lewis H. Morgan, by Mr. J. W. Powell. (Read by title.)

RESOLUTIONS.

On recommendation of the council, it was resolved that the home secretary have engrossed, and properly signed, the resolution of thanks to Mrs. Draper drawn up at the last stated session, as follows:

Resolved, That the grateful acknowledgments of the National Academy of Sciences are due to Mrs. Draper for the confidence which she has shown in selecting the Academy as the trustee of a fund designed to reward scientific labor, and by so doing to commemorate the services of one who was loved for his virtues, and honored for his eminent success in the branch of science to which he devoted his noble and useful life.

The following resolutions were also adopted:

Resolved, That the National Academy of Sciences authorize the sale of 160 acres of land designated as SE. ¼ of lot 11, township block 34, range 23, in the State of Missouri, held as part of the estate derived from A. D. Bache, for a sum not less than $800; and that the president of the Academy be, and is hereby, authorized and empowered to execute such deed of conveyance to the purchaser, and such other papers as may be required, when he shall regard such sale desirable.

Resolved, That a scientific session be held at Newport, R. I., the second Tuesday (14) in October.

Resolved, That a special stated session be called for Wednesday, October 15, to consider the president's report to Congress, and receive reports of committees on subjects referred to the Academy by the Government.

Resolved, That the proceedings of the Academy that have not already been published, together with unpublished biographical notices, be included in the president's report to Congress.

Resolved, That the treasurer be authorized to reimburse the members of the committee on glucose for expenses incurred in that investigation, and obtain repayment from the Government.

Resolved, That the treasurer be authorized to defray the expenses of the present session on certification by the president.

Resolved, That the assessment for the ensuing year be $5.

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.

The Academy adopted the pending amendment to Article IV, section 4, viz: Omit the words "and foreign associates."

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

It was reported that the reservation of public lands on and near Mount Whitney, California, for scientific purposes, had been established, and the committee was continued, with the view to securing and utilizing the reservation for the said scientific purposes.

Mr. Pumpelly was appointed to fill the vacancy in the committee on ways and means to provide a fund for the Academy, caused by the death of Mr. J. Lawrence Smith.

In the committee to co-operate with the National Board of Health, Mr. Billings was appointed to take the place of Dr. Engelmann, deceased, and Mr. Brewer to take the place of Mr. J. L. Smith, deceased.

Mr. Powell was appointed a member of the committee on publication.

The committee to represent the Academy before Congress, and the committee on the relation of the Academy to the Government, were, on motion of Mr. Hilgard, united under the latter title, so far as names were not duplicated.

The committee on the Henry Draper medal reported progress.

Mr. Hilgard, on the part of the board of direction of the Bache fund, made a statement of the present condition of the fund, explaining the policy which had formerly guided the board, and the rules adopted by the present board, with the view to having the fund more directly applied to distinct objects, the results of which might be published as "Memoirs of the Bache Fund."

The committee on weights, measures, and coinage, the committee on the triangulation to connect the Atlantic and Pacific coasts, and the committee on publication were continued.

The committee on questions of meteorological science and its application, the committee on the investigation of glucose for the Department of Internal Revenue, and the committee on the total eclipse of May 6, 1883, were discharged.

Dr. Joseph Leidy was, at his request, restored to the roll of members.

INVITATIONS.

During the session, the members of the Academy were invited by Professor Baird, the Fish Commissioner, to call at the central hatching station of the Fish Commission, in the Armory building, to witness the operation of hatching shad.

Members were also invited by the Standard Underground Cable Company, through its vice-president, Mr. R. S. Waring, to examine the underground electric cables laid for the use of the Departments and extending to the National Museum.

The Academy adjourned April 18, 1884.

SCIENTIFIC SESSION.

HELD AT NEWPORT, R. I., OCTOBER 14 TO 17, 1884.

A scientific session, for the reading of papers only, having been called by the council, as announced at the April session, the Academy convened at the court house, Newport, R. I., on October 14, 1884.

The president, Prof. O. C. Marsh, presided.

The following members were present during the session:

Abbot.	Cope.	Langley.	Powell.
Brewer.	Dana.	Marsh.	Pumpelly.
Brush.	Gibbs, W.	Morse.	Rogers.
Coffin.	Hall, A.	Packard.	Scudder.
Comstock.	Hilgard, J. E.	Peirce.	Walker.
Cooke.	Hill, Henry B.	Peters.	

The following gentlemen were invited to attend the meetings and to take part in the scientific proceedings: Prof. Edw. B. Tylor, of Oxford, England; Dr. W. Valentiner, director of the observatory at Karlsruhe, Germany; Hon. George Bancroft; Lieut. A. W. Greely, U. S. A.

The following papers were read and discussed:

1. COPE, E. D.—On the Columella Auris of the Pelycosauria. Discussed by the president.
2. PACKARD, A. S.—The Brain of Asellus and the Eyeless Form of Cecidotæa. Discussed by Messrs. Scudder, Packard, and Brewer.
3. GIBBS, WOLCOTT.—On the Theory of Atomic Volumes. Discussed by Mr. Peirce.
4. GIBBS, WOLCOTT.—On the Complex Inorganic Acids.
5. ROGERS, FAIRMAN.—Notice of Muybridge's Experiments on the Motions of Animals by Instantaneous Photography. Discussed by Messrs. Brewer, Cope, Powell, Rogers, and the president.
6. ROGERS, FAIRMAN.—Notice of Grant's Difference Engine. Discussed by Messrs. J. E. Hilgard, A. Hall, Rogers, Peters, Coffin, and Comstock.
7. DANA, E. S.—On the Thinolite of Lake Lahontan. Discussed by the president and Mr. Brewer.
8. PUMPELLY, R.—On the Mesozoic Coals of the Northwest. Discussed by Mr. Powell.
9. PUMPELLY, R.—On the Work of the Northern Transcontinental Survey. Discussed by Mr. Powell.
10. BREWER, W. H.—The Grasses Mechanically Injurious to Live Stock. Discussed by Messrs. Powell, Brewer, Cope, Peters, and the president.
11. PEIRCE, C. S.—On Gravitation Survey.
12. PEIRCE, C. S., and JASTROW, J.—On Minimum Differences of Sensibility. Discussed by Mr. Powell.
13. PETERS, C. H. F.—Researches on Ptolemy's Star Catalogue.
14. POWELL, J. W.—On the Operations of the United States Geological Survey.
15. HALL, A.—The Motion of Hyperion.
16. TYLOR, E. B. (by invitation of the Academy).—Remarks on the Civilization of the Native Peoples of America. Discussed by Messrs. Powell, Cope, J. E. Hilgard, and Brewer.

17. VERRILL, A. E.—Some Results of the Exploration of the Deep Sea beneath the Gulf Stream by the United States Fish Commission Steamer Albatross, during the past Summer. Read by Mr. Pumpelly.
18. ABBOT, H. L.—Recent Progress in Explosives. (Read by title.)
19. PUMPELLY, R.—On an Experimental Composite Photograph of the Members of the Academy. Discussed by Mr. Brewer, the president, and Messrs. Powell, Cope, and Peirce.
20. VALENTINER, W. (by invitation of the Academy).—Report on Meridian Work at Karlsruhe. Discussed by Mr. Peters.
21. PEIRCE, C. S.—On the Algebra of Logic. Discussed by Messrs. Powell and Peirce.
22. LANGLEY, S. P.—On the Temperature of the Lunar Surface.
23. MORSE, EDWARD S.—On the Methods of Eastern Archery.

DEATH OF MEMBERS.

The president announced the death of the following members: Dr. J. J. Woodward, U. S. A., and Dr. R. E. Rogers.

The following members were appointed to prepare obituary memoirs:

Of Dr. Woodward; Dr. J. S. Billings.

Of Dr. Rogers: Mr. F. Rogers.

Since the October meeting, Prof. Benjamin Silliman has died at New Haven, Conn., January 14, 1885.

DEATH OF FOREIGN ASSOCIATES.

During the past year, two foreign associates, J. B. Dumas and Adolphe Würtz, both of Paris, have died.

The scientific session closed October 17, 1884.

SPECIAL SESSION.

HELD AT NEWPORT, R. I., OCTOBER 15, 1884.

A special session of the Academy having been called by the council, in accordance with Article III, section 1, of the constitution, the Academy convened in the court-house at Newport, October 15, 1884, the president, Prof. O. C. Marsh, presiding.

The president was authorized to include in his annual report to Congress, in addition to the detail of the regular proceedings of the sessions, the report of the committee on the organization of the National Surveys and Signal Service, the report of the committee on philosophical and scientific apparatus, reports upon any other business submitted to him during the current year, by the Government of the United States, and the report of the committee on publications of the Academy.

Respectfully submitted.

O. C. MARSH,
President of the National Academy of Scien

APPENDICES.

APPENDIX A.

AN ACT to incorporate the National Academy of Sciences.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Louis Agassiz, Massachusetts; J. H. Alexander, Maryland; S. Alexander, New Jersey; A. D. Bache, at large; F. B. Barnard, at large; J. G. Barnard, United States Army, Massachusetts; W. H. C. Bartlett, United States Military Academy, Missouri; U. A. Boyden, Massachusetts; Alexis Caswell, Rhode Island; William Chauvenet, Missouri; J. H. C. Coffin, United States Naval Academy, Maine; J. A. Dahlgren, United States Navy, Pennsylvania; J. D. Dana, Connecticut; Charles H. Davis, United States Navy, Massachusetts; George Engelmann, St. Louis, Missouri; J. F. Frazer, Pennsylvania; Wolcott Gibbs, New York; J. M. Gilless, United States Navy, District of Columbia; A. A. Gould, Massachusetts; B. A. Gould, Massachusetts; Asa Gray, Massachusetts; A. Guyot, New Jersey; James Hall, New York; Joseph Henry, at large; J. E. Hilgard, at large, Illinois; Edward Hitchcock, Massachusetts; J. S. Hubbard, United States Naval Observatory, Connecticut; A. A. Humphreys, United States Army, Pennsylvania; J. L. Le Conte, United States Army, Pennsylvania; J. Leidy, Pennsylvania; J. P. Lesley, Pennsylvania; M. F. Longstreth, Pennsylvania; D. H. Mahan, United States Military Academy, Virginia; J. S. Newberry, Ohio: H. A. Newton, Connecticut; Benjamin Peirce, Massachusetts; John Rodgers, United States Navy, Indiana; Fairman Rogers, Pennsylvania; R. E. Rogers, Pennsylvania; W. B. Rogers, Massachusetts; L. M. Rutherford, New York; Joseph Saxton, at large; Benjamin Silliman, Connecticut; Benjamin Silliman, junior, Connecticut; Theodore Strong, New Jersey; John Torrey, New York; J. G. Totten, United States Army, Connecticut; Joseph Winlock, United States Nautical Almanac, Kentucky; Jeffries Wyman, Massachusetts; J. D. Whitney, California, their associates and successors duly chosen, are hereby incorporated, constituted, and declared to be a body corporate, by the name of the National Academy of Sciences.

SECTION 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the National Academy of Sciences shall consist of not more than fifty ordinary members, and the said corporation hereby constituted shall have power to make its own organization, including its constitution, by-laws, and rules and regulations; to fill all vacancies created by death, resignation, or otherwise;

to provide for the election of foreign and domestic members, the division into classes, and all other matters needful or usual in such institution, and to report the same to Congress.

SECTION 3. *And be it further enacted*, That the National Academy of Sciences shall hold an annual meeting at such place in the United States as may be designated, and the Academy shall, whenever called upon by any department of the government, investigate, examine, experiment, and report upon any subject of science or art, the actual expense of such investigations, examinations, experiments, and reports, to be paid from appropriations which may be made for the purpose, but the Academy shall receive no compensation whatever for any services to the Government of the United States.

Approved, March 3, 1863.

AN ACT to amend the Act to incorporate the National Academy of Sciences.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act to incorporate the National Academy of Sciences, approved March three, eighteen hundred and sixty-three, be, and the same is hereby, so amended as to remove the limitation of the number of ordinary members of said Academy as provided in said act.

Approved, July 14, 1870.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, *June* 10, 1882.

True copies.

SEVELLON A. BROWN,
Chief Clerk.

[Public No. 63.]

AN ACT to authorize the National Academy of Sciences to receive and hold trust funds for the promotion of science, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the National Academy of Sciences, incorporated by the act of Congress approved March third, eighteen hundred and sixty three, and its several supplements, be, and the same is hereby, authorized and empowered to receive bequests and donations, and hold the same in trust, to be applied by the said Academy in aid of scientific investigations, and according to the will of the donors.

Approved, June 20, 1884.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, *June* 24, 1884.

A true copy.

SEVELLON A. BROWN,
Chief Clerk.

APPENDIX B.

CONSTITUTION AND RULES OF THE NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES.

As amended and adopted April 17, 1872, and further amended April 20, 1875, April 21, 1881, April 19, 1882, and April 18, 1883.

PREAMBLE.

Empowered by the act of incorporation enacted by Congress and approved by the President of the United States on the 3d day of March, A. D. 1863, and in conformity with the amendment to said act, approved July 14, 1870, the National Academy of Sciences adopt the following amended constitution and rules:

ARTICLE I.—OF MEMBERS.

SECTION 1. The Academy shall consist of members, honorary members, and foreign associates. Members must be citizens of the United States.

SEC. 2. Members who, from age or inability to attend the sessions of the Academy, wish to resign the duties of active membership, may, at their own request, be transferred to the roll of honorary members by a vote of the Academy.

SEC. 3. The Academy may elect fifty foreign associates.

SEC. 4. Honorary members and foreign associates shall have the privilege of attending the meetings, and of reading and communicating papers to the Academy, but shall take no part in its business, shall not be subject to its assessments, and shall be entitled to a copy of the publications of the Academy.

ARTICLE II.—OF THE OFFICERS.

SEC. 1. The officers of the Academy shall be a president, a vice-president, a foreign secretary, a home secretary, and a treasurer, all of whom shall be elected for a term of six years, by a majority of votes present at the first stated session after the expiration of the current terms, provided that existing officers retain their places until their successors are elected. In case of a vacancy, the election for six years shall be held in the same manner, at the session when such vacancy occurs or at the next stated session thereafter, as the Academy may direct. A vacancy in the office of treasurer or home secretary may, however, be filled by

appointment of the president of the Academy until the next stated session of the Academy.

SEC. 2. The officers of the Academy, together with six members to be elected by the Academy at the first stated session in each year, shall constitute a council for the transaction of such business as may be assigned to them by the constitution of the Academy.

SEC. 3. The president of the Academy, or, in case of his absence or inability to act, the vice-president, shall preside at the meetings of the Academy and of the council; shall name all committees except such as are otherwise especially provided for; shall refer investigations required by the Government of the United States to members especially conversant with the subjects, and report thereon to the Academy at its session next ensuing; and, with the council, shall direct the general business of the Academy.

It shall be competent for the president, in special cases, to call in the aid, upon committees, of experts or men of special attainments, not members of the Academy.

SEC. 4. The foreign and home secretaries shall conduct the correspondence proper to their respective departments, advising with the president and council in cases of doubt, and reporting their action to the Academy at one of the stated sessions in each year.

It shall be the duty of the home secretary to give notice to the members, of the place and time of all meetings, of all nominations for membership, and of all proposed amendments to the constitution.

The minutes of each session shall be duly engrossed before the next stated session, under the direction of the home secretary.

SEC. 5. The treasurer shall attend to all receipts and disbursements of the Academy, giving such bond and furnishing such vouchers as the council may require. He shall collect all dues from members, and keep a set of books showing a full account of receipts and disbursements. He shall present a general report at the April session. He shall be the custodian of the corporate seal of the Academy.

ARTICLE III.—OF THE MEETINGS.

SEC. 1. The Academy shall hold one stated session in each year, in the city of Washington, on the third Tuesday in April, and another may be held at such place and time as the council shall determine.

Special sessions of the Academy may be called by order of eight members of the council, at such place and time as may be designated in the call.

Scientific sessions of the Academy may be held at times and places to be designated by a majority of the council.

SEC. 2. The names of the members present at each daily meeting shall be recorded in the minutes; and the members present at any meeting shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.

SEC. 3. Scientific meetings of the Academy, unless otherwise ordered

by a majority of the members present, shall be open to the public; those for the transaction of business, closed.

SEC. 4. The stated meetings of the council shall be held during the stated or special sessions of the Academy. Special meetings may be convened at the call of the president and two members of the council, or of four members of the council.

SEC. 5. No member who has not paid his dues shall take part in the business of the Academy.

ARTICLE IV—OF ELECTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

SEC. 1. All elections shall be by ballot, and each election shall be held separately, unless otherwise ordered by this constitution.

SEC. 2. The time for holding an election for officers shall be fixed by the Academy at least one day before the election is held.

SEC. 3. The six additional members of the council shall be elected on any day after the first of the first stated session in each year, by each voter inscribing six names on his ballot, and those six who have received more votes than any others shall be declared elected. If two or more names have received the lowest number of votes that would elect, additional balloting shall be had for as many members as remain each time to be elected until the number is full.

The term of the members so elected shall commence at the close of the session at which they are elected, and continue until the close of the first stated session in the next year.

SEC. 4. Nominations of members may be made in writing, signed by any five members of the Academy, at any stated session, to be voted on at the next stated session held in Washington; and each nomination shall, at the time of election, be accompanied by a written list of the original works of the nominee.

SEC. 5. Elections for membership shall be held in the following manner: Each member may inscribe on a ballot not more than five names of nominees selected from the list. Absent members may send such ballots to the home secretary. From the seven names receiving the highest number of votes in this preference ballot, the members present may proceed to elect new members in the following manner: At each ballot each member present may vote for not exceeding three persons, and the person receiving the highest number of votes shall be declared elected: *Provided*, That he received two thirds of the votes cast, and that his name appear on not less than twenty ballots: *And provided further*, That the number of members of the Academy be not already one hundred or over, in which case, to be declared to be elected, he must receive four-fifths of the votes cast, and his name must appear on at least twenty-five ballots.

Should several candidates have the same minimum number of votes on the preference list, the requisite number for completing the list shall be selected from them by a two-thirds vote of the members present.

Election of members shall be held only at the regular stated session of each year held in Washington, and not more than five members shall be elected at that session.

Before, and during elections, a discussion of the merits of nominees will be in order.

The election of members may be suspended at any time by a majority vote of the members present.

SEC. 6. Every member elect shall accept his membership, personally or in writing, before the close of the next stated session after the date of his election. Otherwise, on proof that the secretary has formally notified him of his election, his name shall not be entered on the roll of members.

SEC. 7. Foreign associates may be nominated by a committee of five members to be appointed for that purpose by the president, and elected at any stated session by a two-thirds vote of the members present. The election shall be had by each member indicating on a ballot those names for which he votes, and those nominees whose names appear on two-thirds of the ballots shall be declared elected.

SEC. 8. A diploma, with the corporate seal of the Academy, and the signatures of the officers, shall be sent by the appropriate secretary to each member on his acceptance of his membership, and to foreign associates on their election.

SEC. 9. Resignations shall be addressed to the president, and acted on by the Academy.

ARTICLE V.—OF SCIENTIFIC COMMUNICATIONS, PUBLICATIONS, AND REPORTS.

SEC. 1. Communications on scientific subjects shall be read at scientific meetings of the Academy, and papers by any member may be read by the author, or by any other member, notice of the same having been previously given to the secretary.

SEC. 2. Any member of the Academy may read a paper from a person who is not a member, and shall not be considered responsible for the facts or opinions expressed by the author, but shall be held responsible for the propriety of the paper.

Persons who are not members may read papers on invitation of the president, with the advice of the council.

SEC. 3. The Academy may provide for the publication, under the direction of the council, of proceedings, memoirs, and reports.

SEC. 4. Propositions for investigations or reports by the Academy shall be submitted to the council for approval, except those requested by the Government of the United States, which shall be acted on by the president, who will in such cases report their results to the Government as soon as obtained, and to the Academy at its next following stated session.

SEC. 5. The advice of the Academy shall be, at all times, at the disposition of the Government upon any matter of science or art within its scope.

SEC. 6. An annual report to be presented to Congress shall be prepared by the president, and, before its presentation, submitted by him, first to the council, and afterwards to the Academy, at one of the stated sessions.

SEC. 7. Medals and prizes may be established, and the means of bestowing them accepted by the Academy, upon the recommendation of the council, by whom all the necessary arrangements for their establishment and award shall be made.

Bequests and trusts having for their object the advancement of science may also be accepted, and administered by the Academy.

ARTICLE VI.—OF THE PROPERTY OF THE ACADEMY.

SEC. 1. All investments shall be made by the treasurer, in the corporate name of the Academy, in stocks of the United States.

SEC. 2. No contract shall be binding upon the Academy which has not been first approved by the council.

SEC. 3. The assessments required for the support of the Academy shall be fixed by the Academy, on the recommendation of the council.

ARTICLE VII.—OF ADDITIONS AND AMENDMENTS.

Additions and amendments to the constitution shall be made only at a stated session of the Academy. Notice of a proposition for such a change must be given at a stated session, and shall be referred to the council, which may amend the proposition, and shall report thereon to the Academy at the same session. Its report shall be considered by the Academy in committee of the whole for amendment.

The proposition as amended, if adopted in committee of the whole, shall be voted on at the next stated session, and if it receive two-thirds o the votes cast it shall be declared adopted.

Absent members may send their votes on pending changes in the constitution to the home secretary, in writing, and such votes shall be counted as if the member were present.

RULES.

I. In the absence of any officer, a member shall be chosen to perform his duties temporarily, by a plurality of *viva voce* votes, upon open nominations.

II. The accounts of the treasurer shall be referred to an auditing committee of three members, to be appointed by the president at the meeting at which the accounts are presented, which committee shall report before the close of that session, and shall then be discharged.

The bonds, securities, and other property owned or held in trust by the Academy shall be inspected and verified by a committee to be an-

nually appointed by the president. The report of this committee shall be presented to the Academy at its first stated session in each year, and referred with the accounts to the auditing committee.

III. A committee of arrangements consisting of five members shall be appointed by the president for each stated session of the Academy. This committee shall meet not less than two weeks previous to each session. It shall be in session during the meetings to make arrangements for the reception of the members; to arrange the business of each day; to receive the titles of papers, reports, &c.; and toarrange the order of reading, and, in general, to attend to all business and scientific arrangements.

IV. At the meetings the order of business shall be as follows:

1. Chair taken by the president, or, in his absence, by the vice-president.
2. Roll of members called by home secretary.
3. Minutes of the preceding meeting read and approved.
4. Stated business.
5. Reports of president, secretaries, treasurer, and committees.
6. Business from council.
7. Other business.
8. On the last day of the session, the rough minutes of that day's proceedings are to be read for correction.

V. The rules of order of the Academy shall be those of the Senate of the United States, unless suspended by unanimous consent.

VI. Unless otherwise ordered by the Academy, the scientific meetings shall be convened at noon.

VII. The death of members shall be announced by the president on the last day of any session, when a member shall be selected by the president to furnish a biographical notice of the deceased at the next stated session. If such notice be not then furnished, another member may be selected by the president in place of the first, and so on until the duty is performed.

VIII. All discussions as to the claims and qualifications of nominees at meetings of the Academy will be held strictly confidential, and remarks and criticisms then made may be communicated to no person who was not a member of the Academy at the time of the discussion.

IX. The secretaries will receive memoirs at any time, and report the date of their reception at the next session. But no memoir shall be published unless it has been read before the Academy.

X. Memoirs shall date in the records of the Academy from the date of their presentation to the Academy, and the order of their presentation shall be that in which they were registered, unless changed by consent of the author.

XI. Papers from persons not members, read before the Academy, and intended for publication, shall be referred, at the meeting at which they are read, to a committee of members competent to judge whether the

paper is worthy of publication. Such committee shall report to the Academy as early as practicable, and not later than the next stated session.

XII. An annual of the Academy shall be prepared and published by the secretaries.

XIII. The printing of the Academy shall be under the charge of a committee of publication, to consist of the home secretary and four other members to be named by the president, with the advice and consent of the council.

XIV. The annual report of the Academy may be accompanied by a memorial to Congress in regard to such investigations and other subjects as may be deemed advisable, recommending appropriations therefor when necessary.

XV. The proper secretary shall acknowledge all donations made to the Academy, and shall report them at the next stated session.

XVI. The books, apparatus, archives, and other collections of the Academy shall be deposited in some safe place in the city of Washington. A list of the articles so deposited shall be kept by the home secretary, who is authorized to employ a clerk to take charge of them.

XVII. A stamp corresponding to the corporate seal of the Academy shall be kept by the secretaries, who shall be responsible for the due marking of all books, and other objects to which it is applicable.

Labels or other proper marks of similar device shall be placed upon objects not admitting of the stamp.

XVIII. On the first day of each stated session, immediately after calling the roll of members, a recording secretary shall be elected by a plurality of members present to assist the home secretary in keeping the records of the session.

XIX. It shall be the duty of the committee of arrangements to fix the length of time to be devoted to reading of all papers submitted, and to limit the time to be occupied in their discussion.

XX. Ballots for election of members may be sent by sealing them up in a blank envelope, and inclosing this in another, across the back of which is written the name of the sender, and which is addressed to the home secretary. Such envelopes will be opened only by the tellers.

XXI. Any rule of the Academy may be amended, suspended, or repealed on the written motion of any two members, signed by them, and presented at a stated session of the Academy, provided the same shall be approved by a majority of the members present.

XXII. Nominations for membership should state the full name, residence, the official position, and the special scientific studies of the candidate. A form of nomination shall be prepared by the home secretary.

By a resolution adopted January 12, 1864, the president is, *ex officio*, a member of all Government committees of the Academy.

APPENDIX C.

ORGANIZANION OF THE ACADEMY, 1884.

	Expiration of term.
MARSH, O. C., *President*	April, 1889
NEWCOMB, S., *Vice-President*	April, 1889
AGASSIZ, ALEXANDER, *Foreign Secretary*	April, 1886
HALL, A., *Home Secretary*	April, 1889
COFFIN, J. H. C., *Treasurer*	April, 1887

ADDITIONAL MEMBERS OF COUNCIL, 1884–'85.

BAIRD, S. F.
GIBBS, W.
HILGARD, J. E.
MEIGS, M. C.
SCUDDER, S. H.
YOUNG, C. A.

COMMITTEES OF THE ACADEMY.

On Ways and Means to Provide a Fund for the Academy.

ROGERS, FAIRMAN, *Chairman.*
CHANDLER, C. F.
MARSH, O. C.
AGASSIZ, ALEXANDER.
PUMPELLY, R.

On Weights, Measures, and Coinage.

BARNARD, F. A. P., *Chairman.*
GIBBS, WOLCOTT.
HILGARD, J. E.
MEIGS, M. C.
NEWCOMB, S.
NEWTON, H. A.
PEIRCE, C. S.
TROWBRIDGE, W. P.

On the Election of Foreign Associates.

AGASSIZ, ALEXANDER, *Chairman.*
DANA, J. D.
GIBBS, W.
HALL, A.
NEWCOMB, S.

On Reserving Public Lands on and near Mount Whitney, California, for Scientific Purposes.

LANGLEY, S. P., *Chairman.*
BREWER, W. H.
POWELL, J. W.

To Report on the Triangulation to Connect the Atlantic and Pacific Coasts.

ABBOT, H. L., *Chairman.*
BARNARD, F. A. P.
MEIGS, M. C.
NEWBERRY, J. S.
NEWCOMB, S.
NEWTON, H. A.
POWELL, J. W.

CHANDLER, CHARLES F., New York City.
GIBBS, WOLCOTT, Cambridge, Mass.

On Publication.

THE HOME SECRETARY.
BAIRD, S. F.
COFFIN, J. H. C.
NEWCOMB, S.
POWELL, J. W.

On Publications of the Academy.

GILL, T.

On the Relation of the Academy to the Government.

THE PRESIDENT.
VICE-PRESIDENT.
SECRETARIES.
BAIRD, S. F.
COFFIN, J. H. C.
HILGARD, J. E.
MEIGS, M. C.
POWELL, J. W.

On the Organization of the National Surveys and Signal Service.

MEIGS, M. C., *Chairman.*
BREWER, WILLIAM H.
COMSTOCK, C. B.
LANGLEY, S. P.
NEWCOMB, S.
PICKERING, E. P.
TROWBRIDGE, W. P.
WALKER, F. A.
YOUNG, C. A.

On Customs Duty on Philosophical and Scientific Apparatus.

BRUSH, G. J., *Chairman.*
GIBBS, WOLCOTT.
SCUDDER, S. H.
NEWCOMB, S.
BARKER, G. F.

TRUST FUNDS.

Board of Direction of the Bache Fund.

MEMBERS OF THE NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES, JANUARY 20, 1885.

		Date of election.
ABBE, CLEVELAND	*Washington, D. C.*	1879
ABBOT, HENRY L., U. S. A	*Whitestone, Long Island, N. Y.*	1872
AGASSIZ, ALEXANDER	*Cambridge, Mass.*	1866
ALLEN, J. ASAPH	*Cambridge, Mass.*	1876
BAIRD, SPENCER F	*Washington, D. C.*	1864
BARKER, GEORGE F	*Philadelphia, Pa.*	1876
BARNARD, FREDERICK A. P	*New York City.*	——
BARTLETT, WILLIAM H. C	75 *Locust Hill Ave., Yonkers, N. Y.*	——
BELL, A. GRAHAM	*Washington, D. C.*	1883
BILLINGS, JOHN S., U. S. A	*Washington, D. C.*	1883
BREWER, WILLIAM H	*New Haven, Conn.*	1880
BROOKS, W. K	*Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, Md.*	1884
BROWN-SEQUARD, CHARLES E	*Paris, France.*	1868
BRUSH, GEORGE J	*New Haven, Conn.*	1868
CHANDLER, CHARLES F	*New York City.*	1874
COFFIN, JOHN H. C., U. S. N	*Washington, D. C.*	——
COMSTOCK, CYRUS B., U. S. A	*Army Building, New York City.*	1884
COOKE, JOSIAH P	*Cambridge, Mass.*	1872
COPE, EDWARD D	2100 *Pine St., Philadelphia, Pa.*	1872
COUES, ELLIOTT	*Washington, D. C.*	1877
CRAFTS, JAMES M	*Boston, Mass.*	1872
DALTON, J. C	43 *W. Forty-eighth St., New York City.*	1864
DANA, EDWARD S	*New Haven, Conn.*	1884
DANA, JAMES D	*New Haven, Conn.*	——
DAVIDSON, GEORGE	*San Francisco, Cal.*	1874
DUTTON, CLARENCE E., U. S. A	*Washington, D. C.*	1884
EADS, JAMES B	*Saint Louis, Mo.*	1872
FARLOW, W. G	*Cambridge, Mass.*	1879
FERREL, WILLIAM	*Washington, D. C.*	1868
GENTH, FREDERICK A	*West Philadelphia, Pa.*	1872
GIBBS, JOSIAH WILLARD	*New Haven, Conn.*	1879
GIBBS, WOLCOTT	*Cambridge, Mass.*	——
GILBERT, GROVE K	*Washington, D. C.*	1883
GILL, THEODORE N	*Washington, D. C.*	1873
GOULD, BENJAMIN A	*Cordoba, Argentine Republic, S. A.*	——
HALL, ASAPH, U. S. N	*Washington, D. C.*	1875
HALL, JAMES	*Albany, N. Y.*	——
HAYDEN, F. V	1803 *Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.*	1873
HILGARD, EUGENE W	*Oakland, Cal.*	1872
HILGARD, JULIUS E	*Washington, D. C.*	——
HILL, GEORGE W	*Washington, D. C.*	1874
HILL, HENRY B	*Cambridge, Mass.*	1883
HUNT, T. STERRY	*Montreal, Canada.*	1873
HYATT, ALPHEUS	*Soc. of Nat. History, Boston, Mass.*	1875
JACKSON, CHARLES L	*Cambridge, Mass.*	1883
JOHNSON, SAMUEL W	*New Haven, Conn.*	1866
KING, CLARENCE	62 *Cedar St., New York City.*	1876
LANGLEY, SAMUEL P	*Observatory, Allegheny, Pa.*	1876
LEIDY, JOSEPH	*Philadelphia, Pa.*	1884
LESLEY, J. PETER	1008 *Clinton St., Philadelphia, Pa.*	——
LE CONTE, JOHN	*Berkeley, Cal.*	1878

MEMBERS OF THE NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES—Continued.

		Date of election.
LE CONTE, JOSEPH	*Berkeley, Cal.*	1875
LESQUEREUX, LEO	302 *Fourth St., Columbus, Ohio.*	1864
LOOMIS, ELIAS	*New Haven, Conn.*	1873
LOVERING, JOSEPH	*Cambridge, Mass.*	1873
LYMAN, THEODORE	*Brookline, Mass.*	1872
MARSH, O. C	*New Haven, Conn.*	1874
MAYER, ALFRED M	*Hoboken, N. J.*	1872
MEIGS, MONTGOMERY C., U. S. A	*Washington, D. C.*	1865
MITCHELL, S. WEIR	1332 *Walnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.*	1865
MORSE, EDWARD S	*Salem, Mass.*	1876
MORTON, HENRY	*Hoboken, N. J.*	1874
NEWBERRY, J. S	*New York City.*	—
NEWCOMB, SIMON, U. S. N	*Washington, D. C.*	1869
NEWTON, H. A	*New Haven, Conn.*	—
NEWTON, JOHN, U. S. A	*Army Building, New York City.*	1876
OLIVER, JAMES E	*Ithaca, N. Y.*	1872
PACKARD, A. S	*Providence, R. I.*	1872
PEIRCE, CHARLES S	*U. S. C. Survey, Washington, D. C.*	1877
PETERS, C. H. F	*Clinton, N. Y.*	1876
PICKERING, EDWARD C	*Cambridge, Mass.*	1873
POWELL, JOHN W	*Washington, D. C.*	1880
PUMPELLY, RAPHAEL	*Gibbs Ave., Newport, R. I.*	1872
REMSEN, IRA	*Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, Md.*	1882
ROGERS, FAIRMAN	202 *W. Rittenhouse Sq., Philadelphia, Pa.*	—
ROOD, OGDEN N	*New York City.*	1865
ROWLAND, HENRY A	*Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, Md.*	1881
RUTHERFURD, LEWIS M	175 *Second Ave., New York City.*	—
SCHOTT, CHARLES A	*Washington, D.C.*	1872
SCUDDER, SAMUEL H	*Cambridge, Mass.*	1877
SELLERS, WILLIAM	1600 *Hamilton St., Philadelphia, Pa.*	1873
SMITH, SIDNEY I	*New Haven, Conn.*	1884
TROWBRIDGE, JOHN	*Cambridge, Mass.*	1878
TROWBRIDGE, WILLIAM P	*New York City.*	1872
TRUMBULL, J. H	*Hartford, Conn.*	1872
TUCKERMAN, EDWARD	*Amherst, Mass.*	1868
VERRILL, A. E	*New Haven, Conn.*	1872
WALKER, FRANCIS A	*Boston, Mass.*	1878
WOOD, HORATIO C	1925 *Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.*	1879
WORTHEN, A. H	*Springfield, Ill.*	1872
WRIGHT, ARTHUR W	*New Haven, Conn.*	1881
YOUNG, CHARLES A	*Princeton, N. J.*	1872

HONORARY MEMBERS.

GRAY, ASA	*Cambridge, Mass.*
LONGSTRETH, MIERS F	*Derby, Pa.*

DECEASED MEMBERS.

	Date of death.
* AGASSIZ, LOUIS	Dec. 14, 1873
* ALEXANDER, J. H	Mar. 2, 1867
* ALEXANDER, STEPHEN	June 25, 1883
* BACHE, ALEXANDER DALLAS	Feb. 14, 1867
BARNARD, J. G	May 14, 1882
* CASWELL, ALEXIS	Jan. 8, 1877
* CHAUVENET, WILLIAM	Dec. 13, 1870
* CLARK, HENRY JAMES	July 1, 1873
* COFFIN, JAMES H	Jan. 6, 1873
DAVIS, CHARLES H	Feb. 18, 1877
DRAPER, HENRY	Nov. 20, 1882
DRAPER, JOHN W	Jan. 4, 1882
ENGELMANN, GEORGE	Feb. 11, 1884
* FRAZER, JOHN FRIES	Oct. 14, 1872
* GABB, WILLIAM M	May 30, 1878
* GILLISS, JAMES MELVILLE	Feb. 9, 1865
* GOULD, AUGUSTUS A	Sept. 15, 1866
GUYOT, ARNOLD	Feb. 8, 1884
* HENRY, JOSEPH	May 13, 1878
* HADLEY, JAMES	Aug. 1, 1864
* HITCHCOCK, EDWARD	Feb. 27, 1864
* HOLBROOK, J. E	Sept. 8, 1871
* HUBBARD, J. S	Aug. 16, 1863
* HUMPHREYS, A. A	Nov. 28, 1883
* HALDEMAN, S. S	Sept. 10, 1880
* KIRTLAND, JARED P	Dec. 10, 1877
* LANE, J. HOMER	—— —, 1880
* LE CONTE, JOHN L	Nov. 15, 1883
* MAHAN, D. H	Sept. 16, 1871
MARSH, G. P	July 23, 1882
* MEEK, F. B	Dec. 21, 1877
* MORGAN, LEWIS H	Dec. 14, 1881
NORTON, WILLIAM A	Sept. 21, 1883
* POURTALES, L. F	July 17, 1880
RODGERS, JOHN	May 5, 1882
ROGERS, ROBERT E	Sept. 6, 1884
ROGERS, WILLIAM B	May 30, 1882
* SAXTON, JOSEPH	Oct. 26, 1873
* SILLIMAN, BENJ., SR	Nov. 24, 1864
SILLIMAN, BENJ., JR	Jan. 14, 1885
* SMITH, J. LAWRENCE	Oct. 12, 1883
STIMPSON, WILLIAM	May 26, 1873
* STRONG, THEODORE	Feb. 1, 1869
* SULLIVANT, W. S	Apr. 30, 1873
* TORREY, JOHN	Mar. 10, 1873
* TOTTEN, J. G	Apr. 22, 1864
* WARREN, G. K	Aug. 8, 1882
WATSON, JAMES C	Nov. 23, 1880
* WINLOCK, JOSEPH	Jan. 11, 1875
* WOODWARD, J. J., U. S. A	Aug. 18, 1884
* WYMAN, JEFFRIES	Sept. 4, 1874

* Biographical notices have been presented of those designated by a *.

FOREIGN ASSOCIATES.

BUNSEN, ROBERT W ..... *Heidelberg.*
MILNE-EDWARDS, HENRY ..... *Paris.*
AIRY, SIR GEORGE B ..... *Greenwich.*
OWEN, RICHARD ..... *London.*
BURMEISTER, C. H. C ..... *Buenos Aires.*
STRUVE, OTTO VON ..... *Pulkova.*
ADAMS, J. C ..... *Cambridge.*
CAYLEY, ARTHUR ..... *Cambridge.*
CLAUSIUS, RUDOLPH ..... *Bonn.*
HELMHOLTZ, BARON H. VON ..... *Berlin.*
KIRCHOFF, G. R ..... *Berlin.*
PASTEUR, LOUIS ..... *Paris.*
STOKES, G. G ..... *Cambridge.*
SYLVESTER, J. J ..... *Oxford.*
HOOKER, SIR J. D ..... *Kew.*
THOMSON, SIR WILLIAM ..... *Glasgow.*
AUWERS, ARTHUR ..... *Berlin.*
BERTRAND, J. L. F ..... *Paris.*
HUXLEY, T. H ..... *London.*
VIRCHOW, RUDOLPH VON ..... *Berlin.*
BERTHELOT, M. P. E ..... *Paris.*
BOUSSINGAULT, J. B. J. D ..... *Paris.*
CHEVREUL, M. E ..... *Paris.*
DE CANDOLLE, ALPHONSE ..... *Geneva.*
KÖLLIKER, ALBERT VON ..... *Würzburg.*
OPPOLZER, THEODORE VON ..... *Vienna.*
RICHTHOFEN, F. VON ..... *Berlin.*

DECEASED FOREIGN ASSOCIATES.

SIR WILLIAM ROWAN HAMILTON.
KARL ERNST VON BAER.
MICHAEL FARADAY.
L. ELIE DE BEAUMONT.
SIR DAVID BREWSTER.
G. A. A. PLANA.
F. W. A. ARGELANDER.
FRIEDRICH WÖHLER.
J. B. DUMAS.
MICHEL CHASLES.
SIR RODERICK I. MURCHISON.
VICTOR REGNAULT.
H. W. DOVE.
C. A. F. PETERS.
JUSTUS VON LIEBIG.
ALEXANDER BRAUN.
JOACHIM BARRANDE.
ADOLPHE WÜRTZ.

APPENDIX D.

REPORT ON THE NATIONAL SURVEYS AND SIGNAL SERVICE.

[CORRESPONDENCE.]

THE NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES,
Washington, D. C., October 16, 1884.

SIR: I have the honor to transmit herewith the report of the committee of the National Academy of Sciences on the organization of the National Surveys and Signal Service, made in accordance with the request of the Congressional commission contained in your communication dated July 9, 1884. I send with the report—

1. A letter from the Chief Officer of the Signal Service,
2. A letter from the Director of the Geological Survey.
3. A letter from the Superintendent of the Coast and Geodetic Survey.
4. A letter from the Chief Hydrographic Officer of the Navy.

Also various other documents referred to in the report.

Very respectfully yours,

O. C. MARSH,
President of the National Academy of Sciences.

Hon. THEODORE LYMAN.

REPORT.

To the PRESIDENT OF THE NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES:

SIR: The committee appointed by you to report upon certain organizations and works of the Government has the honor to submit the following report.

The authority under which the committee acted is shown in the following documents:

YALE COLLEGE,
New Haven, Conn., August 2, 1884.

DEAR SIR: I inclose herewith a communication from the Joint Commission appointed by Congress to consider the present organizations of the Signal Service, Geological Survey, Coast and Geodetic Survey, and the Hydrographic Office of the Navy Department, with a view to secure greater efficiency and economy of administration

and shoals, in order to correct the existing Admiralty charts. All this is done under direction of the Admiralty.

While the organization of the land and of the hydrographic surveys in Europe is very perfect, your committee does not find that it offers anything to improve that of the United States, except perhaps in showing the economy in time and money of greater use of photography and of zincography in the reduction and production of maps and charts. In Great Britain now, the twenty-five inch to the mile map is published even earlier than those on smaller scales, all of which are reductions from the original manuscript maps surveyed and plotted on the twenty-five-inch or six-inch scale.

Early and cheap publication of results of operations in the field, if they retain the accuracy of the original maps, are of great industrial and economic importance. The English maps of the ordnance survey are published and placed on sale as soon as printed, and at very moderate prices. For details, your committee refers to the manuscript notes on the ordnance survey herewith.

Your committee would call attention in this connection to the report made by the National Academy of Sciences to Congress in December, 1878, in which, the advantages of a consolidation of the then existing surveys were pointed out. In that report, it was recommended that surveys should be two in number; the coast and interior survey, to be concerned with the triangulation and mapping of the country and its topography, and a geological survey, to undertake geological and economical investigations. It would be a part of the duty of the first survey to supply the maps for the use of the geological survey; and, in order to secure the co-ordination and harmonious co-operation of the two surveys, it was recommended that the coast and interior survey be transferred to the Interior Department.

Congress adopted so much of this recommendation as related to the formation of a single Geological Survey, but did not provide for the proposed transfer of the Coast Survey, nor make any other provision for the topographic work necessary for the Geological Survey. The result has been that these two Surveys do not co-operate as they should. The Chief of the Geological Survey has also found it necessary to employ large corps of men in trigonometric measurements.

Your committee does not feel entire confidence that the union of these two surveys under either one of the Executive Departments, would, without other measures, necessarily lead to that unity of work which is desirable. It therefore recommends certain further legislative measures, the occasion for which will be made clear by a review of the work done by these several organizations; but its members are entirely clear in the opinion that some one of the Executive Departments should control both. It is for Congress to determine which Department shall exercise this necessary authority and control.

The Coast Survey was originally organized for the purpose of constructing maps and charts of the coast and harbors for the benefit of commerce and navigation. Conflicting opinions respecting the proper management of the Survey led to the formation in 1843, of a board of officers with the duty of reorganizing the Survey. This board submitted a plan, which was enacted by Congress into law, upon and under which law, the Survey has hitherto been executed.

This plan provided for the co-operation of military officers, naval officers, and civilians in the various parts of the work. Under it, the work of the Coast Survey has been continued to the present time.

In recent times, a great extension of the field of operations of the Survey has been made, apparently looking to a triangulation covering the entire territory of the United States. The maps published annually with the report of the Survey enable us to know the geodetic work it has executed. It appears from the maps accompanying the report of 1882, that on June 30th of that year, a chain of triangles had been extended throughout the entire length of the Atlantic and Gulf coasts, and throughout about half the Pacific coast. Besides these coast lines, extensive regions in the interior are seen to be triangulated. In the northeast, the triangulation covers the greater part of the States of New Hampshire, Vermont, and Massachusetts, about half of Connecticut, and it also includes a considerable part of the State of New York.

The reconnaissance has extended westward from the New Jersey coast so as to include the greater part of the State of New Jersey, and a long strip in Pennsylvania. From Pennsylvania, the extended line of primary triangulation follows the Allegheny Mountains into Northern Alabama, and is now being continued across the country to Memphis.

A triangulation of the Mississippi River was extended from its mouth nearly to Memphis, where it would meet the last described chain of triangles. The chain connecting the Atlantic and Pacific coasts has been completed nearly across the State of Nevada, and the reconnaissance includes nearly half of Utah Territory. The line is also surveyed at various points in Colorado, Kansas, Missouri, and Illinois. Besides all this, isolated regions in Wisconsin, Indiana, Illinois, Ohio, Kentucky, and Tennessee have been reconnoitered by the Coast and Geodetic Survey in a way indicative of a plan designed ultimately to cover the entire territory.

As its appropriations for some years past have made provision for the collection of data for a general map of the United States, we may fairly regard the Coast and Geodetic Survey as having undertaken a trigonometric survey of the whole United States. (See the communication from the Superintendent of this Survey herewith.)

From the statement of the Director of the Geological Survey, appended hereto, we learn that under authority of the annual appropriation bills to prepare a geological map of the United States, that officer has parties

engaged in the trigonometric survey of the entire country to be sufficiently accurate for cartographic purposes.

It appears, therefore, that two distinct and independent trigonometric surveys of the United States, under two different Departments of the Government, are now in process of execution.

The meteorological work of the Signal Service is divisible into two distinct branches.

The first, and by far the larger portion of the work is the collection of weather reports from stations in different parts of the Union, which are utilized in predicting the probable weather during the twenty-four hours succeeding. Connected with this work is the publication of weather maps, showing at a glance the state of the weather over the entire country at certain moments of absolute time. At the school at Fort Myer, observers and operators are trained for this service. A very important part of its work is the display of signals and warnings of approaching storms, frosts, and floods.

The other branch of the meteorological service appears in scientific discussions and investigations, having for their object to advance the science of meteorology. These researches are published under the title, "Professional Papers of the Signal Service," which papers consist of memoirs separately paged and numbered in the order of their issue.

Your committee is not informed of the separate expenses of these two divisions of the Signal Service, but has no doubt that the expense of the second branch is but a small fraction of that of the first.

The Signal Service also performs a military duty, providing the material, and instructing soldiers and officers to communicate between separate bodies of troops by a system of day and night signals; and it also operates and repairs, and, when necessary, constructs telegraph lines for military purposes. The appropriation for these military works and services for the current year is $5,000.

In the opinion of the committee, it is desirable that the meteorological work of the Weather Bureau should be under the general control of the commission proposed later in this paper.

The Hydrographic Office of the Navy Department may be considered to date from the year 1848, when the depot for charts and instruments for the Navy, authorized by an act approved in 1842, was established. Under this act, an observatory was established, and was engaged in the double work of making astronomical observations, correcting chronometers, and of supplying charts to the Navy, the establishment being officially styled the United States Naval Observatory and Hydrographic Office. In 1866, Congress authorized the establishment of a separate hydrographic office, to be attached to the Bureau of Navigation in the Navy Department, for the purpose of supplying nautical publications and information, not only to vessels of the United States, but to navigators generally.

Before that time, the functions of the office had been confined to the

purchase and distribution of foreign charts. Under the new organization, a drawing and engraving division was established, which constructs charts of foreign coasts and seas for distribution to vessels of the Navy, and for sale, at the cost of printing and paper, to navigators generally.

The officer now in charge of the Hydrographic Office appeared before your committee in person, and gave it a very clear account of the work his office is actually doing. A memoir by this officer, transmitted to the committee by the honorable the Secretary of the Navy, accompanies this report.

Besides the hydrographic work of the Coast Survey, which is conducted, and has always been conducted under existing laws, under the direction of the Superintendent of the Coast Survey, this Hydrographic Office is not only supplying corrected charts to the vessels of the Navy, but is collecting information as to ice which endangers every ship or steamer of the great lines which connect our Northern ports with Great Britain and France, and it also publishes constantly information as to changes in lights and buoys and discoveries by all nations of shoals and dangers not laid down upon the charts in common use. It publishes at short intervals, not only printed information by bulletin sent to commercial centers in this country, but pilot charts, especially of the North Atlantic, giving the latest intelligence in regard to currents and winds, and the location, when last seen, of all floating wrecks and derelicts, and of the icebergs and other floating ice which, through the whole spring, summer, and fall seasons, lie along the eastern edge of the Great Banks, directly in the track followed by hundreds of steamers and sailing vessels, carrying many thousands of travelers, passengers, and immigrants, and the millions of dollars of our exports and imports.

This work of the Hydrographic Office is evidently of great value and importance to our commercial and business interests, and must save many vessels from wreck, and many lives from destruction. Naval vessels, under direction and instruction of the Hydrographic Office, also survey foreign coasts and unsurveyed harbors and channels, aiding powerfully in the extension and introduction of our commerce to such coasts and harbors, and they contribute to the knowledge of the earth and its inhabitants by deep-sea soundings, by observations of the currents and winds and storms, and of the bottom of the ocean and of its shores.

While this work is scientific work, your committee is not prepared to recommend that it be detached in any way from the control of the Navy Department; nor can they recommend that the hydrographic work of the Coast Survey, for over forty years conducted so satisfactorily under the civil control of the Coast Survey, be separated from that organization before the original survey shall be completed. After that is done, perhaps the work of re-sounding, of re-examining may, without injury to the service, be committed to the control of the Navy Department. Yet, even then, correction and revision of the Coast Survey charts will re-

quire some co-ordination, some authoritative connection between the Coast Survey Office and the parties and vessels engaged in these re-examinations for correction of our coast charts.

From the terms of the act under which your committee is considering this subject, it may be inferred that the principal question affecting the Hydrographic Office, on which an opinion is desired, is that of its consolidation with the hydrographic work of the Coast Survey. The reasons for the consolidation of these two works under the Navy Department have been urged with force by the Secretary of the Navy in his last two annual reports. But there are also cogent reasons on the other side of this question. The Coast Survey was specially organized to secure the harmonious co-operation of civilians, officers of the Navy, and officers of the Army, each in his own department, and yet in a single well co-ordinated work. No scientific department of the Government has worked more successfully through the forty years in which this organization has been in operation. Each of the three branches, thus harmoniously co-operating, has received the benefit of the skill and professional experience of the other.

An organization of this sort should not, while its work is going on, be disrupted, except for very strong reasons affecting its efficiency. We would also advert, in illustration of the advantages which our military and naval officers have derived from their connection with the Coast Survey, to the brilliant list of military and naval men during the civil war who derived a very important part of their professional training from their experience on that work. Such a list would include an array of professional leaders which it would be difficult to collect from any other associated body of men. We suggest the names of Porter, the Rodgerses, of Meade, and of Humphreys. Many others might be added, who, after service on the Coast Survey, rose to high employments in the Army and Navy.

While, therefore, your committee are not prepared at the present time to recommend the proposed consolidation, we do not conceive that Congress should adopt measures looking to the separation in perpetuity of the two branches under consideration. The policy of the Coast Survey should, we conceive, be directed towards the completion, at the earliest possible date, of the survey of our coast line; its main operations will thereafter be confined principally to the interior, and then the policy of consolidating its hydrography with the work of the naval hydrographic office will be open for consideration.

We are therefore of opinion that the Hydrographic Office of the Navy Department is worked with all due efficiency as it is now organized, and that no change is at present necessary in its relations to the Government.

Preliminary to our recommendations as to the other three works upon which your committee is called upon to report, it desires to present some

general views respecting the working of the departments of the Government.

We conceive it desirable that there should be a clear understanding as to what sorts of scientific investigation may be undertaken by Government organizations. We conceive it to be a sound principle that Congress should not undertake any work which can be equally well done by the enterprise of individual investigators. Our leading universities are constantly increasing the means of scientific research by their professors and students; and while the Government may with propriety encourage and co-operate with them there is no reason why it should compete with them. The scientific work of the Government ought not, therefore, to be such as can be undertaken by individuals. It should also be confined to the increase and systematization of knowledge tending "to promote the general welfare" of the country. Within these two restrictions, there is a large and increasing field which is only partly occupied by the organizations now under consideration. In considering the limits of their functions, your committee, as one of scientists, and not of constitutional lawyers, naturally confine themselves to considerations affecting the general welfare.

The General Government having commenced a general trigonometrical survey of the United States on a large scale under organizations much more efficient in their action than those which any single State can provide, we conceive it desirable that the work thus undertaken should be continued at least to the point at which it can be advantageously taken up by the States themselves. At what precise limit the General Government should stop, we are not prepared to decide, nor is it necessary that this limit should be defined at present. The attention of Congress should also be directed to the fact that the administration of a scientific bureau or department involves greater difficulties than that of a purely business department. The connections between the work done, and the results ultimately to be attained for the public, are not at all obvious to the people and press, and thus the great benefit of vigilant watching and constant criticism is wanting. Again, its administration requires a combination of scientific knowledge with administrative ability, which is more difficult to command than either of these qualities separately. These difficulties are intensified by the absence of any central authority to control the work of a Government scientific organization. Each head of a scientific organization is now, practically, absolutely independent, and, in his individual judgment of what his organization shall do, is controlled only by Congress itself, acting only through its annual appropriation bills. We conceive that this state of things calls for measures of reform.

A feature of such reform will be the collection of the organizations now under consideration together, with such other scientific bureaus as Congress may see fit to include in the scheme, under one central authority, to be recognized as responsible for, and controlling generally the

scientific operations of the Government. Various forms of such an authority might be devised, the choice of which will some day be made by Congress. The best form would be, perhaps, the establishment of a Department of Science, the head of which should be an administrator familiar with scientific affairs, but not necessarily an investigator in any special branch.

DEPARTMENT OF SCIENCE.

Your committee states only the general sentiment and wish of men of science, when it says that its members believe the time is near when the country will demand the institution of a branch of the executive Government devoted especially to the direction and control of all the purely scientific work of the Government. In this day, the pursuit of science itself is, visibly to all men of education, directly connected with the promotion of the general welfare. The art of photography, beginning in 1802, with the scientific experiments of Wedgwood, has developed till, in this country alone, the annual value of photographs produced is estimated at thirty millions of dollars. The study of electricity has resulted in the telegraph, the telephone, the electric light, the electric railway, some of which results count their revenue by millions, and have created already within a few years of their discovery properties employing the capital of hundreds of millions.

None who have lived with open eyes during the development of these results of purely scientific investigation doubt that the cultivation of science "promotes the general welfare."

Should such a Department be now impracticable, should public opinion not be now ready for it, the next best measure, in the opinion of scientific men, would be to transfer all such work or bureaus to some one Executive Department. Keeping in mind what has been said respecting the two classes of work under the Signal Service, we are of opinion that the functions of the several organizations under consideration could now be most advantageously divided among perhaps four bureaus, namely:

1. The Coast and Interior Survey, to be concerned principally with geodesy and hydrography, and to consist of the present Coast and Geodetic Survey.

2. The Geological Survey, to comprise the present Geological Survey with its organization unchanged.

3. The Meteorological Bureau, to which should be transferred so much of the present *personnel* and functions of the Chief Signal Office as are not necessary to the military duties of that office.

4. A physical observatory, to investigate the laws of solar and terrestrial radiation and their application to meteorology with such other investigations in exact science as the Government might assign to it. In this connection, attention is called to a resolution passed by the recent Electrical Conference in Philadelphia requesting the establishment, the Government, of a bureau of electrical standards. We are of

opinion that the functions of the Bureau of Weights and Measures, now performed by the Coast Survey, could be advantageously transferred to the proposed bureau, and extended so as to include electrical measures.

The members of your committee are conscious that placing these bureaus under one Department would not necessarily result in the proper co-ordination of their work, because the head of such Department would probably find it impracticable to enter into the consideration of all details necessary to that purpose. It appears to us that the evils already pointed out require in any case the organization of a permanent commission to prescribe a general policy for each of these bureaus. The functions of this commission would be—

I. To examine, improve, and approve the plans of work proposed by the several bureaus, and to revise their estimates in accordance with such plan. The performance of this duty would require consultation with their chiefs generally and separately, respecting the character of their work, and they should be members of the commission.

II. To approve in detail the methods of expenditure of the appropriations.

III. To recommend such measures as they deem necessary to the efficiency of the bureaus under their supervision. It should, however, be understood that this commission is not charged with purely administrative responsibility.

It prescribes what shall be done, and recommends any measures necessary to secure that object, but does not concern itself with administrative details.

We submit the following as a suggestion for the formation and *personnel* of such a commission.

The commission shall consist of (1) the President of the National Academy of Sciences; (2) the Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution; (3 and 4) two civilians of high scientific reputation, not otherwise in the Government service, to be appointed by the President of the United States, for the term of six years; (5) one officer of the Corps of Engineers of the United States Army; (6) one professor of mathematics in the Navy, skilled in astronomy, these two to be designated by the President of the United States for a term of six years, who, with (7) the Superintendent of the Coast and Geodetic Survey, (8) the Director of the Geological Survey, and (9) the officer in charge of the meteorological service, shall constitute the commission of ———. The Secretary of the ——— Department shall be, *ex officio*, president of the commission.

The members of the commission, for their services as such, shall each be paid by the United States compensation in the sum of ——— dollars per annum. Their necessary transportation and traveling expenses shall be provided for as are those of officers of the Army and Navy when traveling on public business or duty, to be paid out of the appropriations for the services under their supervision.

The commission shall meet in Washington, D. C., for the transaction

of business, not less than four times a year. But the president of the commission may convene it whenever, in his judgment, the exigencies of the service require a meeting.

The commission shall be attached to the office of the Secretary of the Department of ———, and, under his superintendence, shall exercise a general control over the plans of work of the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey, the United States Geological Survey, and the meteorological service, and shall have the charge and custody of all the archives, books, documents, drawing, models, returns, apparatus, instruments, and all other things appertaining to the commission.

The estimates of the heads of these bureaus or offices shall pass through the commission for revision and approval, and, after the annual appropriations have been made, no money shall be expended under them, except after revision and approval by the commission of projects submitted by these bureaus in compliance with such projects.

If at any time public money is being spent by any of these bureaus not in accordance with the views of the commission, the commission shall notify the proper auditor of the fact.

Respectfully submitted.

M. C. MEIGS,
Chairman of Committee.
WM. H. BREWER.
W. P. TROWBRIDGE.
E. C. PICKERING.
C. A. YOUNG.
FRANCIS A. WALKER.
S. P. LANGLEY.

WASHINGTON, D. C., *September* 21, 1884.

APPENDIX.

Letters from the Signal Office.

SIGNAL OFFICE, WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington City, September 16, 1884.

General C. B. COMSTOCK, *U. S. Army*,
Secretary Committee of National Academy of Sciences:

DEAR SIR: In reply to your letter of the 10th instant, requesting me substantially to state what is necessary for "the best organization of the Signal Service, the duties which it should perform, its relations to other scientific branches of the public service, and other matters relating to the subject which may occur" to me, I have the honor to express my decided opinions, based upon long observation and careful study, that no other than a military organization can secure that prompt and unbroken series of observations and reports which alone give the highest value to forecasts of weather and other branches of our meteorological work, and such is the testimony of all foreign meteorological authorities whose opinion I have learned.

The branch of duties known as military signaling, which has now become indispensable in all armies, must of course have a military organization. Now, the one or-

ganization performs both duties, while, were the meteorological part to be performed by a civil one, the present organization, or its equivalent, would be needed for this work alone, while the military signal service would be wholly additional.

The system now in use by this Government, surpassing as it does all others, and which is the result of fourteen years' experience and study and the expenditure of millions of money, would be wholly unsuited to any plan but a military one, and to attempt to transfer or change it would be the loss of system and plan, and a long step backward, even if it could finally succeed, which, without the obligations of regular enlistment and military discipline, it is believed it cannot do.

In order that the Signal Service shall carry on all its present work efficiently, its *personnel* cannot be reduced either in numbers or grade, nor ought any of its work to be abandoned; and saving in money can be effected only by more economical methods of administration.

This can come only in one way; that is, by completing its present partial organization. As is well known, the Signal Corps, so far as it is an organization at all, has been built up step by step, according to a regular plan, till now it has head and feet, the former with the rank of brigadier-general and the latter of second lieutenant, the unfinished part being the intermediate grades. These have not yet been created, but the time has fully arrived for making them. These intermediate grades are now filled by temporary details from the line of the Army, and, before the officers detailed are fully familiar with their duties as signal officers, their colonels begin calling for them to go back to their regiments, which calls finally prevail.

By this means, a large proportion of the time of these officers is consumed in getting ready for duty, and when they have become fully instructed and useful, they, with their valuable and costly experience, are lost to the Signal Service. In this way, there is a great waste, not only of time, which costs money, but in money itself, because, like the work of an inexperienced mechanic, there is much waste of material.

The needs of the Signal Service, then, make it imperative that the intermediate grades of field officers, captains, and first lieutenants be now made, not only on the score of efficiency, but of economy, and this is especially necessary at this time, since Congress has adopted the plan of sending two officers of experience back to their regiments whenever two sergeants of the Signal Corps are promoted to be second lieutenants. Economies many times greater than the additional cost for salaries can be effected by a completed organization.

It will be seen from papers already furnished, that in four years the expenditures of the Signal Service have been reduced, till now there is a saving of about $327,000 annually over what it cost when I assumed the office of Chief Signal Officer. Quite a large proportion of this extra expenditure was through extravagant methods that probably would not have been adopted had the expenditures always been made by experienced officers of the Signal Corps. Scarcely a month has passed but some leak has been discovered and stopped, where money was unnecessarily spent, not corruptly, but from inexperience and lack of that close and intelligent attention to duty which springs from a wholesome *esprit du corps*.

The easy plan in the line of economy, which will give efficiency to the Service, is to complete the organization of the Signal Corps. The legislation necessary to do it is sketched in an accompanying paper.

A considerable economy can also be effected, while it will give safe storage to the vast accumulation of meteorological records, almost invaluable, and now greatly exposed to damage by fire, by building a suitable office for the Signal Corps. The amount for rents now, and for years past, is $7,000, while the needs for the next year will require $800 additional; and, since the different branches of the office are scattered and located in nine distinct and separate buildings, some $3,000 a year is now paid to messengers and porters, which would then be saved. This makes a cost of $10,800, while a new office, better adapted in every way to our purposes, and which

would give safety to the records, could be built, with cost of site, for $300,000, or at an annual interest, at 3 per cent., of $9,000, giving an annual saving of $1,800.

These are the chief ways in which large savings can be made, while largely benefiting the service.

These are but a part of the advantages to be derived from a completed organization, the chief one being, like that of a permanent staff everywhere, a better general administration.

I have no doubt but that, had I had an organized corps, with officers of my own, whose points I fully knew, the disaster that overtook the Greely Relief Expedition of 1883 would not have occurred. The want of such a corps is felt every day, and it is hoped that Congress will no longer withhold its benefits, leaving it alone, of all services in the Army, weakened and embarrassed by the want of organization.

I have here pointed out what appears to me the best organization of the Signal Service, based upon all the experiences and observations of this and other Governments.

I do not think it should be related in any way to other scientific branches of the public service, except in amity and courteous co-operation when opportunities occur, its work being entirely unique and separate, while its duties should be just what they are now, meteorological and military signaling, endeavoring in every possible way to develop the former, and improve the latter. This is enough work for one bureau.

For a year, one of the professors of this corps, Mr. Waldo, by my direction, pursued the studies of the various branches of meteorological science in the best schools of Europe, becoming well acquainted with their progress and methods. I inclose his opinions upon the subject, and also those of Lieutenant Ray, U. S. A., who represented me at the International Polar Conference at Vienna last March, where he met the leading meteorologists of foreign countries.

I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

W. B. HAZEN,
Brig. and Bvt. Maj. Gen., Chief Signal Officer, U. S. A.

SIGNAL OFFICE, WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington City, September 17, 1884.

Maj. Gen. M. C. MEIGS, *U. S. Army*,
Chairman Committee of National Academy of Sciences:

DEAR SIR: In reply to your letter of August 14, I would respectfully state that most of the information desired will be found in the inclosed copies and publications.

1. The letter to General Comstock, secretary of the committee of which you are chairman (copy inclosed), contains much that otherwise would be written here. Its reading will be necessary to make complete what I desire to communicate.

2. The pamphlet setting forth the needs of a completed organization for the Signal Corps, I call special attention to. The present plan of sending away to their regiments officers who have gained great experience is a constant loss, which no corps of men can suffer and hope to gain the highest efficiency.

It is traditional that all, or nearly all, meteorological records of value, from the prime necessity of continuity, and the necessity of firmly holding the observers, have been kept by some order of military men. This need is now shown.

3. The statutes and general legislation on which the Signal Service stands are fully given.

4. The scheme and rules for the Signal Service school at Fort Myer, Virginia. This school has received and is receiving very full and careful attention.

5. A copy of the last annual report, from which can be readily gathered principal features of the current work of the Signal Corps. In addition, since this report was written, a plan for giving the approach of "cold waves" by flags has been adopted

and received with marked favor, as in some cases has the plan of giving the probable changes of weather along lines of railroads by a system of colored disks, displayed on the moving trains.

The subject of earth currents of electricity in their relations to the weather has also been taken up within the last year.

6. The annual report for 1882, with appendices, showing this work more fully.

7. A full series of the current publications of the office. (Copies of these are sent to the chairman and secretary only.)

8. A list of publications of the Signal Service since the present Chief Signal Officer has controlled it, printed and in press.

The service now has a proficient and distinguished corps of professors, who have begun the work of original investigations upon this almost new work, the domain of meteorology.

10. A list of foreign meteorological bureaus.

For a short account of them, I refer to Professor Waldo's statement. By my direction, he investigated for a year foreign meteorology, as studied and applied at the best seminaries in Europe. I also call attention to the statement of Lieutenant Ray, on page 10, No. 2, inclosed papers, who represented the Chief Signal Officer at the late conference of the International Polar Commission at Vienna, where he met the directors of the chief meteorological bureaus of the world.

In comparing the services of different nations, attention is invited to the radical difference in purpose between the Signal Service of the United States and the services in foreign countries. It will be seen by the character of nearly all the legislation relating to the United States service since the joint resolution of February 9, 1870, that the prime object has always been to "give warning of the approach and force of storms," and that the specific object for which the appropriations have annually been made has been the immediate and current benefits arising from the "observation and report of storms." The benefits of the first legislative action extended only to the sea and lake coasts; but the results accomplished were so favorable, and the public benefits so considerable, that it was soon found necessary to extend the system of warnings and predictions, so as to more directly reach the great agricultural interests, such as cotton, sugar-cane, tobacco, corn, and fruit and vegetable-growing, and stock-raising. So entirely have the money, time, and labor of the service been required to meet the public demands in this respect, viz, current observations and reports in the way of bulletins and predictions, that little has been left for climatological work or research.

The services of most European governments, from the very nature of their geographical situations, have been established more for purposes of climatology, and scientific research and discussion, than for the current publication of observations and predictions. In most European countries, the meteorological work done is of use only to scientific men, and then only after years of study and discussion. In the United States, the Signal Service bulletins and publishes thrice daily, by its admirably trained and disciplined corps of observers, its meteorological reports for the entire country, within one to two and a half hours of the time of observation, in hundreds of the principal cities and ports, and the intelligent and educated American public daily uses these reports in nearly every branch of human industry, occupation, and pursuit. The little that is published in the way of daily reports and predictions in European countries reaches the public too late to be of much practical use, owing to causes which do not exist in the United States, where all the observers are directly under one head, and act with the vigilance, celerity, and certainty, which, only the true military system can attain. I doubt if there is anything in any of these services that could be advantageously incorporated into our own.

11. A statement of the comparative cost of the Signal Service now and four years ago. During this period, the practical work of the Signal Service has been nearly doubled, and its methods and work have been improved in every way. A few copies of current publications of the former period are inclosed for comparison.

12. A statement showing more specifically the objects to which the appropriations for the Signal Service are directed.

13. A statement of the relative cost of the Weather Bureau under its present military organization and a civil one.

14. History of the Signal Service, with a list of signal stations. (This paper is not quite ready, and will be sent later.)

I would prefer to answer only as regards the Signal Corps, and I can see no advantage in connecting it with any other scientific corps.

I have already very fully stated how, in my opinion, it would be very desirable to complete the organization of the Signal Corps.

I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

W. B. HAZEN,
Brig. and Bvt. Maj. Gen'l, Chief Signal Officer, U. S. A.

Letter from the Director of the Geological Survey.

HOTEL LAFAYETTE,
Philadelphia, September 8, 1884.

SIR: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter as chairman of the committee of the National Academy of Sciences, requesting from me a statement of the organization of the United States Geological Survey, and an outline of its operations. The following is a reply thereto:

I. The organization under my direction is prosecuting a topographic survey of the United States under authority of law. For this purpose, it is executing a triangulation of the United States sufficiently refined for cartographic purposes, but not more refined than is necessary for the construction of good maps. In connection with this work, there is, first, an astronomic and computing division, the officers of which are engaged in determining the geographic co-ordinates of certain primary points; second, a trigonometric corps, engaged in expanding a system of triangulation over various portions of the country from measured base-lines; third, a topographic corps, organized for the purpose of prosecuting a topographic survey from the points previously determined by the astronomic and trigonometric divisions. This topographic corps is organized into twenty-seven parties, scattered in various portions of the United States. The topographic work is not everywhere carried on by the same methods, but the methods are somewhat diversified, depending upon the characteristics of the country surveyed, and the scale on which the maps are to be constructed. It is believed that this work should be more refined and elaborate in some portions of the country than in others, and the methods of survey in a level country necessarily differ from the methods to be pursued in a country of high and mountainous reliefs. Again, there are portions of the United States devoid of timber, and other portions densely wooded, and, in these districts, diverse methods must be adopted. And still other reasons demand a variety of methods. The scale adopted for the general work varies from $\frac{1}{250000}$ to $\frac{1}{62500}$. It is believed that the triangulation and topographic field-work are carried on with a degree of refinement sufficient for the scale adopted; that is, determinations of positions and altitudes are made with all the approximation to accuracy that it is possible to utilize in representing the field-work on paper.

II. With topographic maps constructed as above, a geologic survey is prosecuted in the field, embracing the subjects of areal and structural geology; that is, this survey is conducted for the purpose of exhibiting the geographic distribution of geologic formations, and plotting the same upon charts, and, at the same time, the structural geology of the formations is studied, and the materials collected in the field are plotted in geologic sections. While engaged in this field-work this corps of geologists collects fossils, minerals, ores, and rocks, for further study in the laboratories of the survey.

III. There are in the Survey three distinct corps of geologists engaged in the study of economic geology, at the present time relating especially to gold, silver, copper, iron, coal, and quicksilver.

IV. There are in the Survey, as at present organized, the following paleontologic laboratories:

(*a*.) A laboratory of vertebrate paleontology for formations older than the Quaternary. In connection with this laboratory, there is a corps of paleontologists.

(*b*.) There is a laboratory of invertebrate paleontology of Quaternary age, with a corps of paleontologists.

(*c*.) There is a laboratory of invertebrate paleontology of Cenozoic and Mesozoic age, with a corps of paleontologists.

(*d*.) There is a laboratory for invertebrate paleontology of Paleozoic age, with a corps of paleontologists.

(*e*.) There is a laboratory of paleobotany, with a corps of paleobotanists.

The paleontologists and paleobotanists connected with the laboratories above described, study and discuss in reports the fossils collected by the general geologists in the field. They also supplement the work of the field geologists by making special collections in important districts and at critical horizons; but the paleontologists are not held responsible for areal and structural geology on the one hand, and the geologists are not held responsible for paleontology on the other. In addition to the large number of paleontologists on the regular work of the Geological Survey, as above described, several paleontologists are engaged from time to time to make special studies.

V. There is a chemical laboratory attached to the Survey, with a large corps of chemists engaged in a great variety of researches relating to the constitution of waters, minerals, ores, and rocks.

VI. There is a lithologic laboratory in the Survey, with a large corps of lithologists engaged in the microscopic study of rocks.

VII. There is a physical laboratory in the Survey, with a small corps of men engaged in certain physical researches of prime importance to geologic philosophy.

VIII. There is in the Survey a division of illustration, organized for the purpose of preparing illustrations for paleontologic and geologic reports.

IX. There is in the Survey an extensive geologic library, and the librarian has a corps of assistants engaged in bibliography.

X. There is in the Survey a division of mineral statistics, with a large corps of men engaged in statistical work, the results of which are published in an annual report entitled "Mineral Resources."

With the organization above indicated, a general topographic and geologic survey of the United States is in progress, and the officers of the Survey at the present time are widely scattered throughout the country.

The topographic survey of the United States properly commenced about the year 1870, under the four organizations that were subsequently consolidated so as to constitute the present United States Geological Survey. The work has been continued under the present organization by methods more elaborate and refined. The total area topographically surveyed at the close of the present field season will be something more than 600,000 square miles. In the prosecution of this work, the triangulation of the Coast and Geodetic Survey, the triangulation of the Lake surveys, and various other geographic works prosecuted by the General Government, and by the several States, and by private enterprise are utilized to the greatest possible extent. In general geology, the work heretofore done by the General Government, and by the several State governments, and by various individuals is also utilized to the greatest possible degree.

In connection with the general survey embracing topography, general geology, and mining geology, certain great economic problems are under investigation. The most important of these relates to the irrigation of the arid portions of the United States. The second question of importance relates to the relief which will be afforded to the

lower valley of the Mississippi by utilizing the waters that flow from the Rocky Mountains on the west, and the great plains in irrigation. A third problem of great importance relates to the distribution of the forest areas of the country.

The organization and operations of the Survey are thus briefly set forth, in compliance with your request.

I beg permission to make a request, viz: That I may be permitted to present to the committee of the Academy over which you preside, certain opinions relating to the organization of the scientific work of the Government, on a comprehensive plan, by which the work can be more thoroughly co-ordinated, more systematically prosecuted, and more economically administered than at present, and to present the facts on which these opinions are founded. I beg permission also to state that I should esteem it a pleasure to answer any further inquiries, to any desired extent of detail, which the committee may wish to propound.

I am, with great respect, your obedient servant,

J. W. POWELL.

General M. C. MEIGS,
Chairman Committee National Academy Sciences, Washington, D. C.

Reply of the Superintendent of the Coast and Geodetic Survey to the inquiries of the chairman of the committee of the National Academy of Sciences.

UNITED STATES COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY OFFICE,
Washington, September 19, 1884.

DEAR SIR: In compliance with your invitation through the Secretary of the Treasury under date of August 14, I communicate herewith the following statement in regard to the organization of the Coast and Geodetic Survey, and the present condition of the work, for the information of your committee.

HISTORICAL SKETCH.

A systematic survey of the coast was first inaugurated by the act of Congress of February 10, 1807, which read as follows:

"AN ACT to provide for surveying the coast of the United States.

"*Be it enacted, &c.*, That the President of the United States shall be, and he is hereby, authorized and requested to cause a survey to be taken of the coasts of the United States, in which shall be designated the islands and shoals, with the roads or places of anchorage, within twenty leagues of any part of the shores of the United States; and also the respective courses and distances between the principal capes, or headlands, together with such other matters as he may deem proper for completing an accurate chart of every part of the coast within the extent aforesaid."

The work was assigned to the direction of the Treasury Department, where it continued until 1817, when the bill making appropriations for the work contained a proviso that the survey should be conducted only by naval officers. The work, then just fairly inaugurated, was thus discontinued as a separate organization, and only disconnected surveys were made as opportunity or occasion presented. Such discord and dissatisfaction resulted from the want of system that in 1832, July 10, the survey was reorganized by the following act:

"AN ACT to carry into effect the act to provide for a survey of the coast of the United States.

"SECTION 1. *Be it enacted, &c.*, That for carrying into effect the act entitled 'An act to provide for surveying the coasts of the United States,' approved on the 10th day of February, 1807, there shall be, and hereby is, appropriated a sum not exceeding twenty thousand dollars, to be paid out of any money in the Treasury not other-

wise appropriated; and the said act is hereby revived, and shall be deemed to provide for the survey of the coasts of Florida, in the same manner as if the same had been named therein.

"SEC. 2. That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized, in and about the execution of the said act, to use all maps, charts, books, instruments, and apparatus which now, or hereafter, may belong to the United States, and employ all persons in the land or naval service of the United States, and such astronomers and other persons as he shall deem proper."

Upon reorganization, the conduct of the work was assigned to the Treasury Department. In 1834, it was transferred, as an organization, to the Navy Department (by Executive order, the matter being then within the functions of the President), but the extreme difficulty of conducting such work under other than a civil organization was so forcibly shown that after two years' trial it was retransferred to the Treasury Department, where it has since remained.

The question of assignment to the Navy Department being constantly agitated Congress, in 1843, provided for an examination into and settlement of the matter by the following act of March 3, 1843:

"AN ACT making appropriations for year ending June 30, 1844.

"For survey of the coast of the United States, including compensation of Superintendent and assistants, one hundred thousand dollars: *Provided*, That this, and all other appropriations hereafter to be made for this work, shall, until otherwise provided by law, be expended in accordance with a plan of reorganizing the mode of executing the survey to be submitted to the President of the United States by a board of officers which shall be organized by him, to consist of the present Superintendent, his two principal assistants, and the two naval officers now in charge of the hydrographical parties, and four from among the principal officers of the Corps of Topographical Engineers; none of whom shall receive any additional compensation whatever for this service, and who shall sit as soon as organized. And the President of the United States shall adopt and carry into effect the plan of said board, as agreed upon by a majority of its members. And the plan of said board shall cause to be employed as many officers of the Army and Navy of the United States as will be compatible with the successful prosecution of the work; the officers of the Navy to be employed on the hydrographical parts, and the officers of the Army on the topographical parts of the work; and no officer of the Army or Navy shall hereafter receive any extra pay out of this, or any future appropriations for surveys."

After discussing the matter, outlining the methods, and defining the duties of those employed, the Board adopted the following resolution, expressive of their opinion as to which Department should have control of the work:

"*Resolved*, That inasmuch as the object and purpose of the Survey of the coast refer principally to the commercial interests of the country, and as all the laws of Congress in relation to the same contemplate the employment of civilians and officers of the Army and Navy upon said work, it is the opinion of this Board, and they do hereby respectfully recommend, that it should be under the control, and considered a part of the Treasury Department."

The plan of organization submitted by the Board received the President's approval and became operative on April 29, 1843, and has been since then the basis upon which the Survey has been conducted.

In the spring of 1848, an attempt was again made in Congress to transfer the Survey to the Navy Department. It was defeated in the House by a vote of 90 to 36. In the spring of 1849, in the Senate, Mr. Benton moved to amend the civil bill as it came from the House by reducing the amount appropriated for the Coast Survey, and adding the words "the said Survey shall be carried on exclusively by the Navy Depart-

ment, under the direction of the President of the United States." After a full discussion, the amendment was lost, only two Senators voting for it.

On December 31, 1850, a resolution of the Senate called upon the Secretary of the Navy to report what advantages would be derived by a transfer of the Coast Survey to the Navy Department, and upon the Secretary of the Treasury to state why, in his opinion, such transfer should not be made. Their replies are printed as Senate Ex. Docs. Nos. 35 and 36, Thirty-first Congress, second session (15 February, 1851). The arguments in favor of transfer were not considered of sufficient weight to warrant any change. The propriety of maintaining the Survey as a distinctive civil organization then became so generally recognized that no further serious attempt was made for many years.

In 1871 (act of March 3), the field operations of the Coast Survey were extended so as to include the execution of a primary triangulation across the continent to form a geodetic connection between the Atlantic and Pacific coasts. The same bill authorized the extending of aid to States for the survey of their territory, by the following clause:

"*Provided*, That the triangulation shall determine points in each State of the Union which shall make requisite provisions for its own topographical and geological surveys."

Under the provisions of this last clause, eleven States have inaugurated surveys which are now in active prosecution under direction of the Coast and Geodetic Survey.

With this enlargement of the functions of the Survey, its name was changed to the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey.

In 1878, a clause of the sundry civil bill (June 30) read as follows: "And the National Academy of Sciences is hereby required, at their next meeting, to take into consideration the methods and expenses of conducting all surveys of a scientific character under the War or Interior Department, and the surveys of the Land Office, and to report to Congress, as soon thereafter as may be practicable, a plan for surveying and mapping the Territories of the United States on such general system as will, in their judgment, secure the best results at the least possible cost; and also to recommend to Congress a suitable plan for the publication and distribution of reports, maps, documents, and other results of the said surveys."

Their report (H. R. Mis. Doc. No. 5, Forty-fifth Congress, third session, December 3, 1878) recommends the consolidation of all surveys of mensuration under one head; has carefully considered the various questions, and believes that the Coast and Geodetic Survey is practically best prepared to execute the entire mensuration system required, and suggests such consolidation under the Coast and Geodetic Survey, its name to be changed to the Coast and Interior Survey.

At the same time, it recommended the establishment of an independent organization, to be known as the United States Geological Survey, to be charged with the duty of examining into the geological structure, natural resources, and production of the public domain, but that no surveys of mensuration be made by it other than local topographical surveys for development of special mineral deposits.

The recommendations of the Academy were so far adopted as to leave the Coast and Geodetic Survey in charge of the survey of the coast, and of the State surveys and interior geodetic work, to discontinue the various geological and geographical surveys, and to organize the United States Geological Survey, charging it with the duties specified by the Academy. Its functions were to be confined to geology and not to embrace geodesy (sundry civil bill, March 3, 1879).

In his annual message to Congress, presented in December, 1882, the Secretary of the Navy recommended the transfer to his Department of the Coast and Geodetic Survey, the Revenue Marine, the Life-Saving Service, the Light-House Board, and other bureaus of the Treasury Department. The heads of the various bureaus named were invited by the Secretary of the Treasury to make such statements in regard to the

proposal as should seem advisable. Their replies were published as Treasury Doc. No. 395 (January, 1883), and the arguments presented in opposition to the transfer of any of the bureaus were such that no action was taken.

From the foregoing it will appear that the present organization of the Coast and Geodetic Survey may be briefly stated as follows:

Its organization provides for a survey of the coasts of the United States upon the basis of a trigonometrical survey, as set forth in the act of 1843.

In 1871, the extension of the triangulation to a line reaching across the continent, and connecting the surveys of the Atlantic and Pacific coasts was authorized, as well as the supplying of points for State surveys in such States as provided for a topographical or geological survey of their area. This had underlying the idea of an ultimate trigonometrical survey of the whole area of the country, giving natural precedence to those regions where circumstances most called for such work. The views which have guided my predecessor and myself in this shaping of the future of the work were expressed by me in the subjoined letter to the chairman of the House Committee on Appropriations in 1882:

UNITED STATES COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY OFFICE,
Washington, May 2, 1882.

SIR: In compliance with your request, I submit a statement of the scientific objects and practical usefulness of the work carried on for some years past by this office, under the designation of "triangulation to connect the Atlantic and Pacific coasts," and "determination of points in aid of State surveys."

That work was first authorized in the appropriation bill for the year 1871–'72,* and with slight variations in the terms of appropriation, simplifying the statement, has been provided for ever since.

The immediate object of the geodetic connection, or transcontinental triangulation, is to ascertain accurately the distance between some points on the two coasts, and their relative positions on the surface of the earth. This requires the same operations of base measure and triangulation, and, at frequent points, observations of latitude, longitude, and direction of the meridian, as are made for the surveys of the coasts.

By this means we obtain, in addition to the separate surveys of the coasts proper, a connecting link, which gives for a general map of the whole country a known skeleton or framework.

Such a connecting link is a necessary and proper part of a survey of the "coasts and adjacent islands, &c., of the United States," as originally provided for by law, in order to bring into harmony the measurements along the Atlantic and Pacific coasts. This is sufficiently obvious to allow us to believe that it would have been specified in the original law if the country had, at the time of its enactment (1807), had a "western coast." In fact, the terms of section 4681 (Revised Statutes) require no straining to be applied to the ascertainment of the distance and direction between Cape Cod and Cape Mendocino, or between Sandy Hook and the Golden Gate.

In addition to this requisite purpose of the transcontinental line of survey, it presents the following scientific and practical advantages, viz:

SCIENTIFIC RESULTS.

It accomplishes incidentally—

1st. The measurement of an east-and-west line of about three thousand miles, the curvature of which is determined by the longitude observations, and thus contributes by far the longest arc of a parallel that has been measured for the determination of the size and figure of the earth, just as the survey of the coast contributes, incidentally, important meridional measurements.

2d. The accurate determination of the height above the sea level of a great number of points along the line, affording a common datum plane for all elevations across the

* See page 10, Laws and Regulations Coast and Geodetic Survey.

continent, and also ascertaining the relation of the mean level of the ocean on the eastern and western coasts.

PRACTICAL ADVANTAGES.

The transcontinental link furnishes accurate base lines for all State surveys within its range, and puts into position the (so-called) meridians and base lines of the public land survey wherever it intersects them. Such surveys as now exist are irreconcilable, frequently by many miles. The best maps of the States of Ohio, Indiana, and Kentucky, constructed upon independent data, when put together, leave no delineation of the Ohio River. Between the land survey maps of Illinois and Missouri, the Mississippi River presents in places wide lakes, in others, it entirely disappears.

Without some outside check, no property surveys can be combined into a town map, no town surveys can be combined into county maps, no county surveys can be combined into a State map. A map of a State constructed upon such a basis will be widely in error, while that of a State constructed upon the reverse method; viz., a system of some accurately ascertained points, from which one or more points in every county are derived by triangulation, will possess all the essentials of correctness.

In the foregoing considerations, except so far as the direct connection between the surveys of the Atlantic and Pacific coasts is concerned, there is underlying the general idea that in time it will become necessary to have a correct map of the whole area of the United States.

The detail of such a map may properly be constructed by each State as their necessity and convenience may require. The situation in regard to Government surveys of the several States differs very much according to their history, the more recent States having been parceled out according to the system of the public land surveys, which furnish at the charge of the General Government at least an approximate map of the most important features of the country, while the older States have had no such benefit.

A simple framework of points from 15 to 25 miles apart within which all local surveys must rigorously fit is all that is requisite to bring harmony into what is now utter confusion.

Such is the work now in progress in nine States, under the recital of the general appropriation for the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey: "Furnishing points for State surveys."

Leaving to each State the care of making provision for detailed surveys of boundaries and properties within its limits, or for topographical and economic purposes at such times as their occasions may demand, it remains evident that a general framework of accurate distances and bearings between intervisible points covering the whole country is necessary to secure unity and harmony in all its parts.

This general framework is necessarily a national work. It is not proposed to press it forward in advance of the requirements of the times, but with reasonable foresight to have it in hand for the inevitable demand.

Mr. Chairman, I will not expand further the statement which you have given me the opportunity of making, but will only add the statistical facts that within recent years about $30,000 have been expended annually upon triangulation between the Eastern and Western coasts, and about $15,000 for aid to State surveys distributed in nine States. The former object can be completed at the same rate of expenditure in five years; the latter is indefinite in its character, and subject to such expansion as Congress may see fit to give to it from time to time.

I have not referred to the work of this nature that has been done by other nations—even by those of the scantiest resources—because the general facts are too well known to require recital in this brief statement.

Very respectfully,

J. E. HILGARD,
Superintendent.

Hon. FRANK HISCOCK,
Chairman Committee on Appropriations, House of Representatives.

Moderate appropriations have been granted annually for this class of work; for the transcontinental triangulation about $30,000 (this year only $20,000), and for geodesy for the several State surveys about $14,000. The present status of the work is as follows, approximately stated:

Transcontinental triangulation about three-fifths done.

Surveys in States table prepared June, 1884. (See below.)

States in which triangulation has been carried on under the appropriation "for furnishing points for State surveys," and amounts expended in 1883–'84.

State.	Amount.	Name.	Progress.
New Hampshire	$1,816	Prof. E. T. Quimby	Three-fourths completed.
Vermont	1,210	Prof. V. G. Barbour	One-fourth completed.
New Jersey	2,338	Prof. E. A. Bowser	Two-thirds completed.
Pennsylvania	1,430	Prof. M. Merriman	SE. portion nearly completed.
Tennessee	1,447	Prof. A. H. Buchanan	One-third completed.
Kentucky	2,005	Prof. J. R. Proctor	Well under way.
Ohio	785	Prof. R. S. Devol	Lately begun.
Indiana	1,496	Prof. J. L. Campbell	Much laid out to be done.
Wisconsin	2,280	Prof. J. E. Davies	Southern border nearly completed and reconstruction of portion of center.

These amounts were allotted last year to each State where the geodetic work was intrusted to some scientific man employed by the State.

The Coast and Geodetic Survey supplies instruments, criticizes and approves estimates, and keeps general control, assimilating the work to its own well established methods and principles. Under its care the work has made good progress in each State.

In regard to the survey of the coast proper, the following statement will give a general view of its condition:

On the Atlantic and Gulf coast the survey is about nine-tenths completed. The changes which take place in the shores and channels, mainly from natural and partly from artificial causes, render resurveys necessary from time to time, in different places, in order to keep the charts and sailing directions up to date. Of the important harbor of New York, the entrance is kept under annual examination in order to keep track of the changes, and, if possible, control their causes. A complete resurvey of the great thoroughfare of Long Island Sound is in progress under special appropriations, as, in time, great changes have taken place, or many localities have very much grown in importance. A complete resurvey of Delaware Bay is just about being finished.

It is evident that even where the whole extent of the coast has once been charted, a considerable amount of work must continually be done in order to maintain the correctness of the charts and "coast pilots" or sailing directions. I estimate that it will require a force of two parties, one ashore and one afloat, in each of five districts between Passamaquoddy Bay and the Rio Grande to keep up this work.

The survey of the Pacific coast between San Diego (the Mexican boundary) and Fuca Straits (with Puget Sound) is about three-fifths done, and the publication of charts, sailing directions, and tide tables is proportionally advanced. The same considerations in regard to future resurveys obtain here equally as on the Atlantic coast. One resurvey of San Francisco Bay has been made some ten years ago, and a new one is now strongly urged.

In the territory of Alaska, no minute or exact surveys have yet been undertaken, as the condition of the country does not yet call for them, but a good deal has been done in the way of geographical exploration and hydrographic reconnaissance. Many charts of approximate correctness have been published as well as a volume of sailing directions.

Mention must not be omitted of the explorations of the Gulf Stream, having for their object the discovery of the laws that govern it, with the view of taking due

account of it in navigation, and as an indication of the approach to our shores, as also of the researches into the distribution and laws of change of the earth's magnetism, by which we have been enabled to ascertain the variation of the compass along our coasts, as well as over the whole country—a knowledge equally important to the mariner and to the land-surveyor.

Having thus summarily recited the organization of the Coast and Geodetic Survey, and the present state of the work intrusted to it, I will now offer some remarks upon the second and third questions of the Congressional Commission as to the way in which certain scientific bureaus can best be co-ordinated, and what changes or additions in them are desirable.

So far as the Coast and Geodetic Survey is concerned, it has no relations to the "weather service," and I shall leave it out of consideration.

The questions raised have, in great part, their origin in a recommendation of the Secretary of the Navy, that the administrative direction of the Coast Survey be transferred to his Department. I have endeavored to reply to this proposition in a letter addressed to the Secretary of the Treasury, which is subjoined:

UNITED STATES COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY OFFICE,
Washington, January 6, 1883.

SIR: The principal reasons against transferring the Coast Survey Service from the Treasury Department to the Navy Department must necessarily be those which led, in 1843, to the adoption of the present system of administration, together with the fact that the work has been successfully conducted under the same. These considerations may be briefly stated as follows:

The work is one which requires the co-operation of persons specially trained in geodesy or spherical surveying, in trigonometrical and topographical surveying, in nautical surveying and the science of navigation, beside the employment of mathematical computers, skilled draughtsmen, engravers, mechanicians, and other persons of special attainments.

It was believed that an organization composed of such various elements, including civilians, engineer officers of the Army, and officers of the Navy, would be most advantageously placed under a civil Department, where all difficulties arising from questions of relative rank and special privilege would disappear. For this reason, and as relating mainly to the commercial interests of the country, the work was placed under the Treasury Department, which has charge of that part of the public service.

It is claimed and admitted that this plan has worked well, and excellently well. The permanent civil nucleus has preserved unity of plan and methods in the work, has fostered its progress and development, and has maintained the necessary strict coordination of the survey afloat with that of the shore.

The spare force of the naval and military service has been utilized to advantage. There are not now any officers of the Army employed in the work, because their whole force is needed in improvements of rivers and harbors. In like manner, at times when the Navy required its whole force for war purposes, not a single naval officer was employed on the Coast Survey. On the contrary, civilians on the work performed duty with the fleets. The case is now reversed, and about fifty naval officers, mostly of lower grades, find useful employment and valuable experience on the Coast Survey. About 250 men are furnished with pay and rations, and the total expenditure on the part of the Navy amounts to about $250,000 a year, being 30 per cent. of the whole expenditure for the Coast and Geodetic Survey. This is made the ground by the Secretary of the Navy for the claim that the work should be transferred to his Department. It is not claimed that the officers would not be paid, whether on this duty or not. It is possible that the number of enlisted men, although within the whole number allowed for the Navy, might not be employed. We must admit, therefore, that the appropriations for the naval service are increased by the pay and rations for the men employed on the Coast Survey, say $92,000 per annum, or less than 15 per cent. of the whole expenditure for the work. This expenditure is necessary, if

the work is to be done, whether administered by the Treasury or by the Navy Department.

The leading considerations which I would urge in opposition to the proposed transfer may be summed up in the following propositions:

1. The present system, perfected nearly forty years ago, has proved thoroughly efficient, economical, and satisfactory to the country. It is wise to hold fast to that which has been proved to be good.

2. It affords to the Navy all the advantages that can be legitimately claimed. It employs as many of its officers in service afloat as can be advantageously used in hydrography. The employment of a larger number, in the event of a transfer, would result in training naval officers to be geodesists, topographers, chiefs of technical bureaus, and in withdrawing their interests and habits from the naval service proper.

3. The efficiency of the service would suffer by the loss of ambition and emulation, which exist at present in a high degree, but which find no stimulus in a service where no positions of responsibility and direction are open to civil experts, however great their attainments and devotion to the public service.

Yours, respectfully,

J. E. HILGARD,
Superintendent Coast and Geodetic Survey.

Hon. CHARLES J. FOLGER,
Secretary of the Treasury, Washington, D. C.

To the foregoing may be added that the naval officers are almost without exception well pleased with their service on the survey of the coast, although in reality more arduous than the regular routine of the naval service in time of peace. They are at all times, however, perfectly under the control of the Navy Department, and subject to being detached and ordered upon other duty. No officers above the grade of commander are attached to the survey; most of the officers are of the grades between ensign and lieutenant. They obtain a most valuable experience, which stands them in great stead on foreign stations.

The hydrographic survey along our shores is in reality not a *nautical* survey, but, properly speaking, a *trigonometrical* survey, in which the positions of the depths observed, of rocks and shoals, are determined by the observation of angles upon objects on shore, which are known by the triangulation and topography, with which the hydrography is closely co-ordinated. It cannot be separated from them without losing much of its present excellence.

It appears to me, then, that the existing relations of the Coast Survey to the Navy are working smoothly, economically, and efficiently, and that there is no reason for making any change. The plan has satisfactorily stood the test of time.

The Hydrographic Office of the Navy Department has entirely different functions from those of the Coast Survey. They consist in publishing charts of foreign coasts for the use of the Navy and our commercial marine, as also of directing surveys on foreign unsurveyed coasts by our naval vessels, when their opportunities permit. There is no duplication of work between the two services, and the distinction is clearly drawn, so that there is no clashing.

Another and principal motive for the questions propounded by the Congressional commission, is a supposed want of co-ordination of the work of the Geological Survey and the Coast and Geodetic in the interior, and a consequent duplication of work and useless expenditure. Such a state of facts does not actually exist by reason of the willing co-operation of the chiefs of the two works. Whenever the operations of the Geological Survey have touched regions to which the trigonometrical work had been extended, the director of the former work has applied for the geographical positions and distances determined, and has been promptly supplied with them. But it is obvious that here is a danger of interference and of duplication. It is necessary that

the functions of the two organizations should be clearly defined, and that the mode in which their operations are to be co-ordinated should be firmly established.

To this end I am now, as I have always been, frankly in favor of the plan submitted by the Academy to Congress in 1878, according to which the Coast and Geodetic Survey should be transferred to the Interior Department, "retaining its original field of operations and assuming also the entire mensuration of the public domain," and to be known hereafter as the Coast and Interior Survey.

I see no objection on the part of the Coast and Geodetic Survey to such transfer to another civil Department, provided its present scope is preserved, and there is added to its functions the gradual execution of a trigonometrical network over the whole country, as a basis for all economic or property surveys and maps, and likewise all accurate topographical surveys.

The requisite co-operation in the plans and execution of the work of the different scientific bureaus can then be secured by the consultation of a board composed of their heads reporting to the Secretary.

Such appears to me to be a feasible plan, which, in time, may lead to the establishment of a separate governmental department.

Very respectfully yours,

J. E. HILGARD,
Superintendent Coast and Geodetic Survey.

General M. C. MEIGS,
Chairman Committee of the National Academy of Sciences.

Letter from the Hydrographic Office.

UNITED STATES HYDROGRAPHIC OFFICE,
BUREAU OF NAVIGATION, NAVY DEPARTMENT,
Washington, September 17, 1884.

SIR: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of the Bureau's letter of August 16, inclosing a letter from General M. C. Meigs, U. S. A., chairman of a committee of the National Academy of Sciences, in which I am requested to give information in reference to the organization and operations of the Hydrographic Office. I have the honor to give the following as the organization of this office:

In 1846, Lieut. M. F. Maury, when in charge of the Naval Observatory and Chart Depot, which was at that time under the Bureau of Ordnance and Hydrography, began the collection of information from the logs of vessels, according to a carefully devised scheme, for the purpose of making charts to show the prevailing winds and currents, their limits and general characteristics, and, in general, all the physical features of the ocean, including its meteorology, the limits of icebergs, the feeding ground of whales, and all facts of interest and value to the maritime community. It was a long time before important results were obtained, but gradually mariners of all nations became interested, and sent their logs for examination. From the data thus gathered, Lieutenant Maury constructed his famous wind and current charts, and wrote his sailing directions. These charts and sailing directions have become known the world over, and the routes therein laid down for passages are followed to this day. It was estimated that the saving of time by the routes thus determined was equivalent to many millions of dollars annually. Two hundred thousand of the charts and twenty thousand of the sailing directions were distributed gratuitously to the masters of vessels who had contributed their logs. The continuance of this work, of invaluable benefit to the maritime interests of the world, was interrupted by the war, Maury's last publication appearing as Monograph No. 3 in May, 1861.

The Hydrographic Office was definitely established by the act of Congress approved June 21, 1866, now embodied in the Revised Statutes as follows (par. 431):

"There shall be a Hydrographic Office attached to the Bureau of Navigation in the Navy Department, for the improvement of the means for navigating safely the vessels of the Navy and of the mercantile marine, by providing, under the authority of the Secretary of the Navy, accurate and cheap nautical charts, sailing directions, navigators, and manuals of instruction for the use of all vessels of the United States, and for the benefit and use of navigators generally."

An appropriation was made at about the same time for the purchase from Messrs. E. and G. Blunt, of New York, of Bowditch's Navigator, and of a number of copper plates of charts of the several oceans, and of the waters adjacent to the coasts of the United States, but not including the coast lines. A new edition of the Navigator was published, and charts were printed from the plates, and sold to the merchant marine as they were called for. The plates of Maury's Wind and Current Charts were turned over to the Hydrographic Office, as well as those prepared under a special appropriation from the surveys made by the expeditions under Wilkes, Rodgers, Perry, and Page. To supply our ships of war with charts of every part of the world, copies were purchased of those published by the British Admiralty. A considerable number of admiralty charts have been reproduced; some in copper plate, but the greater part by photo-lithography.

As provided for in the statute establishing the Hydrographic Office, books relating to navigation, sailing directions, and other information of use to the navigator have been prepared from time to time and published; correspondence has been carried on with foreign hydrographic offices, and the information thus obtained has been republished in the form of Notices to Mariners, which have been distributed gratuitously to marine agencies and insurance companies, and to masters of vessels who have applied for them.

Efforts were resumed in 1873 to collect meteorological data from the merchant service for a new edition of Maury's Charts, and with the additional information obtained during the last twenty years, from the logs of our ships of war, a set of charts for the North Pacific has been prepared and published.

The work of the office, as now organized, is arranged in six divisions: Plate and printing; Hydrographic Office charts, British Admiralty charts, books, notices and archives, drafting and engraving, and meteorology.

PLATE AND PRINTING DIVISION.

The copper plates belonging to the office in the plate and printing division, and available for use in printing, are as follows:

Purchased from Messrs. Blunt	27
Exploring expedition plates transferred to office	112
Prepared by office, finished	165
Maury's Wind and Current Charts	24
Total	329

The number of charts printed from the above plates during the year has been 17,000.

CHART DIVISION.

The chart division has charge of all charts kept for issue to vessels, except original charts of the British Admiralty. They include charts printed from copper plates in the plate and printing division; reproductions on stone of British Admiralty charts, together with a few original French charts, and charts of the United States Coast Survey.

The number of copies on hand June 30 was as follows:

Designation of charts.	Number of charts.	Number of copies.
From copper plates:		
Blunt's charts	27	
Exploring expedition charts	112	
Office charts, finished	140	10,000
Office charts, unfinished	25	
Maury's charts	24	22,000
From stone	510	83,000
	838	115,000
Deducting the wind and current charts	24	22,000
Total sailing charts	814	93,000

The number of charts issued during the year has been as follows:

To ships of war	5,941
To merchant vessels transmitting meteorological journals	1,570
To home correspondents and libraries	574
To foreign hydrographic offices (exchanges)	537
To agents, for sale	8,857
To navy-yards and Government offices	7,886
Total	25,365

ADMIRALTY CHART DIVISION.

The hydrographic office connected with the British Admiralty has published a series of charts numbering about 3,000, and representing bodies of water in all parts of the world. From 75 to 100 charts are issued, and about double the number receive important corrections annually. The series forms the most complete collection in existence, and the navigators of all countries, whether naval or mercantile, must rely primarily upon this office for charts. Of these publications, the admiralty chart division of the Hydrographic Office keeps at all times a supply. At present, the aggregate number of copies on hand is 16,000, representing 2,300 charts. Every new chart, and every chart having important corrections, is received from the British Admiralty at the Hydrographic Office as soon as issued.

DIVISION OF BOOKS.

In the division of books, there are 20,000 copies of the publications of this office, of the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey, and of the Light-House Board, and others purchased abroad for the use of our naval vessels. The first only are kept for sale. Several copies of each publication are always kept corrected to the latest date.

NOTICE AND ARCHIVE DIVISION.

The division of notices and archives contains single copies of 7,000 American and foreign charts, kept for reference. In this division is also filed all nautical information from whatever source received. During the year, there have been received from thirty foreign hydrographic offices, and marine and port departments, 2,400 printed notices. The notices in foreign languages, including Chinese and Japanese, as well as those of nearly every country in Europe, have been translated by naval officers attached to the division. The information obtained from the notices has been republished in notices to mariners, indicating changes of lights and buoys, and in hydrographic notices indicating changes in hydrography.

METEOROLOGICAL DIVISION.

The province of the meteorological division is to furnish blank meteorological journals to the masters of merchant vessels who are willing to post them, the masters receiving in return a set of charts covering the route to be traversed. The data obtained from these journals and from the log-books of ships of war are condensed for use in the construction of new editions of Maury's Wind and Current Charts. From this division is issued a monthly pilot chart, which shows graphically the possible limits of the Gulf Stream, icebergs, the best track for steamers, reported rocks, shoals, and other marine dangers, the establishment of new lights, and changes in position of buoys, &c.

BRANCH OFFICES.

In order to extend the full benefit of the co-operation of this office with all foreign offices to the merchant marine, branch offices are located in Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, New Orleans, and San Francisco. These branches are in charge of officers detailed from the main office. Each branch is supplied with charts covering the navigable waters of the globe, nautical works, light lists, and sailing directions, all corrected to date. The plan has the double advantage of placing within easy reach of masters of vessels all the information contained in the Hydrographic Office, and of enabling the office to obtain with greater fullness, accuracy, and dispatch all the information brought to those ports by incoming navigators as the fruit of their own experience. The number of vessels boarded during the last six months foots up 5,000. Logs have been examined, and barometers and charts corrected to date.

For a thorough understanding of interior details, and what the office is accomplishing for the merchant marine and the cause of science, the office is at all times open to the personal inspection of those interested.

Very respectfully,

J. R. BARTLETT, U. S. N.,
Commander and Hydrographer.

Commodore J. G. WALKER, U. S. N.,
Chief of the Bureau of Navigation.

Letters from Prof. J. D. Dana.

NEW HAVEN, *September* 12, 1884.

DEAR SIR: On the urgent request of Prof. W. P. Trowbridge, I take the liberty of writing you briefly with regard to the kind of maps which appear to be needed for geological field work.

I would remark, in the first place, that when in the field I have been always troubled by the want of a trustworthy map. I have worked much in the bordering parts of Connecticut, New York, and Massachusetts, and I have found it impossible to unite the larger published maps of these several States into a common map, or the maps of Connecticut towns into a State map, without a degree of manipulation, of shifting of rivers and roads, that was shocking to one's scientific and moral sensibilities. Such facts are well known among State and town surveyors. There is obviously no doubt as to the great need of a geodetic and topographical survey that will result in the production of accurate maps.

The maps should be large enough in scale for ordinary geological purposes, and accurate enough to admit of enlargement without introducing thereby serious topographical errors. A scale of 2 inches to the mile I think would be sufficient for ordinary work.

The accuracy of the maps should be the highest that is attainable. The geologist needs to lay down the limits of formations, to determine and record bearings, to make records of the courses of structure-lines, of feature-lines, and of all lines of dynamical import. He finds often in feature-lines an indication of broad facts as to structural relations and stratigraphical details, as to the limits or range of a rock formation, as to the characters of rocks, and the changes that have taken place over them. The surface over the most of the continent is so largely under soil that he has often to rely on facts from widely distant points, and a knowledge of relative heights or courses is sought in order to solve the problems that present themselves.

Given a map on which *the roads* are accurately laid down, even to each turn and the position of *each house*, and the geologist, whenever at work over the area it represents, has a base to measure from for each locality of interest or rock limit, and he feels sure that his work may be correctly registered and will not need to be done over again because maps will some time be better.

Give him *contour-lines* that are exact, and he has starting-points that can be trusted for detailed measurements as to new levels, and a means also of finding his position in a region.

The free-hand contour-lines much used of late are of no value to the careful geologist. They may give the general shape of the surface sufficiently well to satisfy the geographer, but they are grossly misleading if used for any other purpose.

Under the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey, a careful survey was made, a few years since, of the region about New Haven, Conn., including about 40 square miles. It has contour-lines for every *twenty* feet. I have found it even a source of geological revelations. Outcrops of trap occur in distant hills; with the map in hand, the outcrops are seen to fall into line, and are proved to be parts of a common dike. Bowl-like depressions of the surface are scattered about; on the map, they are found to be systematically arranged with reference to other features and depressions. Ridges, valleys, and plains make up the surface; on the map, a nearly common direction is found for the sandstone ridges and intervening valleys, and this direction corresponds with that of the glacier movement in the Glacial era. And so I might go on with other details.

It thus appears to me that, even if geology alone is considered, there cannot be too great accuracy in the topographical survey of the country; and that no contour-lines should be drawn on a map that are not strictly accurate up to the limit of surveying capabilities; that, until such accuracy can be attained, levels and form should be indicated only by ordinary lines of shading and records of actually measured heights; and, of the latter, the more the better.

I beg you will excuse my addressing you so freely, and believe me, with highest esteem, very truly yours,

JAMES D. DANA.

General M. C. MEIGS.

NEW HAVEN, *September* 18, 1884.

DEAR SIR: I have the pleasure of acknowledging the receipt of your letters of the 16th and 17th.

As to the degree of accuracy required in maps for geological investigators, I may have expressed myself a little too strongly, but I think only a little. I was prompted by my own difficulties and sense of need while in the field. I have long felt that what the field geologist needs most or first is maps on which all the roads, wood-roads, rivers, and brooks are laid down with accuracy, and, besides this, the positions also of houses, churches, bridges (even the smallest), &c. Each house, or turn in the road, or bridge, or road-crossing serves as a base for fixing localities and lines, and is almost the only resource at hand, and if the positions are inaccurate so is the field work. If roads on a map are too near together, or too far apart, or too far from a river, or bends in a river are out of place, the belt of limestone or other rock which

the geologist attempts to plot takes false or distorted shapes, or has too great or too little width, leading to false conclusions and discordances different ways.

To a map that is correct in its geographical lines, the addition of the topography and true levels is of great importance, and these levels should be given over the plains and valleys as well as for mountain regions. I should make no use of any contour-lines that were not a result throughout of direct measurement or of the best plane-table work. Were a geologist attempting to lay down the high terrace along a river valley, correct levels for points along the bottom of the valley would be of great value, while free-hand contour-lines over the region could not be trusted. I may add that where contour-lines are correctly put in it is not often easy to find the exact points over which they pass, so as to be able to use the level at any point as a base for special measurements (I speak from attempts to use the New Haven map); and hence I think it desirable that where contour-lines cross roads, the distance of this crossing from the next corner or turn in the road should in some way be noted on the map.

Of course roads and rivers cannot be correctly mapped without first a primary and secondary triangulation.

The size of map which I mentioned, 2 inches to the mile, is insufficient for much detailed geological work. This size is one which ought to come within the probable limits of appropriations. A smaller size is, in my opinion, quite inadequate for anything more than a rough reconnaissance. This is especially true with regard to regions like New England and the other metamorphic and much disturbed portions of the continent. I was yesterday where a map of 6 inches to the mile, or larger, would be required to plot intelligibly the distribution of the limestone and schist; but these are exceptional cases, and there should be an exceptional provision for them.

Very truly yours,

JAMES D. DANA.

General MEIGS.

APPENDIX E.

REPORT ON CUSTOMS DUTY ON PHILOSOPHICAL AND SCIENTIFIC APPARATUS.

[CORRESPONDENCE.]

YALE COLLEGE,
New Haven, Conn., December 8, 1884.

SIR: I have the honor to transmit to you herewith a report on the customs duty on philosophical and scientific apparatus, made by a committee of the National Academy of Sciences, in compliance with a request of your predecessor, dated September 13, 1884.

I return herewith, as requested, the inclosures sent with that communication.

Very truly yours,

O. C. MARSH,
President of the National Academy of Sciences.

The Hon. SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,
Washington, D. C., September 13, 1884.

SIR: I have the honor to transmit herewith a copy of a letter from Mr. E. B. Moore, appraiser of customs at Philadelphia, dated the 21st ultimo, in which he states that great difficulty is experienced in determining what instruments and other articles are entitled to classification for duty as "philosophical apparatus and instruments," under the tariff act of March 3, 1883, a copy of which, duly marked, is herewith inclosed, and suggests that the subject be referred to the Smithsonian Institution, with a request to prepare a list of such apparatus and instruments, for the use of customs officers in the premises.

In accordance with such suggestion, Professor Baird was requested to furnish the desired list, but the Department is in receipt of a communication from him, dated the 9th instant, in which he recommends that the matter be referred to you, with the request that you appoint a committee of the Academy for the purpose of reporting a list comprising the different articles which properly come within the scope of the said statutory provision.

A list of certain articles lately imported into Philadelphia, and claimed by the importers to be philosophical instruments and apparatus, and four printed catalogues, are also transmitted, and the Department will feel obliged if you will comply with the recommendation of Professor Baird, and furnish the said list.

A return of the five inclosures last mentioned is respectfully requested.

Very respectfully,

H. F. FRENCH,
Acting Secretary.

Prof. O. C. MARSH,
President National Academy of Sciences.

THE NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES,
Washington, December 2, 1884.

SIR: I have the honor to transmit to you herewith the report of the committee appointed to consider the matter submitted to you by the honorable Secretary of the Treasury in regard to customs duties on philosophical and scientific apparatus.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

GEO. J. BRUSH,
Chairman.

Prof. O. C. MARSH,
President National Academy of Sciences.

REPORT.

The committee of the National Academy of Sciences appointed, in accordance with the request of the Secretary of the Treasury contained in his letter dated September 13, 1884, to consider the subject of customs duty on philosophical and scientific apparatus, submit the following:

The letter of the United States appraiser addressed to the collector of the port of Philadelphia, and inclosed to us, seems to imply that a distinction exists between what may be regarded as scientific instruments and those that are known to scholars as philosophical. Your committee think that it is impossible to draw any such distinction, and, moreover, they do not find any separate reference to scientific instruments as distinct from philosophical in the tariff bill approved March 3, 1883. The only references to such instruments as forming a separate clause are as follows:

Schedule N, section 475, "Sundries," contains the clause, "Philosophical apparatus and instruments, 35 per cent. ad valorem."

The free list (section 759, page 58) contains the clause, "Philosophical

and scientific apparatus, instruments, and preparations * * * specially imported in good faith for the use of any society or institution incorporated for religious, philosophical, educational, scientific, or literary purposes, or for encouragement of the fine arts, not intended for sale."

The meaning, objects, and limitations of these clauses do not seem to your committee to offer any difficulty. Although the term "philosophical" as applied to instruments has long ceased to be employed in scientific language, it has a well defined signification in ordinary use. It has come down from a time when nearly all our knowledge of inanimate nature was comprehended under the general term "natural philosophy," and the instruments and apparatus necessary for acquiring and illustrating that knowledge were termed "philosophical." The obvious intent of Congress in specially designating philosophical instruments was to cover the case of institutions and individuals who might import the instruments and apparatus for the purpose of improving natural knowledge. It therefore appears to us that the terms "philosophical apparatus and instruments" in both clauses quoted should be held to cover all such instruments and apparatus imported for this purpose.

It does not appear to your committee that the addition of the word "scientific" in the last clause of the law quoted comprehends any objects other than those which may be included under the term "philosophical" as hereinbefore defined. We regard the addition of this word as merely intended to render the meaning of Congress more explicit.

The letter of the honorable Secretary of the Treasury embodies a request that the Academy shall prepare a list of instruments and apparatus which, in its opinion, should belong in the class philosophical. Recognizing the insufficiency of any general definition to enable the collectors of customs to decide to what class a given object belongs, your committee has given much attention to the question of preparing the required list. They have not, however, found it possible to do this in a way which would be at all satisfactory. The difficulties are two in number: Firstly, an instrument is philosophical, not in consequence of its special construction or function, but in consequence of the uses to which it is to be put, and many instruments may be put both to uses which are philosophical and to uses which are purely industrial or commercial. Secondly, the number of different kinds of philosophical apparatus is so great, and new kinds are so constantly added, that an exhaustive enumeration is impracticable.

Respectfully submitted.

GEO. J. BRUSH, *Chairman.*
WOLCOTT GIBBS,
SAMUEL H. SCUDDER,
SIMON NEWCOMB,
GEORGE F. BARKER,
Committee.

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SPECIAL SESSION. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 1.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

MARCH 6, 1885.—Ordered to be printed.

Mr. VAN WYCK submitted the following

RESOLUTION:

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Interior be directed to inform the Senate whether patents have been issued for the lands granted in 1871 to the New Orleans, Baton Rouge and Vicksburg, popularly known as the Backbone Railroad; if so, for what number of acres, to what corporation or individuals, whose receipt was taken for the same, when signed, whether unusual means were used to hasten the preparation and execution of said patents, whether the clerical force employed worked nights and Sunday so they might be completed before March 4, what day they were ready for the signature of the President, what the necessity for any special exertion to secure the completion and signature before the fourth day of March, whether anything was done to protect the actual settlers in their rights to any of such lands; also, whether previous to the fourth day of March anything was done or written in regard to any other of the unearned land grants, the forfeiture of which had been considered by the Forty-eighth Congress.

SPECIAL SESSION. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 2.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

MARCH 6, 1885.—Ordered to lie on the table and be printed.

LETTER

FROM

HON. CHARLES F. ADAMS, JR.,

IN RELATION TO

Bill regulating the future payments to be made by the Union Pacific Railway Company to the United States in settlement of its obligations.

(The Union Pacific Railway Company, Equitable building, Charles F. Adams, jr., president; Elisha Atkins, vice-president; Henry McFarland, secretary and treasurer; Oliver W. Mink, assistant secretary and assistant treasurer; post-office box No. 5287.)

BOSTON, *February* 9, 1885.

MY DEAR SIR: The bill of the Senate Judiciary Committee, reported by you, regulating the future payments to be made by this company to the United States in settlement of its obligations, has now, for some days, been in my hands. As you are aware, the representatives of the company were not consulted in regard to this bill while it was in preparation, nor were they permitted to see it until it had been reported to the Senate. As the Union Pacific is one of the corporations interested, it may not be out of place for me, now that an opportunity for considering the measure has been afforded, to state to you, as briefly as may be, the conclusions reached in regard to it from the directors' point of view.

As originally reported, the bill was construed as compelling the company to make semi-annual payments amounting to about $450,000 each, with an increasing interest from the first payment forward to the one hundred and twentieth, so that, in round numbers, the payments during the first year would have amounted to about $950,000, and the payments during the sixtieth year would have amounted to about $2,500,000. As subsequently amended, the annual payments from the beginning were to include interest on the entire amount of the unpaid debt; that is, the payments for the first year would have been $2,500,000, which would have regularly decreased at the rate of about $30,000 per annum as the debt was paid, until, in the sixtieth year, the payments would have amounted to but about $900,000. Finally, in the shape in which the measure is now left, the payments, as I understand it, are equalized through the entire period, so that, including the central branch, they will be about $1,800,000 a year.

It is merely necessary for me to refer to the last two plans, that of annually decreasing payments, and that of equalized payments.

As respects the first of these two plans, that of the largest payments

at first, I am obliged to say that I do not think, under the present business conditions of the country, the Union Pacific would be able to meet its requirements. However it might have been under conditions which have heretofore existed, it is notorious that neither for the Union Pacific nor for other railroads in the country, are the present times prosperous. Business is languishing; receipts falling off; the future uncertain. Nor are these adverse conditions of a merely passing nature. There are now four transcontinental routes in place of one, and the Union Pacific meets severe competition in its most valuable local territory. It remains to be seen how far the increase of traffic will compensate for its subdivision. Consequently, a load which a few years ago might have been safely assumed is now dangerously heavy. If you expect a horse to pull a load, it is not well to hitch to him a load heavier than he can pull. What is true physically of a horse is true financially of the Union Pacific. From my present knowledge of the company's system of roads and the existing business conditions I am obliged to say that annual requirements of $2,500,000 on the part of the United States would so cripple the Union Pacific that I should be unwilling to assume any responsibility for the result.

As respects the second scheme, I am advised that the equalized payments, including those for the Central Branch, would amount to about $1,800,000 a year. There is, I think, a fair and reasonable prospect that the company could carry this burden. I do not pretend to speak with confidence, for even that load is a heavy one, and the future of a railroad is always matter of uncertainty. It depends not only upon the business growth of the country, but upon the competition which the particular road has to encounter. As I have already said, the Union Pacific is not free from competition. Nor that only, but, while compelling it to meet competition in order to retain its traffic, the Government has, by its legislation, so tied up the hands of this company that it cannot meet its competitors on equal terms. While they are at liberty to issue securities, to guarantee construction, and otherwise to do what may be necessary to develop and extend their systems in the manner usual with railroad companies, the Union Pacific is more or less hampered in all these respects.

I cannot, therefore, but consider the policy of late years pursued with this company by the United States as economically a faulty one. From my point of view, it is not the interest either of the Government or the people to force the Union Pacific to annually take these large sums out of its quick capital and lock them up in an overflowing National Treasury. The Union Pacific serves six States and four Territories. There is not one of those States or Territories which is not to-day calling for railroad development which, if it could be provided, would not only afford whole communities sorely needed business facilities, but would add largely to the traffic and the income of this company. Every dollar of money, therefore, which is taken out of our business annually is so much which could be applied to the development of the country, not only to the great advantage of the Union Pacific, but to the increase of the security of the Government so far as the ultimate recovery of its debt is concerned. Each request for these additional facilities which now reaches me will have to be met with the answer that the money which would have sufficed to supply it has been paid into the National Treasury. The Government has taken from us and the communities we serve just so much fructifying capital.

The Union Pacific now has in the Thurman act sinking-fund, bringing less than 3 per cent. interest a year, some $5,000,000. That $5,000,000,

would easily construct and equip 350 miles of railroad. Those 350 miles of railroad would bring into the Union Pacific system probably ten times the net income of the sinking-fund investments. The first-mortgage securities representing the ownership of this additional mileage might be deposited in the Treasury; and if, at the maturity of our loan, the company was unable to raise the necessary money to pay the Government off, it must take the consequences. The Government could sell out the securities representing the whole Union Pacific system to the highest bidder. In all human probability no loss would then have been incurred, while an inestimable benefit would have been conferred upon the communities which that system served.

Such, it seems to me, would yet be the true business policy for the Government to pursue with this company. Congress might impose any restrictions it saw fit in regard to the construction of auxiliary lines. It might insist upon their securities of every description being deposited in the Treasury. But for a dozen years to come, before the Pacific loans mature, the people in the States and Territories beyond the Missouri and among the mountains would have the advantage of those lines, and thus what is now a barren sinking-fund, useful to no one, would be converted into what seems to me the most beneficent system of internal improvement which could be devised.

This plan, undoubtedly, Congress has fully considered, and set aside as impracticable. I therefore do not urge it. I merely submit it as the original scheme of the directors of the Union Pacific Railway Company, and it seems to me to-day, from every conceivable point of view, a wiser scheme and one more financially sound than any other which has been suggested.

Meanwhile, it now only remains for the Union Pacific to accept such terms as are imposed upon it. When the Thurman bill was passed the Government practically took the control of this matter out of the company's hands. The plan its representatives had devised for meeting the Government obligations at maturity was then set aside, and another, devised by Congress, substituted for it. The sinking-fund plan was substituted for the auxiliary railroad system plan. Since then, as I stated in a recent letter to the Board of Government Directors, the attitude of the company has been an expectant one. It has waited to see what rule Congress, in its wisdom, shall impose, and when that rule is imposed it will live up to it, if it can. If upon a fair trial the burden exceeds the company's strength, the directors do not doubt that in the interest of all concerned Congress will modify it. This, therefore, is the view which the directors now take of the Senate judiciary bill in the shape which I understand it has finally assumed. The company is willing to accept it, and to loyally live up to it to the best of its ability. Meanwhile, it is not responsible for it; and if, as I hope will not be the case, the burden shall be found to exceed its strength, it will be simply for Congress to say whether it proposes to take the property or to modify the act.

There is one other matter to which I wish to refer, upon which much stress has been laid in discussions over the different measures proposed. It is a matter of some delicacy, but it seems to me important; and in such cases I do not see that anything is gained by not speaking out frankly, or, if need be, bluntly. I have seen it stated, not only in the papers, but in debates in Congress, that practically the Union Pacific was still managed by Mr. Gould, and that I had been simply put forward by him as a figure-head in order to allay popular feeling, and to obtain terms more favorable than would otherwise be given. In justice

to Mr. Gould, as well as myself, I wish to state that this is in no degree the case. I was not Mr. Gould's choice for the position I now hold. Moreover, since the 17th day of June last, when I became president of the Union Pacific Railway Company, I wish to be held solely responsible for whatever has been done in the management of that company. In the conduct of its affairs Mr. Gould has been consulted as other directors have been consulted, neither more nor less. Generally, his views and my own have coincided. Where they have not coincided he has invariably acquiesced in my conclusions, properly taking the ground that, as the responsibility for results rested on me, it was for me to finally decide what course should be pursued. It is, perhaps, well it should be publicly understood that the course in this respect which has been pursued heretofore will continue to be pursued so long as I remain president of the company. Whatever is done will be done because, after full discussion with the directors, I think it is the best and wisest thing to be done. If, at any time, a policy is imposed upon me by either any single director, or a majority of the directors, which does not seem to me to be right and sound, I shall forthwith make way as president for some one else more in sympathy with that policy than I. Meanwhile, until I do so, I assume in advance full responsibility, if need be, to the exclusion of every one else, for whatever is done.

Should it, in the course of the debate, seem to you expedient so to do, you are welcome to make such use as you see fit, of the whole or any part of this letter.

I remain, very truly yours,

CHARLES F. ADAMS, JR.,
President.

Hon. GEORGE F. HOAR,
United States Senate, Washington, D. C.

SPECIAL SESSION. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 3.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

MARCH 9, 1885.—Ordered to be printed.

Mr. HOAR submitted the following

RESOLUTION:

Resolved, That Henry W. Blair, appointed a Senator from the State of New Hampshire, be now admitted to take the oaths of office.

SPECIAL SESSION. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 4.

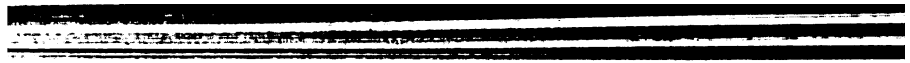
IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

MARCH 11, 1885.—Ordered to be printed.

Mr. VAN WYCK submitted the following

RESOLUTION:

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Interior and the Attorney-General of the United States be, and they hereby are, directed, respectively, to take such action as each may deem necessary to prevent any sale by the Atlantic and Gulf West India Transit Company, or by any company or person claiming under them, of the lands described in the act approved May 17, 1856, and entitled "An act granting public lands in alternate sections to the States of Florida and Alabama, to aid in the construction of certain railroads in said States," so far as the same lie within the line of said railroads between Waldo and Tampa Bay, Florida, until Congress shall have authorized the same.



SPECIAL SESSION. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 5.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

MARCH 12, 1885.—Ordered to lie on the table and be printed.

Mr. MANDERSON submitted the following

RESOLUTION:

Resolved, That the Secretary of State of the United States be, and he is hereby, directed to furnish to the Senate, with all convenient speed, all information in the State Department bearing upon the matter of a rumored attempt by General Rufino Barrios, President of Guatemala, to seize upon territory, or destroy the integrity of the Republics of Nicaragua, Honduras, San Salvador, and Costa Rica; also to state what precautions are being taken by the State Department looking to the protection and maintenance under existing or pending treaties with the Republics of Central America of the rights of the United States thereunder; also to give what information said Department may have of any interference by or participation in the present difficulties in said Central American Republics by any European power.

O

SPECIAL SESSION. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 6.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

MARCH 12, 1885.—Ordered to be printed.

MEMORIAL

OF

CITIZENS OF HERNANDO COUNTY, FLORIDA,

IN RELATION TO

Certain lands claimed by the Florida Railway and Navigation Company.

LAKE BUDDU, HERNANDO, *November* 28.

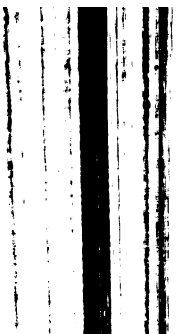
Whereas the Florida Railway and Navigation Company are now advertising for sale, on December 3, 1884 (the sale having been postponed from the 26th of November), all railroad land, or at least lands claimed by them, in Hernando County, as low as the last tiers in Township 25; which lands are now, or at least the greater portion have been, settled upon by bona fide settlers, who have been induced to go on these lands by a circular issued by the railroad company, allowing the settler the right of purchase when the same was put on market at Government prices. The railroad now refuses to recognize said circular; also the settler has been informed and believes that the company have no right to these lands, and that the Secretary has refused to issue them a patent for the same. Should the Florida Railway and Navigation Company be allowed to sell these lands it will work great injury to the settler, and will throw many out of a home, disturbing the peace and quiet of our county and producing innumerable hardships on many of good citizens. In view of these facts we keenly feel the need of legislative action taken in the premises by our Congress. And we expect and exhort them to take immediate action in the matter, giving the settler all possible relief. Also inclosed circular of notice to purchasers. Therefore,

Be it resolved, That we urge our Congressmen to take such immediate action in the matter as will give the settler the right of purchasing at Government prices or homesteading the Government land now claimed by the railroad company in Hernando County.

Resolved, We send a copy of the proceedings of this meeting to Senator Call and Congressman Davidson.

J. B. PIXTAN,
Chairman.
H. C. RENSHALL,
Secretary.

Inclosed will find petition, which speaks the sentiments of our entire county.



nest; David O. Thrasher; Charles Tompson; Chas. Lankey; W. B. Thra
J. B. Earnest; John J. Rogers; B. L. Ray; Samuel Douglass; H. J. S
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John B. Pixton; R. S. Pringle, LL. D.; J. C. Smitt; A. H. Smitt;
Smitt; Louis Strickland; L. M. Strickland; S. P. Strickland; J. D. Thra
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M. Illich; Wm. F. Mobley; A. H. Romaus; C. C. Keathley, Men's Asse
Hernando Co.; J. A. Jennings; T. M. Shackleford; H. T. Huntt
Parkey; R. W. Holbrook; S. F. Hurtt; J. A. Marshall; J. A. Washin
Jno. W. R. Steel; Jno. W. Crum; J. D. Hope; W. F. Clark; G. H. Dil
E. P. Gibson; J. J. Hale; W. S. Jordan; Y. B. Trammell; S. C. Gru
W. H. Havron; J. H. Baker; Frank E. Saxon; Wiley Goodman;
E. Bishop; A. B. Rhodes; C. C. Rooks; J. C. Clements; W. C. Wren
James F. Tucker; J. M. Abbott; W. C. McRae; G. I. Boswell; Ge
Ward; B. F. Boswell; J. H. Bors; J. W. Johnston; B. F. Kirk; A.
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man; T. J. Townsend; Wm. J. Baker; J. C. Graham; E. B. Power;
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W. A. Jones; J. W. Zeigler; E. J. Johnston; R. J. Bradley; J. L. Col
B. L. Blackburn; Jas. W. Jackson; Jas. Noble, jr.; W. A. Rowell;
T. Davis; F. E. Care; Z. W. McKendree; G. S. Alexander; W. R. Stan
S L. Sellers; R. C. Bankston; John D. Austin; W. W. Williamson;
Thrasher; T. P. Osburn; J. M. Tucker; A. J. Slayman; R. L. Mol
Jos. H. Bisby; J. J. Page; J. B. Grayson; John B. Moody; Jacob God
Allen Godwin; John Barnes; Homer C. Tootle; W. G. Williamson; E
Weber; W. A. Dormany; George W. Jackson; F. P. Goss; Howard Wrens
James Thompson; N. L. Colson; B. E. Bagwell; A. P. McKeown;
Davis; G. M. Chapman, jr.; J. C. Grubbs; Anderson Mayo; M. F. I
C. F. Russell; L. L. Lang; David Beaver; J. C. Prust; I. W. Allen
M. Bishop; J. S. Thompson; W. M. McCall; W. H Jones; Virgil Alber
Thomas Graham; John W. Lewis; E. S. Morris; C. W. McKeown; J. L. Ba
W. H. Mern; S. B. Dick; W. R. Clark; B. B. Renfroe; W. W. Cant
H. M. Bouknight; Howard Wrenshall; T. S. Coogler; Theo. Meyer
W. Thompson; O. M. Higgins; W. R. Pritchard; G. C. Willingham; T
C. Whitman; G. W. Harville; John I. Sharp; T. H. Arick; W. H. Ha
W. A. Skiner; E. E. King; H. M. Middleton; O. G. Tracy; John Ajost
W. McIntosh; M. J. Bledsoe; Fred. L. Robertson; G. A. Hope; L

A. D. Tucker; J. W. Tucker, jr.; J. W. Tucker, sr.; S. Y. Stafford; A. E. Geiger; F. M. Smith; J. P. Emerson; D. E. Wallace; A. J. Green; Howard Wunshall; H. D. Piales; M. J. Kersey; P. Carlton; L. Kersey, jr.; Libron Kersey, sr.; D. Fillmon; Henry Carven; James P. Smith; Samuel Geiger; E. H. Brack; R. T. Caddin; S. S. Niper; J. C. Geiger; W. W. Myers; S. J. Davis; James A. Smith; J. D. Sims; John Thomas; Jackson Asbell; C. P. McKendree; Jesse B. Tucker; T. J. Holton; W. C. Wrenshall; Nic. P. Bishoff; Jno. G. Tanner; T. B. Tanner; F. J. McCarthey; Jos. H. Bishoff; C. McCabe; Frank J. Bishoff; Paul R. Galmard; Jesse A. Dunne; W. D. Rice; M. B. Mede; C. C. Harper; James Harper; Andrew Dick; J. T. Fortier; J. S. Goss; P. G. Tucker; T. C. Wells; Wm. Davis; Joseph Kast; J. N. Sumner; R. B. McKendree; F. S. Tucker; R. C. Davis; C. J. Wells; B. Kesson; Y. Z. Bates; Tom Harrison; J. R. Illich; John M. Illich; E. A. Tucker; W. C. Wrenshall; Thos. Roach; D. L. Sellers; Wm. Standley; Allen Vangh; John W. Darby; L. B. Colding; G. F. Zeigler; J. D. Johnson; R. T. Colding; J. L. Prihard; H. H. Henderson; W. W. Mann; J. W. Douglas; J. D. Beadley; Wm. C. Zeigler; H. B. Arp; J. R. Hewitz; P. H. Hancock; H. J. Hancock; J. B. Hancock; J. Frilman; G. W. Batten; G. J. Hancock; H. M. Jones; H. Elijah; L. Elijah; W. Jones; W. E. Hancock; S. J. Pearce; G. H. Jones; J. B. Pixton; C. B. Thrasher; E. Rowesill; Robt. Semmes; Thomas E. Lyon; J. A. Grady; Robt. O. Carter; E. T. Lewis; N. H. Garner; A. C. Sumner; J. H. Brown; J. D. Gaskins; Fesley Woodeed; W. L. Osburn; Allen Rodgers; D. E. Blanton; M. A. McCarroll; W. J. Smith; M. G. Rowe; H. H. Henley; Thomas Seiley; Samuel Bryan; J. S. Bootwright; Luther Hancock; W. L. Daniel; W. S. Kuster; H. Bradham; S. Strinegar; H. C. Hudgin; J. P. McNatt; W. M. Stringer; J. W. Lykowski; Ed. Likowski; Osias Mizell; Burton B. Bailey; Lloyd & Austin; Linton Bird; William Irwin; D. Turnbull; Cash Thomas, ed. of Register; Nusom O. Howard; A. M. Ryals; S. A. Brown; J. W. Hudson; J. B. Hudson; N. M. Bellamy; C. Robertson; J. Jackson; S. R. Harris; G. F. Bates: D. Ayers, jr.; Constantine Stevenson; Wm. M. Lang; H. J. Rewis; W. W. Chancy; W. G. Friarson; W. E. Frierson; J. T. Frierson; Wm. Brady; F. T. Kuhns; F. S. Pinkerton; R. M. Hill; I. A. Hill; James Arnold; Charles Lang; Antonia Hernanderz; J. T. Hay; Jas. W. Clark; J. B. Duey; A. M. Richey; W. B. Hay; B. H. Gaines; E. S. Hill; J. A. Hendles; Joseph Pinder; Asa Clark; James McNeill; Wm. E. Whidden; Joseph Thompson; H. W. Stevenson; S. H. Stevenson; M. N. Hill; W. J. Baillie; John R. Sawyer, John R. Sawyer, sr.; C. G. Brown; W. A. Cobb; John Roberts; John Pinder; L. W. Nixon.

No. 1.

HERNANDO COUNTY, FLORIDA,
October 29, 1884.

Whereas in accordance with various charters granted to sundry railroad companies in divers portions of the country by the General Government, large bodies of the public lands have been reserved to said companies in aid of the construction of their roads, the time limited for the construction of the same under said charters being definitely and unmistakably set forth in the grants severally made; and whereas the limitations therein specified have long since transpired, and the conditions governing the construction of the said roads have not been met by the said railroad companies, and by reason of the same should be declared canceled and void;

We, the undersigned, settlers upon the lands reserved under one of said charters, to wit, The Florida Railroad and Navigation Company, better known as the "Yulee Company," respectfully petition the honorable Congress of the United States to take such prompt action in the matter of said grants as may best comport with our interest as actual settlers upon the public domain, and that said action be had with the view of setting aside, canceling, and annulling the said grant of lands and said lands, be returned to the National Government for sale at Government prices to actual settlers, and subject to homestead entry, the same as all public lands of the United States Government.

We most earnestly ask that prompt action be taken by the honorable Congress of the United States, and your petitioners will ever pray, &c.

Horace Anderson; J. G. Wallace; B. S. Wallace; W. S. Harrell; R. D. Sturkil; J. R. Taylor; G. W. Bearden; W. D. Bearden; M. T. Frezell; H. W. Snelson; Pleasant Wilson; Jas. A. Cunningham; E. D. Wilson; A. W. Tucker; J. W. Pixton; Fred. Pixton; Robert L. Bryant; I. Godfray; P. R. Weaver; R. E. Williams; D. E. Wallace; Oscar Meacham; L. C. Thrasher; R. P. Nelson; J. F. Bard; S. T. Stafford; M. L. Gilbert; J. B. Pixton; W. E. Wrenshall; Howard Wrenshall; L. D. Shearer.

No. 2.

The citizens of Middle and South Florida to the honorale Senators and Representatives in the United States Congress.

HONORABLE SIRS: Permit us, as humble petitioners, to appear before you in this manner to ask you to relieve us from the tyranny of the railroad.

We ask of you, gentlemen, confirmation in our homestead rights, to-wit: Five, ten, and fifteen years ago, we settled on the public domain, under the homestead law. Some of us have complied with the law, and made our final proof; others are ready to do so. Honestly we went to work, feeling perfectly secure in our possessions. We have opened up farms, built houses, and in many other ways made our homes comfortable and valuable. In some instances we have enhanced the value of our possessions tenfold; in others, one hundred; and in others, in part, one thousand fold!

Right lately the railroad came along, and claims that in De Soto's time, or some other ancient date, it got a grant to all the odd sections of land through here.

Now, gentlemen, if you wish to dishonor the General Government, and ruin this entire section of our common country, encourage the railroad and dispossess hundreds of our citizens of their honest labors. If otherwise, confirm all of us in our homestead rights that can make the required proof; and, if justice demands it, indemnify the railroad from the vacant lands of the even sections in the same district—about the only way to do justice to all, and give general satisfaction.

Feeling that your honorable body will do right in the case, we submit it to you, trusting in your honor, prudence, and wisdom.

P. B. Perry, sr.; W. J. Dodson; E. Dias; D. D. Slouse; Wm. Scroggie; P. Caruthers; J. T. Perry; R. O. Billups; John L Carney; Eph. L. Carney; T. F. Wright; Charles F. Benson; Henry Wright, jr.; E. C. Herd, jr.; Ruffin Thomson; G. E. Campbell; Ferd. C. Jett; J. H. Morton; W. D. Turnley; J. M. Streator; T. M. Shackleford; Lewis M. Ayer; D. J. Fogg; C. L. Porter; Chas. N. Porter; H. P. Eagleton; H. E. Martin; G. P. Bailey; Samuel Hyatt; C. M. Proctor; H. B. Brinson; H. C. Carter; R. W. Williams; G. R. Nichols; J. R. Fort; A. G. Rutherford; B. T. Armstrong; C. F. Lews; J. S. Nichols; E. H. Hurst; D. A. Martin; F. P. Barry; I. C. Warnock; M. A. Hicks; J. Y. Hicks; J. S. Perry, jr.; O. S. Boyd; S. K. Revell; B. F. Smith; P. A. Snow; M. F. Dodson; W. P. Cooper; C. C. Hall; James Milton; S. Pervaservis; Wm M. Fudge; J. P. Smith; B. S. Bowen; W. B. Coggrin; H. T. Stanton; R. H. Smith; J. C. Stopp; C. A. Webb; A. C. Dittmar; J. M. Snowden; Wm. D. White; C. H. White; Lewis A. Caroway; Chas. B. Perry; A. S. Wilkeson; S. J. Collins, J. H. Crenshaw; J. C. Lee; H. R. Shaw; J. Nichols; George Shaw; S. Caruthers; W. F. Lee; A. B. Mott; J. C. Johnston; Walter Nichols; Jas. N. Lee; Robert Nichols; L. E. Snow; J. W. Johnston; H. R. Smith; Wm. Arnold; J. M. Stapp; W. C. G. Rilgore; S. J. Gamble; J. E. Scott; J. K. Lewis; James B. Spruill; George B. Spruill; Charles Hasle; K. B. Perry; J. Thomas; J. F. Blair; J. S. Oberry; R. E. Sheehan; R. M. Deigers; E. V. Tlicks; Thomas Caruthers; W. B. Bell; John R. Proctor; Alfred Proctor.

No. 3.

To the honorable members of the Senate and House of Representatives:

The undersigned petitioners, citizens living along the line of the Tropical Florida Railroad, most respectfully pray your honorable body for immediate action whereby *no* indemnity of United States homesteadable lands shall be allowed said railroad for lands heretofore located and settled by individuals upon the alternate sections within the 6-mile limits, as per the original donation of some thirty years ago.

We respectfully call the attention of your honorable body to the fact that, from the extraordinary lapse of time since the donation, the railroad company has forfeited all rightful claim to any part or portion of said donation; and we consider it an act of simple charity to permit said railroad company to acquire titles to such lands of the original donation as they may find unoccupied at the time of completing their railroad to said unoccupied lands.

We would earnestly show unto your honorable body that a railroad corporation, sincerely desirous of reaping profits from their own legitimate business rather than from land speculation, would hail with delight the settlement in advance of the entire tract donated, even should they not be indemnified to the extent of a single acre.

And we beg to further represent to your honorable body that during the interim of thirty years of sluggish sleep or designing delay on the part of the railroad company,

lements by homestead and otherwise have gone steadily onward, and that too at h a rate as to make the operating of the railroad a paying enterprise from the run- g of the very first train to our country, as has been demonstrated.

Ve would also respectfully show to your honorable body that the reserving from nestead entry or taking off the market of such a large quantity of land along the e of said railroad, penetrating, as it does, the most desirable portions of the Penin- a, coupled with the uncertainty of the railroad ever acquiring titles and the in- inite period of its getting and perfecting such titles, is driving from our midst that st desirable class of immigrants, honest workingmen of small means; wherefore, we in pray for positive and immediate action on the part of Congress.

Ve especially beseech your honorable body that the said railroad company be *not* wed to locate upon or acquire any title or claim to the even-numbered sections as emnity for lands of the original grant which have been occupied by settlers; and further pray that no lands be reserved from pre-emption and homestead for the efit of the railroad company beyond the advance of their locating survey; and t no lands reserved along the locating survey be withheld from homestead and pre- otion for the railroad company's benefit for a longer period than two years, and t lands thus reserved under this provision be made subject to homestead and pre- otion, if the railroad has not been completed to them within two years after their ervation.

nd your petitioners will ever pray, &c.

D. H. Thrasher; W. C. Thrasher: V. C. Thrasher; L. C. Thrasher; W. E. Thrasher; Jesse S. Thrasher; Elijah Earnest; Minza G. Rowe; Geo. Ames; Sim. Huckaby; Jesse Lee; James Lee; John Lee; J. Barton Pixton; Fred. Pixton; Willie Pixton; Mozelle Gilbert; C. Lankey; W. J. Sumner; J. C. Sumner; A. J. Sumner; John R. Sumner; Rob't Sumner; A. C. Sumner; Neal Sumner; William Sumner; W. C. Sumner; K. L. Sumner; Dr. J. G. Wallace; Rowe Weaver; Lewis Parish; J. Vaugh; Emmett Wallace; M. F. O'Neal; Jno. Farrow; Jno. Raymond; J. W. Tucker; Andrew Tucker; A. Richardson; Joe Mercer; Bob Bryant; Jno. Nobbs; Hardy Lanier; Isaac Lanier, jr.; A. Ashley; Jno. Cunningham; Joseph Daiger; Francis Neil; Mac. Childers; R. B. Jones; Jack Jones; Ashley McMillan; Zac. Wilson; Moses Wilson; Edward Wilson; Reuben Wilson; Frank Hill; George Foster; B. D. Gainey; James Gainey; Y. C. McMinn; C. C. McMinn; Lan. Tucker; Willis Smith; D. J. Redding; Dan Clements; John Spiry; Ben Hale; Buddy Hale; D. A. Thompson; E. Beardon; E. G. Wilder; Sam Rogers; S. Y. Stafford; J. M. Smith; I. W. Spiry; Harrison Slaughter; Charles Bryant; James Gay; John Gay; George E. Mills; Stephen Weeks; Sam Bryant; Thomas Wilson; D. Gideons; Zac. Gideons; Thomas Tucker; D. Fillman; Thomas Tucker, sr.; Henry Tucker; Elias Geiger; Sam Geiger; Jesse Geiger; Sam Douglas; Henry Douglas; Wm. Douglas; Wm. Clarke; Jno. E. Savage; Jno. Harrol; George Harrol; Bunyan Wilson; W. R. Mills; Henry Davis; Wm. Emmers; Dr. J. Roberts; Jesse Roberts; John Grady; Tom Thompson; B. Z. Blackburn; John Overstreet; R. O. Carter; Henry Jordan; Charles Croft; Jack Tate; B. White; R. Riggs; M. Outland; O. Brown; Mac. White; Wm. McCloud; Dr. W. W. Cochran; Wallace Cochran; Douglass Cochran; Henry McRae; A. H. Ravesies; Edmond Ravesies; Frank Ravesies; B. K. Ray; John Ray; Benjamin Ray; Joseph Oberry; Henry Bradham; James W. Oberry; Newton Pritchard; Henry Black; Jno. Millen; Allen Millen; James Douglass; James Winn; Thomas Oberry; James Miller; Elijah Miller; John Oberry; Henry Blanturn; Wm. Jones; N. A. Carter; Levi Eilund; Lawson Fortner; John Howell; Wm. Mobley; Guy Mobley; Wm. Mobley, jr.; Gus Staley; James Barnes; Henry Ryals; Chap. Smith; Allen Smith; Frank Smith; James Gaskins; Lewis Gaskins.

No. 4.

HERNANDO COUNTY, FLORIDA.
February 4, 1884.

the honorable the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States in Congress assembled:

he undersigned would respectfully represent that for many years a large quantity valuable land, situated in this and adjoining counties, has been withheld from sale l settlement to aid in building, as alleged, a railroad from Amelia Island to Tampa y.

Vaughn; Andrew Rich; Chas. Wiggins; J. J. Thrasher, Willie Tho
Cane Stevens; Bill Haze; J. Y. Spivy; Willis Smith; A. W. Tucke
R. Weaver; Robert Bryant; Charlie Bryant; Albert Daiger; Jack Wi
Frank Smith; J. C. Smith; A. H. Smith; W. R. Overstreet; S. T. Bo
S. Y. Boyett; P. M. Alexander; D. H. Alexander; L. W. Alexa
Lucious Overstreet; L. T. Kersey; M. Kersey; L. T. Smith; Jim Sm
James Kersey; Tybern Kersey; James Cooper; G. W. Harrel; G
Reardon; J. T. Smith; Hardy Brack; Thomas Shearley; Jackson S
sill; Irvin Tillmon; M. T. Frizzell; A. Barnes; G. W. Beardon; W
Beardon; R. T. Carleton; Andrew D. Tucker; Richard E. Williams;
Blair; W. J. Willians; J. G. Hatcher; T. T. Williams; Verdelia Par
J. F. Bilmon; Francis Neel; Thos. Godfray, jr.; Geo. Ames, jr., 1st; I
O'Neal, A. C. Long; George Tucker; Henry Tucker; M. Childers; H
Duglas; Sam. Duglas; Thomas Tucker; W. D. Eubank; E. E. Earn
A. L. Godwin; R. W. Cason; H. S. Dannany; Jap. Judy; Willan J
Miner Deze; Dave Carlton; Steven Carlton; Gibson Stone; Josh. Grif
Ernest Wever; Frank Pinder; M. Fillmon; J. Fillmon; G. W. Overst
David Thompson; Robert Nelson; J. D. Redding; William Clay; J
Price; B. Gibson; D. A. Thompson; D. A. Ryals; Henry Ryals; She
Ryals; Thomas Tucker, jr.; Thomas Tucker; George Tucker; H
Douglass; Henry Davis; Sam. Douglass; D. Fillman; Irvin Fillm
J. M. Abbott; J. D. Austin; A. M. Isaacs; William Clark; A. E. Grig
J. C. Grigger; Sam. Grigger.

No. 5.

WHITESVILLE, MARION COUNTY, FLORIDA,
November 22, 18

DEAR SIR: I did not get to see you during your stay at home, but in election
ters things are fairer for us than they have been for some time. Hope all will
well.

As the time is close when you will all meet in Congress, I would like to ask y
it be possible for you to take hold of and untwist this railroad-land matter th
annoys us? There are a great deal of lands here among us, particularly on the
sections, that the railroads cannot sell; neither can the would-be settler bu
homestead; the result is greatly retarding the filling in and building up of our c
try. Many settlers are driven off somewhere else. Now, what we wish is that
gress take hold of the matter, and say what the railroad may have and sell and
the Government shall offer to the settler. I have known scores of would-be sett

No. 6.

ORANGE SPRINGS, FLA., *March* 18, 1885.

SIR: Permit me to call your attention to the position of certain homesteaders within the limits of the grant of the Transit road, the Yulee corporation. I will cite my brother's case—it is a type of the others. Some seven years ago he entered a homestead in Putnam County within the limits of the above grant, and, unfortunately, in an odd or railroad section. Last spring, in company with three neighbors, he offered final proof, and has recently received a notice that while his application for patent has been approved, his claim is subject to appeal by the above-mentioned corporation. Two of the people who proved up with him have received similar letters, while the the third, who is in an even section, has received his patent. I shall not go into the merits of this case—they are, I should say, sufficiently obvious to any person of ordinary intelligence. I write merely to ascertain what action, if any, has been taken this session toward the forfeiture of this company's grant, which was last year, I believe, numbered among the doomed, and to suggest that if nothing has yet been done for the relief of the settlers some decisive step should, if possible, be taken. It is clear, I think, that at the time my brother entered this land the Land Office must have held that the company had forfeited all claim to the property, otherwise the action of the honorable Commissioner is inexplicable. At that time, and for a long time after, the only portion of the Transit road which had been begun, not to say completed, was the fragment between Fernandina and Cedar Keys, and if the tardy completion of the road has, by what many think an ill-advised generosity, been considered sufficiently patent to revive this lapsed claim, it certainly does seem as if the company should be content with regaining such portions of the grant as have not been otherwise disposed of, and not seek to oust settlers from lands which their own negligence and incapacity have alone laid open to entry. But though the company's grant was limited its greed seems boundless. Can nothing be done? I hope and believe that something may and will be done, and in that hope I have written you. May I hope for the honor of a response.

I am, very respectfully, yours,

S. B. RUSS.

Hon. WILKINSON CALL,
Washington, D. C.

No. 7.

2213 I STREET, WASHINGTON, D. C.,
January 15, 1885.

DEAR SIR: At an interview which I had with you in June last, in regard to the forfeiture of the land grant of May 17, 1856, and now clamed by the Florida Railway and Navigation Company, you promised me that whether Congress declared the grant forfeited or not you would protect my parents, who reside on the so-called grant, from any attempt at injustice on the part of the said company. About the 1st of December ultimo, the company, in the person of one S. I. Wailes, land commissioner for the same, proceeded to sell the land occupied by my parents and others residing in their vicinity. The first step of the company was to appraise the land at its improved value, and the settler was obliged to pay for his own improvements, or permit his home to be sold to a stranger, a land speculator. Great heavens! who has ever heard of a more flagrant piece of high-handed robbery? Is this the sort of protection the people of Florida are to receive from the Government? I cannot yet believe that there is no power strong enough to cast off this worse than foreign yoke from the necks of the people, and I shall do all that lies in my power to bring this matter before Congress in its proper light; and it will seem strange, indeed, if no one can be found in the United States Congress possessed of sufficient moral courage to stand up and protest against the continuance of such outrages upon the rights of the people. You are the only one that has attempted to defend these settlers, and I most sincerely hope for your re-election. I have strongly advocated it to my friends in Florida, and have declared to them my firm belief that your defeat would be a great victory to the monopolists and United States land grabbers.

The land occupied by my parents has been appraised by the company at $5 per acre. This is exorbitant, and more than they are willing or can afford to pay, and run the risk of losing, should the company's deed fail. See extract from letter of Secretary of the Interior inclosed herewith. For the sake of peace, as the company is threatening to sell their land, they are willing to pay $1.25 or $1.50 at the most, per acre.

I informed father last summer of your promise, as you directed me, and he now writes me to see you in relation thereto.

Begging your early attention to the grievance of these old people, and your pardon for having intruded thus much upon your valuable time, I remain, dear sir, with very great respect,

Your obedient servant,

J. P. SIMONTON.

Hon. WILKINSON CALL,
United States Senator.

My father's name and address is H. J. Simonton, San Antonio, Hernando County, Florida.

Mr. S. I. Wailes is now at Jacksonville, and is doing business at the company's office.

J. P. S.

No. 8.

SIR: I believe that myself and others wrote you that the counter petition, to which you refer in your remarks in the Senate the other day, was a petition signed largely by railroad employés, and in no instance signed by an actual settler that was not a large land speculator, except in case of fear. Agents were sent around to argue to the settlers "now that they had become purchasers of railroad land they would lose what they had paid out unless they assisted in petitioning and in otherwise helping to get Congress to take no action in the matter. That the land as it stood belonged to the railroad, and so regarded by the land office. Hence the railroad company had a perfect right to dispose of them, and that there was no go back upon the railroad, and therefore if Congress interfered the purchasers would be the losers."

In regard to this railroad grant matter, the selling by the railroad of the homes of old settlers is not by any means the greater evil growing out of this wholesale fraud upon the Government and people. The settlers, in many instances, were able and did buy the homes of the railroad company. The greater trouble is in the doubtfulness of titles. Those who bought for speculation can't find any one to buy of them, and those who bought their homes are discouraged—are afraid to improve them vigorously till some one shall test the validity of railroad titles. Hence the progress and development of the country along the railroad line is balked and kept back. Here, in the vicinity of Wild Wood, numbers of acres of our most desirable lands are unoccupied, are practically tied up and lost to help in peopling and developing our section. Hence it is that we have and still pray for immediate and decisive action by Congress.

Many of these lands will now sell for $25 per acre if a satisfactory title could be given. In consequence of their great value (if canceled to the railroad) the Government should allow them entered only by homesteads, and in not larger than 40-acre lots—40 acres of these lands which have been held off the market till all adjoining has been entered is worth more now than was 160 acres four years ago.

Very respectfully,

I. E. BARWICK.

Hon. W. CALL,
Washington, D. C.

No. 9.

[Senate Ex. Doc. No. 90, Forty-eighth Congress, first session.]

LETTER FROM THE SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR, TRANSMITTING, IN ANSWER TO SENATE RESOLUTION OF DECEMBER 18, 1883, INFORMATION CONCERNING THE TEXAS PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY'S MORTGAGES.

A.—*Statement showing States and corporations to which grants have been made to aid in the construction of railroads which have not been completed within the time required by law.*

Atlantic, Gulf and West India Transit Railroad of Florida; grant made May 17, 1856, 11 Stat., page 15, and acts supplemental thereto; should have been completed May 17, 1866.

Length of road as definitely located	miles..	305
Completed before expiration of grant	do....	155
Completed after expiration of grant	do....	70.97
Uncompleted at date when road should have been completed	do.....	150
Now uncompleted	do....	79 03
Sections granted for each mile of road		3

Under the contract made with me at that time I graded the road nearly if not quite to Cedar Keys; the iron was bought and laid as far as Starke, and the balance of the iron necessary for the road was purchased by Finnegan & Co., and piled at Fernandina, except perhaps a small quantity necessary to extend the road across the marshes.

Adjourned the examination until 8.30 a. m. to-morrow morning. 5.15 p. m., November 7, A. D. 1877.

WALTER R. YATES,
Special Examiner.

NOVEMBER 8.

Met pursuant to adjournment at 8.30 a. m. this morning.

General Finnegan wished to correct part of his previous testimony in reference to the stock of the Florida Railroad and the credits upon it.

Mr. G. W. Call purchased what is known as the Long tract, part of the present town of Fernandina, containing about 300 acres, for *for* about $1,000, and the "Cappo tract," in the extension of the town of Fernandina, for about $500, which was afterwards transferred to the Florida Railroad Company, and, I think, was credited to George W. Call's stock.

J. H. Brown, one of the associates, purchased what is known as the Smith tract on the mainland on Saint Mary's River, for $1,000, which was afterwards transferred to the railroad company, and I think his stock was credited with this amount, and Mr. Yulee turned over some lands he owned near Way Keys to the company for an amount which I do not now remember, and which I think was also credited to his stock.

Q. When and how did your connection with the road terminate?

A. In the fall of 1857 there was a great commercial crisis in New York, and I was unable to procure the means necessary to go on with the work, and leaving New York and coming to Charleston, there I negotiated the sale of some internal-improvement bonds to a Mr. Barrett, and on which I realized, at different times, $70,000, in cash; this money enabled me to keep the force we had in the field for some months; it is proper to state that during the progress of our work in constructing the road, Finnegan & Co. had paid for the Florida Railroad Company about $98,600 to pay interest on the free-land bonds which the company were bound to pay, but which they had neither money nor credit to do; for this advance, made to the Florida Railroad Company, Finnegan & Co. received from the Florida Railroad Company stock to the amount of $98,600, with the same credit the other stockholders had on the face of stock, amounting to some 7,400 shares. This gave usa majority of the stock in the Florida Railroad. Mr. Yulee resisted the issue of the stock to the contractors, but finally yielded on the urgent solicitation of Mr. Call, the secretary and treasurer.

Afterwards, at Mr. Riggs's office in New York, Mr. Yulee asked me to turn over all the stock to him for the benefit of Mr. Yulee. Mr. Cole, and myself, which I declined on the ground that it was assets held by Finnegan & Co. for the payment of their debts, which were large.

Finding that Finnegan & Co. had a majority of the stock of Florida Railroad Company and could control its action if necessary, I called a meeting of the principal creditors of Finnegan & Co. in New York, and inquired of them if they would take the notes of the Florida Railroad Company in substitution of the notes of Finnegan & Co., contractors, with the same collateral security as then held by them, in order to enable Finnegan & Co. to go on and complete the railroad, which they consented to do, and two of these creditors, Mr. Crooks and Perkins, representing the largest claims, accompanied me to Washington City to see Mr. Yulee and have this arrangement perfected. Mr. Yulee suggested that it would take time to perfect the arrangement, and urged that I proceed to Florida and look after the interests of the road, which had been neglected during my absence.

This I did, and Mr. Yulee refused or declined to carry out the arrangement, and it was never perfected. I continued in the prosecution of the work until the 12th of May, 1858, when I got a letter from Mr. Yulee asking me to go to Washington City, and that he had a man there ready to buy out the interest of Finnegan & Co. in the Florida Railroad.

In the mean time I would say that after I left Washington City on the occasion before referred to, and up to the time of Mr. Yulee's invitation to go there, I had every reason to believe that Mr. Yulee was embarrassing——

I went to Washington City, and there Mr. Yulee insisted with great urgency upon a sale of my interest in the contract, together with all the stock and town site interest to Mr. Edward N. Dickinson, defendant in this suit.

Mr. Yulee gave his personal assurance and guarantee that Mr. Dickinson represented, in the purchase he was about to make, Marshall O. Roberts and Moses Taylor, of New York, who were large capitalists.

Upon this assurance and guarantee of Mr. Yulee that Moses Taylor and Marshall O. Roberts, of New York, were the real parties with whom I was dealing, and that

they were responsible for and would made good the engagements of Mr. Dickinson in the contract, and would pay all the debts of Finnegan & Co., and would return our notes, and the additional assurance that they would put large capital into the enterprise and put a line of steamers at both ends of the road immediately on completion. the contract was executed with Mr. Dickinson. In pursuance of the obligations of that contract, Finnegan & Co. transferred to David L. Yulee all their bonds and stock, to be held by him in trust, to secure the performance of the contract by said Edward N. Dickinson, and a written agreement to that effect was signed by the said Dickinson, Finnegan, and Cole, and witnessed by said Yulee, and the said trust accepted by the said D. L. Yulee.

NOTE.—A copy of said agreement was here offered in evidence, the original being on file in the case of Yulee *vs.* Vose, in this court, and the same received by consent of counsel, a copy of which is hereto attached as Exhibit A, the original to be produced if required.

In April, 1857, the interest of Alexander McRae was purchased by Joseph Finnegan & Co. for $13,155.96 in cash, and $30,000 in free-land bonds in the Florida Railroad Company, and on the 12th May he assigned all interest to J. Finnegan and A. H. Cole.

Mr. Dickerson was not a capitalist, nor a man of any adequate means to carry into effect the contract, and we accepted him solely on the representation of Mr. Yulee that he was the agent and representative of Marshall O. Roberts and Moses Taylor.

This assurance and guarantee on the part of Yulee was entirely untrue. Mr. Dickerson did not represent the above-named M. O. Roberts and Moses Taylor, and was not authorized to use their names in that connection. This fact was subsequently ascertained by me.

I have had no conversation at all with Mr. Dickerson on this subject, and the whole transaction was arranged by Mr. Yulee, and he attended to all the details.

At the time of the signing of the partnership papers between McRae, Finnegan & Cole for building the Florida Railroad, Mr. Yulee stipulated that he was to have $25,000 out of the proceeds of the contract for such services as he could render us in the prosecution of the work. I agreed to do this after I had realized $100,000 on my contract.

By the contract before mentioned with Dickerson, Finnegan & Co. were to retain one hundred and forty-two free-land bonds of $1,000 each, and Mr. Dickerson was to get all the balance of the assets which were to be turned over to Mr. Yulee.

Mr. Dickerson never did carry out the contract or agreement with Finnegan & Co. He failed to take up some of the notes of Finnegan & Co., and I had to pay them myself. In fact, all the engagements of Finnegan & Co. which were performed after that date and all the outstanding debts were performed and taken up by the Florida Railroad Company in its corporate capacity. (NOTE.—Complainant's counsel here offers in evidence memorandum of agreement marked Exhibit C in the bill of Yulee *vs.* Vose, and is hereto attached as Exhibit B, by consent of defendants' counsel, in lieu of the original on file in this court.) In reality, after I gave up the contract the Florida Railroad Company finished the road to Cedar Keys.

(Objected to by defendants' counsel, on the ground that it is the opinion of the witness.)

If the powers contained in the two trust deeds creating the trust, and the provisions contained in the second deed of trust for the protection of the free-land bonds, requiring an assessment of the stock one-half per cent. semi-annually, had been faithfully carried into effect, the trustees would then have had ample means to have paid the interest and expenses and protected the trust.

This provision for a sinking fund by assessment of the stock was never carried into effect by the trustees. It required the trustees to take possession of the road and its franchises upon the failure of the company to pay the 1 per cent. annually assessed to the stock of the trustees.

The second deed of trust was never recorded by the trustees, but executed and delivered, and was in the hands of the secretary of the company, and was recognized by the trustees and all the parties in interest as a subsisting obligation for the benefit of the bondholders.

The money secured by the deed of trust to John Elliott and referred to in the answer of Mr. Yulee, borrowed from the payment of interest on the free-land bonds, was paid out at the office of Riggs & Co., at Wall street, New York. I presented my coupons for payment to the agent, John Elliott, at Riggs & Co.'s, New York, and was refused payment by instruction of Mr. Yulee.

I examined the list of payment of coupons, and testify that the parties making the loan received a large portion of the money for coupons held by them. Amongst those presenting and receiving payments were David L. Yulee and James F. Sonter in his own right.

(Objected to, on the ground that it is secondary.)

I know that $32,000 of the bonds paid in by Edward N. Dickerson as the purchase-money for the town sites of Fernandina and Cedar Keys to John McRae, trustee, were

he same bonds which I had paid in for lots bought from trustees, and which were required to be canceled under the trust-deed.

I have compared the numbers of these bonds with the numbers which John McRae eceived for the town sites, and I know that they are the same. Mr. Yulee was not a man of large property, and what he possessed was, I think, encumbered by mortgages.

(Objected to.)

The suit by Cole *vs.* Trustees did not amount to anything, and was never pressed; he bonds sued on were given to Yulee, who received them, and finally settled the natter with Mr. Cole.

The suit of the United States did not involve any valuable property in Fernandina, nd was on the outskirts of the city.

Soutter and McRae gave no personal attention to the administration of the trust; he whole management and administration before and since the war has been practically done by Mr. Yulee.

During the time that I was building the road I demanded from the secretary and reasurer of the road, who was the agent of the trustees, that the bonds received in ayment for town sites should be canceled in accordance with a provision in a trust-leed which I had incorporated in the trust-deed myself for my protection, as I received the bonds as cash from the railroad for the construction of the road.

Mr. Call proceeded to cancel the bonds in his office in my presence, and had got sixteen of them canceled when Mr. Yulee came in and stopped him.

I was present at a meeting of the bondholders in Fernandina on the 1st of June, 1868; I then held about $50,000 of bonds and coupons, and I asked to be permitted to participate in the proceedings, but was refused.

The bondholders at the meeting of June 1st, 1868, to which I was refused admittance by Mr. Yulee, did not all approve the plan of surrender of their bonds, and the receipt of lands in payment. The approval of one of these bondholders, holding $40,000 of these bonds and 6,000 coupons, was given subject to an agreement with Mr. Yulee, hat he was to be paid in cash $25,000.

(Objected to, as hearsay, &c.)

The means of the Florida Railroad Company, after the war, to relay the track to Fernandina and build the bridges, were ample.

Before Mr. Yulee's release from confinement Mr. Meador was superintendent, and actively prosecuting the work of rebuilding the road from Baldwin to Fernandina. offered him to procure the loan of $5,000, at the request of parties who had the money, o assist in building the road.

Meador declined this, and stated that he had ample means to complete the road to Fernandina, including the draw-bridge, and that he had in the treasury about $17,000.

(Objected to.)

The internal-improvement fund owned more than $90,000 in paid-up stock in the Florida Railroad Company.

Mr. Dickinson and Mr. Yulee held a large majority of the unpaid stock.

Up to the time of my leaving, the Florida Railroad Company were estimating the own sites of Fernandina and Cedar Keys; at the amount at which they were put in by the associates, it did not reach 5 per cent. on the capital stock subscribed.

At the time of the sale of the Florida Railroad the cash value of the iron was over $1,000,000.

Cross-examination by JAMES M. BAKER, Esq., counsel for defendants:

The 32,000 bonds alluded to by me in the preceding as paid in Ed. M. Dickerson for purchase-money are numbered as follows: 1042, 1045, 1044, 1037, 1038, 1039, 1032, 1034, 724, 723, 1048, 1035, 1033, 1046, 725, 1036, 1047, 891, and 890, 1233, 1246, 1247, 1248, 1249, 1251, 1255, 1257, 1258, 1261, 1263, 1267, 1253.

On the 14th November, 1859, I sent to New York a check on Riggs & Co., New York, $1,135, to take up the notes of Finnegan & Co. Afterwards Mr. Yulee gave me three nternal-improvement bonds as security for this amount.

JOSEPH FINEGAN.

STATE OF FLORIDA,
Duval County, ss:

Before me, special examiner, duly appointed in the above case, personally came Joseph Finegan, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that the answers he has given o the questions addressed to him in this cause and the testimony which he has given s the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth, so help me God.

JOSEPH FINEGAN.

Sworn to and subscribed before me on this 8th day of November, A. D. 1877.

WALTER R. YATES,
Special Examiner.

EXHIBIT A.

Duplicate A.

It is agreed between Joseph Finegan and Company and Edwin N. Dickerson, that the various bonds and certificates of stock conveyed by Joseph Finegan & Co. to Edwin N. Dickerson, under an agreement dated May 24th, 1858, shall be held by David L. Yulee to secure the performance of the said contract by said Edwin N. Dickerson, and that the said Yulee shall release and deliver to said Dickerson the said bonds and stock as he satisfies the debts contracted to be paid by him for said Finegan and Company, and in proportion to the amounts discharged and paid.

Dated May 29th, 1859.

EDW'D N. DICKERSON.
JOSEPH FINEGAN.
A. H. COLE.

EXHIBIT B.

Duplicate.

These articles of agreement and contract entered into this eleventh day of June, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, between David L. Yulee, president of the Florida Railroad Company, in behalf of said company, of the first part, and Joseph Finegan & Comp'y, of the State of Florida, of the second part, witness as follows:

ART. 1. The said Finegan & Co. stipulate and agree to construct a railroad from Fernandina to Cedar Keys, upon a route to be designated by the president of the Florida Railroad Co., in all respects conformable to the requirements of the sixth section of the act of the general assembly of Florida, approved the —— day of January, A. D. 1855, entitled "An act to provide for and encourage a liberal system of internal improvements in this State."

ART. 2. The grade line on said road shall not exceed fifteen feet to the mile as a maximum.

ART. 3. The said Joseph Finegan & Company stipulate and agree also to construct all bridges, culverts, trestle-work, and piling required upon said road, and to erect suitable depots at each terminus, and fully equip the road with locomotives and passenger and freight cars, &c., and to erect water stations on the route, and a wooden pier at Fernandina and Cedar Keys, and all other structures necessary for the convenient working of said road.

ART. 4. All the work to be executed with strict regard to the requirements of law, and the whole to be completed within two years from the first day of October next.

ART. 5. In case any part of the bonds hereafter provided to be paid to the said contractors shall not be negotiable at a rate netting to the contractors eighty cents on the dollar, a further time shall be allowed for the completion of the work, it being understood that the contractors shall have at least two years for the completion of the work from the time all the bonds can be negotiated at eighty per cent. on the dollar.

ART. 6. The depot buildings to be required, under this contract, shall not exceed in cost ten thousand dollars each, nor shall the equipment exceed six passenger and freight locomotives, engines of not more than twenty tons each, eight passenger cars of first class, two of second class, three baggage cars, fifteen box cars, and forty flat cars.

ART. 7. In case of any alteration being directed by the legislature on the application of this company in the detail of construction for the road, the execution of the work to conform thereto.

ART. 8. The Florida Railroad Company agrees to pay said Finnegan & Co. the sum of twenty thousand dollars per mile for the said road, estimating at the same rate all turn-out tracks; and also one hundred thousand dollars for the structures necessary to cross from the west side of Nassau River to Amelia Island; and one hundred thousand dollars for the culverts and other water crossings on the line of the road, including the crossing to Cedar Keys, and for the piers at Fernandina and Cedar Keys.

ART. 9. The payments to be made as follows: Ten thousand dollars per mile in bonds of the company guaranteed, as provided by law, as soon as twenty miles have been prepared for the iron and the iron and proportionate equipment for the same is within the jurisdiction of the State, and so on for each succeeding section of ten miles: one hundred thousand dollars in bonds of the company guaranteed, as provided by law, for the structures from the west bank of Nassau River to Amelia Island, in proportion as the work progresses monthly, and the remaining one hundred thousand dollars for piers, culverts, &c., and ten thousand dollars per mile in cash or common bonds of the company in proportion as the work progresses.

ART. 10. In case of the issue of common bonds of this company they shall be made payable in thirty-five years from their date, and shall bear an interest of eight per

cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, either in the city of New York or Charleston, S. C.; and to secure the same the company will pledge all the town sites and real estate they own, or may by law or otherwise become entitled to, along the line of said road, or at or near the terminal points thereof, and will also mortgage the road and other property of the company, subject, of course, to the first mortgage or lien created by law in favor of the guaranteed bonds; and to make this pledge the more effectual, the company will vest in suitable trustees, to be agreed upon by the parties hereto, the legal title in all the said lands and other property of the company, to be held subject to the payment of the interest and principal of the said bonds; and will also provide a sinking fund of one per cent. per annum to be derived from annual assessments upon the stock under a penalty of forfeiture of the stock in favor of the trust fund.

ART. 11. If required by the said Finnegan & Co., the said Florida Railroad Company will advance to them four hundred thousand dollars in common bonds of the company secured as provided in the last preceding section; provided said Finnegan & Co. shall furnish ample security, to be approved by the president of the company, for the due application of their proceeds to the work of construction; which four hundred thousand dollars of bonds may be convertible into the stock of the company, and shall be redeemable out of the first proceeds of the lands and other property of the company pledged under the provisions of the tenth article.

ART. 12. The interest accruing upon so much of the convertible bonds provided for in the preceding article (11) as may from time to time be in advance of work actually done, and pay earned according to the terms of this contract, shall be paid by the said contractors without charge to the said Florida Railroad Company.

ART. 13. The work to be prosecuted under the direction of a competent chief engineer to [be] employed by the contractors and approved by the president of the company.

D. L. YULEE, [SEAL.]
President Florida Railroad.
JOSEPH FINNEGAN & CO. [SEAL.]

{ FLORIDA RAILROAD } { COMPANY SEAL. }

Witnesses:
A. L. LELAND.
H. PIKE.

Attest to seal of corporation:

GEORGE W. CALL,
Secretary.

Additional articles agreed upon between the parties to the foregoing contract, and which are to form a part thereof:

14. The 2d article having provided that the grade line of the road shall not exceed a maximum elevation of 15 feet to the mile, and it being apprehended by the contractors that, under possible circumstances, the said clause may cause an excessive expenditure not contemplated at the time of the original agreement, it is agreed that — the amount of excavation and embankment in any one mile, in order to preserve the grade of 15 feet, shall exceed 50,000 cubic yards, the excess shall be paid for at the rate of 26 cents per yard.

15. The said Finegan & Co. agree to furnish, in addition to the equipment specified in the sixth article, the following items, namely, six locomotive engines, forty-five box cars, one baggage car, and twenty flat cars, their compensation being increased in proportion.

16. It is understood that it shall be at the option of the Florida Railroad Company alone whether they will pay in cash or bonds, under the provisions in second line from bottom of article nine.

17. It is agreed and understood that in case the lands at the terminal points of the road, referred to in article 10, shall pass into the possession of a separate company the Florida Railroad Company shall make some provision by which the company owning said terminal points shall subject them to a lien for the security of the common construction bonds provided to be paid to the said Finegan & Co.

DAVID L YULEE, [SEAL.]
President Florida Railroad Company.
JOSEPH FINEGAN & CO. [SEAL.]

Witness:
JOHN C MCRAE.

I hereby certify that the above is a correct copy of the original examined by me, and in the possession of General Joseph Finegan.

WALTER R. YATES.
Special Examiner.

NOVEMBER 8, 1877, A. D.

In the United States court, fifth judicial district, northern district of Florida.

ROBERT H. JOHNSON AND WILLIAM W. CORCORAN
vs.
THE ATLANTIC, GULF AND WEST INDIA TRANSIT COMPANY, and others. } In chancery.

Testimony of David L. Yulee, a witness examined before me, Charles W. Lewis, a commissioner duly appointed to take testimony in the above-entitled cause, under an order of the United States district court, Hon. Thomas Settle, judge of said court, of January 12, examined upon interrogatories filed in behalf of defendants in said cause.

The witness, David Yulee, having been duly sworn before me this —— day of ——, 1880, replying to the fourth interrogatory, answered:

I do not know if the bonds specified by witness were paid in by Mr. Dickerson to the trustees. It is quite possible they were. The bonds he enumerates were in the hands of Mr. Soutter, one of the trustees.

They were among a parcel of bonds (122 in number) delivered to me by Mr. Call for transmission to Mr. Soutter, in the winter of 1860, and reached Mr. Soutter through the People's Bank of Charleston. What disposition he made of them I do not know, but I think it quite probable they were a part of the ninety bonds deposited with the Bank of Wilmington as collateral for the loan the trustees obtained from that bank to pay interest coupons due March 1, 1860, and which were sold by the bank.

The authority of the trustees to pledge or sell the bonds they received in payment for lands for the purpose of procuring funds to pay interest was the subject of the opinion furnished by Mr. Stanton, and which is appended to my additional answer in this case as Exhibit C.

The use of these bonds for the payment of the Belmont debt and to provide for the September interest had been previously recommended by Mr. George W. Call, resident agent of the trustees, in his letter to Mr. Elliott of March 29, 1860. See Exhibit D of additional answer.

The bonds handed me by Mr. Call were put by me into two packets. As I was not going to New York I left them in Charleston, where I thought it possible the trustees might be able to use them as collaterals for a loan to discharge the Belmont debt, and informed Mr. Soutter of it.

They were afterwards transmitted to Mr. Soutter by the People's Bank of South Carolina.

I know that they were part of those bonds, because it seems that, for some reason not now recollected, I had occason to inquire from the People's Bank the numbers of the bonds contained in the larger packet, and the reply, which I chanced to retain, enumerates these as part of its contents.

I produce the original letter, dated February 24, 1860.

(Letter offered and filed.)

I know they reached Mr. Soutter from the People's Bank, because the latter wrote me they were sent, and Mr. Soutter at a subsequent time recognized their receipt in a letter to me.

The two letters I produce, dated respectively April 3, 1860, and October 26, 1860, and also a copy of my reply to Mr. Soutter, dated October 30, 1860, as it stands recorded at the time in the letter copy-book. (Letters offered and letter-book produced; the handwriting of that from Mr. Soutter verified, and of cashier of People's Bank, the witness believes it to be his handwriting.) I also produce a copy of my letter to Mr. Soutter of April 7, 1860, referred to in that letter.

I think it very probable they were among the ninety bonds delivered by Mr. Soutter to the Bank of Wilmington, and sold by them, because those ninety were taken from the parcel which went to him, as I have before stated, from the People's Bank, and the bonds enumerated by witness, Finegan, were not among those remaining in Mr. Soutter's hands afterwards.

(Letter produced and filed, marked Exhibit —.)

No. 11½.

Extract from message of Governor M. S. Perry, of Florida, to the house of representatives of Florida, in reply to a resolution of the house on the 7th December, 1858, requesting "the president of the board of trustees to furnish the evidence upon which the suggestions in his message are based relative to the Florida Railroad Company, together with all certificates, affidavits, and evidence," under date of Executive Chamber, Tallahassee, December 10, 1858.

Page 2: The estimated cost of the Florida Railroad, as furnished by Col. G. W. Call, secretary and treasurer, about the 1st of November, 1857, sets forth the estimated cost, the amount of stock, the amount of stock taken, and the assessment which had been made upon said stock up to that time, and is perhaps a more thorough exposé of the affairs of that company than any which has been given to the public, and is herewith communicated and marked I.

I.

The estimated cost of the Florida Railroad is	$3,500,000
(This sum includes *all* expenditures, and provides a fully equipped road, with depots, station-houses, wharves, and everything necessary to a full business.)	
To pay this the company have of internal-improvement bonds	1,655,000
Of land bonds, well secured, and which are paid to contractors at par	1,500,000
	3,155,000
Leaving to be raised on the stock	345,000
	3,500,000
The stock is fixed for the present at	3,000,000
Should the whole be taken, an assessment of 12 per cent. would produce	360,000
Or more than the amount required; but the whole stock as yet taken is little over $1,000,000, the present assessment on which (12 per cent.) produces	120,000
And should no more be taken, a further assessment of 12½ per cent. will be required to produce	225,000
To make up the deficiency of	345,000
Making the total payment on the stock, in any event, only 34½ per cent., or $34.50 on every $100 subscribed. It is, however, presumed that there will be taken at least $500,000 more of the stock, making the whole amount	1,500,000

On which 25 per cent., or $25 on every $100, will be the whole assessment.

While the road is in progress the interest on the internal-improvement bonds is paid by the internal-improvement fund. After its completion, if the road earns 6 per cent. on its cost, the company pays the interest, and 1 per cent. on the amount of the bonds as a sinking fund. If the road does not earn 6 per cent., then the earnings are divided between the bonded debt and the stock paid in. The land bonds are secured by the town sites of Fernandina and Cedar Keys, and 700,000 acres of land, the sales of which will [word omitted; probably "redeem"] them without any cost to the company, leaving the earnings of the road to be divided between the stockholders (after paying interest on the internal improvement bonds); so that, if the road earns *eight per cent.* on the cost, there will be nearly $150,000 to be divided annually among the subscribers, which, divided by $345,000 (the amount of cash subscription required), gives 43 cents annual income for every dollar paid in on the stock.

To facilitate subscription by the citizens of Florida, the treasurer is authorized to receive the notes of all solvent persons at 90 days for all sums over $100, and at four months for all sums over $200, and at five months for all sums over $300, and at six months for all sums over $400. These notes, to make them equal to cash, should bear interest of 8 per cent. from their dates, and should be made payable to George W. Call, treasurer Florida Railroad Company, or order. Upon being forwarded to Fernandina the proper certificates of stock will be issued.

GEO. W. CALL,
Secretary and Treasurer Florida Railroad Company.

No. 11¼.

Report of the Commissioner of Lands and Immigration.

TALLAHASSEE, FLA., *January* 1, 1885.

His Excellency WILLIAM D. BLOXHAM,
Governor of Florida:

SIR: I have the honor to submit my report as commissioner of lands and immigration for the years of 1883 and 1884:

SWAMP LANDS.

Since the first day of January, 1883, the following patents for swamp lands have been received from the United States:

Patent No. 23. Former Tampa, now Gainesville district	500.25
Patent No. 24. Former Tampa, now Gainesville district	18,273.61
Patent No. 25. Former Tampa, now Gainesville district	58,000.86
Patent No. 26. Former Tampa, now Gainesville district	239.44
Patent No. 27. Former Tampa, now Gainesville district	7,897.05
Patent No. 28. Former Tampa, now Gainesville district	89,804.34
Patent No. 29. Former Tampa, now Gainesville district	244,670.66
Patent No. 30. Former Tampa, now Gainesville district	206,038.13
Patent No. 31. Former Tampa, now Gainesville district	134,655.64
Patent No. 32. Former Tampa, now Gainesville district	18,878.84
Patent No. 33. Former Tampa, now Gainesville district	33,907.05
Patent No. 34. Former Tampa, now Gainesville district	654.11
Patent No. 18. Former Saint Augustine, now Gainesville district	80.00
Patent No. 23. Former Tallahassee, now Gainesville district	239.89
Patent No. 24. Former Tallahassee, now Gainesville district	39,814.15
Patent No. 25. Former Tallahassee, now Gainesville district	331.36
Patent No. 15. Former Newnansville, now Gainesville district	40.00
Patent No. 16. Former Newnansville, now Gainesville district	478.25
Total	854,503.63
Quantity previously patented, as shown by report of January 1, 1883	14,831,739.03
Making total patents received	15,686,242.67
The quantity disposed of prior to January 1, 1883 (exclusive of the Disston sale), as per my last report, was	2,077,377.58
Amount sold, exclusive of Disston sale, in year 1883	35,089.69
Amount sold, exclusive of Disston sale, in year 1884	40,766.76
Amount deeded to railroads in year 1883	2,055,238.46
Amount deeded to railroads in year 1884	956,866.15
Amount deeded to Atlantic and Gulf Coast Canal and Okeechobee Land Company in year 1884, less 360 acres previously conveyed	1,165,569.11
Amount deeded to Florida Coast-Line Canal and Transportation Company in year 1883	4,489.44
Entered by S. I. Wailes during years 1883 and 1884, under his contract with the trustees of April 13, 1878	1,945.32
Entered on order of L. G. Dennis, as compensation for services as agent of the State in obtaining patent No. 18, of Tallahassee district, for 58,484.12 acres, at 10 per cent. of the lands, in 1883	5,800.27
Entered with Stonelake floats Nos. 1, 3, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, and 12 in year 1883	440.00
Amount conveyed to Disston and others, at his request, during years 1881, 1882, 1883, and 1884	3,966,079.68
Making total disposed of in years 1883 and 1884, including the Disston sale	8,241,658.83
Total disposed of up to January 1, 1885, including the Disston sale	10,319,036.41
Leaving balance on hand January 1, 1885	5,367,206.26

Of the quantity of land reported by me in my last report in the sales of 1881 and 1882, and in this report in the sales of 1883 and 1884, 33,939.31 acres were sold to settlers, and the purchase money, amounting to $30,660.69, turned over to Mr. Disston, under the arrangement made with him by the trustees for the protection of settlers. This amount, added to the amount above reported as conveyed to Mr. Disston and others at his request, makes the 4,000,000 acres which were contracted to be conveyed to him.

Of the lands reported above as sold, 12,264.47 acres were sold to Sydney I. Wailes, for $8,919.51, on his account as agent of the State at Washington in adjusting land claims, under his contract with the trustees of October 19, 1878, and 6,515 acres sold to John A. Henderson, for $4,873.61, as agent of the State for selecting swamp lands.

List of railroad companies to which the swamp lands have been conveyed.

Date.	Railroad companies.	Acres.
1883.		
Feb. 2	Saint John's and Lake Eustis Railway Company	40.00
April 17	Pensacola and Atlantic Railway Company	1,138,292.85
23	Florida Southern Railway Company	485,671.39
May 3	Florida Southern Railway Company	334,326.15
June 18	Pensacola and Atlantic Railway Company	51,838.37
Sept. 18	Jacksonville, Saint Augustine and Halifax River Railroad Company	43,008.54
Dec. 27	Sanford and Indian River Railroad Company	2,061.66
1884.		
July 19	Plant Investment Company	123,481.16
Mar. 20	Green Cove Springs and Melrose Railroad Company	7,781.48
28	Florida Southern Railroad Company	4,299.72
May 17	Jacksonville, Tampa and Key West Railway Company	45,812.49
Dec. 19	Florida Railway and Navigation Company	22,491.16
30	Plant Investment Company	73,538.83
30	Jacksonville, Tampa and Key West Railway Company	679,461.31
	Total	3,012,104.61

No. 12.

Additional articles agreed upon between the parties to the foregoing contract, and which ar to form a part thereof.

ART. 14. The third article having provided that the grade line of the road shall not exceed a maximum elevation of 15 feet to the mile, and it being apprehended by the contractors that under possible circumstances the said clause may cause excessive expenditure not contemplated at the time of the original agreement, it is agreed that if the amount of excavation and imbankment in any one mile, in order to preserve the grade of 15 feet, shall exceed 50,000 cubic yards, the excess shall be paid for at the rate of 20 cents per yard.

ART. 15. The said Finnegan & Co. agree to furnish, in addition to the equipment specified in the sixth article, the following items, viz: Six locomotive engines, forty-five box cars, one baggage car, and twenty flat cars, their compensation being increased in proportion.

ART. 16. It is understood that it shall be at the option of the Florida Railroad Company alone whether they will pay in cash or bonds under the provisions in second line from bottom of article 9.

ART. 17. It is agreed and understood that in case the lands at the terminal points of the road referred to in article 10 shall pass into the possession of a separate company, the Florida Railroad Company shall make some provision by which the company owning said terminal points shall subject them to a lien for the security of the common construction bonds provided to be paid to the said Finnegan & Co.

JOS. FINNEGAN & CO. [L. S.]
D. L. YULEE. [L. S.]

Witness:
JOHN C. MCRAE.

No. 13.

(*Extract from the testimony of Hon. D. L. Yulee.*)

The defendant further denies that the designation of Edward N. Dickerson and associates, who, it is charged, owned stock in the original Florida Railroad Company, included David L. Yulee (this defendant).

This defendant was not directly or indirectly interested pecuniarily in the property, contract, stock, or transactions of said contractors, Edward N. Dickerson and associates.

And this defendant further says that it is not true, as charged, that any of the said internal-improvement bonds were unissued by the said Florida Railroad Company, and

only held in hypothecation for the company, or that any or them were used for any other purposes than those contemplated in the law. All of the said bonds were issued by the said company under their contract of June 11, 1855, with Joseph Finnegan & Co. (afterwards assigned with, the assent of the company, to Edward N. Dickerson and associates), in payment for the bridges and other structures crossing the marshes and waters of Amelia River, and for iron or equipment put on the said railroad; and although the notes of the contractors given to various persons for iron, for equipment, and for advances were taken in and substituted by notes of the company, under arrangements with the contractors beneficial to the company, the bonds which constituted the collateral security to the holders of the notes were bonds furnished by the contractors, or to which they were entitled by their contract, and which bonds or their proceeds were strictly applied to the purposes contemplated by the law.

And this defendant further says that since the acquisition of said railroad by the purchasers at the trustees' sale as aforesaid, he became a director in the company formed by said purchasers, and afterwards was made vice-president of the same; that he is, therefore, familiar with the subsequent management; that he knows large amounts had to be expended to place the road in condition for successful operation: and such was the condition of the country, and so unfavorable the prospects for earnings beyond the amount required for ordinary running expenses, that strict economy and care were observed in the outlays of cash that were made or credits that were credited for the purpose aforesaid; and this defendant says that he knows that since the acquisition of said road as aforesaid by the said purchasers the earnings of the said road, with the most judicious, economical, and careful management, have not been sufficient to enable the said company to pay the indebtedness necessarily incurred in putting and keeping the road in condition to be operated, nor to reimburse advances made by them for its benefit.

AN ACT to change the name of the corporation now owning the road called the Florida Railroad, and to call it the Atlantic, Gulf and West India Transit Company.

* * * * * * * *

The people, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. That the corporate company owning the property formerly known as the Florida Railroad, and which has heretofore been known as the Florida Railroad Company, shall hereafter be known as the Atlantic, Gulf and West India Transit Company; and the rights, franchises, and privileges, as well as the duties, responsibilities, and liabilities, of the said corporation, shall in all respects remain and continue the same as though no change had been made in their said name.

SEC. 2. That this act shall take effect so soon as the stockholders of said corporation shall pass a resolution adopting such change in their name, and shall transmit to the governor of this State an authenticated copy of the said resolution, to be filed in the office of the secretary of the State.

Approved January 18, 1872.

Affidavit of Edward W. Dickerson.

In the circuit court of the United States, northern district of Florida. In equity. Between the Atlantic, Gulf and West India Transit Company and others, defendants, and Robert H. Johnson complainant.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
District of Columbia, ss:

Edward N. Dickerson, being duly sworn, deposeth and saith: He is the president of the Atlantic, Gulf and West India Transit Company, having succeeded Marshall O. Roberts in that office. This company is a corporation first organized under the name of the Florida Railroad Company in the month of November, A. D. 1866, under a franchise conveyed to this deponent by the trustees of the internal-improvement fund of Florida by a deed dated November 3, 1866, a copy of which is hereto annexed, and reorganized on the first day of January, A. D. 1870, under an act of the legislature of Florida June 24, 1869. The name of the corporation was changed to its present title January 29, 1872, under the authority of an act of the legislature of Florida January 18, 1872.

The railroad owned by this corporation was purchased at public sale, at the time and in the manner set out in the deed herein referred to, in the interest and for the account of various owners of the first-mortgage bonds of the Florida Railroad Company, whose franchise and railroad had been seized by the trustees of the internal-improvement fund of Florida, and offered for sale, according to the statute. The owners of more than $1,400,000 out of $1,617,000 of these bonds concerned in this sale, and the owner of $195,000, being the balance of the bonds, so far as could be ascertained, accepted the sale as satisfactory, and now holds his lien on the railroad under the statute, whereby his payment is abundantly secured.

At the time of the purchase the road was destroyed for many miles, the iron being removed to other roads, and states the whole wood superstructure was decayed or destroyed and worthless.

There were very few cars on the road, and the few that were there were utterly worthless, and not one of these is now in existence.

The purchasers rebuilt the road, purchased an entirely new rolling stock, built and furnished with new machinery the workshops and other needed buildings, there being none at either end of the road, and set the road in operation. In doing this the purchasers have expended more than $500,000 more than the road has received by way of earnings from all sources whatever; and not one dollar has been repaid to any of the parties whose money has been expended in this work.

The charge in the bill to the effect that the present owners of the road have misapplied its funds is simply false; and it is notorious in Florida, and must have been known to the person who swore to the bill of complaint, if he knew anything about it at all, that the earnings of the road since its construction have been far less than the expenditure upon the road.

From the time of the purchase of the road till the filing of the bill in this case no demand has ever been made by the complainant in this case, or by any other person whatever, upon the owners of the road, for payment of the second-mortgage bonds of the old Florida Railroad Company, and I never heard it suggested, and the thought never entered my mind, that any such claim ever would be made.

On the 26th of May, A. D. 1869, the owners of the road, under the then title of the Florida Railroad Company, executed a deed of trust conveying their said railroad to John A. Stewart and Frederick A. Conkling, of the city of New York, which deed was duly recorded in Florida in every county in which the road exists; and the said trustees have indorsed a large number of bonds, which have been sold to various *bona fide* holders, are now outstanding, secured by said deed of trust. A copy of this deed is hereto annexed.

And this depenent further saith that this company has no knowledge of the various averments in the bill of complaint as to events anterior to the sale and purchase of the road as above set fourth; but they claim as *bone fide* purchasers for full value from the trustees, who were executing their trust according to law; and they submit that it would be a gross violation of their rights of property to take out of their hands their railroad, on which they have expended, in the bonds which it in part represents, and in cash, since the purchase, more than $2,000,000, and deliver it to a receiver for the benefit of complainant, who owns two second-mortgage bonds, on which he has made no claim for seven years, while this company has been building up this road and dealing with it, unquestioned by any one, before the world as their own property.

And this defendant saith that the railroad is in the possession of this company, and not of David L. Yulee or of any other person. Mr. Yulee is vice-president, employed by the company, and is resident at Fernandina; but he has no possession or control of the property except as agent of the company, and for them and not for himself.

EDWARD N. DICKERSON.

Sworn and subscribed before me, this 26th September, 1873.

JOSEPH P. BRADLEY,
Associate Justice Supreme Court United States.

No. 14.

From report of the secretary of the board of trustees internal-improvement fund, page 55. State of Florida.

April 14, 1884, W. J. Newton, esq., attorney for Charles Pomeroy, appeared before the board and applied for lands due for services rendered in obtaining swamp-land indemnity certificates from the United States Government by said Pomeroy, and presented the following order from L. G. Dennis, who claims that he was the agent of the State to procure the said certificates, and that he appointed the said Pomeroy to act as his clerk and agent at Washington, D. C.:

JACKSONVILLE, FLA., *April* 13, 1883.

To the board of trustees of the internal-improvement fund of the State of Florida:

GENTLEMEN: Please deliver to Charles Pomeroy, for me, patents for 5,800 acres of land, to be selected by him out of the quantity of land due to me as compensation for

my services in recovering lands for the State of Florida, under my appointment for that purpose by the governor of the State of Florida, bearing date November 10, 1875, and charge the same to me in part satisfaction of my claim for compensation.

Yours, very respectfully,

L. G. DENNIS,
Per ED. M. CHENEY, *Attorney*.

And it appearing that said Pomeroy had procured patents from the General Land Office for 58,484.12 acres, it is

Ordered, That 5,800 acres of the said lands so procured be deeded to said Pomeroy, as a payment on the 10 per cent. claim of the said Dennis for having the said patents obtained from the United States Land Office.

Page 58:

TALLAHASSEE, FLA., *December* 29, 1883.

The honorable board of trustees of internal-improvement fund of Florida:

GENTLEMEN: I respectfully present that while engaged, under the authority of yourselves and your predecessors in office, in efforts to sell of the lands of your trust a sufficient amount to discharge the incumbrances on said fund, I was occupied the greater portion of my time for seven years, and spent much of the same in visiting different parts of the United States, Canada, and Europe, and had the services, at my expense, of agents in the United States, Canada, and Europe, aiding me in my efforts; that the actual cash outlay of money paid out by myself and my agents amounts to the sum of $24,738.39, and, excluding all items of expense subsequent to the institution of the suit in the United States court for the northern district of Florida, the sum of $18,438.39; and the above aggregates are exclusive of interest.

Respectfully,

SAMUEL A. SWANN.

And inclosing an order of Judge Settle dismissing the suit of Swann *vs.* The Trustees of the Internal Improvement Fund of Florida.

Circuit court of the United United States, fifth circuit, northern district of Florida.
In equity.

CHARLES P. GREENOUGH ET AL.
vs.
THE TRUSTEES OF THE INTERNAL IMPROVEMENT Fund of Florida *et al.*

In the matter of the petition of Samuel A. Swann for compensation.

This cause coming on to be heard this day, on motion of Samuel A. Swann, esq., in proper, and there being no objection,

It is ordered that the said petition of Samuel A. Swann be dismissed on payment of costs by the petitioner.

THOMAS SETTLE, *Judge*.

DECEMBER 27, 1883.

A true copy.
[L. S.]

PHILIP WALTER, *Clerk*.

Whereupon it was ordered that Henry A. L'Engle, treasurer of this board, do pay to S. A. Swann $20,000, in full acquittance and discharge of his claim for reimbursement and compensation on account of his services under his said authority, upon his executing to this board a release, acquittance, and discharge of the liability of the board to him, the same to cover all liabilities and expenses incurred by him in the employment of other persons or otherwise.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

MARCH 13, 1885.—Ordered to be printed.

Mr. INGALLS submitted the following

RESOLUTION:

Resolved, That the President be requested, if not incompatible the public interest, to communicate to the Senate such informatic may be in his possession concerning the occupation of the Oklal lands in the Indian Territory by settlers, and also what action has taken by the Executive thereon.

o

)TH CONGRESS, } SENATE. { MIS. DOC.
Special Session. } { No. 8.

LIST OF COMMITTEES

OF

THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

FOR THE

SPECIAL SESSION OF THE FORTY-NINTH CONGRESS.

MARCH 13, 1885.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

On Agriculture and Forestry.

[r. Miller, of New York, chairman.
Blair.
Plumb.
Van Wyck.
Sawyer.
George.
Fair.
Gibson.
Jones, of Arkanas.

On Appropriations.

r. Allison, chairman.
Dawes.
Plumb.
Hale.
Mahone.
Beck.
Cockrell.
Call.
Gorman.

o Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses of the Senate.

[r. Jones, of Nevada, chairman.
Chace.
Vance.

n Civil Service and Retrenchment.

[r. Hawley, chairman.
Dawes.
Mitchell.
Miller, of California.
Pike.
Ransom.
Voorhees.
Walthall.

On Claims.

Mr. Pike, chairman.
Hoar.
Dolph.
Chace.
Spooner.
Jackson.
Fair.
Jones, of Arkansas.

On Coast Defenses.

Mr. Dolph, chairman.
Cameron.
Sewell.
Hawley.
Maxey.
McPherson.
Fair.

On Commerce.

Mr. McMillan, chairman.
Jones, of Nevada.
Conger.
Frye.
Miller, of New York.
Dolph.
Cameron.
Ransom.
Coke.
Vest.
Gorman.
Jones, of Florida.
Kenna.

On the District of Columbia.

Mr. Ingalls, chairman.
Riddleberger.
Pike.
Palmer.
Miller, of California.
Harris.
Vance.
Brown.
Blackburn.

On Education and Labor.

Mr. Blair, chairman.
Mahone.
Miller, of New York.
Bowen.
Palmer.
Call.
Pugh.
Payne.
Walthall.

On Engrossed Bills.

Mr. Saulsbury, chairman.
Call.
Allison.

On Enrolled Bills.

Mr. Bowen, chairman.
Sabin.
Colquitt.

On Epidemic Diseases.

Mr. Harris, chairman.
Hampton.
Eustis.
Sewell.
Spooner.
Stanford.

To Examine the Several Branches of the Civil Service.

Mr. Sabin, chairman.
Cullom.
Allison.
Hampton.

On Expenditures of Public Mon

Mr. Cullom, chairman.
Harrison.
Plumb.
Platt.
Beck.
Kenna.
Gibson.

On Finance.

Mr. Morrill, chairman.
Sherman.
Jones, of Nevada.
Allison.
Aldrich.
Miller, of New York.
Voorhees.
Beck.
McPherson.
Harris.
Vance.

On Fisheries.

Mr. Palmer, chairman.
Sewell.
Dawes.
Stanford.
Morgan.
Harris.

On Foreign Relations.

Mr. Miller, of California, chairm
Sherman.
Edmunds.
Frye.
Evarts.
Morgan.
Brown.
Saulsbury.
Payne.

On the Improvement of the Mis sippi River.

Mr. Van Wyck, chairman.
Mitchell.
Cullom.
Pike.
Cockrell.
George.
Eustis.

On Indian Affairs.

Mr. Dawes, chairman.
Ingalls.
Harrison.
Bowen.
Sabin.
Maxey.
Morgan.
Hampton.
Jones, of Arkansas.

On the Judiciary.

Mr. Edmunds, chairman.
Ingalls.
McMillan.
Hoar.
Wilson.
Evarts.
Pugh.
Coke.
Vest.
Jackson.

On the Library.

Mr. Sherman, chairman.
Hoar.
Voorhees.

On Manufactures.

Mr. Riddleberger, chairman.
Sabin.
Mitchell.
Stanford.
Colquitt.
Butler.
Walthall.

On Military Affairs.

Mr. Sewell, chairman.
Cameron.
Harrison.
Hawley.
Manderson.
Cockrell.
Maxey.
Hampton.
Camden.

On Mines and Mining.

Mr. Teller, chairman.
Jones, of Nevada.
Van Wyck.
McMillan.
Hampton.
Fair.
Camden.

On Naval Affairs.

Mr. Cameron, chairman.
Hale.
Dawes.
Riddleberger.
Stanford.
McPherson.
Jones, of Florida.
Butler.
Blackburn.

On Patents.

Mr. Platt, chairman.
Mitchell.
Chace.
Teller.
Camden.
Jones, of Arkansas.

On Pensions.

Mr. Mitchell, chairman.
Blair.
Van Wyck.
Aldrich.
Sewell.
Jackson.
Camden.
Colquitt.
Payne.

On Post-Offices and Post-Roads.

Mr. Conger, chairman.
Sawyer.
Wilson.
Mahone.
Chace.
Maxey.
Saulsbury.
Colquitt.

On Printing.

Mr. Manderson, chairman.
Hawley.
Gorman.

On Private Land-Claims.

Mr. Ransom, chairman.
Colquitt.
Eustis.
Edmunds.
Evarts.

On Privileges and Elections.

Mr. Hoar, chairman.
Sherman.
Frye.
Teller.
Evarts.
Saulsbury.
Vance.
Pugh.
George.

On Public Buildings and Grounds.

Mr. Mahone, chairman.
Morrill.
Stanford.
Spooner.
Jones, of Florida.
Vest.
Camden.

On Public Lands.

Mr. Plumb, chairman.
Blair.
Van Wyck.
Dolph.
Teller.
Morgan.
Cockrell.
Walthall.

On Railroads.

Mr. Sawyer, chairman.
Hawley.
Sewell.
Sabin
Riddleberger.
Cullom.
Brown.
Kenna.
George.
Blackburn.
Eustis.

On the Revision of the Laws of the United States.

Mr. Wilson, chairman.
Platt.
Hale.
Kenna.

On Revolutionary Claims.

Mr. Jones, of Florida, chairman.
Coke.
Pugh.
McMillan.
Chace.

On Rules.

Mr. Frye, chairman.
Sherman.
Ingalls.
Harris.
Blackburn.

On Territories.

Mr. Harrison, chairman.
Platt.
Conger.
Cullom.
Manderson.
Butler.
Jones, of Florida.
George.
Payne.

On Transportation Routes to the Seaboard.

Mr. Aldrich, chairman.
Cameron.
Manderson.
Palmer.
Cullom.
Gibson.
Vest.
Call.

SELECT COMMITTEES.

To Investigate Condition of Potomac River front of Washington.

Mr. McPherson, chairman.
Ransom.
Gorman.
Conger.
Sabin.
Manderson.
Spooner.

To Make Provision for Taking the Tenth Census and ascertaining the results thereof.

Mr. Hale, chairman.
Morrill.
Sawyer.
Wilson.
Coke.
Jackson.

To Inquire into all Claims of Citizens of the United States against the Government of Nicaragua.

Mr. Maxey, chairman.
Beck.
Hoar.
Harrison.

On Woman Suffrage.

Mr. Cockrell, chairman.
Fair.
Brown.
Blair.
Palmer.
Chace.
Bowen.

On Additional Accommodations for the Library of Congress.

Mr. Voorhees, chairman.
Butler.
Gibson.
Morrill.
Miller, of California.

To Inquire as to the Capacity of Steel-producing Works in the United States.

Mr. Hawley, chairman.
Miller, of California.
Aldrich.
Morgan.
Butler.

SPECIAL SESSION. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 9.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

MARCH 16, 1885.—Ordered to be printed.

Mr. BLAIR submitted the following

RESOLUTION:

Resolved, That the Committee on Education and Labor be directed to continue, with a view to its completion during the ensuing vacation, the investigation of the relations between labor and capital authorized and directed by Senate resolutions of August 7, 1882, and February 26, 1883, with the same rights and powers conferred by previous resolutions of the Senate.

O

SPECIAL SESSION. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 10.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

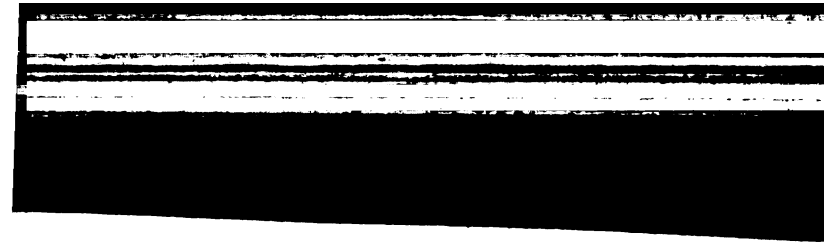
MARCH 13, 1885.—Submitted and referred to the Committee to Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses of the Senate.
MARCH 16, 1885.—Reported without amendment and ordered to be printed.

Mr. MILLER, of New York, submitted the following

RESOLUTION:

Resolved, That the Committee on Agriculture and Forestry be, and it is hereby, continued and authorized to sit during the recess of Congress, to consider the best means of preserving the forests upon the public domain, and to employ a clerk at the regular per diem, who shall be paid out of the contingent fund of the Senate.

O



SPECIAL SESSION. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 11.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

MARCH 16, 1885.—Ordered to be printed.

Mr. CULLOM submitted the following

RESOLUTION:

Resolved, That a select committee of five Senators be appointed to investigate and report upon the subject of the regulation of commerce among the several States, with authority to sit during the recess of Congress, and with power to summon witnesses and to do whatever is necessary for a full examination of the subject. Said committee shall have power to appoint a clerk and stenographer, and the expenses of such investigation shall be paid from the appropriation for expenses of inquiries and investigations ordered by the Senate.

O

SPECIAL SESSION. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 12.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

MARCH 10, 1885.—Submitted and referred to the Committee to Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses of the Senate.
MARCH 19, 1885.—Reported without amendment and ordered to be printed.

Mr. HOAR submitted the following

RESOLUTION:

Resolved, That there be allowed and paid out of the contingent fund of the Senate, to Alice C. Underwood, executrix of the last will and testament of Maria G. Underwood, administratrix of John C. Underwood, deceased, the sum of $5,000, in full compensation for the time and expenses of the said John C. Underwood in prosecuting his claim to a seat in the Senate as a Senator from the State of Virginia.

O

SPECIAL SESSION. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 13.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

MARCH 19, 1885.—Ordered to be printed.

Mr. SHERMAN submitted the following

RESOLUTION:

Resolved, That a committee consisting of two Senators be appointed by the Chair to wait upon the President of the United States and inform him that, unless he may have some further communication to make, the Senate is ready to adjourn without day.

SPECIAL SESSION. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 14.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

MARCH 19, 1885.—Ordered to be printed.

Mr. MANDERSON submitted the following

RESOLUTION:

Resolved, That a committee of not exceeding five Senators, to be selected by the Committee on Territories, be authorized to proceed to Alaska during the recess of Congress and inquire into and investigate the operation of the act of May 17, 1884, "providing a civil government for Alaska;" whether the system of government established by said act is adequate for the maintenance of order and the protection of the rights of persons and property; whether the said act is being properly executed by the officers appointed under the same; the condition of the natives or Indians of said Territory; their relations to the Government of the United States, and what legislation is required for their proper management; the condition and character of mines, mining claims, and mining titles; the character of land tenures, or possessions, or other titles to lands; the present condition and value of the public buildings belonging to the United States in said Territory; the manner in which the laws relating to customs, and other laws and regulations, have been and are now being executed.

Also to inquire into and investigate the past and present condition of the seal fisheries of the Pribylov Islands; whether the Alaska Commercial Company has heretofore complied, and is now complying, with the terms of its lease from, and its agreement with, the United States, and the laws relating to said seal fisheries, or whether the said company has heretofore violated, or is now violating, the same in any manner; whether the officers of the Government appointed to see that said laws and the conditions of said lease are executed have been and are faithfully performing their duties, and whether the system in operation is adequate and proper for guarding and protecting the interests of the Government and the rights of said company in relation to said seal fisheries.

Also to inquire into the natural resources of said Territory, the character and value of its present and probable products; whether the general land laws, or laws relating to timber or mining lands, should be extended over said Territory, and to examine, generally, into all matters relating to the development of the said Territory and to the prosperity and welfare of its people. Said committee shall have power to sit in the vacation of the Senate at any place in the United States, to send for persons and papers, to examine witnesses, to appoint a clerk and a stenographer, and shall make report with their recommendations in respect to future legislation to the Senate at the next regular session of Congress.

The expenses of said committee, of the clerk, stenographer, witnesses, &c., shall be paid out of the contingent fund of the Senate, to be certified by the chairman of the committee, and audited and allowed by the Committee to Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses of the Senate.

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SPECIAL SESSION. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 15.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

MARCH 19, 1885.—Ordered to be printed.

Mr. PIKE submitted the following

RESOLUTION:

Resolved, That the Committee on Claims be, and it is hereby, authorized and directed to compile the laws relating to the allowance of private claims, and to digest the judicial decisions and the reports to Congress relating thereto, and to continue and extend the list of private claims which have been presented to Congress so that the said list shall cover the Forty-seventh and Forty-eighth Congresses, the necessary expense to be paid out of the contingent funds of the Senate, under the directions of the said committee.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

MARCH 19, 1885.—Ordered to be printed.
MARCH 21, 1885.—Considered and referred to the Committee on Claims.
MARCH 23, 1885.—Reported with amendments and ordered to be printed.
Omit the part in brackets and insert the parts printed in *italics*.

Mr. PIKE submitted the following

RESOLUTION:

[*Resolved*, That the Committee on Claims be, and it is hereby, authorized and directed to compile the laws relating to the allowance of private claims, and to digest the judicial decisions and the reports to Congress relating thereto, and to continue and extend the list of private claims which have been presented to Congress so that the said list shall cover the Forty-seventh and Forty-eighth Congresses, the necessary expense to be paid out of the contingent funds of the Senate, under the directions of the said committee.]

Resolved, That the Committee on Claims be, and it is hereby, authorized and directed to compile the existing laws relating to the presentation, consideration, and allowance of private claims against the United States, and to digest in brief form the judicial decisions and legislative precedents relating to the same, and that the necessary expense is hereby appropriated, to be paid from the contingent fund of the Senate under the direction of the said committee.

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Senate cause to be prepared an alphabetical list of all private claims which have been before the Senate, with the action of the Senate thereon, since the close of the Forty-sixth Congress.

Resolved, That five hundred copies each of the digest and list hereinbefore mentioned be printed for the use of the Senate.

O

SPECIAL SESSION. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 16.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

MARCH 19, 1885.—Ordered to be printed.

Mr. DOLPH, from the Committee on Coast Defenses, reported the following

RESOLUTION:

Resolved, That the Committee on Coast Defenses be, and they are hereby, authorized to sit, by subcommittee or otherwise, during the recess of Congress, at such places in the United States as they may deem proper; and that they be, and they are hereby, authorized to inquire into all matters connected with the subject of sea-coast fortifications and other works of defense, with power to administer oaths and take testimony, to employ a stenographer and a clerk, and to appoint a sergeant-at-arms from the messengers of the Senate; and that the actual necessary expenses of the said committee, properly incurred in the execution of this resolution, shall be paid out of the contingent fund of the Senate in the usual manner, upon the order of the chairman of the committee.

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SPECIAL SESSION. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 17.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

MARCH 20, 1885.—Ordered to be printed.

Mr. SHERMAN submitted the following

RESOLUTION:

Resolved, That so much of the several resolutions of the Senate, passed since the first day of March instant, as provides for a clerk for any standing committee of the Senate during the recess of Congress be, and is hereby, rescinded.

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PECIAL SESSION. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 18.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

MARCH 21, 1885.—Ordered to be printed.

Mr. FRYE, from the Committee on Rules, reported the following

RESOLUTION:

Resolved, That the Committee on Rules be directed to prepare an official seal for the Senate of the United States, and that the expenses f the same be paid out of the contingent fund.

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IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

MARCH 21, 1885.—Ordered to be printed.

Mr. COCKRELL submitted the following

RESOLUTION:

at any standing or select committee of the Senate, or any two or Senators, desiring to make an investigation of any particular ques- or subject, deemed worthy of investigation by them, are hereby orized to sit, by subcommittee or otherwise, during the recess of ress, at such places, at home or abroad, on land or sea, as they may proper; to send for persons, papers, and things; to administer and examine witnesses; to appoint a sergeant-at-arms from the engers of the Senate or elsewhere; to appoint a clerk and stenog- er; and shall make such report with such recommendations to the te at the next regular session, as they deem proper. The expenses e said committees, employés, witnesses, &c., shall be paid out of ontingent fund of the Senate upon the order of the chairman of committee or subcommittee.

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SPECIAL SESSION. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 20.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

MARCH 21, 1885.—Ordered to be printed.

Mr. MITCHELL submitted the following

RESOLUTION:

Whereas Congress, on the 12th of February, 1873, authorized the coinage of trade dollars, weighing 420 grains each of standard silver; which dollars by the same act were made coins of the United States, and a legal tender at their nominal value for any amount not exceeding five dollars in any one payment; and

Whereas, by the joint resolution of July 22, 1876, Congress declared that the trade dollar should not thereafter be a legal tender, and authorized the Secretary of the Treasury to limit from time to time the coinage thereof to such an amount as he might deem sufficient to meet the export demand for the same; and

Whereas prior to the passage of the said resolution nearly 15,600,000 trade dollars were coined at and issued from the mints of the United States; and

Whereas subsequently to the passage of the said resolution, over 20,300,000 of these pieces were coined at and issued from said mints; and

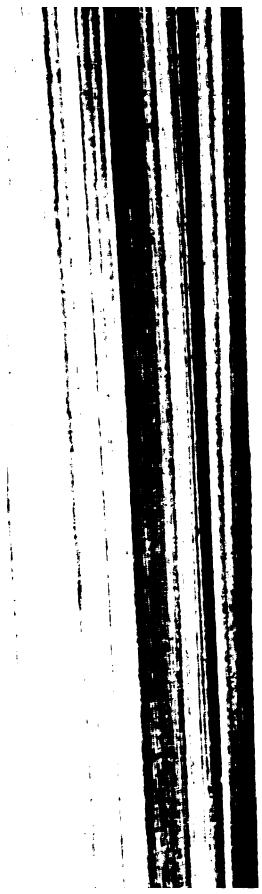
Whereas a former Secretary of the Treasury, now a Senator from Ohio, did on the 26th of February, 1885, in the Senate of the United States, declare that the Secretary of the Treasury in October, 1877, stopped the coinage of trade dollars, and that the Government of the United States had no part or lot in this matter after the 15th of October, 1877; whereas, in truth and fact, as appears by the report for 1879 of the Director of the Mint, 5,248,960 were coined and issued after October, 1877, of which number, 4,259,900, bearing date of 1878, were coined in 1878; and

Whereas millions of the said coins, as is believed, were put in circulation and circulated at their face value as coin of the United States, in the channels of trade and business; and

Whereas the House of Representatives, on the 19th of June, 1882, passed a bill for the retirement of trade dollars from circulation and their recoinage into standard silver dollars, which bill provided that the trade dollars so received should be regarded as silver bullion, and should be deemed a part of the monthly purchase of bullion, as required by the act of February 28, 1878; and

Whereas, notwithstanding the appeals of merchants, business men, and the people at large by petitions presented while the said bill was pending in the Senate, the Senate failed to pass the bill, which fell finally on the expiration of the Forty-seventh Congress, March 4, 1883; and

Whereas some of the aforesaid merchants and business men in New



Whereas the House of Representatives, on the 1st of April, 1886,
again pass a bill for the retirement and recoinage of the trade do
which bill also failed to pass the Senate and fell with the expiratio
the Forty-eighth Congress on the 4th of March, 1885; and

Whereas in fixing the value of foreign coin, as estimated by
Director of the Mint and proclaimed by the Secretary of the Trea
on the 1st of January, 1875, 1876, 1877, and 1878, the valuation of s
was for those four years at the trade-dollar rate, viz, 420 grains
fine, to the dollar, thereby recognizing the said coins as dollars of
United States; therefore,

Be it resolved, That a special committee of five Senators be appoi
by the President of the Senate, to inquire and report to the Senat
later than the second Monday of December next—

First. How many trade dollars were put in circulation in the U
States prior to the passage of the resolution repealing their legal-te
quality?

Second. How, when, where, and in what quantities, the said
came into circulation, subsequently, in this country?

Third. How many of the said coins are still held in this country
what States, and the amount in each; and at what rates the same
taken?

Fourth. How much profit accrued to the United States by the
age of trade dollars, either from collecting customs duties levied a
trade-dollar rate, from 1875 to 1878 inclusive, or otherwise?

Fifth. What has been the practice under this and other Governm
as to the receipt or refusal by them of their own coin?

And that the said committee have power to employ a stenogra
to subpœna witnesses, and to administer oaths and take testim
and that the actually necessary expenses incurred in the executi
this resolution shall be paid out of the contingent fund of the S
upon the allowance and order of the said committee.

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SPECIAL SESSION. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 21.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

MARCH 26, 1885.—Ordered to be printed.

Mr. ALLISON submitted the following

RESOLUTION:

Resolved, That a committee of seven Senators be appointed, with leave to sit during the recess of the Senate, to carefully examine and report, on the first day of the next session, by bill or otherwise, what reductions should be made in the number and compensation of the employés of the Senate, and any further provisions that may be expedient to control and regulate the disbursement of the contingent expenses of the Senate.

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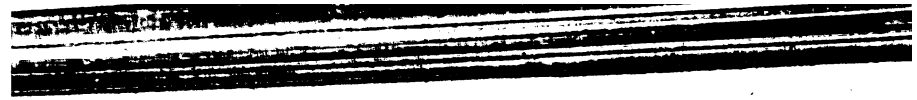

SPECIAL SESSION. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 22.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

MARCH 26, 1885.—Ordered to be printed.

Mr. ALLISON submitted the following

RESOLUTION:

Resolved, That the following resolution adopted by the Senate July 5, 1884—

Resolved, That the Sergeant-at-Arms and the Architect of the Capitol be, and they are hereby, authorized and directed to rent and prepare suitable rooms outside of the Capitol for the use at the next session of Congress of such Senate committees as have no rooms, and that all expenses hereunder be paid out of the fund for the contingent expenses of the Senate, subject to the approval of the Committee to Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses of the Senate—

be, and is hereby, rescinded, to take effect on the adjournment of the present session of the Senate.

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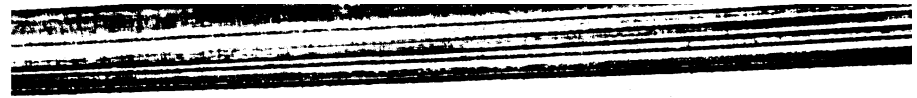


SPECIAL SESSION. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 23.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

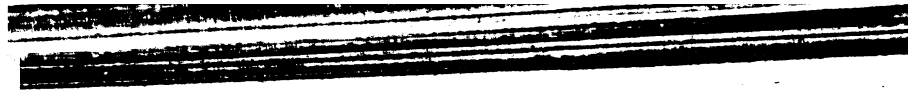
MARCH 31, 1885.—Submitted, amended, postponed until to-morrow, and ord ered to be printed.

Mr. SAULSBURY, from the Committee on Post-Offices and Post-Roads, submitted the following

RESOLUTION:

Resolved, That the Public Printer be, and he is hereby, directed to omit from the bound copies of Senate Reports the paper purporting to be Part 3 of Report No. 577, first session Forty-eighth Congress, said paper not having been prepared under the authority of said committee or printed by its direction.

O



SPECIAL SESSION. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 24.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

MARCH 31, 1885.—Reported and ordered to be printed.

Mr. VAN WYCK, from the Committee on the Improvement of the Mississippi River, to whom was referred Senate resolution—

Resolved, That the resolution of the Senate passed March 4, 1885, authorizing the Committee on the Improvement of the Mississippi River to sit during the vacation of the Senate and to make certain investigations therein named, be, and the same is hereby, rescinded—

respectfully reported as a substitute therefor the following:

Resolved, That all resolutions of the Senate of the Forty-eighth Congress and the present extra session of the Senate authorizing any committee to sit during recess, and to employ a clerk, or stenographer, or messenger, be rescinded.

And the committee recommend adoption of the same.

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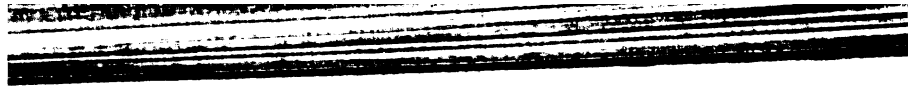
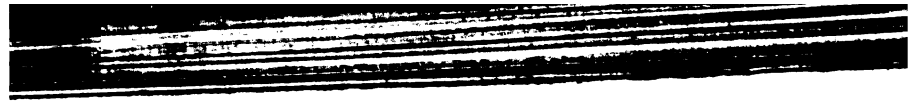


SPECIAL SESSION. | SENATE. | MIS. DOC. No. 25.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

APRIL 2, 1885.—Ordered to be printed.

Mr. MORGAN submitted the following

RESOLUTION:

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, directed to furnish for the information of the Senate copies of all papers and correspondence filed in his office since the 4th day of March, 1885, relating to the appropriation of $300,000 for the Cherokee Nation of Indians, and the alleged misappropriation of a portion thereof.